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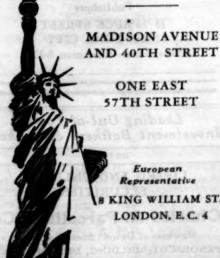
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# Commercial & Chronicle

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# The Financial Situation

THE PRESIDENT, who for six long years has been repeatedly giving hostages to fate, came forward under connubial promptings during the week with the charge that those members of Congress who would not permit his latest spending-lending bill to reach the statute book during the past session were in effect placing a wager that business would so improve prior to next winter

and spring that some millions who, according to the President, will under the laws now in force have to be dropped from relief and other Government payrolls will be able to find private employment. The wager, adds the Chief Executive, is not only a large one, but one which closely touches the welfare, even the economic existence, of many millions of people. He hopes that those groups which have placed this wager will win, and incidentally that business which has been asking for an opportunity to show what it can do will respond with full vigor, but it is evident that he expects no such thing, and he continues ominously that the public will know where to place the responsibility should the results he evidently expects actually eventuate.

Without the record of the past few years, all this would be incredible, but incredible or not it faces the public, particularly the business community, with a situation which must not pass unnoticed or neglected. The President is launching his campaign designed to procure passage of his \$3,860,000,000 spending-lending bill when Congress convenes next year. With the political foresight and shrewdness he has often revealed, he

is undertaking in advance to arouse his relief army of voters and marshal it against those who would endeavor even at this late date to place some limit upon profligacy. He is asking the impossible of business, and will without question be quite prepared to proclaim its failure to meet his specifications. His opponents in and outside of Congress have so far remained silent for the most part, or when they have spoken, have tried to avoid a direct trial of political arms. The time to get the truth before the public is at hand, and this task will not

be furthered by silence, or by "wincing and relenting and refraining" in political timidity.

It is another case where the truth plainly spoken is of all weapons the best. It is the President who has consistently almost from the very beginning "gambled" with the welfare not only of the needy but of the entire country. It is he who has come forward with, and persuaded the country to accept,

#### Motion and Progress

"It has been said," the President told the Young Democrats of America, "that a great many voters today want us as a nation to stop, look and listen. What they fail to understand is that nations cannot stand still, because by the very act of standing still the rest of the procession, moving forward, inevitably leaves them in the rear. Therefore, their desire to stand still actually means moving backward in relation to the rest of the

What the President appears not to understand, and always has appeared not to comprehend, is the fact that motion and progress are not necessarily one and the same thing. He, together with many of his New Deal followers, have always seemed to presuppose that anything foreign nations do is progress, and that should we not at once or even in advance do precisely the same thing, we should be "falling behind the procession."

He complains that what he calls reactionaries want to undo "what we have accomplished in these last few years," and leaves his hearers to take for granted that to retrace one's steps is to retrograde. Apparently it

He complains that what he calls reactionaries want to undo "what we have accomplished in these last few years," and leaves his hearers to take for granted that to retrace one's steps is to retrograde. Apparently it never occurs either to the President or any of his followers that neither they nor any other group of human beings is infallible, and that to undo what has been done in recent years, or a major part of it, as the "reactionaries" desire, would be much more nearly progress toward his own "objectives" than to continue along the course that we have been following.

The President in referring during the week to his court packing program of two years ago asserted that the means by which objectives are obtained are not of first rate importance. Does it never occur to him that there are methods other than his own of improving the condition of the "under-privileged third," of providing for the indigent aged, or of reaching all the humanitarian objectives of which

he is so fond of speaking?

The truth of the matter is that in this country at least great progress has been made in all these directions during the past century, even during the past quarter of a century—that is, long before the inauguration of the New Deal—and that this progress was achieved by methods which the President is now inclined to scorn as the "ancient habits" of the "reactionaries." He comes forward with a wholly different set of methods, but does not take the trouble to demonstrate how his procedures can be expected to prove more effective than the older policies.

his procedures can be expected to prove more effective than the older policies.

It would not be difficult to show that many of those he labels "reactionaries" are in fact much more "liberal" than he himself is, even if his own definition of liberalism is accepted.

measures which had not the slightest support in experience as a mode of restoring business to normal or of permitting business to restore itself to normal. The wise physician is the one who when confronted with a condition applies those remedies and curative processes which experience has disclosed to be most effective. It is the ignorant member of the profession who does not know what these treatments are, and it is the charlatan who, knowing what they are, rejects then in favor of untried new ideas developed in his own brain or suggested to him by laymen without thorough grounding in knowledge and experience. These latter are the ones who wager the life of the patient "on the hunch" that they may be able to achieve a miracle.

#### The Record

The record speaks eloquently for itself. The President, who during his 1932 campaign had more than once spoken of the needs for economy in governmental operations, in his first inaugural in fine phrases denounced the "money-changers," who he said could think of no better remedy for a situation caused by over-indebtedness than further debt. He very promptly

called a special session of Congress to make possible, among other things, a reduction in the expenditures of the Federal Government. But it was not long before the spenders had his ear, and the inflationists had won his confidence. No greater length of time was required for certain other groups to convince him of some of the major tenets of the economic planners. The results were astounding. In the abandonment of the gold standard the New Deal quite definitely wagered a monetary system whose construction had required centuries that tinkering

with the currency would induce recovery. In repudiating the gold clauses in outstanding Government bonds, and in confiscating gold then the property of private citizens the honor of the country was thrown into the pot. The National Industrial Recovery Act was a gamble that methods never heretofore tried on any scale remotely approaching those of the NIRA would powerfully aid in the same cause.

The Administration likewise soon began to direct outlays of hitherto unprecedented (in peace times) proportions. Forgotten were the President's own earlier words to the effect that sound conditions were to be sought in precisely the opposite direction. During his campaign or during his first few weeks in office he might well have said if the occasion had arisen that he would add extensively to already staggering debt if the nation would place a wager involving the economic life-blood of the nation that recovery could be bought with the very coin which had produced the depression. But all this sound common sense, or what seemed to be such, was soon lost, and during the Administration's first full fiscal year expenditures of the Federal Government, which the year before had amounted to some \$3,864,000,000, reached the staggering total of over \$6,000,000,000, and the deficit, which during the previous year totaled about \$1,784,000,000, was recorded at \$2,895,000,000. Of course, these additional funds were requested and were expended in the name of both relief and recovery, but the notion that the two were closely intertwined if not almost identical by reason of additions to "purchasing power" thus provided ran like a scarlet thread through

most of the public discussions of that time. The President at the outset had stated quite frankly that much of this program was experimental, that if it did not have the results expected he would be the first to suggest a change of policy—an assertion almost the equivalent of admission that he was wagering on certain ideas or "hunches" that he had developed or which had been brought to him. 'And the results? Who won the wager? Of course the panicky conditions of March, 1933 passed in due course, and the banking system began to function again, indeed, superficially considered, it was restored to a fair degree of soundness before June 30, 1934, but the restoration was much more apparent than real as all careful students of banking well understand. As to the rate of activity in general, note that carloadings for the last week in the 1934 fiscal year were 283,765, against 281,747 a year earlier; the wholesale price index of the Department of Labor at the end of the year was practically unchanged from a year earlier; power output was running about 2% higher than a year earlier; crude oil production was for all practical purposes unchanged; June, 1934 production of steel ingots was slightly over 3,000,000 tons, against 2,564,000 a year earlier; weekly coal production had risen about half a million tons; department store sales were about 9% higher; lumber shipments were down 42% and orders 51%; the motor industry showed substantial improvement, and a few other branches were reporting an appreciably higher rate of activity than was the case a year earlier. It is impossible to present an accruate statistical picture of employ-Some improvement had occurred, but all agree that no really major change had taken place in the unemployment situation.

The Administration had lost its wager.

#### The Second Year of Wagers

The succeeding years were like unto the first. The fiscal year ended June 30, 1935, found still larger wagers being placed. Even ordinary expenditures which the President the year before had been at so much pains to hold within rigid limits began to rise substantially-and have been rising ever since and are still rising. The total expenditures for this period amounted to over \$7,000,000,000 and the deficit to \$3,210,000,000. Meanwhile it had grown quite customary for New Deal managers to iterate and reiterate that so-called reform measures, such for example as the securities Acts, far from restricting business activity would by increasing the confidence of the public in the securities markets substantially further recovery. The practice of adding individual liberty to the "pot" which had begun with confiscation of gold and the National Industrial Recovery Act was being continued and pushed to further extremes.

And the results of another year of these experiments? The record again discloses variations in the comparisons with the previous year. On the whole probably, activity and employment were greater at the end of the year than at its beginning, but no one, not even an ardent New Deal advocate, would seriously contend that a really fundamental or drastic change had occurred.

The President had lost another heavy wager.

#### The Third Year

But the New Deal managers were still in a gambling mood. Nothing in the experience obtained during the previous year or two with novel and extraordinarily expensive expedients in the least suggested that despite the teachings of history profligacy would point the way to plenty, but the total of Federal expenditures during the year ended June 30, 1936, (with the aid of the veterans' bonus for which the President was not directly responsible) was \$8,-666,000,000 and the deficit \$4,550,000,000. Ordinary expenditures (excluding the bonus) and relief outlays again rose. By mid-year 1936 there had been sufficient improvement to make the President quite confident that "we are on our way" back to prosperity, and for the reason that "we had planned it that way." But although there had been marked enlargement in business activity in many directions, unemployment was almost as much of a problem as it had ever been, and thoughtful elements in the population were not nearly so sanguine as was the President about the outlook. In less than a year events proved the business community right and the President wrong. The boom that seemed to be in the making was abortive. It had little real substance.

The President had lost another wager.

Although it was not until near the close of the period that evidence began to appear that another depression (then termed a "recession") was developing the wager on full business recovery, which had been arranged at an earlier date was again duly posted for the next year. Federal expenditures for the fiscal period ended June 30, 1937, totaled \$8,442,000,000, which if adjustment is made for the bonus payments was a new record even for the New Deal managers. The deficit for that year was \$3,148,000,000. By the end of the year it

appeared to the thoughtful that business was "on its way"—down grade.

The President had lost another wager.

He had, however, begun to talk about balancing the budget—but not so much by reducing expenditures as by increasing revenue. He succeeded in slightly reducing outlays for a time, but before the expiration of the fiscal year 1938, during which expenditures amounted to \$7,626,000,000, he appeared before Congress with an admission that another depression had developed and with a proposal to wager huge sums that profligacy despite all experience, recent and ancient, would bring a cure. His program was adopted by Congress, and during the year ended June 30 last expenditures reached another all-time high (except in war) at \$9,210,000,-000, and the deficit, \$3,542,000,000. This time the additional outlays were especially planned by New Deal managers, not so much to furnish relief as to induce recovery. At the end of this period of experiment business was better than the year previous, but was still far from normal. Unemployment has remained about as much in the public eye as it was when the New Deal began.

The President had lost another wager.

Then on June 21, 1939, despite the fact that the regular budget as originally submitted called for an expenditure of \$8,995,000,000 during the current fiscal year, and notwithstanding that at the time the suggestion was made, it was quite clear that Congress not only would not pare the budget total but add to it the President came forward with a proposal that another \$3,860,000,000 be wagered that profligacy would induce recovery. Congress wisely refused for the time being at least to be a party to any such plan. Now the President says that his opponents who succeeded in preventing him from laying the wager are themselves the gamblers!

It is perhaps any one's right to twist the truth to make a trap for fools, but it is also the right of the public not to step into the trap.

#### Federal Reserve Bank Statement

NOTHER set of high records makes its appear-A ance this week in the official banking statistics, but the records relate entirely to the over-full reservoir of idle funds. Member bank reserve balances increased \$96,120,000 in the week ended Aug. 9, principally because of gold imports, use by the Treasury of accumulated gold, and a sharp decline of \$61,943,000 in "other deposits" with the 12 Federal Reserve banks, the latter change probably reflecting the need for protecting foreign exchanges in the current European crisis. Currency in circulation moved up \$16,000,000, and the Federal Reserve banks continued their recent practice of lowering open market holdings of Treasury discount bills, but these items were only minor offsets to the factors making for an increase of idle funds. In these circumstances excess reserves of member banks over legal requirements moved up \$70,000,000 in the statement week to \$4,530,000,000, which is the highest level ever noted. But the member banks continue to find little outlet for their available resources. The statement of the weekly reporting member banks in New York City shows an increase of business loans by \$26,000,000 to \$1,464,000,000. The gain appears to result, however, from corporate borrowing on medium-term maturities, for the purpose of redeeming obligations outstanding in the

ordinary capital market. Brokers' loans on security collateral fell \$17,000,000 to \$484,000,000.

Federal Reserve authorities again permitted the open market portfolio of United States Government securities to recede through non-replacement of Treasury bills, the decine this week amounting to \$10,505,000. Since the program was started late in June, owing to technical conditions in the bill market, the holdings have fallen \$121,101,000. open market holdings of Treasury obligations now are \$2,442,914,000, while open market holdings of bankers' bills were unchanged this week at \$545,000. Monetary gold stocks of the country increased \$22,-000,000 in the week, to \$16,270,000,000. The Treasury, however, deposited \$44,998,000 gold certificates with the regional banks, raising their holdings of such instruments to \$13,914,220,000. With other cash little changed, total reserves of the regional banks increased \$43,905,000 to \$14,271,733,000. Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation moved up \$19,974,000 to \$4,550,689,000. Total deposits with the regional banks advanced \$11,145,000 to \$11,949,-806,000, with the account variations consisting of an increase of member bank reserve balances by \$96,120,000 to \$10,509,003,000; a decline of the Treasury general account by \$19,194,000 to \$844,-268,000; a drop of foreign bank deposits by \$3,838,000 to \$307,298,000, and a fall of other deposits by \$61,943,000 to \$289,237,000. The reserve ratio increased to 86.5% from 86.4%. Discounts by the regional banks were up \$258,000 to \$4,918,000. Industrial advances were off \$81,000 at \$11,665,000, while commitments to make such advances fell \$66,000 to \$11,337,000.

#### Government Cotton Report

HE first official estimate of cotton production in the United States coincides fairly closely with the earlier expressed views of private forecasters, and is not far removed from the amount that seemed in prospect on the basis of the incomplete data available a month earlier. The 11,412,000 bales output now forecast for this year will be produced from an exceedingly small planted area, as was indicated in the acreage statement issued last month, but the yield per acre this year will be considerably higher than average, although smaller than in the preceding two years. On the basis of present circumstances an average of 223.7 pounds of cotton are expected to be yielded by each seeded acre, compared with 235.8 pounds in 1938, and an average of 190.8 in the 10 years 1928-37. In 1938 11,943,000 bales of cotton were harvested, while in the 10-year period 13,800,000 bales were produced. The condition of the crop as of Aug. 1 was 74% of normal compared with 78% on that date in 1938 and a 10-year average of 70%.

Hopes were expressed in Washington of reducing the record surpluses of American cotton of around 14,250,000 bales. Such anticipation was based on the calculated expectancy that domestic consumption and foreign takings would exceed the current crop. While such prospects are not unreasonably founded, especially in view of the program for subsidizing exports, it is hardly to be expected that the possible million or so bales reduction in the carryover a year hence will be a substantial improvement in the statistical position of the staple.

The position of cotton would seem to substantiate the criticism of all the New Deal planned crop measures, for with all the official thought, money and persuasion, with all the elaborate schemes that have been concocted, cotton today, and in prospect, is in a position which even a New Dealer would have difficulty in proving is superior to what a "laissez faire" program would have produced. Yet we find officials of the Government pointing to the fact that a minor reduction in surplus is to be expected. All things considered, it is a fitting parallel to the mountain which labored and brought fourth a mouse.

The market received the report with a drop of about \$1 a bale in price, although the Government figure was somewhat lower than those given out earlier by private estimators.

#### The New York Stock Market

STOCK prices on the New York market drifted lower this week, notwithstanding the good impression created by the adjournment of Congress, last Saturday, at the height of a wave of New Deal antagonism. The principal cause of the downward trend plainly was the uncertainty about Europe's tug-of-war over the small Free City of Danzig. Fears that the war of "nerves" might break into an outright military struggle dominated all markets. In New York the worriment brought about a trickle of liquidation, which met little buying power, for all interests preferred to remain aloof until the course of European events becomes clearer. There is, moreover, a good deal of uncertainty regarding the future course of business within the United States. Although the rate of activity attained in the spring is being well maintained, fresh gains are lacking, as yet. The dulness of the market was accentuated also by the vacation period. Trading averaged only 500,000 shares on the New York Stock Exchange in the full sessions of the week now ending, which is a rate that impoverishes member firms. Indicative was a sale of a seat on the Big Board, Wednesday, at \$52,000, which is only \$1,000 over the recent low.

Tendencies toward lower levels were apparent from the start of trading, Monday. Prices were marked downward in that session, partly on a precautionaly basis, for the cables from Europe reflected the developing crisis over Danzig. After a hesitant session on Tuesday, the decline was resumed in the mid-week dealings. When it appeared that Chancellor Hitler is unlikely to force the Danzig issue to the breaking point at the present time, better demand developed for stocks. The rally occurred yesterday, but was tempered by the suspension of the large Amsterdam underwriting house of Mendelssohn & Co., an event which occurred only two days after the death in Paris of the managing director, Fritz Mannheimer. Although all reports indicated that the suspension is unlikely to occasion international repercussions, some nervousness prevailed and held the rally here to small proportions. Net changes for the week in leading stocks consisted of losses ranging from one to three points. Less active issues were off only a little.

In the listed bond market trading was at a low ebb, with small downward variations the rule in all groups. United States Treasury issues slowly receded, owing to the European reports and the belief that new money will be borrowed by the Treasury next month. Best rated corporate liens moved fractionally lower. New issues of the week were

sizable, but investment bankers found the reception good. Among speculative railroad, traction, utility and industrial bonds the losses were more pronounced than in investment bonds. Foreign dollar obligations were weak, at times, owing to the perils of the European situation. In the commodity markets the leading food staples were relatively steady, as against fluctuations of previous weeks. Base metals were well maintained. Foreign exchange dealings reflected the inevitable tendency of European crises to produce a flow of funds to the United States. The leading units were rigidly controlled by the various stabilization funds, and admitted gold movements were small, but there were various indications of a spurt in the flow of money across the Atlantic.

On the New York Stock Exchange 33 stocks touched new high levels for the year while 42 stocks touched new low levels. On the New York Curb Exchange 42 stocks touched new high levels and 23 stocks touched new low levels. Call loans on the New York Stock Exchange remained unchanged at 1%.

On the New York Stock Exchange the sales at the half-day session on Saturday last were 236,980 shares; on Monday they were 518,670 shares; on Tuesday, 448,760 shares; on Wednesday, 467,510 shares; on Thursday, 699,730 shares, and on Friday, 700,890 shares.

On the New York Curb Exchange the sales on Saturday last were 42,205 shares; on Monday, 92,955 shares; on Tuesday, 81,270 shares; on Wednesday, 90,210 shares; on Thursday, 122,260 shares, and on Friday, 89,705 shares.

Narrow trading characterized last Saturday's session on the Stock Exchange following a day of profit-taking on Friday. Prices at the start reflected further recessions, but steel and copper issues went against the trend. Other groups followed later on under their leadership to show gains at the close of the first hour. Trading in the second hour was slow and revealed no significant trend. Equities, though off a trifle from the day's peak, were fractionally higher at closing time. A better feeling on Monday lifted prices moderately higher in the initial session, but the movement was abruptly terminated by a spurt of liquidation which cut into stocks by fractions upwards of two points. The selling wave soon petered out, but recovery was slow in taking hold, and prices closed lower. Slightly better levels attended the opening on Tuesday, but within a short time the market turned irregular and trading volume diminished.

Late in the day modest recovery took form and the session ended with irregularly improved prices. No change of consequence occurred in the market tone on Wednesday, barring the presence of a greater spirit of caution among traders. This was followed by some slight downward revision in the scale of prices. On Thursday increased tension over the Danzig problem caused heavy liquidation here at home and stocks gave up almost three points before the situation was under control. Following the second hour, trading slackened and values, with some difficulty, recovered about one point of their former losses, ending the period steadier, although lower. After a higher opening on Friday, prices again receded, induced by foreign selling brought on by the failure of a large banking house in Amsterdam. The market tone hardened in late transactions, and while closing prices showed improve-

ment, losses predominated. As compared with the closing on Friday of last week, closing prices yesterday reflect a loss of ground for the week. General Electric closed yesterday at 361/8 against 371/4 on Friday of last week; Consolidated Edison Co. of N. Y. at 321/8 against 31; Columbia Gas & Electric at 71/4 against 75/8; Public Service of N. J. at 40% against 40%; International Harvester at 511/2 against 511/8; Sears, Roebuck & Co. at 761/4 against 781/8; Montgomery Ward & Co. at 491/2 against 513/4; Woolworth at 47% against 481/2, and American Tel. & Tel. at 1631/2 against 1671/8. Western Union closed yesterday at 251/2 against 25% on Friday of last week; Allied Chemical & Dye at 161 against 1711/2; E. I. du Pont de Nemours at 1573/4 against 1603/4; National Cash Register at 171/2 against 181/2; National Dairy Products at 171/8 against 173/4; National Biscuit at 26 against 26; Texas Gulf Sulphur at 275% against 2834; Continental Can at 381/2 against 391/8; Eastman Kodak at 1701/8 against 172; Standard Brands at 6% against 6%; Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. at 1031/4 against 1081/2; Lorillard at 23½ against 23½; Canada Dry at 18½ against 181/8; Schenley Distillers at 121/4 against 121/2, and National Distillers at 23% against 241/4. In the rubber group, Goodyear Tire & Rubber closed yesterday at 271/2 against 28 on Friday of last week; B. F. Goodrich at 195% against 17%, and United States Rubber at 43 against 431/2. The railroad shares tended lower this week. Pennsylvania RR. closed yesterday at 163/4 against 18 on Friday of last week; Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe at 261/4 against 27%; New York Central at 14 against 14%; Union Pacific at 95 against 981/4; Southern Pacific at 13% against 141/8; Southern Railway at 16 against 161/2, and Northern Pacific at 91/8 against 93/4. The steel stocks also touched lower levels the present week. United States Steel closed yesterday at 471/2 against 491/2 on Friday of last week; Crucible Steel at 303/4 against 315/8; Bethlehem Steel at 581/2 against 60, and Youngstown Sheet & Tube at 39½ against 40¾. In the motor group, Auburn Auto closed yesterday at 11/2 against 2 on Friday of last week; General Motors at 461/2 against 473/8; Chrysler at 79% against 80%; Packard at 31/2 against 35%, and Hupp Motors at 34 against 1. Among the oil stocks, Standard Oil of N. J. closed yesterday at 401/8 against 407/8 on Friday of last week; Shell Union Oil at 105% against 107%, and Atlantic Refining at 19½ against 19¾. In the copper group, Anaconda Copper closed yesterday at 25% against 261/2 on Friday of last week; American Smelting & Refining at 431/4 against 451/2, and Phelps Dodge at 37 against 391/4.

Trade and industrial reports remain inconclusive as to future business trends. Steel operations for the week ending today were estimated by American Iron and Steel Institute at 60.1% of capacity against 59.3% last week, 49.7% a month ago, and 39.4% at this time last year. Production of electric power for the week to Aug. 5 was reported by Edison Electric Institute at 2,325,085,000 kwh., against 2,341,822,000 kwh. in the preceding week and 2,115,947,000 kwh. in the corresponding week of last year. Car loadings of revenue freight for the week to Aug. 5 are reported by the Association of American Railroads at 661,136 cars, a gain over

the previous week of 1,372 cars, and over the similar week of last year of 77,074 cars.

As indicating the course of the commodity markets, the September option for wheat in Chicago closed at 64½c. against 64c. the close on Friday of last week. September corn at Chicago closed yesterday at 43c. against 42½c. the close on Friday of last week. September oats at Chicago closed yesterday at 28½c. against 27½c. the close on Friday of last week.

The spot price for cotton here in New York closed yesterday at 9.39c. against 9.55c. the close on Friday of last week. The spot price for rubber yesterday was 16.58c. against 16.70c. the close on Friday of last week. Domestic copper closed yesterday at 10½c., the close on Friday of last week. In London the price of bar silver closed yesterday at 17 1/16 pence per ounce against 16 11/16 pence per ounce the close on Friday of last week, and spot silver in New York closed yesterday at 35½c. against 34¾c. the close on Friday of last week.

In the matter of foreign exchanges, cable transfers on London closed yesterday at \$4.681/8, the close on Friday of last week, and cable transfers on Paris closed yesterday at 2.65c., the close on Friday of last week.

#### **European Stock Markets**

ARDLY any business was done this week on stock exchanges in the leading European financial centers, owing to the universal fears of warfare. Traders and investors at London, Paris and Berlin merely sat on the sidelines, as another crisis developed over the Free City of Danzig. It would seem, moreover, that the position is not likely to change for some weeks or months to come, since all of Europe is under arms and faces problems of demobilization, if war does not develop, which will be almost as difficult as those of war itself. The trend of prices in the European markets also reflects these overwhelming considerations of war or peace. Although industry is humming, much of the activity is due to armaments orders, and it is well realized that taxation will take back for national treasuries what war departments furnish in the way of orders and apparent profits. Net changes, in these circumstances, remain small and meaningless. The London market was rendered additionally lifeless by the August Bank Holiday, last Monday.

After the long week-end in London, trading was resumed on Tuesday in a quiet fashion, with changes mostly on the declining side. There was no disposition to enlarge commitments, but also no particular rush to liquidate holdings. Gilt-edged issues drifted fractionally downward, as the crisis developments were observed with traditional British calmness. Small losses were more numerous than the equally small gains among industrial stocks, and a similar irregularity prevailed in mining securities. The international group was neglected, save for modest advances in Anglo-American favorites. Another stagnant session was reported at London on Wednesday, with summer holidays and military duties depleting the attendance. Giltedged stocks were all but motionless, while industrial and mining shares resumed their slow downward drift. Foreign securities lost ground, save for the steady Anglo-American section. Changes on Thursday were inconsequential, gilt-edged issues hardly moving at all, while industrial stocks remained idle at former levels. Mining issues were somewhat unsettled by an increase of the African output quota. Foreign securities were neglected and almost motionless. Small gains were recorded yesterday in gilt-edged stocks, while industrial and international issues were steady.

Trading on the Paris Bourse was at a minimum, Monday, as war apprehensions combined with the holiday period and the closing of the London market to keep activities low. Rentes were firm in the idle market, while French equities and international securities were traded only occasionally and at unchanged levels. War apprehensions increased on Tuesday, and small losses then were noted in rentes. An easy tendency prevailed also in French bank, industrial and other stocks, while international issues found few buyers. The tone was uncertain on Wednesday, with rentes fairly active and not much changed. French stocks moved irregularly, while international issues rallied after a weak opening. On Thursday the Bank of France reported a transfer to itself of 5,000,000,000 francs gold from the French stabilization fund, this transaction occasioning some demand for rentes. French equities drifted lower, however, while international securities receded more swiftly. Fractional losses were the rule yesterday at Paris, with international issues weaker than others owing to the suspension of the Amsterdam firm of Mendelssohn & Co.

The Berlin Boerse was quiet and firm in the initial session of the week, gains of fractions to a point or more being reported in leading issues. Brisk business was done in the Reich tax anticipation certificates, which represent the latest expedient of the authorities for meeting the heavy financial burdens of Herr Hitler's arms program. A press campaign of vilification, directed against Poland, oppressed the Boerse on Tuesday. Prices receded in all departments of the market, with net losses running to two points in prominent stocks. The international tension continued to provoke liquidation on the German market, Wednesday, and losses in equities again ranged from fractions to two points. Small declines also occurred among fixedincome securities. After an uncertain opening, Thursday, prices rallied and changes for the session were modest. Shipping stocks showed the only important variations, which were toward lower levels. The Boerse was dull yesterday, with prices steady.

#### Cotton for Spain

FROM the tremendous stocks of American cotton, some 250,000 bales are to be made available to Spain through credits granted chiefly by the official Export-Import Bank of Washington, and in small part by shippers of the cotton. This was announced last Monday by Warren Lee Pierson, President of the Export-Import Bank, who added that the shipments to the Spanish mills will be at the rate of 25,000 bales monthly. The credits have been guaranteed by leading Spanish banks and assurances have been extended by the Spanish Government that dollar exchange will be made available to meet all payments. Payment by Spain is to be made in eight quarterly instalments commencing six months after delivery of the cotton, which must be moved in American bottoms. It appeared that previous tendencies in the extension of such official credits also are being observed in this case, as the

80% of the total to be made available by the Export-Import Bank represents nothing more than a guarantee, on the basis of which commercial banks in New York City actually will advance the funds. The portion of the credit risk to be assumed by the shippers is 20%, but there is no indication whether any loss will fall firstly on the official bank or on the cotton shippers. It is quite obvious, although not stated in the official report, that Spain will obtain the benefit of the 1½c. a pound export subsidy on cotton announced last month by Secretary of Agriculture Henry A. Wallace.

There are some interesting aspects to this transaction, which involves credits to Spain of approximately \$13,750,000. In Washington dispatches it was made clear that the Catalan mills which now are resuming activities are equipped to operate on the American type of cotton. If the credits were not extended by the United States, then others might do so and insist upon changes in the mills which might cost this country the loss of the Spanish market, it was argued. This is, no doubt, a consideration of some importance, but it also is true that the present time seems rather a risky one for the extension of credits to Franco's Spain, as his regime is said to be encountering more than a little internal opposition and most certainly is flirting with the idea of an alignment with the Rome-Berlin axis. Moreover, the predecessor regime in Spain still owes the Export-Import Bank a sum of money which is overdue on a tobacco credit, and efforts to obtain the sum from the present regime are said to have been fruitless. The Washington decision to extend the credit despite many adverse considerations can only reflect the desperation felt in Administration circles with regard to the faulty agricultural policy pursued under Mr. Roosevelt. The incident appears to be merely another expedient, such as the Anglo-American agreement to exchange cotton for rubber on a "war reserve" basis, designed to mitigate the unfortunate results of the cotton program.

#### Trade Agreements

NOTHER small notation on the international A trade program being pursued at Washington was furnished last Saturday, when the annual extension of the understanding between the United States and the Soviet Union was effected. Although there is no more "totalitarian" country than Russia, the Roosevelt Administration nevertheless finds it advisable to stimulate trade through steady extensions of the annual agreements. This is as it should be, for the kind of government which other people prefer is not a matter for the concern of the United States Government. An agreement with Soviet Russia on trade first was negotiated in 1935, for a single year, and as the arrangement clearly benefited all concerned it has been extended year after year. The Soviet Union, with its chronic shortages of goods, has exported to the United States a relatively stable quantity of merchandise, the figures for calendar years being \$21,000,000 in 1936; \$27,-000,000 in 1937, and \$23,500,000 in 1938. Our exports to Russia, however, have mounted from \$33,-400,000 in 1936 and \$42,900,000 in 1937 to \$69,700,-000 in 1938. In the new accord Russia agrees, as in the past two years, to take no less than \$40,000,-000 of American merchandise during the annual period of the agreement. The United States, in

turn, extends most-favored-nation treatment to Russian goods.

All of this is especially interesting in the light of the apparent tendency in Washington to use trade agreements and countervailing duties as instruments of international policy. The recent denunciation of our trade treaty with Japan was clearly and entirely political, since the obvious intent is to bring home to the Japanese Government and people the aggregate sentiments of the American people. Although the move with respect to Japan unquestionably was popular in this country, there are distinct dangers in such methods of economic reprisals upon countries with which official relations are entirely correct and friendly. The circumstances relating to the countervailing duty increase of 25% on dutiable German goods, and of added imposts on Italian silks, are less clear, but probably have a distinctly political aspect. Such methods may have a certain political value, but in the more admirable diplomacy of earlier days the same effect always was obtained through direct means, and the peoples were not harmed through the imposition of needless trade barriers and difficulties. This point is worth laboring in the light of comments made last Tuesday by the newly appointed Assistant Secretary of State, Henry F. Grady, who saw little or no possibility of improved trade relations between the United States and the "totalitarian" countries, until and unless the latter abandon their present methods of operations. Mr. Grady forgot, as political appointees so readily do, that Russia is even more totalitarian than Japan, Germany or Italy, but nevertheless is an acceptable partner for the United States in a trade agreement of great value.

#### Europe's Endless Crisis

EUROPEAN Powers that are arrayed in the opposing camps of the pacific democracies and the warlike totalitarian regimes played to the hilt, this week, the game of thrust and cross which seems ever more inevitably to be leading to a test of armed strength. The small Free City of Danzig remained the apparent bone of contention, but there were worried surmises in London and Paris that the next aggressions of the Rome-Berlin axis may be effected in the Balkans. Tension increased everywhere, and the fears of conflict were not lessened by the extraordinary aggregations of troops lining all borders, and the naval and air maneuvers which accompanied the displays of armed might. situation was made clear in a recent Washington tabulation, which showed that \$20,000,000,000 is being expended on arms in this year of 1939 by the nations of the world. Even more impressive were estimates that 8,000,000 to 11,000,000 men are under arms in the nations of Continental Europe at the present time, most of them engaged in the "war games" which often disguise real objectives and intentions in these days. Air forces are conducting mock warfare in a manner that is being brought home to European peoples almost daily, especially through "black-outs" of government and industrial centers. British preparedness is disclosed, additionally, by extensive maneuvers in the North Sea, in which the reserve fleet is participating. All of these activities make it clear, however, that there is a rather close balance between the opposing forces, and from the military point of view it would seem that no one will start a war in these days unless all indications point to a rapid and virtually certain victory. Possibly it is for this reason that attention lately has been diverted toward southeastern Europe, where the totalitarian regimes conceivably might find room for expansion.

With respect to Danzig the situation remains unchanged, although pressure politics of various sorts were attempted. Over the last week-end fears about Danzig diminished, for the Polish and Free City authorities appeared to be inclined toward compromises in problems involving the customs regulations of Danzig. The Polish dictator, Marshal Edward Smigly-Rydz, delivered an address at Cracow, last Sunday, in which he adopted a truculent attitude. Any force displayed with respect to Danzig must be resisted by Polish arms, he declared, and he added that Polish conduct will be adjusted to the conduct of the "other side." The speech was regarded as provocative in Germany, and the controlled German press immediately launched into a campaign of denunciation and vilification of Poland, the more violent Nazis threatening to wipe Poland off the map. There followed on Wednesday a long conference at Berchtesgaden, between Chancellor Adolf Hitler and the Nazi leader in Danzig, Albert Foerster, which ended with an order for a mass assemblage of the entire Danzig population, on Thursday evening, to hear Herr Foerster. This procedure occasioned fears of steps that might lead irrevocably to war, in view of the German stand for reincorporation of Danzig within the Reich, and the contrary stand of Poland, supported by Great Britain and France, for continuance of the current status of the admittedly German city. But Herr Foerster made a rather mild speech in Danzig on Thursday evening, as he merely reiterated that Danzig desires to return to Reich sovereignty and fully intends to do so when the time is propitious. If Poland launches any attack against Danzig, Germany will stand by the side of the Free City, Herr Foerster declared. Everything was left to Herr Hitler by the Danzig leader, who left with independent observers the impression that Nazi Germany is not prepared to make any direct move for the time being.

The European situation otherwise was clouded and obscure. Great Britain and France remained unwavering in their support of Poland and their antagonism to further aggressive moves by the Rome-Berlin combination. But the problem of Russian adherence to the Grand Alliance against aggression was unsolved, despite the departure last week of British and French military missions for Moscow discussions. This question was, if anything, rendered more troublesome by the return to London, this week, of William Strang, the British Foreign Office expert, who spent three months trying to persuade the Russians to join forces with Great Britain. But the axis Powers also seemed to experience the differences that vital decisions usually evoke. Rome dispatches indicated that Premier Mussolini was not prepared to grant to Chancellor Hitler a free hand in deciding the action to be taken with respect to Danzig. The two dictators were reported in constant communication, not only with respect to Danzig, but also in connection with reputed plans for encroachments in southeastern Europe. Highly significant were Yugoslavian reports, Wednesday, that Belgrade had refused axis proposals for "benevolent neutrality" in the event

of warfare, such "neutrality" to consist of German-Italian use of Yugoslavian communications and the direction of Yugoslavian agriculture and industry in a manner favoring the axis. With the assurance of British and French support, Premier Dragisha Cvetkovitch visited Italy, Thursday, reputedly in order to inform Premier Mussolini of the Yugoslav decision. On Thursday the rumor spread that the Rome-Berlin axis was divided on the question of Hungary, with Germany allegedly anxious to bring that small country more decidedly under the sway of the Nazis, while Italy appeared to oppose any such move. In such Rome-Berlin differences the hope of European peace possibly will be realized, for it is now well understood that war will be made only if Herr Hitler makes war.

#### Netherlands Cabinet

NE of the few heartening and reassuring aspects of the European situation is the calmness of Holland and the persistence of the Netherlanders in finding a genuine solution for their internal troubles notwithstanding the raging winds of international strife which howl about their ears. A Cabinet crisis developed in Holland on June 30, and attempts to find a solution proved abortive until last Wednesday, when a regime was announced by Dirk Jan de Geer, leader of the Christion Historical Unior. Whether the coalition of minor parties formed by Premier de Geer will survive the parliamentary test remains to be seen, for there is a good deal of doubt on that point. It remains true, however, that the Netherlands have gone about their business in traditional fashion, unhurried and unvexed by the tremendous propaganda campaigns of their larger neighbors. Cabinet crisis developed when Hendryk Colijn resigned as a matter of principle, in order to make clear his opposition to unbalanced budgets. sum involved was only 17,000,000 florins, but the principle mattered far more than the sum. Dionysius Koolen, leader of the Catholic party, tried to form a successor regime, but could not muster sufficient votes. Former Premier Colijn then attempted to form another Government, but he was defeated on a vote of confidence, July 27, and resigned the following day. After further deliberation Dr. de Geer was selected to head a regime, which he announced on Wednesday. The new Premier, however, holds thoroughly orthodox financial views and possibly will be unable to attract enough votes for approval of his aims.

#### Far Eastern Crisis

TAR EASTERN developments were overshadowed this week by the swift rush of events in Europe, but in some respects they were quite as threatening as the European difficulties, and in others they were linked to the struggle between the democratic and totalitarian States. It has finally become evident that the stand taken by the United States Government when it abrogated the 1911 trade treaty with Japan has created a turning point for the Tokio authorities. But the new direction that Japan is to take remains obscure, and possibly will not be decided unti the European issue is clarified. Throughout the week a debate is said to have raged in Japanese official circles as to the advisability of joining the Rome-Berlin axis in a full military alliance. Japanese army officers of the younger set are

reported exceedingly anxious to join the axis and thus demonstrate, at whatever risk, the displeasure of their country over the American and British activities and pressures. The Japanese naval spokesmen seem to be less than lukewarm, and the older advisers near the throne are reputedly opposed to any measure tending to occasion open breaks with Great Britain or America. Latest reports are that the "Inner Cabinet" of Emperor Hirohito's advisers favor an "independent" foreign policy, or avoidance of a full military tie with the Rome-Berlin axis. Controversies of this sort have a way of echoing in Japan and of producing unexpected results. It is obvious, in the meantime, that European events might easily turn the Japanese balance in one direction or the other.

The British Government is manifesting toward Japan in several ways a stiffer attitude than prevailed before the denunciation of the United States-Japanese trade pact. As the British Parliament was about to adjourn, late last week, Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain admitted to the House of Commons that his blood boiled as he read of the indignities to which Britons had been subjected by the Japanese. He warned the House that there may be even graver and nearer problems to be considered in the course of the next few months, making it necessary for Great Britain to conserve her forces. A sharp warning, nevertheless, was addressed to Japan in a comment about the superior home fleet of Great Britain. "In certain circumstances we may find it necessary to send that fleet out there," said Mr. Chamberlain. With respect to the preliminary declaration to the Tokio negotiations regarding the Tientsin incident, Mr. Chamberlain insisted that the formula means whatever the British Government wants it to mean. From Tokio came reports on Thursday that the British negotiators are showing little interest in further discussions regarding Tientsin and that general British attitude toward the Sino-Japanese war which the Japanese dearly wish to have clarified in their own favor. Through the Japanese press the warning was issued that if Great Britain fails to display sincerity she must prepare for further happenings of the type that made Mr. Chamberlain's blood boil.

It is possible, indeed, that a showdown will occur between Great Britain and Japan without much further delay, provided the European scene leaves Great Britain free to act in the Far East. The Japanese threat of further measures against British interests was implemented even before it was uttered. In a well-established international anchorage on the upper Yangtze, two British merchant vessels were bombed and damaged, last Sunday, by a raiding squadron of Japanese airplanes, the circumstances being such as to force the conclusion that an affront to Great Britain was intended. The British gunboat Gannet was one of the targets, but fortunately escaped harm. Japanese spokesmen politely called it all a "regrettable mistake," when the usual representations were made. In Japanese centers the anti-British propaganda campaign was renewed, and Americans also were made targets of reproach. While all this was going on the Japanese militarists found themselves unable to make progress with their war upon China. Important Japanese units are said to have been isolated in Shansi Province by floods, and the Chinese defenders easily regained control of some key

points. The Japanese air bombing activities were intensified, as they always are when the invading land forces find the going difficult. Only modest military activity was reported between Manchukuoan (Japanese) and Outer Mongolian (Russian) troops on the long border between the Japanese and Russian outposts in Eastern Asia.

#### Discount Rates of Foreign Central Banks

HERE have been no changes during the week in the discount rates of any of the foreign central banks. Present rates at the leading centers are shown in the table which follows:

Country	Rate in Effect Aug 11	Date Established	Pre- vious Rate	Country	Rate in Effect Aug 11	Date	Pre- vious Rate
Argentina	314	Mar. 1 1936	CHE	Holland	2	Dec. 2 1936	216
Batavia	4	July 1 1935		Hungary	4	Aug. 29 1935	436
Belgium	236	July 6 1939	3	India	3	Nov. 28 1935	316
Bulgaria	6	Aug. 15 1935	7	Italy	436	May 18 1936	5
Canada	214	Mar. 11 1935	100	Japan	3.29	Apr. 6 1936	3.65
Chile	3	Dec. 16 1936	4	Java	3	Jan. 14 1937	4
Colombia	4	July 18 1933	5	Lithuania	6	July 15 1939	7
Czechoslo-				Morocco	634	May 28 1935	436
vakia	3	Jan. 1 1936	316	Norway	314	Jan. 5 1938	4
Danzig	4	Jan. 2 1937	5	Poland	414	Dec. 17 1937	5
Denmark	314	Feo. 23 1939	4	Portugal	4	Aug. 11 1937	436
Eire	3	June 30 1932	316	Rumania	314	May 5 1938	436
England	2	June 30 1932	234	SouthAfrica	314	May 15 1933	436
Estonia	436	Oct. 1 1935	5	Spain	5	July 15 1935	5
Finland	4	Dec. 3 1934	434	Sweden	236	Dec. 1 1933	3
France	2	Jan. 2 1939	234	Switzerland	136	Nov. 25 1936	2
Germany	4	Sept. 22 1932	5	Yugoslavia.	5	Feb. 1 1935	636
Greece	6	Jan. 4 1937	7				

#### Foreign Money Rates

N LONDON open market discount rates for short bills on Friday were  $\frac{5}{8}\%$  as against  $\frac{5}{8}\%$  on Friday of last week, and 11-16% for three-months' bills as against 11-16% on Friday of last week. Money on call at London on Friday was ½%. At Paris the open market rate was lowered on Monday to 21/4% from 21/2%, while in Switzerland the rate remains at 1%.

#### Bank of England Statement

HE statement of the Bank for the week ended Aug. 9 again showed an expansion in note circulation, the current increase of £1,307,000 raising the total outstanding to a new record high of £521,-877,000, compared with £489,993,480 a year ago. As the currency rise was attended by an increase of £43,968 in gold holdings, reserves decreased £1,263,-000. Public deposits rose £8,567,000 while other deposits fell off £8,176,142. Other deposits comprise bankers accounts, and other accounts, which decreased £7,923,861 and £252,281, respectively. The reserve proportion dropped a little to 16.8% from 17.7% a week ago; last year the proportion was 23.4%. Government securities increased £2,220,000 while other securities declined £537,597. Of the latter amount, £902,122 was a loss in discounts and advances, and £364,525 an increase in securities. Below we furnish the different items with comparisons for back years:

BANK OF ENGLAND'S COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Jane constitution	Aug. 9, 1939	Aug. 10, 1938	Aug. 11, 1937	Aug. 12, 1936	Aug. 14, 1935
0.5 0.108 001.5	2	£	DOUG TOU	£	£
Circulation	521.877.000	489,993,480	407.867.276	450,284,889	405.545.797
Public deposits	31.846,000	19,315,370	19,036,046	17,418,402	16,717,834
Other deposits	117.583.624	140,592,042	129,936,858	135,970,406	123,295,581
Bankers' accounts.	81.654.303			97.989.881	86.274.887
Other accounts	35,929,321	34.513.407	36.362.765	37,980,525	37.020.694
Govt. securities	114.831.164	109,716,164	111,129,879	89,613,310	82,044,999
Other securities	27,487,467	30,781,966	26,246,632	28,229,330	28,324,495
Disc't & advances.	5,954,915		5,907,100	8,938,854	15,170,690
Securities	21.532.552		20,339,532	19,290,476	13,153,805
Reserve notes & coin	25.227.000	37.555,462	29,760,537	53,726,359	47.824.320
Coin and bullion			327.627.813	244.011.248	193,370,117
Proportion of reserve	THE PERSON NAMED IN		mark the	THE WATER OF STREET	
to liabilities	16.8%	23.4%	19.90%	35.00%	34.15%
Bank rate	2%	2%	2%	20%	2%
Gold val. per fine os.	148s. 6d.		84s. 11 1/d.	84s. 11 1/d.	84s. 1136d.

#### Bank of France Statement

HE weekly statement of the Bank dated Aug. 3 again showed an expansion in note circulation, this time of 1,212,000,000 francs, which raised the

total outstanding to 124,451,000,000 francs. Notes in circulation a year ago aggregated 101,350,965,327 francs and the year before 89,603,755,435 francs. Due to the transfer of 5,000,000,000 francs gold from the French Equalization Fund on July 28, gold holdings now aggregate 97,266,039,154 francs. A year ago, when the valuation rate of the franc was 43mg. gold, 0.9 fine, gold holdings totaled 55,808,-328,520 francs. French commercial bills discounted declined 368,000,000 francs, while advances against securities and creditor current accounts expanded 178,000,000 francs and 3,713,000,000 francs respectively. The proportion of gold on hand to sight liabilities rose to 64.98%, compared with only 47.23% a year ago. Below we furnish the various items with comparisons for previous years:

BANK OF FRANCE'S COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

D(# 9)11/274	Changes for Week	Aug. 3, 1939	Aug. 4, 1938	Aug. 5, 1937
	Francs	Francs	Francs	Francs
Gold holdings	+5,000,035,943	97,266,039,154	55.808.328.520	55.716.635.931
Credit bals. abroad.		*15,155,996		
a French commercial				
bills discounted	-368.000,000	7.478.000.000	6,587,000,000	8,904,826,481
b Bills bought abr'd		*706.878.562		
Adv. against securs.	+178,000,000			
Note circulation	+1.212,000,000			
Credit. current acc'ts		25,239,000,000		
c Temp. advs. with-		20,200,000,000	20,010,010,000	20,000,401,410
out int. to State		20,576,820,960	40 133 074 773	28 878 196 645
Propor'n of gold on		20,010,020,000	20,200,012,110	20,010,120,030
hand to sight liab.		64.98%	47.23%	52.29%

· Figures as of July 20, 1939.

\* Figures as of July 20, 1939.

a Includes bills purchased in France. b Includes bills discounted abroad. c In the process of revaluing the Bank's gold under the decree of Nov. 13, 1938, the three entries on the Bank's books representing temporary advances to the State were wiped out and t.e unsatisfied balance of such loans was transferred to a new entry of non-interest-bearing loans to the State.

Revaluation of the Bank's gold (at 27.5 mg. gold 0.9 fine per franc) under the decree of Nov. 13, 1938, was effected in the statement of Nov. 17, 1938; prior to that date and from June 20, 1937, valuation had been at the rate of 43 mg. gold 0.9 fine per franc; previous to that time and subsequent to Sept. 26, 1936, the value was 49 mg. per franc, and before Sept. 26, 1936, there were 65.5 mg. of gold to the franc.

#### Bank of Germany Statement

HE statement for the first quarter of August showed a decline in note circulation of 190,500,-000 marks, which brought the total outstanding down to 8,798,500,000 marks. Notes in circulation a year ago aggregated 6,429,400,000 marks and the year before 4,866,613,000 marks. The Bank's gold holdings, bills of exchange and checks, advances, and other assets also recorded decreases, namely 150,000 marks, 272,700,000 marks, 11,200,000 marks and 111,085,000 marks, respectively. Gold holdings now total 76,571,000 marks, compared with 70,773,000 marks a year ago. An increase appeared in silver and other coin of 3,459,000 marks and in other liabilities of 7,416,000 marks. The proportion of gold to note circulation is now 0.87%; last year it was 1.18%. Following we furnish the various items with comparisons for previous years:

REICHSBANK'S COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

The mark Sto	Changes for Week	Aug. 7, 1939	Aug. 6, 1938	Aug. 7, 1937
Assets-	Reichsmarks	Reichsmarks	Reichsmarks	Reichsmarks
Gold and bullion	-150,000	76,571,000		
Of which depos' abr'd		MIN	20,293,000	
Res've in for'n currency			5,566,000	
Bills of exch. and checks	-272,700,000	8,188,000,000	6,065,722,000	4,991,192,000
Silver and other coin	+3.459.000	124,514,000	141,645,000	159,172,000
Advances	-11,200,000	24,900,000	38,710,000	25,207,000
Investments		a924.951.000	847,213,000	403,384,000
Other assets	-111,085,000	1,399,628,000	1,167,402,000	697,391,000
Notes in circulation	-190,500,000	8,798,500,000	6,429,400,000	4,866,613,000
Oth. daily matur. oblig.		a1293698,000	958,138,000	592,966,000
Other liabilities Propor'n of gold & for'n	+7,416,000	431,974,000	285,002,000	248,838,000
curr. to note circul'n.	+0.02%	0.87%	1.18%	1.54%

"Reserves in foreign currencies" and "Deposits abroad" are included in Gold coin and bullion. a Figures as of July 31, 1939.

#### **New York Money Market**

HANGES were lacking this week in the New York money market, rates being continued from previous weeks and months, while extreme dulness still was the rule. Bankers' bills and commercial paper were turned over idly. The Treasury sold on Monday a further issue of \$100,000,000

discount bills due in 91 days, and awards were at an average discount of 0.032%, computed on an annual bank discount basis. Call loans on the New York Stock Exchange held to 1% for all transactions, while time loans again were 11/4% for maturities to 90 days, and 11/2% for four to six months' datings.

#### New York Money Rates

EALING in detail with call loan rates on the Stock Exchange from day to day, 1% was the ruling quotation all through the week for both new loans and renewals. The market for time money continues quiet. Rates continued nominal at 11/4% up to 90 days and 11/2% for four to six months' maturities. The market for prime commercial paper has shown a little improvement this week. The demand has been somewhat better but the supply of high class paper is scarce. Ruling rates are 5/8@3/4% for all maturities.

#### Bankers' Acceptances

THE market for prime bankers' acceptances has remained unchanged this week. The market has been quiet, there having been few bills available and the demand has been small. There has been no change in rates. Dealers' rates as reported by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York for bills up to and including 90 days are  $\frac{1}{2}\%$  bid and 7-16% asked; for bills running for four months 9-16% bid and  $\frac{1}{2}\%$ asked; for five and six months, 5/8% bid and 9-16% asked. The bill buying rate of the New York Reserve Bank is  $\frac{1}{2}\%$  for bills running from 1 to 90 days. The Federal Reserve Bank's holdings of acceptances remain unchanged at \$545,000.

#### Discount Rates of the Federal Reserve Banks

HERE have been no changes this week in the rediscount rates of the Federal Reserve banks. The following is the schedule of rates now in effect for the various classes of paper at the different Reserve banks:

DISCOUNT RATES OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

Federal Reserve Bank	Rate in Effect on Aug. 11	Date Established	Previous Rate
Boston	116	Sept. 2, 1937	2
New York	1,,	Aug. 27, 1937	116
Philadelphia	11/4	Sept. 4, 1937 May 11, 1935	2
Richmond	11/6	Aug. 27, 1937	2
Atlanta	136	Aug. 21, 1937	2
Chicago	136	Aug. 21, 1937	2
St. Louis	136	Sept. 2, 1937	2
Minneapolis	11/2	Aug. 24, 1937	2
Kansas City	11/2	Sept. 3, 1937	2
Dallas	11/2	Aug. 31, 1937	2
San Francisco	134	Sept. 3, 1937	2

#### Course of Sterling Exchange

STERLING exchange is under pressure, a contra-seasonal trend. On Saturd market is closed in the summer and quotations are largely nominal. On Monday last, Aug. 7, the London financial district was closed in observance of the August bank holiday. Pressure on sterling became obvious on Tuesday and the British Exchange Equalization Fund had to intervene to keep the spot rate close to \$4.68½. The range for sterling this week has been between \$4.67 % and \$4.68 % for bankers' sight, compared with a range of between \$4.67 15-16 and \$4.68½ last week. The range for cable transfers has been between \$4.68 1-16 and \$4.68 3-16, compared with a range of between \$4.68 1-16 and \$4.681/4 a week ago.

Under normal conditions the autumn pressure on sterling is not felt until the end of August. In the

interim tourist vacation requirements, at their height in August, lend support to the pound. Therefore the period of seasonal pressure against sterling is still a few weeks off.

The present pressure against the pound, which became sharply apparent in Tuesday's market, is due entirely to fears and uncertainties induced by the European situation. This was the first time in recent weeks that the tension in Europe has adversely affected the exchange market. Beginning on Tuesday and lasting throughout the week, there was comparatively heavy commercial and speculative selling of spot sterling which forced the British exchange control to lend active support, while speculative selling in the forward market continued at widening discounts. Official support was provided with the object of keeping spot sterling at \$4.68\\\ 8.

On Friday last at the beginning of the August vacation season Sir Thomas Inskip, Dominion Secretary, said before a Scotch audience: "War is unlikely and the British Government has very good reasons for saying that. The peace front is being built up and that is one of the reasons why war is not likely." The most pertinent comment on Sir Thomas Inskip's speech was made by Lord Halifax, Foreign Secretary, in the House of Lords. He said: "We are about to adjourn for a Parliamentary recess and I cannot encourage anyone who feels complacent about the world situation. Indeed, it may well be that the next weeks or months may prove critical." The selling of sterling which took place in the foreign exchange market this week would indicate that business and financial interests are more inclined to share the view of the general situation expressed by Lord Halifax than to follow the optimism of Sir Thomas Inskip.

The continued movement of gold and foreign funds from Europe to this side is outstanding evidence of widespread fears respecting the European outlook. In July, 1938 the United States gold stocks passed the \$13,000,000,000 mark. On Aug. 9, 1939 these stocks amounted to \$16,270,000,000. Gold earmarked for foreign account with the Federal Reserve Bank, mostly for the Bank of England and the British Fund, exceeds \$1,300,000,000, a record proportion.

The foreign gold on this side would doubtless have long since reached a much higher level were it not for the fact that gold here is nationalized, with the result that a strong movement of such gold to Canada has set in. More than \$500,000,000 of foreign gold is said to be under earmark in Canada. This represents an increase of more than \$370,000,000 since the beginning of 1939. The present Canadian total is nearly twice the combined gold earmarkings in South Africa and India, the other remote British gold storehouses. In Canada gold may be earmarked for private account as well as for official account. All privately owned gold sent here must be sold to the Treasury.

The foreign funds sent here and to Canada assume a more or less permanent investment character and unless a stable peace is assured on pre-war lines no great part of this capital can be expected to return. An outstanding evidence of the permanency of the capital lodgment on this side of the Atlantic is the establishment by foreign private banks of branches Such branches are also being opened in Montreal. It is reported that the old London private banking house of Erlangers, Ltd., founded in 1859,

will establish a branch on St. James Street, Montreal.

It is now the height of the vacation season in Great Britain, a fact which accounts for the extreme

apathy of the financial markets in London.

The "Financial News" index of 30 industrial stocks, based on July 1, 1934 as 100, on Aug. 4 stood at 80.3, compared 81.2 a week earlier, with 77.2 a month ago, 85.8 a year before, and with a record low of 73.7 on Sept. 18, 1938, and the high of 124.9 on Nov. 18, 1936.

The bond index, based on 1928 as 100, stood at 117.9 on Aug. 4, compared with 129.3 a year earlier. The low record was 90.6 at the end of September, 1931 and the high was 141.6 at the end of January,

New capital issues in London in July at £2,800,000 were the smallest total for any July since the World War, comparing with £23,858,000 in the preceding month and with £15,188,000 in July last year. Offerings in the first seven months amounted to £59,945,000, against £89,239,000 last year and £117,721,000 in 1937.

Bank of England circulation is at a record high level, due largely to the demand for currency for the August vacation period and to the high degree of industrial activity. The holiday demand will soon terminate and the banknotes will return to the Bank. No further peak in circulation is expected prior to the Christmas holidays. However, it is thought probable that the circulation will be kept substantially above normal for some time because banks, private institutions and wealthy individuals are holding larger amounts of emergency currency than usual and there is much hoarding of currency, all manifestations of uneasiness over the European situation.

Open market money rates in Lombard Street continue extremely easy, due to the cooperation of the banks with the Treasury authorities. The following rates prevail: Two-months bills 5/8%, three-months bills 11-16%, four-months bills  $\frac{3}{4}$ %, and six-months bills 11/8%.

Gold on offer in the London open market this week was as usual reported as taken for unknown destination. On Saturday last there was on offer £324,000, on Monday there was no market, on Tuesday £377,000, on Wednesday £318,000, on Thursday £288,000, and on Friday £297,000.

At the Port of New York the gold movement for the week ended Aug. 9, as reported by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, was as follows:

GOLD MOVEMENT AT NEW YO	ORK, AUG. 3-AUG. 9, INCLUSIVE
\$5,767,000 from England	Biports
1,984,000 from India	
1,747,000 from Canada 15,000 from Nicaragua	None
5,000 from Guatemala	
\$9,518,000 total	se starto Attiliation of O.

Net Change in Gold Earmarked for Foreign Account Increase: \$28,366,439

Note—We have been notified that approximately \$11,019,000 of gold was received at San Francisco, of which \$5,512,000 came from Japan, \$4,818,000 from Australia, \$635,000 from China, and \$54,000 from New Zealand.

The above figures are for the week ended on Wednesday. On Thursday there were no imports or exports of the metal. On Friday \$17,748,000 of gold was received of which \$7,917,000 came from England, \$7,545,000 from Holland and \$2,286,000 from Canada. There were no exports of the metal.

Canadian exchange is firm. Montreal funds ranged during the week between par and a premium of 1-64%.

The following tables show the mean London check rate on Paris, the London open market gold price, and the price paid for gold by the United States:

MEAN LONDON CHE	CK RATE ON PARIS
Saturday, Aug. 5	Thursday, Aug. 10176.71
LONDON OPEN MAI	RKET GOLD PRICE
Saturday, Aug. 5 148s. 6½d.   Monday, Aug. 7 148s. 6½d.   Tuesday, Aug. 8 148s. 6½d.   PRICE PAID FOR GOLD BY TH RESERV	Thursday, Aug. 10148s. 6½d. Friday, Aug. 11148s. 6½d.
Saturday, Aug. 5       \$35.00         Monday, Aug. 7       35.00         Tuesday, Aug. 8       35.00	Thursday, Aug. 10 35.00

Referring to day-to-day rates sterling exchange on Saturday last was nominal as New York City banks were closed. On Monday, August bank holiday, all London markets were closed. In New York bankers' sight was quoted \$4.67 15-16@\$4.681/8; cable transfers \$4.68 1-16@\$4.68 3-16. On Tuesday sterling was under pressure. The range was \$4.67 15-16@ \$4.68 1-16 for bankers' sight and \$4.68 1-16@ \$4.68 3-16 for cable transfers. On Wednesday sterling was kept steady through the intervention of the Bankers' British Exchange Equalization Fund. sight was \$4.67 15-16@\$4.68 1-16; cable transfers \$4.68 1-16@\$4.68 3-16. On Thursday the pound was The range was \$4.67\%@\$4.68 1-16 for steady. bankers' sight and \$4.68 1-16@\$4.68 3-16 for cable On Friday sterling was steady. transfers. range was \$4.67 15.16@\$4.68\(\frac{1}{8}\) for bankers' sight and \$4.68 1-16@\$4.68 3-16 for cable transfers. Closing quotations on Friday were \$4.68 for demand and \$4.681/8 for cable transfers. Commercial sight bills finished at \$4.673/4; 60-day bills at \$4.667/8; 90-day bills at \$4.661/2; documents for payment (60 days) at \$4.667/8, and seven-day grain bills at \$4.67 7-16. Cotton and grain for payment closed at \$4.673/4.

#### Continental and Other Foreign Exchange

RENCH francs continue extremely steady with the rate in favor of Paris. During the past three weeks the London check rate on Paris hardly ever deviated from 176.71 francs to the pound, as against the legal minimum established by the Daladier Government of 179 francs.

The financial position of France appears to be steadily improving. As a result of the stability of the franc and the renewal of confidence French capitalists are again turning their attention to investments of from one to three years' maturity. This is greatly to the advantage of the Treasury, which will be in a position to meet larger armament expenditures by issuing loans which will be redeemable at more distant dates.

Because of the return of gold and capital to France the Finance Ministry decided on July 28 to return a further 5,000,000,000 francs of gold from the stabilization fund to the Bank of France, thus affording greater ease in the money market. Finance Minister Reynaud has sanctioned easier conditions by lowering the issuing price of 3-year national defense bonds from 4% to  $3\frac{1}{2}\%$ . This is the second sum returned by the stabilization fund to the Bank of France. At the beginning of April the Bank's gold reserves received the first transfer of 5,000,000,000 francs from the fund. The opinion prevails in Paris that despite the transfer of gold the fund still holds large reserves greatly in excess of the initial endowment of 10,000,000,000 francs.

Figures published a few days ago show that production indices in France rose from 83 last October to 97 in May and that exports in May were 32% above those in May, 1938. The general upward trend has continued since May. For the first seven months of this year French imports amounted to 28,693,000,000 francs and exports to 20,924,000,000 francs, leaving an import balance of 7,769,000,000 francs, which compares with an import balance of 10,530,000,000 francs in the same period last year.

Figures just published show that the French internal and external public debt amounted to 444,-082,000,000 francs as of June 30, an increase of 23,527,000,000 francs since the beginning of the year. The internal debt maturing in 1939-1940 was reduced by about 13,000,000,000 francs, but the debt maturing after Jan. 1, 1941 was increased by 17,000,000,000 francs and the debt redeemable by drawings was increased by 13,000,000,000 francs.

The Treasury's operations for the half-year were published, showing receipts of 297,331,000,000 francs and disbursements of 296,227,000,000 francs. The Treasury started the year with 8,020,000,000 francs cash and therefore had 9,120,000,000 francs on hand on June 30.

On Aug. 4 the governments of France and Belgium acted simultaneously to lower the bars on imports of foreign made industrial products. The two nations announced the abandonment of the import quota system on a number of industrial products in a move officially described as designed to lower international trade barriers. Brussels dispatches stated that the action was mainly intended to improve Franco-Belgian trade. The French Government's action was undoubtedly influenced in part by a desire to curb the rising domestic price level, widely held to be the greatest threat to continued business revival.

Belgian currency has been steady for several weeks, ruling above dollar parity. Owing to renewal of war fears evidence of hoarding of bank notes, which had been observed in France during recent months, is now reported in Belgium, with the result that the gold and circulation of the central bank have increased while private bank deposits have decreased. On Aug. 8 circulation of the Belgian bank stood at 23,162,000,000 Belgian francs, a gain of almost 2,000,000,000 francs in the last three months. The note issue is now the largest since the September war scare.

The following table shows the relation of the leading European currencies to the United States dollar:

	Old Dollar Parity	New Dollar Parity a	Range This Week
b c France (franc)	3.92	6.63	2.64 % to 2.65
Belgium (belga)		16.95	16.9814 to 16.9914
Italy (lira)	_ 5.26	8.91	5.261% to 5.261%
Switzerland (franc)	_ 19.36	32.67	22.57 to 22.5934
Holland (guilder)	_ 40.20	68.06	53.211/2 to 53.661/2

a New dollar parity as before devaluation of the European currencies. b Franc cut from gold and allowed to "float" on June 20, 1937. c On May 5, 1938 the franc was devalued on a de facto basis of 179 francs to the pound, or 2.79 cents a franc.

The London check rate on Paris closed on Friday at 176.70, against 176.71 on Friday of last week. In New York sight bills on the French center finished on Friday at 2.65, against 2.65; cable transfers at 2.65, against 2.65. Antwerp belgas closed at 16.99 for bankers' sight bills and at 16.99 for cable transfers, against 16.99 and 16.99. Final quotations for Berlin marks were 40.13 for bankers' sight bills and 40.13½ for cable transfers, in comparison with 40.13 and 40.13½. Italian lire closed at 5.26½ for bankers' sight bills and at 5.26¼ for cable transfers, against 5.26½ and 5.26¼. Exchange on Czecho-

slovakia is nominally quoted but most banks refuse to make commitments in Czech currency. Exchange on Bucharest closed at 0.72, against 0.72; on Poland at 18.83, against 18.83; and on Finland at 2.063/4, against 2.07. Greek exchange closed at 0.857/8, against 0.857/8.

EXCHANGE on the countries neutral during the war is featured this week by a return of strength in the Holland guilder. The Swiss franc and the Scandinavian units moved as usual in close sympathy with sterling. The greater firmness in the guilder, which was especially noticeable in Wednesday's market, came in response to news from The Netherlands of the formation of a coalition cabinet under the leadership of Dr. Dirk Jan De Geer, head of the Christian Historic party.

Bankers' sight on Amsterdam finished on Friday at 53.56, against 53.31 on Friday of last week; cable transfers at 53.56, against 53.31; and commercial sight bills at 53.51, against 53.30. Swiss francs closed at 22.57½ for checks and at 22.57½ for cable transfers, against 22.57½ and 22.57½. Copenhagen checks finished at 20.90 and cable transfers at 20.90, against 20.90 and 20.90. Checks on Sweden closed at 24.13½ and cable transfers at 24.13½, against 24.12 and 24.12; while checks on Norway finished at 23.52 and cable transfers at 23.52, against 23.52 and 23.52.

EXCHANGE on the South American countries is dull. Rates are held steady by the various exchange controls and the several units present no new features from those of recent weeks.

On Aug. 9 the Republic of Chile by means of a prospectus announced the extension to holders of Chilean consolidated municipal loan bonds and City of San Diego bonds of a plan of debt service heretofore made available to holders of the Government's direct and indirect debt.

Recent dispatches from La Paz, Bolivia, stated that the Foreign Minister, Sr. Alberto Gutierrez, has resigned as a result of a difference of opinion over certain administrative measures adopted by the Cabinet, chiefly hinging upon a decree nationalizing the central bank. The decree makes the Government the sole shareholder in the central bank.

Argentine paper pesos closed on Friday at 31.20 for bankers' sight bills, against 31.21 on Friday of last week; cable transfers at 31.20, against 31.21. The unofficial or free market rate was 23.20@23.25, against 23.20@23.25. Brazilian milreis are quoted at 5.08, against 5.08. Chilean exchange is quoted at 5.19 (official), against 5.19. Peru is nominally quoted at 19.00, against 19.00.

EXCHANGE on the Far Eastern countries presents no new features. The Shanghai dollar seems to be completely demoralized and is falling steadily. This week the yuan dropped from 8.85 cents to 7.00. The position of the yuan is causing extreme anxiety to the British authorities in both London and Shanghai. All other Far Eastern units are quiet and steady and move in close sympathy with sterling.

Closing quotations for yen checks yesterday were 27.30, against 27.31 on Friday of last week. Hongkong closed at 28 9-16@28¾, against 28.70@28 13-16; Shanghai at 7.00 (nominal), against 9; Manila at 49.80, against 49.80; Singapore at 54.90, against 54.90; Bombay at 34.99, against 34.96; and Calcutta at 34.99, against 34.96.

#### Gold Bullion in European Banks

HE following table indicates the amounts of gold bullion (converted into pounds sterling at the British statutory rate, 84s. 11½d. per fine ounce) in the principal European banks as of respective dates of most recent statements, reported to us by special cable yesterday (Friday); comparisons are shown for the corresponding dates in the previous four years:

Banks of-	1939	1938	1937	1936	1935
- 11 14 Tel 12 to	£	£	2	E	£
England	*141,367,896	327,548,942	327,627,813	244,011,248	193,370,117
France	328,601,484	293,728,209	293,245,425	439,909,111	572,661,614
Germany	63,828,550	2,524,000	2,489,200	2,378,400	3,724,000
Spain	c63.667.000	63.667.000	87,323,000	88,092,000	90,775,000
Italy	a23,400,000	25,232,000	25.232,000	42.575.000	59,741,000
Netherlands	96,117,000	123,403,000	105,490,000	54,269,000	46,472,000
Nat. Belg	96,600,000	84,409,000	75,498,000	106,746,000	100,965,000
Switzerland.	98,448,000	111,767,000	83,427,000	49,804,000	45,433,000
Sweden	34.222.000	29.236.000	25,897,000	24.070.000	19,805,000
Denmark	6,555,000	6,539,000	6,549,000	6,553,000	7,394,000
Norway	6,666,000	7,442,000	6,602,000	6,604,000	6,602,000
Total week.	899,472,930	1,075,496,151	1,039,380,465	1,065,011,759	1,146,942,731
Prev. week.		1,074,207,850			

\*Pursuant to the Currency and Bank Notes Act, 1939, the Bank of England statements for March 1, 1939 and since have carried the gold holdings of the Bank at the market value current as of the statement date, instead of the statutory price, which was formerly the basis of value. On the market price basis (148s. 6d. per fine ounce), the Bank reported holdings of £247,103,472 equivalent, however, to only about £141,367,396 at the statutory rate (84s. 11½d. per fine ounce), according to our calculations. In order to make the current figure comparable with former periods as well as with the figures for other countries in the tabulation, we show English holdings in the above in statutory pounds.

a Amount held Dec. 31, 1938, latest figures available. b Gold holdings of the Bank of Germany includes "deposits held abroad" and "reserves in foreign currencies." c As of April 30, 1938, latest figure available. Also first report subsequent to Aug. 1, 1936.

The value of gold held by the Bank of France is presently calculated, in accordance with the decree of Nov. 13, 1938, at the rate > 127.5 mg. gold, 0.9 fine, equals one franc; previously and subsequent to July 23, 1937, gold in the Bank was valued at 43 mg. gold, 0.9 fine, per franc; before then and after Sept. 26, 1936, there were 49 mg. to the franc; prior to Sept. 26, 1936, 6.5 mg. gold 0.9 fine equaled one franc. Taking the pound sterling at the rate at which the Bank of England values its gold holdings (7,981 gr. gold 11-12ths fine equals £1 sterling), the sterling equivalent of 296 frances gold in the Bank of France is now just about £1; when there were 43 mg. gold to the franc the rate was about 190 frances to the £1; when 49 mg., about 165 frances per £1; when 65 5 mg., about 125 frances generale £1. gold to the franc the rate was about 190 francs to the £1; when 49 mg., about 165 francs per £1; when 65.5 mg., about 125 francs equaled £1.

#### The United States Is Not Finished

The ignorance and lack of vision among the most vehement advocates of the New Deal and other radicals is demonstrated by their very general acceptance of the notion that the growth of the United States, in population, industry and wealth, is over. President Roosevelt suggested the theory in his letter to Senator O'Mahoney on the current idleness of men, money, and capital goods—a palpable effort to shift the responsibility that the public now places upon his own shoulders for present conditions. It appears frequently in the statements of his closest associates and most fervid followers.

Senator Sheridan Downey, of California, who favors pensions for almost everybody, makes this theory the fundamental basis on which he rests his entire argument. He is so confident of his alleged facts and his stumbling logic that he even produces a small and amazing book to present his conclusions. He argues that because growth in the United States is over, which he asserts is the fact, and because wages and salaries are not sufficient to buy all the products of agriculture and industry, savings are no longer desirable, but that they continue because some of the recipients of income require no consumers' goods for which they could be expended and they become "stagnant savings" since, the United States being finished, there is no longer opportunity to invest them. There are no more railroads to be built, no more manufacturing plants to be erected or enlarged, no more efficient machinery to be installed, no prospective increment of population to be provided for; growth and advance are over. And to offset these conditions the California prophet desires to set up a system of Federal pensions substantially similar, in their amount, distribution, and financing, to those advocated by the redoubtable Dr. Townsend. He illustrates his argument by describing the fertile Valley of the Sac-

ramento, in his own State, its period of growth, and its present condition. But it is all over, he asserts, "the plant is all built" are the words he uses; investment opportunities no longer exist; saving is henceforth undesirable, and must be prevented by a taxation-fed system of pensions conditioned upon the immediate spending of the amounts bestowed. It is the Townsend Plan, in its latest re-modelingthe "Ham and Eggs" plan which California rejected in 1938.

It is not true. The facts are not as asserted. The entire argument is false in its fundamentals and unsound in all its processes of reasoning. The Sacramento Valley is not finished, California is not finished, the United States is not finished. This great Nation, endowed with unrivaled natural resources, where trade over a vast area is not interrupted by artificial impediments at hostile boundaries, will continue to grow long after these false doctrines of negation have been forgotten.

A comparison of certain basic statistics of the various States ought to destroy utterly such dangerous and defeatist arguments. Although necessarily, in such a presentation as this, very incomplete and in some respects imperfect, such data are illuminating.

State	Land Surface in Square Miles	Population, Census of 1930	Ratiroads, Length o Lines in Miles, 1933	Property Assessed for Taxation, Total Value
Connecticut	4,820	1,606,903	975	\$2,978,000,000
New Jersey	7,514	4,041,334	2,198	6,000,671,000
Massachusetts	8,039	4,249,614	1,999	5,743,362,000
Mississippi	46,362	2,009,821	4,076	452,247,000
New York	47,654	12,588,066	8,252	25,548,805,000
Iowa	55,586	2,470,939	9.579	2,901,825,000
California	55,652	5.677.251	8.272	6.022.665.000
Texas	262,443	5.824.715	16.887	3.377,775,000
United States	2,973,776	122,775,046	245,703	119,175,477,000

Other significant comparisons, on the basis of population, are enlightening.

State	Population, Census of 1930	Products of Manufactures, 1935	Federal Income Taxes, Paid, 1938	Total Income, 1937
Connecticut	1,606,903	\$1,072,566,428	\$58,900,000	\$1,320,000,000
New Jersey	4.041,334	6,094,393,038	100,400,000	2,710,000,000
Massachusetts	4,249,614	2,095,389,595	99,900,000	2,710,000,000
Mississippi	2,009,821	121,931,115	3,700,000	410,000,000
New York	12,588,066	6.094,393,038	691,500,000	10,440,000,000
Iowa	2,470,939	586,014,322	12,900,000	1,090,000,000
California	5,677,251	2,159,434,292	156,300,000	4,420,000,000
Texas	5,824,715	1,072,566,428	70,000,000	2,510,000,000
United States	122,775,046	45,759,763,062	2.586.243.954	67.540.000.000

Note—All the figures except those for railroads are the latest available. In the case of the railroads, it was thought better to use data before the most recent aban-ionments. Since 1933 some 12,000 miles have gone out of use, principally east of the Missouri River. The estimates of income are those of the National Industrial

It would be most interesting to hear Senator Downey compare the character of California's population, for intelligence, initiative, and industry, with that of Connecticut, at the same time explaining the relative advantages or disadvantages, in fertility of soil, salubriety of climate, natural resources in minerals and oil. He may, of course, declare, if that is really his belief, that both Connecticut and California have attained their maximum of material development and are now at points from which additional progress is impossible. Yet it might be difficult to convince the competent citizenship of the Valley of the Sacramento that this is so. Would he, in fact, care or dare to make such an assertion before his entire State constituency? Courageous, indeed, he will be if he tells the people of California that they and their State are inferior in anything to any community or region anywhere on earth. Or compare Mississippi and Massachusetts. In terms of material progress it may be behind Massachusetts at present, but with its fertile soil, and smaller population, it is certainly not finished. There is no reason in nature, why every section should not excel its own present condition

and leave behind the most highly industrialized nations or regions of Europe.

Bearishness regarding the United States, or any of its parts, has never been profitable, nor popular. It has never been practicable to make it the basis of a successful financial or political career. Optimism and faith in the greatness of the country have always been justified and always will be. Presidents are only temporary, Congresses come and go, depressions must be ephemeral even when recovery is retarded by follies and excesses of Government. The worst period of all periods is that in which any change must be for the better. And arrival of the change in this great country is never uncertain. The United States is not finished.

#### China

China, that huge amorphous entity, which, since the death of the Dowager Empress in 1908, has owed most of its semblance of unity to its name, has in the past claimed suzerainty over a vast area of Asia. To Westerners, the dates when China lost all ties with some of the territories concerned seem very remote. To the Chinese, however, with a history of some 4,000 years, none of these losses seem too long past to awaken aspirations of recovery. In the 19th century the British Empire acquired Burma, France obtained control of Anam, as well as Tonking, and the island of Formosa went to Japan. In the early years of the present century Japan's rights in Korea ripened from those of a "sphere of influence" to full sovereignty. Russia assumed virtually a proctorate over Outer Mongolia and the British took similar action with respect to Tibet. The British, French, Germans, Russians, and Jaspanese had, moreover, spheres of interest of various kinds and degrees in other great areas of Chinese territory. Chinese customs were administered by foreigners, and the custom duties were fixed at 5%. A number of foreign nations had or claimed the right to maintain armed forces in China.

In addition China had granted to foreign countries "concessions" in various Chinese cities, aggregating in number from 23 to 33 according to various counts, as well as two "settlements," the most important of all being the International Settlement at Shanghai. Also Germany, Great Britain, France, and Japan (the last through transfer from Russia) had obtained leasehold rights over Chinese areas. Finally by specific treaties, and the effect of "most-favored nation" treatment, 18 countries had received "extraterritorial rights" which exempted their nationals from the jurisdiction of the Chinese courts and subjected them to the judicial control of their own country. While the existing extraterritorial rights stem from the Nanking Treaty with Great Britain of 1842, actually the principle goes back to the treaty of 1620 between Russia and China.

Thus China by the second decade of this century had not only lost large portions of her territory, but had recognized in one form or another such restrictions on her sovereignty within the confines of her own borders as to deprive her of the standing of a free and independent State. Particularly is this true of "extraterritorial rights" since it is generally admitted that such standing cannot be effectively claimed by a country unable to subject all within its territory to the control of its courts.

The dominant factor in this situation is the condition of affairs long obtaining in China. While China has had an ancient body of law based on the writings of sages and upon custom, actually in his everyday life the Chinese has from time immemorial been extraordinarily free from the specific restrictions of the written law. His movements, his occupational activities and his use of his possessions have not been subject in normal times to anything similar to the many ordinances, municipal and otherwise, with which we are familiar and take largely for granted.

Likewise Chinese officials have not been bound in the performance of their duties by much legal prescription. The official coming into direct contact with the people is the district magistrate. His district may be a very large one, often extending over 6,000 square miles—an important factor in a country with very poor means of communication. In his district the magistrate is in charge of everything affecting the people, though, where the district is very large, some of his powers may be delegated to subordinates. In his court he is judge both on questions of law and fact. He is in charge of the police, education, public works, roads, &c., and supervises the collection of taxes. Being poorly paid it has been recognized by custom that he is to make his own arrangements. This he is permitted to do as long as he maintains order in his district, and remits promptly when due approximately the recognized amount of tax revenue for which his district is, unofficially but effectively, held responsible.

Ninety-seven percent of the people over whom these magistrates rule have, until recent times at least, been illiterate and incapable of exerting any effective influence in the form of public opinion on the acts of the officials. Of the remaining 3% only very few have shown an interest in public affairs. Thus China has become thoroughly accustomed to a personal form of the administration of justice and other branches of the government, not untainted by corruption. A classic example of the Chinese personal attitude towards justice is President Yuan Shik-Kai's reprimand of a judge for being "too subservient to the Law" because he acquitted for lack of evidence an official of whom the President disapproved.

The restrictions on the rights of foreigners to own real property and to trade in China, which directly led to the system of foreign "concessions" and "settlements," supplemented by the prejudice against foreigners always rife in that country, and the rule of person rather than law prevailing in its courts, made the establishment and continuation of the extraterritorial rights almost inevitable. China has naturally endeavored to release herself from all these encroachments on her sovereignty, including not only extraterritoriality but also the concessions and the Accordingly, included in treaties made as leases. far back as 1902 and 1903 by China with Great Britain, the United States, and Japan, respectively, were clauses stipulating that extraterritoriality was to cease when China had satisfied the others that she had reformed and modernized her laws and their application by her courts. In 1904, China appointed a commission to codify its laws, and by 1922, with the assistance of foreign experts, five codes had been prepared, based on modern legal principles. Their application was, however, very limited territorially and the only code actually put into force to any extent was the Criminal Code.

In 1921 took place the Washington Conference and the nations there assembled (United States, British Empire, Belgium, China, France, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, and Portugal) entered into the so-called Nine Power Treaty "Relating to the Principles and Policies to Be Followed in Matters Concerning China," dated Feb. 6, 1922. The basis of this treaty as stated in the recital was the desire "to stabilize conditions in the Far East, to safeguard the rights and interests of China and to promote intercourse between China and the other Powers upon the basis of equality of opportunity." By article I the contracting powers other than China agreed, among other undertakings "to respect the sovereignty, the independence and the territorial and administrative integrity of China"; and "to provide the fullest and most unembarrassed opportunity to China to develop and maintain for herself an effective znd stable government."

That the undertaking to respect the sovereignty of China involved some mental reservations on the part of the signatories of the Nine Power Treaty, appears from the resolution regarding extraterritoriality in China adopted earlier at the same conference. This resolution did not call for the surrender of the extraterritorial rights, which was in principle the most serious encroachment then existing on the sovereignty of China. Rather it referred to the treaties of 1902 and 1903 between China and Great Britain, the United States, and Japan, above mentioned, and declared that any action appropriate to the relinquishing of such rights must depend upon a complicated state of facts in regard to the laws, the judicial system, and the methods of judicial administration of China. The resolution then provided for the appointment of a commission to inquire into the subject and report with recommendations, to assist the Chinese Government in effecting such reforms as would warrant the powers concerned to relinquish, either progressively or otherwise, their respective rights of extraterritoriality. Significantly each Power was to be deemed free to accept or reject all or any portion of the recommendations of the Commission. Thus, the resolution squarely recognized the relinquishment of these rights to be dependent upon questions of fact, as well as upon the decision of each Power for itself.

Because of the civil war in China, the Commission did not begin its work until January, 1926. It held 21 meetings and sent a sub-committee to investigate conditions in the large cities and adjacent territories. The southern government, however, refused permission to visit its territory, taking the ground that the extraterritorial rights should be surrendered without investigation. Other restrictions were, also, placed on the commission in its effort to ascertain the facts.

The basic recommendation of the Commission in its report was that conditions in China did not justify the immediate abolition of extraterritoriality. The defects of that system were pointed out, including the inexperience and lack of training of some of the judges, the absence of provision for appeals and especially that the same facts would result in varying decisions, depending upon the nationality of those concerned. It made recommendations for improvements in the sytem, pending its abolition, especially the application of certain specified Chinese laws, and a degree of cooperation with the Chinese authorities. The report recognized the progress made by China in revising its judicial system but found that the current

codes had not been authoritatively adopted. It criticized severely the continued interference with justice by the military lords, and the inadequate number of courts as well as the insufficient training of their officials. As its final recommendation the Commission proposed the gradual abolition of the extraterritorial courts, province by province, as the necessary laws are constitutionally established.

Since the submission of the report neither China nor the foreign powers have completely complied with its recommendations, though both have made progress. China has revised, codified, and put into force three codes and numerous laws. New courts have been established, and new trained judges have been appointed. However, all this is but foundation work and little more can be said than that an appreciable start has been made ultimately to take the judicial power from the hands of the local magistrates and place it in the hands of those who are specially trained for performing judicial duties.

The principal progress made by the treaty powers in following the suggestions of the Commission has been in connection with the court in the International

Settlement at Shanghai.

Beginning with 1928 the Nationalist authorities have endeavored at various times to secure the abandonment of the extraterritorial rights. As the outcome of the war, confirmed in several cases by special treaties, Germany, Austria, Hungary and Russia lost these rights. This applies also to the new States derived from the peace treaties, such as Poland. Of the 15 States now entitled to these rights, Sweden, Switzerland, Belgium, Denmark, Italy, Portugal and Spain have agreed to give up extraterritorial rights when others do. The remaining eight include all the States with important interests in China—the United States, the British Empire, France and Japan, as well as Brazil, The Netherlands and Norway. While they with the exception of Japan—have at the urgency of China, made concessions with respect to the International Settlement, and the French Concession at Shanghai, they and more particularly Britain and the United States, have taken the position that before these rights can be entirely surrendered the new laws must be understood by the people of China, and its courts must be independent of military and other kinds of coercion. When negotiations were interrupted in 1931 the United States had proposed that the surrender of the rights be in reference to certain kinds of cases, and apply to all but specified areas. It was then believed that the United States and Great Britain would in general accept surrender provided that criminal cases be excluded for a term of years; that the surrender be not made to apply to Shanghai, Canton, Hankow and Tientsin; that the right of appeal from Chinese to foreign courts be retained, and foreign judges sit in Chinese courts when cases involving foreigners are tried.

Similarly, China's position with regard to concessions and leases has improved since the European war. As the result of that war and voluntary action by Great Britain and Belgium the 23 concessions existing in 1914 were reduced to 13—Japan having 5, Great Britain, 3 (Canton, Tientsin and Newchwang) and France, 4. Great Britain, moreover, in 1928 was ready to negotiate the return of the Tientsin concession and its delegates, with those of China, even initialed a draft agreement, which, however, has not been signed in final form.

Repeated efforts, on the part of the Chinese to secure a retrocession of the International Settlement at Shanghai to their sovereignty culminated in 1929 in the Municipal Council inviting a South African judge to explore the subject and develop its practical possibilities. After an 18 months' investigation at Shanghai he rendered a long report in 1931. His principal conclusion was that before the Settlement could be retroceded the existence of a strong national government and the establishment of the rule of law in China would be necessary.

The leasehold situation was also improved by the return to China, through Japan, of German leasehold rights at Kiao-chou. Similarly Great Britain returned her leasehold rights at Wei-hai-wei. French announced at the Washington Conference that France would restore to China the leased territory at Kuang-chou if all other States would do like-However, Great Britain manifested no intention to return its leased territory known as the Kowloon Extension. Likewise, Japan indicated no desire to restore the lease of the Liaotung Peninsular

area, now part of Manchukuo. Great Britain, of course, still retains Hongkong and the part of Kowloon immediately opposite it, which it obtained in full sovereignty in 1842 and 1860.

Although this record of the rights of other nations in China has to some extent been obscured by the overwhelming activities of Japan's uncompleted adventure, which for that reason we have not discussed, it illustrates the difficulty of dealing with China on any logical, consistent basis as a fully independent sovereign nation. The action taken at the Washington Conference was undoubtedly sincerely intended to assist China to attain the standing among nations she desires. Nevertheless, when the record is analyzed there seems, in spite of the many more or less voluntary surrenders of rights obtained in the past, a decided and well-founded reluctance on the part of all those involved, to jeopardize rights really regarded by each possessor as vitally important to its own interests. In that connection it must not be forgotten that China is considered by many in position to know potentially the wealthiest country

#### Gross and Net Earnings of United States Railroads for the Month of June

Financial statistics of railroad operations in the United States currently present both favorable and unfavorable aspects. Gross and net earnings for the month of June, 1939. disclose improvement when contrasted with the same month of last year. The advance, however, merely reflects the of last year. The advance, however, merely reflects the emergence of the country from the profoundly depressed state in which it moved late in 1937 and during much of 1938. The level of general business established early this year appears to represent a plateau which is far from adequate, but from which the business community so far has been unable to make a fresh advance. Depression conditions continue to prevail, as witness the huge numbers of unemployed, and the rail traffic and earnings reports are correspondingly under what might be regarded as normal. For this situation the inroads on rail traffic occasioned by competing methods of transportation also are in part responsible, of course, but the primary consideration necessarily remains that of the attitude toward business assumed by the Administration in Washington. Some encouragement may be gleaned from the Congressional revolt against New Deal aims and methods which developed in the closing weeks of the last session that ended a week ago. But much more is necessary than a halt on further extensions of New Dealism, and the ultimate outcome thus remains to be determined.

There were few exceptional circumstances to influence the trend of railroad earnings in June. The carriers continued to operate under the high wage levels virtually decreed by New Deal attitudes. Freight carriage at the rates established early last year would be quite profitable, if sufficient business were available. The small modifications of passenger fares recently made in the East cannot affect earnings to any great degree. Drought conditions in the northeastern States began to occasion some concern late in June, but were not then acute and probably affected earnings little, if at all. In later months of this year the carriers may well find their operating results adversely affected by the drought. The 135 class I roads reported for June gross earnings of \$320,-991,913, against \$280,547,859 in the same month of 1938, a gain of \$40,444,054 or 14.41%. Although much of the increased revenue was absorbed in operating expenses, net earnings rose to \$79,770,820 in June, as against \$63,937,412 in that month of last year, a gain of \$15,833,408 or 24.76%. We present these results in tabular form: We present these results in tabular form:

Month of June 1939 1938 Inc. (+) or Dec. (-) 233,404 \$320,991,913 241,221,093 (75.14) 234,527 \$280,547,859 216,610,447 (77.20) Mileage of 135 roads.... -1,123 -0.47 +40,444,054 +24,610,646 +11.36 Gross earnings expenses to earnings 79.770.820 63.937.412 +15.833.408 +24.76

Before proceeding to a consideration of the business conditions underlying the railroad statistics, we note that hardly any railroad aid legislation actually was passed at the Congressional session which ended last Saturday. schemes were considered and numerous bills presented, but the legislation was limited to a minor modification of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act, and enactment of the Chandler Rail Bankruptey measure. The latter law, approved on July 28, 1939, will make possible adjustments of railroad financial difficulties through voluntary agreements of the carriers and their creditors, where such action seems in the best interest of all concerned. Interest rates on fixed obligations can be lowered by such agreements, and ma-

turities extended, the process to be carried through under a special three-judge Federal Court, whose rulings will be subject to review by the Supreme Court. It is noteworthy that the Baltimore & Ohio RR. moved promptly for such a simplified method of adjusting its financial burdens, the procedure unquestionably being preferable to the long delays and heavy costs of ordinary bankruptcy under Section 77.

We turn now to the various business indices that are material to comprehension of the June financial statistics of the railroads. In order to indicate in a simplified form the measure of trade activity in relation to its bearing on railroad revenues during the month under review, we have brought together in the table we give below the figures indicative of activity in the more important industries, together with those pertaining to grain, cotton, livestock receipts and revenue freight car loadings, for the month of June, 1939, as compared with the same month of 1938, 1937, 1932 and 1929. On examination, it will be readily seen that, with the exception of anthracite coal, the output of all the industries mentioned in the table was on a greatly increased A substantial increase (resulting from the larger production of the various industries) is also shown in the number of cars loaded with revenue freight. Receipts of cotton at the southern outports, too, are very much larger, while receipts at the western primary markets of the various farm products (taking them collectively) are on a greatly increased scale. An exception to the increases, however, is the livestock receipts at the leading cattle markets, which fell below June a year ago, due to smaller receipts at Chicago and Kansas City.

June	1939	1938	1937	1932	1929
Automobiles (cars): Production (passenger cars, trucks, &c.).a	309,720	174,670	497,312	183,106	545,932
Building (\$000): Constr. contr. awarded b	\$287,439	\$251,006	\$317,742	\$113,075	\$529,891
Coal (net tons): Bituminous.c Pa. anthracite.d	27,900,000 3,530,000		31,776,000 4,635,000		
Freight traffic: Car loadings, all (cars) _e Cotton receipts, South-	<b>12</b> ,483,189	<b>±2</b> ,170,778	x2,962,219	x1,966,488	x4,291,881
ern ports (bales) .f	108,541	95,338	74,833	174,056	69,458
Livestock receipts: g Chicago (cars) Kansas City (cars) Omaha (cars) Western flour and grain receipts: h	5,697 1,722 1,533	6,645 2,394 1,413	3,712	4,192	6,100
Flour (000 barrels) Wheat (000 bushels) Corn (000 bushels) Oats (000 bushels) Barley (000 bushels) Rye (000 bushels)	z2,021 z52,124 z20,623 z6,405 z5,354 z2,219	z3,864	228,838 212,966 23,702 22,764	z1,650 z23,178 z7,653 z4,657 z1,614 z496	z29,367 z23,007 z10,553 z3,864
Iron & Steel (gross tons): Pig iron production.k Steel ingot production.l.	2,118,451 3,130,381	1,062,021 1,638,277	3,107,506 4,184,723	628,064 912,757	3,717,225 4,902,955
Lumber (000 feet): Production_m Shipments_m Orders received_m	x928,272 x920,749 x970,898	x781,903	x1,150,069 x1,027,350 x857,995	x487,286	x1,527,032 x1,495,521 x1,447,009

-Figures in above table issued by:

a United States Bureau of the Census. b F. W. Dodge Corp. (figures for 37 States east of Rocky Mountains). c National Bituminous Coal Commission. d United States Bureau of Mines. e Association of American Railroads. f Compiled from private telegraphic reports. g Reported by major stock yard companies in each city. h New York Produce Exchange. k "Iron Age." I American Iron and Steel Institute. m National Lumber Manufacturers Association (number of reporting mills varies in the different years). x Four weeks. x Five weeks.

All that has been said above applies exclusively to the railroads of the country as a whole. Turning our attention now to the separate roads and systems, we find the exhibits in consonance with the results shown in the general totals. In the month under review, 57 roads and systems are able to show gains in gross earnings in excess of \$100,000, while only three roads report decreases above that amount, and in the case of not carnings. 28 roads record increases of and in the case of net earnings, 38 roads record increases of more than \$100,000 and but eight roads losses. Among the roads and systems which are able to report increases in both gross and net earnings alike are the Pennsylvania RR., which heads the list in the case of the gross, with a gain of \$4,834,740, and a gain in net earnings of \$422,878; the New York Central, reporting \$3,656,423 increase in gross and \$1,624,625 increase in net (these figures cover the operations of the New York Central and its legal lines when heavy yer of the New York Central and its leased lines; when, however, of the New York Central and its leased lines; when, however, the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie is included, the result is an increase in gross of \$4,017,304 and a gain in net of \$1,680,339) the Chesapeake & Ohio, showing \$2,414,395 gain in gross and \$1,622,278 increase in net; the Great Northern, reporting \$2,367,154 gain in gross and \$1,039,032 increase in net, and the Norfolk & Western, showing an increase in gross of \$2,158,303, accompanied by a gain in net of \$1,573,504. Two roads, the New York Ontario & Western and the Texas Pacific, report losses in both gross and net earnings alike, the Pacific, report losses in both gross and net earnings alike, the former \$138,379 in gross and \$104,463 in net, and the latter, \$130,113 in gross and \$287,741 in net. The Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe, it will be seen, reports a 1,132,208 \$961,529, after showing a gain in gross of \$1,132,208. In the following table we show all changes for the separate roads and systems for amounts in excess of \$100,000, whether increases or decreases, and in both gross and net:

#### PRINCIPAL CHANGES IN GROSS EARNINGS FOR THE MONTH OF JUNE

	01 00	7 4 4 4 4 4	
	Increase		Increase
Pennsylvania	\$4.834.740	Chic. Burl. & Quincy	\$298,796
New York Central	a3.656.423	Grand Trunk Western	269.854
Chesapeake & Ohio	2.414.395		
Great Northern	2,367,154	Wheeling & Lake Erie	251,806
Norfolk & Western	2,158,303	St. L. San Fran. (2 rds.)	
Baltimore & Ohio	1.968.982	Cin. New Orl. & Tex. Pac.	224,653
Union Pacific	1.864.261	Reading	209,743
Southern Pacific (2 rds.)	1.582.113	Reading Lake Sup. & Ishpeming_	187,864
Atch. Top. & Santa Fe.	1,132,208	Alton	181,545
Dul. Mis. & Iron Range.		Chicago Great Western	161,837
Southern Rv.	1.104.986	Delaware & Hudson	155,768
Louisville & Nashville	1,039,594		
Erie	939,498	Western Maryland	152,914
N. Y. N. H. & Hartford	849,050	Western Pacific	
Lehigh Valley	838,671	Central of N. J.	138,536
Northern Pacific	821.762	Spokane Portl. & Seattle.	130,625
Bessemer & Lake Erie	744,928	Denv. & Rio Gr. Western	129,352
Chic. Milw. St. P. & Pac.	643.299		120,544
N. Y. Chic. & St. Louis	562.197	Missouri Illinois	119,841
Chicago & No. Western	548.980	Del. Lack. & Western	117,695
Virginian	440.507	Chic. Ind. & Louisville	108,142
Boston & Maine	425.873	Detroit Toledo & Ironton	105.699
Elgin Joliet & Eastern	421,826	Control of the second s	200,000
Pere Marquette	418,820	PER STANDARD BANKS PROMOTOR DE	
Seaboard Air Line	383,518	Total (57 roads)	39.603.925
Atlantic Coast Line	382.822	44444	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Long Island	366.405		
Pittsburgh & Lake Erie	360.881	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN	Decrease
Illinois Central	356.385	N. Y. Ont. & Western	\$138,379
Missouri Pacific	351.721	Texas Pacific	130.113
Minn, St. P. & S. S. M	326.728	Colo. Southern (2 rds.)	127,494
Chic. Rock Isl. & Pac.			
(2 roads)	318,929	Total (4 roads)	\$395,986

a These figures cover the operations of the New York Central and the leased lines—Cleveland Cincinnati Chicago & St. Louis, Michigan Central, Cincinnati Northern and Evansville Indianapolis & Terre Haute. Including Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, the result is an increase of \$4,017,304.

#### PRINCIPAL CHANGES IN NET EARNINGS FOR THE MONTH OF JUNE

	01 0	CATA	
New York Central	Increase	Seaboard Air Line	Increase \$198,200
Chesapeake & Ohio	1 600 070	Chicago Great Western	
Martalla & Wastern			175,344
Norfolk & Western	1.573.504	Lake Sup. & Ishpeming.	170.887
Southern Pacific (2 rds.)		Atlantic Coast Line	166,620
Great Northern	1.039.032		157,701
Dul. Miss. & Iron Range	889.599	Elgin Joliet & Eastern	157.356
Erie	843,208	Cin. New O. & Tex. Pac.	154.211
Southern Ry	773,994	Western Maryland	132,376
Louisville & Nashville	721.772	Denv. & Rio Gr. Western	131,117
Baltimore & Ohio		Alton	117,430
Bessemer & Lake Erie	552 610	Clinchfield	105.498
N. Y. N. H. & Hartford	459.903	Children	100,498
Northern Pacific		Total (20 monds)	217 210 000
	429,367		800,016,116
Pennsylvania	422,878	the first and the second secon	-
Virginian	352,185		Decrease
Chicago Rock Isl. & Pac.		Atch. Top. & Santa Fe	\$961,529
(2 roads)	318,520	St. Louis Southwestern	319.073
N. Y. Chic. & St. Louis.	311.953		287.741
Pere Marquette	276,290	Chic. Milw. St. P. & Pac.	265,840
Missouri Pacific	266,722	Union Pacific	233,176
St. Louis San Fran. (2rds)		Lehigh Valley	219.194
Boston & Maine	225.187	Chic. Burl. & Quincy	153.648
Minn. St. P. & S. S. M		N. Y. Ont. & Western	
Western Pacific	221.604	A. I. OHO. & Western	104,403
		Motel (9 monde)	
Long Island	199,494	Total (8 roads)	\$2,544,664
mit At A			

a These figures cover the operations of the New York Central and the leased lines—Cleveland Cincinnati Chicago & St. Louis, Michigan Central, Cincinnati Northern, and Evansville Indianapolis & Terre Haute. Including Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, the result is an increase of \$1,680,339.

When the roads are arranged in groups, or geographical divisions, according to their location, the very favorable character of the returns is most strongly brought out, in as much as all the three great districts—the New England, the Southern and the Western—together with all the various regions comprising these districts, without a single exception, report increases in both gross earnings and net earnings alike. It will be observed, too, that the percentage of increase reported by practically all the regions is very high in the case of the net earnings, reaching 40.58% in the New England region; 44.46% in the Northwestern region, and no less than 64.60% in the Pocahontas region. Our summers less than 64.60% in the Pocahontas region. Our summary by groups is as below. As previously explained, we group the roads to conform with the classification of the Interstate

Commerce Commission. The boundaries of the different groups and regions are indicated in the footnote to the table:

SUMMARY BY GROUPS—MONTH OF JUNE Gross Earnings

A STATE OF THE STATE OF	Oes warning	Company of the Company	IF FIRE DE	ALL DA
District and Region	1939	1938	Inc. (+) or 1	Dec. (-)
Restern District— New England region (10 roads) Great Lakes region (23 roads) Central Eastern region (18 roads)	\$ 12,917,514 56,906,249 64,738,675	49,229,916	+7,676,333	+15.59
Total (51 roads)	134,562,438	115,830,085	+18,732,353	+16.17
Southern District— Southern region (28 roads)  Pocahontas region (4 roads)	39,086,362 20,604,572	34,907,319 15,515,922		
Total (32 roads)	59,690,934	50,423,241	+9,267,693	+18.37
Western District— Northwestern region (15 roads) Central Western region (16 roads) Southwestern region (21 roads)	39,535,442 63,272,732 23,930,367		+5,479,442	+9.48
Total (52 roads)	126,738,541	114,294,533	+12,444,008	+10.88
Total all districts (135 roads)	320,991,913	280,547,859	+40,444,054	+14.41

Net Earnings							
District & Region	ми	eage	1939	1938	In. (+) or I	)ec. (—)	
Eastern District— New Engl. region_ Great Lakes region_ Cent. East. region_	6,748 26,219	1938 6,887 26,294 24,722	\$ 2,876,785 13,186,531 17,737,232	\$ 2,046,287 9,926,898 15,438,871	\$ +830,498 +3,259,633 +2,298,361	% +40.58 +32.83 +14.88	
Total	57,557	57,903	33,800,548	27,412,056	+6,388,492	+23.30	
Southern region Pocahontas region	38,417 6,057	38,670 6,058	8,810,411 9,201,406	6,618,979 5,590,042	+2,191,432 +3,611,364	+33.10 +64.60	
Total	44,474	44,728	18,011,817	12,209,021	+5,802,796	+47.52	
Northwest'n region Cent. West. region Southwest'n region	45,760 56,307 29,306	45,874 56,614 29,408	8,929,057 14,364,356 4,665,042	6,180,600 13,561,369 4,574,366	$^{+2,748,457}_{+802,987}_{+90,676}$	$+44.46 \\ +5.91 \\ +1.98$	

NOTE—Our grouping of the roads conforms to the classification of the Interstate ommerce Commissions, and the following indicates the confines of the different

EASTERN DISTRICT

Tot. all districts 233,404 234,527 79,770,820 63,937,412 +15,833,408

New England Region—Comprises the New England States.

Great Lakes Region—Comprises the section on the Canadian boundary between New England and the westerly shore of Lake Michigan to Chicago, and north of a line from Chicago via Pittsburgh to New York.

Central Eastern Region—Comprises the section south of the Great Lakes Region cast of a line from Chicago through Peorla to St. Louis and the Mississippi River to the mouth of the Ohio River, and north of the Ohio River to Parkersburg. W. Va., and a line thence to the southwestern corner of Maryland and by the Potomac River to its mouth.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT

SOUTHERN DISTRICT Southern Region—Comprises the section east of the Mississippi River and south of the Ohio River to a point near Kenova, W. Va., and a line thence following the eastern boundary of Kentucky and the southern boundary of Virginia to the Atlantic. Pocahonias Region—Comprises the section north of the southern boundary of Virginia, east of Kentucky and the Ohio River north to Parkersburg, W. Va., and south of a line from Parkersburg to the southwestern corner of Maryland and thence by the Potomac River to its mouth

#### WESTERN DISTRICT

Northwestern Region—Comprises the section adjoining Canada lying west of the Great Lakes Region, north of a line from Chicago to Omaha and thence to Portland, and by the Columbia River to the Pacific.

Central Western Region—Comprises the section south of the Northwestern Region west of a line from Chicago to Peoria and thence to St. Louis, and north of a line from St. Louis to Kansas City and thence to El Paso and by the Mexican boundary to the Pacific.

Western roads (taking them collectively) in June the present year had the advantage of a very much larger grain movement as compared with the month a year ago. Not only were the receipts of wheat at the western primary markets on a greatly increased scale, but all the other cereals, with the single exception of corn, in greater or less degree, contributed to the increase. Altogether, the receipts of the five items, wheat, corn, oats, barley and rye, at the western primary markets, during the five weeks ended July 1, 1939, aggregated 86,725,000 bushels, as against 64,344,000 bushels in the same five weeks of 1938; 49,051,000 in 1937; 37,598,000 in 1932, and 67,726,000 bushels in the corresponding period of 1929. In the following table we give the details of the western grain traffic in our usual form:

#### WESTERN FLOUR AND GRAIN RECEIPTS Five Weeks Ended July 1

(000 Omitted)	Year	Flour (Bbls.)	Wheat (Bush.)	Corn (Bush.)	Oats (Bush.)	Rye (Bush.)	Barley (Bush.)
Chicago	1939	1,069	1,105	9,326	2,035	554	74
	1938	1,078	1,448	15,379	1,300		43
Minneapolis	_ 1939		10,732	1,392	1,493	2,805	1,463
	1938		2,521	4,043	613	1,073	278
Duluth	_ 1939		6,139	2,352		582	499
ALC: 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1938	****	1,908	4,283	673	1,091	134
Milwaukee	_ 1939		6	826	25	909	31
	1938			1,434	17	828	
Toledo	1939		738	351	1,341	1	22
	1938		154	414	350	76	2
Indianapolis and Omaha.	1939		2,483	2,587	563	32	6
	1938		1,331	2,309	683		6
St. Louis	_ [1939]	562	1,541	785	119	200	2
De. 200	1938	544	1.209	711	284	139	6
Peorla	[1939]	172	149	1.772	156	253	108
Commission	1938	172	80	2,839	306	242	70
Kansas City	1939		17,164	861	68	0.7.10	
Katasan City	1938	63	8.585		101		
St. Joseph	11939		1,261	106	82	2397	
5t. Just pitt	1938	2000	168	290			
Wichita	1939		10.673		-00		
At Delinem	1938		4.508	3		2237	
Sloux City	1939		133	265	31	18	14
Blong City	1938		65	179		1	3
Total all	1939	2,021	52,124	20,623	6,405	5,354	2,219
	1938	1,959	22,580	32,906	4.435	3,864	559

As to the cotton traffic in the South, this, too, was on a greatly increased scale, both as regards the overland shipments of cotton and the port movement of the staple. Gross adjunction of the staple of the staple of the staple of the staple of the staple. Gross against only 46,969 bales in June, 1938 and 47,466 bales in 1937. In June, 1932, total shipments fell to 14,575, and back in 1929 they were 22,761 bales. Details of the port receipts of cotton during June for the past six years are set out in the subjoined table:

RECIPTS OF COTTON AT SOUTHERN PORTS IN JUNE, 1939, 1938, 1937, 1936, 1935, AND 1934

Maria Space Color	1939	1938	1937	1936	1935	1934
Galveston	42,212	31,708	4,126	19,088	10,554	38,693
Houston, &c	23,916	17.688	8,365	14,054	10.275	33,078
Corpus Christi	1,005	823	138	692	281	1,357
New Orleans	35,100	24,738	29,079	80,932	26,621	66,328
Mobile	2.863	9,132	16,887	9,714	1,031	17,736
Pensacola	103			2,208	5,334	6,659
Savannah	1,609	5,931	8,307	3,001	1,315	9,585
Brunswick				*****		10
Charleston		3,085	3,216	2,345	1,813	4,922
Lake Charles	9	44		25	59	850
Wilmington	389	717	422	1,861	815	813
Norfolk	1,063	1,472	3,964	4,026	1,095	3,265
Jacksonville	272	*****	329		25	257
Total	108.541	95,338	74,833	137,946	57,218	183,553

In the table we now present, a summary is furnished of the June comparisons of the gross and net earnings of the railroads of the country for each year back to and including 1909:

Month		Gross Ea	nings		M lleage		
of	Year	Year	Inc. (+) or	Per	Year	Year	
June	Given	Preceding	Dec. (-)	Cent	Given	Preced'g	
1909	\$210,356,964	\$184,047,216	+ \$26,309,748	+14.29	197,648	194,689	
1910	237,988,124	210,182,484	+27.805.640	+13.22	204.596	200,901	
1911	231,980,259	238,499,885	-6.519.626	-2.73	222,825	218,379	
1912		228,647,383	+14.579.115	+6.38	193,886	189,863	
1913			+16.873.448	+6.95	212,989	210,288	
1914	230,751,850		-10.355.877	-4.29	209,764	207.414	
1915			+1,313,837	+0.53	240,219	235,828	
1916		237,612,967	+47.536.779	+20.01	226,752	225,803	
1917			+49,696,242	+16.49	242,111	241,550	
1918		323,163,116	+40,002,412	+12.37	220,303	219,294	
1919	424.035.872	393,265,898	+30,769,974	+7.82	232,169	232,682	
1920		420,586,968	+65,622,874	+15.60	213.525	208,598	
1921	460.582.512	494,164,607	-33,582,095	-6.79	235,208	235,056	
1922	472,383,903	460,007,081	+12.376.822	+2.69	235,310	234.568	
1923	540.054.165	473,150,664	+66,903,501	+14.14	236,739	236,683	
1924	464,759,956	540,202,295	-75.442.339	-13.97	236,001	235,691	
1925	506,002,036	464,774,329	+41,227,707	+8.87	236,779	236,357	
1926	538,758,797	506.124.762	+32.634.035	+6.44	236,510	236,243	
1927	516,023,039	539,797,813	-23,774,774	-4.40	238,405	237.243	
1928	501,576,771	516.448.211	-14,871,440	-2.88	240,302	239.066	
1929	531,033,198	502,455,883	+28,577,315	+5.68	241,608	241,243	
1930	444,171,625	531,690,472	-87,518,847	-16.46	242,320	241,349	
1931	369,212,042	444.274.591	-75,062,549	-16.89	242,968	242,494	
1932	245,860,615		-123.273.269	-33.39	242,179	242,527	
1933	281,353,909	245,869,626	+35,484,283	+14.43	241,455	242,333	
1934	282,406,507	277,923,922	+4.482.585	+1.61	239,107	240,932	
1935	280,975,503	282,406,506	-1,431,003	-0.51	237,800	239,020	
936		280,967,649	+49,244,684	+17.53	236,814	238,019	
937		330,095,850	+20.951.175				
938	281,607,108			+6.34	235,744	236,281	
939	320,991,913		-69,387,450 +40,444,054	-19.76 $+14.41$	234,626 233,404	235,501 234,527	

Month	Net Earnings						
of June	· Year Given	Year Preceding	Increase (+) or Decrease ( )	Per Cent			
1909	874,196,190	\$59,838,655	+814,357,535	+23.99			
910		74,043,999	+3,129,346	+4.22			
911		77,237,252	-4.443,183	-5.7			
912	76,223,732	71,689,581	+4,534,151	+6.3			
913	76,093,045	76,232,017	-138,972	-0.1			
914	66,202,410	70.880,934	-4.678,524	-6.60			
915	81,649,636	69,481,653	+12,167,983	+17.5			
016		76,639,703	+20,943,112	+27.3			
917	113,816,026	103.341.815	+10,474,211	+10.1			
018	*36.156.952	106,181,619	-142,338,571	-134.0			
019	69,396,741	*40,136,575	+109,533,316	+272.9			
920	121,410,927	68,876,652	-47,465,725	-68.9			
21	80,521,999	15,131,337	+65,390,662	+432.1			
)22	109,445,113	80,455,435	+28,989,678	+36.0			
23	124.046.578	109,618,682	+14.427.896	+13.1			
24	101.527.990	124,374,592	-22,846,602	-18.3			
25	130,837,324	101,487,318	+29.350.006	+28.9			
26	149,492,478	130,920,896	+18,571,582	+14.1			
27	127,749,692	148,646,848	-20,897,156	-14.00			
28	127,284,367	129,111,754	-1.827.387	-1.4			
29	150,174,332	127.514.775	+22,659,557	+17.77			
30	110,244,607	150,199,509	-39.954.902	-26.60			
31	89,676,807	110,264,027	-20,587,220	-18.67			
32	47.008.035	89,688,856	-42.680.821	-47.58			
33	94,448,669	47,018,729	+47,429,940	+100.87			
34	74,529,256	92,967,854	-18.438.598	-19.83			
35	64,920,431	74,529,254	-9.608,823	-12.89			
36	88,872,678	64,826,419	+24.046.259	+37.09			
37	86.067.895	88.850.296	-2.782.401	-3.13			
38	63,936,587	86.072.702	-22,136,115	-25.71			
30	79 770 890	63 037 419	1 15 939 409	1 24 76			

#### New Capital Issues in Great Britain

· Deficit.

The following statistics have been compiled by the Midland Bank, Ltd. These compilations of issues of new capital, which are subject to revision, exclude all borrowings by the British Government for purely financial purposes; shares issued to vendors; allotments arising from the capitalization of reserve funds and undivided profits; sales of already issued securities which add nothing to the capital resources of the company whose securities have been offered; issues for conversion or redemption of securities previously held in the United Kingdom; short-dated bills sold in anticipation of long-term borrowings; and loans of municipal and county authorities which are not specifically imited. In all cases the figures are based upon the prices of issue.

SUMMARY TABLE OF NEW CAPITAL ISSUES IN THE UNITED KINGDOM [Compiled by the Midland Bank, Limited]

AND THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF	Month of July	7 Months to July 31	Year to July 31
1919	£28,277,000	£108,576,000	£156,577,000
1920	43,422,000	284,655,000	413,619,000
1921	7.353,000	131,573,000	231,129,000
1922	18,627,000	186,774,000	270,997,000
1923	20.859.000	144,384,000	193,278,000
1924	21,352,000	127,568,000	186,944,000
1925	16,536,000	140.890.000	236,869,000
1926	26,729,000	158,365,000	237,271,000
1927	34,894,000	194,588,000	289,490,000
1928	41.820.000	244,436,000	364,562,000
1929	22,211,000	217.754.000	335,837,000
1930	16,432,000	158,292,000	194,287,000
1931	5,185,000	76,100,000	153,968,000
1932	3.313.000	78.084.000	90,651,000
1933	6.002.000	75,330,000	110.284.000
1934	14,998,000	84.020.000	141,559,000
1935	53,909,000	139,954,000	206.124.000
1936	24,403,000	133,387,000	176,257,000
1937	20,305,000	117,721,000	201,556,000
1938	15,188,000	89,239,000	142,424,000
1939	2,800,000	59,945,000	88,803,000

NEW CAPITAL ISSUES IN THE UNITED KINGDOM BY MONTHS
[Compiled by the Midland Bank Limited]

300.074.14.3	1936	1937	1938	1939
January February March April May	£ 33,963,149 19,687,120 6.961,500 10,456,037 19,505,122 18,410,698	27.614,265 10,671,858 11,257,125 11,947,382 11,410,592 24,514,648	£ 7,464,872 19,248,438 6,391,772 5,113,715 27,322.880 8,509,247	£ 13,858,372 8,132,058 2,896,764 1,788,505 6,611,207 23,857,867
July	24,402,925	20,305,459	15,188,116	2,799,860
7 months	£133,386,551	£117,721,329	£89,239,040	£59,944,633
August	6,194,413 9,546,101 26,943,859 20,939,125 20,211,176	7,141,184 1,963,697 13,855,183 12,400,174 17,824,624	2,184,057 1,648,504 2,627,853 12,802,202 9,595,909	I no se (1) y
Year	217,221,225	170,906,191	118,097,565	

GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION OF NEW CAPITAL ISSUES IN THE UNITED KINGDOM, BY MONTHS [Compiled by the Midland Bank Limited]

	United Kingdom	India and Ceylon	Other British Countries	Poreign Countries	Total
1937—	£	£	£	2	£
January	24.802.000	7	2,405,000	407,000	27,614,000
February	8.043.000	31,000	2,581,000	17,000	
	9,756,000	34,000	1,467,000	,	11,257,000
March	7.135.000	04,000	4,792,000	20,000	
April	8,313,000	1.000,000	2.097.000	20,000	11.411.000
May	22.611.000	396,000	830,000	678,000	24.515.000
June	14.558.000	141,000	4.481,000	1,125,000	20,305,000
7 months	95,218,000	1,602,000	18,654,000	2,247,000	117,721,000
August	6,503,000	*****	586,000	53,000	7,141,000
September	1,867,000		96,000	*****	1,964,000
October	13,141,000	32,000	680,000	2,000	13,855,000
November	11,372,000		1,015,000	13,000	12,400,000
December	10,667,000		2,273,000	4,885,000	17,825,000
Year	138,768,000	1,634,000	23,304,000	7,200,000	170,906,000
1938—					110000000000000000000000000000000000000
January	6,520,000		945,000		7,465,000
February	13.847.000		3,000,000	2,402,000	19,248,000
March	6,305,000		87,000	-,,	6,392,000
	4,803,000		311,000		5.114.000
April	16,516,000	******	10,213,000	594,000	27,323,000
May	8.149,000	******	360,000	001,000	8,509,000
JuneJuly	11,202,000	27,000	3,931,000	28,000	15,188,000
7 months	67,341,000	27.000	18,847,000	3.024.000	89,239,000
T MODELLE COLOR		2.,000			
August	1,763,000	*****	*****	421,000	2,184,000
September	1,611,000		37,000	*****	1,648,006
October	1,781,000	331,000	516,000	*****	2,628,000
November	10,928,000	100,000	1,152,000	622,000	12,802,000
December	9,322,000		274,000		9,596,000
Year	92,746,000	458,000	20,826,000		118,098,000
1939-					
January	10,274,000		3,584,000		13,858,000
	6.973.000		1.159.000		8,132,000
February		*****	26,000	221,000	2,897,000
March	2,649,000		638,000	221,000	1,789,000
April	1,150,000	*****	5.128.000		6.611.000
May	1,483,000	474 000			23.858.000
June	17,377,000	474,000	6,007,000		
July	1,697,000	460,000	643,000		2,800,000
7 months	41.603.000	934,000	17,187,000	221,000	59,945,000

### The Course of the Bond Market

A certain amount of uneasiness has developed in the bond market, due in part to European war fears. Both high-grade and speculative corporate issues lost ground on Thursday, but declines have been of minor proportions. United States Governments have suffered fractional losses only.

High-grade railroad bonds managed to retain early gains during the week in spite of weakness toward the close. Chesapeake & Ohio 4½s, 1992, were up ¼ at 124¼, while Kansas City Terminal 4s, 1960, lost ¼ at 106½. Mediumgrade and speculative rails underwent price reactions, and in many instances wide losses have been sustained. Canada Southern 5s, 1962, at 89¾ were off 2¼ points, while Delaware & Hudson 4s, 1943, dropped 3⅓ points to 56. Defaulted rail bonds followed the pattern of stock prices, and losses have been registered.

An easing tendency has been apparent throughout the public utility bond list. High grades are only slightly lower

but declines in more speculative issues are naturally larger. Prominent among the latter are issues which were strong last week, including bonds of Western Union, Portland General Electric, Puget Sound Power & Light, Standard Gas, and Indiana Service. Small recessions have also been general among New York City rapid transit bonds. The large offering of Pennsylvania Power & Light bonds was well received, but the week's two other issues, which were of lower quality, did not go to premiums.

A narrow trading range, with fractional declines the rule, has been the keynote of the industrial bond market.

Only in convertible and lower-grade issues can changes of a point or more be found. Otis Steel 4½s, 1962, fell 1% to 76, and Studebaker 6s, 1945, declined 2½ to 89½.

Foreign bonds suffered a heavy break under the impact of disturbing news from Europe. While the decline affected virtually all groups, Japanese issues have been exposed to greatest pressure, and with losses up to three points, dropped to the lowest level of the year. Among European obligations, German and Italian issues have been weakest.

Moody's computed bond prices and bond yield averages are given in the following tables:

Trail in		OTT I			D PRIC		360.	00.30	BOTO					ELD AV			eaht a	Part of
1939 Daily	U. S. Gort.	All 120 Domes-	120		ic Corpor ati <b>ngs</b>	ate *		00 Domes		1939 Daily	All 120 Domes-	120		lc Corpor tings	ate		20 Domes orate by (	
A verages	Bonds	Corp.*	Aaa	Aa	A	Baa	RR.	P. U.	Indus.	Averages	Corp.	Aaa	Aa	A	Baa	RR.	P. U.	Indus.
Aug. 11	116.79	106.54	121.49	119.03	103.74	87.21	93.69	111.43	1163	Aug. 11	3.64	2.92	3.03	3.79	4.81	4.38	3.39	3.15
10	116.86	106.54	121.72	118.81	103.56	87.21	93.69	111.43	116.43	10	3.64	2.91	3.04	3.80	4.81	4.38	3.39	3.15
9	116.91	106.73	121.94	118.81	103.74	87.49	94.01	111.64	116.64	9	3.63	2.90	3.04	3.79	4.79	4.36	3.38	3.14
8	117.00	106.73	121.72	118.81	103.74	87.49	94.01	111.43	116.43	8	3.63	2.91	3.04	3.79	4.79	4.36	3.39	3.15
	117.01	106.73	121.72	118.81	103.74	87.64	94.01	111.64	116.43	7	3.63	2.91	3.04	3.79	4.78	4.36	3.38	3.15
5	117.16	106.73	121.72	118.81	103.93	87.64	94.17	111.64	116.21	9	3.63	2.91	3.04	3.78	4.78	4.35	3.38	3.16
4	117.12	106.73	121.72	118.81	103.93	87.49	94.17	111.64	116.43	4	3.63	2.91	3.04	3.78	4.79	4.35	3.38	3.15
3	117.34	106.92	122.17	119.03	103.93	87.78	94.33	111.64	116.64	3	3.62	2.89	3.03	3.78	4.77	4.34	3.38	3.14
2	117.39	106.92	122.17	119.03	103.93	87.78	94.17	111.64	116.64	1	3.62	2.89	3.03	3.78	4.77	4.35	3.38	3.14
Weekly-	117.38	106.92	121.94	119.03	104.11	87.64	94.17	111.64	116.64	Weekly-	3.62	2.90	3.03	3.77	4.78	4.35	3.38	3.14
July 28	117.47	106.73	121.72	118.81	103.93	87.64	94.01	111.64	116.43	July 28	3.63	2.91	3.04	3.78	4.78	4.36	3.38	3.15
21	117.07	106.54	121.94	118.60	103.38	87.35	93.69	111.64	116.21	21	3.64	2.90	3.05	3.81	4.80	4.38	3.38	3.16
14	116.99	106.17	122.17	117.94	103.02	86.64	93.06	111.64	115.78	14	3.66	2.89	3.08	3.83	4.85	4.42	3.38	3.18
7	116.82	105.60	122.40	117.72	102.12	85.93	92.12	111.23	115.78	7	3.69	2.88	3.09	3.88	4.90	4.48	3.40	3.18
June 30	116.43	105.04	121.72	117.29	101.76	85.24	91.51	110.63	115.14	June 30	3.72	2.91	3.11	3.90	4.95	4.52	3.43	3.21
	117.13	105.41	121.49	117.29	102.48	85.93	92.43	110.83	115.14	23	3.70	2.92	3.11	3.86	4.90	4.46	3.42	3.21
	116.80	105.22	121.27	117.07	102.12	85.79	92.12	110.63	114.93	16	3.71	2.93	3.12	3.88	4.91	4.48	3.43	3.22
9	117.34	105.41	121.27	116.86	102.66	86.21	92.59	110.83	114.72	9	3.70	2.93	3.13	3.85	4.88	4.45	3.42	3.23
2	117.61	105.22	121.04	116.64	102.84	85.52	91.97	111.23	114.30	2	3.71	2.94	3.14	3.84	4.93	4.49	3.40	3.25
May 26	116.98	104.48	120.82	116.43	102.12	84.55	91.05	110.83	113.68	May 26	3.75	2.95	3.15	3.88	5.00	4.55	3.42	3.28
19	116.97	103.56	120.59	115.78	101.06	83.46	89.84	110.43	113.27	19	3.80	2.96	3.18	3.94	5.08	4.63	3.44	3.30
12	116.37	104.11	120.37	116.43	101.76	83.73	90.59	110.24	113.48	12	3.77	2.97	3.15	3.90	5.06	4.58	3.45	3.29
5	115.78	103.56	120.14	115.78	101.23	83.06	89.99	109.84	112.86	5	3.80	2.98	3.18	3.93	5.11	4.62	3.47	3.32
	115.41	102.84	119.47	115.35	100.53	82.40	89.40	109.24	112.25	Apr. 28	3.84	3.01	3.20	3.97	5.16	4.66	3.50	3.35
21	115.13	102.66	119.03	114.93	100.53	82.40	89.10	109.05	112.25	21	3.85	3.03	3.22	3.97	5.16	4.58	3.51	3.35
14	114.76	102.30	119.03	114.72	100.18	81.61	88.65	108.66	111.84	14	3.87	3.03	3.23	3.99	5.22	4.71	3.53	3.37
6	114.85	102.84	119.25	114.72	100.70	82.66	89.40	108.85	112.45	6	3.84	3.02	3.23	3.96	5.14	4.66	3.52	3.34
Mar. 31	114.85	103.93	119.25	115.14	102.30	84.83	91.51	109.24	112.86	Mar. 31	3.78	3.02	3.21	3.91	4.98	4.52	3.50	3.32
24	114.70	104.48	119.92	115.14	102.12	85.79	92.28	109.64	113.27	24	3.75	2.99	3.21	3.88	4.91	4.47	3.48	3.30
17	114.64	104.67	119.92	114.93	102.30	86.07	92.43	109.64	113.27	17	3.74	2.99	3.22	3.87	4.89	4.46	3.48	3.30
	114.79	105.22	120.37	114.93	102.84	87.21	93.53	110.04	113.68	10	3.71	2.97	3.22	3.84	4.81	4.39	3.46	3.28
	113.59	104.48	120.14	114.72	102.30	85.52	91.97	109.64	113.48	3	3.75	2.98	3.23	3.87	4.93	4.49	3.48	3.29
	113.38	103.38	119.69	114.30	101.06	84.14	90.14	109.05	113.27	Feb. 24	3.81	3.00	3.25	3.94	5.03	4.61	3.51	3.30
	113.30	103.38	119.69	114.30	101.23	83.87	89.99	109.05	113.27	17	3.81	3.00	3.25	3.93	5.05	4.62	3.51	3.30
10	113.21	103.20	119.69	114.09	101.06	83.60	89.69	108.85	112.45	10	3.82	3.00	3.26	3.94	5.07	4.64	3.52	3.29
3	113.16	102.84	119.47	113.68	100.88	83.19	89.10	108.66	113.48	3	3.84	3.01	3.28	3.95	5.10	4.68	3.53	3.29
	112.59	101.94	119.03	113.07	99.83	82.00	87.93	107.88	113.86	Jan. 27	3.89	3.03	3.31	4.01	5.19	4.76	3.57	3.32
	113.18	103.20	119.69	113.48	101.06	83.87	89.55	108.66	113.48	20	3.82	3.00	3.29	3.94	5.05	4.65	3.53	3.29
	112.93	102.66	119.47	113.07	100.53	83.06	89.10	107.88	113.27	13	3.85	3.01	3.31	3.97	5.11	4.68	4.57	3.30
	112.95	102.48	119.25	112.25	100.53	83.06	88.80	107.69	112.86	Trink 1000	3.86	3.02	3.35	3.97	5.11	4.70	3.58	3.32
High 1939		106.92	122.40	119.03	104.11	87.78	94.33	111.84	116.64	High 1939	3.89	3.05	3.37	4.01	5.26	4.76	3.60	3.38
Low 1939		101.94	118.60	111.84	99.83	81.09	87.93	107.30	111.64	Low 1939	3.62	2.88	3.03	3.77	4.77	4.34	3.37	3.14
High 1938		101.76	118.60	111.43	100.18	82.27	88.36	107.11	112.05	High 1938	4.70	3.34	3.85	4.68	6.98	6.11	4.23	8.76
Low 1938	109.58	88.80	112.45	102.66	89.10	62.76	71.15	96.11	104.30	Low 1938	3.90	3.05	3.39	3.99	5.17	4.73	3.61	3.36
1 Yr. Ago		00.00		107 40	0= 01					1 Year Ago-	4 10	3.18	3.58	4.14	5.48	5.10	3.76	9.49
Aug.11'38		98.28	115.78	107.69	97.61	78.33	83.19	104.30	110.63	Aug. 11, 1938	4.10	9.18	0.08	4.14	9.45	0.10	0.70	3.43
2 Y78.Ago		100 40	*** **	111.04	101 80		0	100 10	110 40	2 Years Ago	3.86	3.21	3.38	3.91	4.92	4.25	3.88	3.44
lug.11'37	(100.44	1102.48	(110.14	1111.04	1101.58	85.65	90.78	102.12	1110.43	Aug. 11, 1937	0.00	0.24	0.00	0.01	4.02	4.20	0.00	0.21

\*These prices are computed from average yields on the basis of one "typical" bond (4% coupon, maturing in 30 years), and do not purport to show either the average level or the average movement of actual price quotations. They merely serve to illustrate in a more comprehensive way the relative levels and the relative movement of yield averages, the latter being the truer picture of the bond market.

† The latest complete list of bonds used in computing these indexes was published in the issue of Feb. 18, 1939, pages 939 and 940.

# Indications of Business Activity

# THE STATE OF TRADE—COMMERCIAL EPITOME

Friday Night, Aug. 11, 1939. Business activity showed little change the past week, holding steady in most lines. The securities market did not hold up well, however, and at times showed decided This was largely a reflection of the extreme uneasiness over the European political situation. eased, however, following the speech by Albert Forster, Nazi leader in Danzig, which was milder in tone than an-anticipated. Observers state that the next six weeks will be a critical period for Europe and the rest of the world. The German press is using the same tactics it did prior to the Munich crisis. Those watching the situation closely see evidence that Germany is moving cautiously, fully cog-nizant of the fact that the Danzig situation is fraught with the gravest danger, that the western European countries are not willing to witness another Munich incident. The European situation is naturally a major consideration among business leaders here, and is playing no little part in hampering the business up-trend. Nothing specticular in the way of labor trouble occurred the past week, though this is an ever-present threat, especially in view of the re-cent announcement that the Congress of Industrial Organizations would soon enter the building trades labor field. a stronghold of the American Federation of Labor. Outside of these disturbing factors, the domestic trade situa-tion continues to present a promising outlook.

According to the "Journal of Commerce," business activity for the week of Aug. 5 showed only a fractional recession from the high point of the year. Their business index registered 88.7 and compared with a revised figure of 88.8, the 1939 high, reached the previous week, and 75.4 for the corresponding week of 1938. According to this source, car loadings, lumber output and automotive activity held steady. Electric power output, bituminous coal production and steel operations were lower.

A rise in the rate of steel ingot production to the highest point since November, 1938, and a further gain in scrap prices to the highest level since October, 1937, bear out expectations of a stronger trend for the steel industry during the late summer and early autumn, says the "Iron Age." "The adjournment of Congress, together with the defeat of the New Deal's spending-lending program, has had a good sentimental effect on business notwithstanding the fact that a good share of present steel buying flows directly or indirectly from Government expenditures," the review says. "If private spending by such important steel-con-suming industries as the public utilities, oil companies and the railroads were to assume somewhat nearer normal pro-portions, the steel outlook for the remainder of this year would be well assured. The settlement of the General Motors strike has not yet had an important effect on steel releases by that company as preparation of dies for new models must precede the taking of steel in large tonnages, but specifications from General Motors in fairly large volume are expected before the end of this month. The outstanding significance of current steel business is the great diversification of orders, both as to products and the range of industries from which the orders come. As there is no indication of a cessation of this flow of miscellaneous business within the near future, the steel industry is hopeful of higher operating rates as soon as automobile tonnage is sufficient to make itself felt. Within a week rend of automobile as two the

Receding slightly from the previous week, production of electricity in the United States for the week ended Aug. 5 totaled 2,325,085,000 kwh., the Edison Electric Institute reports. This represents an increase of 9.9% over a year ago and compares with an output of 2,341,322,000 kwh. in the previous week, which was 11.8% above the 1938 period. The decline in the Aug. 5 period from the preceding week came to 16,737,000 kwh., or less than 1%, and reflected a moderate variation in weather.

The Association of American Railroads reported today 661,136 cars of revenue freight were loaded during the week ending last Saturday. This was an increase of 1,372 cars, or 0.2 of 1%, compared with the preceding week; an increase of 77,074 cars, or 13.2%, compared with a year ago, and a decrease of 105,046 cars, or 13.7%, compared with 1027 with 1937.

Engineering construction awards for the week total \$74,-434,000, the sixth highest weekly volume of the year, 57% above last week, and 3.5% above the corresponding week last year, "Engineering News-Record" announces. The current volume brings the 1939 cumulative total to \$1,860,605,000, an increase of 16% above the \$1,607,649,000 reported for the first 32 weeks last year. Public construction is 95% higher than a week ago, and 5% higher than a year ago. Private construction is 9% and 0.5% lower, respectively, they last made and last year. tively, than last week and last year.

Bank clearings this week were down rather sharply from the aggregate recorded for the preceding period, but the comparison with the same 1938 week was again favorable, marking the third consecutive year-to-year increase. Total clearings for 22 leading cities of the United States for the week ended Wednesday, Aug. 9, as reported to Dun & Bradstreet, Inc., amounted to \$4,667,292,000; this figure compared with \$4,149,056,000 for the corresponding 1938 week, an increase of 12.5%. Clearings for the latest period fell \$821,040,000 under the amount for the week preceding. Between the two similar weeks of 1938 the decline was \$692,324,000.

According to officials of the Federal Housing Administration, the volume of new construction, the type of activity which creates jobs and demand for building supplies, increased 10% during July over the same month last year in spite of the fact that total operations of the agency for these two comparable periods was down 13%. The drop, they said, was due to a 40% decline in the volume of mortgages on old homes financed.

Farmers had a cash income of \$2,967,000,000 from the sale of farm products during the first half of this year, the Agriculture Department reported today. The income was 4% smaller than in the corresponding period of last year, when total income was \$3,084,000,000. Income from crops in the first half of this year was 6% smaller and

from live stock products 2% smaller.

The seasonal decline in automobile production continued this week. Ward's Automotive Reports, Inc., estimated production for the United States and Canada at 24,875 units, a decrease of 3,375 units from the previous week, but a rise of 11,085 units from the like week of last year. The report indicated that contrary to earlier expectations the downward trend may continue another week before the autumn advance begins.

Wholesale trade, on which the merchandising spotlight is focused at the present time, showed an average gain throughout the country this week of from 5% to 10%, with the rise in some sections as high as 35%, according to the Dun & Bradstreet, Inc., weekly review, released today. The hot spell is declared to have caused a spurt in orders for rush shipments of summer goods, particularly sports apparel, but the bulk of inquiries was for fall merchandise. Low stock and retailers' expectations of a better fall selling season than in 1938 were tending to enlarge commitments in all lines. Although retail trade was handicapped by excessive heat, gains over last year averaged 6% to 12% for the whole country. The East made a good showing, with advances of 6% to 11%, according to Bradstreet, and New England reported gains of 5% to 9%.

The week was characterized by near-normal tempera-tures throughout most of the country, and widespread showers from the Rocky Mountains eastward, Government advices state. Maximum temperatures were mostly moderate and not as high in the Midwest as during recent weeks. They reached 100 degrees in only limited areas. weeks. They reached 100 degrees in only limited areas, mostly in Oklahoma and the adjoining portions of surrounding States, locally in eastern Montana, and in the interior of the Far West. At the close of the week much cooler weather prevailed over the Northwestern States, with a minimum temperature of 35 degrees at Baker, Ore., and 34 degrees at Yellowstone Park, Wyo., on the morning of Aug. 8. Droughty conditions in much of the Southwestern drought area were relieved, at least temporarily, by widespread rainfall during the week. The eastern two-thirds of Kansas, much of Oklahoma and western Texas, most of New Mexico and Arizona, and much of Colorado received substantial rainfall which improved the situation materi-In New England there was widespread general rain, which somewhat further relieved conditions and partly restored the growth of crops. In New York State rainfall was mosetly light, but again heavy locally, with some areas dry In the New York City area hot weather prevailed during the early part of the week, with considerable drop in humidity during latter half.

Clear and warm weather prevailed today, temperatures ranging from 68 degrees to 85 degrees. No perceptible change is predicted for this evening. Partly cloudy, warm and somewhat more humid temperatures are forecast for Saturday and probably Sunday.

Overnight at Boston it was 68 to 87 degrees; Baltimore, 65 to 94; Pittsburgh, 60 to 82; Portland, Me., 65 to 84;

Chicago, 67 to 77; Cincinnati, 57 to 88; Cleveland, 58 to 82; Detroit, 64 to 78; Milwaukee, 67 to 74; Charleston, 63 to 80; Savannah, 70 to 94; Dallas, 78 to 98; Kansas City, 69 to 90; Springfield, Ill., 64 to 83; Oklahoma City, 70 to 90; Salt Lake City, 54 to 84; Seattle, 57 to 89; Montreal, 62 to 76, and Winnipeg, 57 to 67.

# Revenue Freight Car Loadings Total 661,136 Cars In Week Ending Aug. 5

Loading of revenue freight for the week ended Aug. 5 totaled 661,136 cars, the Association of American Railroads announced on Aug. 10. This was an increase of 77,074 cars or 13.2% above the corresponding week in 1938 but a decrease of 105,046 cars or 13.7% below the same week in 1937. Loading of revenue freight for the week of Aug. 5 was an increase of 1,372 cars or two tenths of one per cent above the preceding week. The Association further reported:

Miscellaneous freight loading totaled 253,952 cars a decrease of 1,321 cars below the preceding week, but an increase of 29,229 cars above the corresponding week in 1938.

Loading of merchandise less than carload lot freight totaled 154,657 cars, an increase of 2,333 cars above the preceding week, and an increase

5,412 cars above the corresponding week in 1938.

Coal loading amounted to 115,551 cars, a decrease of 1,672 cars below the preceding week, but an increase of 24,624 cars above the corresponding week in 1938

Grain and grain products loading totaled 42,270 cars an increase of 1,448 cars above the preceding week, but a decrease of 9,244 cars below the corresponding week in 1938. In the Western Districts alone, grain and grain products loading for the week of Aug. 5 totaled 27,736 cars, an inof 2,870 cars above the preceding week, but a decrea

below the corresponding week in 1938.

Live stock loading amounted to 11,158 cars, a decrease of 433 cars below the preceding week, and a decrease of 118 cars below the corresponding week in 1938. In the Western Districts alone, loading of live stock for the week of Aug. 5, totaled 8,335 cars a decrease of 104 cars below the preceding week, and a decrease of 162 cars below the corresponding week in 1938. Forest products loading totaled 31,933 cars, a decrease of 518 cars below

the preceding week, but an increase of 3,041 cars above the corresponding week in 1938.

Ore loading amounted to 44,890 cars an increase of 1,326 cars above the preceding week, and an increase of 21,892 cars above the corersponding week in 1938.

Coke loading amounted to 6,725 cars, an increase of 209 cars above the preceding week, and an increase of 2.238 cars above the corresponding week

All districts reported increases compared with the corresponding week in 1938 except the Centralwestern and Southwestern. All districts reported decreases compared with the corresponding week in 1937 except the Pocahontas.

AND THE SERVICE	1939	1938	1937
4 weeks in January	2,302,464	2,256,717	2.714.449
4 weeks in February	2,297,388	2.155.536	2,763,457
4 weeks in March	2.390.412	2.222.939	2.986.166
5 weeks in April	2,832,248	2,649,960	3,712,906
4 weeks in May	2,371,893	2.185.822	3.098.632
4 weeks in June	2.483.189	2.170.778	2.962.219
5 weeks in July	3.214.554	2,861,821	3.794.249
Week ended Aug. 5	661,136	584,062	766,182
Total	18,553,284	17.087.635	22,798,260

The first 18 major railroads to report for the week ended Aug. 5, 1939 loaded a total of 307,064 cars of revenue freight on their own lines, compared with 308,203 cars in the preceding week and 276,525 cars in the seven days ended Aug. 6, 1938. A comparative table follows: A comparative table follows:

#### REVENUE FREIGHT LOADED AND RECEIVED FROM CONNECTIONS

		l on Own teks Ende			Received from Connection Weeks Ended-			
eling of the extra	Aug. 5 1939	July 29 1939	Aug. 6 1938	Aug. 5 1939	July 29 1939	Aug. 6 1938		
Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe Ry.	18,357	18,848	20,012			4,866		
Baltimore & Ohio RR	29,199				16,712	13,964		
Chesapeake & Ohio Ry	24,248					8,068		
Chicago Burlington & Quincy RR								
Chicago Milw. St. Paul & Pac. Ry								
Chicago & North Western Ry	15,483							
Gulf Coast Lines	2,486							
International Great Northern RR					1,784			
Missouri-Kansas-Texas RR	4,035							
Missouri Pacific RR	12,563							
New York Central Lines	35,101							
N. Y. Chicago & St. Louis Ry	5,265					7,95		
Norfolk & Western Ry	24,090							
Pennsylvania RR	56,644					30,90		
Pere Marquette Ry								
Pittsburgh & Lake Erie RR	5,286							
Southern Pacific Lines			26,898					
Wabash Ry	5,036	5,181	5,195	7,326	7,488	6,54		
Total	307,064	308,203	276,525	184,117	184,546	158,75		

x Estimated.

#### TOTAL LOADINGS AND RECEIPTS FROM CONNECTIONS (Number of Cars)

-anti-colors stassmost ad	Weeks Ended-					
Kirwas (Lymbolton)	Aug. 5, 1939	July 29, 1939	Aug. 6, 1938			
Chicago Rock Island & Pacific Ry. Illinois Central System St. Louis-San Francisco Ry	Not avail. 27,460 11,996	22,427 27,722 11,955	Not avail. 25,674 11,613			
Total	39.456	62.104	37 287			

In the following we undertake to show also the loadings for separate roads and systems for the week ended July 29, 1939. During this period 85 roads showed increases when compared with the same week last year.

#### REVENUE FREIGHT LOADED AND RECEIVED FROM CONNECTIONS (NUMBER OF CARS)—WEEK ENDED JULY 29

Basper & Ancostook.   965   969   973   214   230   Nambrulle Chattanoone & St. 1.   2,418   2,440   2,909   2,964   1,30   Contral Indiana.   1   1,525   1,527   1,721   1,144   1,544   1,545   1,527   1,525   1,527   1,525   1,527   1,525   1,527   1,525   1,527   1,525   1,527   1,525   1,527   1,525   1,527   1,525   1,527   1,525   1,527   1,525   1,527   1,525   1,527   1,525   1,527   1,525   1,527   1,525   1,527   1,525   1,527   1,525   1	Ratiroads		Total Reven Treight Load		Total Load from Con	is Received inections	Rattroads		Total Reven reight Load		Total Load from Con	
Ann Arbor		1939	1 1938	1 1937	1939	1938	to Table and the same of the same	1939	1 1938	1 1937	1939	1938
Ann Arbor	Eastern District-		8.		bestr	C 1017/	Southern District-(Cond.)					
State   Chiese   Delinaspoils   Acutery   College   Chiese   Chi	Ann Arbor	613		582			Mobile & Ohio	1,665				1,924
Content Vermont	DRIEGI & APOOSTOOK	693	969	873			II Nashville Chattanooga & St. T.	2,618	2,449			1,896
Central Indiana.   12   1.26   4.0   7.48   1.55   Delisares & Rudson.   4.002   5.543   4.572   6.05   5.213   Delisares & Rudson.   4.002   5.543   5.042   Delisares Lackaranna & West   6.300   9.514   9.259   5.834   5.042   Delisares Lackaranna & West   6.300   9.514   9.259   5.834   5.042   Delisares & Rudson.   4.002   5.003   5.003   Delisares & Rudson.   4.002   Delisares	Chicago Indiaparella & Louisu	7,242		8,493			Pledmont Northern	1,063			1,031	801
Central Vermont.   1.175   1.246   1.422   1.766   1.420   1.766   1.420   1.260   1.420   1.260   1	Central Indiana	1,000	1,071	1,772			Il Richmond Fred & Potomas				2 410	
Detroit & Mackinae.  4.202	Central Vermont	1.175		1.422			Seaboard Air Line				3 915	3 031
Dettent Friedo de Ironton. 1, 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,100 1,100 1,000	Delaware & Hudson	4,202		4.872	6,905						13,476	11.796
Detroit à Machina.  1	Delaware Lackawanna & West.	8.360			5,685		Tennessee Central		363		580	494
Detent Tuledo & Fronton   1,000   1,500   1,	Detroit & Mackinac	412					Winston-Salem Southbound	160	152	182	579	596
Erfe 12,330 1,293 13,790 10,477 9,500 1,000 10,477 1,552 1,052 1	Detroit Toledo & Ironton	1,909	1,529				mass.					
Crand Trunh Western	Detroit & Toledo Shere Line	240			2,118	1,003	Total	93,626	84,979	102,219	59,111	51,744
Lesting A Hudson River	Grand Trunk Western	12,330			5 817		Northwestern District			10.00	1 1 / 2	
Maine Centres   2,476   2,450   3,517   19   190   1	Lehigh & Hudson River	192	158	176			Chicago & North Western	19 024	15.813	19.245	9 843	9 114
Montagaleila	Lehigh & New England	1.807					Chicago Great Western					2,346
Maine Central	Lehigh Valley	8,303			5.984	6,592	Chicago Milw. St. P. & Pacific.	18,917				7.266
Monogashels   3,945   2,400   3,527   148   158   159   15	Maine Central	2,476	2,540	2,925	1,671	1,510	Chicago St. P. Minn. & Omaha.	3,677	3,502	4,092	3,350	3,351
New York Central Lines	Monongahela	3,948	2,495	3,817			Duluth Missabe & I. R.	12,886				155
N. Y. H. & Harford.  9,140  10,277  10,253  9,380  10,277  10,833  9,380  10,877  10,833  10,831  10,8	Montour	2,211					Duluth South Shore & Atlantic.			1,733		372
New York Ontario & Western.  9042   1,800   1,026   1,801   1,501   1,	New York Central Lines	34,451					Et Dodge Des Eastern			9,032		
Cream Bay & Vestern   College & St. Jouis   College & College   College &	New York Onterio & Western	9,140			1 951		Great Northern					2 055
Pittaburgh & Lake Erie.	N V Chicago & St Louis				0 509		Green Bay & Western					575
Per Marquette	Pittsburgh & Lake Erie			8 002			Lake Superior & Ishneming			2.794		68
Pittisburgh & Shawmut   304	Pere Marquette						Minneapolis & St. Louis					1,567
Pittaburgh Shawmut & North.   272   300   311   133   130	Pittsburgh & Shawmut	304		308	32		Minn, St. Paul & S. S. M					2,153
Pittolough & West Virginia   1,048   862   1,199   1,594   1	Pittsburgh Shawmut & North				183		Northern Pacific				3,814	3,226
Wabash         5,181         5,373         5,921         7,488         6,917           Weeling & Lake Erie         4,121         3,535         5,473         2,581         2,285           Total         132,769         125,228         158,385         139,784         120,974           Allegheay District—Allon Granto & Youngstown         405         405         5,76         642         151           Baltimore & Ohlo         30,495         405         5,76         642         1,81         1,81         1,60         4,61         1,181         1,60         4,61         1,181         1,60         4,61         1,181         1,60         4,61         1,181         1,60         6,61         4,61         1,181         1,60         6,64         1,181         1,60         6,64         1,181         1,60         6,64         4,61         1,181         1,60         7,64         4,67	Pittsburgh & West Virginia	1,048					spokane International					234
Total 132,759 125,228 158,385 139,784 120,974  Allegheny District— Chesape State District— District Distri	Rutland	587					Spokane Portland & Seattle	1,890	1,593	1,758	1,433	1,594
Total	Wheeling & Lake Erie	4,121	3,535		2,851		Total	105,198	84,683	131,451	41,019	38,860
Allon — Allegheny District— Alron Canton & Youngstown — 3405	Total	132,759	125,228	158,385	139,784	120,974	Central Western District-			04.010		
Akron Canton & Youngstown 405 405 576 642 595	Alledhaan District						Alten. Top. & Santa Fe System.	18,848	20,091	25,019		
Baltimore & Ohlo 30,019   23,668   34,920   16,712   13,695   Chleago Burlington & Quincy 14,742   16,722   18,067   7,139   6,41   Feature 14,745   1,731   1,719   7,44   7,63   7,130	Allegheny District—	405	405	270	040	201	Bingham A Carfield		3,314	3,477		
Bessener & Lake Erie. 4,832 3,187 (6,800 1,904 1,181   Chicago & Illinois Midland. 1,455 1,731 1,719 544 76	Raltimore & Obje						Chicago Burlington & Outney					
Buffalo Creek & Gauley	Bessemer & Lake Erie	4 832		6 680			Chicago & Illinois Midland					768
Cambria & Indiana.	Buffalo Creek & Gauley			439		6	Chicago Rock Island & Pacific.					7,588
Central RR. of New Jersey 6, 174 5,694 6,689 15,004 9,781 1,320 Cornwall 258 569 570 39 44	Cambria & Indiana	1,483		985	24		Chicago & Eastern Illinois	2,336	2,174	2,661		1,833
Cumberland & Pennsylvania   210   216   250   41   25   25   34   25   26   14   26   26   27   37   26   27   27   27   27   27   27   2	Central RR. of New Jersey	6,174				9,781	Colorado & Southern			751		1,320
Ligonier Valley	Cornwall					44	Denver & Rio Grande Western.					
Long Island   Seashore Lines   954   775   1,94   1,321   1,1321				250			Fort Worth & Danwar City					
Penn-Reading Seashore Lines	Lagomer valley	507					Illinois Terminal					
Pennsylvania System	Penn-Reading Seashore Lines						Missouri-Illinois					
Reading Co							Nevada Northern					73
Union (Pittsburgh)	Reading Co	11,600	11,008	13,274		13,237	North Western Pacific	932				526
Western Maryland   3,248   2,615   3,793   5,161   4,396   129,615   106,841   158,857   97,690   81,258   129,615   106,841   158,857   97,690   81,258   129,615   106,841   158,857   97,690   81,258   129,615   1	Union (Pittsburgh)	11,382					Peoria & Pekin Union					0
Total	West Virginia Northern	21	18	25	0	0	Southern Pacific (Pacific)					3,757
Total		3,248	2,615	3,793	5,161	4,396	Toledo Peoria & Western				1,125	
Pocahontas District	(Motol	100 015	100.041	100 000	07.000	01.050	Union Pacific System				8,295	7,101
Chesapeake & Ohlo		129,615	100,841	155,557	97,090	81,258	Western Pacific				2,192	1,907
Norfolk & Western		24,375	19.184	24,242	9,701	7,859	Total	100,960	100.611	117,372	48.074	43,433
Virginian	Norfolk & Western		17,181				ASSOCIATION TRAINING UP.					
Total	Virginian	4,665	4,050	5,027		716	Southwestern District— Burlington-Rock Island	151	154	158	350	322
Southern District	Total	52,469	40,415	53,737	14,869		Fort Smith & Western x	0	184	240	0	203
Ail.abma Tennessee & Northern Atl. & W. P.—W. RR. of Ala. Atl. anta Birmingham & Coast. 749 633 774 1,206 1,148 Atlanta Birmingham & Coast. 751 632 742 631 461 Atlante Coast Line. 7,448 6,195 7,459 4,259 3,429 Central of Georgia. 3,812 3,563 4,279 2,400 1,961 Clinchfield. 1,288 838 1,422 1,845 1,373 Clinchfield. 1,288 838 1,422 1,845 1,373 Columbus & Greenville. 321 234 2,046 320 Columbus & Greenville. 321 234 2,046 1,740 1,533 Columbus & Greenville. 321 234 2,040 1,961 Columbus & Greenville. 321 234 2,040 1,961 Columbus & Greenville. 322 2,040 1,961 Columbus & Greenville. 323 2,040 1,961 Columbus & Greenville. 324 2,040 1,961 Columbus & Greenville. 325 2,040 1,961 Columbus & Greenville. 326 39 72 66 Columbus & Greenville. 327 2,040 1,961 Columbus & Greenville. 328 838 1,422 1,845 1,373 Columbus & Greenville. 329 2,72 273 792 703 Columbus & Greenville. 321 2,845 1,373 Columbus & Greenville. 321 2,845 1,373 Columbus & Greenville. 321 2,845 1,373 Columbus & Greenville. 322 2,840 1,961 Columbus & Greenville. 323 2,845 2,945 Columbus & Greenville. 324 2,046 1,740 1,535 Columbus & Greenville. 325 2,845 Columbus & Greenville. 326 39 72 66 Congria. 911 677 1,047 1,457 1,276 Columbus & Greenville. 327 2,845 2,845 Columbus & Greenville. 328 2,845 2,845 Columbus & Greenville. 329 2,845 2,845 Columbus & Greenville. 329 2,845 2,845 Columbus & Greenville. 320 3,845 3,845 Columbus & Greenville. 321 2,845 2,845 Columbus & Greenville. 322 2,845 2,845 Columbus & Greenville. 323 2,845 2,945 Columbus & Greenville. 324 2,846 2,845 Columbus & Greenville. 325 2,845 2,845 Columbus & Greenville. 326 3,845 3,845 Columbus & Greenville. 327 2,846 2,845 Columbus & Greenville. 328 3,845 3,845 Columbus & Greenville. 329 2,845 2,845 Columbus & Greenville. 321 2,845 2,845 Columbus & Greenville. 321 2,845 2,845 Co	Southern District-	1015 (10	103 9117	modet a	[2 h-] (1 m)	19 (20 TZ	International-Great Northern		1.892	2,163		1,822
Atlanta Birmingham & Coast		221	204	228	127	187	Kansas Okiahoma & Guif					860
Atlanta Birmingham & Coast. 751 632 742 631 461 Louisiana & Arkansas. 1,570 1,725 1,430 1,220 1,250 Atlantic Coast Line. 7448 6,195 7,459 4,259 3,429 Central of Georgia. 3,812 3,563 4,279 2,400 1,961 Cinchfield. 1,288 838 1,422 1,845 1,373 Columbus & Greenville. 321 234 380 320 316 Missouri-Kansas-Texas Lines. 4,067 3,801 5,181 2,534 2,621 Durham & Southern. 144 1,53 1,58 406 316 Gainsville Midland. 31 26 39 72 66 St. Louis Southwestern. 12,800 13,757 17,328 7,399 6,899 Florida East Coast. 911 677 1,047 1,457 1,276 85 Louis Southwestern. 2,173 2,312 2,616 1,969 1,861 Georgia & Florida. 556 389 393 458 377 Georgia & Florida. 556 389 393 458 377 Texas & New Orleans. 5,979 5,724 7,005 2,925 2,595 Gulf Mobile & Northern. 14,73 1,497 1,738 1,236 876 Ultimois Central System. 18,874 19,051 22,213 9,427 9,979 Wichita Falls & Southern. 210 249 267 72 Louisville & Nashville. 231 442 55 24 Mascon Dullin & Savannab. 113 112 231 442 254							Kansas City Southern	1,888	1,934	2,046		1,535
Central of Georgia   3,812   3,563   4,279   2,400   1,961   1,961   1,288   838   1,422   1,845   1,373   1,373   1,288   388   1,422   1,845   1,373   1,373   1,288   388   1,422   1,845   1,373   1,373   1,373   1,374   1,457   1,457   1,276   1,276   1,473   1,497   1,457   1,276   1,276   1,288   1,473   1,497   1,497   1,457   1,276   1,288   1,497		751	632				Louisiana & Arkansas	1,570	1,725	1,430	1,220	1,258
Central of Georgia   3,812   3,563   4,279   2,400   1,961   1,962   1,962   1,963   1,963   1,963   1,963   1,964   1,964   1,288   1,288   1,422   1,845   1,373   1,373   1,288   1,422   1,845   1,373   1,373   1,288   1,422   1,845   1,373   1,373   1,288   1,422   1,845   1,373	Atlantic Coast Line	7,448	6,195	7,459	4,259	3,429	Louisiana Arkansas & Texas	y	y		У	y
Charleston & Western Carolina   506   400   485   1,024   926   Mildland Valley   427   645   876   279   211   288   838   1,422   1,845   1,373   Missouri Kansas Texas Lines   1,78   141   215   265   288   284   234   380   320   316   Missouri Kansas Texas Lines   4,067   3,801   5,181   2,534   2,621   2	Central of Georgia	3,812	3,563	4,279	2,400	1,961	Litchfield & Madison	291			792	703
Columbus & Greenville 321 234 380 320 316 Missouri-Kansas-Texas Lines 4,067 3,801 5,181 2,534 2,621 Durham & Southern 144 153 158 406 316 Missouri-Racific 12,800 13,757 17,328 7,399 6,827 18,000 18,757 17,328 12,339 6,827 18,000 18,757 17,328 12,320 18,000 18,757 17,328 12,320 18,000 18,757 17,328 12,320 18,000 18,757 18,000 18,757 18,000 18,757 18,000 18,757 18,000 18,757 18,000 199 88,000 18,000	Charleston & Western Carolina			485			Midland Valley					211
Durham & Southern         144         153         158         406         316         Missouri Pacific         12,800         13,757         17,328         7,399         6,89           Florida East Coast         385         407         425         504         414         Quanah Acme & Pacific         67         94         100         99         8.89           Gainsville Midland         31         26         39         72         66         8t. Louis-San Francisco         6,864         6,796         9,104         3,810         3,83           Georgia         Florida         556         389         393         458         377         Texas & New Orleans         5,979         5,724         7,005         2,925         2,925         2,995         2,925         2,995         2,925         1,861         7         1,473         1,473         1,473         1,236         876         7         7         5,779         5,724         7,005         2,925         2,925         2,925         2,925         2,925         2,925         1,861         1,867         1,961         1,867         1,861         1,867         1,861         1,867         1,867         1,861         1,867         1,867         1,861         1,8	Columbus & Grandilla	1,288		1,422			Missouri & Arkansas	4 007				287
Florida East Coast.	Durham & Southern	321	234				Missouri Pacific					6 801
Gainsville Midiand. 31 26 39 72 66 St. Louis-San Francisco. 5,864 6,796 9,104 3,810 3,831 Georgia — 911 677 1,047 1,457 1,276 Georgia & Florida — 5,56 389 393 458 377 Gulf Mobile & Northern — 1,473 1,497 1,738 1,236 876 Ullinois Central System — 18,874 19,051 22,213 9,427 9,979 Usoluville & Nashville — 20,388 18,291 22,189 4,827 4,367 Weichita Falls & Southern — 210 249 267 72 Louisville & Nashville — 20,388 18,291 22,189 4,827 4,367 Weichita Falls & Southern — 210 249 267 72 Louisville & Nashville — 20,388 18,291 22,189 4,827 4,367 Weichita Falls & Southern — 210 249 267 72 Louisville & Nashville — 231 44 55 22 Macon Dublin & Savannab — 113 112 231 442 254	Florida Fast Coast						Ouanah Aeme & Pacific	67	94	100	00	84
Georgia — 911 677 1,047 1,457 1,276 St. Louis Southwestern . 2,173 2,312 2,616 1,969 1,860 Georgia & Florida . 556 389 393 458 377 Gulf Mobile & Northern . 1,473 1,497 1,738 1,236 876 Texas & Pacific . 3,619 3,496 4,567 3,236 3,277 Illinois Central System . 18,874 19,051 22,213 9,427 9,979 Wichita Falls & Southern . 210 249 267 72 Louisville & Nashville . 20,388 18,291 22,189 4,827 4,367 Macon Dublin & Savannab . 113 112 231 442 254	Gainsville Midland						St. Louis-San Francisco			9.104		3,833
Georgia & Fiorida         556         389         393         458         377         Texas & New Orleans         5,979         5,724         7,005         2,925         2,596           Gulf Mobile & Northern         1,473         1,497         1,738         1,236         876         Texas & Pacific         3,619         3,496         4,567         3,236         3,237           Illinois Central System         18,874         19,051         22,139         4,827         9,979         Wichita Falls & Southern         210         249         267         72         5           Louisville & Nashville         20,388         18,291         22,189         4,827         4,367         Wetherford M. W. & N. W         23         21         44         55         22           Macon Dublin & Savannab         113         112         231         442         254	Georgia	911		1.047	1.457		St. Louis Southwestern	2,173		2,616		1,865
Gulf Mobile & Northern 1,473 1,497 1,738 1,236 876 Illinois Central System 18,874 19,051 22,213 9,427 9,979 Wighita Falls & Southern 210 249 267 72 57 Louisville & Nashville 20,388 18,291 22,189 4,827 4,367 Macon Dublin & Savannab 113 112 231 442 254	Georgia & Florida						Texas & New Orleans	5,979	5,724	7,005	2.925	2,593
Illinois Central System	Gulf Mobile & Northern	1,473	1,497	1,738	1,236	876	Texas & Pacific	3,619	3,496	4,567	3,236	3,277
Louisville & Nashville 20,388   18,291   22,189   4,827   4,367   Wetherford M. W. & N. W   23   21   44   55   22   23   442   254   254   254   254   254   254   254   254   254   254   254   254   254   254   254   255   2	Illinois Central System	18.874	19,051	22,213	9,427	9,979	Wichita Falls & Southern	210			72	54
Macon Dublin & Savannah	Louisville & Nashville	20,388		22,189	4,827	4,367	Wetherford M. W. & N. W	23	21	44	55	23
	Macon Dublin & Savannah Mississippi Central	113	112	231 204	337	254 307	Total	45,137	45,940	57,070	30,790	29,894

Note-Previous year's figures revised. \* Previous figures. x Discontinued Jan. 24, 1939. y Included in Louisiana & Arkansas, effective July 1, 1939.

# Selected Income and Balance Sheet Items of Class I Steam Railways for May

The Bureau of Statistics of the Interstate Commerce Commission has issued a statement showing the aggregate totals of selected income and balance sheet items of class I steam railways in the United States for the month of May. These figures are subject to revision and were compiled from 135 reports representing 140 steam railways. The present statement excludes returns for class I switching and terminal companies. The report in full is as follows:

TOTALS FOR THE UNITED STATES (ALL REGIONS)

Income Items-	For the Me	onth of May	For the Fin	e Months of
Income Items—	1939	1938	1939	1938
Net railway operating income Other income	\$25,100,766 10,640,097	\$16,665,678 11,618,229	\$126,167,040 52,849,297	
Total income	\$35,740,863	\$28,283,907	\$179,016,337	\$101,846,518
Miscell deductions from income	1,712,206	1,807,062	9,784,681	10,261,824
Fixed charges:	MILE TO THE STREET	\$26,476,845	\$169,231,656	\$91,584,691
Rent for leased roads and equipment	11,989,738 39,486,678 132,624	39,773,370	55,793,745 a197,783,851 666,165	a197,720,128
Total fixed charges	\$51,609,040	\$50,741,757	\$254,243,761	\$250,800,796
Income after fixed charges Contingent charges	d17,580,383 1,013,130		485,012,105 5,068,355	
Net income	d\$18593513	d825277485	4890,080,460	d8164281672
Depreciation (way & structures and equipment)	16,882,694 1,086,636		84,145,193 7,536,346	84,058,780 4,536,660
Dividend appropriations: On common stock On preferred stock	12,585,945 3,957,670		26,552,035 8,773,876	

	Balance at	End of May
	1939	1938
Selected Asset Items— Investments in stocks, bonds, &c., other than those of affiliated companies.	\$645,520,942	\$650,637,120
Cash.  Demand loans and deposits.  Time drafts and deposits.  Special deposits.  Loans and bills receivable.  Traffic and car-service balances receivable.  Net balance receivable from agents and conductors.  Miscellaneous accounts receivable.  Materials and supplies.  Interest and dividends receivable.  Rents receivable.  Other current assets.	20,225,054 48,386,349 2,978,720 51,164,454 47,542,153 119,897,424 324,177,087 21,683,788	7,608,346 19,569,102 64,090,902 4,358,139 50,272,954 43,331,914 132,107,274 363,939,903 24,252,708 1,645,709
Total current assets	81,069,717,448	\$1,022,690,675
Selected Liability Items— Funded debt maturing within 6 months b	\$174,482,288	\$199,843,554
Loans and bills payable c	67,704,009 232,357,495 61,051,394 863,926,357 1,510,758 678,252,150 16,812,861 105,863,907 40,003,066 22,830,672	223,131,826 68,365,418 712,627,244 1,630,368 524,577,306 12,298,017 109,678,137 38,105,188
Tax liability: United States Government taxes Other than United States Government taxes	\$51,212,682 148,890,192	

a Represents accruals, including the amount in default. b Includes payments which will become due on account of principal of long-term debt (other than funded debt matured unpaid) within six months after close of month of report. c Includes obligations which mature not more than two years after date of issue. d Deficit or other reverse items.

#### Moody's Commodity Index Declines Sharply

Moody's Daily Commodity Index declined sharply from 1.2 a week ago to 139.1 this Friday. The principal individual changes were the declines in cotton, hides and

hog prices.

The movement of the index is as follows:

Fri	Aug.	4141.2	Two weeks ago, July 28 141.6
Sat.	Aug.	5	Month ago, July 11141.7
Mon.,	Aug.	7141.0	Year ago, Aug. 1142.0
Tue.,	Aug.	8140.2	1938-High, Jan. 10
Wed.,	Aug.		Low, June 1
Thurs.,			1939—High, March 6145.8
Fri.,	Aug.	11139.1	Low, April 22138.6
* No	index	. HIN HANCE THE RE	

#### Wholesale Commodity Prices Reached Five-Year Low in Week Ended Aug. 5, According to "Annalist"

Wholesale commodity prices established another five-year low during the week ended Aug. 5, with the "Annalist" index closing at 75.7% of the 1926 base on Aug. 5, the lowest since July 10, 1934. A week ago the index was 76.3, while a year ago it was 80.3, according to an announcement issued by the "Annalist" on Aug. 7, which went on to say:

Wheat and cotton prices declined last week, although losses were moderate in both cases. Corn rallied slightly, while other grains were firm. Hog quotations declined all week and closed near the bottom. Silk dropped

about 8c. a pound as speculators unloaded. Rubber was an exception to the general trend and rose to the year's high.

"ANNALIST" WEEKLY INDEX OF WHOLESALE COMMODITY PRICES (1926=100)

	Aug. 5, 1939	July 29, 1939	Aug. 6, 1938
Farm products	68.5	69.6	77.4
Food products	64.1	65.1	72.0
Textile products	62.8	63.0	58.9
Fuels.	83.1	83.1	85.5
Metals	95.7	95.4	96.5
Building materials	71.0	71.0	69.1
Chemicals	85.2	85.2	87.4
Miscellaneous	69.0	68.9	71.5
All commodities	75.7	76.3	80.3

#### Wholesale Commodity Prices Declined During Week Ended Aug. 5 Reaching Lowest Level Since July, 1934, According to National Fertilizer Association

A moderate decline was recorded by the commodity price index of the National Fertilizer Association during the week ended Aug. 5, taking it to the lowest point reached since July, 1934. Based on the 1926-28 average of 100%, last week the index stood at 70.9% as compared with 71.2% in the preceding week. in the preceding week. A year ago it registered 74.0% and two years ago, 88.2%. The Association's announcement, dated Aug. 7, went on to say:

The principal decline was in the food group, with the group index declining to the lowest point reached in recent years. Lower prices for silk and wool were responsible for a drop in the textile price index. The building material average was also lower, reflecting declining quotations for lumber. A fractional rise was recorded by the farm product average, with higher prices for cotton, corn, and poultry more than offsetting declines in wheat and hogs. Continued strength in non-ferrous metals and steel scrap took the metal index to the highest point reached in the last three months. Small increases were also recorded by the indexes representing the prices of fertilizer materials and miscellaneous commodities. modities.

As a result of small increases in the prices of a number of less important commodities, advances in price series included in the index out-numbered declines 25 to 21; in the preceding week there were 31 advances and 20 declines; in the second preceding week there were 12 advances and 26 declines

WEEKLY WHOLESALE COMMODITY PRICE INDEX

Per Cent Each Group Bears to the Total Index	Group	Latest Week Aug. 5, 1939	Preced' g Week July 29, 1939	Month Age July 8, 1939	Year Ago Aug. 6 1938
25.3	FoodsFats and oils	67.6 44.9	68.8 45.7	69.4	73.4
	Cottoneed Oil	53.5	56.4	60.6	61.9 81.2
23.0	Farm Products	57.7	57.6	60.1	65.8
-	Cotton	52.4	52.3	52.9	47.9
	Grains	49.7	48.3	54.4	54.4
	Livestock	59.5	59.8	62.0	73.1
17.3	Fueis	77.4	77.4	77.4	78.9
10.8	Miscellaneous commodities	77.4	77.1	77.6	77.6
8.2	Textiles	63.2	63.5	63.0	59.2
7.1	Metals	88.4	88.2	87.7	89.0
6.1	Building materials	82.8	83.0	83.4	78.9
1.3	Chemicals and drugs	91.9	91.9	91.9	94.2
.3	Fertiliser materials	68.7	68.67	67.5	70.0
.3	Fertilizers	77.2	77.2	77.3	77.1
.3	Farm Machinery	94.9	94.9	94.9	97.9
100.0	All groups con bined	70.9	71.2	72.0	74.0

r Revised.

# Electric Output for Week Ended Aug. 5, 1939, 9.9% Above a Year Ago

The Edison Electric Institute in its current weekly report estimated that production of electricity by the electric light and power industry of the United States for the week ended Aug. 5, 1939, was 2,325,085,000 kwh. The current week's output is 9.9% above the output of the corresponding week of 1938, when production totaled 2,115,847,000 kwh. The output for the week ended July 29, 1939, was estimated to be 2,341,822,000 kwh., an increase of 11.8% over the like week a year ago. week a year ago.

#### PERCENTAGE INCREASE FROM PREVIOUS YEAR

Major Geographic Regions	Week Ended Aug. 5, 1939	Week Ended July 29, 1939	Week Ended July 22, 1939	Week Ended July 15, 1939
New England	14.1	14.5	9.2	13.6
Middle Atlantic	8.7	10.6	6.2	9.2
Central Industrial	12.1	13.7	13.1	12.9
West Central	2.8	3.3	7.0	6.0
Southern States	8.5	11.6	9.9	8.7
Rocky Mountain	9.8	16.9	15.2	18.2
Pacific Coast	7.3	8.8	7.1	10.2
Total United States	9.9	11.8	10.1	11.5

DATA FOR RECENT WEEKS (THOUSANDS OF KILOWATT-HOURS)

Week Ended	1939	1938	Percent Change 1939 from 1938	1937	1932	1929
May 6	2.163,538	1.939,100	+11.6	2,176,363	1,429,032	1.688,434
May 13	2.170.750	1.967.613	+10.3	2,194,620	1,436,928	1,698,492
May 20	2.170.496	1.967.807	+10.3	2,198,646	1,435,731	1,704,426
May 27	2.204.858	1.973.278	+11.7	2,206,718	1,425,151	1,705,460
June 3	2,113,887	1,878,851	+12.5	2,131,092	1,381,452	1,615,085
June 10	2,256,823	1.991.787	+13.3	2,214,166	1,435,471	1,689,925
June 17	2.264.719	1.991.115	+13.7	2,213,783	1,441,532	1,699,227
June 24	2,285,083	2.019.036	+13.2	2,238,332	1,440,541	1,702,501
July 1	2,300,268	2.014.702	+14.2	2,238,268	1,456,961	1,723,428
July 8	2,077,956	1.881.298	+10.5	2.096.266	1.341.730	1,592,075
July 15	2.324.181	2.084.457	+11.5	2.298,005	1,415,704	1,711,625
July 22	2.294.588	2,084,763	+10.1	2,258,776	1,433,993	1,727,225
July 29	2.341,822	2,093,907	+11.8	2,256,335	1,440,386	1,723,031
Aug. 5	2,325,085	2,115,847	+9.9	2,261,725	1,426,986	1.724.728

DATA FOR RECENT MONTHS (THOUSANDS OF KILOWATT-HOURS)

Month of	1939	1938	Percent Change 1939 from 1938	1937	1932	1929
January February March	10,246,886 9,313,092 10,188,587 9,572,242	8,405,129 9,137,970	+10.2 +10.8 +11.5 +11.1	9,785,174 8,922,551 9,930,252 9,589,639	6,502,755 6,787,923	7,585,334 6,850,855 7,380,263 7,285,359
May June July	9,979,099		+13.4	9,699,161 9,791,569 10,074,083 10,366,839	6,240,381 6,178,781 6,175,627	7,486,635 7,220,279 7,484,727 7,773,878
August September October November		9,593,670 9,975,343 10,005,534		9,962,122 10,111,605 9,534,868	6,277,419 6,596,023 6,488,507	7,523,395 8,133,485 7,681,822
Total		112451 500		9,719,582		7,871,121 90,277,135

#### Bank Debits 14% Higher Than Last Year

Debits to individual accounts, as reported by banks in leading cities for the week ended Aug. 2 aggregated \$8,690,-000,000, or 11% above the total reported for the preceding week and 14% above the total for the corresponding week of last year.

Aggregate debits for the 141 cities for which a separate total has been maintained since January, 1919, amounted to \$8,042,000,000, compared with \$7,273,000,000 the preceding

week and \$6,983,000,000 the week ended Aug. 3 of last year.
These figures are as reported on Aug. 7, 1939, by the
Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System:

SUMMARY BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS

Federal Reserve District	No. of	Week Ended-				
rederal Reserve District	Centers Incl.	Aug. 2, 1939	Aug. 2, 1939   July 26, 1939			
1-Boston	17	\$452,352,000	\$456,851,000	\$423,107,000		
2-New York	15	3,922,857,000	3,554,652,000	3.296,018,000		
3-Philadelphia	18	500,540,000	372.054.000	382,129,000		
4—Cleveland	25	526,442,000	499.540.000	461,449,000		
5-Richmond	24	305,826,000	267,765,000	285,756,000		
6-Atlanta	26	237,114,000	212.242.000	246,014,000		
7-Chicago	41	1,268,106,000	1.069,152,000	1.057.725.000		
8-St. Louis	16	231,985,000	222,590,000	211,819,000		
9-Minneapolis	17	161,186,000	141,946,000	154,789,000		
10-Kansas City	28	258,506,000	270,693,000	265,532,000		
11-Dallas	18	184,471,000	187,691,000	179.072.000		
12—San Francisco	29	640,566,000	609,997,000	650,370,000		
Total	274	\$8,689,951,000	\$7,865,173,000	87,613,780,00		

#### Rayon Yarn Shipments for Seven Months 48% Above 1938 Period-Second Quarter Output 37% Higher Than Year Ago

Shipments of rayon yarn to domestic consumers totaled 32,900,000 pounds in July, according to records compiled by the "Rayon Organon," published by the Textile Economics Bureau, Inc., New York. This compares with shipments of 33,000,000 pounds in June and with 31,900,000 pounds in July, 1938. For the seven months ended July 31, rayon, yarm shipments, aggregated 194,100,000 pounds, or rayon yarn shipments aggregated 194,100,000 pounds, or 48% greater than the 131,300,000 pounds shipped in the corresponding period in 1938 and 4% above the total of 187,000,000 pounds in 1937. Further details, as reported by the Bureau on Aug. 9, follow:

As a result of the continued heavy shipments in July, producers' yarn stocks were reduced to 25,000,000 pounds as of July 31, or about a three weeks' supply at the July rate of shipments. Stocks on hand totaled 32,600,000 pounds on June 30 and 53,600,000 pounds at the close of July, 1938.

Production of rayon filament yarn by domestic producers aggregated

Production of rayon filament yarn by domestic producers aggregated 73,600,000 pounds during the second quarter of 1939. This total represents a drop of 10% compared with the output of 81,700,000 pounds reported for the first quarter of 1939, but was 37% greater than the second quarter output of 53,700,000 pounds last year.

While second-quarter production totaled 73,600,000 pounds, shipments in the same period aggregated 81,900,000 pounds. The "deficiency" naturally was drawn from producers' yarn stocks. By adopting this conservative production policy, it is pointed out, producers were able not only to sharply reduce their stocks of yarn, but also to make the necessary

machine repairs and changeovers in preparation for the usually heavy

third-quarter production schedules.

Production of viscose and cuprammonium yarn for the second quarter totaled 51,600,000 pounds against 56,900,000 pounds in the first quarter of 1939. Second-quarter acetate yarn production totaled 22,000,000 pounds in against 24,800,000 pounds in the first quarter and 16,000,000 pounds in the second quarter of 1938.

Domestic staple fiber production at 11,500,000 pounds in the second quarter was only slightly larger than the first-quarter total, but 72% greater than the second-quarter production last year. For the first half of 1939 domestic staple fiber production amounted to 22,500,000 pounds, or 91% greater than the 11,800,000-pound output of the first six months

## Secretary of Labor Perkins Reports Slight Gain in Total Building Permit Valuations from May to June—Total Construction Reported 42% Above June, 1938

There was a slight increase in total permit valuations reported to the Bureau of Labor Statistics from over 2,000 cities for the month of June as compared with May, Secretary of Labor Frances Perkins reported July 29. "New tary of Labor Frances Perkins reported July 29. residential construction declined by 14% and new non-residential construction increased by 41%," Miss Perkins said. "The decline in new residential building was due to a decrease in the United States Housing Authority projects from the record level attained in May." Secretary Perkins also stated:

As compared with June, 1938, the increase in total construction for which permits were reported was 42%. New residential was 44% above last year's level, and new non-residential 57%. Additions, alterations and repairs were 12% higher than a year ago.

In making available the report the Department of Labor also had the following to say:

The percentage change from May to June, 1939, in the permit valuation of the various classes of building construction is indicated in the following table for 2,006 cities having a population of 1,000 or over:

Construction of Construction	Change from May to June, 1939			
Class of Construction	All Cities	Ezcl. New York		
New residential  New non-residential  Additions, alterations, repairs	-14.0% +40.7% -6.0%	21.1% +44.8% 6.1%		
Total	+0.4%	-3.0%		

There were 26,552 family-dwelling units provided in new housekeeping awellings for which permits were issued during June in these 2,006 cities. Of these, 2,877 were in projects constructed under the jurisdiction of the United States Housing Authority. In May, 31,058 units were provided, of which 8,803 were in USHA projects.

The percentage change in the permit valuation from June, 1938, by

class of construction, is given below for the same 2,006 cities.

Class of Construction	Change from June, 1938 to June, 1939			
Class of Construction	All Cities	Ezcl. New York		
New residential	+44.4% +57.0% +12.3%	+43.5% +76.2% +21.2%		
Total	+41.9%	+49.1%		

Compared with June, 1938, there was an increase of 48% in the number

of family-dwelling units provided.

The value of permits issued, for which reports were received in the Bureau, during the first six months of 1939 was 30% greater than for the corresponding period of 1938. The increase was greatest in new residential building. The changes, by class of construction, are indicated below:

	Change from First 6 Mos. of 1938 to First 6 Mos. of 1939			
Class of Construction	All Cities	Ezcl. New York		
New residential	+46.9% +19.6% +8.3%	+65.1% +37.5% +13.8%		
Total	+30.4%	+44.9%		

In the 2,006 cities permits were issued for \$1,031,212,000 of construction during the first six months of 1939. Of this amount, \$558,253,000 was accounted for by new residential buildings, \$299,826,000 by new nonresdiential construction, and \$173,133,000 by additions, alterations, and repairs.

The data collected by the Bureau of Labor Statistics include contracts awarded by the Federal and State governments, in addition to private and municipal construction. For June, 1939, Federal and State construction amounted to \$33,033,000; for May, 1939, to \$35,234,000; and for June, 1938, to \$8,032,000.

Permits were issued during June for the following important building Permits were issued during June for the following important building projects: In Quincy, Mass., for a manufacturing plant building to cost \$550,000; in Elmira, N. Y., for a State Reformatory building to cost \$800,000; in White Plains, N. Y., for a USHA project to cost \$560,000; in New York City—in the Borough of Brooklyn, for one-family dwellings to cost \$1,300,000 and for apartment houses to cost \$760,000; in the Borough of Queens, for one-family dwellings to cost \$2,503,000 and for apartment houses to cost \$1,000,000; in the Borough of Manhattan, for apartment houses to cost \$7,300,000; in Weehawken Township, N. J., for school buildings to cost \$1,000,000; in Cleveland, Ohio, for USHA "Woodhill Homes," to cost \$2,300,000; in Columbus, Ohio, for commercial buildings to cost \$710,000; in Philadelphia, Pa., for one-family dwellings to ings to cost \$710,000; in Philadelphia, Pa., for one-family dwellings to cost \$1,500,000; in Pittsburgh, Pa., for the "Bedford" USHA project to cost \$1,700,000; in Washington, D. C., for one-family dwellings to cost cost \$1,700,000; in Washington, D. C., for one-family dwellings to cost \$1,000,000, for apartment houses to cost \$700,000, for an addition to St. Elizabeth's Hospital to cost \$600,000, for buildings for the Social Security and Railroad Retirement Boards to cost nearly \$12,000,000, for the superstructure for Thomas Jefferson Memorial to cost \$2,250,000, for the superstructure for the Gun Assembly Shop, United States Navy Yard, to cost \$500,000; in Chicago, Ill., for one-family dwellings to cost over \$1,600,000 and for commercial structures to cost nearly \$900,000; in

Detroit, Mich., for one-family dwellings to cost more than \$3,700,000; in Kansas City, Kans., for wholesale and farm market buildings to cost \$1,700,000; in Minneapolis, Minn., for one-family dwellings to cost \$500,000; in Baltimore, Md., for one-family dwellings to cost \$600,000; in Richmond, Va., for a hospital for the Medical College of Virginia to cost \$1,500,000; in Columbia, S. C., for a State office building to cost \$750,000 and dormitories to cost \$500,000, both PWA projects; in Mont-somery. Also, for willity buildings, elevators, for for the Veterans' Ad-\$750,000 and dormitories to cost \$500,000, both PWA projects; in Montgomery, Ala., for utility buildings, elevators, &c., for the Veterans' Administration Facility to cost over \$1,000,000; in Memphis, Tenn., the USHA "Vance Street" project to cost \$2,800,000; in Knoxville, Tenn., for the USHA "Western Heights" project to cost \$1,000,000; in Miami, Fla., for one-family dwellings to cost \$800,000 and additional contracts on the USHA "Liberty Square" project to cost about \$1,000,000; in Miami Beach, Fla., for hotels to cost \$750,000; in Natchitoches, La., for buildings for the State Normal School to cost \$800,000; in Houston, Tex., for non-family dwellings to cost \$1,000,000; in Alamede Calif. for for one-family dwellings to cost \$1,000,000; in Alameda, Calif., for buildings for the United States Naval Air Service to cost \$1,400,000; in Long Beach, Calif., for one-family dwellings to cost \$600,000; in Los Angeles, Calif., for one-family dwellings to cost \$3,400,000 and for apartment houses to cost \$1,000,000; in San Francisco, Calif., for one-family dwellings to cost \$750,000 and for United States Government buildings to cost \$500,000; in Burbank, Calif., for one-family dwellings to cost \$600,000; in Section West for the states of the dwellings to cost \$600,000; in Section West for the states of the states \$600,000; in Seattle, Wash., for one-family dwellings to cost \$600,000; and in Honolulu, T. H., for school buildings to cost nearly \$800,000.

TABLE 1.—PERMIT VALUATION OF BUILDING CONSTRUCTION, TOGETHER WITH THE NUMBER OF FAMILIES PROVIDED FOR IN NEW DWELLINGS, IN 2.006 IDENTICAL CITIES IN NINE REGIONS OF THE UNITED STATES, AS SHOWN BY PERMITS ISSUED UNITED 1020

15 M		New Residential Buildings						
Constant	No.	Permu	Percentage Change from—		No. of Families	Percentage Change from—		
Geographic Division	Cities	June, 1939 May, 1939		June, 1938	Provided for, June '39	May, 1939	June, 1938	
All divisions	2,006	\$100072,491	-14.0	+44.4	26,552	-14.4	+47.6	
New England	141 511			+6.5		-13.6 +9.1		
East North Central West North Central	447 195	21,307,797	-12.1 -38.0	+64.3	4,495	-16.4 -38.2	+72.7	
South Atlantic East South Central_	229 79	12,462,687	-21.7 -7.9	+49.0	3,509	-23.5 $-10.0$	+61.7	
West South Central Mountain	117 87	2,146,033	-10.5		664	$-47.1 \\ -17.3$		
Pacific	200	16,250,699	-2.3	+18.1	4,823	-2.5	+21.3	

	New Non-Residential Buildings		Total Builds (Including and					
Geographic Division Permit		Percentage Change from—		Permit	Percentage Change from—		Population (Census of 1930)	
Valuation June, 193	June, 1939	May, 1939	June, 1938	Valuation, June, 1939	May. 1939	June, 1938		
All divisions	\$ 65,904,921	+40.7	+57.0	196,909,470	+0.4	+41.9	59,486,442	
New England. Mid. Atlantic.	10,676,672	+40.9 +31.8	-13.5		-1.0 +7.5	+18.8	18,373,420	
E. No. Central W. No. Central South Atlantic	5,015,731	-22.8 + 20.1 + 324.3	+112.0		-16.0 $-22.5$ $+62.5$			
E. So. Central. W. So. Central	2,679,069 3,326,431	+152.6 $-17.3$	-36.4	8,924,519 10,691,166	+12.7 $-37.0$	+252.7 $-2.8$	1,692,786 3,176,580	
Mountain	1,234,263 7,522,734		$+217.5 \\ +74.7$	27,595,472	-20.9 -4.3	$+46.6 \\ +26.4$	1,177,053 5,202,153	

#### May Statistics of the Electric Light and Power Industry The following statistics for the month of May, covering

100% of the electric light and power industry, were released on July 31 by the Edison Electric Institute:

SOURCE AND DISPOSAL OF ENERGY DURING MONTH OF MAY

STATE OF THE PARTY	1939	1938	Per Ct.
Source of Energy— Kilowatthours generated (net): By fuel burning plants By water power.	5,939,218,000 3,783,277,000	5,024,370,000 3,574,315,000	+18.2 +5.8
Total generation	9,722,495,000	8,598,685,000	+11.8
Net purchases: From "other sources" Net international imports	312,492,000 113,498,000	283,957,000 97,229,000	+10.0 +16.3
Total purchased power	425,990,000	381,186,000	+11.8
Total input	10,148,485,000	8,979,871,000	+13.0
Disposal of Energy— Total sales to ultimate customers	8,282,497,000	7,231,257,000	+14.5
Company use, &c.: Used in electric railway department Used in electric and other departments Furnished free or exchanged in kind	138,944,000 4,996,000	30,255,000 146,927,000 2,275,000	-15.9 -5.4
Total company use, &c	169,386,000	179,457,000	-5.6
Total energy accounted forLosses and unaccounted for	8,451,883,000 1,696,602,000 10,148,485,000	7,410,714,000 1,569,157,000 8,979,871,000	+14.0 +8.1 +13.0
Classification of Kilowaithour Sales— Residential or domestic	1,604,291,000	1,471,200,000	+9.0
Small light and power (retail) Large light and power (wholesale) Public street and highway lighting	1,564,010,000 4,302,902,000 121,204,000	1,434,549,000 3,537,618,000 118,000,000	+9.6 +21.6 +2.5
Other public authorities	193,299,000 311,079,000 149,468,000	207,461,000 316,505,000 111,361,000	-6. -1. +34.
Interdepartmental	36,244,000	34,563,000	+4.
Sales to ultimate customers	8,282,497,000	7,231,257,000	+14.
Estimated Resenue— Revenue from ultimate customers Other electric revenue	\$180,782,500 2,329,000	\$169,087,2 <del>0</del> 0 1,986,900	+6. +17.
Total revenue	\$183,111,500	\$171,074,100	+7.

#### RESIDENTIAL OR DOMESTIC ELECTRIC SERVICE

Management of the contract of	12 Months Ended May 31				
	1939	1938	% Change		
Kilowatthours per customerAverage annual bill	874 \$36.36 4.16e	825 \$35.63 4.32e	+5.9 +2.0 -3.7		

# Total Value of Exports and Imports of Merchandise by Grand Divisions and Principal Countries for Six Months Ended June, 1939 and 1938

The Department of Commerce on Aug. 7, 1939, issued its report showing the merchandise imports and exports by grand divisions and principal countries for the six months ended June 31, 1938 and 1939. The following are the tables complete:

VALUE OF EXPORTS INCLUDING REEXPORTS FROM, AND VALUE OF GENERAL IMPORTS INTO, THE UNITED STATES BY GRAND DIVISIONS AND COUNTRIES (Corrected to July 31, 1939)

Grand Division and Country  Grand total	1938			IMPORTS 6 Mos. End. Jun		
Grand total		1939	1938	1939		
	\$ 1,590,788	1,415,427	\$ 960,955	1,094,56		
North America	381,766	343,494	243,681	272,29		
Northern	244,880	205,480	119,581	151,770		
Canada_d	241,248	201,768	116,484	148,802		
Greenland Miqueion and St. Pierre Islands a	63	80	20	20		
Newfoundland and Labrador_c	3,570	3,631	3,070	2,94		
Southern	136,886	138,014	124,101	120,527		
Mexico Central America	34,260 24,403	40,038 27,343	27,698 19,510	30,053 22,943		
British Honduras c	581	486	1,049	921		
Costa Rica a	2,383 3,427	3,940 4,003	2,287 5,237	1,900 6,385		
Honduras a	3,074 1,203	2,724 2,005	2,579 1,631	3,569 2,208		
Nicaragua a	5,001 7,016	5,347 7,027	1,863 301	1,596		
Panama Canal Zone  El Salvador a  West Indies and Bermuda	1,718	1,810	4,562	6,126		
	78,223	70,633	76,893	67,529		
British—Bermuda_c Barbados_c	2,005 505	2,115 526	187 187	174 164		
Tamatan a	2,655 3,748	2,654 2,764	547 966	522 623		
Trinidad and Tobago.c Other British West Indies.c	1,731	1,767	707	756		
Cuba_a Dominican Republic	40,470 2,879	36,480 3,038	60,322 2,679	50,976 2,988		
Netherlands West Indies a	21,706 1,024	18,414	9,572	9,639		
Halti_s	1,501	2,262	1,644	1,564		
South America	158,499	141,097	130,842	147,228		
North Coast	49,121	54,236	35,873	36,705		
Colombia_a	19,038	24,505	23,950 482	23,704 242		
Surinam (Netherlands) a	453 66	336	1,726	1,732		
Venezuela	29,074	28,827	9,701	11,004		
East Coast	83,498	62,760	70,441	85,092		
Argentina	49,538	27,561	20,854	30,842		
Brazil a Falkland Islands c	30,655	33,367	47,244	49,955		
Paraguay	308 2,994	1,466	1,864	648 3,647		
West Coast	25,880	24,100	24,528	25,431		
	2,533		363	862		
Bolivia	12,499	2,449 11,155	18,139	17,163		
Ecuador a	1,909 8,940	2,181 8,316	1,002 5,024	1,654 5,751		
Europe	669,559	571,310	258,859	313,909		
Northwestern and Central	558,014	484,492	189,816	239,782		
Austria_e	646 42,691	33,080	1,271 18,532	31,504		
Beigium a Czechoslovakia be	12,686	3,758	14,C74	4,023		
Prance a	13,590 67,935	9,577	1,445 23,950	1,794 33,065		
Germany e Hungary e	50,018 662	34,624	28,252	35,481 2,286		
Iceland	77	74	1,641 728	867		
Netherlands_a	16,646 50,287	5,640 41,504	418 12,184	16,059		
Norway Sweden_a	12,661 30,444	10,822 39,008	6,976 20,029	9,722 17,921		
Switzerland.a.	5,134 254,437	5,874 229,733	8,869 51,447	13,679 72,731		
United Kingdom c	58,196	39,698	26,264	30,638		
Estonia	530	775	437	521		
Finland a Latvia	5,644 820	6,257	8,768 266	10,240 485		
Lithuania e Poland and Dansig e	339 13,484	288 11,654	7.394	320 8,055		
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	37,378	20,109	8,994	11,018		
Southwestern	43,517	38,012	27,928	27,039		
Asores and Madeira Islands	129 250	388 134	183	217		
Italy Portugal	29,952 7,437	26,368 4,113	21,048 1,476	19,198 2,693		
Spain	5,749	7,009	5,218	4,927		
Southeastern	9,832	9,108	14,851	16,449		
Albania Bulgaria	130	87 222	1,348	1,172		
Malta, Gozo, and Cyprus Islands.c.	4,495	3,970 325	10,394	11,013 354		
Rumania	3,202 1,136	3,609 896	1,147	1,331		

Grand Division and Country	6 Mos. E		6 Mos. E	
(Concluded)	1938	1939	1938	1939
Asla	3 272,419	\$ 265,278	\$ 293,297	\$ 308,526
Western	19,562	15,173	10,233	13,866
THE RESERVE WAS A SPORT OF THE PARTY.	205	114	122	51
Aden_c	4,401	2,233	1,431	2,128
Iraq	1,652	1,389	569	1,634
Paidsting_C	1.409	3.510	202	490
Saudi Arabia (includes Yemen, etc.).	1,658	1,938	257	505
Syria	1,226 9,011	1,643 4,346	6,881	1,428 7,631
Southern and Southeastern	83,052	94,119	199,808	204,782
British India	17.103	17,030	31,175	34,643
Burma	17,103 1,342 4,771		75	180
British Malaya fc	4,771	1,977 3,713	63,023	61,485
Ceylon c	636	650	7,564	10,910
Netherlands Indies a	12,769	16,823	35,428	38,846
French Indochina a	1,771 41,772	4,462 46,068	3,624 56,319	5,550 49,704
Siam	1,290	1,628	174	174
SiamOther Asia	1,599	1,767	2,426	3,291
Eastern	169,804	155,986	83,255	89,877
China	21,849	25,755	21,863	25,770
Hongkong c	11,811	10,932	1,943	1,821
Kwantung	11,029	8,262	917	800
Japan	125,115	111,037	58,532	61,487
Oceania	47,873	37,465	6,970	13,720
Australia	35,842	27,808	3,739	7,390
New Zealand	11,396	9,020	2,603	6,044
British Oceania_c French Oceania_a	342 293	302 335	160 468	30 256
frica	60,672	56,784	27,305	38,883
Mediterranean	12,236	11,243	5,516	5,983
Algeria_a	1,493	1,423	890	1,222
Tunisia a	787	747	1.235	422
Egypt	6,468	6,087	2,568	3,552
Italian Africa g	49	60	95	100
Morocco Spanish Africa—Canary Islands	1,806	2,101	628	606
Other Spanish Africa	843 790	387 439	98	81
Other Africa	48,436	45,541	21,789	32,901
		-	67	209
Ethiopia Belgian Congo British Africa:	1,113	1,069	294	712
East h c	2,063	1,426	2,433 7,849	2,735
South—Union of South Africa	35,060	34,081	2,145	2,735 13,143 1,963
Other British South Africa.c	1,071	1 230	2,499	5,283
West—Gold Coast_c Nigeria_c	1,206	1,230 707	2,201	3,925
Other British West Africa c	172	199	404	377
French Africa, North, East, South: Madagascar a	-			
Madagascar a	315	215	1,140	1,228
Other French Africa, N. E. S.a	2,102 462	1,701	1,886	2,250 794
LiberiaPortuguese Africa—Mozambique	3.095	3,023	35	25
Other Portuguese Africa.	627	695	289	257

a Countries with which reciprocal trade agreements are in effect. b Reciprocal trade agreement became effective April 16, 1938. c Reciprocal trade agreement became effective Jan. 1, 1939. d Reciprocal trade agreement replaced Jan. 1, 1939. e For statistical purposes, trade with Austria beginning May 6, 1938, and that with the Sudeten area, as far as ascertainable, beginning Nov. 10, 1938, are included with Germany, while trade with the other Czecho-Slovak provinces occupied by Germany, Hungary and Poland has been included with these countries since March 18 or 19, 1939. Trade with the Lithuanian territory of Memel has been included with Germany since March 25, 1939. f Except Unfederated Malay States. g Includes Tripolitania and Circnaica (Libya), Eritrea on the Red Sea, and Italian Somaliland. h Northern Rhodesia and Somaliland. i Reciprocal trade agreement became effective May 5, 1939.

# Summary of Business Conditions in Federal Reserve Districts

Indications of the trend of business in the various Federal Reserve districts are shown in the following extracts which we give from the "Monthly Reviews" of the Federal Reserve banks of Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Cleve-land, Richmond, Atlanta, Chicago, St. Louis, Minneapolis, Kansas City, Dallas and San Francisco:

#### First (Boston) District

The Federal Reserve Bank of Boston, in its "Monthly Review" dated Aug. 1, states that "during June the level of general business activity in New England increased slightly over that which prevailed in May, after allowances had been made for customary seasonal changes." The Bank also had the following to say:

The improvement appeared to be general throughout most of the major

The improvement appeared to be general throughout most of the major lines of activity. Aggregate business activity in June was about 20% higher than in June last year, and during the four-week period ending July 8 total freight car loadings in New England were 6.9% larger than in the corresponding four-week period last year. Department store sales in this district during June were 2.2% higher than in June a year ago.

Boot and shoe production in New England during June is estimated to have been 10,123,000 pairs, which was about 13% under that of May, but was 19.6% higher than in June last year.

Wool consumption by mills in New England during June was about 18% larger than in May and for the first half of 1939 exceeded that of last year by about 85%. During June raw cotton consumption in New England mills was 72,095 bales, an amount slightly less than in May but considerably higher than in June last year. During the first six months of the current year cotton consumption in this district, at 443,633 bales. was 33.5% greater than during the corresponding period a year bales, was 33.5% greater than during the corresponding period a year

During June there was a decrease of 0.7% from May in the total number of wage-earners employed in representative manufacturing establishments in Massachusetts, but there was an increase of 0.8% in the amount of aggregate weekly payrolls, according to the Massachusetts Department of Lebor and Industries. During the 14-year period, 1925-1938, inclusive, there has been an average decline in employment of 1.8% and an average decrease of 2.6% in the amount paid in wages. This year the decrease in employment between May and June was less than the average and there was a small increase in payrolls rather than the usual decline.

declined in July.

#### Second (New York) District

"The general level of production and trade appears to have been well maintained in July," said the Federal Re-serve Bank of New York in its "Monthly Review" of Aug. 1 in presenting its indexes of business activity. The Bank

Shutdowns of automobile plants for model changes, which formerly came near the year-end, but which have been concentrated in August and September since 1935, are coming somewhat earlier this year, and there has been a sharp reduction in automobile assemblies, in anticipation of changeovers to new models. It is reported that one independent manufacturer began to assemble 1940 cars during the latter part of July, although final runs on this year's models made up the bulk of the month's attrough final runs on this year's models made up the bulk of the months production. Steel mill operations, on the other hand, increased steadily after Independence Day shutdowns, and reached about 60% of capacity by the final week in July, the highest rate since the peak of 62% or 63% late last year. . . Operations at the end of July were at the highest rate, with the exception of that temporary peak, since October, 1937. According to trade reports, automobile companies are not yet taking steel for new models in a substantial way, but steel has been in active demand for construction projects and miscellaneous steel been in active demand for construction projects and miscellaneous steel consuming lines. Cotton textile mills operated at a relatively high rate for July, and bituminous coal mining rose further. Merchandise and miscellaneous freight car loadings were slightly lower than the June rate in the first three weeks of July, while shipments of bulk commodities advanced seasonally. Department store sales in this district for the first three weeks of July appear to have shown about the usual seasonal decline from the June level. from the June level.

After taking seasonal factors into account, industrial production rose considerably between May and June, and railway freight traffic also increased, while retail trade was maintained near the May level. Two developments during May—heavy orders received during a period of price reductions and the resumption of bituminous coal mining—appear to have stimulated steel mill operations, and ingot production increased between May and June, instead of declining as in most past years. Pig iron output also expanded, copper production increased moderately, and automobile assemblies, responding to a well-maintained volume of retail sales, were somewhat greater than in May, contrary to the usual experience. Cotton mill activity was reduced less than in many other years, and wool mills increased their operations. Declines were shown in meat packing and in lead production. lead production.

During June department store sales throughout the United States showed approximately the usual seasonal decline from the May level, but in this district sales were higher than in May, whereas usually little change occurs. Sales of chain grocery stores for the country as a whole were about unchanged from May to June, and sales of other chain stores showed about the customary seasonal advance, while mail order house sales were somewhat lower than in May as in many recent years. Owing mainly to resumption of bituminous coal shipments, total freight car loadings rose

considerably during June.

Reflecting recovery of world trade, large-scale naval construction, and, most recently, inception of the Maritime Commission's 10-year program to rebuild and enlarge the United States merchant marine, American shipbuilding has displayed a marked expansion.

(Adjusted for seasonal variations, for estimated long term trend, and where nece

		1		1
	June 1938	April 1939	May 1939	June 1939
Industrial Production—		71727 15		
Steel	377	61	59	71
Copper	50	72	72	750
Passenger cars	32	62	52	57
Motor trucks	46	72	68	74
Bituminous coal	62	34	50	79p
Crude petroleum	81	89	89	86p
Electric power	867	91	912	94p
Cement 7	54	60	57	0.0
Cotton consumption	74	97	94	97
Wool consumption	74	85	98	1132
Shoes	89	99	99p	105p
Meat packing	78	83	88	84
Tobacco products	86	89	92	91
Employment—				
Employment, manufacturing, United States	83	92	91	93p
Employee hours, manufacturing, United States	62	73	73	75p
Construction—		-		
Residential building contracts	31 45	37	45 52	41
	-		-	***
Primary Distribution—				-
Car loadings, merchandise and miscellaneous	69	76	77	77
Car loadings, other	63	60	66	78
Exports	85	81	91	88
Imports	64	77	77	74
Distribution to Consumer—	-	T 00.1	,allou	-
Department store sales, United States	80	85	84	84p
Department store sales, 2nd District	777	79	78	80p
Chain grocery sales	100	114	118	119p
Other chain store sales	88	99	93	94p
Mail order house sales	877	102	1057	102p
New passenger car registrations	40	68	66	68
Velocity of Deposits z	47.71	100	11.31	
Velocity of demand deposits, outside New York				
City (1919-25 average=100)	60	59	60	59
Velocity of demand deposits, New York City	40			
(1919-25 average=100)	42	31	32	34
Prices and Wages z				
General price level (1913 average=100)	152	152	152p	153p
Cost of living (1913 average=100)	149	146	146	146
Wage rates (1926 average—100)	111	111	1110	

p Preliminary. r Revised. z Not adjusted for trend.

#### Third (Philadelpiha) District

Business activity in the Philadelphia Federal Reserve District continues well maintained, it is stated in the Aug. 1 "Business Review" of the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia. From the "Review" we also take the following:

Production and sales of commodities are substantially exceeding the levels prevailing in the first part of last year, and some further improvement is indicated by the July reports from several important lines of trade and industry.

Output of manufactures increased slightly from May to June, while production of anthracite and crude petroleum declined. Employment and payrolls in 12 branches of trade and industry increased considerably during

the month and as compared with a year ago. Early reports from manufacturing plants indicate that employment, payrolls and working time in July were sustained close to or at higher than seasonal levels, and in the case of industries producing consumers' goods, including textiles, an im-

provement in activity is shown.

Residential building has been considerably above the level of last year.

There apparently exists an active demand for houses selling at a moderate Rental demand for houses in the lower-priced range also seems to be relatively strong. With some exceptions, the volume of operations on non-residential buildings, on the other hand, has been smaller than a year Contracts for public works and utilities show virtually no change from a year ago but were larger in the first half of this year than in the same period last year. Declines in contract awards for all types of construction from May to June were partly seasonal. .

of farmers has been somewhat less this year than last.

Dollar sales of merchandise by retail and wholesale establishments have been well maintained at levels higher than last year. Inventories have been reduced further and continue noticeably smaller than a year ago. Ship-ments of goods by rail and water show improvement and exceed the

volume of last year. Commodity prices generally show little change, although in several in-stances manufacturers report slight advances since early June. Industrial staples have been firm, while agricultural products, especially grains,

#### Fourth (Cleveland) District

The Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland, in its "Monthly Business Review" dated July 31, reports that "the slight improvement in business sentiment which was noted late in May gathered momentum in June and the first three weeks of July." The Bank further states:

Operating rates in most Fourth District industries have increased, and now approach or exceed the levels of last January. A spirit of caution still prevails, however, and except in a few cases, raw materials and supplies are being purchased only as needed. Employment figures now available for June, which in most cases relate to the middle of the month, show slight gains in the number of men working, but larger increases in employee-hours and payrolls. Ohio industrial employment increased 1½% in June over May, but payrolls rose nearly 5%.

Steel, machine tools, and consumers' goods lines continued to lead the way. After a let-down in the first week of July as a result of the Independence Day holiday and vacations, steel operations rose to the highest rate since last November. . . . Machine tool buying remained at a high level during June, with some increase from domestic sources. Operating rates in most Fourth District industries have increased, and

rate since last November. . . Machine tool buying remaine high level during June, with some increase from domestic sources.

June was a very quiet month in the coal trade, but improvement in steel resulted in some pick-up in the demand for industrial grades during July. Shipping by way of the lakes was quite active, and in mid-July the number of boats in the coal and ore trade rose to more than 68% of the number available. This compares with 40% on the same rate last

Producers of consumers' goods were generally quite active during June and early July. Clothing manufacturers were operating at, or close to, and early July. Clothing manufacturers were operating at, or close to, capacity in order to provide for early shipment of fall lines, and payrolls at Ohio men's clothing plants increased 6% in June over May. Orders for fall delivery were said to be well above last year, and in some cases approached 1937. Shoe factories reported similar conditions, with a gain in June payrolls of 15%. Sales of tires in the replacement market were larger in June than in any month since 1933, and rubber companies continued to operate about 50% ahead of last year. Other retail sales, as evidenced by department stores, decreased a little less than seasonally in June.

#### Fifth (Richmond) District

From the July 31 "Monthly Review" of the Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond we take the following regarding business conditions in the Fifth District:

All important indicators of trade and industry in the Fifth Reserve District showed improvement in June as compared with June, 1938, and practically all of them also compared favorably with May, 1939, figures, if seasonal trends be taken into account. The most outstanding improve-ment in June over June last year was in construction, which rose 70% in value of building permits issued and 54% in contracts actually awarded. Much of the large volume of construction work is partially financed by Federal grants or loans, and Federal insurance of loans through the Federal Housing Authority has also been an important factor in stimulating residential building.

Employment is better than in any other July in several years, not only inconstruction fields but also in textile plants, ever mines, to become feeter.

in construction fields but also in textile plants, coal mines, tobacco fac-tories, and many less important industries. Retail trade as reflected in department store sales, furniture sales and registrations of new passenger automobiles is running considerably above the levels of this time last year.

Coal mines are unusually busy for this season, working to rebuild reserve stocks which were pulled down during the April and May shutdown in bituminous fields. Output of tobacco factories in June was very large, and production of cigarettes numbering 16,594,511,013 set a new record for a single month.

#### Sixth (Atlanta) District

The following regarding business conditions in the Sixth (Atlanta) Federal Reserve District is taken from the July 31 "Monthly Review" of the Federal Reserve Bank of

Distribution of merchandise through reporting department stores and wholesale firms declined less in June than they usually do. Building permits at reporting cities, and contracts awarded for construction other than residential, increased further in June. Pig iron production increased, following a four-month decline, and steel mill activity has recently risen to the highest level of the year. Business failures dropped sharply in June.

ne. . . . . . Department store sales declined in June, as they usually do. decrease, however, was less than seasonal, and the index of daily average sales, after seasonal adjustment, rose 2.6% from May, was 14.5% above the index for June last year, and is the highest for June of any year in the series which began with 1919. June sales reported to the United States Department of Commerce by 147 wholesale firms in this district dropped 4.9% from May, a decline slightly less than usually occurs, and were

#### Seventh (Chicago) District

The Chicago Federal Reserve Bank, in its "Business Conditions" report of July 26, states that "instead of showing the usual midsummer lull which appears in June, Seventh District business activity in the month this year was well maintained." The Bank also had the following to say:

Declines, where evident, were for the most part less than seasonal in nature, and several phases recorded contra-seasonal increases over May. An important reflection of these trends was a gain in industrial employment over a month earlier. Throughout the first half of 1939 the level of industry and trade in the district has been well above the low volumes of industry and trade in the district has been well above the low volumes of the corresponding 1938 period. Some hesitancy developed at times in production phases but, with employment and payrolls held at relatively steady levels and with farm income above a year ago, consumer buying has been good over the six months. Inventories still appear to be in satisfactory position. The volume of building construction has been an especially favorable factor in the district this year, although the June amount showed a small decrease from the month last year. During the first half of 1939 business failures in the area were sharply lower in aggregate liability involved than in the 1938 period, while their number totaled only slightly less.

Sustained by miscellaneous sources of demand, operations of Chicago district steel mills were averaging 54% of capacity in the third week of July, or 4½ points higher than a month earlier. Aggregate production of automobiles in June showed a non-seasonal gain over May and the of automobiles in June showed a non-seasonal gain over May and the largest increase over a year ago so far in 1939; by the middle of July, 1939, model runs were being rapidly completed. Shipments from steel and malleable casting foundries of the Seventh District expanded over the preceding month, as did those from paper mills; incoming business in these industries declined in June. In contrast to the heavier output in most production phases, building construction diminished 8% from the May volume, mostly because of a decrease in residential building, and was 3% under a year ago. However, in the first half of 1939 total construc-3% under a year ago. However, in the first half of 1939 total construction exceeded that of the same 1938 period by almost one-third, with residential building heavier by 80%.

The increases during June in industrial employment and payrolls of the Seventh District were counter to the usual trend for the month. Em-

ployment has been well maintained so far this year, and in midsummer

remained much larger than in 1938. . . . . . . In accordance with seasonal trend, most lines of retail trade in the Seventh District showed some decline in June from the preceding month, although the decrease in department store sales was only 1%, in retail furniture trade was smaller than usual for the period, and sales of shoes at retail rose 6% in the total over May. There was a slight gain during June in the aggregate of wholesale trade in the area, and except in groceries it was well above a year earlier. Both the retail and wholesale distribution of commodities in the first half of 1939 exceeded the corresponding 1988 levels. Although margins of decline from a year ago have narrowed, inventories remain smaller than at that time.

#### Eighth (St. Louis) District

In the July 28 "Business Conditions" report of the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis, it is stated that "general business in the Eighth District through June and the first half of July carried forward at a slightly accelerated rate the improvement achieved during late April and May.' monthly review also had the following to say:

The betterment in actual volumes of industry and trade was accompanied by noticeable improvement in sentiment in the business community, based largely on an expansion in orders received and some relaxation in ultra conservatism in purchasing which has characterized recent ths. Production in a majority of classifications of both durable and non-durable goods expanded during June as compared with May, and

non-durable goods expanded during June as compared with May, and volumes were substantially larger than a year ago. As reflected in traffic of railroads operating in the district, as well as statistics of merchants available to this bank, distribution of merchandise in June was also measurably greater than for that month in 1938. . . .

Operations in the iron and steel industry in June showed strong resistance to the usual recessionary seasonal trend. Schedules at both mills and foundries averaged slightly highly than during May. June output of bituminous coal at district mines was 4.2% in excess of the same month a year ago. Production of lumber in June showed little change from May a year ago. Production of lumber in June showed little change from May, and new orders and shipments continue to run measurably shead of current production. Consumption of electric power by industrial users in the principal centers was 6% greater than in May and 16.6% in excess of the June, 1938, load.

Gauged by department store sales in the principal centers, the volume of retail trade in the Eighth District in June was 12.5% smaller than in May, but 8.4% greater than in June, 1938; for the first six months this year cumulative total was larger by 5.4% than during the comparable period in 1938.

#### Ninth (Minneapolis) District

According to the Minneapolis Federal Reserve Bank, business volume declined slightly in June after increasing in March, April and May. In its "Monthly Review" of July 28 the Bank also had the following to say:

Building permits issued in 53 cities in June were well above those issued in June last year in both number and amount, but the increase over the same month in the preceding year was far less marked in June than in preceding months. Permits for new construction accounted for about four-fifths of the total and showed a little larger increase over June, 1938, than permits for building modernization and repairs.

Department store sales in June were 3% larger than in June last year, with the increase at city stores slightly exceeding the gain at country

Business failures in June were fewer in number but larger in amount than in May. Both number and amount were smaller than in June, 1938.

The volume of production in our district in June, as indicated by several unadjusted indicators, was a little lower than in May but higher than in June last year. Electric power consumption in May was a little larger than in April, and the Minnesota employment index rose in May to 101.9 from 99.4 in the preceding month. . . . Flour production both at Minneapolis and at other Northwestern mills decreased during the month, but flour shipments were a little larger than in May.

#### Tenth (Kansas City) District

The following regarding business and agricultural conditions in the Tenth (Kansas City) Federal Reserve Dis-

trict is taken from the July 31 "Monthly Review" of the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City:

The wheat crop was better than earlier anticipated but an unusually good corn prospect has been hurt by dry and very hot weather. Near the end of July the corn crop remained highly uncertain. The price of both wheat and corn has tended downward since the first of June.

Hog prices have strengthened somewhat since early in June but are about three and a half cents under a year ago. The price of beef steers is lower than earlier in the year and more than two cents a pound under

Production figures are mixed. Building is less active, contracts awarded being 30% and lumber sales 13% lower.

Total retail sales in the district both in June and in the first six

month of the year were better than 3% above a year ago.

The value of wholesale sales in the district rose further from May to June but, in contrast with a May increase of 6% over last year, June sales were only 2% larger and total sales for the year to date remain at about the 1938 level.

#### Eleventh (Dallas) District

From the Aug. 1 "Monthly Business Review" of the Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas we take the following regarding business conditions in the Eleventh (Dallas) District:

The agricultural outlook was improved further by heavy rains that fell over the major portion of the Eleventh District during June and the first half of July. Although department store sales declined by more than the usual seasonal amount in June, they were about as large as in that month in 1938. Wholesale distribution was well sustained and the volume of sales was 5% in excess of that for the same month last year. The value of construction contracts awarded declined further by 15% from May to June, due chiefly to the smaller volume of residential building, but total awards for all classes of construction during June were 6% larger than in the corresponding month last year. Daily average production of crude oil declined moderately in June, and then increased somewhat during the first half of July; nevertheless, production during the six-week period was at a substantially higher level than in that period of 1938.

#### Twelfth (San Francisco) District

After declining slightly in the first four months of the year, business volumes in the Twelfth Federal Reserve District turned upward in May and were well maintained at the higher levels in June and July, said the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco in its "Business Conditions" of July 27. "Measures of industry and trade are generally higher than a year ago, but they are still somewhat lower than the best levels recorded late last fall." The Bank, in its further observations, stated, in part:

Outputs of lumber, automobiles, furniture, copper, and flour were about the same in June as in May, while activity at aircraft plants, motion pic-ture studios, and petroleum refineries increased. Crude oil production was reduced further in June, under the voluntary curtailment program, but rose somewhat in the first half of July. Factory employment and payrolls, which usually are about the same in June as in May in Pacific Coast States, increased further in June this year. To a considerable extent this increase was a reflection of continued expansion in activity at aircraft

New residential building undertaken in the district during June increased considerably, after allowance for seasonal influences, gains being reported in all the principal sections of the district. In July, however, a decline in the index to about the May level is indicated by preliminary figures covering the larger cities of the district. . . . Retail trade was maintained during June at about the level to which the district is the district of the distr

it had risen in May. Department store sales were unchanged, allowing for seasonal influences, while sales of apparel stores, of groceries, and of building materials resisted the decreases customary in those lines in the early summer. Seasonally adjusted furniture store sales, which had increased considerably in recent months, were lower in June than in May, but remained above the level of any other month since January. new automobiles increased further in June following a sharp advance in May, but the June increase was not as large as has been customary in that month.

# Seasonal Increases in Illinois Employment and Payrolls Reported During May-June Period

Employment and payrolls in Illinois industry increased seasonally during the May-June period, it was announced July 28 by the Division of Statistics and Research of the Illinois Department of Labor. Reports from 6,869 manufacturing and non-manufacturing establishments in Illinois showed increases of 0.2 of 1% in employment and 0.8 of 1% in payrolls, the Department explained, adding:

The current May-June increases are to be compared with the increase of 0.1 of 1% in employment and 0.6 of 1% in payrolls which are the average May-June changes for all reporting industries in Illinois during the 16-year period, 1923-38. Increases in both employment and payrolls have been reported in nine of the precedent of the Division of Statistics and Research.

records of the Division of Statistics and Research. Indexes show that employment has increased 2.3% and total wage payment 3.4% between January and June, 1939. As compared with a year ago, the current June indexes show that employment and payrolls have increased 6.4% and 12.1%, respectively. However, approximately 765 persons were employed in June, 1939, for every 1,000 persons employed during the 1925-27 period.

Practically no changes in wage rates were reported during June, 1939. Only 10 reports of wage rate increases, affecting 554 workers, were received by the Division. Two wage rate reductions, affecting 111 persons, were reported. Only 0.1 of 1% of the total number of workers reported were affected by wage rate changes. The weighted average rate of increase was 4.7% and that of decrease 7.1%.

#### Changes in Employment and Total Wages Paid to Men and Women

Reports from 4,720 manufacturing and non-manufacturing establish-ents which designated the sex of their work forces showed a decrease of 0.5 of 1% in the number of male workers employed but an increase of 0.8 of 1% in total wage payments to men. Increases of 0.8 of 1% in the number of women employed and 2.2% in the amount of wage payments to them were reported.

In the manufacturing classification, 2,303 establishments which reported separately by sex increased employment of men 0.5 of 1% and that of

women 0.4 of 1%. Total wage payments to men increased 1.5%, and those to women increased 2.2% during the May-June period.

The employment of men dropped 4.2% while that of women increased 2.1% during the May-June period, according to reports from 2,417 non-manufacturing establishments which reported data separately by sex. In these establishments total wage payments to men declined 1.8% while those to women increased 2.3%. The decreases in employment and pay-rolls reported for men were largely contined to the coal mining industry. rolls reported for men were largely confined to the coal mining industry.

Average Weekly Earnings During June

In all reporting industries average weekly earnings were \$26.47 for both sexes combined; \$29.10 for male and \$16.03 for female workers. Weekly earnings in the manufacturing industries averaged \$26.50 for male and female workers combined; \$29.31 for men and \$16.46 for women. In the non-manufacturing industries these earnings averaged \$26.41 for men and women; \$28.28 for men and \$14.67 for women.

Changes in Man-Hours During June in Comparison with May

In all reporting industries 4,627 enterprises reported man-hours for male and female workers combined. In these enterprises total man-hours worked increased 0.8 of 1% during June in comparison with May. Hours worked in 3,846 establishments reporting for male and female workers separately increased 0.1 of 1% and 2.1%, respectively.

# Weekly Report of Lumber Movement-Week Ended July 29, 1939

The lumber industry during the week ended July 29, 1939, stood at 67% of the seasonal weekly average of production in 1929; 68% of the seasonal weekly average of ship-ments in 1929, and 77% of the seasonal weekly average of new business in 1929, according to reports to the Na-tional Lumber Manufacturers Association from regional tional Lumber Manufacturers Association from regional associations covering the operations of important softwood and hardwood mills. Reported new orders in the week ended July 29, 1939, were 24% in excess of the seasonal weekly average of 1938 orders. Reported production was 19% above the seasonal weekly average of 1938 production, and shipments were 13% in excess of 1938 seasonal weekly shipments. Compared with the preceding week, production of the week ended July 29, as reported by 6% fewer mills, was 3% below that week's output; shipments were duction of the week ended July 29, as reported by 6% fewer mills, was 3% below that week's output; shipments were 5% below shipments and new orders were 1% below the new business of that week. New business (hardwoods and softwoods) was 5% above production, and shipments were 3% below output in the week ended July 29. Reported production for the 30 weeks of the year to date was 23% above corresponding week of 1938; shipments were 16% above the shipments, and new orders were 14% above the orders of the 1938 period. New business for the 30 weeks of 1939 was 7% above output; shipments were 5% above output. The Association further reported:

During the week ended July 29, 1939, 496 mills produced 240,387,000

During the week ended July 29, 1939, 496 mills produced 240,387,000 feet of softwoods and hardwoods combined; shipped 234,276,000 feet; booked orders of 252,490,000 feet. Revised figures for the preceding week were: Mills, 525; production, 248,901,000 feet; shipments, 245,384,000 feet; orders, 256,290,000 feet.

Lumber orders reported for the week ended July 29, 1939, by 413 softwood mills totaled 242,319,000 feet, or 4% above the production of the same mills. Shipments as reported for the same week were 224,400,000 feet, or 3% below production. Production was 232,412,000 feet. Reports from 101 hardwood mills give new business as 10,171,000 feet,

or 28% above production. Shipments as reported for the same week were 9,876,000 feet, or 24% above production. Production was 7,975,000 feet.

Last week's production of 410 identical softwood mills was 232,226,000 feet, and a year ago it was 199,730,000 feet; shipments were, respectively, 224,066,000 feet and 218,655,000 feet, and orders received, 242,028,000 feet and 226,934,000 feet. In the case of hardwoods, 85 identical mills reported production last week and a year ago 6,411,000 feet and 4,232,000 feet; shipments, 7,708,000 feet and 7,985,000 feet, and orders, 7,963,000 feet and 2,405,000 feet and 2,000 feet and feet and 8,495,000 feet.

Petroleum and Its Products—Sinclair Cuts Crude Prices 20 Cents a Barrel—Industry Awaits Further Developments—Daily Production Climbs Sharply— Crude Stocks Show Expansion—Interstate Group Sets Up New Committees—Hot Oil Jury Indicts
Former Governor Leche and Three Others—
Mexican Oil Production, Sales Lower—Standard
of California Wins Arabian Oil Concession

Headline of the week in the domestic petroleum industry was firnished by the Sinclair-Prairie Oil Marketing Co., subsidiary of Consolidated Oil Corp., which posted a surprise cut of 20 cents a barrel in crude oil prices in all areas where it purchases crude oil. The reduction carried Mid-Continent crude oil prices below \$1 a barrel for the first time 1934.

The company, which purchases approximately 100,000 barrels of crude oil daily in Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas, New Mexico, Arkansas and Louisiana, made only the bare annoucement of the cut in its statament, which was made public late Wednesday, when the offices of most of the other major oil units were closing.

Late Friday (August 11) The Humble Oil and Refining Co. made reductions of from 5 to 32 cents a barrel in crude oil prices in Texas, effective immediately. Other companies are expected to follow the lead of Humble, Texas' largest

oil purchasing company, over the week-end.

Under the new schedule, prices were cut 20 cents in East
Texas, the Panhandle and West Texas; 15 cents for the
Texas Gulf Coast. Anahuac-Dickinson crude was cut 20 cents and Refugio and Mirando 15 cents. Cuts of 25 cents were effective in West Central Texas while East Central Texas was slashed 32 cents. Salt Flat, Pecos and Van crude were cut 20 cents; Talco, 5 cents; Flower Blum, 28 cents, and Conroe cut 20 cents.

Two small companies purchasing crude oil in the KMA pool in Southern Wichita county met the 20-cent reduction initiated by Sinclair, effective Aug. 10. Panhandle Refining and Producing and the La Salle Refining Co. were the companies involved in the cut which set a new price of 83 cents a harrel for ton gravity.

cents a barrel for top-gravity.

The American oil companies involved in the Mexican expropriation situation are standing firm on their original proposition for settlement of their claims, W. S. Farish, president of Standard Oil Co. (N. J.) announced in New York on Aug. 10 following meetings between the officials of all the companies involved and Donald R. Richberg, who had been representing the companies in the negotiations with the Cardenas administration.

Cardenas administration.

The announcement said that the outline of objectives to be sought in Mr. Richberg's negotiations, as originally set forth, including a provision for operation under a long-term contract by the respective companies of the properties involved, still stands as the basis for negotiations, as far as the oil companies are concerned. This, the Mexican government

apparently is not willing to grant, it was indicated.

Oil men were chary of comment on the price cut, which, it was generally felt, was the direct result of the collapse of the movement initiated by Sinclair Refining Co., an allied unit, to raise tankwagon prices of gasoline in the 42 States in which it operates. At the time of the raise, H. F. Sinclair, Chairman of the executive committee of the parent unit, Consolidated Oil, warned that the "price of products must go up or the price of raw materials must go down." At the time, many companies met the advance but the major markets were unable to sustain the increase due to competitive marketing tactics. marketing tactics.

Oddly enough, Standard of California also chose Wednesday to announce one of the infrequent price markups for West Coast crude. Effective Aug. 10, postings for crude oil in the Montebelle field of Los Angles were lifted 1 to 8 cents a barrel, according to the company's announcement. In commenting upon the increase, company officials indicated that it was due to the revaluation of the crude oil from the field as a result of the quality and higher gravity of the

crude in the field's new production.

Daily average production of crude oil climbed to within striking distance of the 4,000,000-barrel mark, highest in the industry's history, during the week ended Aug. 5, according to the report of the American Petroleum Institute. Total daily production of crude was 3,909,400 barrels, up 370,300 barrels from the previous period. The total compared with the U. S. Bureau of Mines August market demand estimate of 3,521,900 barrels daily.

The bulk of the gain came from Texas where special conditions brought about an increase of 383,800 barrels in the daily average production to 1,743,500 barrels. Proration regulations in Texas provide for a shut-down on each of the normal four Saturday-Sunday periods in the month but July had a fifth Saturday and Sunday. Under the pro-ration setup, producers in the Lone Star State were permitted to run their weels on this "extra" weekend with the above

With the exception of Illinois, where production again mounted to a new hign, the other major oil-producing States showed lower production totals for the initial August week. Sharpest reduction was shown in Oklahoma where production was off 7,500 barrels to a daily figure of 412,900 barrels. Kansas achieved a reduction of 3,400 barrels in its daily average production which was off to 176,000 barrels. California showed a loss of 1,200 barrels with its daily figure of 602,400 barrels. A nominal decline of 600 barrels in Louisiana pared the daily average total there to 275,000 barrels. Illinois kept firm hold on fourth place in the Nation's oil-producing States, output there rising 3,200 barrels to a daily figure of 279,500 barrels.

A moderate increase of holdings of domestic and foreign

A moderate increase of holdings of domestic and foreign crude oil was shown during the final week of July, according to the U. S. Baureau of Mines. Stocks of 268,513,000 barrels represented a gain of 66,000 barrels. Domestic stocks were up 403,000 barrels which advance was offset to a large degree by a decline of 337,000 barrels in holdings of foregin crude oil. Heavy crude oil stocks in California, not included in "refinable" crude stocks, totaled 14,316,000 barrels, an in-

crease of 225,000 barrels.

Reports from Fort Worth early in the week disclosed that the Interstate Oil Compact Commission has moved to bring within its province the formulation of minimum engineering standards for oil production in the United States. Its Committee on Economes—Joseph E. Pogue and Dr. Alexander Sachs of New York City, and E. DeGolyer of Dallas—recommended the appointment of two additional committees to carry on the research for the Commission's project. One committee would make a study of existing proration practices in each State while the second would devise standards, project and codify the work of the first group and present the finished report to the Commission.

The Committee on Oil Proration Practices would be com-of two members from each "Compact" State, one from the State oil regulatory body and the other from the State geological survey and two members from each "non-Comoil-producing State, one from the State survey and the other from the State university. The Committee on Standards would be composed of leading technicians to be selected by the Compact Commission Chairman E. O. Thompson,

with the aid of the American Petroleum Institute, Independent Petroleum Association of America, the petroleum divi-sion of the American Institute of Mining and Metallurgical Engineers, and the American Association of Petroleum The first committee will be headed by Compact

Chairman Thompson, the second will pick its own chairman.

A United Press dispatch from New Orleans, dated Aug. 7, report "Former Governor Richard W. Leche and three others high in political circles today were indicted on charges of conspiracy to violate the Connally hot oil act and with conspiracy to defraud the United States. with him were Seymour Weiss, former Treasurer of the Huey Long organization, F. W. Burford, head of the East Texas Refining Co., at Dallas, Texas, and the East Texas Refin-

Figures disclosed in the Revista de Estradistica, statistical review made public by the Mexican Government Press Bureau in Mexico City on Aug. 8, showed that both production and exports of Mexican oil in January—latest available figures—were far behind the like period last year when the properties were still under the operation of the American and British oil companies. There are no official figures available on revenues from oil exports from Mexico in the period since the Cardenas Administration took over the oil properties. However, it is pretty generally believed that Mexico is selling oil at a price half that of the world market and in addition is receiving little cash.

The Standard Oil Co. of California, in winning an oil concession covering the entire kingdom of Saudi Arabia from King Ibn Saud, inadvertently secred a political victory over both Italy and Germany which are reported to have been negotiating for the land involved in Standard's lease. In addition to receiving \$1,500,000 in gold for the lease, the King is to get \$750,000 annually while prospecting is going on. Royalties will be paid the King when oil production actually begins in any part of the concession.

Price changes follow:

Aug. 9-Sinclair-Prairie Oil Marketing Co., Consolidated Oil subsidiary, posted a cut of 20 cents a barrel in crude oil prices in Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas, New Mexico, Arkansas and Louisiana, effective the following day. Under the new price, crude is down to 82 cents, the lowest in five years.

Aug. 9—Standard of California posted advances of from 1 to 8 cents a

barrel in the prices of crude oil from the Montebelle fields of Los Angeles. Aug. 11-Humble Oil cut Texas prices of crude oil 5 cents to 32 cents

Prices of Typical Crude per Barrel at Wells (All gravities where A. P. I, degrees are not shown)

Bradford, Pa\$2.0	Eldorado, Ark., 40
Lima (Ohio Oil Co.) 1.2	Rusk, Texas, 40 and over
Corning, Pa	Darst Creek 1.02
Illinois	Michigan crude
Western Kentucky 1.20	Sunburst, Mont
	Huntington, Calif., 30 and over 1.22
Rodessa, Ark., 40 and above 1.2	
Smackover, Ark., 24 and over7	during a versum accordanciam to

REFINED PRODUCTS-EFFECT OF CRUDE CUT AWAITED-SHARP INVENTORY DRAIN IN GASOLINE CHEERING-REFINERY OPERATIONS CONTINUE HIGH-FUEL OIL PRICES ADVANCED

With other major oil companies reserving decision as to whether they will follow the sharp reduction in mid-continent crude oil prices posted late this week by Consolidated Oil's purchasing subsidiary—Sinclair-Prairie Oil Marketing Co.the future of the motor fuel price structure seems uncertain, most oil men feel.

If the reduction, which carried mid-continent crude oil prices below \$1 a barrel to the lowest level in five years, becomes general, there seems little doubt that the gasoline price structure, already wobbly because of the top-heavy supply situation, may well be adversely affected. Just how serious the effects of the crude oil price cut will be is not easy to determine accurately at this time, but it will no doubt exert some pressure upon the gasoline price structure.

An encouraging factor was the decline of approximately ,500,000 barrels in stocks of finished and unfinished motor fuel during the initial period of August, as shown in the midweek report of the American Petroleum Institute. Stocks were off to 76,431,000 barrels, and the "normal" decline was cheering in view of the fact that the previous week saw drain-

age of only 73,000 barrels upon inventories of gasoline. The continued high rate of refinery operations and the failure of stocks to show "normal" declines during the heavy consumption season has been a worrisome threat to oil men for weeks. The peak of the demand for motor fuel is now being reached, and when the demand eases off after the middle of the current month, sharp curtailment of refinery operations is necessary to prevent the industry entering the dull consuming season with top-heavy holdings of motor fuel.

Already below the levels ruling at this time last year, gasoline prices have shown signs of weakness. Refinery operations for the Aug. 5 week were 84.6% of capacity, a decline of less than one-half point from the previous week. Daily average runs of crude oil to stills of 3,445,000 barrels represented a decline of 15,000 barrels from the previous

Standard Oil of New York, marketing subsidiary of Socony-Vacuum, on Aug. 9 posted increases of 1/8 to 1/4 cent

a gallon in tankcar, barge and tankwagon prices of No.72 fuel oil throughout its New York and New England marketing area, effective the following day. Under the new schedule, tankcar prices will be 4 cents a gallon while the new retail price of 6 cents is ¼ cent above the former price. Strengthening in the Gulf cargo market is behind the

Representative price changes follow:

Aug. 9-Standard of New York advanced tankcar, barge and tankagon prices of No. 2 heating oil 1/8 to 1/4 cent a gallon throughout its New York and New England marketing territory, effective the following day.

No. of Later and Association of the Control of the		
U. S. Gasoline (Abo	ve 65 Octane), Tank Car I	ots, F.O.B. Refinery
New York-	New York— Texas\$.073408	Other Cities-
Std.Oil N.J.\$.063407	Texas \$.073408	Chicago \$.050514
Socony-Vac .0606 1/4	Gulf	New Orleans061/407
T. Wat Oil 08 14 - 08 34	Shell East'n .071408	Gulf ports0514
RichOil(Cal) .08 1408 34		Tulsa04 %05 %
Warner-Q073408	AND STREET STREET, STORY	COLUMN TO SERVICE SERV
	Water White, Tank Car,	F.O.B. Refinery
New York	North Texas \$.04	New Orleans \$ 054-054
(Beyonne) \$ 0414	Los Angeles031/405	Tulsa
	Dil. F.O.B. Refinery or Te	
N. Y. (Bayonne)—	California 24 plus D	New Orleans C
Diesel 1.65	\$1.00-1.25	Phila., Bunker C 1.45
Gas C	il, F.O.B. Refinery or Ter	minal
		Tuisa\$.02%03
N. Y. (Bayonne)— 27 plus\$.04	28-30 D\$.053	1 4154
Gasolin	e. Service Station, Tax In	cluded
# New York \$.164	Newark\$.159	Buffalo
Rrooklyn 168	Boston	Chicago
2 Not including 2% city		and the second second

# Daily Average Crude Oil Production for Week Ended Aug 5 Gains 370,300 Barrels

The American Petroleum Institute estimates that the daily average gross crude oil production for the week ended Aug. 5, 1939, was 3,909,400 barrels. This was a gain of 370,300 barrels from the output of the previous week, and the current week's figure was above the 3,513,200 barrels calculated by the United States Department of the Interior to be the total of the restrictions imposed by the various oil-producing States during July. Daily average production for the four weeks ended Aug. 5, 1939, is estimated at 3,640,500 barrels. The daily average output for the week ended Aug. 6, 1938, totaled 3,317,850 barrels. Further details, as reported by the Institute, follow:

Imports of petroleum for domestic use and receipts in bond at principal United States ports for the week ended Aug. 5 totaled 1,362,000 barrels, a daily average of 194,571 barrels, compared with a daily average of 158,571 barrels for the week ended July 29 and 189,250 barrels daily for the four weeks ended Aug. 5.

Receipts of California oil at Atlantic and Gulf Coast ports for the week

ended Aug. 5 totaled 137,000 barrels, a daily average of 19,571 barrels compared with a daily average of 8,857 barrels for the week ended 29 and 28,750 barrels daily for the four weeks ended Aug. 5.

Reports received from refining companies owning 85.8% of the 4,268,000-barrel estimated daily potential refining capacity of the United States barrel estimated daily potential retining capacity of the United States indicate that the industry as a whole ran to stills, on a Bureau of Mines basis, 3,445,000 barrels of crude oil daily during the week, and that all companies had in storage at refineries, bulk terminals, in transit and in pipe lines as of the end of the week, 76,431,000 barrels of finished and unfinished gasoline. The total amount of gasoline produced by all companies is estimated to have been 11,708,000 barrels during the week.

DAILY AVERAGE CRUDE OIL PRODUCTION (Figures in Barrels)

Maria to deve	B. of M. Calcu- lated Require- ments (July)	State Allowable July 1	Week Ended Aug. 5, 1939	Change from Previous Week	Four Weeks Ended Aug. 5, 1939	Week Ended Aug. 6, 1938
Okiahoma Kansas	456,100 160,300					
Panhandle Texas	O TOP	America and or 2 and or 2 and or and or	112,200 522,300 297,050	+200	90,200 32,350 259,700 99,600 410,350 242,100	78,050 29,205 219,950 99,900 440,100 235,450
Total Texas	1,426,500	ь1362158	d1743500	+383800	1,443,050	1,390,800
North Louisiana Coastal Louisiana			68,000 207,000		69,750 205,850	
Total Louisiana	264,500	264,163	275,000	-600	275,600	261,750
Arkansas Illinois Eastern (not loci. Ili.) Michigan Wyoming Montans Colorado New Mexico	53,900 187,400 105,900 53,200 73,200 16,100 4,800 116,100		63,400 279,500 97,500 67,850 61,700 16,550 4,000 109,100	+3,200 -150 -300 -4,450 +350 +150	275,700 96,450 67,950 64,400	51,550 58,050
Total east of Calif California	2,918,000		3,307,000			
Total United States_	3,513,200	- Internal	3,909,400	+370300	3,640,500	3,317,850

a These are Bureau of Mines' calculations of the requirements of domestic crude oil based upon certain premises outlined in its detailed forecast for the month of July. As requirements may be supplied either from stocks or from new production, contemplated withdrawais from crude oil inventories must be deducted from the Bureau's estimated requirements to determine the amount of new crude to be recolved:

produced.
b Net daily average basic allowable for the 31-day period beginning July 1.
Shutdowns are ordered for all Saturdays and Sundays during July.
c Recommendation of Central Committee of California Oil Producers.
d Reflects discontinuance of week-end shutdown regulation for Saturday and Sunday, July 29 and 30. Shutdowns are ordered for all Saturdays and Sundays

Note—The figures indicated above do not include any estimate of any oil which might have been surreptitiously produced.

CRUDE RUNS TO STILLS AND PRODUCTION OF GASOLINE, WEEK ENDED AUG. 5, 1939

ands of Barrels of 42 Gall

District		Refining acity	Crude to S	Gasoline Production at Refineries	
District	Potential	Percent	Daily	Percent	Inc. Natural
	Rate	Reporting	Average	Operated	Blended
East Coast	615	100.0	588	95.6	1,643
	149	85.9	112	87.5	413
	574	89.5	434	84.4	1,886
Okiahoma, Kansas, Missouri	419	81.6	259	75.7	2988
Inland Texas	316	50.3	128	80.5	531
Texas Guif	1,000	89.5	853	95.3	2,684
Louisiana Gulf	149	97.3	144	99.3	340
North Louisiana & Arkansas	100	55.0	45	81.8	131
Rocky Mountain	118	54.2	50	78.1	196
California	828	90.0	484	65.0	1,491
Reported	020	85.8	3,097 348	84.6	10,303
*Estimated total U. S.: Aug. 5, 1939 July 29, 1939	4,268 4,268		3,445 3,460		11,708 11,433
* U. S. B. of M. Aug. 5, 1938			x3,269		y10,886

\* Estimated Bureau of Mines' basis. x August, 1938, dally average. y This is a week's production based on the United States Bureau of Mines' July and August, 1938, dally average. z 12% reporting capacity did not report gasoline production.

STOCKS OF FINISHED AND UNFINISHED GASOLINE AND GAS AND FUEL OIL, WEEK ENDED AUG. 5, 1939 (Figures in Thousands of Barrels of 42 Gallons Each)

District		Finished & ded Gasoline		f Gas Oil istillates	Stocks of Residual Fuel Oil		
	Total Finished	Total Finished and Unfin'd	At Refineries	At Terms. in Transit and in Pipe Lines	At Refineries	At Terms. in Transii and in Pipe Lines	
East Coast	19,073 3,083 11,266 6,243 1,456 7,387 1,977 367 1,160 13,135	20,368 3,337 12,077 6,540 1,665 8,964 2,296 525 1,242 14,322	5,676 250 3,489 1,559 371 4,815 1,203 278 102 8,214	5,803 62 736 48 347 24 10	5,387 422 2,843 2,848 1,850 6,528 1,447 634 571 61,517	3,969 39 280 265 23,532	
Reported Est. unreported *Est. total U. S.: Aug. 5, 1939 July 29, 1939	65,147 4,995 70,142 71,716	71,336 5,095 76,431 77,887	25,957 770 a26,727 a26,073	8,874 8,874 8,827	84,047 2,380 a86,427 a86,227	28,085 28,085 27,826	
U. S. B. of Mines * Aug. 5, 1938	69,316	75,801	26,978	50/8/41	117,170	5 (C)	

\* Estimated Bureau of Mines' basis. a For comparability with last year tigures must be increased by stocks "At Terminals, &c.," in California district.

#### Weekly Coal Production Statistics

The Bituminous Coal Division of the United States Department of the Interior in its current weekly coal statement showed that the total production of soft coal in the week ended July 29 is estimated at 7,460,000 net tons. This is an increase of 310,000 tons, or 4.3%, over the output in the preceding week, and is greater by 1,543,000 tons than that in the corresponding week of 1938.

Cumulative production of soft coal in 1939 to date indicates a gain of more than 16 million tons, or 9.4%, over the

cares a gain of more than 10 minon tons, or 9.4%, over the corresponding period of 1938. Anthracite production in 1939 to date shows a gain of 8.4%.

The United States Bureau of Mines reported that the total estimated production of Pennsylvania anthracite for the week of July 29, amounting to 748,000 tons, decreased 10,000 tons, or a little more than 1%, from output in the week of July 22, and was 25% less than production in the week of July 30, 1938.

ESTIMATED UNITED STATES PRODUCTION OF SOFT COAL WITH COMPARABLE DATA ON PRODUCTION OF CRUDE PETROLEUM (In Thousands of Net Tons)

	11	eek End	ed	Calenda	r Year to	Date d
AMERICA MIRAN T 200 692 G-6 -photocopia New Collect - 1050	July 29 1939	July 22 1939	July 30 1938	1939с	1938	1929
Bituminous Coal a— Total, including mine fuel Daily average	7,460 1,243	7,150 1,191			173,952 981	
Crude Petroleum b— Coal equivalent of weekly output.	1,243 5,669	1,191 5,740			981 159,500	

a Includes for purposes of historical comparison and statistical convenience the production of lignite. b Total barrels produced during the week converted to equivalent coal, assuming 6,000,000 B. t. u. per barrel of oil and 13,100 B. t. u. per pound of coal. c Subject to current adjustment. d Sum of 30 full weeks ended July 29, 1939, and corresponding 30 weeks of 1938 and 1939.

ESTIMATED PRODUCTION OF PENNSYLVANIA ANTHRACITE AND BEEHIVE COKE (In Net Tons)

	Week Ended			Calendar Year to Date				
	July 29 1939	July 22 1939	July 30 1938	1939	1938 с	1929 с		
Pa. Anthracite— Total, including col- liery fuel. a Daily average	748,000	758,000 126,300		29,349,000 167,200				
Comm'l production.b.  Beehive Coke—	711,000	720,000	953,000	27,882,000	26,016,000	36,935,000		
United States total Daily average	10,300	11,100	9,400 1,567	359,000 2,006	543,500 3,036	3,949,800 22,066		

a Including washery and dredge coal, and coal shipped by truck from authoriced operations. b Excludes colliery fuel. c Adjusted to make comparable the numler of working days in the three years.

ESTIMATED WEEKLY PRODUCTION OF COAL, BY STATES

[The current weekly estimates are based on railroad carloadings and river ship-ments and are subject to revision on receipt of monthly tonnage reports from district and State sources or of final annual returns from the operators.]

State	133	no. or P	Veek End	ed		July
State .	July 22 1939 p	July 15 1939 p	July 23 1938	July 24 1937	July 20 1929	
Alaska	2	2	3	3		
Alabama	252	234	177	250	323	389
Arkansas and Oklahoma	13	12		39		74
Colorado	60	60	63	71	109	165
Georgia and North Carolina	1	1				8
Illinois	582	509		675	857	1,268
Indiana	200	208		238	291	451
Iowa	34	32		34		87
Kansas and Missouri	70	75		85		134
Kentucky-Eastern	738	745		675		735
Western	93	96	102	127	205	202
Maryland	22	25		28	43	42
Michigan	4	5		5	15	17
Montana.	43	45		42	51	41
New Mexico	24	18		35	48	52
North and South Dakota	17	18	14	12	s10	s14
Ohio	387	347	304	392	480	854
Pennsylvania bituminous	1,731	1,788	1,349	2,016	2,666	3,680
Tennessee	96	104	84	96	93	. 113
Texas	16	15	18	18	21	23
Utah	27	25	32	37	57	87
Virginia	266	286	242	243	225	239
Wasnington	24	26	20	30	38	37
West Virginia—Southern a Northern b	1,815 559	1,781 555	1,331 394	1,626 524	1,979	1,519 866
Wyoming.	74	84	60	71	87	115
Other Western States c	400	110	1	1	.3	94
Total bituminous coal	7,150	7,096	5,819	7,373	9,370	11,208
Pennsylvania anthracite d	758	763	639	519	1,025	1,950
Total, all coal	7,908	7,859	6,458	7,892	10,395	13,158

a Includes operations on the N. & W.; C. & O.; Virginian; K. & M.; B. C. & G. and on the B. & O. in Kanawha, Mason, and Clay counties. b Rest of State, including the Panhandle District and Grant, Mineral and Tucker counties. c Includes Arizona, California, Idaho, Nevada and Oregon. d Data for Pennsylvania anthracite from published records of the Bureau of Mines. e Average weekly rate for entire month. p Preliminary. s Alaska, Georgia, North Carolina and South Dakota 'ncluded with "other Western States." \* Less than 1,000 tons.

#### July Production and Shipments of Slab Zinc

The American Zinc Institute on Aug. 7 released the following tabulation of slab zine statistics:

SLAB ZINC STATISTICS (ALL GRADES)—1929-1939 (Tons of 2,000 Pounds)

	Produced During Period	Shipped During Period	Stock at End of Period	(a) Shipped for Export	Retorts Operating End of Period	Average Retorts During Period	Unfilled Orders End of Period
Year 1929	631,601	602,601	75,430	6,352	57,999	68,491	18,585
Year 1930	504,463	436,275	143,618	196	31,240	47,769	26,651
Year 1931	300,738	314,514	129,842	41	19,875	23,099	18,273
Year 1932	213,531	218,517	124,856	170	21,023	18,560	8,478
Year 1933	324,705	344,001	105,560	239	27,190	23,653	15,978
Year 1934	366,933	352,663	119.830	148	32,944	28,887	30,783
Year 1935	431,499	465,746	83,758	59	38,329	32,341	51,186
Year 1936	523,166	561,969	44.955	0	42,965	37,915	78.626
Year 1937	589,619	569,241	65,333	0	48,812	45,383	48,339
1938					40.400	44.000	
January	48,687	24,931	88,532	20	42,423	44,623	45,400
February	41,146	21,540	108,138	0	39,267	41,644	38.891
March	43,399	33.528	118,009	0	36,466	38,923	29,023
April	38.035	20,806	135,238	0	34,691	35,321	27,069
May	37,510	24,628	148,120	0,	31,525	33,818	23,444
June	30,799	29,248	149,671	01	26,437	28,071	41,785
			144 000	0	*23,451	*23,728	20 250
July	30,362	33,825	146,208	0	25,596 *22,073	25,805 *22,490	39,350
August	32,296	36,507	141,997	0	29,767	29,805	30,554
		1			*26,433	*26,471	
September	32,328	43,582	130,743	0[	31,555	30,940	40,435
	=0-175, ho	0.000.000000	120	1	*28,099	*27,648	
October	36,740	43,355	124,128	0/	32,427	31,912	40,736
Carl Control of					•28,411	*28,312	10000
November	40,343	43,693	120,778	0	36,243	35,621	40,280
Mary Mary			100 700	- 3	*32,131	*31,509	40.829
December	45,345	39,354	126,769	0{	38,793 *33,683	38,510 *33,398	10,829
Total for year.	456,990	395,554					
Monthly avge.	38,083	32,963		****		34,583	
1939						Carlo	THE STATE
January	44,277	42,639	128,407	0/	39,500	39,365	34,179
	10 A 20 M	1000	7. 700	U	*34,321	*34,186	{
February	39,613	39,828	128,192	0{	39,459	39,191	29,987
				-31	*34,183	*33,905	
March	45,084	45,291	127,985	0[	38,251	39,379	38,447
		10.011	100 000	0	*33,324	*34,172	29,314
April	43,036	40,641	130,380	0{	38,763 *33,312	38,617 33,332	29,014
ALLEY TO BE AND ADDRESS.	40 000	90 807	122 075			38.041	29.250
May	42,302	39,607	133,075	0	36,331 *31,381	*32,131	20,200
Y	39,450	37,284	135,241	10	36.291	36.331	35,874
June	39,100	31,40%	100,241		*31.067	*31,107	30,018
fule	39,669	43,128	131,782	0	35,491	35,865	49,379
July	00,000	10,120	202,100		*30.468	*30.746	(,

• Equivalent retorts computed on 24-hour basis. a Export shipments are included

#### Preliminary Estimates of Production of Coal for Month of July, 1939

According to preliminary estimates made by the Bureau of fines and the Bituminous Coal Division of the U.S. Department of the Interior, bituminous coal output during the month of July, 1939, amounted to 29,490,000 net tons, compared with 23,367,000 net tons in the corresponding month last year and 27,900,000 tons in June, 1939. Anthracite production during July, 1939, totaled 2,913,000 net tons, as against 2,580,000 tons a year ago and 3,530,000 tons in June, 1939. The consolidated statement of the two aforementioned organizations follows:

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DAILY PRICES OF METALS ("E. & M. J." QUOTATIONS)

Total										
for Month (Net Tons)	Number of Working Days	Average per Working Day (Net Tons)	Cal. Year to End. of May (Net Tons)				Straits Tin New York			Zinc St. Louis
29,490,000 2,913,000 47,200 27,900,000	25 25 25 25	1,180,000 116,500 1,888 1,073,000	190,747,000 29,483,000 360,600	Aug. 3	10.150 10.275 10.275 10.275 10.275 10.275	10.200 10.300 10.300 10.325 10.325 10.275	48.650 48.850 48.850 48.800 48.700 48.700	5.05 5.05 5.05 5.05 5.05 5.05 5.05	4.90 4.90 4.90 4.90 4.90 4.90	4.60 4.60 4.60 4.60@4.75 4.75
51,800 23,367,000 2,580,000	25	1,992 935,000 103,200	174,001,000 27,460,000	refinery, 10.1	71c.: export	copper, 10	1.167c.; Stra	its tin, 48.6	25c.; New	York lead,
	29,490,000 2,913,000 47,200 27,900,000 3,530,000 51,800 23,367,000	Month (Net Tons) Working (Days  29,490,000 25 2,913,000 25 47,200 25  27,900,000 26 3,530,000 26 51,800 26 23,367,000 25 2,580,000 25	Month (Net Tons)         Working Days         Day (Net Tons)           29,490,000 2,913,000 47,200         25 25 25 116,500 25 1,888         1,180,000 116,500 1,888           27,900,000 3,530,000 51,800 26 1,992         26 1,992         1,973,000 1,992           23,367,000 25         25 935,000         935,000	Month (Net Tons)         Working Days         Day (Net Tons)         (Net Tons)           29,490,000         25         1,180,000         190,747,000           29,913,000         25         116,500         29,483,000           47,200         25         1,888         360,600           27,900,000         26         1,073,000         3,530,000         26         135,800           21,800         26         1,992         1,992         1,992         1,74,001,000           23,367,000         25         935,000         174,001,000         174,001,000	Month (Net Tons)         Working Days         Day (Net Tons)         (Net Tons)           29,490,000 2,913,000 47,200         25 25 25 25 1,888         1,180,000 29,483,000 360,600         190,747,000 Aug. 3	Month (Net Tons)         Working Days         Day (Net Tons)         (Net Tons)         Aug. 3         10.150           29,490,000         25         1,180,000         190,747,000         Aug. 3         10.150           29,913,000         25         116,500         29,483,000         Aug. 5         10.275           47,200         25         1,888         360,600         Aug. 7         10.275           27,900,000         26         1,073,000         Aug. 8         10.275           3,530,000         26         135,800         Aug. 9         10.275           51,800         26         1,992         Average         10.254           23,367,000         25         935,000         174,001,000         Average prices for cal refinery, 10.171e.; export refinery, 10.171e.; export	Month (Net Tons)         Working Days         (Net Tons)         (Net Tons)         Dom., Refy., Exp., Refy.           29,490,000         25         1,180,000         190,747,000         Aug. 3	Month (Net Tons)         Working Days         Day (Net Tons)         (Net Tons)         Dom.,Refy., Exp., Refy.         New York           29,490,000         25         1,180,000         190,747,000         Aug. 3	Month (Net Tons)   Day (Net Tons)   (Net Tons)   (Net Tons)   Dom.,Refy., Exp., Refy.   New York   New York	Month (Net Tons)         Working Days         Day (Net Tons)         (Net Tons)         (Net Tons)         Dom.,Refy.,Exp., Refy.         New York         New York         St. Louis           29,490,000         25         1,180,000         190,747,000         Aug. 3

a ancludes for purposes of historical comparison and statistical convenience the production of lignite and of anthracite and semi-anthracite outside of Pennsylvania. b Total production, including colliery fuel, washery and dredge coal, and coa

shipped by truck from authorized operations. Note-All current estimates will later be adjusted to agree with the results of the complete canvass of production made at the end of the calendar year.

#### Active Call for Non-Ferrous Metals-Copper, Lead, and Zinc Again Higher

"Metal and Mineral Markets," in its issue of Aug. 10. reported that with the movement of major non-ferrous metals into consumption holding up remarkably well for the summer period, and London higher for the week, buying continued in good volume. At the outset of the week producers raised prices on both copper and lead. Zinc advanced on Aug. 7 to 4.75c., St. Louis, but a fair tonnage sold at lower levels before the uplift became effective. Cadmium was advanced 5c. a pound on Aug. 9. Quicksilver was lower. The publication further reported:

#### Copper

Higher prices for copper abroad forced producers here to advance the quotation %c. to 10 %c., Valley, on Aug. 3. Sales at the 10 %c. level reported on that day, however, were not in sufficient volume to influence our quotation, which remained at 10%c., Valley, on Aug. 3. On Aug. 4 the price became firmly established at the higher level. Sales for the week totaled 22,929 tons, bringing the total so far this month to 25,048 tons. Statistics for July are expected to show a decline in stocks of around 25,000 tons, producers believe. The price closed firm at 10½c., Valley.

London was easier Aug. 9 on rumors that the Cartel is to take action

soon on the question of stepping up production 5% to 10%.

Exports of refined copper from the United States during June (domestic and foreign copper combined) amounted to 35,355 tons, which compares with 32,029 tons in May. The exports for May and June, by countries, in terms of allows.

To-	May	June	То—	May	June
Belgium	Ph 757	555	Poland and Danzig .	2.371	2.920
Denmark	41		Sweden	981	409
France	2,977	2,374	China and Hongkong		
Germany	3,420	4,327	Japan	13,868	11,660
Great Britain	1,597		Other countries	1,314	5,949
Italy	4,632	3,087	THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF		
Netherlands	112	252	Totals	32,029	35,355

Operators in London are looking for encouraging copper statistics for the months of July, August and September, but in many instances they are extremely cautious about taking a definite long-term view, owing to political uncertainties. Stocks of copper in London Metal Exchange official warehouses on July 29 amounted to 28,374 tons, consisting of 4,318 tons of refined and 24,056 tons of rough. A month previous stocks totaled 29,697 tons.

Heavy buying of lead in the preceding week and the strength in London influenced producers to raise the price 10 points on Aug. 8 to the basis of 5.05c., New York. This is the highest price named since Nov. 28, 1938. Buying continued in good volume after the advance was announced on Aug. 3, and the sales for the week amounted to 7,523 tons, an excellent showing in view of the fact that the market has been active during the last 30 days. August requirements of consumers are about 85% covered, with September estimated at close to 45%.

Interest centered in the rise that has taken place in London, where the price has moved to £16 per ton. Spot actually commanded a premium the forward position, reflecting good buying of prompt metal by

British and Continental consumers. The market closed at 5.05c., New York, which was the settling basis named by the American Smelting & Refining Co., and 4.90c., St. Louis.

#### Zinc

Continued activity in London, steady inquiry for zinc here, and improved July statistics moved sellers to raise the quotation for Prime Western from 4.60c. to 4.75c., St. Louis, on Aug. 7. The higher level was not firmly established until Aug. 8, as a fair volume of business was booked at 4.60c., 4.70c., and 4.75c. on Aug. 7. With the London market closed on Aug. 7 in observance of a bank holiday, few in the industry were prepared for the advance here on that day. The trade believes that consumption of zinc in this country will continue at a satisfactory level

over the remainder of the year.

Late yesterday (Aug. 9) some sellers were a little nervous about the firmness of the new price, owing to some unsettlement abroad, but it was admitted that a tight domestic ore situation is a factor entering into the picture at this time. Sales of the common grades for the last week totaled

Though consumption of tin has held up well in recent weeks, the buying remains on the light side so far as the domestic trade is concerned. The Pool has been selling fair quantities daily in London on the basis of £230 per ton. Straits tin was offered here during the week, on spot, at prices ranging from 48.650c. to 48.850c. Chinese tin was available at a

discount of 170 points. Tin-plate operations are unchanged at between 68% and 70% of capacity.

Chinese tin, 99%, was nominally as follows: Aug. 3, 47.000c.; Aug. 4, 47.150c.; Aug. 5, 47.150c.; Aug. 7, 47.100c.; Aug. 8, 47.000c.; Aug. 9,

The above quotations are "M. & M. M.'s" appraisal of the major United States markets, based on sales reported by producers and agencies. They are reduced to the basis of cash, New York or St. Louis, as noted. All prices are in cents

per pound.

Copper, lead and zinc quotations are based on sales for both prompt and future deliveries; tin quotations are for prompt delivery only.

In the trade, domestic copper prices are quoted on a delivered basis; that is, delivered at consumers' piants. As delivery charges vary with the destination, the figures shown above are net prices at refineries on the Atlantic seaboard. Delivered prices in New England average 0.225c, per pound above the refinery basis.

Export quotations for copper are reduced to net at refineries on the Atlantic seaboard. On foreign business in copper sellers usually name a c.i.f. price—Hamburg, Havre, and Liverpool. The c.i.f. basis commands a premium of 0.325c, per pound above f.o.b. refinery quotation.

#### Daily London Prices

	Copper, Std.		Copper	Tin, Std.		Lead		Zinc	
	Spot	3М	(Bid)	Spot	3M	Spot	3M	Spot	3М
Aug. 3 Aug. 4		44% 44%	50 50 ¼ Hold'y	229 1/4 229 1/4 Holi	22534	15 <sup>11</sup> <sub>16</sub> 16 <sup>1</sup> <sub>16</sub> Holi	16	14 1/2 14 1/2 Holi	14 <sup>11</sup> 11 14 <sup>3</sup> 4 day
Aug. 8 Aug. 9	44%	4436	50%	229%		16316	161/4	14916	141311

Prices for lead and zinc are the official buyers' prices for the first session of the London Metal Exchange: prices for copper and tin are the official closing buyers' prices. All are in pounds sterling per long ton (2,240 lb.).

#### July Pig Iron Output Up 7.6%

The "Iron Age" in its issue of Aug. 10 reported production of coke pig iron in July totaled 2,356,270 gross tons, compared with 2,118,451 tons in June. On a daily basis July production showed a gain of 7.6% over that in June, from 70,615 tons a day to 76,009 tons in July, which was the highest since March this year, when daily production averaged 77,246 tons a day. The rate of operation last averaged 77,246 tons a day. month was at 55.8% of the industry's capacity, as compared with 51.7% in June. The publication further reported:
There were 129 furnaces in blast on Aug. 1 (revised), operating at the

rate of 79,450 tons a day, compared with 118 furnaces on July 1, producing at the rate of 72,495 tons daily. Thirteen furnaces were put in operation and two were blown out or banked. The United States Steel Corp. put five in operation. Independent producers put seven in opera-

tion and took two off blast and merchant producers blew in one furnace.
Furnaces blown in included: One Duquesne, Carnegie-Illinois Steel
Corp.; one Monongahela and two Lorain, National Tube Co.; one Ensley, Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad Co.; one Lackawanna, Bethlehem Steel Co; Mary, Sharon Steel Corp.; Shenango, of the Shenango Furnace Co.; two River furnaces and Betty, Republic Steel Corp.; one Madeline, Inland Steel Co. and one Colorado, Colorado Fuel & Iron Corp.

Furnaces blown out or banked were one Bethlehem furnace of Bethlehem Steel Co., and No. 1 Hamilton furnace of American Rolling Mill

Co., which was taken out of blast for relining.

DAILY AVERAGE PRODUCTION OF COKE PIG IRON IN THE UNITED STATES BY MONTHS SINCE JAN. 1, 1935-GROSS TONS

at nonembers scloses	1939	1938	1937	1936	1935
January February March April May June	70,175 73,578 77,246 68,539 55,404 70,615	46,100 46,367 46,854 45,871 40,485 35,400	103,597 107,115 111,596 113,055 114,104 103,584	65,351 62,886 65,816 80,125 85,432 86,208	47,656 57,448 57,098 55,449 55,713 51,570
Half year	69,184	43,497	108,876	74,331	54,138
July August September October November	76,009	38,767 48,193 56,015 66,203 75,666 71,314	112,866 116,317 113,679 93,311 66,891 48,075	83,686 87,475 91,010 96,512 98,246 100,485	49,041 56,816 59,216 63,820 68,864 67,950
12 mos average		51 458	100 305	93 659	87 556

PRODUCTION OF COKE PIG IRON AND FERROMANGANESE

man in the line of the	Ptg 1	ron 3	Perromanganese y		
STATE OF THE PARTY	1939	1938	1939	1938	
January February March April May June	2,175,423 2,060,187 2,394,615 2,056,177 1,717,516 2,118,451	1,429,085 1,298,268 1,452,487 1,376,141 1,255,024 1,062,021	20,805 18,655 16,008 11,518 7,888 16,617	22,388 20,205 21,194 18,607 13,341 14,546	
Half year	12,522,369	7,873,026	91,491	110,281	
July	2,356,270	1,201,785 1,493,995 1,680,435 2,052,284 2,269,983 2,210,728	21,213	20,818 6,089 630 3,621 13,156 19,197	
Year		18.782.236		173.791	

x These totals do not include charcoal pig iron. y Included in pig iron figures

# United States Steel Corp. Shipments Lower in July

Shipments of finished steel products by subsidiary companies of the United States Steel Corp. for the month of July, 1939, amounted to 676,309 tons.

The July shipments compare with 733,433 tons in the preceding month, a decrease of 57,124 tons, and with 441,570 tons in the corresponding month in 1938 (July), an increase of 234,739 tons.

For the year 1939 to date, shipments were 5,069,575 tons compared with 3,451,924 tons in the comparable period of 1938, an increase of 1,617,651 tons.

In the table below we list the figures by months since

January, 1935:

TONNAGE OF SHIPMENTS OF STEEL PRODUCTS BY MONTHS FOR YEARS INDICATED

Month	Year 1935	Year 1936	Year 1937	Year 1938	Year 1939
January	534,055	721,414	1,149,918	518,322	789,305
February	582,137	676,315	1,133,724	474,723	677,994
March	668,056	783,552	1,414,399	572,199	767,910
April	591,728	979,907	1,343,644	501.972	701,459
May	598,915	984,097	1.304.039	465.081	723,165
June	578,108	886,065	1,268,550	478.057	733,433
July	547,794	950,851	1.186.752	441,570	676.309
August	624,497	923,703	1.107,858	558,634	100
September	614,933	961,803	1.047,962	577,666	
October	686,741	1,007,417	792,310	963,287	
November	681,820	882.643	587,241	679,653	100 Per
December	661,515	1,067,365	489,070	694,204	Chinnilly
Yearly adjustment.	<b>—(23,750)</b>	-(40,859)	-(77,113)	+(30,381)	12 A 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Total for year	7.347.549	10.784.273	12.748.354	6.655.749	N. DV (2.13)

#### Steel Production Higher in July

Tonnage of steel ingots produced in July was the second highest of the year, according to a report released Aug. 8

by the American Iron and Steel Institute.

The July total of 3,288,949 gross tons of open hearth and Bessemer steel ingots compares with the revised figure of 3,125,288 gross tons for June, and was exceeded in 1939 only by the revised March tonnage of 3,405,370 gross tons. In July of last year production amounted to 1,974,317 gross tons.

Ingot operations during July represented 54.50% of the industry's capacity, as against 53.35% in June. In July, 1938, the industry operated at 33.29% of capacity.

Steel ingot production in July averaged 744,106 gross tons per week, which compares with 728,505 gross tons per week in June, and with 446,678 gross tons per week in July a year ago.

MONTHLY PRODUCTION OF OPEN-HEARTH AND BESSEMER STEEL INGOTS-JANUARY, 1938, TO JULY, 1939

(Calculations based on reports of companies which in 1938 n open-hearth and 99.90% of the Bessemer ingot pro

	Calculated Produ		Calculated Weekly	Number of Weeks in
	Gross Tons	Per Cent of Capacity	Production (Gross Tons)	Month
1939—				
January	*3,174,352	*52.48	*716,558	4.43
February	*2,988,649	*54.72	*747,162	4.00
March	*3,405,370	*56.30	*768,707	4.43
First quarter	+9,568,371	*54.49	*744,041	12.86
April	*2.974.246	*50.78	*693,297	4.29
day	*2.922.875	*48.32	*659,791	4.43
une	*3,125,288	*53.35	*728,505	4.29
Second quarter	+9,022,409	*50.79	*693,498	13.01
First six months	*18,590,780	*52.63	*718,623	25.87
uly	3,288,949	54.50	744,106	4.42
1938			Termedical cale	-
anuary	1.734.165	29.17	391,459	4.43
ebruary	1,697,452	31.63	424,363	4.00
farch	2,004,204	33.72	452,416	4.43
First quarter	5,435,821	31.50	422,692	12.86
pril	1,919,042	33.34	447,329	4.29
day	1,800,877	30.30	406,519	4.43
une	1,632,843	28.36	380,616	4.29
B. B. T. S. S. Mar. C. G. Z. M. S. F. C. J.				
Second quarter	5,352,762	30.66	411,434	13.01
First six months	10,788,583	31.08	417,031	25.87
uly	1.974.317	33.29	446,678	4.42
ugust	2,537,102	42.68	572,709	4.43
eptember	2,647,129	46.09	618,488	4.28
Third quarter	7,158,548	40.63	545,205	13.13
Nine months	17,947,131	34.29	460,183	39.00
ctober	3,105,985	52.25	701,125	4.43
November	3,558,363	61.81	829,455	4.29
December	3,130,746	52.79	708,314	4.42
Fourth quarter	9,795,094	55.55	745,441	13.14
Total	27,742,225	39.65	532.072	52.14

Note—The percentages of capacity operated in 1939 are calculated on weekly capacities of 1,365,401 gross tons based on annual capacities as of Dec. 31, 1938 as follows: Open hearth and Bessemer ingots, 71,191,994 gross tons and in 1938 are calculated on weekly capacities of 1,341,855 gross tons based on annual capacities as of Dec. 31, 1937, as follows: Open hearth and Bessemer ingots, 69,964,356 gross tons. tons.
\* Revised.

#### Steel Ingot Production up at 61% Since 1937

The Aug. 10 issue of the "Iron Age" showed that a rise The Aug. 10 issue of the "Iron Age" showed that a rise in steel ingot production of one point to 61%, highest since November, 1938, and a further gain in scrap prices which raises the "Iron Age" scrap price composite to \$15.42, highest since October, 1937, bear out expectations of a stronger trend for steel business during the late summer and early autumn. The "Iron Age" further stated: The settlement of the General Motors strike has not yet had an important effect on steel releases by that company as preparation of dies for new models must precede the taking of steel in large tonnages, but specifications from General Motors in fairly large volume are expected before the end of this month.

Menawhile, the adjournment of Congress, together with the defeat of the New Deal's spending-lending program, has had a good sentimental effect on business, nothwithstanding the fact that a good share of present steel buying flows directly or indirectly from Government expenditures. If private spending by such important steel-consuming industries as the public utilities, oil companies and the railroads were to assume somewhat nearer normal proportions, the steel outlook for the remainder of this year would be well assured.

Oil and gas companies have taken more pipe line tonnage this year than since 1937, though only a few of the orders have been of spectacular size, but there is much to be desired so far as the public utilities and the railroads are concerned. However, several thousand railroad cars may be inquired for within the near future. Two inquiries of fair size have appeared within the past week, one from the Virginian Railway for 500 hopper cars, and the other a renewal of a previous inquiry by the Chicago & North Western for 800 cars. A Philadelphia company has orders on hand for a large volume of light-weight passenger cars, for which about 1,250 tons of stainless steel has been purchased.

The outstanding significance of current steel business is the great diversification of orders, both as to products and the range of industries from which the orders come. As there is no indication of a cessation of this flow of mis-cellaneous business within the near future, the steel industry is hopeful of higher operating rates as soon as automobile tonnage is sufficient to make itself felt. Within a week or two the trend of automobile assemblies will be

upward as production of new models begins.

While ingot production of the past week or two represents to some extent an anticipation of automobile releases, there is said to be no abnormal stocking of ingots, slabs, &c. . A few plants are building up moderate stocks in preparation for a shut down of steel making departments for all or part of Labor Day week.

At Cleveland there has been a seven-point rise to 77% this week, partly in preparation for automotive demand. The independent steel plant at Detroit will be operating at  $87\frac{1}{2}\%$ -by the end of the week, while the Ford plant, now operating six open-hearth furnaces, will have all 10 in service by Aug. 21. An operation of 100% at Detroit is expected as soon as motor car companies get into full production.

Six blast furnaces have gone in since the first of the month, two Carnegie-Illinois and two Jones & Laughlin in the Pittsburgh district, and two Carnegie-Illinois in the Chicago district. These are in addition to a revised figure of 129 that were active on Aug. 1. Pig iron capacity was operated last month at 55.8% of capacity compared with 54.50% for steel ingot, suggesting the possibility of increased ratio of pig iron to scrap in openhearth melting because of high scrap prices.

Steel scrap is 25c. a ton higher at Pittsburgh to an average of \$16.125 and 50c. higher at Philadelphia, where it averages \$16.25, with no change at Chicago. Foreign business, particularly Japanese, is partly responsible for increased strength in the East.

Steel prices continue to strengthen, the latest move being an effort to put reinforcing bars, long one of the weakest items, on a better price basis. Several makers have announced new quotations of 1.90c. a lb., basing point, for billet steel bars and 1.80c. for rail steel bars, which are lower than the prices officially announced for this quarter but well above the prices

that have become commonly quoted.

Despite some falling off in inquirites for fabricated structural awards have been in fairly good volume at about 19,500 tons. About 25,000 tons of galvanized sheets will be required for corn cribs which the Government will have built for the corn belt.

#### THE "IRON AGE" COMPOSITE PRICES Finished Steel

Finishe	ed Ste	MEI		
Aug. 8, 1939, 2.236c. a Lb. One week ago	wire	e, rails, bl	pars, beams, tar ack pipe, sheets These products inited States out	and hot
	H	toh	L	ow
1939 2 1938 2 1937 2 1936 2 1935 2 1934 2 1932 1 1932 1 1930 2 1927 2	286c. 512c. 512c. 249c. 062c. 118c. 953c. 915c. 192c. 402c.	Jan. 3 May 17 Mar. 9 Dec. 28 Oct. 1 Apr. 24 Oct. 3 Sept. 6 Jan. 7 Jan. 4	2.236c. 2.211c. 2.249c. 2.016c. 2.056c. 1.945c. 1.792c. 1.870c. 1.962c. 2.212c.	May 16 Oct. 8 Mar. 2 Mar. 10 Jan. 8 Jan. 2 May 2 Mar. 15 Oct. 29 Nov. 1
Pig				
Aug. 8, 1939, \$20.61 a Gross Ton () One week ago \$20.61 One month ago 20.61 One year ago 19.61	furi Phi Sou	ace and ladelphia.	foundry iron at Buffalo. Val at Cincinnati.	Chicago, ley and
1001	23.25 19.73 18.84 17.90 16.90 14.81 18.21 19.71	June 21 Mar. 9 Nov. 24 Nov. 5 May 1 Dec. 5 Jan 5 Jan 7 Jan 4	\$19.61 20.25 18.73 17.83 16.90 13.56 13.56 15.90 17.54	July 6 Feb. 16 Aug. 11 May 14 Jan. 27 Jan. 3 Dec. 6 Dec. 16 Nov. 1
Steel				
Aug. 8, 1939, \$15.42 a Gross Ton One week ago \$15.17 One month ago 14.71 One year ago 14.83	quo		1 heavy melt Pittsburgh, Phi	
		High		Low
1939	15.00 21.92 17.75 13.42 13.00 12.25 8.50	Aug. 8 Nov. 22 Mar. 30 Dec. 21 Dec. 10 Mar. 13 Aug. 8 Jan. 12 Feb. 18	\$14.08 11.00 12.92 12.67 10.33 9.50 6.75 6.43	May 16 June 7 Nov. 10 June 9 Apr. 29 Sept. 25 Jan. 3 July 5 Dec. 9
1927	15,25	Jan. 17	13.08	Nov. 25

The American Iron and Steel Institute on Aug. 7 announced that telegraphic reports which it had received indicated that the operating rate of steel companies having 97% of the steel capacity of the industry will be 60.1% of capacity for the week beginning Aug. 7, compared with 59.3% one week ago, 49.7% one month ago, and 39.4% one year ago. This represents an increase of 0.8 point, or 1.3%, from the estimate for the week ended July 31, 1939. Weekly indicated rates of steel operations since Aug. 1, 1938, follow:

1938— 1938— 1938— 1939—
Aug. 839.4% Nov. 2161.9% Feb. 2755.8% June 1253.19
Aug. 22 42.8% Dec. 5 59.9% Mar. 13 55.7% June 26 54.39
Aug. 20 44.0% Dec. 12 57.6% Mar. 20 55.4% July 3 38.59
Sept. 639.9% Dec. 1951.7% Mar. 2756.1% July 1049.79
Sept. 1245.3% Dec. 2638.8% Apr. 354.7% July 1756.49
Sept. 1947.3% 1939— Apr. 1052.1% July 2460.69
Sept. 2646.7% Jan. 250.7% Apr. 1750.9% July 3159.3% Oct. 3 47.9% Jan. 9 51.7% Apr. 2448.6% Aug. 760.1%
Con. C
Oct. 11
Out. #1
Oct. 3156.8% Feb. 653.4% May 2248.5% Nov. 761.0% Feb. 1354.8% May 2952.2%

"Steel" of Cleveland, in its summary of the iron and steel markets, on Aug. 7 stated:

Steel-making has leveled off at 60% after rising sharply for three teks. Demand for finished products is sustained, however, and the outlook is encouraging.

One of the most favorable market developments is the prospect for a more rapid upturn shortly in automotive steel shipments, following the lull imposed by labor trouble. Since some steel already had been produced in anticipation of motor car requirements, prolongation of the tool and die workers' strike had possibilities of retarding future operations.

Miscellaneous steel users still account for more than their usual share

of total business. This situation may be changed the next 30 days as automotive operations expand, although at the same time a declining trend is indicated in requirements of heavy products for building and engineering construction.

Previous orders for structural shapes and concrete reinforcing bars will keep mills and fabricators fairly well engaged for a number of weeks, but inquiries and awards are slower. Temporarily offsetting the reduced activity in these products are heavier orders for pipe line and shipbuilding material. Recent line pipe bookings total 42,500 tons, while the Navy has

material. Recent line pipe bookings total 42,000 tons, while the Navy has bought 21,300 tons of plates and sheets for two battleships.

Daily average pig iron production in July was 7.6% ahead of June and 94.3% larger than a year ago. Total output the first seven months of 14,877,167 gross tons was nearly 63% greater than in the 1938 period. July showed a net gain of 12 in number of active blast furnaces.

Automobile assemblies are near the year's lowest level, but by the end of this month are scheduled to be headed upward. Last week saw a further drop of 12,000 units to 28,250. This outupt was nearly double the total a year ago. General Motors accounted for most of the decrease.

General Motors accounted for most of the decrease, the total a year ago. retrenching from 15,030 units to 3,530. Chrysler declined from 2,540 to 2,130, Ford increased from 16,875 to 17,500, and all others receded from 6,150 to 5,090.

Occasional small gains in railroad steel requirements still leave demand from that direction light. The fading of plans for Federal assistance in financing equipment purchases is not expected to affect freight car and locomotive buying materially, but indicated gains in traffic and earnings the remained of the year are counted on to stimulate equipment building and rehabilitation.

Tin-plate production has spurted three points to 68%. The rise is regarded as only temporary, since specifications are declining seasonally. Current and prospective export business in tin-plate continues active.

Steel prices retain the stronger tone that gradually has replaced weakness of earlier months. Buyers of flat-rolled products attempting to increase contracts entered in May at concessions have been unsuccessful, and shading on plates and shapes is less prevalent. Cold-finished bar producers are introducing new quantity extras, following application of higher charges on small lots of hot-rolled bars. A change in prices and base quantities for concrete reinforcing bars also is planned.

Sheet and strip producers are attempting to clear books of cut-price tonnage as soon as possible, by Sept. 30 in the case of smaller consumers. Shipments to automotive interests and some other large users will extend

Shipments to automotive interests and some other large users will extend

through the remainder of the year.

Manufacturers of farm equipment are not looked to for any marked upturn in steel requirements before late summer or early fall. Sustained farm income is a factor in expectations for further expansion in merchant wire products demand later this quarter. Activity in wire and wire products currently is good.

Unusually steady schedules prevailed in the various steel-making dis-

tricts last week to hold the national average unchanged at 60%. This compares with 40% a year ago. Gains of seven points to 58% at Buffalo and 28 points to 68% in New England were offset by a 14-point decline to 70% in Birmingham.

Unchanged districts included Pittsburgh at 50%, Chicago at 56%, eastern Pennsylvania at 41%, Wheeling at 79%, Cleveland at 73%, Cincinnati at 31%, Detroit at 64%, Youngstown at 54%, and St. Louis at 471/2%.

Scrap markets continue bullish, with the price composite up 5c. to \$14.96 on an increase in eastern Pennsylvania. The finished steel composite is unchanged at \$55.60.

Steel ingot production for the week ended Aug. 7 is placed at about 60% of capacity, according to the "Wall Street Journal" of Aug. 10. This compares with 61½% in the previous week and 58½% two weeks ago. The "Journal" fourther research. further reported:

U. S. Steel is estimated at  $55\frac{1}{2}\%$ , against 55% in the week before and  $53\frac{1}{2}\%$  two weeks ago. Leading independents are credited with  $63\frac{1}{2}\%$ , compared with  $66\frac{1}{2}\%$  in the preceding week and  $62\frac{1}{2}\%$  two weeks ago.

The following table gives a comparison of the percentage of production with the nearest corresponding week of previous years, together with the approximate changes, in points, from the week immediately preceding:

	Industry	U. S. Steel	Independents
1939	60 —11/4	551/4 + 1/4	6314 -3
1938	40 +2	32 + 36	47 +334
1937	84 —1	83 - 14	841/4 -11/4
1936	7214 + 14	6716 + 16	751
1935	47 +1	40 - 16	5214 +2
1934	26	25 +1 51	26 - 1/2
1933	26 55	51	58
1932	14 14	13	1416 -1
1931	32 +1	34 +1	30 +1
1930	56 -2	62 1/4 -2	51 -2
1929	931	97 —1	90 —1
1928	75 +3	80 +4	72 +3
1927	66 + 14	69 +1	63

# Current Events and Discussions

The Week with the Federal Reserve Banks

During the week ended Aug. 9 member bank reserve balances increased \$96,000,000. Additions to member bank reserves arose from increases of \$22,000,000 in gold stock and \$2,000,000 in Treasury currency, and decreases of \$19,-000,000 in Treasury deposits with Federal Reserve banks, \$16,000,000 in Treasury cash and \$66,000,000 in nonmember deposits and other Federal Reserve accounts, offset in part by a decrease of \$14,000,000 in Reserve bank credit and an increase of \$16,000,000 in money in circulation. Excess reserves of member banks on Aug. 9 were estimated to be approximately \$4,530,000,000, an increase of \$70,-000,000 for the week.

The principal change in holdings of bills and securities was a reduction of \$10,000,000 in United States Treasury bills. The statement in full for the week ended Aug. 9 will be found on pages 980 and 981.

Changes in the amount of Reserve bank credit outstanding

and related items were as fe	ollows:		
			or Decrease (-)
	Aug. 9, 1939	Aug. 2, 1939	
Bilis discounted	5,000,000		-2,000,000
** **	2,443,000,000	-10,000,000	-121,000,000
\$11,000,000 commitm'ts—Aug. 9) - Other Reserve bank credit-	12,000,000 2,000,000		-4,000,000 + 7,000,000
Gold stock1	2,462,000,000 6,270,000,000		+3,237,000,000
The state of the s	2,897,000,000	1 -10-010-0	+174,000,000
Member bank reserve balances1 Money in circulation	7,07,0000,000	+16,000,000	+604,000,000
Treasury deposits with F. R. bank.  Non-member deposits and other Fed-	2,354,000,000 844,000,000	-16,000,000 $-19,000,000$	-13,000,000 + 5,000,000
eral Reserve accounts.	853,000,000	-66,000,000	+ 232,000,000

#### Returns of Member Banks in New York City and Chicago-Brokers' Loans

Below is the statement of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System for the New York City member banks and also for the Chicago member banks for the current week, issued in advance of full statements of the member banks which will not be available until the coming Monday: ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS IN CENTRAL RESERVE CITIES

(II	a Million	s of Doll	ars)			
The second second		York C				
	Aug. 9 1939	1939	Aug. 10 1938	1939	1939	Aug. 10 1938
Assets-	8	8		\$	8	8
Loans and investments-total	8,332	8,309	7,527	2,112	2,111	1,838
Loans-total		2,806	2,915	538	540	520
agricultural loans	1,464	1,438	1,460	355	351	341
Open market paper	114	117	132	18	19	20
Loans to brokers and dealers Other loans for purchasing or	484	501	499	33	36	27
carrying securities	186	186	191	68	70	68
Real estate loans	116	116	118	14	14	12
Loans to banks	64	64	79			
Other loans	379	384	436	50	50	52
Treasury bills	206	194)		(205	206)	
Treasury notes	835	818	2,780	242	240	874
United States bonds	2,176	2,189	-,,	651	650	
Obligations fully guaranteed by	-,	-,,		(000	555,	
United States Government	1.133	1.127	786	149	150	128
Other securities	1,175	1.175	1.046	327	325	316
Reserve with Fed. Res. banks	5.005	4.953	3,301	922	893	875
Cash in vauit	62	62	50	38	33	34
Balances with domestic banks	73	73	69	221	231	204
Other assets—net	377	378	486	48	48	52
Liablities-						
Demand deposits-adjusted	7,791	7,715	6,229	1,682	1,680	1.527
Time deposits	653	646	638	496	495	464
United States Govt. deposits	52	55	104	63	63	57
Inter-bank deposits:	0.11					
Domestie banks	2.983	2.987	2,421	810	788	684
Foreign banks	550	545	274	11	12	7
Borrowings						
Other liabilities	337	346	285	13	12	16
Capital account	1,483	1,481	1,482	266	266	248

# Complete Returns of Member Banks of the Federal Reserve System for the Preceding Week

As explained above, the statements of the New York and Chicago member banks are given out on Thursday, simultaneously with the figures of the Reserve banks themselves and covering the same week, instead of being held until the following Monday, before which time the statistics covering the entire body of reporting member banks in 101 cities cannot be compiled.

In the following will be found the comments of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System respecting the returns of the entire body of reporting member banks of the Federal Reserve System for the week ended with the close

of business Aug. 2:

The condition statement of weekly reporting member banks in 101 leading cities shows the following principal changes for the week ended Aug. 2: A net decrease of \$12,000,000 in commercial, industrial and agricultural loans and a decrease of \$26,000,000 in loans to brokers and dealers in securities; increases of \$73,000,000 in holdings of obligations guaranteed by the United States Government and of \$63,000,000 in holdings of "other securities"; a decrease of \$139,000,000 in demand deposits—adjusted and an increase of \$216,000,000 in deposits credited to domestic banks.

Commercial, industrial and agricultural loans increased \$24,000,000 in New York City and declined \$24,000,000 in the Chicago district, \$16,-000,000 in the Atlanta district and \$12,000,000 at all reporting member banks. Decreases in commercial, industrial and agricultural loans during the week reflect purchases of commodity loans from banks by the Commodity Credit Corporation. Loans to brokers and dealers in securities declined \$22,000,000 in New York City and \$26,000,000 at all reporting member banks.

member banks.

Holdings of United States Treasury bills increased \$47,000,000 in New York City and declined \$39,000,000 in the Chicago district, all reporting member banks showing a net increase of \$8,000,000. Holdings of Treasury notes declined \$5,000,000. Holdings of United States Government bonds declined \$2,000,000. Holdings of obligations guaranteed by the United States Government increased \$21,000,000 in New York City, \$16,000,000 in the Chicago district, \$11,000,000 in the San Francisco district, and \$73,000,000 at all reporting member banks. Holdings of "other securities" increased \$57,000,000 in New York City, \$10,000,000 in the Philadelphia district and \$63,000,000 at all reporting member banks.

Demand deposits—adjusted declined \$89,000,000 in New York City, \$67,000,000 in the Chicago district and \$139,000,000 at all reporting member banks, and increased \$29,000,000 in the Philadelphia district.

ber banks, and increased \$29,000,000 in the Philadelphia district.

Deposits credited to domestic banks increased \$95,000,000 in New York City, \$67,000,000 in the Chicago district, \$13,000,000 each in the Atlanta and Kansas City districts and \$216,000,000 at all reporting member banks.

Borrowings of weekly reporting member banks amounted to \$9,000,000 01 Aug. 2.

A summary of the principal assets and liabilities of reporting member banks, together with changes for the week

and the year ended Aug.	2, 1939, fe	ollows:	
		Increase (+)	or Decrease (-)
			nce
Assets—	ug. 2, 1939	July 26, 1939	Aug. 3, 1938
Loans and investments-total 22	944 000 000	+109,000,000	+1.684.000.000
Commercial, industrial and agri-	,166,000,000	28,000,000	
	,887,000,000	12,000,000	+22,000,000
Open-market paper	313,000,000	+1,000,000	23,000,000
Loans to brokers and dealers in			
securities	655,000,000	-26,000,000	+53,000,000
Other loans for purchasing or			
carrying securities	526,000,000	-2.000,000	-48,000,000
	.168,000,000	+3.000.000	+7.000,000
Loans to banks	74.000.000	+3.000.000	37,000,000
Other loans 1	543,000,000	+5.000,000	+27,000,000
Treasury bills	473,000,000	+8,000,000	1 1000 1000
	132,000,000	-5,000,000	+860,000,000
	910,000,000	-2.000,000	, 000,000,000
	241,000,000	+73,000,000	+595,000,000
United States Government	-1-10001000	1 1010001000	1 00010001000
	322.000.000	+63,000,000	+228,000,000
	684,000,000	-66,000,000	+2,114,000,000
Cash in vault	424,000,000	-24,000,000	+46,000,000
	793,000,000	+48,000,000	+394,000,000
Datatices with gomestic banks	,,000,000	T #0,000,000	+ 394,000,000
Liabilities-			
Demand deposits-adjusted 17,	462,000,000	-139,000,000	+2.511.000.000
Time deposits 5,	243,000,000	+6,000,000	+50,000,000
	549,000,000	+1,000,000	+113,000,000
Inter-bank deposits:	,,	1 -10001000	110-0-10-0-0
	012.000.000	+216,000,000	+1.085,000,000
	623,000,000	-4.000,000	+314,000,000
Borrowings	9.000,000	-4,000,000	+4,000,000
	-10001000	1,000,000	1 2,000,000

## Chile Extends Plan of Debt Service to Holders of Municipal Bonds—Protective Council Indicates Views as to Offer

The Republic of Chile by a prospectus dated Aug. 10, 1939 announces the extension to holders of Chilean Consolidated municipal loan bonds and of City of Santiago bonds of the plan of debt service heretofore made available to holders of the Government's direct and indirect debt. Copies of the prospectus may be obtained from Schroder Trust Co., 46 William St., New York City. It is announced that holders of bonds of the municipalities who accept the offer of the Government on or before Aug. 10, 1940 will be entitled to receive the payments aggregating \$39.58½ per \$1,000 bond previously announced under the plan. The loans to which the extension of the offer applies are: the extension of the offer applies are:

Chilean consolidated municipal loan 31-year 7% external sinking fund bonds, series A, 1929, outstanding in the principal amount of \$10,132,500. City of Santiago, Chile, 21-year 7% external sinking Fund bonds (dated Jan. 2, 1928), outstanding in the principal amount of \$2,094,000. City of Santiago 7% external sinking fund bonds of 1930, outstanding in the principal amount of \$1,457,500.

The announcement in the matter further said:

In order to obtain the payments announced in the years 1936, 1937, 1938 and 1939, aggregating \$39.58½ per \$1,000 bond, holders of bonds of these loans are required to present their bonds with appurtenant coupons attached for stamping on or before Aug. 10, 1940, those assenting after that date having only the right to receive those annual interest payments which may be approprised with respect to the year, in which assent is given which may be announced with respect to the year in which a and subsequently. Upon such stamping, the Government of Chile becomes the sole debtor on the bonds on the terms set forth in the plan.

The service of Chile's external debt is carried out by the Autonomous

Institute for the Amortization of the Public Debt. The resources of the Institute include the receipts of the Government from its participation in the profits of the Chilean Nitrate and Iodine Sales Corp. and receipts from certain income taxes on the copper industry. Total recipts of the Institute from these sources, as shown by the prospectus by which the Government's offer is made, amounted in 1936 to \$4,920.553, in 1937 to \$6,112,090 and Under the debt plan law 50% of the receipts of in 1938 to \$14,136,998. the Institute from the above mentioned sources is used for the payment of interest on the total external public debt, direct and indirect, of the Republic of Chile and of the municipalities. The balance of such receipts, after deduction of expenses incident to the application of the law, is employed by the Institute for the retirement of bonds of the external debt.

As of June 24, 1939, the outstanding principal amount of dollar bonds assented to the debt plan is stated as \$100,693,000 representing 55.2% of the total amount of dollar bonds outstanding.

The Foreign Bondholders Protective Council, Inc., New York, in a notice sent to bondholders, states that its attitude toward the Chilean plan remains unchanged. In our issue of Jan. 14, 1939, page 206, when the previous offer was made we referred to the statement of the Council presenting its views in the matter.

#### Comparative Figures of Condition of Canadian Banks

In the following we compare the condition of the Canadian banks for June 30, 1939, with the figures for May 31, 1939, and June 30, 1938.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF THE BANKS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA

Assets	June 30, 1939	May 31, 1939	June 30, 1938
Current gold and subsidiary coin-	nat som	46 5	5
In Canada	5,311,687	6,026,933	4,982,342
Elsewhere	5,793,697	5,866,982	4,638,784
Total	11,105,384	11,893,915	9,621,126
Cominion notes	10/15/24/2	TVES ALVOAST	MEDICAL STREET
lotes of Bank of Canada	45,097,789	54,661,201	46,080,853
Deposits with Bank of Canada	204,682,549	205.355.441	195,446,590
votes of other banks	5,015,070	5,777,853 31,844,046	5,448,964
United States & other foreign currencies Cheques on other banks	29,942,374	31,844,046	28,290,791
Loans to other banks in Canada, secured,	144,751,998	105,109,872	126,837,801
including bills rediscounted			d days
Deposits made with and balance due			
from other banks in Canada Oue from banks and banking correspond-	3,459,670	3,535,556	3,403,592
ents in the United Kingdom	29,555,633	29,382,530	36,930,062
Due from banks and banking correspond-	Lon rabic. N	makes you do an	MINISTER STATE
ents elsewhere than in Canada and the	215,093,285	194,817,739	83,849,391
United Kingdom Cominion Government and Provincial	210,004,200	101,017,700	00,010,001
Government securities	1,212,185,399	1,197,855,159	1,156,384,724
anadian municipal securities and Brit-		Survivial I	A SALESTAN
ish, foreign and colonial public se-	104 018	101 700 010	1M1 894 989
curities other than Canadian	184,515,750	181,536,040	171,534,373 134,218,772
allway and other bonds, debs. & stocks all and short (not exceeding 30 days)	128,594,624	125,069,089	104,210,112
loans in Canada on stocks, deben-	1000-00	Dec. 1000 / TOTAL	o but green
tures, bonds and other securities of		REAL PRINT	No vietnam
a sufficient marketable value to		** 100 000	** ***
Elsewhere than in Canada	52,454,170	55,120,863	69,381,551 53,210,149
ther current loans & discts. in Canada	41,913,431 821,609,936	49,677,624 821,545,250	785,974,554
Elsewhere	144,038,405	141,131,168	181,339,505
oans to the Government of Canada		*******	
oans to Provincial governments	18,511,342	21,837,870	19,498,371
oans to cities, towns, municipalities	116 710 770	110 070 076	115 017 057
and school districts	116,712,778	119,972,976	115,917,057
vided for	8,979,027	8,967,375	9,991,660
eal estate other than bank premises	8,979,027 7,911,970	8,967,375 7,872,787	9,991,660 8,336,905 4,415,777
fortgages on real estate sold by bank	4,133,052	4,204,978	4,415,777
ank premises at not more than cost	70 051 600	70 040 199	73,471,985
less amounts (if any) written offlabilities of customers under letters of	72,051,680	72,242,133	10,411,900
credit as per contra	53,421,218	52,255,459	59,043,563
eposit with the Minister of Finance	to 4 Life years	wreatoned v	1112
for the security of note circulation	5,618,983	5,494,064	6,144,958
hares of and loans to controlled cos	11,507,495	11,566,700	11,455,350
ther assets not included under the fore- going heads	2,292,516	2,351,087	2,310,326
in_alsols_tolempor to annul	3,574,555,643		3 398 538 862
Total assets	0,071,000,010	0,021,070,000	0,000,000,002
Liabilities	PTOLITERUNG		100 005 000
otes in circulation	97,346,073	90,295,577	103,925,690
alance due to Dominion Govt. after de- ducting adv. for credits, pay-lists, &c.	94,739,294	114,024,712	98,372,323
dvances under the Finance Act	04,100,204	114,054,715	00,012,020
alance due to Provincial governments.	64,526,348	47,498,284	49,829,873
peposits by the public, payable on de-		PRINTED TO THE PRINTED TO	400 041 570
mand in Canada	702,232,175	684,281,640	689,941,578
eposits by the public, payable after notice or on a fixed day in Canada	1.680.377.190	1,678,363,561	1,620,819,977
eposits elsewhere than in Canada	503,737,167	484,393,814	409,569,736
oans from other banks in Canada,	ne of fact to	la wantonia	
secured, including bills rediscounted		******	*******
eposits made by and balances due to	20,027,440	14,943,723	15,966,159
ue to banks and banking correspond-	20,021,110	F 4. 37. 14.	
ents in the United Kingdom	13,736,391	14,109,121	12,524,196
Elsewhere than in Canada and the	46 596 574	42,836,971	42 195 210
United Kingdom	46,586,574 207,962	42,836,971 85,382	42,195,219 251,511
ills payable	and the little	30,002	
standing	53,421,218 3,441,775	52,255,459	59,043,563
standing	3,441,775	3,532,244	2,964,343
	1,398,694	2,194,141	1,397,993
ividends declared and unpaid	122 750 000	199 750 000	122 750 000
est or reserve fundapital paid up	133,750,000 145,500,000	133,750,000 145,500,000	1,397,993 133,750,000 145,500,000

Note—Owing to the omission of the cents in the official reports, the footings in the above do not exactly agree with the totals given.

Short Interest on New York Stock Exchange Decreased During July

The short interest existing as of the close of business on the July 31 settlement date, as compiled from information obtained by the New York Stock Exchange from its members obtained by the New York Stock Exchange from its memoers and member firms, was 481,599 shares, compared with 651,906 shares on June 30, both totals excluding short positions carried in the odd-lot accounts of all odd-lot dealers, it was announced Aug. 9. As of the July 31 settlement date, the total short interest in all odd-lot dealers' accounts was 38,855 shares. compared with 45,470 shares on June 30. The Exchange's announcement further said:

Of the 1,230 individual stock issues listed on the Exchange on July 31, there were 25 issues in which a short interest of more than 5,000 shares existed, or in which a change in the short position of more than 2,000 shares occurred during the month.

The number of issues in which a short interest was reported as of July 31, 1939, exclusive of odd-lot dealers' short position, was 413, compared with 408 on June 30

In the following tabulation is shown the short interest existing at the opening of the last business day of each month since June 30, 1937:

1937—	1 19	38-	- 14 L ISAN		18-	
	.007.736 Mar		,097,858			500,961
	966,935 Apr.	29	.384.113	193	19—	
	967,593 May		,343,573	Jan.	31	447.543
	.214.082 June		,050,164	Feb.	28	536,377
Nov. 301	.184,215 July	29	833,663	Mar.	31	529,559
	.051,870 Aug		729,480	Apr.	28	*662.313
1938-	Sept	. 30	588,345	May	31	667,804
Jan. 31	.222,005 Oct.		669.530	June	30	651,906
Feb. 281	.141,482 Nov	. 29	587,314	July	31	481,599
* Revised.						

Odd-Lot Trading on New York Stock Exchange During Week Ended July 29

The Securities and Exchange Commission on Aug. 4 made public a summary for the week ended July 29 of comprehensive figures showing the daily volume of stock transactions for the odd-lot account of all odd-lot dealers and specialists who handle odd lots on the New York Stock Exchange, continuing a series of current figures being published by the Commission. Figures for the previous week ended July 22 appeared in our Aug. 5 issue, page 804. The figures are based upon reports filed with the Commission by the odd-lot dealers and specialists.

STOCK TRANSACTIONS FOR THE ODD-LOT ACCOUNT OF ODD-LOT DEALERS AND SPECIALISTS ON NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended July 29, 1939

Week Ended July 29, 1939	Total for Week
Odd-lot sales by dealers (customers' purchases):	
Number of orders	22,143
Number of shares	630,383
Dollar value	22,117,618
Odd-lot purchases by dealers (customers' sales); Number of orders: Customers' short sales	559
Customers' other sales.a	
Customers' total sales	26,403
Number of shares: Customers' short sales Customers' other sales.	12,294 672,113
Customers' total sales	684,407
Dollar value	22,388,846
Round-lot sales by dealers: Number of shares:	
Short sales.	165,160
Total sales	165,210
Round-lot purchases by dealers: Number of shares	114,060
a Sales marked "short exempt" are reported with "other sales." b Sales to offset customers' odd-lot orders, and sales to liquidate a lo	ng position

#### Member Trading on New York Stock and New York Curb Exchanges—Figures for Weeks Ended July 15 and July 22

which is less than a round lot are reported with "other sales."

On Aug. 4 the Securities and Exchange Commission made public figures showing the volume of round-lot stock sales on the New York Stock Exchange and the New York Curb Exchange for the account of all members of these exchanges in the week ended July 15, continuing a series of current figures being published weekly by the Commission. Short sales are shown separately from other sales in the New York Stock Exchange figures.

ngures being published weekly by the Commission. Short sales are shown separately from other sales in the New York Stock Exchange figures.

The Stock Exchange members traded for their own account in amount of 1,464,245 shares, an amount which was 20.45% of total transactions of 3,580,180 shares on the Exchange during the week ended July 15. During the preceding week ended July 8 trading by the Stock Exchange members amounted to 626,690 shares, or 20.21% of total transactions of 1,550,200 shares.

On the New York Curb Exchange total round-lot transactions for account of all members during the week ended

On the New York Curb Exchange total round-lot transactions for account of all members during the week ended July 15 were 188,940 shares; as total transactions on the Exchange during the week amounted to 525,345 shares, the member trading for their own account was 17.98% of total transactions, which compares with a percentage of 15.74% in the preceding week ended July 8, when member trading amounted to 81,800 shares and total transactions 259,805 shares

The SEC also made available on Aug. 11 the figures for the week ended July 22. Round-lot transactions for the account of members of the Stock Exchange during that week amounted to 3,571,169 shares, or 21.71% of total trading of 8,222,300 shares. On the Curb Exchange member trading amounted to 410,380 shares, or 20.73% of the total volume on that Exchange of 989,650 shares.

The figures for the week ended July 8 were given in these

The figures for the week ended July 8 were given in these columns of July 29, page 653. The Commission, in making available the data for the weeks ended July 15 and July 22, said:

The data published are based upon weekly reports filed with the New York Stock Exchange and the New York Curb Exchange by their respective members. These reports are classified as follows:

Total number of reports received	New York Stock Exchange 1,074	July 15, '39 New York Curb Ezchange 798	Week End. New York Stock Exchange 1,074	July 22, '39 New York Curb Exchange 798
1. Reports showing transactions as specialists	193	101	197	102
2. Reports showing other trans- actions initiated on the floor 3. Reports showing other trans-	218	36	271	67
actions initiated off the floor	233	78	316	90
4. Reports showing no transactions	581	592	488	572

Note—On the New York Curb Exchange the round-lot transactions of specialists in stocks in which they are registered are not strictly comparable with data similarly designated for the New York Stock Exchange, since specialists on the New York Curb Exchange perform the functions of the New York Stock Exchange odd-lot dealer as well as those of the specialist.

The number of reports in the various classifications may total more than the number of reports received because, at times, a single report may carry entries in more than one classification.

TOTAL ROUND-LOT STOCK SALES ON THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE AND ROUND-LOT STOCK TRANSACTIONS FOR ACCOUNT OF MEMBERS \* (SHARES)

OF MEMBERS * SHARES)	Week End. Total for Week	July 15 Per Cent a	Week End. Total for Week	July 22 Per Cent a
A. Total round-lot sales: Short salesOther sales.b	125,900 3,454,280		269,320 7,952,980	
Total sales	3,580,180		8,222,300	
B. Round-lot transactions for account of members, except for the odd-lot accounts of odd-lot dealers and specialists     Transactions of specialists in stocks in which they are registered—Total purchases.	300 110		964,610	
Short salesOther sales.b			118,700 795,160	
Total sales	362,470	,	913,860	
Total purchases and sales	760,580	10.62	1,878,470	11.42
2. Other transactions initiated on the floor—Total purchases			567,610	
Short sales			52,200 465,660	
Total sales	175,875		517,860	
Total purchases and sales	398,250	5.56	1,085,470	6.60
3. Other transactions initiated off the floor—Total purchases	104,845		246,774	
Short salesOther sales.b			29,250 331,205	
Total sales	200,570		360,455	
Total purchases and sales	305,415	4.27	607,229	3.69
4. Total—Total purchases	725,330		1,778,994	
Short sales	83,630 655,285		200,150 1,592,025	
Total sales	738,915		1,792,175	21.71
Total purchases and sales	1,464,245	20.45	3,571,169	-

STOCK TRANSACTIONS ON THE NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE FOR

ACCOUNT O	F MEMBERS	* (SHARE	ES)	
A. Total round-lot volume	Tota	End. July il for Pe eek Cent 25,345	Total for	Per Cent a
B. Round-iot transactions for a members: 1. Transactions of specialists in which they are registere	in stocks		1,000	NAME OF THE OWNER, OWNE
Bought		60,400 72,675	125,97 135,59	
Total	13	33,075 12	.66 261,56	5 13.21
2. Other transactions initiate floor—Bought		13,250 11,550	48,62 48,56	
Total		24,800 2	.36 97,18	5 4.91
3. Other transactions initiate floor—Bought	*******	18,185 12,880	27,20 24,43	
Total		31,065 2	.96 51,63	0 2.61
4. Total—Bought		91,835 97,105	201,80 208,58	
Total	1	88,940 17	.98 410,38	0 20.73
C. Odd-lot transactions for a specialists—Bought		46,279 26,510	83,75 46,44	
Total		72.789	130,19	3

\* The term "members" includes all Exchange members, their firms and their partners, including special partners.

a Shares in members' transactions as per cent of twice total round-lot volume. In calculating these percentages, the total of members' transactions is compared with twice the total round-lot volume on the Exchange for the reason that the total of members' transactions includes both purchases and sales, while the Exchange volume includes only sales.

b Round-lot short sales which are exempted from restriction by the Commission's rules are included with "other sales."

#### New York Stock Exchange Institute to Offer Courses to General Public

The New York Stock Exchange Institute announced Aug. 8 that, for the first time, the full schedule of its courses will be made available to anyone interested in the study of subjects related to the securities business, Registration begins on Aug. 28, and the Fall term commences Sept. 11. Heretofore admission to the Institute's courses has been restricted to employees of stock exchanges and their member firms. The announcement by the Exchange added:

The courses of instruction offered by the Institute are designed to afford specialized educational opportunity in practically every phase of security brokerage and investment analysis. It is expected that with the inauguration of the new public registration, many employees of non-member financial institutions and also customers of member firms will enroll in one or more of the 40 different courses offered by the Institute. The school year is divided into two terms of 15 weeks each. Classes meet for two-hours each week.

#### Market Value of Bonds Listed on New York Stock Exchange July 31 Above June 30

On Aug. 7 the New York Stock Exchange issued the following announcement showing the total market value of

bonds listed on the Exchange July 31:

As of the close of business on July 31, 1939, there were 1,384 bond issues aggregating \$52,610,197,427 par value listed on the New York Stock Exchange, with a total market value of \$49,007,131,070.

On June 30 there were 1,389 bond issues aggregating \$52,-721,211,459 party value listed on the Evelonge with a total

751,311,452 par value listed on the Exchange with a total market value of \$48,570,781,615.

In the following table listed bonds are classified by governmental and industrial groups with the aggregate market value and average price for each:

	July 31, 19	039	June 30, 19	939
To a territoria de la facilia	Market Value	Aver. Price	Market Value	Ater. Price
Continue of Continue of the second	8			8
U. S. Govt. (incl. States, cities, &c.) United States Companies—		4000	32,705,470,256	109.12
Autos and accessories	17,015,375	91.34	16,090,419	86.38
Financial	174,186,715		211,337,761	102.86
Chemical	70.396.279	93.97	68,333,728	91.22
Building	27,037,848		26,718,920	81.91
Electrical equipment manufacturing.			36,848,524	
Food	234,719,833		210,304,808	102.41
Rubber and tires	98,193,834		97,772,796	104.00
Amusements				
Land and realty			9,419,319	
Machinery and metals			50,737,966	
Mining (excluding iron)				
Petroleum				
Paper and publishing				95.59
Retail merchandising				
Railway operating and holding com-		02.02	20,000,200	
panies & equipment manufacturers.		57.55	5,867,130,206	85.17
Steel, iron and coke			655,746,861	
Textile.	0 001 000		8,553,835	
Gas and electric (operating)	3,301,404,290		3,292,092,488	
Gas and electric (operating)		100.60		
Communication (cable, tel. & radio)				
Miscellaneous utilities	274,336,284			
Business and office equipment				
Shipping service				
Shipbuilding and operating				98.25
Leather and boots	43,819,279			
Tobacco		49.72	118,915,206	
U. S. companies operating abroad	35,908,425		35.505.675	
Miscellaneous businesses	30,905,423	104.17	80,000,070	100.00
Total United States companies	13,408,403,548		13,215,812,659	72.64
Foreign government	1,710,609,654	55.73		55.00
Foreign cos. (incl. Cuba and Canada).	965,600,330	64.02	958,968,778	63.45
All listed bonds	49.007.131.070	93.15	48.570.781.615	92.08

The following table, compiled by us, gives a two-year comparison of the total market value and the total average price of bonds listed on the Exchange:

	Market Value	Average Price		Market Value	Average Price
1937-	8	8	1938-	\$	8
Sept. 1	43,808,755,638	93.93	Aug. 31	44,182,833,403	89.40
Oct. 1	43,270,678,790	92.76	Sept. 30	44,836,709,433	89.08
Nov. 1	42,591,139,774	91.51	Oet. 31	45,539,192,999	90.67
Dec. 1	42,109,154,661	90.11	Nov. 30	45,441,652,321	90.34
1938-			Dec. 31	47,053,034,224	91.27
Jan. 1	42,782,348,673	89 26	1939-		10000
Feb. 1	42,486,316,399	89.70	Jan. 31	46,958,433,389	91.03
Mar. 1	42.854.724.055	88.68	Feb. 28	47,471,484,161	91.85
Apr. 1	41,450,248,311	85.71	Mar. 1	48,351,945,186	91.80
May 1	42,398,689,128	87.82	Apr. 29	48,127,511,742	91.56
June 1	42,346,644,435	87.78	May 31	48,920,968,566	92.92
June 30	43,756,515,009	88.98	June 30	48,570,781,615	92.08
July 30	44.561.109.796	90.19	July 31	49.007.131.070	93.15

# Report of New York Curb Exchange for First Six Months of 1939 Shows Actual Cash Loss of only \$8,175—Net Operating Loss of \$69,252 Reported— Deductions Included \$60,537 for Depreciation

Cash on hand of \$923,591 and an actual cash loss of only \$8,715 for the first six months of 1939 is revealed in a consolidated report made public Aug. 7 by the New York Curb Exchange and its affiliates, New York Curb Exchange Securities Clearing Corp. and New York Curb Exchange Realty Associates, Inc. The report, the Exchange indicates, showed a net operating loss of \$69,252 after deducting all charges, including \$60,537 for depreciation. Federal, State and city taxes amounted to \$73,547. Comparative figures for the first six months of 1938 are not available, as this is the first time that a consolidated report for the first Cash on hand of \$923,591 and an actual cash loss of only is the first time that a consolidated report for the first half-year has been issued. Further details were announced as follows by the Exchange:

Total assets and deferred charges amounted to \$5,943,275 as compared with total liabilities, deferred credits to surplus and reserve of \$997,409, which left an excess of assets over liabilities of \$4,945,866, representing Total current the net equity of 550 regular members of the Exchange. assets were \$944,017.

Income wholly from members amounting to \$474,914 included regular and associate membership dues of \$221,142; regular and associate members' fees of \$66,301; telephone quotation service charges of \$47,584; telephone booth rentals, \$30,592, and stock clearing corporation charges of \$108,014.

Other revenue totaling \$76,990 was derived from: Listing fees, \$18,217; urb ticker serv investments (United States Government obligations), \$11,434.

In addition to taxes and depreciation, the principal items of expense for the period were: Salaries, \$306,859; legal expense, \$28,659; interest, \$26,279; light, heat and power, \$22,662; insurance premiums (including Employees' Group Life), \$10,182, and medical examinations of employees,

The New York Curb Exchange Securities Clearing Corp. had \$2,022,500 (not included in this statement) on deposit as of June 30, 1939. This amount represents deposits made by clearing members to the Clearing Fund of the Corporation. The fund is not available for the general purposes

of the Corporation and the deposit of each member is repayable to him upon his retirement as such member.

# Package Securities Distribution Plan Announced by Hirsch, Lilienthal & Co.—Includes Services of Investment Advisory Organization

The first package securities distribution plan to embody as an integral part of the plan the services of an investment advisory organization, nationally known, both in the selection and continued supervision of the portfolios for at least a year, without cost to the client, was announced Aug. 7 by the New York Stock Exchange firm of Hirsch, Lilienthal & Co. Known as "Hirlico" portfolios, four groups have been selected to appeal to those widely varying requirements and financial resources and are identified as Low Priced Group, Income Group, Recovery Group and Aviation Stock Portfolio. Each portfolio comprises five shares of the common stocks of each of ten different companies, all listed on the New York Stock Exchange. The announcement went on to say:

Under the new plan as evolved by the firm, the counsel of Fitch In-Under the new plan as evolved by the firm, the counsel of Fitch Investors Service has been secured and prior to the selection of stocks, such factors as income, marketability, stability and prospect of appreciation in relation to price are considered by the Fitch staff. With each "Hirlico" portfolio, at the time of its purchase, there is furnished an independent Fitch statistical analysis of the securities contained therein. At the end of six months, and again at the end of a year, other Fitch analytical reports on the stocks are furnished the purchaser. Under the plan, there are no management fees or other extra costs charged the purchaser for this advisory service.

All orders for these portfolios will be executed on the New York Stock Exchange on a straight commission basis, amounting to \$30 which is the minimum chargeable under Stock Exchange rules, plus the regular odd lot differential of 1/8 point and taxes. In this connection, the firm points out that a larger number of shares of the individual stocks can be purchased by a client subject to the rules of the New York Stock Exchange for the same minimum commission.

## Marked Increase in Trading in Public Utility Stocks Shown by New York Curb Exchange Study

A marked increase in the volume of transactions in public utility stocks is shown in a study by the New York Curb Exchange covering stock volume on the Exchange over the past three weeks. The index, the Exchange said on Aug. 5, is offered for what it may be worth in gauging public confidence in the future of utilities. The Exchange also points out:

The percentage of utility stock issues traded in for the week ended ag. 5 was 42.31%, compared with 30% for the week ended July 29 and 22.83% for the week ended July 22.

There was an increase of approximately 130,000 shares of utilities traded in in the week ended Aug. 5 over the total for the week ended July 29, and an increase of 25,895 in the week ended July 29 over the week ended July 22. This makes a total increase of 155,895 utility shares traded in the week ended Aug. 5 over the week ended July 22.

# New York Curb Exchange to Put into Effect Aug. 21 New Bond Trading Rule Providing for "All or None" Deals

As a means of improving the facilities of its bond market As a means of improving the facilities of its bond market the New York Curb Exchange will put into effect, beginning Aug. 21, an "all or none" rule providing that, by meeting certain conditions, the purchaser or seller of bonds may limit his transaction so that it will not apply to a smaller number of bonds than the amount specified, it was announced Aug. 10. These conditions are set forth in an amendment by the Board of Governors to Rule 122. This rule now reads:

"Bids or offers for more than one unit of trading shall be deemed to be for the amount thereof or a smaller number of units.

#### The amendment adds the following:

'except that bids or offers may be made and executed 'all or none' if all of the following conditions are met:

1. The securities bid for or offered are bonds;

2. The amount bid for or offered equals or exceeds \$25,000 of par value;
3. The bid or offer is executed at a price higher than the best bid price and lower than the best offer price, 'regular way', at the time of execution."

#### Rule 124 us also amended to include the following:

"(e) 'All or none', i. e., that the bid or offer is for an amount of securities equal to the total amount of securities bid for or offered and no less; provided, however, that such conditions may be specified only in accordance with the provisions of Rule 122."

In its announcement the Curb Exchange also says:

The Committee on Bond Transactions has been instructed to designate a symbol which will distinguish such "all or none" transactions when

printed on the tape.

The Board of Governors of the Exchange also approved an amendment to Rule 127 authorizing the Committee on Stock Transactions to adjust the minimum fractional changes for dealings in stocks, and the Committee on Bond Transactions to adjust the minimum fractional changes for dealings in bonds when they consider it necessary.

#### SEC Issues Tabulations on Characteristics of Corporate Security Issues Proposed for Sale During Second Quarter

The Securities and Exchange Commission on Aug. 3 made public the following tabulations on selected characteristics of corporate security issues proposed for sale by issuers and registered under the Securities Act of 1933 during the period April 1 to June 30, 1939.

These data, published quarterly, are part of the series which was initiated in February, 1939. The figures for

the Jan. 1 to March 31 period were given in our issue of April 29, page 2504. The tabulations issued Aug. 3 follow:

CHARACTERISTICS OF CORPORATE SECURITIES EFFECTIVELY REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933 AND PRO-POSED FOR SALE BY ISSUERS—APRIL 1 TO JUNE 30, 1939

#### A. Summary

		ber of	Estin Gross P		
Type of Security	Total	% of Total	Total (\$000)	% of Total	
All issues	87	100.0	496,562	100.0	
Common stock	43 13 31 20 10	49.5 14.9 35.6 23.0 11.5	66.522 12,578 417,462 268,807 147,655 1,000	13.4 2.5 84.1 54.2 29.7 0.2	

#### B. Common Stock Issues

Characteristic	Number of Issues		Estimated Gross Proceeds	
Characterista	Total	% of Total	Total (\$000)	% of Total
All issues	43	100.0	66,522	100.0
Par value	34	79.1	33,990 5.424	51.1
Ordinary voting rights  Contingent voting rights only	41	95.3	65,869	99.0
No voting rights	0 2 10	4.7	653	1.0
Assessable	0		0	
Warrants or rights attached	1	2.3	2,400	3.6

#### C. Preferred Stock Issues

Characteristic	Number of Issues		Estimated Gross Proceeds	
	Total	% of Total	Total (\$000)	% of Total
All issues	13	100.0	12,578	100.0
Par valueParticipating	10	76.9 7.7	9,923 375	78.9
Cumulative	13	100.0	12,578 3.268	100.0
Ordinary voting rights	8	30.8 61.5	4,413 7,166	35.1 57.0
No voting rights	1 2	7.7 15.4	1,000 1,200	8.0 9.5
Assessable	0	***	0	***
Sinking fund	11	84.6	12,099	96.2
Convertible	0	30.8	5,189	41.3

#### D. Long-term Secured Bond Issues

Characteristic		iber of	Estimated Gross Proceeds		
Characteristic	Total	% of Total	Total (\$000)	% of	
All Issues	20	100.0	268,807	100.0	
Serial maturity Sinking fund Callable (other than for sinking fund) Convertible Warrants or rights attached. Security subject to prior lien No add'i securities issuable under same indenture	0 15 18 1 0 1 3	75.0 90.0 5.0 5.0 15.0	0 244,781 268,148 300 0 13,260 1,985	91.1 99.8 0.1 4.9 0.7	
Definite limit set on issue of equal or prior securities. Substitution of property under lien permitted. Interest dependent on earnings or special conditions. Guaranteed.	9 20 0 0	45.0 100.0	140,361 268,807 0	52.2 100.0	

#### E. Long-term Unsecured Bond Issues

Characteristic		iber of	Estimated Gross Proceeds		
Characteristic	Total	% of Total	Total (\$000)	% of Total	
All issues	10	100.0	147,655	100.0	
Serial maturity	3	30.0	18,192	12.3	
Sinking fund	10	100.0	104,343 147,655	70.7 100.0	
Convertible	0	40.0	27,063	18.3	
No add'i securities issuable under same indenture  Definite limit set on issue of equal or senior securities	9 2	90.0	122,372	82.9	
Interest dependent on earnings or special conditions_ Guaranteed	0	10.0	750 0	0.5	

#### F. Short-term Secured and Unsecured Bond Issues

Characteristic		iber of	Estimated Gross Proceeds	
Characteristic	Total	% of Total	Total (\$000)	% of Total
All issues	1	100.0	1,000	100.0
Serial maturity Sinking fund. Callable (other than for sinking fund) Convertible. Warrants or rights attached Secured by lien. Security subject to prior lien. No add'l securities issuable under same indenture. Definite limit set on issue of equal or prior securities Substitution of property under lien permitted. Interest dependent on earnings or special conditions. Guaranteed.	1 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	100.0 100.0 100.0	1,000 0 0 0 0 1,000 1,000 1,000	100.0

## New York Curb Exchange Short Interest Increased in July

The total short position of stocks dealt in on the New York Curb Exchange for the month of July, reported as of July 31, 1939, amounted to 11,612 shares, compared with 9,650 shares on June 30. The Exchange's announcement of Aug. 10 also stated:

Only four issues showed a short interest of 500 shares or more. They were Oklahoma Natural Gas Co., common with a short interest of 500 shares, against 28 at the end of June; Seversky Aircraft Corp., capital with 2,758 shares compared with 135 on June 30; Canadian Colonial Airways, Inc., with a short interest of 500 shares compared with none for the end of June; and Electric Bond & Share Co., common with a short interest of 725 shares, compared with 1,333 for the preceding month.

#### Following Death of Fritz Mannheimer, Its Director, Mendelssohn & Co. of Amsterdam Apply for Letter of License Equivalent, It Is Said, to Suspension of Payments

Cablegrams to the daily press from Amsterdam yesterday (Aug. 11) carried advices to the effect that Mendelssohn & Co. of Amsterdam, one of Europe's largest private banking houses, had applied for a letter of license, equivalent to suspending payments on its obligations. These advices followed the death, at nis villa near Paris, on Aug. 10, of Fritz Mannheimer, director of the bank. In the New York "World Telegram" of last night (Aug. 11) it was stated:

Enlightened only to the extent that private cables from correspondents abroad revealed conditions, financial interests here were of the opinion that several days would pass before any definite idea of the status of Mendelssohn & Co., private Dutch banking firm which asked to be permitted to suspend payments, would be available.

The banking house, one of Europe's oldest private institutions, formed in 1795 in Germany, was admittedly rather active in American securities, but since the bulk of this business was carried through on a cash basis, it was the assumption that any open commitment would prove entirely nominal. Over a period of years the firm has been active in foreign exchange deal-

Over a period of years the firm has been active in foreign exchange dealings, operating chiefly, however, it is reported, through British and Dutch concerns rather than through New York banks. . . .

The firm is reported to have financed its operations through the use of "call loans" and it is assumed that some of its creditors evidently called such loans for payment with the death of Dr. Mannheimer, at a time when Mendelssohn found it difficult to raise additional cash.

The point was made, however, that the proceeding is not a bankruptcy as it is known here, but rather in the nature of a move by the remaining partners in the firm for a moratorium on all payments until they learn exactly where they stand.

#### National City Bank of New York Sees Earlier Prospects of Better Business Borne out in Recent Developments

"The month of July has borne out the promise of better business conditions contained in the reports for June," says the National City Bank of New York, in its August "Monthly Letter," which also says:

The action of the stock market in breaking out of the rut on the up side, with greatly increased volume of trading, has been a cheering development, regarded by many as confirming the view that the spring recession had run its course, and that business is once more moving ahead. It is recognized, of course, that the hazards are still very great, and few business men are venturing to set their sight very far ahead; nevertheless, feeling is undoubtedly better, and this in itself is a change of importance.

#### Other Factors of Encouragement

Contributing also to the improvement in sentiment, and reflected in higher security prices, has been the showing of corporation profits for the second quarter and for the half year now coming to hand, and summarized in later pages of this letter. Many of these proved to be better than had been generally looked for, and bear witness in an impressive way to the high operating efficiency of American industry and to the ingenuity of management in reducing costs and translating modest gains in operating rates into more satisfactory results in profit and loss statements. Although the upturn that has taken place still leaves profits for most companies well below the level reached prior to the 1938 slump, nevertheless, the fact that business has been able to do as well as it has under the circumstances has been distinctly heartening to business men and investors, especially in view of the prospect of a more profitable rate of operations during coming months.

Along with the improvement in business volume and profits, sentiment has been aided by a number of developments in Washington, including the enactment by Congress of the new Revenue Act, sponsored by the Treasury Department, which eliminated the undistributed profits tax, liberalized taxation of corporate capital gains and losses and improved the corporate tax system in other respects.

#### The Outlook

All in all, business appears to be moving forward in a gratifying manner, and, barring an upheaval in Europe, it is difficult to foresee any basis for serious setback for some months at least. From all accounts, inventories generally are in sound position, business is proceeding with caution, and industrial costs, while high, are not rising over any broad area. During the fall months the seasonal pickup in motor car manufacturing will be giving important support to business.

#### Failure of Credit to Expand Due to Restrictions on Business, Says Guaranty Trust Co. of New York— Existing Private Credit Agencies Regarded as Adequate to Supply Legitimate Needs—Cites Danger in New Program of Government Spending

Discussing some aspects of the credit impasse, the Guar anty Trust Co. of New York in "The Guaranty Survey," its monthly review of business and financial conditions, published July 31, states that "all the available evidence indicates that existing private credit agencies are fully capable of supplying all the legitimate needs of business. The failure of credit to expand," says "The Survey," "is attributable not to the inadequacy of the present financial system but to the burdens and restrictions on business concerns and investors that have, in many cases, made the outlook for profits too uncertain to attract capital into productive

investments." "The Survey" makes this statement in disposing of the contentions in some quarters that the failure of loans to expand is due to excessive caution on the part of the banks and that business recovery is being impeded by the refusal of the banks to meet the legitimate credit requirements of commerce and industry. "This view," it requirements of commerce and industry. says, "seems to undelie the various proposals that have been made recently to extend the activities of the Federal Government in the lending field." "The Survey" continues, in part:

Business obviously will not borrow unless there is a good prospect of earning interest charges on the borrowed funds, with something left over. Banks cannot lend except to businesses whose credit standing and earnings prospects make it reasonably certain that the loans will be repaid. investors will not risk their funds without some assurance that the debtor firms will be able to put the money to profitable use and that, once the profits are earned, the investors themselves will be left in possession of the bulk of the returns. These indispensable bases of investment have been seriously impaired by taxation and regulations of business in recent

Government "investment" represents an attempt to force public funds over these artificial barriers. Notwithstanding the emphasis that has been placed on the "self-liquidating" character of the projects outlined in recent proposals, it is impossible to ignore the danger that directing public funds into such channels will lead to nothing more than a new program of lavish Government spending. If so, it will be the more dangerous by reason of the fact that the funds will be raised by governmental credit agencies through the issue of debentures that will be only contingent obligations of the Government. In this way, the necessity of reporting further gations of the Government. In this way the necessity of reporting further large increases in the national debt and of raising the statutory limitation on its amount will be avoided.

on its amount will be avoided.

The inevitable tendency of this policy will be to extend bureaucratic control over the lives of the people, to enlarge the powers of the Federal Government at the expnse of those of States and municipalities, to threaten the soundness of public credit and the stability of the currency, and ultimately to substitute a form of State capitalism for the traditional American system of private business enterprise.

The alternative to this forbidding prospect is to restore to business and investors a fair conportunity to earn and retain such profits as they may

investors a fair opportunity to earn and retain such profits as they may be fortunate enough to make, free from unnecessary governmental restrictions and from excessive and punitive tax burdens.

### Lewis E. Pierson of Irving Trust Co. of New York Holds Politicians Responsible for "Orgy of Public Spending

Lewis E. Pierson, Honorary Chairman of the Irving Trust Company of New York, in an address over radio station WABC on Aug. 9 placed responsibility for the "orgy of public spending" on the shoulders of "the politicians who spend the people's money with a lavish hand to entrench themselves." "Such politicians," he declared, "are not particularly concerned about from where the money comes so long as they can spend it for this or that public work or activity with little thought of whether the particular work is needed or the activity desirable.'

Mr. Pierson declares that the example of Westchester County which, as a result of the efforts of the organized tax-payers, not only failed to increase its 1939 budget but actually effected a reduction of nearly a million dollars suggests that comparable economies could be made in other counties, cities, states and the nation. Referring to pressure groups,

Mr. Pierson says:

I would call your attention also to the false philosophy of pressure groups who eagerly reach out to get what they think is their "share" of government funds. Whether it is funds that are voted with reckless abandon in Washington—or elsewhere—billions that spell more taxes—these thoughtless and selfish groups advance in solid ranks on the Treasury to ask—yes, demand— a slice of this easy money for purposes all too often unsound and uneconomic—meaning an ever heavier tax load on the shoulders of business and the consumers in every household.

Mr. Pierson's speech was delivered as a part of the "What Helps Business Helps You" campaign, which is being conducted by The Merchants' Association of New York, the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York, the New York Board of Trade, the Bronx Board of Trade, Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce, Chamber of Commerce of the Borough of Queens and the Staten Island Chamber of Commerce.

## June Home Mortgage Recordings Reached Record High for Year in Value and Number, Reports FHLBB

June home mortgage recordings, other than farm properties, reached a record high for the year in value and number, with \$360,868,000 and 128,005—a gain of \$11,414,000 and 3,401, respectively, over May, the previous record and 3,401, respectively, over May, the previous record month, officials of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board announced on Aug. 5. It was further reported by the Board:

Residential construction in June, while far ahead of the comparable 1938 month, declined from May due to a seasonal trend and to about one-third fewer United States Housing Authority projects launched in June than in the previous month, according to a study by the Board's Division of Research and Statistics of building permits reported to the United States

Department of Labor.

Construction of 24,821 homes, having an estimated value of \$90,896,000, vas started or projected in June, as compared with 30,084 costing \$109,-

566,000 in May, and 16,469 valued at \$61,464,600 in June, 1938. figures apply to all cities of 10,000 or more population.

recordings brought the cumulative figures for the first six months to \$1,798,144,000 which had been advanced on 649,767 homes, each of which was valued at \$20,000 or less. Financing activity in the second quarter of the year, aggregating \$1,014,673,000, was almost a quarter billion dollars greater than that reported in the first three months.

Savings, building and loan associations again held first place in June as principal institutional lenders on homes, accounting for 32%, or \$113,-479,000 of the total value, compared with 31.4%, or \$109,652,000, in May. The value and percentage of the total for the other groups in June

and the second second second second second	Value	Percentage	
Banks and trust companies	\$89,563,000	25	
insurance companies	30,017,000	. 8	
Mutual savings banks	12.048.000	3	
Individuals	58,967,000	16.3	
Others	56,794,000	15.7	

Savings and loan associations had top place in the six months' recordings with 30% of the total, followed by banks and trust companies

# Tenders of \$256,175,000 Received to Offering of \$100,-000,000 of 91-Day Treasury Bills—\$100,429,000 Accepted at Average Rate of 0.032%

A total of \$256,175,000 was tendered to the offering of \$100,000,000 or thereabouts of 91-day Treasury bills dated Aug. 9 and maturing Nov. 8, 1939, it was announced on Aug. 7 by the Treasury Department. Of this amount, \$100,429,000 was accepted at an average rate of 0.032%.

The tenders to the offering of Treasury bills were received.

The tenders to the offering of Treasury bills were received at the Federal Reserve banks and the branches thereof up to 2 p. m. (EST) Aug. 7. Reference to the offering appeared in our issue of Aug. 5, page 807. The following regarding the accepted bids to the offering is from the Treasury's announcement of Aug. 7. nouncement of Aug. 7:

Total applied for, \$256,175,000

Total accepted, \$100,429,000

Range of accepted bids: High, 100

99.991; equivalent rate approximately 0.036% Average price, 99.992; equivalent rate approximately 0.032% (48% of the amount bid for at the low price was accepted.)

## New Offering of \$100,000,000 or Thereabouts of 91-Day Treasury Bills—To Be Dated Aug. 16, 1939

Tenders to a new offering of \$100,000,000 or thereabouts of 91-day Treasury bills were invited on Aug. 10 by the Treasury Department. The tenders will be received at the Federal Reserve banks or the branches thereof up to 2 p. m. (EST) Aug. 14, but will not be received at the Treasury Department, Washington. The bills, which will be sold on a discount basis to the highest bidders, will be dated Aug. 16 and will mature on Nov. 15, 1939; on the maturity date the face amount will be payable without interest. There is a maturity of a similar issue of bills on Aug. 16 in amount of \$100,241,000. In their announcement of the offering, the Treasury also said:

They [the bills] will be issued in bearer form only, and in amounts or denominations of \$1,000, \$10,000, \$100,000, \$500,000, and \$1,000,000 (maturity value).

No tender for an amount less than \$1,000 will be considered. Each tender must be in multiples of \$1,000. The price offered must be expressed on the basis of 100, with not more than three decimal places, e.g., 99.125. Fractions must not be used.

Tenders will be accepted without cash deposit from incorporated banks and trust companies and from responsible and recognized dealers in investment securities. Tenders from others must be accompanied by a deposit of 10% of the face amount of Treasury bills applied for, unless tenders 9re accompanied by an express guaranty of payment by an incorporated bank or trust company.

Immediately after the closing hour for receipt of tenders on Aug. 14. 1939, all tenders received at the Federal Reserve banks or branches thereof up to the closing hour will be opened and public announcement of the acceptable prices will follow as soon as possible thereafter, probably on the following morning. The Secretary of the Treasury expressly reserves the right to reject any or all tenders or parts of tenders, and to allot less than the amount applied for, and his action in any such respect shall be final. Those submitting tenders will be advised of the acceptance or rejection thereof. Payment at the price offered for Treasury bills allotted must erve banks in cash or other immediately available be made at the Federal Res funds on Aug. 16, 1939.

The Treasury bills will be exempt, as to principal and interest, and any gain from the sale or other disposition thereof will also be exempt, from all taxation, except estate and inheritance taxes. (Attention is invited to Treasury Decision 4550, ruling that Treasury bills are not exempt from the gift tax.) No loss from the sale or other disposition of the Treasury bills shall be allowed as a deduction, or otherwise recognized, for the purposes of any tax now or hereafter imposed by the United States or

any of its possessions.

Treasury Department Circular No. 418, as amended, and this notice prescribe the terms of the Treasury bills and govern the conditions of

### \$17,750,000 of 3/4 % Consolidated Debentures Sold by Federal Intermediate Credit Banks-Issue Over-

A new issue of \$17,750,000 of 34% consolidated debentures was sold on Aug. 4 by the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank System. The books to the offering were closed within Bank System. The books to the offering were closed within a short time following an over-subscription, it was announced by Charles R. Dunn, fiscal agent of the banks. The de-bentures, which are the joint and several obligations of the 12 banks, were sold at a slight premium over par value. They are dated Aug. 15 and will mature in 5½ and 11½ months: \$7,900,000 on Feb. 1, 1940, and \$9,850,000 on Aug. 1, 1940. There is a maturity of \$19,350,000 of 1% debentures on Aug. 15 which will be paid off from the proceeds of the sale and \$1,600,000 out of the cash account of ceeds of the sale and \$1,600,000 out of the cash account of the system. After the close of business there will be a total of \$196,050,000 debentures outstanding.

## Officials of Treasury and Federal Open Market Committee to Discuss September Financing in Week of Aug. 28

Officials of the Treasury Department and members of the Federal Reserve System will meet in a conference during the week of Aug. 28 to discuss the Treasury's financing program for September, it was disclosed Aug. 10 by Acting Secretary of the Treasury John W. Hanes. Regarding the plans Washington advices of Aug. 10 to the New York "Times" said: executive committee of the Open Market Committee of the

It was impossible now, Mr. Hanes said, to determine what amount of money would be required in the operations or whether new money would be needed to support the cash position of the Treasury. Before he left for be needed to support the cash position of the Treasury. Seater he led to a European vacation, Secretary Morgenthau said the Treasury had enough cash to continue through to September. The understanding here is that the world situation will be a determining afctor in estimating the require-

As a preliminary to the August conference, Daniel W. Bell, former acting budget director and now assistant to Mr. Morgenthau, is making a study of the financial markets and collecting data to aid the experts.

Officials of the Treasury are wary of discussing the future operations of that department, even with such a short time intervening. The possibility of another European crisis between now and Sept. 15 might make necessary the raising of a large amount of money so that this government might meet any national emergency.

No matter what the European situation, an offering for cash by the Treasury appears likely. There seems also strong probability of refinancing of approximately \$526,000,000 of notes due in December.

## Nearly \$1,000,000,000 in Public Revenue Bonds Issued in Last 10 Years, Says B. J. Van Ingen

Nearly \$1,000,000,000 of a new type of bondsrevenue bonds-has been issued during the past 10 years, B. J. Van Ingen points out in the preface to a new book "Financing Public Improvements" published by the investment house of B. J. Van Ingen & Co., Inc., New York City. The material, edited and arranged by Byron W. Shimp, is a summary of a series of six lecture conferences which were held at the Bankers Club on Friday afternoons between March 31 and May 12, 1939. Each lecture was given by an authority on a particular phase of revenue bond given by an authority on a particular phase of revenue bond financing and was followed by informal questions, and answers from the floor. Mr. Van Ingen has the following to

Most of the one billion dollars of this type of bonds now outstanding have been issued within a comparatively short period. The outstanding bonds are divided almost equally between those to finance domestic services (gas, water, electric light and power), and those for new enterprises or con-

struction projects (bridges, tunnels and highways).

We felt impelled to arrange a series of lecture conferences because of a marked lack of information on the part of both purchasers and sellers regarding the factors of safety in public revenue bonds. It is not generally realized that public improvements financed by revenue bonds are owned and operated by a State or municipality or a political subdivision or specially created instrumentality thereof; that there is no element of private profit involved; that there are no dividends to pay on preferred or common stock; and that all net earnings are devoted to paying the principal and interest of the bonds issued to finance the enterprise.

While investors are generally aware of the enviable market behavior of this type of security, they do not realize the factors of safety which are built into the bonds in their setup. These factors represent a combination of legal security, scientific forecasts of traffic and revenues by reputable engineers, and engineering estimates of construction and operation costs. Each of these phases of public revenue bond security is dealt with in the

record of the conferences.

We feel that it is possible to evaluate the investment qualities of a construction revenue bond through a careful analysis of the enabling legislation. the trust indentures, the traffic report, and the report on construction and

operation costs.

The ever-growing need for public improvements and the necessity for financing them without adding to the general tax burden leads us to believe that the volume of new revenue bond financing during the next decade will be much greater than the amount of revenue bonds now outstanding.

#### President Roosevelt Felicitates Bolivia on Anniversary of Independence

President Roosevelt, on Aug. 7, cabled congratulations to President German Busch of Bolivia on the occasion of Bolivia's Independence Day. "I take pleasure in extending felicitations to your Excellency in the name of the Government and people of the United States on this anniversary," he wrote.

#### President Roosevelt Plans Vacation-Will Cruise to Newfoundland, then Later Visit Pacific Coast

President Roosevelt late this week rested at his home in Hyde Park, N. Y., preparatory to leaving for a vacation cruise on the Atlantic Ocean that may take him as far north as Newfoundland. Later the President plans a western trip as far as San Francisco. Before leaving Washington on Aug. 6, the President held open house at the White House to say goodbye to Congressmen who were leaving for their homes.

Mr. Roosevelt's vacation plans were described in the following Associated Press Washington dispatch of Aug. 5:

A sea trip that may touch as far north as Newfoundland, provided there is sufficient time, is on a tentative itinerary that eventually will take him southward and to the West Coast.

These, with half a dozen or more trips to his Hyde Park (N. Y.) home. will increase his travel mileage since entering the White House to well beyond the 150,000 mark.

The Chief Executive, anxious to get away from Washington's sultry er, kept open house at 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue for Congressional farewells today.

He intended to leave tomorrow night for Hyde Park and to spend four or five days there, taking with him for final action some of the several hundred bills passed in the final rush of the session.

Then he will board the new cruiser Tuscaloosa, probably at New York, for a leisurely cruise to Northeastern waters for some fishing. The destroyer Lang, one of the escort ships, will carry three newspapermen and Secret Service men who cannot be accommodated on the Tuscaloosa.

The President does not intend to go ashore during the journey, except possibly to spend one day at his mother's summer home at Campobello, N. B., opposite Eastport, Maine. From there he will sail up the eastern coast of Nova Scotia, where he steered his own schooner three years ago as far as Shelburne, but will continue north of that port. Just how far has not been decided.

There may be a pause at Halifax to receive a party from shore. After a week or ten days at sea he will return to Washington for a check on world happenings before returning to the Roosevelt estate on the Hudson.

About October 1 he will start his trip to the San Francisco Fair, stopping at the Great Smoky mountains National Park in North Carolina and see to dedicate the park with a speech. His only other scheduled address is at the fair.

# President Roosevelt Confers With Representative Buck on Taxes Incident to Study of Revision at Next Session of Congress

The tax situation was discussed at Washington by President Roosevelt on Aug. 7 with Representative Frank H. Buck (Dem.) of Colorado, and it is reported that after the conference Mr. Buck indicated that the President would let the House tax subcommittee know by Nov. 1 whether he desires the Committee to find new sources of revenue.
Advices from Washington on that day to the New York
"Journal of Commerce" reporting this added:

The question of new taxes, he said, will depend not on Congressional appropriations but on the budget for the fiscal year 1941.

The Budget Bureau today estimated that Congress appropriated last session \$260,937,376 more for the current fiscal year than the President estimated in January would be necessary.

#### Study Is Outlined

Among the studies which will be undertaken this fall by the Committee. aided by the Treasury Department which already has begun a resurvey of the tax structure, will be proposals for broadening the personal income tax base, increasing rates in the middle income surtax brackets, and the whole

scope of capital gains and losses. Mr. Buck stated.

He added that since Congress at the last session revised the corporate tax structure extensively. It was unlikely that the subcommittee would go over this question again, but emphasized that this is a matter that has not been definitely decided upon. It might be, he said, that pressure for further relief might be so great that the matter will have to be reviewed again.

#### To Let Liquor Taxes Alone

The Committee, he said, has agreed not to tinker with liquor taxes, but plans to go into the question of personal income taxes, excise taxes and the question of exemption of Federal, State and local securities from levies. The latter question was studied last session after passage of the tax bill. no action was taken upon it.

He said that the subcommittee undoubtedly will consider seriously pro posals for reducing the exemption for single persons to \$800 instead of the present \$1,000 figure. The proposals also contemplate lowering the exemption for married persons from \$2,500 to \$2,000. All this would be coupled with a flat 1% increase in all income brackets and, according to Mr. Buck, would produce an additional Federal revenue of \$135,000,000

## President Roosevelt Will Not Call Special Session of Congress Unless War Crisis Develops Abroad— Would Preserve Neutrality of United States

President Roosevelt said at his press conference yesterday (Aug. 11) that he would not call a special session of Congress in the Fall unless an actual war crisis developed in Europe or the Far East. He explained that he would do this in order to preserve the neutrality of the United States along the lines of international law. In reporting on the con-ference United Press, Hyde Park (N. Y.) advices of Aug. 11

Choosing his words carefully, Mr. Roosevelt told a press conference that he knew of no reason at the present time, however, for calling Congress

back before its regular session next January.

His program, he said, would follow the lines of his previous neutrality proposals which were rejected by Congress in one of the major struggles of the last session. He still stands firmly for the objectives of a cash-and-carry policy on exports of arms and war materials, he said. . . .

His program, he said, would be to go back to principles of international

He noted that the President had ample executive power to take many

steps to help preserve neutrality. . . . Mr. Roosevelt was asked whether the neutrality program he envisaged would include recommendation for a cash-and-carry plan. This would permit United States industries to furnish materials and arms to nations which could pay for them in cash and transport them in their own ships or ships of third parties

He replied that he still stood firmly for the objectives of a cash-and-carry plan, but that it was uncertain whether legislation would be needed on that

## President Roosevelt Directs Department Heads to Institute Economies—Letter Says Substantial Savings in Operation Are Possible

Heads of Government departments were directed on Aug. 7 by President Roosevelt to conduct a survey designed to effect improvements and economies in administration. Budget Director Harold B. Smith made public a letter in which the President said that economies now in operation could undoubtedly be put into effect in many Government units. Substantial savings, the President said, "can be effected in the cost of Government for this fiscal year and for succeeding fiscal years, and I wish to see such savings reflected in the apportionment of appropriations for the current year and in the submission of estimates for the We give herewith the letter made public fiscal year 1941."

To the heads of departments, independent establishments and other

Government agencies:

The passage of the Reorganization Act of 1939, and the subsequent transfers and consolidations effected under reorganization plans numbers 1 and 2 will result in a more efficient and more economical conduct of governmental operations.

Savings in administrative costs will be made during the present and each succeeding year through the operation of these reorganization plans and through improvements in administrative procedures which will be

stimulated by the plans.

In the same manner, numerous administrative improvements and eco-nomies in operations can undoubtedly be effected in many other units of Government quite aside from the ultimate need of further basic re-

It is my desire that the heads of executive departments and independent establishments of the Government immediately survey the organization and administrative methods of their departments and establishments for the purpose of effecting improvements in administration and economies in

I believe that substantial savings can be effected in the cost of Government for this fiscal year and for succeeding fiscal years, and I wish to see such savings reflected in the apportionment of appropriations for the current year and in the submission of estimates for the fiscal year

When your estimates for the fiscal year 1941 are presented on September 15 next, they will be accompanied by a statement of anticipated savings which you believe can be effected during the current fiscal year, and the methods through which such savings are expected to be accom-

Franklin D. Roosevelt.

In United Press accounts from Washington, Aug. 9, it was stated that the President's move was motivated in part by the fact that the first session of the 76th Congress appropriated more than \$13,000,000,000, which was nearly \$300,000,000 in excess of budget requests. Continuing this, accounts said:

This record peace-time spending was sharply criticized by Congressional Republican leaders who indicated that the New Deal's spend-to-recovery policy would be made an issue in the 1940 Presidential campaign.

The minority sought without success to jam through a resolution which

would have made a flat 10% cut in the total appropriated for Government

services, exempting only social security, relief and national defense funds.

At the time the measure was introduced, the President was asked to comment on the efficacy of such a project. In reply, he posed the question "where will you cut?" He reiterated his opposition to any economies which would bring hardships to the underprivileged or would contravene his policy that no one in the country shall be allowed to starve.

#### President Roosevelt Signs Bill Removing \$30,000,000,000 as Limit on Outstanding Government Bonds

President Roosevelt signed on July 20 the bill eliminating the \$30,000,000,000 limitation of oustanding Federal bonds. The measure, which amends the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, does not change the maximum restriction of \$45,000,000,000 on the total national indebtedness. Final congressional action on the bill came on July 14 when the Senate receded from its amendments which the House had disagreed to the same day. The bill was passed by the House May 23 and by the Senate June 1. The amendment which the Senate adopted on June 1, and which was finally dropped, was in the form of a rider authorizing the Tennessee Valley Authority to issue \$100,000,000 bonds. The Senate agreed to eliminate the amendment July 14, in as much as a conference report on an independent TVA bill was voted. A reference to the bill appeared in our issue of May 27, page 2146. May 27, page 3146.

## Special Presidential Message to Congress Urges Aid for Residents of Cut-Over Timber Areas in Michigan, Minnesota and Wisconsin—Survey Proposes Rehabilitation, Loans and Relocation

President Roosevelt, in a special message to Congress on July 31, transmitted a recommendation of the National Resources Committee for a long-range program to rehabilitate residents of the cut-over timber regions of northern Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota. The Committee's report proposed long-time capital loans to settlers on land suited for agriculture, relocation of other residents, elimination of "uneconomic" units of Government, development of cooperative marketing, and a large scale public works program for forest restoration. The recommendations covered 57,000,000 acres in 86 counties, and were based on studies covering more than a year. The President's message fol-

TO THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES:

Exploitation of our resources has created many problems, but none more pressing than in those areas of the United States where a basic resource has been mismanaged and the principal industry has moved or waned, leaving the working population stranded.

The cut-over region in the northern part of the States of Michigan,

Minnesota and Wisconsin was once the scene of a flourishing lumber industry. Today a large section of the population in that area depends for its very existence on public aids, work relief, and security payments. The large expenditures for these purposes in the area have enabled these people to survive, but could not provide a satisfactory permanent solution to their problem.

Members of Congress representing the region appealed some time ago for aid in developing a program to assist the people in the area to find a way of life that would provide opportunity and reasonable security. The problem is now to make the best use of the natural and human resources of the area.

Over a year ago the National Resources Committee began a study of the region, establishing large local committees in order to insure accurate representation and true understanding of the local point of view. Individual reports were prepared by groups representing the cut-over areas in three States. From these individual reports a summarized version of what is thought to be a feasible program has been developed. This summary constitutes the most recent in the series of regional reports by the National Resources Committee and is entitled "Regional Planning, Part VIII—the Report of the Northern Lakes States Regional Committee."

I am asking that the National Resources Planning Board keep in touch with the regional committee, which sponsored this report to assist the regional committee in promoting correlation of activities of Federal, State and local agencies concerned with bringing about the accomplishments desired. I commend the report to your careful study for whatever action may be appropriate.

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT

## President Roosevelt Vetoes Glass Bill to Permit Continuation of Interlocking Bank Directorates for Five More Years—Federal Reserve Board Sets Deadline of Feb. 1, 1940

A bill which would have enabled banks to permit interlecking directorates to exist for another four years was vetoed on Aug. 5 by President Roosevelt, in a two-paragraph message in which he intimated that Congress had "backed down." The President pointed out that the Banking Act of The President pointed out that the Banking Act of 1935 had given the institutions a four-year period of grace which, he contended, was sufficient. The bill which Mr. Roosevelt vetoed was sponsored by Senator Glass. It was referred to in the "Chronicle" of July 29, page 661. The Fresident's veto message follows:

To the Senate:

I return herewith, without my approval, Senate Bill 2150, "An Act to amend section 8 of the Act entitled 'An Act to supplement laws against unlawful restraints and monopolies, and for other purposes,' particularly with reference to interlocking bank directorates, known as the Clayton Act." If it was in the public interest in 1935 for the Congress to decide

Act." If it was in the public interest in 1935 for the Congress to decide to terminate these relationships, it is in the public interest to terminate them now. Affected banks and affected directorates have had over four years to make adjustments. That would seem to be a liberal time.

If the Congress wishes to reverse itself and allow interlocking directorships in the future, it can, of course, do so. But I do not think that the Congress should nullify its policy, declared in 1935, by extending interlocking directorships for another four years on top of the four years' extension which has already been given. extension which has already been given.

FRANKLIN D. . ROOSEVELT

The White House, August 5, 1939.

Meanwhile the Federal Reserve Board, in a statement dated Aug. 1, announced that it has extended until Feb. 1, 1940 the time during which "certain persons who have been serving member banks may continue to serve a member bank and not more than one other bank." The ruling follows:

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System has amended subsections 3(a) and 3(e) of its Regulation L, relating to interlocking bank directorates under the Clayton Act, effective immediately, so as to extend until February 1, 1940, the time during which certain persons who have been serving member banks may continue to serve a member bank and not more than one other bank.

In Washington advices Aug. 6 to the New York "Journal of Commerce" it was observed:

In the report which accompanied the bill, it was explained that it would not permit creation of any new interlocking relationships of the kinds prohibited by other provisions of the statute but, by postponing further the time when certain existing relationships would have to be terminated, it would make the accomplishment of the objectives of the statute a more gradual process and avoid the necessity of wholesale resignations and corresponding replacements among directors and officers of banks.

As the bill passed the Senate, the extension ran to February 1, 1944. However, the committee recommended that the extension be limited to Feb. 1, 1941, and stated that it felt that "the additional amount of time allowed under this amendment should be sufficient for rearrangements of directorships to be made, and that the taking effect of the renounced policy of Congress should not be longer postponed."

# Action on Amendments to Social Security Act Completed with Signing of Bill by President—A. J. Altmeyer, of Social Security Board, Says Changes Will Raise Old-Age Insurance Costs by \$60,000,000 in 1940-Provides Increased Benefits

Congress completed its action on the amendments to the Social Security Act just prior to its adjournment on Aug. 5; the ending of the deadlock on the legislation was noted in our Aug. 5 issue, page 810, and the compromise measure as agreed on by Conferees of the Senate and House was approved by the House on Aug. 4 and by the Senate on Aug. 5.

In signing the bill yesterday (Aug. 11) President Roosevelt said that "these amendments to the act represent another tremendous step forward in providing greater security for the people of this country." He added:

This is especially true in the case of the Federal Property of the Property

This is especially true in the case of the Federal old-age insurance system, which has now been converted into a system of old-age and survivors' insurance providing life-time family security instead of only individual old-age s in insure

In associated Press advices from Washington Aug. 4 it was stated:

The deadlock over the amendments broke when the Senate confere agreed to drop the Connally amendment, which would have required the Federal Government to contribute \$2 for every State dollar provided for old-age assistance, up to a total of \$15 monthly per beneficia

Elimination of the amendment by Senator Tom Connally, Dem., Tex., designed to help the poorer States, restored the House provision under which the Federal Government would match, dollar-for-dollar State contributions for the aged up to a total of \$40 a month per beneficiary. Present law provides for dollar-for dollar matching up to a total of \$30. All these provisions for public assistance to the needy aged are distinct from the old e insurance system, under which workers contribute to pensions for

The House agreed to elimination of the amendment by Representative John W. McCormack, Dem., Mass., which would have permitted reduction of State unemployment compensation taxes below the present 2.7% minimum and still enabled employers to claim the full 90% credit on the Federal unemployment tax to which they are entitled by payment of the

Representative Allen T. Treadway, Rep., Mass., expressing regret at the failure of the conferee to reach a compromise on this amendment, told the House it could be revived at a later date.

Mr. Treadway said the most important change effected by the amendments was the freezing of the old-age insurance tax rate at its present level of 1% on both the worker and employer for the next three years. This tax was scheduled under existing law to increase to 11/4% on both on Jan. 1, 1940. Savings to both the workers and employers under this amendment were estimated at \$825,000,000 in the next three years.

An amendment limiting the employer's unemployment compensation tax liability to the first \$3,000 he pays each worker would give the employers

nability to the first \$3,000 he pays each worker would give the employers a saving which has been estimated at \$65,000,000 annually.

The only other important saving which would be effected would be about \$15,000,000 in the form of refunds and abatements to employers who paid their 1936-7-8 unemployment compensation contributions to the States too late to be eligible for the Federal credit.

Liberalization and extension of the Activ benefits resulted add about \$1.

Liberalization and extension of the Act's benefits would add about \$1,-500,000,000 to the program's cost during the next five years, experts estimated.

In a formal statement, Senator Pat Harrison, Dem., Miss., said that, while many of the proposed amendments were constructive, he did not sign the conference committee report "because I felt so strongly the necessity of a greater measure of Federal assistance to the poorer States of the Union, as embodied in the Connally amendment."

He criticized the "tactiturn and unyielding dispositions of House members of the conference group, who, he said, refused to permit the House to vote on the Connally proposal. He added that a fight for the Connally proposal would go on at the next session.

An Associated Press Washington account Aug. 6 said that under the new amendments to the law, 200,000 additional aged will receive pension checks. It was added:

The provision, known as the LaFollette amendment, was only one of a number of revisions of the Social Security Act which were finally approved and sent to the White House in the closing hours of the session.

The present statute provides for payment of pensions only to insured workers who reach 65 on or after Jan. 1, 1940. The LaFollette amendment permits persons who are 65 before that date to become eligible for pensions on Jan. 1, 1940 provided they pay or have paid taxes on their salaries for at least 18 months.

For example, if John Jones became 65 on Jan. 1, 1939, and had been paying old age insurance taxes since they were first levied, he would become eligible for a pension Jan. 1, 1940, when under the revised bill first pension will be paid.

Suppose his average salary for the three years he had been paying into the old age pension fund was \$100. (Old-age taxes were first assessed in January, 1937.) Under the formula for computing benefits—40% for the first \$50 of average monthly salary and 10% for the remainder—Jones would be entitled to \$25 a month for the rest of his life. Yet during the three years he would have contributed, at the stipulated rate of 1% a month on his wages, only \$12 a year or a total of \$36 to the pension fund. His employer would have contributed a like amount.

Opponents of this change contended that it would cost \$695,000,000 in the next five years and that the bulk of this amount would have to be provided by younger contributors.

The LaFollette amendment also provides that a person now past 65 can qualify for monthly pension payments even through he received a lump sum settlement under the original Social Security Act.

Congress also made these other major changes in the Social Security Act, subject, of course, to President Roosevelt's approval:

Advanced from Jan. 1, 1942, to Jan. 1, 1940, the date on which payment of old age pensions will begin.

2. Saved taxpayers approximately \$825,000,000 by "freezing" for three years the present old age insurance tax of 1% on employees' wages and 1%on employers' payrolls. The tax was scheduled to increase to  $1\frac{1}{2}\%$  on both next Jan. 1.

 Raised from \$15 to \$20 the maximum the Federal Government will contribute for old age assistance on a 50-50 matching basis with the Old age assistance is for persons now old and in need and is distinct from the old age insurance system, under which workers contribute to their

4. Increased Federal grants to States for maternal and child welfare,

vocational rehabilitation and public health work.

5. Provided monthly benefits for aged wives, widows, children and

aged dependent parents, under the old-age insurance program.
6. Limited the unemployment insurance tax liability of employers

to the first \$3,000 of each worker's salary. This would save approximately \$65,000,000, officials estimated.

7. Decreased the size of the old age reserve fund and established a board of trustees to administer it. Some persons have contended—although others have disputed it—that under the present law the reserve fund would have reached \$47,000,000,000 by 1980. Under the revised bill the reserve is limited to three times the highest annual benefit payments expected during the succeeding five years.

8. Extended old age insurance provisions to seamen and certain bank

9. Exempted from old age and unemployment insurance persons under 18 who deliver newspapers

10. Exempted insurance agents on commission from unemployment insurance program.

The Associated Press likewise said:

1. Persons under 18 years old, employed delivering newspapers or shopping news sheets, would be exempted from old age and unemployment

2. Insurance agents on commission would be exempted from the unemployment insurance program. Present law already exempts most insurance agents from the old-age insurance provision, depending on the type

of contract they have with their employers.

3. In addition to a general exemption of agricultural laborers from both old age and unemployment insurance, the amendments would specifically exempt workers on irrigation ditches and those engaged in rehabilitation of farms after disasters. The latter provision will be applicable principally in New England, where farm property was damaged by a hur-

en on vessels of more than 10 tons and on all vessels engaged in salmon and halibut fishing would be brought under all provisions of the law.

5. The Federal Government's authority to make grants to States for maternal and child-health services would be increased from \$3,800,000 annually to \$5,820,000.

6. An increase of \$1,020,000 in Federal grants to States for crippled children also would be authorized, raising the total of \$3,870,000 annually.

7. Provision also would be made for a \$2,062,000 increase in the authorization for Federal grants to States for vocational rehabilitation work,

raising the total to \$4,000,000 annually.

8. The conferees agreed to increase the authorization for Federal grants to States for public health work from \$3,000.000 to a total of \$11,000,000.

With changes in the Social Security Act, as approved by Congress on Aug. 4, old age insurance costs will increase from \$46,000,000 to \$1,140,000,000 in 1940, and there will also \$46,000,000 to \$1,140,000,000 in 1940, and there will also be a \$60,000,000 increase in public assistance and other benefits, Arthur J. Altmeyer, Chairman of the Social Security Board, announced on Aug. 7. Mr. Altmeyer said that during the next 15 years costs under the law are expected to increase steadily from \$8,500,000,000 to \$15,500,000,000, which will be offset by decreases as expenditures "level off" following the 15-year period. In an abstract of Mr. Altmeyer's statement, a Washington dispatch of Aug. 7 to the New York "Times" said:

The effect of the changes made in the law will be the subject of statements now in preparation by board officials to meet as completely as possible the demand for information on the many points involved, he added. Some of the statements will be in the form of explanatory questions and

Mr. Altmeyer characterized the Act in its present form as "the most

important piece of legislation" enacted by Congress in his tin e.

The principal change, from annuities to old age and survivors' insurance, would make the new law more difficult to administer, Mr. Altmeyer said, and more field officers than the 332 now on duty would be required to handle the claims which will have to be examined beginning Jan. 1, 1940.

So far as record-keeping is concerned, the situation is unchanged, and the present set-up for the handling of the 45,000,000 accounts now on file will be continued. The records are kept in Baltimore. Unemployment benefit accounts, numbering between 26,000,000 and 27,000,000, are kept

Mr. Altmeyer estimated that about 90% of the points raised and urged by Senator La Follette were taken care of in the Act as amended.

#### Merchants' Association of New York Urges Re-study of Wage Reports Under Social Security Act—Suggests Reports be Made on Annual Instead of Quarterly Basis

The Merchants' Association of New York has written to Secretary of the Treasury, Henry Morgenthau, Jr., suggesting a re-study of the subject of wage reports under the Social Security Act with a view to determining if it would not be possible to change these reports by employers from a quarterly to an annual basis. The Association explained its action as follows:

In view of the burden which is thrown on employers by the increasing number of reports which they have been compelled to furnish in recent years. The Association informed the Secretary of the Treasury that it believed the change would be of much benefit to business generally

The Treasury Department recently made an announcement that although employers report the wages of their employees every three months, the posting of the wage items is delayed for reasons of economy until all the reports for the year have been received.

# Bill Designed to "Cushion" Philippine Independence in 1946 Signed by President Roosevelt—Provides Preferential Quotas—F. B. Sayre, New Commis-sioner, Says Philippine People Must Decide on Freedom

President Roosevelt on Aug. 7 signed a bill designed to ease the economic path to Philippine self-government when the Islands attain independence in 1946. The measure was passed by the House under rules suspension on July 31. It provides for the gradual decrease in quotas of certain Philippine products exported to the United States after 1946. Meanwhile Assistant Secretary of State Francis B. Sayre, said on Aug. 1 that the question of independence in the product of the pro

pines, said on Aug. 1 that the question of independence was still a matter for the people of the Philippines to decide.

A Washington dispatch of Aug. 1 to the New York "Herald Tribune" reported Mr. Sayre's remarks as follows:

In his first press conference following the confirmation of his nomination by the Senate, Mr. Sayre said that, although the conditions in the Orient had changed considerably since 1934, when the Tydings-McDuff Act promising the Islands independence in 1946 was passed by Congress, the

American promise still held good.

Mr. Sayre explained that the matter was no longer in American hands, and that it would not again be discussed by the United States unless the

Philippine people asked that it be reconsidered.

In a statement to the press, Mr. Sayre praised the work of Paul V.

McNutt, his predecessor as High Commissioner, who resigned recently
to become Federal Security Administrator. He said that Mr. McNutt
had done a real service to the peoples of both countries.

Discussing the economic problems facing the Philippines during the next few years, Mr. Sayre said that it would be necessary to modify the Tydings-McDuff Act, or five large Philippine industries would find themselves faced with disastrous economic conditions. The Act calls for the imposition of progressive export taxes to prepare the way for independence in 1946 by cutting off trade with the United States gradually, and not suddenly

We also quote from a United Press Washington dispatch of Aug. 7 regarding the Philippine bill signed by President Roosevelt:

Although the measure is hailed by Filipinos and Americans as opening the way to complete independence on July 4, 1946, it carries a provision authorizing a Congressional study of post-independence relations, to be made not later than 1944.

The study is expected to afford an occasion for a "realistic re-examination" of independence before the archipelago is finally cut loose from the United States, which acquired it for \$20,000,000 in 1899 after the War with Spain.

Developments in the Far East during the next four years, especially in view of Japan's declaration of a "new order in Asia," may influence the future status of the Islands, it is believed.

The economic measure, which was pushed through an unwilling Congress, will grant tariff relief to several important Philippines industries in their

adjustment to independence status.

Present when Mr. Roosevelt signed it were Francis B. Sayre, American

High Commissioner; Vice-President Sergio Osmena of the Philippines, and Joaquin M. Elizalde, Resident Commissioner.

Mr. Osmena said that he was "happy to witness the signing of the bill, which means so much to the welfare of the Filipino people and to the success of their efforts to prepare for complete independence." Mr. Elizalde said the bill was a tribute to the Administration's determination to the Philippines in "their patural amplications toward accommic and to the Philippines in "their natural aspirations toward economic and political freedom."

The measure was a compromise of the original Administration program, which provided for extension of trade preferences to the Philippines on a gradually declining scale until 1961.

The preferences-until-1961 program was scrapped when it met unexpected

Senate opposition.

The new bill provides for the extension of trade preferences only until the islands are granted full independence in 1946. The 1934 Philippine Independence Act provides for a graduated export tax increasing by 5%

annually on all Philippine exports to the United States.

The new program stipulates that a gradually decreasing duty-free quota shall be substituted for the export tax as it applies to cocoanut oil, pearl buttons and cigars. Economic relief also is granted to Philippine embroideries made with American textiles.

Philippine officials and Administration experts said that application of the export taxes to the commodities in question would constitute "economic murder." Some officials even had predicted "civil strife and economic chaos" if the bill were not enacted.

Mr. Sayre will sail for the Islands next month. He will be aided by Golden W. Bell, who resigned as Assistant Solicitor General to take the post.

## Bill Amending Wage and Hour Law Failed of Con-gressional Action—President Roosevelt Signs Minor Measure Exempting From Provisions Operators of Telephone Exchange Serving Less than 500 Subscribers

It is noted that despite months of Congressional agitation over proposed revisions in the wage-hour law, Congress sent President Roosevelt only one minor bill affecting the act. Reporting this from Hyde Park, N. Y. on Aug. 9 United Press advices said:

He signed the act which exempts from provisions of the law operators of telephone exchanges serving less than 500 subscribers. Other proposed amendments, which would have exempted white collar workers earning more than \$200 monthly and hundreds of thousands of workers in semiagricultural processing industries, died in Congress

Beyond what was indicated in our issue of July 29 (page 664) viz., the approval on July 27 by the House Rules Committee for consideration on the floor of the Administration's amendments to the Wage-Hour Act, no Congressional action was taken on the proposed changes.

#### President Roosevelt Vetoes Bill for Two-Cent First Class Postal Rate in Queens County, N. Y.

President Roosevelt on Aug. 10 vetoed a bill which would have provided a two-cent letter rate throughout Queens County, N. Y. The President in his message pointed out that he had vetoed a similar bill in June, 1938 and then expressed objections similar to those he now voices. He said that under existing law the local rate applies only to matter addressed for delivery within the postal district of the mailing office and this county is now served by four the mailing office and this county is now served by four separate and independent postoffices. To apply the local rate under the proposed bill, the President went on, would be difficult "for it would be an almost hopeless task to educate the public with respect to the territory entitled to the local

## President Roosevelt, Signing Bill for Administrative Officer of Courts, Says Court Reorganization Aims Have Been Accomplished—"Liberal Ideas," He States, Now Prevail in Supreme Court—Senator **Burke Disputes Statement**

Shortly before leaving Washington for Hyde Park, N. Y., on Aug. 7, following the adjournment of Congress on Aug. 5, President Roosevelt issued a statement in which he said that the objectives of his 1937 contest with the Senate over his Supreme Court reorganization bill had been won despite the defeat of his program at that time. The President indicated that although his proposals for enlargement of the Supreme Court were rejected, the "liberal ideas" of the Administration prevail today. He said that the date of his statement deserved formal recognition because it was "the final objective of the comprehensive proposal for judicial reorganization" which he made to Congress on Feb. 5, 1937. President's comments followed his signing of the Ashurst bill, which establishes a new agency to administer the Federal courts, creating within 90 days an administrative director of the courts, who will be appointed by the Supreme Court Justices and will be paid \$10,000 an nually, and will have an assistant at a salary of \$7,500. The President's remarks were disputed on Aug. 8 by Senator Burke of Nebraska, one of the leaders in the opposition to the court reorganization bill, and further below we refer further to Senator Burke's contentions

President Roosevelt's statement of Aug. 7 follows:

It is worth recording that today, Aug. 7, 1939, deserves special recognition because it marks the final objective of the comprehensive proposal for judicial reorganization which I made to the Congress on Feb. 5, 1937. The country is naturally concerned with the attainment of proper objectives rather than any one of many possible methods proposed for the accomplishment of the archive results and the results of the configuration of the second secon plishment of the end.

1. Two and a half years ago I proposed the extension to the Justices of the Supreme Court of retirement privileges then available to other Federal Judges. Such an Act was passed March 1, 1937.

2. I called attention to the unwarranted attitude of the Supreme Court

2. I called attention to the unwarranted attitude of the Supreme Court with reference to its exercise of constitutional powers. Measures of social and economic reform were being impeded or defeated by narrow interpretations of the Constitution, and by the assumption on the part of the Supreme Court of legislative powers which properly belonged to the Congress. It is true that the precise method which I recommended was not adopted, but the objective, as every person in the United States knows today, was achieved. The results are not even open to dispute. Attacks recently made on the Supreme Court itself by ultra-conservative members of the Bar indicate how fully our liberal ideas have already prevailed.

3. I called attention to the congested dockets of the Federal Courts, delay in disposing of cases, the need of new blood in the judiciary branch of the Government, and the need of additional judges. Since then 26 additional judges have been provided for by the Congress, and a bill authorizing five more awaits my signature. The congested dockets and the

authorizing five more awaits my signature. The congested dockets and the delay have been already almost eliminated.

4. I called attention to the need for greater flexibility in the judicial system so that judges could be more readily assigned to areas where the courts were excessively in arrears. Under the Act of Aug. 24, 1987, a welcome improvement was made in this feature of our judicial system

5. I called attention to the intolerable situation when constitutional questions involving Federal statutes were passed on in private litigation, and recommended that no decision, injunction or decree on constitutional grounds should be permitted without previous notice to the Attorney General and an opportunity for the United States to be heard. By the Act of Aug. 24, 1937, the Attorney General was given the right to intervene in litigation between private parties involving constitutionality of Federal statutes, and limitations were placed on the issuance of injunctions in similar cases in the lower court.

6. I called attention to the need for direct and immediate appeal to the Supreme Court in cases involving constitutionality of Federal statutes, such cases to take precedence over all other matters pending in that court. This right of direct appeal was established by the Act of Aug. 24, 1937, and is now the law of the land.

7. I called attention to the need of the judiciary itself for effective machinesy for expressing its own decrease and expediting its own effairs.

machinery for overseeing its own dockets and expediting its own affairs. This very day I have, with great satisfaction, approved an Act which sets up an administrative office for the judiciary.

Thus have been enacted into law six of the actual recommendations made by me more than two years ago—and the seventh recommendation has been accomplished through the opinions of the Supreme Court itself.

In taking exception to the President's remarks, Senator Burke said, in part:

The President would now have the country believe that in true copybook style he has used his crushing defeat on court reorganization as a 'stepping-stone' to victory." All his objectives have been won, he says. That ill-fated proposal had a single purpose, with certain minor suggestions scarcely controversial. The plan was to enlarge the court in combine the appointing rough to fill the new places with judges

order to enable the appointing power to fill the new places with judges who would interpret the Constitution in accordance with the will of the executive and legislative branches. It was a proposal to "apply force to the judiciary."

It was repudiated by Congress and by the country.

Undoubtedly the new appointees have made a court different from any the country has known. Whether for better or for worse depends on the individual viewpoint. The important consideration is that the court itself, as an institution, remains intact.

The new members came on in the normal way to fill vacancies arising from death or retirement. It is a change in personnel that would have occurred if no enlargement proposal had ever been conceived. Whatever else may be said about the new justices they are not puppets filling places created for them contrary to the spirit of the Constitution. . . . There is to be an administrative officer of the courts. He has no kinship

to the "proctor" that was proposed. He is a fiscal officer appointed by the judiciary, removable by it, responsible solely to it, performing im-portant duties for it that heretofore have been exxercised by the executive This was a necessary step in making the judiciary truly department. independent.

Long before the 5th of February, 1987, Congress had begun considera-tion of the proper extension of the then existing judges' retirement pro-visions. The "genesis" of this movement was clearly in the legislative department, and not in the bill which the Executive thrust upon Congress.

Incident to the President's statement, a Washington dispatch, Aug. 7, to the New York "Journal of Commerce" said, in part:

The bill signed today by the President creates an administrative office of the United States Court, headed by a director at \$10,000 and assistant director at \$7,500 per annum, to be appointed by the Chief Justice. The director has charge, under supervision of the Conference of Senior Circuit Judges of administrative matters relating to the office of clerks; examining dockets and the quarterly transmission of reports thereon to the senior circuit judges; and disbursement of moneys for maintenance of the courts.

A reference to the bill appeared in our issue of May 27, page 3145.

# \$185,000,000 Third Deficiency Bill Approved By Congress—President Signs Measure Carrying \$119,-599-918 for Use of CCC in Maintaining Farm Prices

The third deficiency bill, carrying appropriations of \$185,-000,000, including an appropriation of \$119,599,918 for the use of the Commodity Credit Corporation in supporting farm prices, was passed with amendments on Aug. 4 by the Senate, and on the following day (Aug. 5), just before adjournment, both the House and Senate conferees agreed to the changes inserted in the measure by the Senate; in

conference, a total appropriation of \$185,000,000 (instead of \$189,000,000 previously) was agreed upon. As was indicated in our Aug. 5 issue, page 812, the House Appropriations Committee had dropped from the bill the item of \$119,599,918 to restore the impaired capital of the CCC, and the House on Aug. 2 approved the committee action and passed the bill shorn of that item, and as sent to the Senate by the House the bill called for a total appropriation of but \$54,248,000, as compared with the total of \$215,891,168 requested by the Budget Bureau. The elimination of the CCC item by the House, as heretofore noted, had been criticized by Secretary Wallace. It was announced on Aug. 10 that the President had signed the bill. Regarding Senate action on Aug. 4, Associated Press accounts from Washington, Aug. 4, said, in part:

After increasing this measure from \$54,000,000 to \$189,000,000, then passing it, the chamber plunged into a long, spirited debate about the LaFollette Civil Liberties Committee and ended by giving the com-mittee half of the \$100,000 it asked to investigate labor conditions on the

Pacific Coast. The vote was 36 to 17.

Thereupon the chamber followed the example the House had set some hours earlier and recessed until tomorrow, when the seven months' session, which had been marked by revolts against Roosevelt policies, is expected to end.

The maneuvering over the deficiency bill was long and involved.

Chief among the additions made by the Senate was an Administration-requested appropriation of \$119,000,000 to make loans on surplus crops and thereby keep them off the market. This item, turned down by the House earlier in what was called a major victory for the economy coalition, went through the other chamber on a sweeping 61 to 7 vote.

The deficiency bill is to go to a Senate-House conference tomorrow for the conference to the conference of the conference to the conference to the conference of the conference to the conference of the conference of the conference to the conference to the conference of the conferenc

reconciliation of differences. The controversy is the only major one in sight before adjournment.

After the farm loan vote the Senate continued its session into the night, amid an excited swirl of parliamentary maneuvering. Various Senators tried in vain to tack on to the deficiency bill amendments which would:

(1) Restore the "prevailing wage" for WPA workers.

(2) Soften the effects of a new rule of law which says that persons on

the WPA rolls 18 months must give way to other relief applicants.
(3) Provide for Federal refinancing of farm mortgages.

On a voice vote the Senate approved an amendment by Senator Claude Pepper, Dem., Fla., to increase an item for expenses of the Wage-Hour Administration to \$2,000,000. The House voted \$1,000,000 and a Senate committee approved \$2,000,000, but by a clerical error the sum went into the printed bill as \$1,500,000. The Wage-Hour Division had requested the full \$2,000,000 to permit the hiring of additional investigators to check upon an accumulation of employment of violations of the law. check upon an accumulation of complaints of violations of the law.

Then an attempt by Senator Pepper to revive the Federal Theatre projects, killed by the 1939 Relief Act, was defeated.

At tonight's Senate session Senator Pat McCarran, Dem., Nev., proposed the prevailing wage amendment, and Senator James I. Murray, Dem., Mont., the amendment to change the Work Projects Administration rotation system. Senator Robert M. LaFollette, Prog., Wis., offered the farm mortgage refinancing plan.

Since Senate rules prohibit attaching general legislation to appropriation bills, a suspension of the rules was necessary before the amendment could be offered. This required a two-third vote. A majority of the Senate—but not two-thirds—voted for the suspension in each case.

Some time ago all three proposals were approved by the Senate as

amendments to the Administration lending bill (later killed by the House economy coalition). The earlier vote on the farm proposal was 74 in favor to 7 against. Today 38 Senators voted to suspend the rules for it and 32 voted against it.

After the Senate's action on the deficiency measure, it remained for a committee composed of both Senators and House members to strike a compromise on the farm loans and other increases approved by the Senate. Then, both branches had to approve or reject the compromise thus

In reporting the passage of the bill by the Senate on Aug. 4, Washington advices that date to the New York "Journal of Commerce" said, in part:

Republican members of the House made known the fact that they would not make any serious fight against the [CCO] fund because of the political implications involved. They said that since farm prices are now at a low level it would be bad politically to attempt to defeat the fund because it would probably mean a further decline in prices with the blame being placed upon them. blame being placed upon them.

During the brief debate which preceded the Senate's approval of the CCC item, it appeared for a time that Administration forces might run into difficulty. Senator Vandenberg (Rep., Mich.) said he could not understand how the farm program would bog down by failure of Congress to provide the Corporation with the added funds since Congress already has approved \$1,500,000,000 for farm aid.

Senator LaFollette (Prog., Wis.) declared, however, that the farmers Senator LaFollette (Prog., Wis.) declared, however, that the farmers have joined in the acreage adjustment program on the assumption that loans would be made on their products in event of a decline in prices. The Secretary's position is, he added, that unless Congress restores the capital of the Corporation, it would by its negative vote be giving disapproval of the loan program and it would have to be terminated.

Earlier today, Secretary Wallace, in a letter to Senator Bankhead (Dem., Ala.) labeled as not true statements that the CCC had funds which would

Ala.) labeled as not true statements that the CCC had funds which would enable it to continue the commodity loan it is now making and also to

This letter of Secretary Wallace is referred to elsewhere in these columns today.

## First Session of 76th Congress Adjourns-Harmony Marks Closing Hours—Record of Major Accomplishments—Most Roosevelt Bills of Importance De-

The first session of the 76th Congress adjourned sine die Aug. 5, after seven months and two days of existence, the session having been brought under way on Jan. 3. The session having been brought under way on Jan. 3. The House adjourned at 6:32 p.m. and the Senate three minutes later, after Congress at the last minute had sent to the White House legislation designed to liberalize the tax burden of the Social Security system. This measure is referred to elsewhere in the current issue of the "Chronicle." The Senate also approved the Third Deficiency Bill by a voice vote. Adjournment of the House was marked by speeches in which members indulged in mutual compliments, but the final moments of the Senate session were marked by a speech in which Senator Pepper of Florida, New Deal supporter, critized the "anti-Administration alliance" which had halted the Roosevelt program. Senator Bailey of North Carolina countered, taking exception to the remarks of

Senator Pepper.
Associated Press Washington advices Aug. 5 described the

closing of the session as follows:

The session ended in a burst of speech-making. The House was deserted by most of its members. Crowded Senate galleries enjoyed a torrid debate between Senator Claude Pepper, Florida Democrat, and anti-New Deal Democrats. Senators and representatives wandered in and out, mingling in the cloakrooms and exchanging goodbys, congratulations and commiserations on various bills.

President Roosevelt sent to both the houses, which dealt such severe blow to his program in the last week, a little note wishing the Congressmen 'a pleasant vacation.'

Senator Alben W. Barkley, majority leader, presented the most popular measure of the whole \$13,000,000,000 session when he drew the sine die adjournment resolution from the inside pocket of his gray-blue coat.

Mr. Barkley started a little speech.
"It has been a hard session," he began, and was much surprised when

both Senators and galleryites guffawed.

He went on to say it had been a "hard working session," which had actually accomplished much more than the events of the last few weeks would indicate. When on a shouted voice vote. When he had finished he moved adjournment. It carried

The vote on Social Security changes was 58 to 4, with Senators Tom Connally, of Texas; Allen J. Ellender, of Louisiana; Claude Pepper, of Florida, and Richard B. Russell, of Georgia, all Democrats, voting against

The measure, also a compromise of original House and Senate bills, went through the Senate in the closing hours after heated but brief discussion. It has been graveled through the House yesterday by Speaker William B. Bankhead.

The fact that the Deficiency Bill was trimmed only \$4,000,000 from the

Senate figure by the conferees brought some discontent in the House. Representative John Taber, New York Republican, said he and Representative J. William Ditter, Pennsylvania Democrat, refused to sign the conference report.

The conferees slashed to \$1,200,000 a proposd \$2,000,000 appropriation for administrative expenses of the Wage-Hour Administration. They also agreed to make \$4,000,000 available for civilian pilot training, contrasted with the \$3,000,000 voted by the House and the \$5,675,000 figure approved by the Senate.

The brief note from President Roosevelt read to the Senate was addressed to Vice-President Garner and said:

My Dear Mr. Vice-President:

"At this time of the adjournment of the first session of the 76 Congress, will you express to the members of the Senate my good wishes for a pleasant vacation.

Associated Press Washington advices of Aug. 5 listed the main measures considered at the last session as follows:

#### Bills Enacted

Appropriations—Authorized expenditure of more than \$13,000,000,000, a record peacetime total.

Relief-Appropriated \$1,775,000,000 for the current fiscal year; approved curtailment of WPA activities. Defense-Voted to spend nearly \$2,000,000,000 to expand the army,

navy and air forces in a record peacetime program.

Government Reorganization—Empowered President Roosevelt to regroup Federal agencies in the interest of efficiency and economy.

Monetary—Continued the President's dolar devaluation powers, the \$2,000,000,000 stabilization fund and the life of the RFC.

Taxes—Wiped out last vestige of undistributed profits tax on corporations and substituted for the RFC.

and substituted flat 18% levy; permitted Federal and State governments to tax the income of employees of the other.

Politics-Passed Hatch bill to limit political activity by Federal office-

Social Security-Lightened the tax schedule and liberalized the benefits of the social security program. Bills Defeated

Pensions—House defeated Townsend plan for old-age pensions. Lending—House refused to consider President's lending and housing program. Bills Deferred Until 1940

Neutrality-Senate Foreign Relations Committee refused to take up Administration bill to repeal arms embargo against warring nations -Took no action on proposed amendments to Wagner Act or

Wages-Hours Law. Tax Revision-House Ways and Means Committee to make recess

study of general tax revision program. Transportation-House and Senate passed bills to help railroads, but no

compromise was reached. Health-Senate committee endorsed broad outlines of nationl health program, but withheld specific recommendations until next year.

The record of Administration measures during the session was summarized as follows in a Washington dispatch Aug. 5 to the New York "Times":

President Roosevelt fared worse in his legislative program with this tion of Congre s than with any other in his Admin major items on the agenda he lost four altogether and won enactment of four, but two of the latter were enacted with qualifications changing them considerably from the form in which he desired them.

The scheduled legislation which failed included the following: 1. A Neutrality Act which would have removed the mandatory arms

embargo.

2. Legislation for a \$3,000,000,000 lending program.

3. Addition of \$800,000,000 to funds for the United States Housing Administration.

4. A requested \$50,000,000 for deficiencies in relief operations.

The major Acts won by the Administration were:

A reorganization law permitting reshuffling of government agencies, although amendments restricted this work considerably.

Authorization of all requests in a \$2,000,000,000 defense program.
 Continuance unchanged of the President's monetary authority and the \$2,000,000,000 stabilization fund.
 The full requested appropriation of \$1,755,600,000 for the new relief program, but qualified with many restrictions on operations.

While the Congress denied to President Roosevelt some legislation in volving great expenditures, the fact remained that this session saw the appropriation of more money than at any other session in a peacetime, a

appropriation of more money than at any other session in a peacetime, a total \$300,000,000 above budget estimates.

The appropriations generally reflected the Administration's will, and Mr. Roosevelt won a personal victory by enactment of a unique law authorizing establishment of a library for his archives at Hyde Park, to be donated privately but manicained perpetually by the government.

Acting on its own initiative, the Congress took an important step in passing the Hatch bill to regulate political activities by Federal employees.

The House authorized a \$50,000 investigation of the National Labor Relations Board.

The texts of some of the laws enacted at the session just concluded have already been given in these columns, and below we indicate the date on which they were signed and the issue of the Chronicle in which the texts appeared:

Sign	ed		Given in Chronicl	
Relief Appropriation of \$725,000,000 Feb.			11. p.	814
Extending Life of RFC to June 30, 1941 Mar.		Apr.	1, p.	1886
Extending Export-Import Bank and Commodity				
Credit CorporationMar.	4	Apr.	1, p.	1887
Additional Relief Appropriation of \$100,000,000 Apr.	13	Apr.	22, p.	2352
Reorganization Act of 1939Apr.	3		22, p.	
National Housing Act AmendmentJune	3	June	17. p.	
Strategic War Material AcquisitionJune	7	July	1. p.	35
Stabilization and Dollar ValuationJuly			15, p.	340
Revenue Act of 1939June				312
Member Banks' Officers' Loan ExtensionJune			22, p.	493
Relief Appropriation of \$1,755,600,000June			22, p.	469
Prevent Pernicious Political ActivitiesAug.	2	July	29, p.	661

Among other measures signed by the President, references appeared in the Chronicle as follows:

Signed	Issue of
Supplemental Military Appropriation BillJuly 1	July 8, p. 191
War Department Civil Appropriation BillJune 28	July 15, p. 339
Civil Pilot Training ActJune 27	July 15, p. 339
Naval Appropriation Act	May 27, p. 3142
Amend TVA Act for Private PurchasesJuly 26	July 29, p. 658
Chandler Rail Bankruptcy ActJuly '8	July 29, p. 658
Agricultural Appropriations BillJune 30	July 8, p. 191
Interior Department Appripriation BillMay 10	May 20, p. 2983
"Hot Oil" Extension ActJune 29	July 1, p. 34
Reorganization Effective Date ActJune 7	June 10, p. 3472
Roosevelt Library BillJuly 18	July 22, p. 493
Trust-Indenture ActAug. 3	Aug. 5, p. 808

In the current issue of our paper under a separate head, we are noting the conclusion of Congressional action on the Third Deficiency Bill and the amendments to the Social Security Act; we are also giving the President's Message veoting the bill postponing the effective date of the provision in the 1935 Banking Act to prohibit interlocking bank directorates. Various other Congressional measures are reerred to in this issue.

# House Committee Appointed to Investigate NLRB— Representative Smith, Sponsor of Resolution, Is

Speaker of the House William B. Bankhead announced on Aug. 5 the Appointment of the five-man committee which will investigate the National Labor Relations Board, in accordance with the resolution calling for the inquiry, passed by the House on July 20. The group which will undertake the investigation will be headed by Representative Howard W. Smith, Democrat, of Virginia, author of the resolution. W. Smith, Democrat, of Virginia, author of the resolution. Other members include Representatives Arthur D. Healy of Massachusetts and Abe Murdock of Utah, Democrats, and Charles A. Halleck of Indiana, and Harry N. Routzhon, Ohio, both Republicans. The matters on which the Committee is to report, as outlined in the resolution, were indicated in our issue of July 22, page 496. On Aug. 1 the House appropriated \$50,000 to conduct the investigation, as was noted in these columns Aug. 5, page 810. It is stated that the Committee will hold its initial meeting on September 7.

# Senate Passes Resolution Calling for Study of National Monetary and Banking Policy—Senator Wagner Explains Purpose

A study of National monetary and banking policy is authorized in a resolution passed by the Senate on Aug. 4. The study would be conducted by the Senate Committee on Banking and Currency, which, in accordance with the resolution would "hold hearings to consider and recommend a national monetary and banking policy by which the mone-tary and banking authorities of the Federal Government shall be guided and governed, and to consider and recommend the character of governmental machinery best calculated to carry out such policy." The resolution also says:

The committee shall report to the Senate as soon as practicable the results of its study, together with its recommendations for the enactment of any legislation it may deem necessary.

A reference to the resolution, which was favorably reported by the Senate Committee on June 14, appeared in our issue of June 17, page 0000. It was offered by Senator Wagner (Democrat) of New York, who, during debate on the resolution on Aug. 4 said in part (we quote from the "Congressional Record":

I may say to the Senator [Senator Borah who had asked as to what the resolution is "intended to cover in the way of an investigation"], that it is not to be an investigation at all. The word "investigation" anywhere in the resolution, so far as I recall. It is proposed to be a study. A number of proposals have been made with reference to the management of our monetary policy and there has been a demand among Senators and outside organizations that some action should be taken upon these proposals.

They are different ones. They are in conflict. The American Farm Bureau Federation, for instance, and one other large labor organization, have also urged that this study be made so if there is anything to the contention that our monetary policy is not properly aiding our recovery program, at least we ought to study the question. A number of resolutions have been in-troduced by Members of this body who have also urged, rather than having immediate action upon their legislation, that the committee at least study the question, and receive the opinions of those who have specialized in the subject. In addition to that, some legislation has been introduced attempting to cure conflicts of jurisdiction in different agencies over the banks of our country with reference to the examination of their loans and other matters. One of the bankers who talked to me on this subject, the head of the American Bankers' Association, expressed their willingness to cooperate in this particular study. So if there is any conflicting jurisdiction by different agencies, that matter ought to be looked into and remedied; and that is the purpose of this particular resolution.

The Committee is authorized to spend not to exceed \$25,000 in furtherance of its study.

#### Appropriations Authorized by Congress for Various Investigations by House and Senate

An appropriation of \$50,000 to conduct an investigation by the La Follette (Senate) Civil Liberties Committee on the Pacific Coast, was voted by the Senate on Aug. 4.

Elsewhere in these columns today we are referring to the study of National monetary and banking policy which is to be undertaken by the Senate Committee on Banking and Currency and also to the House Committee named to investigate the National Relations Board for which latter \$50,-

000 was appropriated by Congress.
On Aug. 1 the House appropriated \$15,000 for an investigation of Alaskan fisheries by its Merchant Marine Committee, and \$5,000 for the between session study of tax problems by the House Ways and Means Committee.

Regarding other investigations advises from Weshington

Regarding other investigations advices from Washington Aug. 5 to the New York "Herald Tribune" said:

Other House investigations include the continuance of the Dies Committee

investigation to begin next month.

The investigation of the WPA by the sub-committee of the Appropriations Committee which already is credited with many of the revisions written into

the Relief Act of 1940.

Also, there is to be House investigation of the petroleum industry by a

sub-committee of the House Interstate Commerce Committee.

Finally, tax sub-committee of the Ways and Means Committee will make a study of the entire tax structure with a view to its overhaul in the next

Senate investigations include an inquiry into immigration laws, \$10,000, and Indians law, \$10,000.

Joint committee investigations have been continued by additional appropriations for the Temporary National Economic Committee and the study of phosphate deposits and their exploitation.

A resolution authorizing an investigation of the oil industry, approved by the House on Aug. 3, was referred to in our issue of Aug. 5, page 870.

#### House Passes Resolution Authorizing \$8,000,000 for National Census of Housing

The House on Aug. 4 passed a resolution to provide for the taking of a National census of housing at a cost of \$8,-000,000. Representative Nelson during debate on the resolution, stated that it "authorized an impartial, scientific gathering of facts. It does not commit the Congress or the Administration to any course of action. But it will provide essential knowledge upon which future action in the 77th and subsequent Congresses can be taken." He also said that the resolution was approved by the Department of Commerce, the Department of Agriculture and the Federal Home Bank Board, and he added that "the proposal for a housing census has been urged by National Association of Real Estate Boards, the American Federation of Labor, the United States Conference of Mayors, and many business United States Conference of Mayors, and many business groups."

In reporting that the votes on the resolution were distributed sharply along party lines, a Washington dispatch Aug. 4 to the Baltimore "Sun" said in part:

Democratic sponsors of the legislation maintained the checkup to be made next year in connection with the 16th decennial census of population, was desired and needed by Government and business alike.

The Republican minority pronounced it a "snooping expedition" designed for the assembling of "propaganda and agitation for further Government housing projects." It recalled what the House did to the Administration's housing program yesterday.

Causing greatest perturbancy to the Republican members was a clause in

causing greatest perturbancy to the Republican members was a cause in the measure which provided that the proposed census include not only houses but their "characteristics, including utilities and equipment." . . . "If the decennial census of population lists a man by name and street address, argued Representative Tabor (Rep., N. Y.), "it might be assumed Why spend \$8,000,000 to send agents into that that he lives in a house. house to see what is in it?

The real aim, Democrats insisted, was to insure the most economical and intelligent development of residential construction.

By doing this, they said, there also would be developed great potentialities for the investment of idle capital, along with a stimulation of durable goods industries and relief of unemployment.

## Congressional Action Completed on Resolution Giving Government Power to Effect Exchange of American Cotton for British Rubber

On Aug. 3 both the Senate and House adopted the conference report on legislation designed to facilitate the arrangements for the exchange of surplus stocks of American cotton for British rubber. The Senate had passed the measure on July 6 and the House approved it July 27 in slightly amended form. The resolution permits the Government, through the

Commodity Credit Corporation, to take title to 600,000 bales of cotton it holds under loans to producers, and trade them for about 85,000 tons of British rubber under the terms of the barter agreement signed in London June 23, noted in these columns July 1, page 42. House passage of the law was reported in our issue of July 29, page 663.

Regarding the approval by Congress of the conference report, the New York "Journal of Commerce," in Washington

advices Aug. 3, said:

As passed today the measure was substantially the same as when previously approved by the House last week. It would permit the removal of cotton from interior warehouses to maritime ports only in such quantities as would be necessary to fulfill the contract for delivery under the exchange agreement with Great Britain.

#### Congress Passes Bill for Sale of Surplus Agricultural Covers Cotton Sale to France and Commodities-Switzerland

Congressional action on a resolution authorizing the Commodity Credit Corporation to sell cotton and other agricultural commodities, acquired by its loan programs, to foreign nations at less than world market prices was completed on Aug. 5 when the House concurred in Senate amendments; on the same day in the Senate unanimous consent for the consideration of the House joint resolution was asked by Senator Byrnes, who said:

The Senate bill was reported unanimously, but it would be useless to offer the Senate bill because of the near approach of adjournment. This joint resolution unanimously passed the House and is on the Senate calendar. It is a House measure. It provides for the sale by the Commodity Credit Corporation, for cash, of 175,000 bales of cotton.

The House joint resolution was accordingly passed by the Senate on Aug. 5.

The following regarding House acceptance of a Senate amendment is from Washington Associated Press advices of Aug. 5:

It accepted a Senate amendment limiting the amount of cotton to be

disposed of to 500,000 bales and requiring that payment be made by the foreign governments within 60 days after delivery.

Senator Byrnes, South Carolina Democrat, said that the legislation would clear the way for disposal of 175,000 bales of surplus cotton to France and Switzerland for about \$6 a bale less than the world price.

The measure provides that buyers agree to keep the commodities in storage for a period of not less than five years, except in the case of a war emergency. Concessions below world prices for such CCC sales would be not more than the equivalent of 18 months carrying charges.

In our issue of Aug. 5, page 814, the proposed sale of cotton to France and Switzerland was reported.

#### CCC to Receive New Proposals from Agencies for Performing Services in Cotton Exchange Agreement

The Commodity Credit Corporation announced on Aug. 5 that in view of necessary changes it would receive new proposals from qualified agencies to perform services in connection with the delivery of cotton under the exchange agreement with the British Government, and that a new form of agency agreement setting out the necessary services to be performed, will be furnished by the Washington office of the Commodity Credit Corporation upon request. In its an-nouncement the CCC added:

The proposals recently received by the Corporation could not be considered because of certain necessary changes in the method of handling the cotton and such original proposals will be returned upon request. All new proposals must be received by the Corporation in Washington by noon, Aug. 14, 1939, and the Corporation reserves the right to reject any part or all of any proposals.

The signing of the agreement between the United States and Great Britain, for the exchange of cotton and rubber, was referred to in these columns July 1, page 42, and July 29,

#### ICC Overrules Idaho Board

The Interstate Commerce Commission has set aside an order of the Public Utilities Commission of Idaho and authorized seven railroads to increase intrastate freight rates. The Commission found that as a result of the Idaho authority's refusal to permit increased rates in line with the general increase authorized last year Idaho rates discriminated against interstate commerce.

The Commission was divided on the decision, six to three. Commissioners Caskie and Aitchison said they felt that the increases would turn traffic to other modes of transportation, while Commissioner Allredge supported present rates on rail-road ties, brick, lime, coal, hay, apples, potatoes, onions and

dried beans and peas.

Excepted from the ruling were rates on sugar beets, beetsugar, final molasses, limerock and several commodities on which the railroads desired present rates in order to compete with truck lines. It limited to 5% the freight increase on logs.

### United States Appeals Court Reverses "Little Steel" Wage Ruling

The United States Circuit Court of Appeals upset on Aug. 4 a Labor Department determination under the Walsh-Healy Act which found 62½ cents an hour to be the prevailing wage of the steel industry in the Eastern district extending from the Atlantic seaboard to western Pennsylvania,

Ohio and Kentucky.

The Walsh-Healy Act requires firms which receive Government contracts to pay the prevailing wage in their localities and empowers the Secretary of Labor to determine the prevailing wage in each locality.

A number of "Little Steel" companies filed suit in District

Court here for a permanent injunction against the finding, but their complaint was dismissed. Then they obtained a temporary injunction from the Court of Appeals pending further proceedings.

The Court of Appeals, in a two-to-one decision, found on Aug. 4 that the lower court erred in the dismissal and remanded the case for further hearing there, meanwhile continuing its temporary restraining order. The memorandum decision did not state the grounds for the finding but said opinions would be filed later. See also V. 148, p. 2052.

## United States-Soviet Trade Pact Extended Another Year-Russia Will Buy at Least \$40,000,000 of American Merchandise in Next 12 Months-Will Receive Tariff Reductions

The United States and the Soviet Union on Aug. 4 agreed to extend for another year the trade agreement which would have expired the following day, it was anwhich would have expired the following day, it was announced by the State Department. This marks the fifth consecutive year that a trade pact has been in effect between the two countries. The first became operative in 1935-36. The last previous extension was noted in the "Chronicle" of Aug. 13, 1938, page 966. The current agreement provides that Russia will purchase a minimum of \$40,000,000 in American goods during the next 12 months. \$40,000,000 in American goods during the next 12 months, while the United States will accord Russia the same tariff reductions as other countries with which it has trade agree-

Associated Press Washington advices of Aug. 4 added the following regarding the announcement of extension:

The State Department released the texts of notes between the People's Commissar for Foreign Trade of the Soviet Union, A. I. Mikoyan, and Stuart E. Grummon, American Charge d'Affaires at Moscow, which put the extension of the agreement into effect next Sunday.

With respect to Soviet coal shipments to the United States, Russia agreed to restrict its exports in the part 12 months to 400,000 tons.

agreed to restrict its exports in the next 12 months to 400,000 tons. agreed to restrict its exports in the next 12 months to 400,000 tons. This was considered necessary because of the coal-tax provisions of the Revenue Act of 1932. During the 1937-'38 agreement year, imports of Soviet coal into the United States were 198,384 tons and in the first nine months of the 1938-'39 agreement year, 134,154 tons.

Although the pact sets \$40,000,000 as the minimum Soviet purchases here, officials forecast Soviet orders in excess of this sum. They base their predictions on performances of the last two years.

"The successive commercial agreements between the United States and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics," said the State Department, "have provided a basis for the gratifying expansion of trade between the two countries which has taken place in response to a number of favorable factors.'

Soviet purchases here in the 1937-'38 treaty year were \$65,394,000. the first 11 months of the 1938-'39 agreement year they were \$58,700,000. In 1933 Soviet purchases here had reached a low of \$10,674,000 from a high of \$136,162,000 in 1930.

"The Soviet Union has profited under the successive commercial agreements," the State Department also said. "The United States imports from the Soviet Union have increased steadily from the low of less than \$10,000,000 in 1932 to \$27,000,000 in the calendar year 1937."

Four-fifths of United States exports to Russia consist of machinery and vehicles used in Russia's industrialization and militarization program. America also sold in 1938 \$5,000,000 worth of non-metallic minerals and

\$2,000,000 worth of high-grade gasoline for aircraft engines.

Furs form the largest item of Russian sales to the United States-\$13,000,000 in 1938. Other important imports from Russia are flax fabrics and non-metallic minerals such as anthracite and asbestos. Russia is the largest supplier of sausage casings to the United States, \$400,000 worth. Unusual items of import are crabmeat sauce and paste, \$522,000; caviar, \$181,000, and bristles for brushes, \$100,000.

#### United States Extends Credits on Cotton to Spain Export-Import Bank to Finance 80% of Credit on Sale of 250,000 Bales

The Export-Import Bank of Washington has agreed to participate with American shippers in financing the sale of 250,000 bales of raw cotton to Spanish mills, it was announced Aug. 7 by Warren Lee Pierson, President of the Government institution. Under the agreement the bank will provide 80% of the credit and individual shippers will furnish the balance. The credit will be made to apply to American shippers and will not be made available to Spanish importers. Though the price of the cotton, which is to be delivered at the rate of 25,000 bales a month, was not announced, it is estimated that the average price was \$55 a bale, the total amount involved being about \$13,750,000. Eight New York banks will advance the funds necessary to finance the shipments. The official announcement issued by Mr. Pierson follows:

Arrangements have just been completed under which the Export-Import Bank agrees to participate with American cotton shippers in financing the sale of 250,000 bales of raw cotton to Spanish mills at the rate of 25,000 bales per month.

credits will be guaranteed by leading Spanish banks and as given by the Spanish Government that dollar exchange will be made available to meet all maturities.

Obligations incurred under the commitments are payable in eight quarterly installments commencing six months after the delivery of the cotton-The Export-Import Bank will provide 80% of the credit, the balance being carried by individual shippers.

Commercial banks in the United States will be authorized to handle the documents and to provide the necessary funds as agents of the Export-

Provision will be made for the transportation of the cotton in American

In reporting the arrangements Washington accounts Aug. 7 to the New York "Journal of Commerce" said:

Officials here stated that the transaction was entirely a sales proposition at that no barter arrangements were made in the deal. State Departand that no barter arrangements were made in the deal. ment officials are understood to feel that the transaction will benefit American cotton producers because if Spanish cotton mills were changed to handle foreign types of the raw material the trade would be entirely lost to United States cotton farmers.

Under the transaction, it was learned, Spanish mills will receive the 11/2 cents per pound export subsidy payment now being made by the Department of Agriculture.

### War Resources Board Formed to Advise on Economic in Emergency-E. R. Stettinius

The War and Navy Departments announced on Aug. 9 the creation of a War Resources Board to advise the Army and Navy Munitions Board on the economic mobilization of American resources in time of war. Edward R. Stettinius jr., Chairman of the Board of the United States Steel Corporation was named chairman. Announcement of the formation of the board was made by Louis Johnson, Acting Secretary of War, and Charles Edison, Acting Secretary of the Navy, with the approval of President Roosevelt.

Other members, who have agreed to serve with Mr. Stattining area.

Stettinius, are:

Dr. Karl T. Compton, President of Massachusetts Institute of Tech-

Walter S. Gifford, President of the American Telegraph and Telephone

Harold G. Moulton, President of the Brookings Institution.

John Lee Pratt, a Director of General Motors Corp., and

Gen. Robert E. Wood, Chairman of the Board of Sears Roebuck & Co.

The statement of Mr. Johnson and Mr. Edison follows:

The two Assistant Secretaries, each of whom is the acting Secretary of his department, announced that the duties of the new committee would be those of advising with the Army and Navy Munitions Board on policies pertaining to the mobilization of the economic resources of the country in the event of a war emergency and in reviewing and perfecting the plans al-

ready under preparation by that agency.

It was explained that while the Army and Navy Munitions Board is an agency of long standing, it has recently been made responsible directly to the President instead of to the Secretaries of War and Navy as formerly. It was also pointed out, however, that in an emergency the War Resources

Board would become an executive agency of the government with broad powers similar to those of the old War Industries Board. In this event the board would report directly to the President as a War Resources Adminis-

It was announced that one of the first activities of the new committee would to be consult with the chairman of the old War Industries Board, Mr. Bernard Baruch, and other "elder statesmen" of the World War period to the end that the advice and counsel of those distinguished patriots would be utilized to the maximum.

The two Secretaries expressed themselves as deeply appreciative of the sacrifice of time and effort entailed on the part of the gentlemen who have accepted membership to the War Resources Board and indicated that they will be called upon to perform a service of the highest importance to the

The willingness with which this responsibility has been accepted pays high tribute to the quality of the men comprising the new board.

# Net Value of All Goods and Services Produced Is Regarded as "National Income" by Department of Commerce—R. R. Nathan Discusses Methods of Computing Income Statistics

The Department of Commerce defines "national income," or what is sometimes called "income produced," as "the net value of all goods and services produced," Robert R. Nathan, Chief of the National Income Section of the Department, said in an address before the Special Libraries Association at Baltimore on May 26, and reprinted in the July August edition of "Special Libraries." Reprints of the article may be obtained at the headquarters of the Association in New York City at 15 cents each. Mr. Nathan pointed out the many problems which may arise in estimating income, including that of price changes, "since the national income and other income measures are largely expressed in terms of current dollars." He expanded his definition of national income to encompass "the gross value of product less raw materials and capital equipment consumed in the process of production." said in an address before the Special Libraries Association at production."

Mr. Nathan said in part:

The Department of Commerce publishes annual estimates of "income paid out," which is defined as compensation paid to individuals or groups of individuals for services which they render in the form of labor, management, or the furnishing of capital and land. This compensation takes the form of wages, salaries, other labor income, dividends, interest, entrepreneurial income, and net rents and royalties. In some years business enterprises may pay out less than what they produce, thus retaining part of their net product in the form of undistributed earnings, or what we call of their net product in the form of undistributed earnings, or what we call "positive business savings." In other years, mostly years of depression, business enterprises pay out more than they produce and sustain deficits or what we term "negative business savings."

We have recently developed another measure which we term "income and which attempts to approximate more closely than does payments" income paid out the amount actually flowing to individuals. Income payments are given for each month back to January 1929, in a special article in the October 1938 issue of the "Survey of Current Business," and are published currently in the "Survey." Figures on income payments have very recently been released on an annual basis for each of the 48 States

and the District of Columbia for the years 1929 to 1937, inclusive. Direct relief, which is excluded from income paid out, is included in income payments. In income paid out, both employer and employee contributions under the Social Security programs are included, whereas both of these contributions are excluded in income payments and in their place benefits paid to individuals are substituted. Other less significant refinements have also been made in this series so that income payments more closely approximate the amounts currently flowing to individuals.

approximate the amounts currently flowing to individuals. . . . I might briefly review some of the more prominent publications in which the above type of data appear. Our own national income estimates of the Department of Commerce are now available for the 10 years, 1929 to 1938, inclusive, the latest figures appearing in the June 1939 issue of the "Survey of Current Business." Our latest bulletin, "Income in the United States, 1929-37," presents the nine-year figures in some detail. A similar bulletin giving the 10-year figures in the same detail will appear in the late summer. The most comprehensive publication of the Department dealing with The most comprehensive publication of the Department dealing with concept, scope and sources and methods was the volume, "National Income in the United States 1929-35," copies of which are still available from the Government Printing Office and which is still in demand as a reference volume for technical purposes. For an excellent article on income concepts, I ume for technical purposes. For an excellent article on income concepts, I should like to refer you to Dr. Simon Kuznet's article on income in the Encyclopaedia of Social Sciences.

For statistics on the final product of the national income you will be interested in referring to a publication of the National Bureau of Economic Research entitled, "Commodity Flow and Capital Formation," by Simon Kuznets, and perhaps more particularly in a paper prepared by Clark War-burton which will appear in Volume III of the Conference on Research in Income and Wealth, referred to above. In this paper Dr. Warburton compares his estimates with those of Dr. Kuznets and Dr. Lough and dis-

cusses the differences.

I should like to conclude my discussion by commenting very briefly on some of the recent developments taking place in the field of income. Perhaps the most important development relates to the Conference on Research in Income and Wealth which was initiated about three years ago by the National Bureau of Economic Research and today has grown into an effective working and productive organization representing all of the outstanding research institutions and individuals in the country interested in the work in this field. Dr. Simon Kuznets of the National Bureau of Economic Research is Chairman of the Executive Committee of this Conference and to him we should attribute much of the success of the organization. Two volumes have already been published incorporating the papers presented at the second and third annual meetings. The papers presented at the fourth annual meeting held in April of this year at New York City will appear in another volume this fall. By the way, those of you interested in State breakdowns of income might wish to obtain a copy of the paper I presented at that meeting dealing with the theoretical aspects of allocating income by States and I shall be happy to send you a copy of this paper upon request.

### Secretary of Agriculture Wallace Explains Status of CCC Funds—In Letters to Senators Emphasizes Importance of Corporation to Farm Program

While the item of \$119,599,918 in the Third Deficiency bill (to restore the capital of the Commodity Credit Corporation) was finally embodied in the measure as it passed Congress just before adjournment on Aug. 5, the Department of Agriculture on Aug. 3 made public a letter from Secretary of Agriculture Wallace to Senator La Follette in which he had the following to say regarding the Corporation's financial position.

The appropriation of \$119,000,000 requested to restore the capital of the Commodity Credit Corporation is vitally necessary to the success of the farm program. At present, only \$9,000,000 is available for new loans on agricultural commodities. This appropriation is neither for the purpose of embarking upon any new undertaking nor for financing any transactions other than those already authorized and directed by the Congress. Moreover, these funds would not be expended but would be used for making loans with farm commodities as collateral. In other words, the appropriation is merely to restore the capital of the Corporation in order that it may continue to carry out the program specifically assigned to it by existing legislation.

In part, the Secretary's letter to Senator La Follette was given in the item in our Aug. 5 issue, page 812.

Further action on this bill restoring the CCC fund is

reported elsewhere in today's issue.

The Agriculture Department on Aug. 4 also made public a letter sent to Senator Bankhead by Secretary Wallace regarding the status of available funds of the CCC. This letter follows, in part:

Apparently there is some misunderstanding about the funds now available to the Commodity Credit Corporation. I am informed that statements have been made that the Corporation has funds which would enable it to continue the commodity loans it is now making and also to take care of new loans in 1939. These statements are not true.

The Commodity Credit Corporation has an available fund at present totaling \$131,000,000. The Corporation, however, already is making loans on the 1939 wheat crop and it is estimated that \$100,000,000 of the \$131,-000,000 will be required to continue wheat loans. In addition, the cost

000,000 will be required to continue wheat loans. In addition, the cost of the corn resealing program is estimated at \$20,000,000 and in this connection it might be said the Corporation already has asked for bids for bins to use in storing corn. Legislation has been enacted to make possible the exchange of cotton for rubber with England and the expense of delivering this cotton to England is estimated at \$2,000,000. So for all practical purposes only \$9,000,000 is available for new loans. following table sums up this situation:

\$9,000,000

alance available..... It is clearly apparent that no money is now available for the corn loan program for 1939 or for any new loans which would require any substantial sums. Of course, it might be possible to take a part of the \$100,000,000 which has been tentatively committed for wheat and hold it in reserve for new loans. But this probably would mean discontinuance of the wheat loan in a very short time and would not provide sufficient funds to make the other loans which will be needed. As a practical proposition, we are faced with the alternative of impairing loan programs already begun, or of dismissing any thought of loans on corn, wool, and mohair, and a number of other commodities including cotton, dairy products, prunes, peanuts and raisins. Furthermore, I feel that \$119,000,000 is the minimum necessary to enable the Commodity Credit Corporation to meet its loan requirements for the remainder of 1939.

I am informed also that statements have been made that the Commodity Credit Corporation could continue lending even if Congress should refuse to appropriate the \$119,000,000. Some persons seem to think that because the Corporation is directed to make loans on commodities under certain circumstances it can continue these loans even if Congress refuses to restore the Corporation's capital. A moment's reflection, I believe, will show the fallacy of this thinking.

As of March 31, 1939, from a technical standpoint, the liabilities of

the Commodity Credit Corporation exceeded its capital assets and colthe Commodity Credit Corporation exceeded its capital assets and collateral by \$119,000,000. It is true that the Corporation, if the banks would accept its paper, might continue to lend on commodities but Congress holds the purse strings of the Commodity Credit Corporation as it does the purse strings of all other Government agencies. Eventually money would have to be provided to protect these loans or to pay losses which might be incurred in connection with them. Therefore, if Congress refuses to appropriate money to replenish the Corporation's capital stock, it is a question whether many bankers would continue to have full confidence in the obligations of the Corporation.

Last year the Commodity Credit Corporation made an emergency arreserved with the Reconstruction Finance Corporation so that it could

rangement with the Reconstruction Finance Corporation so that it could, in the case of need, make loans beyond its capital and authorized borrowing power. This arrangement, even though the funds were never used, was severely criticized by members of Congress. If the Congress refuses to provide additional funds for the Commodity Credit Corporation, it is doubtful whether the RFC or any other Government agency would feel justified in advancing money for loans in the face of the express refusal

of Congress to provide funds necessary for these loans.

Let me say again that I feel that this matter is of the most vital concern to agriculture and the Nation's economy in general. The impairment of the commodities loan program would cripple the entire farm program and would lead to consequences which might be disastrous beyond the conception of those motivated by partisan political considerations.

Sincerely yours, H. A. WALLACE, Secretary

SEC Grants Over-the-Counter Organization Registration as a National Securities Association—Chairman Jerome N. Frank Commends Move—Finds Many Rules Designed to Protect Investors but Cites Need for Rules Concerning Solvency of Members

The Securities and Exchange Commission on Aug. 7 granted the application of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., for registration under the Maloney amendment to the Securities Act as a National Securities Association. At the same time the SEC made public a letter from Jerome N. Frank, Commission Chairman, to Wallace H. Fulton, Director of the Association, in which Mr. Frank said that "this event marks the beginning of a significant attempt by an important segment of a business affected with a marked public interest in regulating its own affairs in cooperation with the Government." letter from Mr. Frank follows:

Aug. 7, 1939.

Mr. Wallace H. Fulton,

Director National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., 1010 Vermont Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Fulton:

As you know, the Commission has granted the application of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., for registration as a national securities association under the Maloney Act. This event marks the beginning of a significant attempt by an important segment of a business affected with a marked public interest in regulating its own affairs in cooperation with the Government.

I think that I should also point out that this marks the culmination

of four years of work by representatives of the securities business and of the Commission. This work was undertaken in a cooperative spirit and although, at times, there have been wide differences of opinion, and although there are even now slight differences of opinion, in the main the result is indicative of a desire on the part of a large and important part of the business and a group of sincere, representative leaders, to tackle with the Commission the very difficult job of regulating the vast and

unorganized over-the-counter securities markets.

Although the plan and program, as embodied in the present organization, are not perfect, the Commission looks forward to cooperating with the new association in the same spirit which has characterized its past relationship with the predecessor organizations.

Recognition for this accomplishment is due to the men in the business who have given much of their time and thought to this endeavor. I trust that their efforts will continue to the end that the new association will develop into a sound and vigorous organization. As such it should benefit both the investor and the honest dealer. It should be an aid in safeguarding our securities markets against those tendencies which destroy the investor confidence so vital to our economy. the investor confidence so vital to our economy.

With best wishes, I am

Sincerely yours,

JEROME N. FRANK, Chairman.

We also quote from the text of the SEC decision, although it is proper to state that many footnotes forming part of the decision are here omitted:

The National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., on July 20, 1939, filed an application, pursuant to Rule X-15AA-1 and the provision of Form X-15AA-1, for registration as a national securities association under Section 15A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. After due notice a public hearing was held before the full Commission on Aug. 1, 1939, on said application. No one appeared except representatives of the applicant and counsel to the Commission. Subsection (e) of Section 15A requires the Commission to grant registration by order provided that the requirements of subsection (b) are satisfied. Hence it is our duty to examine the registration statement in the light of the provisions of said subsection (b).

Subsection (b) (1) deals with the size of the association. Since the applicant has about 1,500 members, which include almost all of the

major investment bankers and over-the-counter brokers and dealers, dismajor investment and over the country blocks and death, dis-tributed over 44 of the States of the Union, it appears to us that the association, as far as its size and the importance of the transactions of its members are concerned, will be able to comply with the relevant pro-visions of the Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

Subsection (b) (2) concerns itself with the internal organization and character of the association, and raises the question as to whether it is "so organized . . . as to be able to . . . carry out the purposes of this section." The broad purpose of Section 15A is cooperative regulation of the over-the-counter business in the public interest and for the protection of investors. The applicant's by-laws reveal that its affairs are to be managed by a national Board of Governors, 14 District Committees and a number of Business Conduct Committees, all consisting of members serving as unpaid volunteers; furthermore, the Board of Governors may appoint a compensated chief executive officer with assistants and each District Committee may, subject to the approval of the Board of Governors, District Committee may, subject to the approval of the Board of Governors, appoint a district secretary and other employees, who are likewise to be compensated. It therefore is left to the discretion of the Board of Governors whether the affairs of the association are to be managed largely by a professional staff or by members serving without compensation. Should the Board of Governors elect the latter course it would appear doubtful whether effective enforcement of the association's Rules of Fair Practice could be secured. It is the opinion of the Commission that such a suppression of the commission of the commission that such propagate will in all probability, require a staff of paid employees to refactive could be sected. It is the opinion of the commission that such such enforcement will, in all probability, require a staff of paid employees to be expanded to a nation-wide scale in due course of time, headed up by a chief executive endowed with sufficient powers to render him effective. The Commission, however, in view of the facts (1) that it is not clearly demonstrable that unpaid volunteer committees will be unable to carry out the purposes of the Section; and (2) that the mentioned permissive provisions of the by-laws may well be availed of by the Board of Gover-nors, finds that there is minimum compliance with the provisions of the paragraph under discussion. The Commission feels that it is not jeopardizing the public interest by thus giving the applicant the benefit of the doubt since, under subsection (1) (1), the Commission is empowered, after notice and hearing, to suspend or revoke the registration of a registered securities association if, inter alia, such association has failed to

enforce compliance with its own rules.

Subsection (b) (3) deals with the membership rules of the association and permits membership to be limited on certain bases. The applicant's rules limit membership geographically to the 48 States of the Union; such limitation appears to the Commission appropriate in the public interest since the applicant might well have difficulty in exercising control over membera located in far distant territories or insular possessions. Furthermore, the applicant's rules, when read together with the definition of the term "investment banking or securities business," limit membership to those who carry on the various phases of this business as brokers or dealers; these two terms, again by definition, exclude banks; therefore, banks are not eligible for membership in the applicant association. This

limitation presents no basis for denial of registration.

Subsection (b) (4) requires that the applicant's rules provide that, except with the approval of the Commission, no broker or dealer may be admitted to membership if laboring under certain specified disabilities.

Since the applicant's by-laws incorporate this subsection almost verbatim, the provisions of this paragraph have been satisfied.

Subsection (b) (5) requires that the rules of the association assure each member a fair representation in the various phases of the administration of its affairs. The applicant's rules provide that each member shall have one vote in the election of the Governor (or Governors) from the member's district, and in the election of members to the local District Committee; and that amendments to the by-laws and Rules of Fair Practice must be submitted to the whole membership for a vote and will become effective 30 days after such submission only if at least a majority has voted and a majority of those voting has signified its approval. The provision of this paragraph, therefore, appear to have been satisfied.

Subsection (b) (6) requires that under the association's rules dues be equitably allocated to defray reasonable expenses of administration. Under the Schedule of Dues attached to the by-laws it seems to the Commission entirely arguable that firms with a large personnel will pay a disproportionately small share of the expenses of the association. Even though such schedule may not appear to the Commission to be ideal, the Commission is not of the opinion that it can be said to be sufficiently inequitable to fail to meet the statutory requirement. The Commission recognizes the difficulty of foretelling in advance the precise incidence of the proposed method of apportioning of dues and is mindful of the fact that the by-laws are sufficiently flexible to permit an alteration in the Schedule of Dues should such misgivings as the Commission entertains prove justified. It, therefore, concludes that there is minimum compliance with the provisions of this paragraph. The Commission's communication to the trade expressed the opinion that the relatively small amount which could be collected under the Schedule of Dues as presently adopted would not be collected under the Schedule of Dues as presently adopted would not be sufficient to enable the association to perform the task of cooperative regulation, which naturally includes adequate self-policing, except to a limited extent. Accordingly, there may well be need for a larger measure of surveillance by the Commission of the members of the association than would have been necessary if the Schedule of Dues had called for substantially larger payments from members falling into the higher classes.

Subsection (b) (7) contains both positive and negative requirements which may be considered separately.

On the positive side it stipulates that the rules of the association must be designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to provide safeguards against unreasonable profits and charges, and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest and a free and open market. Almost all of the association's Rules of Fair Practice are directed toward eliminating abuses which might well lead to the defrauding of investors; and Rule No. 18 specifically forbids the effecting of transactions in, or the inducement of a purchase or sale of, any security by means of any manipulative, deceptive or other fraudulent device or contrivance. Similarly, almost all Similarly, almost all of the association's rules are designed to promote just and equitable principles of trade. Rules No. 3 and No. 4 are directed against unreasonable profits and other charges. Many of the rules are designed to protect investors and the public interest, some quite specifically, such as Rule No. 19, which prohibits making improper use of a customer's funds or securities and regulates the lending or pledging of a customer's securities; Rule No. 20, which deals with sales on the instalment plan, and Rule No. 22, which requires a member to submit a balance sheet upon request to a bona fide regular customer with respect to whom a debtor-creditor or bailment relationship exists. There are, however, no rules whatsoever concerning the solvency of members or requiring any regular or periodic inspections on the part of the association of a member's books or the submission, on the part of a member, of his financial statement to the

association or to an independent firm of auditors acting for the association. The Commission regrets that the association has not seen fit, initially, to adopt any such rules for the protection of investors. The Commission feels that it must emphasize the lack of such rules, lest the public be misled into thinking that membership in the applicant association in any way connotes solvency; as far as the rules of the association are concerned an insolvent broker or dealer might join and continue in membership without ascertainment of his condition by the association through an investigation of his books, unless one of its, Business Conduct Committees should conduct a special investigation. The Commission hopes that the applicant will undertake, within the not too distant future, the task of assuring itself of its members' solvency. Of course it must be borne in mind that the Commission may find it necessary to promulgatge its own rules as to the financial condition of all registered brokers and dealers, whether or not members of the association. association.

On the negative side, it is required that we find that the rules of the association are not designed to permit unfair discrimination between customers and members, to fix minimum profits, to impose any schedule of prices or of fixed minimum rates of commissions, discount, allowances or other charges. The Commission finds that the rules observe these prohibitions. Rule No. 25, which denies trade preferences to non-member brokers and dealers, is patterned upon subsection (i), which expressly authorizes such discrimination, and Rules No. 23 and No. 24, which, respectively, prohibit and regulate the giving of concessions, discounts or other allowances under certain circumstances do not appear to violate any of the prohibitions listed in this paragraph.

The provisions of this paragraph, therefore, appear to have been satisfied.

Subsection (b) (8) requires that the rules provide for the appropriate disciplining of members. Section 3 of Article VII of the by-laws embodies this section of the statute.

Similarly, the procedural requirements laid down in subsection (b) (9) are embodied in the by-laws, Article I, Sections 4 (c, d), Article VII,

Finally, Article II of the by-laws, which deals with the admission of affiliated associations, is found to satisfy the requirements of subsection (c) which is incorporated by reference in subsection (b) (10).

The application for registration is therefore granted and an order will be issued in conformity with this opinion. The Commission feels that it should add, by way of caution, that members of the applicant association will, of course, continue to be subject to the laws administered by the Commission. Their agreement, however, to observe the by-laws and Rules of Fair Practice of the applicant should tend to facilitate their observance such laws and of the rules and regulations now in force or hereafter to be promulgated thereunder.

# SEC Issues Opinion on Exemption from Registration of Certain Refunding Securities

On Aug. 8 the Securities and Exchange Commission made public an opinion of its General Counsel, Chester T. Lane, on the question of whether the Securities Act of 1933 provides an exemption from registration for certain types of refunding issues. Regarding the opinion the Commission's anouncement said:

Refunding offers often take the form of an exchange whereby new securities are offered to the existing security holders in exchange for the securities held. The unsubscribed portion of the new securities will then be sold for cash. While an exchange offer made to existing security holders exclusively may normally be exempt from registration under Section 3 (a) (9) of the Act, registration of many of these refunding offers is made necessary because of the public cash sale of the unsuboffers is made necessary because of the public cash sale of the unsusbscribed portion of the issue.

The case considered in Mr. Lane's opinion is that of a refunding offer of this character in which the unsubscribed portion of the issue is offered privately. The question raised is whether, since one part of the issue is offered in exchange to existing security holders and the second part is offered privately, the issue as a whole is exempt from registration. In his opinion, Mr. Lane states that in the usual situation the sale

of one portion of the issue for cash, even though privately, will defeat the exemption for the entire issue, but that if the new refunding security is divided into two different blocks, one of which is offered in exchange to the existing security holders and the other is sold privately for cash, and if the differentiation between the two blocks is sufficiently great to justify regarding them as different classes of equivities on exemption justify regarding them as different classes of securities, an exemption

for both blocks may be available.

The opinion makes it clear that superficial differences between the two blocks of securities will not make them separate classes, but that if there are substantial differences between the two blocks, they may be considered separately for the purposes of exemption even though they are issued as integral parts of a single financing program.

# Excessive Cost of Distribution Decried by Twentieth Century Fund—Survey Adds, However, Fault Does Not Lie with Unusually High Profits

The costs of distribution of commodities in the United States are too expensive, but not because of generally high profits, the Twentieth Century Fund Committee on Distribution said July 31 in a summary of a research report by Paul W. Stewart and J. Frederic Dewhurst. A special research staff aided the investigation, made over a period of three years. The report said that while the process of distribution costs too much, it is "impossible to say how much too much it costs." The survey revealed that most of the receipts of distributive agencies is represented by payments of wages and salaries. We quote in part, from payments of wages and salaries. We quote, in part, from the committee's summary of its report:

"The research findings," the committee asserts, "show many features of the distribution process which reveal opportunities for savings:

"(a) Duplication of sales efforts, multiplicity of sales outlets, excessive services, ultitudes of brands, and unnecessary advertising, all caused by competitive con-

ditions,
"(b) Unrea sonable demands and misinformed buying on the part of consum "(c) Lack of a proper knowledge of costs among distributors themselves zeal for volume, poor management and planning, and unwise price policies.

"Second," continues the committee, "the research findings show how newer distribution agencies, through economies of standardized and largescale operation, have proved the inefficiency of those which they have displaced; and how other distributors have improved methods and lowered costs through a better understanding of their problems."

While recognizing that the process of distribution as a whole costs too

much, the committee declared that it was impossible to say "how much too much it costs." "In other words, we can say with confidence that there is waste in distribution, but we cannot reduce it to a percentage figure—as a whole, or in any of its parts. Nor can we say that distribution is more or less wasteful than production."

In further commenting upon the conclusions which it has deduced from the research report, the committee states:

There is little evidence that general high profits are being made in the field of distribution considered as a whole. Some firms, it is true, and some of the newer branches of distribution have been conspicuously profitable. But for every outstandingly successful and profitable organization there are many that barely break even and some which operate at a loss, even in good years. In relatively prosperous 1936, for example, half of all the trading or distributing corporations in the United States showed a loss on the year's operations. Taking into account both the unprofitable and profitable, the net profits of the entire group of corporations engaged in trade amounted to little more than 2% on their sales. For every one of the 149,805 trading corporations reporting to the Treasury, the census shows there are perhaps 10 individuals and partnerships in the field of distribution. These are smaller on the average, and probably less successful than the corporations.

#### From the Committee's summary we also quote:

It must be remembered that distributors have little or no control over many of the ultimate real costs of distribution. Taxes paid by distributors—as well as by the general public—go to support government activities, such as those of the Federal Trade Commission, the Department of Commerce and various State and local agencies, which are concerned with the promotion or regulation of distributive agencies and operations. Consumers themselves bear part of the costs of distribu-tion involved in the time and energy they spend in shopping for goods. So far as distributors are concerned, however, it is clear that if dis-

So far as distributors are concerned, however, it is clear that if distribution costs are to be reduced, the largest economies will have to come from savings in expense, which means chiefly payments for services rendered to their customers directly or indirectly by persons employed by distributive agencies. Obviously reduction of distribution costs by drastic cutting of wages and salaries is not administratively possible, socially desirable, nor politically practicable. Hence if the cost of distribution is to be reduced economies must be gained either by eliminating functions and services now offered by distributors or by performing these functions more economically and efficiently. these functions more economically and efficiently.

A program of specific recommendations for increasing the efficiency of distribution are being formulated by the Committee, according to Evans Clark, Executive Director of the Fund. About four weeks hence, these recommendations, together with the complete research report, will be made public.

Besides the Chairman of the Distribution Committee, Willard T. Thorp, who is Director of Research for Dun and Bradstreet and was formerly Director of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, the following compose the Committee:

Stuart Chase, author, and former President of Consumer's Research.
Alvin Dodd, President, American Management Association.
John P. Frey, President, Metal Trades Department, American Federation of Labor.

Carl L. Hamilton, of Booz, Fry, Allen & Hamilton.
Helen Hall, head of the Henry Street Settlement.
Hector Lazo, Executive Vice-President, Cooperative Food Distributors.
Paul H. Nyestrom, President, Limited Price Variety Chain Stores
Association and Prof. of Marketing, Columbia University.
Robert G. Stewart, formerly Director, Standard Oil Company of New

# Taxes in United States Since 1933 Increased 6½ Times Compared to a 41-3 Rise in United Kingdom, According to National Association of Manufac-

Taxes in the last generation in the United Kingdom rose 430%, while during the same period, those in the United States climbed 640%, or 210% more, according to an analysis made public Aug. 7 by the National Association of Manufacturers. This represents a rate of tax growth in the United States one and one-half times as great as in the United Kingdom, said . the Association, which further stated:

Taking 1913 as the basic year for both nations and with taxes then equal to 100, it was found that by 1924 both countries had increased their tax load in almost exactly the same ratio above the 1913 level. their tax load in almost exactly the same ratio above the 1913 level. For the United States, the analysis included all taxes imposed by the Federal, State and local Governments. For the United Kingdom, the taxes compiled were those levied by the National Government and by localities in England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.

By 1929, the rate of the growth of the tax burden in this country had gone considerably ahead of that of the other nation. And 26 years after the pre-war year of 1913, taxes in this country had climbed almost 6½ times compared to a 4 1/3 rise in the United Kingdom.

#### The Association likewise said:

In recent years, the British budget has been faced with a tremendous expansion of armament expenditures, which has been met in large degree by increased income and estate levies and by imposts on various com-modities. English expenditures for defense service have increased sixfold during the past seven years. Recovery and relief expenditures in this country have been largely responsible for heavy government bor-rowing and growing demands upon the American taxpayer.

It is important to point out in any fair comparison of the tax burden of the two countries that while the Uinted Kingdom has operated on a substantially balanced budget with government revenues practically to government outlay, this Nation has operated on a completely different The national debt of England will rise slightly more than \$4,680,policy. The national debt of Engiand will rise slightly more than \$4,680,-000,000 (at current rates of exchange) in the decade ending in the calendar

year 1939, while our Federal debt will rise some \$27,000,000,000 during the same period.

## Survey Under Auspices of National Association of Manufacturers Finds Public Sentiment Increasing Against Compulsory Unionization—61% Vote "No" as Against 57% in 1937

An increase in public sentiment "against the arbitrary forcing of workers to join unions" was found by the National Association of Manufacturers as the result of a survey made public July 31. The Association's report said that the survey did not "represent public opposition to unions or the right of workers to organize, but does show public emphasis on voluntary membership rather than the tactics used to make membership compulsory." The organization conducting the study on a nation-wide basis asked the following question: "Should every worker be forced to join a union?" In analyzing the results the Association said on July 31:

These were the results as compared with the responses to the same question two years ago:

1	1937	1939	1937	1939
No	7%	61%	Sometimes 9%	11%
	207	200%	Don't know 11%	80%

"Interesting is the fact that a break-down of the replies reveals that Association commented. "It has been in the factory workers' opinion," the Association commented. "It has been in the factory that the greatest high-pressure efforts at unionization have been made."

Here is the way the factory workers answered the question of whether every worker should be forced to join the union:

1937	1939		1937	1939
No40.7%	50.7%	Sometimes	9.3%	14.2%
Yes42.9%	28.4%	Don't know	7.1%	6.7%

The following are the results of the answer to the question "Who has done most for the United States in the last 10 years?": 
 Manufacturers
 24%
 Bankers
 10%
 Social reformers
 6%

 Industrialists
 14%
 Labor leaders
 9%
 Don't know
 32%

 Merchants
 11%
 Political men
 7%
 Don't know
 32%

(Total aggregates over 100% because some persons cited more than

Commenting on these results the Association said:

"It is significant that the custodians of the private enterprise system, the manu facturers, industrialists, the merchants and the bankers gathered 59% of the entire vote, six times as many votes as the labor leader, over eight times as many as political men, and ten times as many as social reformers. Compared to a similar question in 1937, manufacturers have stayed in first piace and have increased their lead slightly, political men have dropped from second to sixth, and bankers have come from last to fourth place."

The following represents the changes in public opinion on this question today as compared with 1937: The favorable public attitude toward bankers increased 5.3% as compared with 1937; the attitude toward merchants and manufacturers increased 2% for each; for industrialists, 0.7%, while social reformers, labor leaders and politicians lost a total of 13.2% in the public's favor.

## Strike in Packard Motor Car Company Averted National Labor Relations Board to Hold Elections

The United Automobile Workers (A. F. of L.) officials announced August 7, that the union had consented to the National Labor Relations Board holding elections in Packard Motor Car Company, and other car manufacturing plants. Its purpose is to determine which faction of the U. A. W. union (CIO) or the (A. F. of L.) would represent the workers as bargaining agent.

Dispatches to the Associated Press from Detroit August 7, said:

announcement apparently averted the likelihood of a CIO-UAW strike in the Packard plant, authorized yesterday by a vote of the Packard

Frank H. Bowen, NLRB regional director, said that the Packard vote

would be held on August 17. The Motor Products poll is scheduled for Aug. 15. Elections in the Briggs and Chrysler plants will be later Fred Durrance, regional director of the A. F. of L. faction, in making his announcement said that the move was in line with a recently adopted policy of the union. Previously there were indications that the A. F. of L. would contest the NLRB orders.

"We will not try to block the elections in Chrysler, Briggs and Motor Products either," Durrance said in announcing that he had signed the stipulation consenting to the Packard election, "because we have cleared

up an important point with the labor board.

"It is understood that the election will not affect the Circuit Court case now pending in Detroit regarding custody of the contracts, property and name of the UAW. The board vote will not have any effect on the contracts."

Curt Murdock, president of the Packard ClO local, in announcing that

a strike had been approved, said:

"We took the strike vote not because we want to strike, but to make sure that we don't get another double-cross on the election. There won't be a strike unless the A. F. of L. connives us out of the election or unless the Packard management refuses to consider our grievances.

Murdock referred to an election to determine whether the workers should represented by the UAW-CIO or the UAW-A F of L. He said the

be represented by the UAW-CIO or the UAW-A F of L. He said the NLRB has set the election tentatively for Aug. 17.

C. E. Weiss, Packard industrial relations director, said the company had received no grievances from the UAW-CIO. He added that the management would meet representatives of either union, but could grant neither exclusive rights until their claims were settled by the election. Murdock said about 9,000 employees were engaged in producing 1940 model care.

Chrysler, Hudson and Nash likewise are turning out new models and other producers are nearly ready for the change over. Ford is the only manufacturer still building 1939 cars.

General Motors called back the first of 7,500 skilled workers whose strike was settled last week and the remaider are to report tomorrow, permitting completion of tools and dies for manufacturing 1940 cars

When that work is completed 150,000 General Motors production workers They have been idle partly because of the strike and partly because of the normal slack season caused by the change over to new

A previous reference to the General Motor's strike appeared in our issue of August 5, page 817.

# President Roosevelt Says Congressional Majority "Gambled" in Defeating Neutrality, Lending and Housing Legislation—Declares They Risked World Peace and National Well-Being—Opponents Contend Congress Expressed Will of People

Congressional opponents of the Administration during the last session have played the parts of gamblers, willing to wager with the world peace and the economic well being of the United States, President Roosevelt said on Aug. 8 in a press conference at Hyde Park, N. Y. He declared that a solid Republican minority and about 25% of the Democrats in the House and Senate were wagering against the safety of a billion and a half human beings and the financial security of millions of Americans. The President referred specifically to the defeat of revised neutrality legislation and the Administration's lending and housing program. Mrs. Roosevelt attended the press conference and interjected, it is said, an occasional comment.

In reporting the President's remarks, United Press advices of Aug. 8 from Hyde Park said in part:

Scated in the library of his home, Mr. Roosevelt calmly but critically reviewed at a press conference Congressional refusal to act on his neutrality ogram, his \$3,060,000,000 lending program and his \$800,000,000 housing

He said in rejecting his proposals Congress simply was gambling. the conservative Democrat-Repblican coalition made two bets with the nation—on neutrality and the prospects of business being able to absorb the age earners who lose their jobs next spring on relief and Public Works Administration projects.

Enactment of his lending program, the President said, would have provided an even graded descent from the present situation in which about 3,000,000 persons have held relief jobs and approximately about 2,000,000 have found work on PWA projects. Those 5,000,000 persons, he said, when considered in terms of families, actually represent some 20,000,000

Mr. Roosevelt said the theory of the coalition which wrecked his lending program has been that business would take up the slack next spring when PWA projects virtually halt, and some 1,000,000 wage earners are dropped from relief.

He said he had hoped to provide a graded adjustment period by his lending program but instead opponents of his plan have created a precipice. It always is hard to get down a precipice without danger to life and limb, Mr. Roosevelt said, and the descent usually entails a general slowing up.

The theory of the lending bill was to provide a graduated descent from the level of high unemployment to let business pick up the slack as the country came down a nice, easy grade, he said. But the Congressional opponents of his plan chose, instead, to vote in favor of the precipice method,

Rejection of his plan to eliminate mandatory arms embargoes on belliger-ents, Mr. Roosevelt said, was the same kind of Congressional gambling. The Republican bloc and the minority of Democrats made a bet with the country that the President was wrong about the need for the legislation and have tied his hands so he has virutally no power to make an American

Mr. Roosevelt said he hopes that his opponents in Congress win both bets—that business is able to take up the slack next spring and that a grave international crisis does not develop before Congress reconvenes. But, he said, in the event Congress loses the wagers, the Republicans and the minority of Democrats must assume full responsibility for gambling on a war which, if it comes, may affect about a billion and a half human beings. The nation, he said, must and will hold this Congressional group sciely responsible. He said he hopes they win, but they are taking a terrific

The conference was called a few hours after the President reached here from Washington.

Mrs. Roosevelt stood at his side, as he critically reviewed the actions of

the Seventy-sixth Congress His first criticism was on its failure to act on neutrality. . .

Then he discussed the effects of the session on business, and drew the analogy of the precipice—an analogy which was suggested to him by Mrs. Roosevelt. This idea, he said, covers the entire situation, both rejection of the housing measure and the lending bill. Failure of Congress to act, he said, will affect even the jobs of the newspaper men who attended his press conference, because it will be felt by newspapers in advertising re

in circulation and in other avenues.

Mr. Roosevelt said the situation presents a distinct challenge to business, because at the present time there are very few overstocked shelves. Only wheat, cotton and dairy products show surpluses, he said, and private enterprise now has been challenged by Congress to plunge ahead without Government cushioning and take up the slack which will be created next spring when PWA projects halt and 1,000,000 persons have been dropped

from relief rolls. Meanwhile the President, awaiting arrival of the final mass of bills enacted in the Congressional adjournment rush, played host to Sidney Hillman of the Congress of Industrial Organizations

Opponents of the Administration replied to the President's remarks on Aug. 9, as noted in the following Associated Press Washington dispatch of that date:

"The President really ought to look over the roll calls," said Senator tams. Democrat. of Colorado, an economy advocate. "There was no Adams, Democrat, of Colorado, an economy advocate. "There wa coalition. Individual members merely voted their own convictions."

Senator Adams declared that the groups which opposed Senate considera-tion of the neutrality bill and which shelved the lending bill in the House

Representative Michener, Republican, of Michigan, said he thought independent Democrats in Congress had joined with independent Republicans to do an outstanding piece of work in blocking the lending program.

"The coalition, or whatever the President wants to call it, has stopped the American people just before they went over the financial precipices Michener said. "Congress is merely carrying out the will of the people. Nobody is going to starve and Mr. Roosevelt needn't worry—Congress will be on the job again in January and there are ample WPA funds to carry on until that time.

mewhat similar sentiments were express ed by Senator King, Democrat. of Utah, who opposed the lending bill. He said:

"I don't see how any one can contend cons stently that when we appropriated nearly \$13,000,000,000 for next year, Congress was not doing every-

thing within its power, provided spending is the answer."
Senator King asserted that while he agreed with the President that repeal of the arms embargo of the neutrality law was desirable, he knew of

no coalition opposing that move.

The administration's neutrality program bogged down in the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, where five Republicans, five Democrats, a Progressive and a Farmer-Laborite voted to defer consideration, with eleven Democrats favoring immediate action.

Senator McCarran, Democrat, of Nevada, one of those opposed to repeal of the arms embargo, expressed a belief that Congress had announced to the world a real sort of neutrality—that it did not propose to "make more millionaires out of munitions manufacturers" by permitting the sale of arms to warring nations

Congress was not gambling on the future," he said, "when it announced that it really meant to have this country remain neutral by keeping aloof from foreign entanglements and by refusing to show favoritism in the foreign conflict by making one belligerent a preferred creditor over another.

## President Roosevelt in Message to Young Democrats Says Democratic Party Will Fail if Conservatives Are Nominated in 1940—Declares Belief in "Liberal Democracy"

Stating that if we nominate in 1940 "conservative candidates, or lip-service candidates, on a straddlebug platform, President Roosevelt in a message this week to the Young Democrats of America added that "I personally, for my own self-respect and because of my long service to and belief in liberal democracy, will find it impossible to have any active part in such an unfortunate suicide of the old Democratic

The message, which featured the convention of the Young Democra's at Pittsburgh on Aug. 10, was read at the meeting by Pitt Tyson Maner, President of the Young Democrats, ing by Pitt Tyson Maner, President of the Young Democrats, to whom it was addressed. President Roosevelt admonished the Young Democrats not to let "the reactionaries and the conservatives get away with fine phrases." He went on to say, "the Democratic Party will fail if it goes conservative next year, or if it is led by people who can offer naught but fine phrases." The President alluded in his remarks to what he had said in speaking at the Jackson Day dinner last January (mentioned in our issue of Jan. 14, page 213), in which he had referred to "the sad state the country would be in if it had to choose between a Democratic tweedledum and a Republican tweedledee," and said:

"I want to amend that simile, so let me put it this way; the Democratic

"I want to amend that simile, so let me put it this way: the Democratic party will not survive as an effective force in the Nation if the voters have to choose between a Republican Tweedle Dum and a Democratic Tweedle

President Roosevelt's message follows in full:

Please convey my greetings to the convention.

Never was there a more timely gathering than that of you Young Demo-crats at Pittsburgh. Recent events have demonstrated the necessity of a restatement and a reaffirmation of democratic principles, and no group can undertake this mission as well as the young men and young women of our

From the beginning, democracy has meant progress, and its battle ever since Jefferson's time has been a steady conflict with the forces of reaction and special favors. Every time the policies involving greater opportunities for the common man have triumphed, our political enemies have sought to minimize those policies and to neutralize the decisions of the people. Today

is no exception to that classical course of events

Uniformly the party of Nicholas Biddle of Jackson's time, of Quay and Hanna of the Cleveland era and of the Theodore Roosevelt period has bowed to the progressive wing to the extent of pretending accord with the object tives of the progressive administrations but has found fault with the methods requisite for putting and keeping these principles at work. have they appealed to such elements in our own party as dreaded the de-parture from ancient habits or were responsive to the powerful agencies that financed and controlled local politics.

Probably the hoariest story of corruption in American elections is the history of those moneyed magnates who contributed vastly to the campaigns

of candidates of both parties with the idea that they could continue control regardless of the way which the political cat jumped.

Just as there are progressives in the Republican ranks, so there are reactionaries in our own party. Political affiliation is often the child of hereditary principles, begotten in the first instance of issues of terrific importance in the beginning, but which have no more significance at present than the inflamed controversy of a century and a half ago as to whether the capital of the United States should be at Washington or somewhere on the

Susquehanna River.

Always has it been the aim of the enemies of liberalism to seek to attach to themselves such members of our party. Sometimes they have succeeded:

sometimes they have failed.

When they have succeeded they have not infrequently been successful in their efforts to supplant a Democratic Administration with a Republican Administration. Such happenings, though they have brought dismay for a period, have not sufficed to stop the general and inevitable movement to make our country a better country for all of us rather than to make it a lush pasture for the seekers and holders of privilege.

Every Democratic Administration has left a progressive mark on our own history and has influenced world progress as well. But when it has been succeeded by a typically Republican Administration progress has slipped backward—sometimes a few feet and often many miles. It has been suit that a market many miles. been said that a great many voters today want us as a nation to stop, look

What they fall to understand is that nations cannot stand still, because by the very act of standing still the rest of the procession, moving forward, inevitably leaves them in the rear. Therefore, their desire to stand still actually means moving backward in relation to the rest of the world.

Republican and Democratic Reactionaries and Conservatives

Republican and Democratic reactionaries want to undo what we have accomplished in these last few years and return to the unrestricted individualism of the previous c.ntury. Republican and Democratic conservatics admit that all of our recent policies are not wrong and that many of them should be retained-but their eyes are on the present; they give no thought for the future and thus, without meaning to, are failing to solve

even current social and economic problems by declining to consider the needs of tomorro

Radicals of all kinds have some use to humanity because they have at least the imagination to think up many kinds of answers to problems even though their answers are wholly impracticable of fulfillment in the immediate future.

Defines Liberals

Liberals on the other hand are those who, unlike the radicals who want to tear up everything by the roots and plant new and untried seeds, desire to use the existing plants of civilization, to select the best of them, to water them and make them grow—not only for the present use of mankind, but also for the use of generations to come. That is why I call myself a liberal, and that is why, even if we go by the modern contraption of polls of public opinion, an overwhelming majority of younger men and women throughout the United States are on the liberal side of things.

In considering the present and future of American politics or policies, you have the right and the duty to say to those who want to stand still—"have you no program other than standing still? We are not satisfied If you tell us glibly that you believe in taking care of old people, that you want the young people to have jobs, that you want everybody to have a job, that you believe in a fairer distribution of wealth—we insist in addition

that you give us specifications of how you would do it if you were in power".

Do not let the reactonaries and the conservatives get away with fine phrases. Pin them down and make them tell you just how they would

The Democratic party will fail if it goes conservative next year, or if it is led by people who can offer naught but fine phrases.

Last Winter, in speaking at the Jackson Day dinner, I referred to the sad state the country would be in if it had to choose between a Democratic tweedle dum and a Republican tweedle dee. I want to amend that simile, so let me put it this way; The Democratic party will not survive as an effective force in the nation if the voters have to choose between a Republican tweedle dum and a Democratic tweedle dummer.

If we nominate conservative candidates, or lip-service candidates, on a straddlebug platform, I personally, for my own self-respect and because of my long service to, and belief in, liberal democracy, will find it impossible to have any active part in such an unfortunate suicide of the old Democratic

I do not anticipate that any such event will take place, for I believe that the convention will see the political wisdom, as well as the national wisdom, of giving to the voters of the United States an opportunity to maintain the practice and the policy of moving forward with a liberal and humanitarian program. A large part of the responsibility for such a choice of fundamental policies lies in the hands and in the heads of the youger men and women of the nation. Be vigilant to keep tories from controling your own ranks—just as viligant as you will be to keep tory Republicans from controlling your own nation.

We who have borne the heat and burden of the day salute you-

who are about to live;

Very sincerely yours,

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

A message from James A. Farley, Democratic National Committee Chairman, also read at the convention, said that "in approaching next year's Presidential election we must bring home to the general public the fact that the only con-Structive leadership of this generation has come from the Democratic Party.

# In Survey of Effect of New York World's Fair on Hotels and Restaurants, State Chamber of Commerce Finds Prices Generally Same as Last Year

A survey of the effect of the World's Fair on hotel and restaurant prices in New York, made public by the New York State Chamber of Commerce Aug. 7, produced evidence, it is announced, to show that the metropolis is not exploiting visitors to the exposition, as has been charged in some sections of the country. The investigation made in some sections of the country. by the Chamber disclosed that:

In 75% of the hotels covered in the survey room rates were the same as last year. In 25% of the hotels slight advances in rates had been made due to higher labor costs and tax increases. The rate increases, as a rule, fell more heavily upon New Yorkers residing "permanently" at the hotels than upon guests from out of town.

Food prices in city restaurants were unchanged from last year except in a small percentage of places where they were lower. The Fair has hurt rather than helped city restaurants.

Prices at restaurants at the Fair compared favorably with similar establishments in New York and other large cities.

The Chamber's survey showed that hotel accommodations are available at prices to suit the most modest budget. Single rooms with bath could be obtained at some hotels for as little as \$2 a day, and double rooms with bath for as low as \$3.50. In order to secure minimum-priced accommodations, however, the Chamber advised that reservations should be made well in advance. Relative to the price situation in New York hotels, the survey said:

The Chamber's survey disclosed that approximately one hotel out of The Chamber's survey disclosed that approximately one hotel out of every four which filled out the questionnaires had made slight increases in room rates. The increases, for single rooms, ranged from 25c. to \$1. This was due, the proprietors said, entirely to advances in operating costs, of which higher wages, social insurance, payroll find other taxes were the chief items. The expectancy of increased patronage during the Fair was not considered in raising the rates, hotel officials said.

The survey had this to say about New York restaurants: The Chamber's survey produced no evidence that the Fair has influenced 

unchanged from last year, and in a small percentage of them were

Regarding prices at World's Fair restaurants, the survey

There are so many restaurants competing for the patronage of visitors to the Fair, in fact, that one might almost imagine people came to the exposition principally to eat and only incidentally to see the exhibits. There are eating places at the Fair to meet every purse, be one's budget small or large. Some visitors from rural communities may find prices

slightly higher than they are accustomed to paying at home, but the Chamber's survey shows that, on the whole, prices at the Fair restaurants, allowing for overhead differentials, do not vary much from those in comparable eating places in New York and other large cities.

Referring to the agitation for a reduction of the admis-

sion price to the Fair, the survey said:

The 75c. admission fee to the Fair has been criticized because other expositions have charged only 50c. The fact is, however, that there never has been another exposition which could even approach the New York World's Fair in size, magnificence, number of outstanding free exhibits, and variety of entertainment. Those who have visited the Fair are unanimous in saying "the best things at the Fair are free."

In conclusion, the survey declared that the financial success of the Fair was of secondary importance to its building up goodwill for New York in other parts of the country.

## Death of Charles Steele, Partner in Banking Firm of J. P. Morgan & Co.—Had Joined Firm in 1900

J. P. Morgan & Co. announced on Aug. 5, with deepest regret, the death of their partner, Charles Steele, at 12:30 p. m. that day. Mr. Steele died at his home in Westbury, L. I.; he was in his 83rd year and had been in declining health for some time. Funeral services were held on Monday, Aug. 7, in St. Thomas' Episcopal Church in New York. Members of the firm attending were Thomas W. Lamont, Junius S. Morgan, George Whitney, R. C. Leffingwell, Francis D. Bartow, Thomas S. Lamont, Henry P. Davison, Edward Hopkinson, Jr. and Charles D. Dickey. Mr. J. P. Morgan is at present abroad.

Mr. Steele had been a partner of J. P. Morgan & Co. since 1900. Previously he had been a distinguished member of the New York bar and a partner of the prominent law firm of Seward, Guthrie & Steele. In the 1890's he was retained by Charles H. Coster, a partner of J. P. Morgan & Co. and an expert in railroad reorganizations, in connection with the important work of the firm in railroad reorganizations. Further facts regarding his life follow:

Upon Mr. Coster's death in 1900, the late J. Pierpont Morgan, father of the present J. P. Morgan, invited Mr. Steele to join the banking firm, in which for the succeeding 35 years he played an important role. In 1934, owing to his advancing years, he gave up his more active participation in the affairs of the firm, although retaining his full interest.

ticipation in the affairs of the firm, although retaining his full interest. At the same time he also relinquished his corporate directorships.

Mr. Steele was born in Baltimore, Md., on May 5, 1857, the son of I. Nevett and Rose L. (Nelson) Steele. He attended the University of Virginia, where he received the degree of Master of Arts in 1878. He then studied law at Columbia University, and received his law degree in 1880, being admitted to the bar in the same year. In the practice of law he rose to a place of eminence in his profession as a partner of Seward, Guthrie & Steele. At various times he served on the boards of directors of many corporations, among which were United States Steel, the Southern Railroad, International Harvester, Cerro de Pasco, and the Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad.

Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad.

Throughout his life Mr. Steele was keenly interested in the University of Virginia, his alma mater, and in the affairs of the Protestant Episcopal Church. He was senior warden both of St. Thomas's Protestant Episcopal Church of New York City, and the Church of the Advent in Westbury,

In 1885 Mr. Steele married Miss Nannie G. French of New York, who died on December 18, 1932. He is survived by three daughters, Mrs. H. Hall Clovis, Mrs. Devereux Milburn, and Mrs. F. Skiddy von Stade.

As to some of Mr. Steele's benefactions we quote the following from the Westbury, L. I. advices to the New York "Herald Tribune":

The lawyer-banker, who served as Treasurer and a Director of the Metropolitan Opera Company and the Metropolitan Real Estate Company, was a generous benefactor of St. Thomas Church Choir School since its inception in 1919. He purchased two buildings at 121-123 West 55th Street for the choir school in 1922 and increased the number of his scholarships in the institution from two to ten, each amounting to \$500 a year. The gift made T. Tertius Noble, organist and choirmaster of the church, exclaim at the time that he was the "happiest man living."

Easter Present of \$300,000 When Mr. Steele gave an Easter present of \$300,000 to endow the choir school in 1925, the Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires, then rector of the church, announced the gift just before he closed his Easter sermon and

"I cannot, in the presence of Mr. Steele (who was in the congregation), more than make the announcement of his generous gift and to mention

what it means to the parish and to your rector that we have in our midst one of such great vision. We thank him and we thank God."

His benefactions were not confined to the Church. In 1906 he contributed \$50,000 to the University of Virginia for the completion of the university hospital. Other gifts on public record included donations of \$10,000 in 1937 and 1938 to the United Hospital Campaign.

## Death of Royal C. Johnson, Representative from South Dakota from 1915 to 1933

Royal C. Johnson, former Republican Representative from South Dakota, died of heart disease on Aug. 2 at his home in Washington. He was 56 years old and a native of Iowa. The following is taken from a Washington dispatch of Aug. 2 to the New York "Times"

Mr Johnson, a Republican, served as the Representative of the Second South Dakota District from 1915 to 1933. He was not a candidate for reelection and on his retirement from Congress opened his own office for the practice of law in Washington.

member of Congress Mr. Johnson voted against the World War resolution, but on Jan. 5, 1918, he enlisted as a private in the regular army and served successively as sergeant, second lieutenant and first lieutenant with the A. E. F. Severely wounded at Montfaucon, he was discharged Dec. 20, 1918, and for distinguished service received the D. S. O. and Purple Heart (United States) and the French Croix de Guerre.

#### Death of Dr. A. J. Pearson, Former United States Minister to Poland and Finland

Dr. Alfred J. Pearson, Dean of the Drake University College of Liberal Arts and former United States Minister to Poland and Finland, died at his home in Des Moines, Iowa, on Aug. 10. He was 70 years old. Dr. Pearson was born in Landskrona, Sweden, and was brought to the United States as an infant. He was appointed Minister to Poland in 1924 by President Coolidge and the following year was transferred to Finland where he held the ministership until 1930. At that time he was made Dean of the College of 1930. At that time he was made Dean of the College of Liberal Arts at Drake University.

## Death of F. W. Mondell, Republican Majority Leader in House from 1920 to 1923—Served as Representative from Wyoming for 26 Years

Frank W. Mondell, member of the House of Representatives from Wyoming for 26 years between 1895 and 1923, died on Aug. 6 at his home in Washington. He was 78 years Mr. Mondell was Representative for Wyoming from 1895 to 1897 and from 1899 to 1923. He served as Republication of the House of the Spirit state of the House of the House of the Spirit state of the House of the House

majority floor leader in the House during the Sixty-sixth and Sixty-seventh Congresses and in 1923 was made Director of the War Finance Corporation, resigning this post two years later to practice law in Washington. He was delegate to the Republican National Convention seven times between 1892 and 1924, being elected permanent chairman in that year, in which capacity he notified President Coolidge of his nomination for the 1925-29 term. After serving one term in the House he was defeated for re-election in 1896 and was appointed Assistant Commissioner of the General Land Office, serving until reelected to Congress in 1898.

## Death of Urey Woodson, Former Custodian of Alien Property Bureau

Urey Woodson, who recently resigned as Custodian of the Alien Property Bureau, died of heart disease on Aug. 7 at his home in owensboro, Ky. He was in his 80th year. A native of Madisonville, Ky., Mr. Woodson was engaged in newspaper work in Kentucky for over 40 years. He resigned last July 24 as Alien Property Custodian after serving since 1933; this was noted in our issue of July 29, page 672. The following brief account of Mr. Woodson's career is from the New York "Sun" of Aug. 7:

He found time, in addition to his newspaper work, to engage actively in politics. He never missed a Democratic national convention after 1880. when he attended his first; he watched the running of close to fifty Kentucky derbies. He was a Democratic national committeeman for many years. and for eight he was secretary of the committee.

His first newspaper was the Muhlenberg Echo, a weekly, which was printed on a hand press. He went from the Echo to the Owensboro Messenger and this was one of the papers he came to own. He was head of the stock company which owned the Paducah News-Democrat and was active in launching the Louisville Dispatch.

# Commissioner Oscar B. Ryder Named Vice-Chairman of Tariff Commission

President Roosevelt has named Commissioner Oscar B. Ryder Vice-Chairman of the Tariff Commission to fill the vacancy left by Henry F. Grady, who resigned on Aug. 7 to accept the position of Assistant Secretary of State. Mr. Ryder is a Democrat from Virginia and was first appointed as Commissioner on the Tariff Commission in June, 1934. This past June he was renamed for a new term of six years, expiring June 16, 1945.

Prior to being named on the Commission, Mr. Ryder had had 15 years of service as economist on the staff of the Tariff Commission and in 1933-34 was Chief of the Imports Division of the National Recovery Administration. In another item in today's issue we refer to the appointment of Mr. Grady.

# H. F. Grady Succeeds F. B. Sayre as Assistant Secretary of State in Charge of Trade Agreements Program—In Press Interview He Decries Economic Policies of Totalitarian Nations

Henry F. Grady, Vice-Chairman of the United States Henry F. Grady, Vice-Chairman of the United States Tariff Commission, was nominated by President Roosevelt on Aug. 2 to be Assistant Secretary of State. The Senate confirmed the nomination on Aug. 4. Mr. Grady succeeds Francis B. Sayre, new High Commissioner to the Philippines, and will have charge of the Administration's reciprocal trade agreement program. Senate confirmation of the nomination of Mr. Sayre was reported in our issue of Aug. 5, page 819. The following regarding the new appointee is from the Washington "Post" of Aug. 3:

In taking charge of the trade agreements program, Grady will be return-

ing to a field with which he is thoroughly familiar.

As head of the trade agreements division of the State Department in 1934 and 1935, under Secretary Hull and Assistant Secretary Sayre, he had active charge of negotiating and drafting the first 11 trade program.

For a time he served as an expert for the United States Shipping Board, and was trade commissioner to London and Europe in 1919 and 1920 when he made a study of post-war financial conditions. He served as acting commercial attache at London and in Holland, and later was acting chief of the division of research, Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. He was a lecturer at the Foreign Service School at Georgetown University in 1921.

He was professor of international trade and dean of the College of Commerce, University of California, from 1928 to 1937, and was given a leave of absence for his previous service in the State Department. He has been a member of the economics committee and the raw materials committee of the League of Nations since 1937.

In his first press conference after he had assumed office, Mr. Grady asserted that the totalitarian nations cannot expand their trade with the United States unless they alter their fundamental economic policies, which "are based on aggression." He declared that there is "no common meeting ground between the United States and the totalitarian

powers on economic matters threatening world peace.
United Press advices of Aug. 8 from Washington added
the following regarding Mr. Grady's remarks:

The trade systems established by Germany, Italy and Japan cannot continue indefinitely, and the powers might be forced into a war out of sheer desperation, he said.

Mr. Grady, former vice-chairman of the United States Tariff Commission and a member of the raw materials and economic committees of the League of Nations, is recognized as an authority on international economics. He recently completed a tour of Europe.

He envisaged as an alternative to trade policies of the Fascist powers the possibility of a change of leadership which might bring a policy of reciprocal. unrestricted trade, but he said such a change could not take place over night and would required the cooperation of the rest of the world. The United States, he said, would be glad to join in such cooperations.

"At present," he continued, "I see little or no possibility of the United States reaching commercial or economic agreements with Germany or the other totalitarian powers. The policy of this government has always been to go at least halfway in such matters—and still is—but the systems under

to go at least halfway in such matters—and still is—but the systems under which they operate are so diametrically opposed to ours that there is no

common meeting ground. . . . ."
"I am convinced," he said, "that the trade methods which the totalitarian powers have adopted are self-defeating and cannot continue indefnitely.

"There is one thing of which I am certain. That is, the economic life of any nation which has dissipated its exchange on construction of armament is precarious, and its relations with other nations are proportionally hazardous.

"It would be impossible for any of the totalitarian powers to change their established systems, which are now so deeply rooted in their philosophies, by an overnight operation. It would require a long, carefully studied and planned transitional period during which they would need the sympathetic cooperation of the rest of the world, in which the United States would be glad to join. Whether their political structures could stand up under such a change is questionable.

"The key to world peace is reciprocal unrestrained trade with all nations."

"The key to world peace is reciprocal, unrestrained trade with all nations on a most favored nations basis. So long as one powerful section of the world is conducting its trade on the exact opposite extreme, the road to peace will be studded with pitfalls."

C. E. Robinson Named to Committee of New York Curb Exchange—Personnel Committee Appointed

Charles E. Robinson, newly elected member of the Board of Governors of the New York Curb Exchange, was appointed a member of the Committee on Arbitration and a member of the Committee on Security Rulings on Aug. 10. His election to the Board was reported in our July 29 issue, page 672.

The Board of Governors on Aug. 10 aproved the appointment of a Personnel Committee consisting of the President, Secretary, Treasurer, and a member of the Finance Committee.

# Senate Confirms Nominations of Bert Fish and Ray Atherton as United States Ministers

The Senate on Aug. 3 confirmed the nomination of Bert Fish, of Florida, as Minister to Saudi Arabia. Mr. Fish, who is also Minister to Egypt, was nominated by the President on July 26; this was noted in our issue of July 29, page 671.

On Aug. 4 the Senate confirmed the nomination of Ray Atherton as Minister to Denmark. President Roosevelt named Mr. Atherton on Aug. 3, as was reported in these columns of Aug. 5, page 819.

#### F. M. Murchison Appointed Manager of RFC Office in Chicago

Emil Schram, Chairman of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, announced on Aug. 5 the appointment of Frank M. Murchison, Assistant Manager, Reconstruction Finance Corporation, Chicago, as Manager of that agency to succeed Fred D. Gallagher, effective August 5.

#### H. H. Egly Resigns as Chief of Securities Association Unit of SEC

The resignation of Henry H. Egly as Chief of the Securities Association Unit of the Securities and Exchange Commission was announced on Aug. 7. Mr. Egly stated in his letter of resignation to Chairman Jerome Frank that "with the registration under the Maloney Act of the Na-tional Association of Security Dealers, Inc., I feel that my work at the Commission is completed and that I should again take up my business." In accepting, Mr. Frank said the Commission was "greatly indebted" to Mr. Egly for his ievement in helping in the working out of of national importance.

#### Three New Members of Federal Home Loan Bank of New York

The Federal Home Loan Bank of New York announced on Aug. 7 the admission to membership in the Federal Home Loan Bank System of the following thrift and homefinancing institutions in the Second Federal Home Loan Bank District:

Court South End Building and Loan Association, Newark, N. J. Freedom Building and Loan Association, New Brunswick, N. J. Schuyler Building and Loan Association, Kearny, N. J.

It also announced that the following institutions, having gone into liquidation, are no longer members of the System:
Home Lovers Building and Loan Association, Paterson, N. J.
Industrial Building and Loan Association of Hackensack, N. J.
The Orange Valley Building and Loan Association, Orange, N. J.
Passaic Valley Building and Loan Association, West Paterson, N. J.

The membership in the System in the Second Federal Home Loan Bank District now comprises 419 thrift and home-financing institutions in New Jersey and New York.

## Committee Appointed to Arrange for 171st Annual Banquet of New York State Chamber of Commerce

Richard W. Lawrence, President of the Chamber of Com-merce of the State of New York, recently announced the appointment of a special committee made up of the fol-lowing members to arrange for the 171st annual banquet of the Chamber, which will be held on Nov. 16:

Jeremiah Milbank, banker, Chairman. John M. Davis, President of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R. Co. Thomas W. Lamont, partner, J. P. Morgan & Co. Thomas H. McInnerney, President, Na-tional Dairy Products Corp. Nelson A. Rockefeller, President, Rockefeller

# Special Trains and Sight-Seeing Trips Arranged Incident to Annual Convention in Del Monte, Calif., Oct. 9-13 of Investment Bankers Association

The Investment Bankers Association of America recently issued a circular to its members respecting special train facilities incident to its 28th annual convention which will facilities incident to its 28th annual convention which will be held at Del Monte, Calif., Oct. 9-13. Fast trains direct to Del Monte will leave New York Oct. 5 and Chicago Oct. 6, and special cars to be attached en route or in Chicago are planned from Philadelphia, Boston, Washington, Cleveland, Pittsburgh, Detroit, St. Louis, Denver and other cities where the demand justifies. A special scenic tour train going have you of the Canadian Realize and the Pacific Northwest is by way of the Canadian Rockies and the Pacific Northwest is by way of the Canadian Rockies and the Pacific Northwest is planned to leave New York on Oct. 1 and Chicago on Oct. 2. A mimimum of 100 passengers will be necessary if this train is to be operated, it is announced. As an alternative, special cars on one of the regular trains are planned. All trains will arrive at Del Monte Oct. 8, the day preceding the opening of the Convention. Regarding the tour via the Canadian Rockies and the Pacific Northwest the announcement save: ment says:

This train will make special stops at Banff, Lake Louise and Field. There will be a short motor trip at Banff; then via train to Lake Louise. At this point large comfortable buses will be available for a morning drive At this point targe comfortable buses will be available for a morning drive through one of the most scenic sections of the Continent, rejoining the train at Field in time for luncheon. At Vancouver passengers will leave the train and proceed to Seattle via a Canadian Pacific "Princess" steamer. A stop of a little over 2½ hours will be made at Victoria, the capital of British Columbia and a city of unusual charm. Thursday night, Oct. 5, will be spent in Seattle, and for Friday an extensive program of entertainment is being planned by the Pacific Northwest Group. Several interesting light coping trips are under consideration. Including root at the contraction of the contr sight-seeing trips are under consideration, including non-stop airplane flights circling Mt. Rainier to the Grand Coulee Dam and return. Passengers will reboard the special train Friday evening and proceed to Portland, where most of Saturday will be spent. A number of interesting sight-seeing trips are also being planned at that point, including an automobile drive over the Columbia River Highway to the Bonneville Dam. The risitors will be the guests of the Group on the air trip to Grand Coulee and the motor trip to Bonneville.

From the announcement we also quote:

It is assumed that at the conclusion of the convention most of those in attendance will visit San Francisco and its Golden Gate Exposition. The San Francisco members of the Association have reserved ample hotel rooms

to accommodate all such visitors.

Immediately following the San Francisco visit the I. B. A. members in Los Angeles wil be "At Home" to all members of the Association who wish to visit that city. Headquarters will be established at the Ambassador Hotel to assist visitors in planning their entertainment.

In our issue of Aug. 5, page 819, we gave the list of nominees for the various offices to be elected at the convention.

# Speakers Announced for Divisional Meetings at A. B. A. Convention in Seattle, Sept. 25-28—Preston Delano, R. E. Gormley and F. I. Kent to Address Delegates

Preston Delano, Comptroller of the Currency; R. E. Gormley, Superintendent of Banks for Georgia, and Fred I. Kent, Director, Bankers Trust Co., New York City, are announced as speakers at divisional sessions of the 65th announced as speakers at divisional sessions of the Osth annual convention of the American Bankers Association, to be held at Seattle, Wash., Sept. 25-28, it was announced Aug. 1 by Philip A. Benson, A. B. A. President. Comptroller Delano and Dr. H. H. Preston, Dean of the School of Economics and Business at the University of Washington, will speak at the meeting of the National Bank Division of the Association. Superintendent Gormley and Wood Netherland, Vice-President of the Mercantile-Commerce Bank & Trust Co., St. Louis, will speak at the meeting of the State Bank Division. Mr. Kent will report at the Savings Division session on the meeting of the International Chamber of Commerce at Copenhagen, at which he is Chairman of the A. B. A. delegation. P. R. Williams, President of the Division, will speak at its meeting on potential competition with banks in the savings business under proposed Federal legislation.

Ten well known bankers and one State and one Federal Government official, it is stated, have accepted invitations to lead discussions at four round table conferences during the convention. The round table discussions, which are a new feature of A. B. A. convention programs, will be conducted on four general topics. These are "Investment and Mortgages," "Personnel and Operating Problems," "Control of Internal Operations and Earnings," and "Additional Bank Services." It is further announced:

At the investments and mortgages conference O. P. Decker, Vice-President of the American National Bank & Trust Co., Chicago, will speak on "Investment Problems Confronting Trust and Savings Departments"; Edward A. Wayne, Chief Bank Examiner of South Carolina, will discuss "A Basis for Analysis of Municipal Securities for Bank Investment"; and Stewart McDonald, Administrator of the Federal Housing Administration, will speak on "Modern Mortgage Standards." Raymond R. Frazier, Chairman of the Board of the Washington Mutual Savings Bank, Seattle, will preside.

Ray A. Ilg, Vice-President of the National Shawmut Bank, Boston, Mass., will lead the discussion, "Selecting and Developing Personnel," at a round table conference on "Personnel and Operating Problems"; J. J. round table conference on "Personnel and Operating Problems"; J. J. Gard, Cashier of the United States National Bank, Portland, Ore., will discuss "Work Simplification and Organization for Efficient Operation"; and Claude L. Stout, Executive Vice-President and Cashier of the Poudre Valley National Bank, Eort Collins, Colo., will discuss "AccountAnalysis as a Guide to Charges." Edwin V. Krick, Vice-President of the American Trust Co., San Francisco, will preside.

Three topics will be discussed at the round table on "Control of Internal Operations and Earnings." They are:

"Expense Control for Better Earnings," to be led by J. L. Dart, Vice-President, Florida National Bank, Jacksonville, Fla.;

"Assignment of Life Insurance Policles as Collateral Security," led by Robert C. Tait, Assistant Trust Officer, Genesee Valley Trust Co., Rochester, N. Y.

"Loss Prevention First-Indemnity Aiways," led by Kenneth C. Bell, Chase National Bank, New York.

W. Laird Dean, President of the Merchants National Bank, Topeka, Kan., will preside.

Service to the public will feature the round table conference on "Ad-

Service to the public will feature the round table conference on "Additional Bank Services." Bert H. White, Vice-President of the Liberty Bank, Buffalo, N. Y., will speak on "Industrial Research as an Aid to Bank Customers"; Herbert V. Prochnow, Assistant Vice-President, First National Bank, Chicago, will discuss "Recent Credit Facilities for Business"; and W. B. Harrison, President of the Union National Bank, Wichita, Kan., will discuss "Meeting the Public Need for Personal Credit."

The speakers for the general sessions of the convention were given in our issue of July 15, page 355.

#### ITEMS ABOUT BANKS, TRUST COMPANIES &c.

Arrangements were made Aug. 9 for the transfer of a New York Stock exchange membership at \$52,000. The previous transaction was \$62,000 on June 16, 1939.

The Marine Midland Trust Company of New York an-The Marine Midland Trust Company of New York announces the election of its Executive Vice President, Harral S. Tenney, as a Director of the Trust Company. Mr. Tenney has been with the bank since April, 1930, at which time it became affiliated with the Marine Midland Corporation. Prior to that time, he was for many years a Vice President of the New York Trust Company. Mr. Tenney is also a Director of American Reserve Insurance Company, Childs Company, Lincoln Fire Insurance Co. of New York, Marine Midland Trust Co. of Binghamton, Workers Trust Co. of Johnson City, N. Y., the Turbo-Mixer Corp., and Pepsi-Cola Co.

John Insley Blair, retired banker, died on July 31 at his home in Tuxedo Park, N. Y., following a long illness. He was 62 years old. A native of New York City, Mr. Blair was graduated from Princeton University in 1898. On his graduation he became associated with the banking house of Blair & Co., which was founded by his grandfather, John I. Blair. He retired from business in 1905.

John P. Grier, a member of the New York Stock Exchange John P. Grier, a member of the New York Stock Exchange from 1903 to 1924, and a limited partner in the Exchange firm of Smith, Barney & Co., died on Aug. 9 at his home in New York City at the age of 71. Born in Peoria, Ill., Mr. Grier began his business career in St. Louis, later moving to Chicago to join the firm of Allen, Grier & Zeller. He later became a partner in the Chicago firm of Bartlett, Frazier & Carrington and when the firm moved its headquarters to New York Mr. Grier came with them. In 1908 he became a New York Mr. Grier came with them. In 1908 he became a general partner of the former New York firm of Charles D. Barney & Co., retiring in 1924 and becoming a special partner. When the firm was merged with Edward B. Smith & Co. in 1938, to form the present firm of Smith, Barney & Co., Mr. Grier continued as a special partner.

Richard S. Storrs, retired investment broker and banker, Richard S. Storrs, retired investment broker and banker, died on Aug. 9 at his summer home near Blue Mountain Lake in the Adirondack Mountains, N. Y. He was 74 years old. A native of Cincinnati, Mr. Storrs had graduated from Yale University in 1885. He had helped found the New York investment firm of Bertron, Storrs & Griscom from which he retired over 20 years ago. The firm is now Bertron & Griscom. Mr. Storrs was a Director of the Orange First National Bank, and a member of the Board of Managers of the Orange Savings Bank, both of Orange, N. J.

Welles Bancroft Pullen, Treasurer of the Elizabeth Trust Co., Elizabeth, N. J., since 1936, died of a heart ailment on Aug. 7 at the Hospital for Joint Diseases in New York after a brief illness. Mr. Pullen, who was 42 years old, was born in St. Louis, Mo., and began his banking career in the Mississippi Valley Trust Co. of that city. He joined the Elizabeth Trust Co. eighteen years ago. The deceased banker was also Secretary of the Stationary Engineers Building & Loan Association of Elizabeth.

Arrangements were completed August 7 for the sale of a membership in the Chicago Stock Exchange at \$1,500, unchanged from the last previous sale on Aug. 4.

Today, Aug. 12, the Northern Trust Co. of Chicago is celebrating the 50th anniversary of its establishment. Its founder and first President was Byron Laflin Smith, who served the institution until his death in 1914, when he was succeeded by his son, Solomon Albert Smith, the present head of the trust company. Opening for business in 1889 in the old Rookery Building at La Salle and Adams Streets, with a paid-in capital of \$1,000,000, the Northern Trust Co. has grown steadily through the years without benefit of merger or consolidation with any other bank, until it ranks today as one of Chicago's leading banking institutions, showing in its June 30 statement a capital structure of more than ing in its June 30 statement a capital structure of more than \$13,200,000; deposit liabilities of \$344,261,615 and total assets of \$370,734,400. The company's present building, erected in 1906 and enlarged in 1930, is at the northwest corner of La Salle and Monroe Streets. The following are members of the Board of Directors:

A Watson Armour, Director, Armour & Co.; Sewell L. Avery. Chairman, U. S. Gypsum Co.; Chairman, Montgomery Ward & Co., Inc.; Albert B. Dick, Jr., President, A. B. Dick Cc.; John T. Pirie, President, Carson Pirie Scott & Co.; Edward L. Ryerson, Jr., Vice-Chairman, Inland Steel Co.; Chairman, Joseph T. Ryerson & Son, Inc.; Solomon Byron Smith, Vice-President, the Northern Trust Co.; Walter Byron Smith; John Stuart, President the Quaker (ats Co.; Solomon A Smith, President the Northern President, the Quaker Cats Co.; Solomon A. Smith, President, the Northern

B. V. Moore, Vice-Chairman of the Trust Committee of the First National Bank & Trust Co. of Minneapolis, Minn., died on Aug. 6 after several weeks' illness. The deceased banker, who was 56 years old, was born in Tipton, Ind. After practising law in his native city and for a time holding office as Attorney for Tipton County, he located for a time in Scattle and from there went to Fargo, N. D., where for office as Attorney for Tipton County, he located for a time in Seattle and from there went to Fargo, N. D., where for ten years he was associated with the Dakota Trust & Savings Bank. Later he moved to Minneapolis, as Deputy Governor of the Minneapolis Federal Reserve Bank. Subsequently, 1929, he joined the official staff of the old First Minneapolis Trust Co. and, upon the merger of that institution with the First National Bank in 1933, became a Vice-President of the consolidated bank, holding the office until January, 1938, when he was named Chairman of the Trust Committee, the office he held at his death.

Mills B. Lane, Jr., and John E. Wallace were elected Vice-Presidents of the Citizens & Southern National Bank (Savannah, Ga., office) at the regular meeting of the Board of Directors on Aug. 8, it is learned from the Savannah "News" of Aug. 9. Both officers had formerly held office as Assistant to the President of the institution, William Murphey. At the same meeting, two promotions were also made in the Augusta (Ga.), office of the bank, W. J. Baird and S. W. Perry being both elected Assistant Cashiers. In regard to the new Vice-Presidents, the paper added:

Mills B. Lane, Jr., is a son of the Chairman of the Board, Mills B. Lane, who is also the founder of the bank as well as its active head. Like his father, Mr. Lane started his banking career early, and is not only a leader here but in other sections of the State. He took an important part in the recent meeting of the Georgia Bankers Association as chairman of the local committee, and as President of the Savannah Chamber of Commerce has done much fine work for the development of Savannah and the cosatal

Mr. Wallace . . . has been with the Citizens & Southern since 1919, having been previously with the National Bank of Atlanta. He continued with the Citizens & Southern after the merger and on moving to Savannah became an officer of the bank.

W. A. Finlay, heretofore Assistant Manager at the Toronto (Canada) branch of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, has been appointed President of the Canadian Bank of Commerce (California) with head office in San Francisco, while N. J. McKinnon, formerly Inspector at the head office in Toronto of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, has been named Assistant Manager at the Toronto branch. The California institution is a State bank controlled by the Canadian Bank of Commerce. of Commerce.

### CURRENT NOTICE

-Babcock, Rushton & Co. announce the opening of a branch office at Room 401, Chamber of Commerce Building, Minneapolis, Minn., under the management of Darlington Davenport with Robert L. Howard as associate. Babcock, Rushton & Co., are members of the New York Stock Exchange, the Chicago Stock Exchange, the Chicago Board of Trade and the Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce, and maintain offices in Chicago, New York City and Des Moines

### THE CURB EXCHANGE

Trading on the New York Curb Exchange has been rather quiet this week and the trend of prices was mixed and moved within a narrow range with the exception of Thursday and Friday when a reaction set in forcing the market downward. For the most part the market was dull and listless. Domestic news continued to be of a favorable character, but important buying was still missing, due in part to the tension and uncertainty in foreign affairs. The volume of transfers was

exceedingly light throughout the week.

After an irregularly lower opening on Saturday, many issues moved forward, though in most instances, gains were

fractional. Stocks closed irregular. Trading was extremely

fractional. Stocks closed irregular. Trading was extremely dull, volume declining to approximately 42,000 shares, against 46,000 in the previous short session. In the utility division, Pennsylvania Power & Light \$6 pref. was up to a new 1939 high at 106¼, Cities Service Power & Light \$7 pref. gained 1½ points to 80, North. Indiana Public Service 7% pref. closed at 106¾, a gain of 1¼ points and United Light & Power pref. was up ½ to 32½. Midland Steel gained a point and closed at 17, a new 1939 peak, while Standard Oil of Nebraska duplicated its year's high at 16. United Shoe Machinery was up ½ and closed 85½; Standard Steel Spring closed at 36½ with a gain of 1 point; General Shareholders Pref. was up 1 point to 81 and Hormel & Co. climbed 1½ to 26, a new high for the year. Among the issues losing a point or more were Pittsburgh Plate Glass, Celanese Corp. of America 7% pref., Pepperell Mfg. Co., Newmont Minging and Buckeye Pipe Line.

Quiet trading and declining prices were the outstanding features of Curb market dealings on Monday. The volume of transfers was approximately 93,000 shares, the smallest for a long session since mid-July, compared with 159,000 on Friday. Stocks closed lower. In the utility group, American Superpower pref. declined 1¾ points to 20, General Public Service pref. was off 1 point at 39, Public Service of Indiana \$6 & \$7 pref. both lost 1½ points and closed at 42½ and 78½, respectively. Cities Service Power & Light \$5 & \$6 pref. sagged a point to 78, United Light & Power conv. pref. was off 2½ at 30¾ and Puget Sound Power & Light \$5 & \$6 pref. each lost 1½ points. Other issues that sold off a point or more included Babcock & Wilcox, National Steel Car, Humble Oil, Phoenix Securities pref., Western Maryland 1st pref. Sunray Oil pref., Bell Aireraft, Colt's Patent Fire Arms, Hygrade Sylvania and Aluminum Co. of America. The aviation group continued to display an uninspiring picture. Hygrade Sylvania and Aluminum Co. of America. The aviation group continued to display an uninspiring picture. Issues which worked against the trend and were up fractions

Issues which worked against the trend and were up fractions to a point or more included Celanese Corp. of America 7% 1st pref., National City Lines pref., Master Electric, Benson & Hedges, Michigan Sugar pref. and S. H. Kress pref.

Price movements were narrow but with the tendency toward higher levels on Tuesday. Domestic news continued to be of a favorable character, but important buying was still missing. For the most part, the market was dull and listless and stocks closed irregular. The turnover was the lightest for a long session since July 10, with only 81,000 shares traded, against 93,000 shares on Monday. Celanese Corp. of America 7% 1st pref., again established a new 1939 high at 110, though closed unchanged at 108. Other issues seeling at their best prices for the year included among others, Avery & Sons com., Avery pref. with warr., Casco Products, Carnation Co., Compo Shoe Machinery, Fanny Farmer Candy, Root Petroleum pref. and Quaker Oats; with a few exceptions the gains were fractional. In the utility group some profit-taking was in evidence which brought about numerous setbacks in this division. Other issues which moved against the trend included Aluminium, Ltd., New York & Honduras, Niles-Bement-Pond and Pittsburgh Plate Glass.

Curb market transactions continued dull and prices were

Pittsburgh Plate Glass.

Curb market transactions continued dull and prices were mixed during much of the trading on Wednesday. As the day progressed the market eased somewhat but closed firm at slightly lower levels. It is quite evident that the tension abroad has a restrictive influence on buying here. The volume was slightly higher than on the preceding day, the turnover being approximately 90,000 shares, against 81,000 on Tuesday. In the utility group issues declining a point or more included Cities Service Power & Light \$6 pref., Community Power & Light 1st pref. Duke Power. Florida Power more included Cities Service Power & Light \$5 pref., Community Power & Light 1st pref., Duke Power, Florida Power & Light \$7 pref., General Water Gas & Electric pref., National Power & Light \$6 pref., Pennsylvania Water & Power, Public Service of Indiana \$6 pref., Puget Sound Power & Light \$5 pref. and Niagara Hudson Power 1st pref. Aluminum Co. of America was off a point and Aluminium Ltd. diamed 23% points, closing at 117 and 12316 ium, Ltd. dipped 2¾ points, closing at 117 and 123½, respectively. Other shares displaying a heavy tendency were Jones & Laughlin Steel which receded 4 points to 23, Midland Steel dipped 1½ points to 15½ and Minnesota Mining & Mfg. closed at 56, a loss of 1 point. Additional issues losing a point or more included among others, Brown Co. pref., Cleanese Corp. of America 7% 1st pref., Lane Wells, Montgomery Ward A, Pittsburgh Plate Glass, South Penn Oil, Tubize Chatillon A and United Shoe Machinery.

Irregular price movements with a tendency toward lower levels characterized the trading during the greater part of the session on Friday. Trading continued quiet, the turn-over being approximately 90,000 shares, against 122,000 on Thursday. Stocks closed lower. While the speech of Albert Foerster, Danzig Nazi leader, caused considerable concern, financial circles felt that it at least did not aggravate matters further. In the utility group dealings were more encouraging though in some instances moved downward, American Gas & Electric pref. declined ½ point to 112½; Cities Service pref. 1½ points to 53; Cities Service Power & Light \$7 pref. 4¼ points to 75 and North American Light & Power pref. 1½ points to 61½. Other issues which were a fraction to a point or more lower included General Outdoor Advertising pref., Godchaux Sugar A, Hazeltine Co., Humble Oil, Hygrade Sylvania, Minnesota Mining & Manufacturing, Pittsburgh Plate Glass, Rustless Iron & Steel pref., and United Shoe Machinery. As compared with Friday of last week prices were generally lower, Aluminum Co. of America closing last night at 113 against 119 on Friday a week ago; further. In the utility group dealings were more encouraging

Aluminium Ltd. at 120¾ against 127; American Gas & Electric at 37⅓ against 38⅓; Babcock & Wilcox at 16¾ against 18½; Bell Aircraft 18¾ against 20¾; Carrier Corp. at 12½ against 13; Fairchild Aviation at 10¾ against 11; Gulf Oil at 31 against 31½; Humble Oil at 54⅓ against 57; Newmount Mining at 71½ against 73½, and United Shoe Machinery at 81½ against 84⅙.

Curb stocks again slipped downward on Thursday, most of the active issues registering losses from fractions to a

of the active issues registering losses from fractions to a point or more, though all sections were affected by the liquidation. Some fractional recovery took place at times but it was not enough to offset the downward trend. In all probability the decline was due to the tension and un-certainty in connection with the Danzig problem. The volume increased somewhat, the turnover for the day being approximately 122,000 shares, compared with 90,000 on Wednesday. Outstanding among the recessions in the utility Wednesday. Outstanding among the recessions in the utility group were, American Superpower pref., 1½ points to 19; Carolina Power & Light \$6 pref., 1 point to 93; Cities Service Power & Light \$6 pref., 1½ points to 74½; Consolidated Gas & Electric of Baltimore 3¾ points to 80; Florida Power & Light \$7 pref., 1½ points to 75; Jersey Central Power & Light 5½% pref., 1½ points to 90; New England Power 6% pref., 2¼ points to 74; Puget Sound Power & Light \$5 pref., 2½ points to 64½; Puget Sound Power & Light \$6 pref., 1¼ points to 22½ and Utah Power & Light \$7 pref., 1 point to 61½. Metal shares continued to lose ground, Aluminum Co. of America slipping back 4¾ points to 112¼; Aluminium Ltd., 3¼ points to 120¼; Consolidated Mining & Smelting, 2 points to 43¼; Lake Shore Mines, 1½ points to 41 and Minnesota Mining & Mfg., 1 point to 55. Other issues losing a point or more included Buckeye Pipe Line, 1½ points to 29¾; Celluloid Corp., 1st pref., 3 points to 55; Childs Co. pref., 5½ points to 36½; Cuneo Press, 1¼ points to 47¾; Gulf Oil, 1½ points to 31; Insurance Co. of North America, 2½ points to 68½; Ohio Oil, 1¼ points to 104; Pepperell Manufacturing, 4 points to 70; Standard Steel Spring, 1 point to 35 and United Shoe Machinery pref., 1 point to 46.

Daily Transactions at the New York Curb exchange

DAILY TRANSACTIONS AT THE NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

C-100 100	Stocks	Bonds (Par Value)			
Week Ended Aug. 11, 1939	(Number of Shares)	Domestic	Poreign Government	Poreign Corporate	Total
Saturday	42,205	\$591,000	\$1,000	\$5,000	\$597,000
Monday	92,955	1,123,000	12,000	18,000	1,153,000
Tuesday	81,270	1,411,000	13,000	11,000	1,435,000
Wednesday	90,210	1,680,000	. 13,000	5,000	1,698,000
Thursday	122,260	1,634,000	19,000	19,000	1,672,000
Friday	89,705	1,193,000	18,000	14,000	1,225,000
Total	518,605	\$7,632,000	\$76,000	\$72,000	\$7,780,000

Sales at	Week Ender	8 Aug. 11	g. 11 Jan. 1 to Aug	
New York Curb Exchange	1939	1938	1939	1938
Stocks-No. of shares.	518,605	770,850	23,459,717	27,278,248
Domestic	\$7,632,000 76,000 72,000	\$5,597,000 138,000 46,000	\$284,864,000 2,947,000 3,547,000	\$207,835,000 4,414,000 3,862,000
Total	\$7,780,000	\$5,781,000	\$291,358,000	\$216,111,000

#### COURSE OF BANK CLEARINGS

Bank clearings this week will show a decrease compared with a year ago. Preliminary figures compiled by us based upon telegraphic advices from the chief cities of the country indicate that for the week ended today (Saturday, Aug. 12) clearings from all cities of the United States from which it is possible to obtain weekly clearings will be 1.8% below those for the corresponding week last year. Our preliminary total stands at \$4,668,719,518, against \$4,755,672,822 for the same week in 1938. At this center there is a gain for the week ended Friday of 13.3%. Our comparative summary for the week follows: Bank clearings this week will show a decrease compared for the week follows:

Clearings—Returns by Telegraph Week Ending Aug. 12	1939	1938	Per Cent
New York	\$2,410,650,291	\$2,126,788,294	+13.3
	206,514,268	202,790,274	+1.8
	294,000,000	254,000,000	+15.7
Philadelphia Boston Kansas City	144,308,851 71,289,681	145,876,641 74,785,297 60,900,000	-1.1 -4.7 +2.3
St. LouisSan FranciscoPittsburgh	79,957,457	107,913,000 73,590,159	+1.4
DetroitClevelandBaltimore	69,037,476	62,154,581	+11.1
	70,296,820	59,573,813	+18.0
	48,529,678	43,031,020	+12.8
Eleven cities, five daysOther cities, five days	\$3,566,325,522	\$3,211,403,079	+11.1
	726,049,125	655,980,945	+10.7
Total all cities, five daysAil cities, one day	\$4,292,374,647	\$3,867,384,024	+11.0
	376,344,871	888,288,798	-57.6
Total all cities for week	\$4,668,719,518	\$4,755,672,822	-1.8

Complete and exact details for the week covered by the foregoing will appear in our issue of next week. We cannot furnish them today inasmuch as the week ends today (Saturday) and the Saturday figures will not be available until noon today. Accordingly, in the above the last day of the week in all cases has to be estimated.

In the elaborate detailed statement, however, which we

present further below, we are able to give final and complete results for the week previous—the week ended Aug. 5. For that week there was an increase of 24.8%, the aggregate

of clearings for the whole country having amounted to \$6,175,453,356, against \$4,949,093,592 in the same week in 1938. Outside of this city there was an increase of 11.9%, the bank clearings at this center having recorded a gain of 35.7%. We group the cities according to the Federal Reserve districts in which they are located, and from this it appears that in the New York Reserve District (including this city) totals record an expansion of 34.7%, in the Boston Reserve District of 13.3% and in the Philadelphia Reserve District of 27.2%. In the Cleveland Reserve District the totals are larger by 15.3%, in the Richmond Reserve District by 3.8% and in the Atlanta Reserve District by 6.3%. The Chicago Reserve District enjoys a gain of 12.1%, the St. Louis Reserve District of 8.8% and the Minneapolis Reserve District of 3.6%. In the Kansas City Reserve District the increase is 4.4%, in the Dallas Reserve District 8.2% and in the San Francisco Reserve District 2.8%.

In the following table we furnish a summary by Federal Reserve districts:

Reserve districts:
SUMMARY OF BANK CLEARINGS

Week Ended Aug. 5, 1939	1939	1938	Inc.or Dec.	1937	1936
Federal Reserve Dists.	3	3	%		•
1st Boston 12 cities	254,840,249	224,983,784	+13.3	252,287,762	243,558,308
2d New York 13 "	3,740,128,335	2,776,290,399	+34.7	3,552,030,780	3,004,641,218
3d Philadelphia10 "	456,678,149	358,962,380	+27.2	399,128,060	343,604,508
4th Cleveland 7 "	289,317,801	250,881,488	+15.3	334,920,873	275,692,953
5th Richmond. 6 "	137,517,192	132,457,200	+3.8	142,498,691	123,894,487
5th Atlanta 10 "	150,689,613	141,694,596	+6.3	144,121,536	121,225,326
7th Chicago 18 "	474,359,964	423,065,360	+12.1	522,819,860	476,004,368
8th St. Louis 4 "	134,469,818	123,642,388	+8.8	139,535,404	121,986,585
9th Minneapolis 7 "	99,685,092	96,258,975	+3.6	108,209,636	110,513,091
10th Kaness City10 "	135,011,983	129,322,655	+4.4	165,459,703	152,877,358
11th Dallas 6 "	61,193,676	56,570,358	+8.2	62,801,933	53,789,351
12th San Fran10 "	241,561,484	234,964,009	+2.8	253,326,599	221,280,711
Total113 cities	6,175,453,356	4,949,093,592	+24.8	6,077,140,857	5,249,068,250
Outside N. Y. City	2,547,913,081	2,276,253,272	+11.9	2,642,911,039	2,354,572,542
Canada32 cities	341,407.809	382,435,084	-10.7	374,733,069	375.680,474

We now add our detailed statement showing last week's figures for each city separately for the four years:

Charles at		Wee	k Enaed	Aug. 5	
Clearings at—	1939	1938	Inc. or Dec.	1937	1936
	8	8	%	8	8
First Federal	Reserve Dis	rict-Boston	-		
MeBangor		665,187			724,492
Portland	2,405,32				
Fall River	216,270,94				
Lowell	603,78				
New Bedford.	666,20	672,964			
Springfield	3,084,800	2,740,748	+12.6	3,098,228	2,735,245
Worcester	1,672,09			2,155,169	1,677,345 10,091,097
Conn.—Hartford	12,252,78	9,966,423			10,091,097
New Haven R. I.—Providence	4,957,978 11,279,800		+16.4 +18.1		4,282,292 9,772,500
N.H.—Manches'r					488,608
Total (12 cities)	254,840,249	224,983,784	+13.3	252,287,762	243,558,305
Second Feder	al Reserve D	istrict-New	York-		
N. Y Albany	8,140,028	6,216,885	+30.9	7,463,640	6,685,203
Binghamton	1,653,248	1,852,419			1,758,935
Buffalo		28,900,000			32,300,000
Elmira	532,021 746,358		-0.5 + 16.1	693,850 704,956	635,556 546,683
New York	3.627.540.275	2.672 837 320	+35.7	3,434,229,818	
Rochester	8,448,751	7,830,422	+7.9	7,668,022	8,188,979
Syracuse	4,974,517	4.210,718	+18.1	4,540,329	3,708,240
Westchester Co		3,734,613		3,086,560	2,515,699
Conn.—Stamford	4,258,187		+3.6	4,426,026	3,735,470
N. J.—Montclair	487,477 21,168,897	532,374 19,657,163	$\frac{-8.4}{+7.7}$	571,633	534,815 19,107,018
Newark Northern N. J.	26,276,498	25,229,019	+4.2	21,003,380 30,092,799	30,428,912
Total (13 cities)	3,740,128,335	2,776,290,399	+34.7	3,552,030,780	3,004,641,218
Third Federal	Reserve Dist	rict-Philad	elphia-	- 11 30 73	SHIESE STATE
Pa.—Altoona	527,492	482,372	+9.4	698,946	671,319
Bethlehem	*565,500	531,203	+6.5	788,526	*280,000
Chester	399,814	400,266	-0.1	369,233	316,606
Lancaster Philadelphia	1,301,834 444,000,000	1,199,801 346,000,000	+8.5 +28.3	1,373,376 379,000,000	1,179,890
Reading	1,794,220	1,552,985	+15.5	2,207,297	1,459,663
Scranton	2,249,327	2,133,755	+5.4	2,460,990	2,374,864
Wilkes-Barre	1,152,819	1,310,141	-12.0	1,331,955	1,471,690
York N. J.—Trenton	1,663,243 3,023,900	1,564,057 3,787,800	$^{+6.3}_{-20.2}$	2,250,757 8,647,000	1,959,476 2,891,000
Total (10 cities)	456,678,149	358,962,380	+27.2	399,128,080	343,604,508
Fourth Feder			eland-		
Ohio-Canton	1,969,851	1,542,742	+27.7	2,212,227	1,521,021
Cincinnati	53,276,245 96,309,187	46,678,064 83,806,783	+14.1	59,467,598 95,780,103	51,772,202
Columbus	10,426,500	9,863,800	+5.7	10,630,700	77,220,844 11,772,100
Mansfield	1,410,112	1,334,350	+5.7	1,896,164	1,222,046
Youngstown	2,220,806	2,289,114	-3.0	2,848,386	2,153,129
Pa.—Pittsburgh .	123,705,100	105,366,635	+17.4	162,085,695	130,031,611
Total (7 cities) .	289,317,801	250,881,488	+15.3	334,920,873	275,692,953
Fifth Federal	Reserve Dist		ond-	410.000	0#0.004
W.Va.—Hunt'ton Va.—Norfolk	410,523	315,490	+30.1	416,850	273,984 2,487,000
Richmond	2,432,000 38,899,497	2,249,000 35,839,863	+8.1	2,692,000 36,323,836	29,803,084
. C.—Charleston	1,312,594	1,098,766	+19.5	1,186,910	973,301
Md.—Baltimore	72,479,532	69,130,063	+4.8	78,141,212	69,306,317
D. C.—Wash'ton	21,983,046	23,824,018	-7.7	23,737,883	21,050,801
Total (6 cities) .	137,517,192	132,457,200	+3.8	142,498,691	123,894,487
Sixth Federal Fenn.—Knoxville	Reserve Dist	rict-Atlant		0.000.000	9 410 10-
Nashville	3,885,589	3,511,812	+10.6	3,838,397	3,419,135
a.—Atlanta	19,104,792 56,000,000	13,572,309 49,500,000	$+40.8 \\ +13.1$	15,762,447	12,939,474 44,000,000
Augusta	1,335,880	850,049	+57.2	1,064,036	1,038,175
Macon	886,609	766,249	+15.7	899,220	1,018,815
la.—Jacks'nville	15,511,000	13,995,000	+10.8	16,012,000	13,000,000
la.—Birm'ham	21,183,299	16,355,883	+29.5	17,720,595	14,700,989
Mobile	1,894,058	1,510,424	+25.4	1,832,073	1,363,028
Vicksburg	168,640	159 944	1100	100 700	144 770
A.—NewOrleans	30,719,746	152,244 41,480,626	$+10.8 \\ -25.9$	188,739 35,304,029	144,779 29,600,930

Financial C	nronicie			Aug.	12, 1939
1		We	ek Ended	Aug. 5	
Clearings at-	1939	1938	Inc. o		1936
	8	D tetalet Cl	ni cago	8	8
MichAnn Arb Detroit	or 360,46 111,452,2	01 373,6	74 -3	.6 423,0	46 427,92 21 104,448,94
Grand Rapid		3,530,9	956	.3 3,534,90 .9 1,744,71	3,177,36 15 1,531,45
Ind.—Ft. Way: Indianapolis	ne 1,005,20 18,503,00	951,56 00 16,607,00	$\begin{array}{c c} 92 & +5 \\ 00 & +11 \end{array}$	.6 1,134,98 .4 17,889,00	1,194,72 17,920,00
South Bend. Terre Haute	4,716,18	3,922,2	11  + 20.	.2 4,728,11	4,771,96
Wis.—Milwauk Ia.—Ced. Rapid	ds 1,099,81	1,187,98	85 -7.	4 1,233,89	1,237,319
Des Moines Sioux City Ill.—Bloomingto	3,444,74	3,293,81	14 +4.	6 3,406,40	3,879,339
Chicago Decatur	287,425,09 969,08	261,818,77	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8 329,739,84 5 901,96	16 299,181,408 891,521
Peoria Rockford	3,275,35 1,332,65	3,417,36 0 1,046,48	4 +27.	3 1,562,39	8 982.34
Springfield Total (18 cities	1,207,43				
Eighth Feder	a I Reserve Di	s trict—St. L	o uis-		-12.53
Mo.—St. Louis. Ky.—Louisville.	86,500,00 31,759,06	0 78,900,00 5 29,520,01	6 +7.	6 32,190,17	6 27,004,168
Tenn.—Memphi III.—Jacksonvill	e x	x		1	*
Quincy			-		
interior				1	
Ninth Federa Minn.—Duluth.	3,071,96	2,655,24 63,071,28	eapoli	4,246,99	3,231,671
Minneapolis St. Paul	25,520,073	24,336,36	1 +4.	26,189,52	8 27,242,193
N. D.—Fargo 8. D.—Aberdee Mont.—Billings	n 774,070	857,313	2 -9.7	775,38	618,723
Helena	3,095,942			2,786,43	2,733,269
Total (7 cities)	99,685,092	96,258,97	5 +3.6	108,209,636	110,513,091
Tenth Federa		trict-Kan	as City	140 761	100 462
Neb.—Fremont. Hastings Lincoln	139,212	163,127	7 -14.7	181,214	183,029
Omaha	28,827,464	29,157,788	-1.1	32,909,529	33,719,631
Wichita Mo.—Kan. City.	3,290,123 92,743,009	3,524,425 87,399,746	-6.6	3,921,062 116,536,552	3,898,029 103,267,157
St. Joseph Colo.—Col. Spgs	3,240,589 630,756	2,908,680 708,442	-11.0	873,13.	3,481,841 923,035
Pueblo	135,011,983		1		-
				- 11	
Eleventh Fede Texas—Austin	1,625,854	District—Da 1,368,001	+18.8		
Fort Worth	47,256,755 6,936,143	6,817,993	+1.7	8,189,244	6,058,603
Galveston Wichita Falis La.—Shreveport.	1,874,000 804,514 2,696,410	957,756	-16.0	828,952	798,956
Total (6 cities)	61,193,676			62,801,933	
Twelfth Feder	al Reserve D	istrict—San	Franci	sco-	
Wash.—Seattle Yakima	36,150,786 986,198	34,669,698 898,010	+4.3 +9.8	39,394,245 1,046,220	881,168
Ore.—Portland Utah—S. L. City	29,609,704 14,630,649	27,216,987 13,679,699	+8.8 +7.0	30,610,799 16,339,164	25,100,759 14,668,382
Calif.—L'g Beach Pasadena	4,329,304 3,594,183	4,080,271 3,755,385	+6.1 $-4.3$ $+1.3$	4,106,472 3,714,897	3,741,924 2,998,571 133,948,915
San Francisco San Jose Santa Barbara	145,769,000 2,985,117 1,410,202	143,899,000 2,923,141 1,496,265	+2.1	150,614,000 3,410,706 1,640,490	2,973,566 1,834,340
Stockton	2,096,341	2,345,553	-10.6	2,449,606	2,282,650
Total (10 cities) Grand total (113	241,561,484	234,964,009	+2.8	253,326,599	221,280,711
Cities) Outside New York	6,175,453,356 2,547,913,081			6,077,140,857 2,642,911,039	
		Week	Ended A	ug. 3	
Clearings at-	1939	1938	Inc. or Dec.	1937	1936
Canada-	8	\$ 011	%	\$ 700 705	8
Toronto	111,107,244 110,008,381	137,375,211 133,488,956	-19.1 $-17.6$ $+59.9$	116,030,765 137,100,471 33,138,661	105,527,958 100,549,945 77,618,703
Vancouver Ottawa	41,291,538 19,519,712 15,895,130	25,824,204 19,050,549 24,128,296	+2.5 $-34.1$	20,173,169 21,222,677	20,579,070 23,366,128
Quebec	4,875,373 2,430,497	5,582,692 2,845,013	-12.7 $-14.6$	5,702,375 2,857,970	5,272,894 2,617,935
Hamilton	5,033,869 4,291,649	4,595,787 3,001,179	$+9.5 \\ +43.0$	4,853,378 5,205,780	4,498,510 6,172,844
St. John Victoria	1,792,111 1,853,895	2,013,028 1,894,600	$-11.0 \\ -2.1$	2,647,360 1,937,083	1,857,457 1,979,672
London	2,445,434 3,576,227	2,388,360 3,591,117	+2.4	2,556,706 3,695,019	2,779,190 3,834,348
Regina Brandon	3,287,160 380,919 439,423	3,099,878 398,638 437,885	+6.0 $-4.4$ $+0.4$	3,360,701 361,217 416,589	5,262,538 352,081 437,587
Lethbridge Saskatoon Moose Jaw	439,423 1,397,573 543,453 843,453	1,555,134	-10.1 -6.9	1,244,654 573,029	437,587 1,679,745 563,207
Brantford	843,453 799,019	824,894 625,017	+2.2 +27.8	1,031,086	839,203 894,870
New Westminster Medicine Hat	701,194 221,544	727,639 202,562	-3.6 +9.4	769,200 731,712 243,278	682,849 252,068
Peterborough Sherbrooke	605,980 720,552	578,713 777,835	+4.7 -7.4	564,100 781,805	613,493 646,499
Kitchener Windsor	1,148,453 2,622,714	988,200 2,365,040	+16.2	959,725 3,100,627	1,191,362 2,320,064
Prince Albert Moneton	332,596 780,770	323,797 703,075	+2.7	397,447 826,112 615,428	376,627 698,325
Kingston Chatham	*601,450 471,982 395,112	582,103 488,404 449,039	+3.3 $-3.4$ $-12.0$	367,381 396,703	547,628 419,096 379,081
Sarnia Sudbury	993,422	944,462	+5.2	870,861	869,497
Total (32 cities)	341,407,809	382,435,084	-10.7	374,733,069	375,680,474

<sup>\*</sup> Estimated. x No figures available.

#### FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 522 of the Tariff Act of 1930, the Federal Reserve Bank is now certifying daily to the Secretary of the Treasury the buying rate for cable transfers in the different countries of the world. We give below a record for the week just passed:

POREIGN EXCHANGE RATES CERTIFIED BY PEDERAL RESERVE BANKS TO TREASURY UNDER TARIFF ACT OF 1930 AUG. 5, 1939, TO AUG. 11, 1939, INCLUSIVE

Country and Monetary	No	on Buying   Val	Rate for Ca ue in Unit			York
Una	Aug. 5	Aug. 7	Aug. 8	Aug. 9	Aug. 10	Aug. 11
Europe—				8		8
Belgium, belga		.169847	.169838	.169855	.169855	.169822
Bulgaria, lev		.012100*	.012100*	.012250*	.012100*	.0121004
Czechoslov'ia, koruna						
Denmark, krone		.208931	.208933	.208927	.208938	.208925
Engl'd, pound steri'g		4.680625	4.680625	4.680625	4.680555	4.680416
Finland, markka		.020560	.020565	.020565	.020564	.020560
France, franc		.026486	.026487	.026487	.026488	.026486
Germany, reichsmark		.401187	401171	.401168	.401200	.401218
Greece, drachma		.008564*				
Hungary, pengo		.195750*				
Italy, lira		.052604	.052605	.052604	.052607	.052601
Netherlands, guilder.		.533083	.532122	.533081	.533544	.535461
Norway, krone		.235165	.235163	.235165	.235178	.235159
Poland, zloty		.187960	.187960	.187960	.187960	.187960
Portugal, escudo		.042472	.042462	.042462	.042462	.042462
Rumania. leu		.007125*				.007091
Spain, peseta		.110150*				
Sweden, krona		.241144	.241180	.241225	.241247	.241 :50
Switzerland, franc	HOLI-	.225741	.225700	.225686	.225744	.225655
Yugoslavia, dinar	DAY	.022725	.022700	.022700	.022700	.022700
China-						
Chefoo (yuan) dol'r						2
Hankow (yuan) doi						
Shanghai (yuan) dol		.075416*	.073750*	.072916*	.069166*	.0608334
Tientsin (yuan) dol.		.061166*	.059666*	.058833*	.056500*	.0497664
Hongkong, dollar.		.286400	.285487	.285956	.285018	.285018
British India, rupee		.349325	.349500	.349568	.349577	.349577
Japan, yen		.272742	.272771	.272757	.272812	.272771
Straits Settlem'ts, dol Australasia		.548100	.548575	.548262	.548162	.548312
Australia, pound		3.728812	3.729812	3.729812	3.729812	3.729687
New Zealand, pound.		3.744562*	3.744062*	3.744562*	3.744062*	3.7439374
Union South Africa, £		4.631562	4.631562	4.631562	4.631562	4.631406
Canada, dollar		.999804	.999863	.999902	.999863	.999824
Cuba, peso		.999500	.999500	.999500	.999500	2
Mexico, peso		.168375*				
Newfoundi'd, dollar. South America		.997864	.997395	.997500	.997447	.997343
Argentina, peso		.312085*	.312085*	.312065*	.312085*	.312060*
Brazii, milreis official		.060580*		.060580*		.0605804
" free		.050200*				.0502204
Chile, pero-official.		.051683*		.051683*	.051683*	.051640
" export.		.040000*		.040000*		.0400004
clombia, peso		.571600*	.571500*	.571500*	.571500*	.5715004
Uruguay, peso, contr.		.615979*	.615941*	.615941*	.615941*	.615945*
Non-controlled		.358685*				

<sup>\*</sup> Nominal rate. a No rates available.

#### THE ENGLISH GOLD AND SILVER MARKETS

We reprint the following from the weekly circular of Samuel Montagu & Co. of London, written under date of July 26, 1939:

GOLD

The Bank of England gold reserve against notes on July 19 was £246,-416,965 at 148s. 6d. per fine ounce showing no change as compared with the previous Wednesday.

In the open market the amount of gold disposed of at the daily fixing was about £1,800,000, most of which came from official quarters. Some purchases were made for shipment to New York, but buying on Continental account was the principal feature; today's level, however, proved too high for buyers in the market and, in the absence of demand, part of the offerings was taken by the authorities.

Quotations—	Per Fine Ounce
July 20	148s. 61/4d.
July 21	148s. 61/4d.
July 22	148s. 6d.
July 24	148s. 51/4d.
July 25	148s. 6d.
July 26	148s. 61/4d.
Average.	148a. 6.17d.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of gold gistered from midday on the 17th inst. to midday on the 24th inst.:

Imports		Exports	
Union of South Africa £ Southern Rhodesia British East Africa British India Anglo-Egyptian Sudan Belgium Netherlands Iraq Other countries	2,958,424 116,426 41,681 19,733 3,548 8,984 2,036 3,597 10,257	U. S. of America Central & South America Canada Union of South Africa Siam Belgium France Netherlands Switzerland Other countries	63,251 82,940 1,485 1,971,498 1,575 9,108 67,443
The state of the s			

The SS. Rawalpindi which sailed from Bombay on July 22 carries gold to the value of about £312,000.

SILVER

Until yesterday the market had shown a very steady tone, the cash quotation varying only between 16 %d. and 16 13-16d. and that for two months between 16 %d. and 16 5-16d.; offerings, which included speculative resales and selling for prompt shipment from America, were readily absorbed by purchases by the Indian Bazaars and to cover bear sales.

Yesterday, following weak advices from Bombay, resales from that quarter replaced the buying which had been in evidence hitherto and prices declined to 16%d. and 16¼d. for the respective deliveries; similar conditions prevailed today and there was a further fall of 3-16d. to 16 7-16d. and 16 1-16d.

At the moment the market seems steady at the fall, but unless there is a revival of Indian demand, the present level may prove sufficiently high.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of silver registered from midday on the 17th inst. to midday on the 24th inst.:

Imports	Exports
Iraqb Eirec Belgium1	7.885       British India       £158.090         2.884       Egypt       £20.393         4.450       Hungary       50.058         8.592       France       8.880         4.742       Netherlands       3.125         1.848       Other countries       4.172

a Including £42,233 in coin not of legal tender in the United Kingdom.
b Coin not of legal tender in the United Kingdom. c Coin of legal tender in the United Kingdom. d Including £19,633 in coin not of legal tender in the United Kingdom.

Quotations during the week:

IN LONDON	IN NEW YORK
Bar Silver per Oz. Std. Cash 2 Mos.	(Per Ounce .999 Fine)
July 2016 13-16d. 16 5-16d.	July 1935 cents
July 2116 13-16d. 16 %d. July 2216 %d. 16 %d.	July 2035 cents July 2135 cents
July 2416 13-16d. 16 4d.	July 22
July 2516 %d. 16 ¼d. July 2616 7-16d. 16 1-16d.	July 24
July 26 16 7-16d. 16 1-16d. Average 16.729d. 16.292d.	July 2535 cents

The highest rate of exchange on New York recorded during the period from July 20 to July 26, 1939, was \$4.68\% and the lowest \$4.68\%.

#### ENGLISH FINANCIAL MARKET—PER CABLE

The daily closing quotations for securities, &c., at London, as reported by cable, have been as follows the past week:

	Sat., Aug. 5	Mon., Aug. 7	Tues., Aug. 8	Wed., Aug. 9	Thurs., Aug. 10	Frt., Aug. 11
Silver, per oz Gold, p. fine oz. Consols 2½%				16¾d. 148s.6d. £66¼	17d. 148s.6 1/4d. £66 1/4	17 1-16d. 148s. 6 1/4d. £66 1/4
British 3½% W. L British 4%	Holiday	£91%	£91¾	£91%	£9136	£92
The price States on the		er per	ounce (	£105 in cents	£1051/2 s) in the	£105% United
Bar N.Y.(for'n) U. S. Treasury		34%	34%	34%	351/4	8514
(newly mined)	71.10	71.10	71.10	71.10	71.10	71.10

#### TREASURY MONEY HOLDINGS

The following compilation, made up from the daily Government statements, shows the money holdings of the Treasury at the beginning of business on the first of May, June, July and August, 1939:

Holdings in U. S. Treasury	May 1, 1939	June 1, 1939	July 1, 1939	Aug. 1, 1939
				8
Net gold coin and bullion.	814,444,874	757,635,155	714,383,033	487,757,925
Net silver coin and bullion	631,015,488	634,041,962	615,152,338	644,657,895
Net United States notes	2,293,358	3,214,907	2,231,593	4.686,160
Net National bank notes.	817,976	996.262	1,334,411	395,833
Net Federal Reserve notes	12,875,548	8,768,645		
Net Fed Res. bank notes	226,060			
Net subsidiary silver	3,559,050			
Minor coin, &c	19,479,964			
Total cash in Treasury.	1,484.712,318	1,428,592,644	1,368.099,735	*1171 568,103
Less gold reserve fund	156,039,431	156,039,431		
Cash balance in Treas Deposit in special deposi-	1,328,672,887	1,272,553,213	1,212,060,304	1,015,528,672
tories account of sales of Government securities.	858,231,000	791,688,000	776,415,000	771,193,000
Dep. in Fed. Res. banks Deposit in National and	975,380,182	970,735,362	1,021,983,116	927,829,929
other bank depositaries— To credit Treas, U. S	31,007,673	34,581,174	36,934,133	41,177,436
To credit disb. officers.	34,315,216	34,253,525		
Cash in Philippine Islands	2,196,393			
Deposits in foreign depts.	184,526			
Net cash in Treasury	3,229,987,877	3,105,892,774	3,086,628,035	2,800,536,033
Deduct current liabilities.	186,462,842	181,632,730	248,402,502	353,229,187
Available cash balance	3.043.525.035	2,924,260,044	2,838,225,533	2,447,306,846

<sup>\*</sup> Includes on Aug. 1 \$593,547,583 silver bullion and \$1,550,839 minor, &c., coin as included in statement "Stock of Money."

### COMPARATIVE PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT

(On the basis of daily Treasury statements)

	Mar. 31, 1917, Pre-War Debt	Aug. 31, 1919, When War Debt Was at us Peak	Dec. 31, 1930, Lowest Post-War Debt
Gross debt Net bal. in gen. fund	\$1,282,044,346.28 74,216,460.05		\$16,026,087,087.07 306,803,319.55
Gross debt less net bal. in gen. fund	\$1,207,827,886.23	\$25,478,592,113.25	\$15,719,283,767.52
Gross debt per capita Computed rate of int. per annum on interest		\$250,18	\$129.66
bearing debt outstand- ing (percent)	2.395	4.198	3.750
	July 31, 1938, A Year Ago	June 30, 1939 Last Month	July 31, 1939
Gross debt Net bal. in gen. fund	\$37,191,391,650.74 2,116,011,179.99		\$40,661,264,822.47 2,447,306,845.49
Gross debt less net bal. in general fund	\$35,075,380,470.75	\$37,601,306,878.59	\$38,213,957,976.98
Gross debt per capita Computed rate of int. per annum on interest- bearing debt outstand-		b\$308.29	<b>b\$30</b> 9.80
ing (percent)	2.597	2.600	2.603

a Revised. b Subject to revision.

#### **AUCTION SALES**

The following securities were sold at auction on Wednesday of the current week:

By R L. Day & Co., Boston:

Dy It. D. Duj to conjust
Shares Stocks \$ per Share
2 Boston Chamber of Commerce Realty Trust, 1st preferred, par \$100 1/4
1 Roston Athenaeum, par \$300200
68 % Point of Pines Trust, preferred, \$1,000 par
45 Point of Pines Trust, common, par \$1,000 1 lot
30 Joseph Breck & Sons, class A, par \$5
By Crockett & Co., Boston:

\$ per Share Shares Stocks 

### MONTHLY REPORT ON GOVERNMENTAL CORPORATIONS AND CREDIT AGENCIES AS OF JUNE 30, 1939

The monthly report of the Treasury Department, showing assets and liabilities as of June 30, 1939, of governmental corporations and credit agencies, financed wholly or in part by the United States, was contained in the Department's "Daily Statement" for July 31, 1939.

Statement for July 31, 1939.

Since the statement of July 31, 1938, the report has been made up somewhat differently from previous reports in that agencies and corporations financed wholly from Government funds are not listed separately from those financed only partly from Government and partly from private funds. In the footnotes to the table below, an explanation is given of the simplification of calculation of proprietary interest. As now computed, the Federal Government's proprietary interest in these agencies and corporations, as of June 30, was \$3,668,238,499, and that privately owned was \$387,439,392.

SUMMARY OF COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF GOVERNMENTAL CORPORATIONS AND CREDIT AGENCIES OF THE UNITED STATES, COMPILED FROM LATEST REPORTS RECEIVED BY THE TREASURY—JUNE 30, 1939

		1	1 2 11 11 1	-	Investments		1	1.50	1	1
Maria Maria Cara Cara Cara Cara Cara Cara Cara	Loans	Preferred Capital Stock, &c.	Cash e	United States Securities	Securities Guaranteed by United States	All Other	Accounts and Other Receivable	and Other	Other 1	Total
Reconstruction Finance Corporation	1,045,347,551	\$ 529,269,768	g1,202,218	\$ 48,020,200	8	8,300,000	g25,440,39		\$ 9 436,393,370	1,694,424,2
Commodity Credit Corporation Export-Import Bank of Washington	372,189,038		1,599,584 775,820			*****	h16 043,48 h16 652,22		21,900	389,874,9 47,914,6
Federal Crop Insurance Corporation			3,115,969	0.00.000			1,60	9	4,345,519	7,463,0
Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Tennessee Valley Authority			4,707,432	342,258,333			48,695,20 4,069,92	6 40,166 1 239,088,021		247,877,0
Public Works Administration United States Maritime Commission	54,640,876	*****	******			8,788,078	18,828,09	0 38.028.578	156,860,376	54,640,8 271,482,3
Rural Electrification Administration	121,904,066		240 470 555	*****	*****		1,815,08	4		123,719,1
Home Owners' Loan Corporation Federal Savings & Loan Insurance Corp	2,080,511,753	1216458,810	320,286	11,835,881	106,027,398		1,216,69		552,860,818	119,400,2
Federal Savings & Loan associations		J43,991,700	78,223,488	36,662,038	12,040,209		517,84	ō	224,715	43,991,7 296,629,8
Federal Home Loan banksFederal Housing Administration		*****	4,918,931	23,119,924			12,616,09	2 1,001,879	1,947,075	
United States Housing Authority Farm Credit Administration	68,376,200 k93,718,022		59,632,069 16,610,847	1,700,000	*****	******	894,71 205,67	6	5,187,274	115,721,8
Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation Federal Land banks	717,622,044		71,235,473 37,882,129	76,076,612		764,058,451	44,766,966 155,963,609	5,815,956	16,535,566 111,676,175	
Federal Intermediate Credit banks	221,225,057		9,796,549	74,799,517			2,064,53	5	64,666	307,950,3
Banks for cooperatives			10,255,025 356,657	75,372,170 19,541,550	20,888,000 431,050	101,477,026	464,20	4 15,583	41,431	122,327,5
Regional agricultural credit corporations  War emergency corporations and agencies  (in liquidation):  Navy Department (sale of surplus war		*****	10,829,683		******		681,022		147,816	10 AV 1 1 A
supplies) United States Housing Corporation	******	******	612 960		*****		4,645,071 1,152,021		104,476	4,645,0 1,924,6
United States Railroad Administration.		4,065	613,869	100.000		59,592	50,747	7		114,4
United States Spruce Production Corp. War Finance Corporation		******	49,532 12,575	123,678		*****	523,107			697,9 12,5
Other: Disaster Loan Corporation			1,000	A - 553	to the second		h2,000,166		49,437	16,931,8
Electric Home and Farm Authority	9,904,360	*****	350,437	1,346	******		25,557			10,325,4
Farm Security Administration Federal National Mortgage Association	256,274,834 125,225,923	*****			******	*****	h2,725,085		4,287	256,274,8 128,097,2
Federal Prison Industries, Inc Interior Department (Indian loans)	2,529,396	******	3,077,850			*****	472,085			7,642,20 2,520,3
Inland Waterways Corporation	471,469	******	718,653	3,528,256		300	249,503			25,554,33
Panama Railroad Co	6,387,673	******	9,689,056		*****	295,501	303,901			47,108,7 6,387,63
RFC Mortgage Co	56,729,036		6,451		399,793	*****	2,823,111	•	403,651	60,362,0
Tennessee Valley Associated Cooper- atives, Inc.	260,308	33,825	4,166			******	*****		2,201	300,50
Treasury Department: Railroad loans (Transp'n Act, 1920).	30,230,233									30,230,23
Securities received from the RFC	100000000000000000000000000000000000000				TRICER	10 225 77		0.5003	Hez.Com	2,570,40
under Act of Feb. 24, 1938 Inter-agency items: m	2,570,400		******		******	*****	*****	******	*****	2,010,10
Due from governmental corporations or agencies.										
Due to governmental corporations or	420 (0.0)	-0203	S. GELIEFFE						1 1 40	
agencies				10 000 505	20 700 450	200 200 414	900 010	400 404 980	000 848 008	10 407 940 14
Total	7,599,587,9041	100,100,10010	000,100,00017	10,009,00011	1 09,780,48018	0.00,000,010	11,000,010	1400,004,000	000,010,0011	
Total		ttles and Rese		Bzces	Pr	opriciary Int			of United Sta	constitution to
Total	Liabil Guaranteed	ttles and Rese	rees d	Bzces of Asse Over	ris Prise	oprictary Int	erest	Distribution  Capital	of United Sto	iles Interests
Total.	Liabu Guaranteed by	ttles and Rese	Total	Baces of Asse	Prior Prior Own	oprietary Int	erest	Distribution	The state of the S	nies Interests
тивначите така о	Liabil  Guaranteed by United States	Not Guaranteed by United States \$ 986,145,677	Total \$ 908,114,4	Bzces of Asse Over Liabilitie \$ 786,309	Prior Own	oprietary Int	erest ened by ted States	Distribution  Capital	of United Sta Surplus	Interests Interests Interests 38,716,31
econstruction Finance Corporationommodity Credit Corporation	Guaranteed by United States  \$ 821,968,803 206,428,194	Not Guaranteed by United States 286,145,677 73,422,651	Total \$ 908,114,44 279,850,8	### Baces of Asse Over Liabilitie  \$ 786,309 45 110,024	Prior Prior Own	opriciary Initially Outlined Until	erest oned by led States 3,309,722 1,024,110	Capital Stock \$ 500,000,000	of United Sta Surplus \$247,593,409	Interests Interests Interests \$ 38,716,31 10,024,11
econstruction Finance Corporationommodity Credit Corporation	Guaranteed by United States  \$ 821,968,803	Not Guaranteed by United States \$ 286,145,677 73,422,651 380,042 2,771,772	Total  \$ 908,114,4 279,850,0 2,771,77	Bzces of Asse Over Liabilitie 8 0 786,309 110,024 47,534 42 47,691	Prior	opriciary Initially Outlined Unit	erest ened by ted States  8 3,309,722 4,024,110 7,534,560 6,691,325	Capital Stock \$ 500,000,000   100,000,000   5,000,000   5,000,000	Surplus  \$247,593,409	Interests Interests Interests 38,716,31 10,024,11
econstruction Finance Corporation ommodity Credit Corporation xport-Import Bank of Washington ederal Crop Insurance Corporation ederal Poposit Insurance Corporation	### Comparison of Comparison o	Not Guaranteed by United States 286,145,677 73,422,651 380,042 2,771,772 180,450,563	Total  \$ 908,114,4 279,850,8 380,0 2,771,7 180,450,56	Bzces of Asse Over Liabilitie  8 80 786,309 45 110,024 42 47,534 4,691 33 289,299	Prise over 1,722 ,110 ,560 ,325 ,556 139,2	oprietary Intately Ouned Units  8	erest ened by led States  8 3,309,722 4,024,110 5,534,560 6,691,325 6,000,000	Distribution  Capital Stock  \$ 500,000,000 100,000,000 46,000,000	Surplus  \$247,593,409  1,534,560	Interests Interests Interests \$ 38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67
econstruction Finance Corporation ommodity Credit Corporation xport-Import Bank of Washington ederal Crop Insurance Corporation ederal Deposit Insurance Corporation ennessee Valley Authority	Guaranteed by United States  \$ 821,968,803 206,428,194	######################################	70es d  Total  908,114,4 279,850,8 380,0 2,771,7 180,450,54 13,906,14	### ##################################	Prise d	oprietary Ini ately Ou Unit 8 786 110 47 499,556 150 233 54	med by led States  \$ 309,722   .024,110   .534,560   .691,325   .000,000   .970,846   s.640,876   s.64	Distribution  Capital Stock  \$ 500,000,000 100,000,000 46,000,000 5,000,000 150,000,000 234,207,649 254,640,876	Surplus  \$ 247,593,409  1,534,560	Interests Interests Interagency Interests  \$ 38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67 b236,80
econstruction Finance Corporation ommodity Credit Corporation sport-Import Bank of Washington ederal Crop Insurance Corporation ederal Deposit Insurance Corporation ennessee Valley Authority ubile Works Administration inted States Maritime Commission ural Electrification Administration	Guaranteed by United States  \$ 821,968,803 206,428,194	Not Not Guaranteed by United States  286,145,677 73,422,651 380,042 2,771,772 180,450,563 13,906,154 158,720,045	70es d  Total  908,114,4 279,850,8 380,0 2,771,7 180,450,5 13,906,11 158,720,00	Bzces. of Asse. Over Liabilitis  80 786,309 15 110,024 24 47,534 72 4,691 33 289,299 44 233,970 54,640 112,762 112,762	Prise d Prise Out 1,722 1,110 1,560 1,325 1,556 139,2,846 1,876 1,354 1,150	oprietary Ini ately Ou Unii 8 786 110 47 499,556 150 233 54 112	med by ted States  \$ 3,09,722 1,024,110 5,534,560 6,691,325 0,000 9,70,846 a2,640,876 7,762,354 a1,719,150 a	Capital Stock  \$ 500,000,000   100,000,000   5,000,000   5,000,000   150,000,000   234,207,649   646,40,876   112,756,724   159,199,352	Surplus  \$ 247,593,409  1,534,560	Interests Interests Interests \$ 38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67 b236,80 5,63 64,519,79
econstruction Finance Corporation ommodity Credit Corporation xport-Import Bank of Washington ederal Crop Insurance Corporation ennessee Valley Authority ublic Works Administration nited States Maritime Commission ural Electrification Administration ome Owners' Loan Corporation	### Comparison of Comparison o	tites and Rese Not Quaranteed by United States \$ 256,145,677 73,422,651 380,042 2,771,772 180,450,563 13,906,154 158,720,045 97,880,289	Total  Total  908,114,44 279,850,84 380,0- 2,771,71 180,450,56 13,906,14 158,720,04 3,066,216,04	Bzces of Asse Over Liabilitie 80 786,309 45 110,024 12 47,534 4,991 233,970 54,640 15 112,762 123,719 10 40,437	Priss d Own  7,722  1,110  560  5,560  5,556  139,2  8,46  5,876  5,876  5,876  5,876  5,876  5,876  5,876	oprietary Intately Ouned Units  8 786 110 47 499,556 150 233 112 123 40	states  1,309,722 1,024,110 1,534,560 1,691,325 1,970,846 1,762,354 1,719,150 1,437,971 1,437,971	### Company	of United Sto Surplus \$247,593,409 1,534,560	Interagency Interests  Interagency Interests  38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67 b236,80 5,63 64,519,79 b100,000,00
econstruction Finance Corporation	Guaranteed by United States  \$ 821,968,803 206,428,194	tites and Rese  Not Quaranteed by United States  \$ 486,145,677 73,422,651 380,042 2,771,772 180,450,563 13,906,154 158,720,045 97,380,289 1,116,918	704al  704al  908,114,44 279,850,84 380,0- 2,771,71 180,450,54 13,906,14 158,720,04 3,066,216,04 1,116,91	Bzces of Asse Over Liabilitie \$ 80 786,309 45 110,024 47,534 72 4,691 33 289,299 44 233,970 54,640 15 112,762 123,719 10 40,437 18,283 43,991	Priss d Own  7,722  1,110  560  5,556  139,2  8,846  8,876  3,844  1,591  1,591  1,700	oprictary Ini ately Ounced Units 8 786 110 47 499,556 150 233 54 112 123 40 118	med by med States  3,009,722 ,024,110 ,534,560 ,691,325 ,000,000 ,970,846 ,640,876 ,762,354 ,437,971 ,283,344 ,991,700	Capital Stock \$ 500,000,000   100,000,000   100,000,000   5,000,000   150,000,000   150,000,000   154,640,876   112,756,724   120,000,000   150,000,000   100,000   100,000	surplus  \$247,593,409  1,534,560  c59,562,029  18,283,344	### Interests    Interagency   Interests     \$ 38,716,31     10,024,11     b308,67     b236,80     5,63     64,519,79     b100,000,00
econstruction Finance Corporation ommodity Credit Corporation sport-Import Bank of Washington ederal Crop Insurance Corporation ederal Deposit Insurance Corporation ennessee Valley Authority ubile Works Administration nited States Maritime Commission ural Electrification Administration ome Owners' Loan Corporation ederal Savings & Loan Insurance Corp. ederal Savings & Loan associations ederal Home Loan banks ederal Home Loan banks	### Comparison of Comparison o	Not Not Guaranteed by United States  \$ 286,145,877 73,422,651 380,042 2,771,772 180,450,563 13,906,154 158,720,045 97,880,289 1,116,918 123,501,237 1,375,727	704al  704al  908,114,44 279,850,8 380,0 2,771,7 180,450,56 13,900,11 158,720,00 3,066,216,04 1,116,91 123,501,23 4,048,08	Bress of Asse Over Liabilitie 80 786,309 45 110,024 42 47,534 72 4,991 33 289,299 44 233,970 54,640 5112,762 112,762 112,762 112,762 118,283 43,991 17 173,128 63,955 63,955	Prise d Prise	oprietary Ini ately Ou Unit 5	### Read by red States  \$ 3,309,722   .024,110   .534,560   .691,325   .000,000   .970,846   .437,971   .283,344   .991,700   .741,000   .7555,815   .555,815   .84	Capital Stock  \$ 500,000,000 100,000,000 46,000,000 5,000,000 150,000,000 150,000,000 150,000,000 150,000,000 150,000,000 1234,207,649 154,640,876 112,756,724 159,199,352 100,000,000 43,991,700 43,991,700 24,741,000 339,555,815	of United Sto Surplus 2247,593,409 1,534,560 c59,562,029 18,283,344	Intercepts Intercepts Intercepts 38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67 b236,86 64,519,79 b190,000,00
econstruction Finance Corporation ommodity Credit Corporation xport-Import Bank of Washington ederal Crop Insurance Corporation ederal Deposit Insurance Corporation ennessee Valley Authority ubile Works Administration inted States Maritime Commission ural Electrification Administration ome Owners' Loan Corporation ederal Savings & Loan Insurance Corp. ederal Savings & Loan Insurance Corp. ederal Home Loan banks ederal Housing Administration inted States Housing Authority arm Credit Administration	Guaranteed by United States  \$21,968,803 206,428,194	tites and Rese Not Guaranteed by United States  286,145,877 73,422,651 380,042 2,771,772 180,450,563 13,906,154 158,720,045 97,880,289 1,116,918 123,501,237 1,375,727 2,792,559 4,034,327	70es d  70tal  70tal  908,114,4 279,850,8 380,0 2,771,7 180,450,55 13,900,12 158,720,00 3,066,216,00 1,116,01 123,501,23 4,048,98 117,603,61 6,403,43 6,403,43	Bzces of Asse Over Liabilitie 80 786,300 110,024 12 47,534 122 47,534 133 289,299 14 233,970 15 112,762 123,719 10 40,437 11,283 18,283	Priss d Own  7,722  1,110  560  5,826  5,856  139,2  8,876  3,844  1,159  9,971  3,444  6,16  48,38,48,48  4,06  48,38,48  4,06	oprietary Intately Ouned Units  8	med by led States  \$ 309,722   .024,110   .534,560   .691,325   .000,000   .970,846   .640,876   .742,374   .437,971   .283,344   .191,700   .741,000   .7555,815   .686,406   .687,492   a1	### Company	surplus  \$247,593,409  1,534,560  c59,562,029  18,283,344	Interests  Interagency Interests  \$ 38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67 b236,80  5,63 64,519,79 b199,009,00
econstruction Finance Corporation	Guaranteed by United States  \$ 21,968,803 206,428,194  2,968,335,751  2,072,359 114,811,024  1,388,255,091	tites and Rese  Not  Ouaranteed by United States  \$ 486,145,677 73,422,651 380,042 2,771,772 180,450,563 13,906,154 158,720,045 97,880,289 1,116,918 123,501,237 1,375,727 2,792,589 4,034,327 41,909,581	704al  704al  908,114,44 279,850,84 380,0- 2,771,7' 180,450,56 13,906,14 158,720,04 3,066,216,04 1,116,91 1123,501,23 4,048,08 117,603,61 4,048,08 1,430,164,62 1,430,164,62	Bzces of Asse Over Ltabilitis  8 80 786,309 45 110,024 42 47,534 72 4,691 33 289,299 44 233,970 54,640 54,640 40,437 113,283 43,991 77 173,128 63 142,686 67 111,687 2114,687	Prives d Own  7,722  1,110  560  325  5,556  139,2  8,846  3,354  1,150  9,711  3,344  1,150  9,711  3,446  48,38,48,48	oprictary Intactly Ounced Units  8	serest by led States st	Capital Stock  \$ 500,000,000 100,000,000 100,000,000 5,000,000 15,000,000 150,000,000 234,207,649 244,207,649 112,756,724 2500,000,000 00,000,000 00,000,000 124,741,000 139,555,815 1,000,000 11,887,492 000,000,000	of United Sto Surplus  \$ 247,593,409 1,534,560	Interests  Interests  Interests  \$ 38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67 b236,80 5,63 64,519,79 b199,000,00
econstruction Finance Corporation ommodity Credit Corporation xport-Import Bank of Washington ederal Crop Insurance Corporation ederal Deposit Insurance Corporation ennessee Valley Authority ubile Works Administration nited States Maritime Commission ural Electrification Administration ome Owners' Loan Corporation ederal Savings & Loan Insurance Corp ederal Home Loan banks ederal Housing Administration inted States Housing Authority arm Credit Administration ederal Farm Mortgage Corporation ederal Land banks ederal Land banks	### Comparison of Comparison o	### Titles and Rese  Not Guaranteed by United States  \$ \$66,145,677 73,422,651 380,042 2,771,772 180,450,563 13,906,154  158,720,045 97,880,289 1,116,918  123,501,237 1,375,727 2,792,589 4,034,327 g41,909,581 12,661,908	70es d  Total  908,114,4 279,850,8 380,0 2,771,7 180,450,13 158,720,04 3,066,216,04 1,116,91 1123,501,23 4,048,08 11,7603,61 4,034,32 1,430,164,65,61,96	Bzces of Asse Over Liabilitie \$60 786,309 45 110,024 27,534 247,534 247,534 249,299 54,640 112,762 123,719 040,437 18 118,283 43,991 77 173,128 66 39,556 67 111,687 184,053	Prive d Own  1,722 1,110 1,560 1,560 1,846 1,846 1,876 1,876 1,876 1,870 1,844 1,700 1,844	oprietary Initiatily Outlined Unitiatily Outlined Unitiatily Outlined Initiatily Outlined Initiative In	### Read by read States    3,309,722   0,024,110   0,534,560   0,970,846   0,970,846   0,440,876   0,440,876   0,447,971   2,283,344   0,974,1000   0,741,000   0,741,000   0,555,815   0,686,406   687,492   1,053,828   12,997,906   1,085,178   1,0	Distribution  Capital Stock  \$ 500,000,000 100,000,000 46,000,000 150,000,000 150,000,000 150,000,000 150,000,000 150,000,000 150,000,000 150,000,000 112,756,724 100,000,000 124,741,000 139,555,815 1,000,000 11,687,492 200,000,000 224,952,320 11,687,492 200,000,000 124,952,320 70,000,000	of United Sto Surplus 2247,593,409 1,534,560 c59,562,029 18,283,344 141,686,406 1188,990,185 48,392,676	Interasts Interasts Interasts 38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67 b236,86 5,63 5,63 5,63 5,63 5,63 5,63 5,63 5,6
deconstruction Finance Corporation	### Comparison of Comparison o	tites and Rese  Not Quaranteed by United States  \$ 486,145,677 73,422,651 380,042 2,771,772 180,450,563 13,906,154 158,720,045 97,880,289 1,116,918 123,501,237 1,375,727 2,792,589 4,034,327 2,792,589 4,199,581 812,661,968 198,865,146 198,865,146	704al  704al  908,114,44 279,850,84 380,0- 2,771,77 180,450,56 13,906,14 1,116,91 123,501,23 4,048,08 117,603,61 4,034,32 1,430,164,61,61 1,430,164,04 3,953,33	Bzces. of Asse. Over L4abilitis.  800 786,309 45 110,024 42 47,534 4,991 33 289,299 44 233,970 54,640 5112,762 112,762 113,719 100 40,437 113,128 39,555 39,555 63 39,555 63 142,686 61 109,085 61 110,90.85 61 110,90.85 61 110,90.85 61 110,90.85 61 110,90.85 61 110,90.85 61 110,90.85 61 110,90.85	Prives d	oprictary Intactly Ounced Units  786	### Read by read States    \$3,009,722   .024,110   .534,560   .560,000   .000	### Company	af United Sto Surplus 247,593,409 1,534,560 259,562,929 18,283,344 141,686,406	Interagency Interests  Interagency Interests  38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67 b236,80 5,63 64,519,79 b199,000,00  b15,946,17 5,055,40 b9,307,499 9,307,499
teconstruction Finance Corporation	### Comparison of Comparison o	### Titles and Rese  Not Guaranteed by United States  \$ \$66,145,677 73,422,651 380,042 2,771,772 180,450,563 13,906,154  158,720,045 97,880,289 1,116,918  123,501,237 1,375,727 2,792,589 4,034,327 g41,909,581 12,661,908	70es d  Total  279.850.8 380.0 2,771.7 180.450.5 13,906.14 158,720,04 3,066.216.04 1,116,91 1123,501,23 4,048.06 117,603.61 4,034.32 1,430.164.65 1,812.661.90 1,812.661.90 1,812.661.90 1,812.651.43	Bzces of Asse Over Liabilitie 80 786,309 45 110,024 22 4,691 33 299,299 54 233,970 54,640 104,437 112,772 123,719 04,437 173,128 66,39,555 39,555 312,686 77 11,687 1	Priss d Priss	Description	### Read by read States    \$3,009,722   .024,110   .534,560   .560,000   .000	### Company	of United Sto Surplus \$247,593,409 1,534,560 c59,562,029 18,283,344 141,686,406 1188,990,185 48,392,676 12,155,271	Interagency Interests  Interagency Interests  3 38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67 b236,80 64,519,79 b100,000,000 b15,946,17 5,055,40 b9,307,498
deconstruction Finance Corporation	### Comparison of Comparison o	### Titles and Rese  Not Guaranteed by United States  \$ \$66,145,677 73,422,651 380,042 2,771,772 180,450,563 13,906,154  158,720,045 97,880,289 1,116,918  123,501,237 1,375,727 2,792,589 4,034,327 \$41,909,581 128,261,908 198,865,146 3,953,393 261,405	70es d  Total  279.850.8 380.0 2,771.7 180.450.5 13,906.14 158,720,04 3,066.216.04 1,116,91 1123,501,23 4,048.06 117,603.61 4,034.32 1,430.164.65 1,812.661.90 1,812.661.90 1,812.661.90 1,812.651.43	Bzces of Asse Over Liabilitie 80 786,309 45 110,024 22 4,691 33 299,299 54 233,970 54,640 104,437 112,772 123,719 04,437 173,128 66,39,555 39,555 312,686 77 11,687 1	Prives d	oprietary Intately Ouned Units  786	### States    1,309,722	### Company	af United Sto Surplus 247,593,409 1,534,560 1,534,560 18,283,344 141,686,406 1188,990,185 48,392,676 12,155,271 12,076,096	Interagency Interests  Interagency Interests  38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67 b236,80 64,519,79 b100,000,000  b15,946,17 5,055,40 b9,307,498 9,307,498
teconstruction Finance Corporation	### Comparison of Comparison o	### Titles and Rese  Not  Not  Quaranteed by  United States  \$ \( \) \(\	704al  704al  908,114,44 279,850,84 380,0- 2,771,7' 180,450,54 13,906,12 158,720,04 3,066,216,04 1,116,01 1430,164,67 1,430,164,67 1,812,661,96 198,865,140 3,953,39 251,40 3,146,68	Bzcss of Asse Over Liabilitis 80 786,309 110,024 247,534 72 4,691 33 289,299 44,691 112,762 123,719 10 40,437 18,1283 43,991 17 173,128 86 39,55 31,42,686 11,687	Priss d Priss d Own  7,722  1,110  560  5,556  139,25,846  1,556	786 110 47 499,556 150 233 40 112 123 128 87,616 124 399,566 142 112 123 142 113 118 142 111 118 118 119 119 118 118 119 119 118 119 119	### Read by read States    1,309,722   .024,110   .534,560   .691,325   .000,000   .640,876   .762,354   .817,19,150   .843,7971   .283,344   .991,700   .741,000   .741,000   .745,828   .997,906   .855,178   .862,769   .976,096   .747,309   .747,309	### Company	af United Sto Surplus 247,593,409 1,534,560 1,534,560 18,283,344 141,686,406 1188,990,185 48,392,676 12,155,271 12,076,096	Interagency Interests  Interagency Interests  38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67 b236,80 5,63 64,519,79 b109,000,00  b15,946,17 5,055,40 9,307,49
deconstruction Finance Corporation	### Comparison of Comparison o	### Titles and Rese  Not Not Not Couranteed by United States  ### 286,145,677  73,422,651  380,042  2,771,772  180,450,563  13,906,154  158,720,045  97,880,289  1,116,918  123,501,237  1,375,727  2,792,589  4,034,327  ### 4,034,327  ### 1,034,321  198,865,146  3,953,393  261,405  3,146,680	7 Total  908, 114, 44 279, 850, 8 380, 0 2, 771, 7 180, 450, 56 13, 906, 12 158, 720, 04 3, 066, 216, 04 1, 116, 91 1123, 501, 22 4, 048, 08 117, 603, 61 6, 4034, 32 1, 430, 164, 67 1, 812, 661, 96 198, 865, 14 3, 953, 33 2, 51, 40 3, 146, 68	Bress of Asse Over Liabilitie 80 786,309 110,024 122 47,534 123,970 54,640 151,762 123,719 104,437 118,283 43,991 177,128 81,283 117,3128 83,955 39,553 142,686 119,085 31,738 11,687 11,687 11,687 11,687 12,076 18,053 11,78,52 12,076 18,747 18,747	Prives d	oprietary Intately Ouned Units  786	### Read by read by read by read by read by read states  \$ 1,009,722	Capital Stock  \$ 500,000,000 100,000,000 46,000,000 5,000,000 15,000,000 15,000,000 15,000,000 15,000,000 15,000,000 15,000,000 15,000,000 15,000,000 10,000,000 11,897,492 100,000,000 11,887,492 100,000 11,887,492 100,000 11,887,492 100,000 11,887,492 100,000 11,887,492 100,000	af United Sto Surplus 247,593,409 1,534,560 1,534,560 18,283,344 141,686,406 1188,990,185 48,392,676 12,155,271 12,076,096	Interagency Interests  Interagency Interests  38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67 b236,80 5,63 64,519,79 b109,000,00  b15,946,17 5,055,40 9,307,49
econstruction Finance Corporation ommodity Credit Corporation xport-Import Bank of Washington ederal Crop Insurance Corporation ederal Crop Insurance Corporation ederal Deposit Insurance Corporation united States Maritime Commission ural Electrification Administration ome Owners' Loan Corporation ederal Savings & Loan associations ederal Home Loan banks ederal Home Loan banks ederal Home Loan banks ederal Housing Administration mited States Housing Authority arm Credit Administration ederal Land banks ederal Land banks ederal Intermediate Credit banks anks for cooperatives reduction credit corporations egional agricultural credit corporations ar emergency corporations and agencies (in liquidation): Navy Department (sale of surplus war supplies) United States Housing Corporation United States Raliroad Administration. United States Spruce Production Corp.	### Comparison of Comparison o	### Titles and Rese  Not Not Outside States  ### 188.0.42  158.720.045  97.880,289  1,116,918  123,501,237  1,375,727  2,792,589  4,034,327  4,034,327  4,034,327  1,812,661,968  1,98,865,146  3,953,393  251,405  3,146,680	7 Total  908, 114, 44 279, 850, 8 380, 0 2, 771, 7 180, 450, 56 13, 906, 11 158, 720, 04 3, 066, 216, 04 1, 116, 91 1123, 501, 22 4, 048, 08 117, 603, 61 6, 4, 034, 32 1, 430, 164, 67 1, 812, 661, 96 198, 865, 14 3, 953, 33 2, 51, 40 3, 146, 68	Bress of Asse Over Liabilitis 80 786,309 110,024 122 47,534 123,970 54,640 151,762 123,719 1040,437 118,283 43,991 177,173,128 80,39,553 142,686 119,085 31,173,158 11,687 11,687 11,687 11,687 12,076 18,747 18,747 18,747 18,747	Prives d	### Proprietary Initially Compared From Proprietary Initially Comp	### A States    3, 309, 722   0,024, 110   0,534, 560   0,970, 846   82, 640, 640, 876   2,283, 344   1,997, 906   1,000   1,0	### Computation    Capital   Stock	c59,562,029 11,534,560 12,155,271 2,076,096 13,747,309	Interagency Interests  Interagency Interests  38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67 b236,89 64,519,79 b100,000,00  b15,946,17 5,055,04 19,307,49 9,307,49
econstruction Finance Corporation commodity Credit Corporation export-Import Bank of Washington ederal Crop Insurance Corporation concessee Valley Authority colic Works Administration come Owners' Loan Corporation come Owners' Loan Corporation deral Savings & Loan Insurance Corpoderal Savings & Loan Insurance Corpoderal Savings & Loan associations coderal Housing Administration deral Housing Administration deral Housing Administration deral Home Loan banks coderal Housing Administration deral Farm Mortgage Corporation deral Farm Mortgage Corporation deral Intermediate Credit banks ands for cooperatives coduction credit corporations ar emergency corporations and agencies (In liquidation): Navy Department (sale of surplus war supplies) United States Housing Corporation United States Raliroad Administration United States Spruce Production Corp War Finance Corporation	### Comparison of Comparison o	### Titles and Rese  Not Not Not Couranteed by United States  ### 286,145,677  73,422,651  380,042  2,771,772  180,450,563  13,906,154  158,720,045  97,880,289  1,116,918  123,501,237  1,375,727  2,792,589  4,034,327  ### 4,034,327  ### 1,034,321  198,865,146  3,953,393  261,405  3,146,680	7 Total  908, 114, 44 279, 850, 8 380, 0 2, 771, 7 180, 450, 56 13, 906, 11 158, 720, 04 3, 066, 216, 04 1, 116, 91 1123, 501, 22 4, 048, 08 117, 603, 61 6, 4, 034, 32 1, 430, 164, 67 1, 812, 661, 96 198, 865, 14 3, 953, 33 2, 51, 40 3, 146, 68	Bress of Asse Over Liabilitis 80 786,309 110,024 122 47,534 123,970 54,640 151,762 123,719 1040,437 118,283 43,991 177,173,128 80,39,553 142,686 119,085 31,173,158 11,687 11,687 11,687 11,687 12,076 18,747 18,747 18,747 18,747	Priss d Priss	Description	1,000   1,00	### Company	of United Sto Surplus \$247,593,409 1,534,560 1,534,560 1,534,560 18,283,344 141,686,406 1188,990,185 48,392,676 12,155,271 12,076,096 13,747,309	Interagency Interests  Interagency Interests  38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67 b236,80  64,519,79 b100,000,00  b15,946,17 5,055,40 b9,307,499 9,307,499
econstruction Finance Corporation commodity Credit Corporation commodity Corporation commodity Authority colic Works Administration come Owners' Loan Corporation come Owners' Loan Corporation come Owners' Loan associations come Owners' Loan associations comeral Savings & Loan associations coderal Savings & Loan associations coderal Home Loan banks coderal Land banks coderal Land banks coderal Land banks coderal Land banks coduction credit corporation coderal Land credit corporations coderal Intermediate Credit banks coduction credit corporations consideral Intermediate Credit corporations consideral Faricultural credit corporations consideral Comporations consideral Comporation consideral Comporation consideration consideratio	### Comparison of Comparison o	tites and Rese  Not  Vot  Guaranteed by United States  \$ 486,145,677 73,422,651 380,042 2,771,772 180,450,563 13,906,154 158,720,045 97,880,289 1,116,918 123,501,237 1,375,727 2,792,589 40,034,327 1,375,727 2,792,589 41,909,551 812,661,986 3,953,393 251,405 3,146,680	7 Total  7 Total  908,114,44 279,850,84 380,0- 2,771,7' 180,450,56 13,906,12 158,720,04 3,066,216,04 1,116,01 123,501,22 4,048,08 117,603,61 4,034,034 1,430,164,67 1,812,661,96 198,865,349 251,40 3,146,68	Bzcess of Asse Over L4abilitia  \$ 80 786,309 110,024 122 47,534 72 4,691 33 289,299 44 233,970 40,437 81 112,762 112,762 112,719 100 40,437 81 118,283 43,991 17 173,128 86 39,555 314,553 85 314,553 85 315,360 6109,085 3173,852 151,368 6109,085 3173,852 151,368 6109,085 3173,852 151,368 6109,085 3173,852 151,368 6109,085 3173,852 161,687 18,747 1944 1944 1944 1957 2	Prives d	oprietary Intately Ouned Units  786	### Reserved by red States  \$ 1,009,722   0,024,110   0,534,560   0,970,846   0,40,876   0,40,876   0,40,876   0,40,876   0,437,971   0,283,344   0,437,971   0,283,344   0,437,971   0,984,406   0,40,874,409   0,40,965   1,40,406   0,40,406   1,40,406	Capital Stock  \$ 500,000,000 100,000,000 100,000,000 5,000,000 15,000,000 15,000,000 15,000,000 15,000,000 15,000,000 15,000,000 15,000,000 124,756,724 12,756,724 12,756,724 12,756,724 12,756,724 13,931,700 124,741,000 124,741,000 124,741,000 124,952,320 11,887,492 100,000,000 124,952,320 11,887,492 100,000,000 124,952,320 100,000,000 124,952,320 11,000,000 124,952,320 11,000,000 124,952,320 11,000,000 124,952,320 11,000,000 124,952,320 11,000,000 124,952,320 11,000,000 124,952,320 11,000,000 124,000,000 134,135,178 114,404 100,000	of United Sto Surplus  \$ 247,593,409 1,534,560 1,534,560  c59,562,929 18,283,344  141,686,406 1188,990,185 48,392,676 12,152,076,096 13,747,309  197,947 2,000 c1,127,258	Interagency Interests  Interagency Interests  38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67 b236,80 5,63 64,519,79 b199,000,00  b15,946,17 5,055,40 b9,307,49 9,307,49
econstruction Finance Corporation commodity Credit Corporation commodity Credit Corporation corporatio	### Comparison of Comparison o	### Titles and Rese  Not  Not  Quaranteed by  United States  \$ 286,145,677 73,422,651 380,042 2,771,772 180,450,563 13,906,154 158,720,045 97,880,289 1,116,918 123,561,237 1,375,727 2,792,589 4,034,327 1,375,727 241,909,581 812,661,968 198,865,146 3,953,393 251,405 3,146,680	7 Total  7 Total  908, 114, 44 279, 850, 8 380, 0 2, 771, 7 180, 450, 56 13, 906, 12 158, 720, 0 3, 066, 216, 04 1, 116, 01 1, 123, 501, 22 4, 048, 08 117, 603, 61 6, 4, 034, 32 1, 430, 164, 67 1, 812, 661, 96 198, 865, 14 3, 953, 39 251, 40 3, 146, 68	Bzces of Asse Over Liabilitis 80 786,309 110,024 121,762 123,970 154,640 151,762 123,719 1040,437 118,283 117,713,128 123,910 118,283 117,173,128 139,157 173,128 142,686 119,085 11,687 11,687 12,076 18,747	Prise d	oprietary Intately Ouned Units  786 110 47 499,556 150 233 40 112 123 40 118 87,616 124 112 121 121 121 121 121 121 121 121	### 1	### Computation    Capital   Stock	c59,562,929 18,283,344 141,686,406 1188,990,185 48,392,676 12,155,271 2,076,096 13,747,309 197,947 2,000 c1,127,258 88,137	Interagency Interests  Interagency Interests  38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67 b236,80 5,63 64,519,79 b199,000,00  b15,946,17 5,055,40 b9,307,49 9,307,49
econstruction Finance Corporation commodity Credit Corporation commodity Corporation commodity Authority colic Corporation come Owners' Loan Corporation come Owners' Loan Corporation come Owners' Loan associations come owners' Loan corporation come owners' Loan corporation commodity Corporation commodity Corporation commodity Corporations commodity Corporations commodity Corporation commodity Corporation commodity Corporation commodity Corporation commodity Corporation commodity Corporation commodity c	### Comparison of Comparison o	tites and Rese  Not Quaranteed by United States  \$ 486,145,677 73,422,651 380,042 2,771,772 180,450,563 13,906,154 158,720,045 97,880,289 1,116,918 123,501,237 1,375,727 2,792,589 4,034,327 2,3792,589 4,199,581 8,12,661,968 198,865,146 3,953,393 2,51,405 3,146,680	704al  704al  908,114,44 279,850,84 380,0- 2,771,77 180,450,56 13,906,14 1,116,91 1123,501,23 4,048,98 117,603,61 4,034,32 1,430,164,68 198,865,14 3,953,33 2,51,40 3,146,68	Bzces of Asse Over Liabilitis 80 786,309 110,024 1247,534 4,691 133 289,299 14233,970 154,640 151,762 112,762 123,719 1040,437 113,283 39,555 3142,686 117,352 118,283 148,283 148,053 148,	Priss d Priss d Own Priss d Ow	oprictary Intactly Ounced Units  786	### Read by read by read by read by read States    1,309,722   .024,110   .534,560   .544,560   .544,560   .762,354   .640,876   .762,354   .640,876   .762,354   .645,719,150   .741,000   .741,000   .741,000   .741,000   .741,000   .747,309	### Company	of United Sto Surplus \$247,593,409 1,534,560 1,534,560 c59,562,029 18,283,344 141,686,406 1188,990,185 48,392,676 12,155,271 2,076,096 13,747,309 c32,210,500 c1,127,258 88,137 2,662,400	Interagency Interests  Interagency Interests  38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67 b236,80 5,63 64,519,79 b100,000,000  b15,946,17 5,055,40 b9,307,49 9,307,49
econstruction Finance Corporation	### Comparison of Comparison o	tites and Rese  Not Quaranteed by United States  \$ 486,145,677 73,422,651 380,042 2,771,772 180,450,563 13,906,154 158,720,045 97,880,289 1,116,918 123,501,237 1,375,727 2,792,589 40,034,327 41,909,581 812,661,968 198,865,146 3,953,393 251,405 3,146,680	704al  704al  908,114,44 279,850,84 380,0- 2,771,7' 180,450,54 13,906,14 158,720,04 3,066,216,04 1,116,91 123,501,22 4,034,32 1,430,164,03 1,430,164,03 1,430,164,03 1,430,164,68 10,57 10,57 59,13 9,387,28 88,240,50 192,92	8xcss of Asse Over Ltabilitis  80 786,309 110,024 122 147,534 72 4,691 133 289,299 142 233,970 154,640 15112,762 123,719 100 40,437 18,183 142,686 171 11,687 2184,053 142,686 171 11,687 2184,053 142,686 171 11,687 2184,053 187,47 198,48 198,556 198,747 198,856 198,747 198,856 198,747 198,856 198,747 198,856 198,856 198,856 17,449 188,556 17,449 188,556 17,449 188,556 17,449 188,556 17,449 188,556 17,449 188,556	Priss d Priss d Own Priss d Ow	oprietary Intately Ouned Units  786 110 47 499,556 150 233 54 112 113 118 87,616 124 111 18 82,554 318 110 122 18 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110	### Read by read by read by read by read by read States    3,009,722   0,024,110   0,534,560   0,970,846   0,970,846   0,970,846   0,970,846   0,970,846   0,970,906   0,437,971   0,283,344   0,91,700   0,555,815   0,686,406   0,687,492   0,53,828   0,747,309   0,53,828   0,747,309   0,53,828   1,747,309   0,645,071   0,924,678   1,404,697,947   0,966   0,747,309   0,972,742   0,988,137   0,274,834   1,924,856,717   0,966,7	### Computation    Capital   Stock	of United Sto Surplus  \$ 247,593,409 1,534,560 1,534,560 c59,562,929 18,283,344 141,686,406 1188,990,185 48,392,676 12,152,271 2,076,096 13,747,309 197,947 2,000 c1,127,258 88,137 2,662,400 3,335,986	Interests  Interagency Interests  38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67 b236,80  64,519,79 b100,000,00  b15,946,17 5,055,40 b9,307,49 9,307,49 9,307,49
econstruction Finance Corporation  xport-Import Bank of Washington  ederal Crop Insurance Corporation  ederal Deposit Insurance Corporation  ederal Deposit Insurance Corporation  ennessee Valley Authority  ublic Works Administration  nited States Maritime Commission  ural Electrification Administration  ome Owners' Loan Corporation  ederal Savings & Loan associations  ederal Home Loan banks  ederal Home Loan banks  ederal Housing Administration  nited States Housing Authority  arm Credit Administration  ederal Intermediate Credit banks  ederal Intermediate Credit banks  ederal Intermediate Credit banks  anks for cooperatives  coduction credit corporations  ar emergency corporations and agencies  (in liquidation):  Navy Department (sale of surplus war  supplies)  United States Housing Corporation  United States Housing Corporation  United States Housing Corporation  United States Raliroad Administration  United States Pource Production Corp  War Finance Corporation  beer  Electric Home and Farm Authority  Farm Security Administration  Federal Prison Industries, Inc.  Federal Prison Industries, Inc.  Fanance Corporation  Intarior Department (Indian loans)  Inland Waterways Corporation  Fransance Corporation  Fransance Raliroad Co.	### Comparison of Comparison o	tites and Rese  Not Quaranteed by United States  \$ 486,145,677 73,422,651 380,042 2,771,772 180,450,563 13,906,154 158,720,045 97,880,289 1,116,918 123,501,237 1,375,727 2,792,589 4,034,327 2,3792,589 4,199,581 8,12,661,968 198,865,146 3,953,393 2,51,405 3,146,680	704al  704al  908,114,44 279,850,84 380,0- 2,771,77 180,450,56 13,906,14 1,116,91 1123,501,23 4,048,98 117,603,61 4,034,32 1,430,164,68 198,865,14 3,953,33 2,51,40 3,146,68	Bzccs of Asse Over L4ab4l4t4 \$80 786,309 110,024 121,762 133,289,299 142,4,691 153,112,762 123,719 104,437 118,283 117,173,128 123,179 173,128 142,686 171,73,128 142,686 111,687 123,719 144,053 142,686 119,085 117,385 122,076 18,747 18,747 18,747 18,747 18,747 18,747 18,747 18,747 18,747 19,348 18,747 19,348 18,747 19,348 1	Prise d	oprietary Intately Ouned Units    786	### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	Capital Stock  \$ 500,000,000 100,000,000 100,000,000 15,000,000 15,000,000 150,000,000 150,000,000 150,000,000 150,000,000 150,000,000 124,766,724 12,766,724 12,766,724 12,766,724 12,766,724 12,766,724 139,1700 124,741,000 139,555,815 1,000,000 11,887,492 000,000,000 11,887,492 000,000,000 11,887,492 100,000 11,887,492 100,000 11,887,492 11,444 100,000 11,887,492 11,444 100,000 120,000,000 130,000 140,000 150,000,000 150,000,000 150,000,000 180,000,000	of United Sto Surplus \$247,593,409 1,534,560 1,534,560 c59,562,029 18,283,344 141,686,406 1188,990,185 48,392,676 12,155,271 2,076,096 13,747,309 c32,210,500 c1,127,258 88,137 2,662,400	Interests  Interagency Interests  38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67 b236,80  64,519,79 b100,000,00  b15,946,17 5,055,40 b9,307,49 9,307,49 9,307,49
econstruction Finance Corporation	### Comparison of Comparison o	tites and Rese  Not Quaranteed by United States  \$ 486,145,677 73,422,651 380,042 2,771,772 180,450,563 13,906,154 158,720,045 97,880,289 1,116,918 123,501,237 1,375,727 2,792,589 40,304,327 2,792,589 41,909,581 812,661,968 198,865,146 3,953,393 251,405 3,146,680	704al  704al  908,114,44 279,850,84 380,0- 2,771,77 180,450,56 13,906,14 1,116,91 1123,501,23 4,048,08 117,603,61 4,034,32 1,430,164,68 1,430,164,68 1,430,164,68 1,430,164,68 1,430,164,68 1,430,164,68 1,430,164,68	8xcess of Asset Over Ltabilitis  80 786,309 110,024 122 47,534 4,991 133 289,299 44 233,970 54,640 15112,762 112,762 113,719 100 40,437 173,128 39,555 3142,686 1109,085 3173,852 122,076 18,747 1,924 114,697 1,924 1,9	Priss d Priss d Own Priss d Ow	oprictary Intactly Ounced Units  786 110 47 499,556 150 233 54 112 123 40 118 87,616 124 39 142 111 118 1256 318 109 107 122 18 41 11 118 118 118 119 118 118 119 118 118	### Read by read by read by read by read by read States    1,009,722   .024,110   .534,560   .691,325   .000,000   .691,325   .000,000   .71,000   .71,000   .71,000   .741,000   .755,815   .686,406   .687,492   .785,818   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .748,348,37   .749,366   .747,368   .747,368   .747,368   .747,368   .747,368   .747,368   .747,368   .747,368   .747,368   .747,368   .748,348   .748,368   .747,368   .748,3	### Compile    ***  **  **  **  **  **  **  **  **	of United Sto Surplus \$247,593,409 1,534,560 1,534,560 c59,562,029 18,283,344 141,686,406 1188,990,185 48,392,676 12,155,271 2,076,096 13,747,309 c32,210,500 c1,127,258 88,137 2,662,400 3,335,986 12,852,760 39,677,919	Interests  Interests  Interests  38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67 b236,80 5,63 64,519,79 b100,000,00  b15,946,17 5,055,40 b9,307,49 9,307,49 400,000
econstruction Finance Corporation	### Comparison of Comparison o	tites and Rese  Not Ouaranteed by United States  286,145,677 73,422,651 380,042 2,771,772 180,450,563 13,906,154 158,720,045 97,880,289 1,116,918 123,501,237 1,375,725,94 40,304,327 2,41,909,581 812,661,968 198,865,146 3,953,393 3,251,405 3,146,680	704al  704al  908,114,44 279,850,84 380,00 2,771,77 180,450,56 13,906,14 1,116,91 123,501,23 4,048,06 117,603,61 4,034,32 1,430,164,67 1,812,661,96 1,98,865,14 3,953,33 251,40 3,146,68	8xcss of Asse Over Ltabilitis  80 786,309 110,024 122 147,534 72 4,691 133 289,299 142 233,970 154,640 151,762 112,762 123,719 100 40,437 18,183 142,686 171 11,687 2184,053 142,686 171 11,687 2184,053 142,686 119,085 117,385 12,076 18,747 11,687 11,687 21,686 119,085 117,385 11	Priss d Priss d Own Priss d Ow	oprictary Intactly Ounced Units  786 110 47 499,556 150 233 54 112 113 118 87,616 124 111 18 182,554 318 110 118 122 123 123 40 142 111 118 124 111 125 1256 39 77 2 246 66 58	### Read by red States    1,000,722   .024,110   .534,560   .691,325   .000,000   .691,325   .000,000   .710,0	Capital Stock  \$ 500,000,000 100,000,000 100,000,000 100,000,0	of United Sto Surplus  \$ 247,593,409 1,534,560 1,534,560  c59,562,929 18,283,344  141,686,406 1188,990,185 48,392,676 12,152,711 2,076,096 13,747,309  c32,210,590 197,947 2,000 c1,127,258 88,137 2,662,400 3,335,986 12,852,760 39,677,919 258,529	### Interests    Interests
econstruction Finance Corporation momodity Credit Corporation sport-Import Bank of Washington ederal Crop Insurance Corporation ennessee Valley Authority ublic Works Administration nited States Maritime Commission ural Electrification Administration ome Owners' Loan Corporation ederal Savings & Loan Insurance Corp ederal Savings & Loan Insurance Corp ederal Home Loan banks deral Intermediate Credit banks anks for cooperatives deral Intermediate Credit banks and Intermediate Credit banks deral Intermediate Credit banks deral Intermediate Credit banks and agricultural credit corporations ar emergency corporations and agencies (in liquidation): Navy Department (sale of surplus war supplies) United States Housing Corporation United States Housing Corporation United States Raliroad Administration United States Spruce Production Corp war Finance Corporation Disaster Loan Corporation Disaster Loan Corporation Electric Home and Farm Authority Farm Security Administration Federal Prison Industries, Inc Interior Department (Indian loans) Inliand Waterways Corporation Panama Raliroad Co. Panama Raliroad Co. Peuerfo Rican Reconstruction Admin. RFC Mortgage Co Tennessee Valley Associated Cooper- atives, Inc.	### Comparison of Comparison o	tites and Rese  Not Quaranteed by United States  \$ 486,145,677 73,422,651 380,042 2,771,772 180,450,563 13,906,154 158,720,045 97,880,289 1,116,918 123,501,237 1,375,727 2,792,589 40,304,327 2,792,589 41,909,581 812,661,968 198,865,146 3,953,393 251,405 3,146,680	704al  704al  908,114,44 279,850,84 380,0- 2,771,77 180,450,56 13,906,14 1,116,91 1123,501,23 4,048,08 117,603,61 4,034,32 1,430,164,68 1,430,164,68 1,430,164,68 1,430,164,68 1,430,164,68 1,430,164,68 1,430,164,68	8xcss of Asse Over L4ab4l4t4 \$80 786,309 110,024 121,762 133,289,299 142,4,691 153,128,283 143,991 171,73,128 184,053 142,686 110,024 113,283 142,686 110,024 113,283 142,686 110,085 111,687 111,68	Priss d Priss d Own Priss d Ow	oprictary Intactly Ounced Units  786 110 47 499,556 150 233 54 112 113 118 87,616 124 399 142 111 118 1862,554 318 109 190 100 122 18 40 41 11 118 41 118 41 118 41 118 41 118 41 118 41 118 42 18 41 18 41 18 41 18 45 46 66 68 58	### Read by read by read by read by read by read States    1,009,722   .024,110   .534,560   .691,325   .000,000   .691,325   .000,000   .71,000   .71,000   .71,000   .741,000   .755,815   .686,406   .687,492   .785,818   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .747,309   .748,348,37   .749,366   .747,368   .747,368   .747,368   .747,368   .747,368   .747,368   .747,368   .747,368   .747,368   .747,368   .748,348   .748,368   .747,368   .748,3	### Compile    ***  **  **  **  **  **  **  **  **	of United Sto Surplus \$247,593,409 1,534,560 1,534,560 c59,562,029 18,283,344 141,686,406 1188,990,185 48,392,676 12,155,271 2,076,096 13,747,309 c32,210,500 c1,127,258 88,137 2,662,400 3,335,986 12,852,760 39,677,919	### Interests    Interests
econstruction Finance Corporation	### Comparison of Comparison o	### Titles and Rese  Not  Ouaranteed by United States  ### 286,145,677 73,422,651 380,042 2,771,772 180,450,563 13,906,154 158,720,045 97,880,289 1,116,918 123,561,237 1,375,727 2,792,589 4,034,327 1,375,727 241,909,581 812,661,968 198,865,146 3,953,393 251,405 3,146,680  10,575 59,136 9,387,285 88,240,501 192,920 701,579 1,046,218 2,292,654	7 Total  7 Total  908,114,44 279,850,84 380,0- 2,771,7,180,450,56 13,906,12 158,720,00 3,066,216,04 1,116,91 123,501,22 4,048,08 117,603,61 4,034,32 1,430,164,67 1,812,661,94 1,98,865,14	8xcss of Asse Over Liabilitis 80 786,309 110,024 121,762 123,970 154,640 151,762 123,970 154,640 151,762 123,719 164,645 177,31,28 184,053 194,053	Prise d	oprietary Intately Ouned Units  786 110 47 499,556 150 233 54 112 113 87,616 124 118 82,554 318 119 189,666 170 122 18 40 16 256 39 7 24 46 66 58	### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	Capital Stock  \$ 500,000,000 100,000,000 100,000,000 100,000,0	of United Sto Surplus  \$ 247,593,409 1,534,560 1,534,560  c59,562,929 18,283,344  141,686,406 1188,990,185 48,392,676 12,152,711 2,076,096 13,747,309  c32,210,590 197,947 2,000 c1,127,258 88,137 2,662,400 3,335,986 12,852,760 39,677,919 258,529	Interagency Interests  Interagency Interests  38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67 b236,80 64,519,79 b199,000,00  b15,946,17 5,055,40 b9,307,49 9,307,49 400,000  27,194,311
econstruction Finance Corporation commodity Credit Corporation xport-Import Bank of Washington ederal Crop insurance Corporation ennessee Valley Authority ublic Works Administration nited States Maritime Commission ural Electrification Administration ome Owners' Loan Corporation ederal Savings & Loan insurance Corporation ederal Savings & Loan associations ederal Home Loan banks ederal Land banks ederal Intermediate Credit banks anks for cooperatives coduction credit corporations ederal Intermediate Credit corporations ederal Intermediate Credit corporations (in liquidation): Navy Department (sale of surplus war supplies) United States Housing Corporation United States Housing Corporation United States Railroad Administration United States Railroad Administration United States Spruce Production Corp War Finance Corporation Electric Home and Farm Authority Farm Security Administration Federal National Mortgage Association Federal National Mortgage Association Federal Prison Industries, Inc Interior Department (Indian loans) Inland Waterways Corporation Panams Railroad Co. Puerfo Rican Reconstruction Admin. RFC Mortgage Co Tennessee Valley Associated Cooperatives, Inc Trensury Department: Railroad loans (Transp'n Act, 1920) Securities received from the RFC under Act of Feb. 24, 1938	### Comparison of Comparison o	### style="background-color: blue;" with a style: blue;" with a style="background-color: blue;" with a style: blue;" with a style: blue; with a style:	7 Total  7 Total  908,114,44 279,850,8 380,0 2,771,7 180,450,56 13,900,12 158,720,00 3,066,216,00 1,116,93 1,1430,164,67 1,16,93 1,4034,32 1,430,164,67 1,812,661,90 198,865,14 3,953,33 251,40 3,146,68	8zces of Assec Over Liabilitia 80 786,309 45 110,024 47,534 4,691 112,762 123,719 10 40,437 113,719 10 40,437 113,128 39,555 3142,686 17111,687 2184,053 173,128 31,991 174,645 1,924 1,144 697, 5 1,924 1,144 1,924 1,144 1,924 1,144 1,924 1,144 1,924 1,144 1,924 1,144 1,924 1,144 1,924 1,144 1,924 1,144 1,924 1,144 1,924 1,144 1,924 1,924 1,924 1,924 1,144 1,924	Priss d Priss	oprietary Intately Ouned Units    786	### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	### Capital Stock    Capital Stock	c59,562,029 1,534,560 1,53	Interasts Interasts Interasts Interasts 38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67 b236,89 64,519,79 b100,000,00 b15,946,17 5,055,0 b9,307,49 9,307,49 9,307,49 400,000
econstruction Finance Corporation commodity Credit Corporation xport-Import Bank of Washington cederal Crop Insurance Corporation encessee Valley Authority ublic Works Administration nited States Maritime Commission ural Electrification Administration ome Owners' Loan Corporation deral Savings & Loan associations deral Savings & Loan associations deral Home Loan banks deral Harm Mortgage Corporation deral Land banks deral Intermediate Credit banks anks for cooperatives coduction credit corporations ar emergency corporations and agencies (in liquidation): Navy Department (sale of surplus war supplies) United States Housing Corporation United States Housing Corporation United States Railroad Administration United States Railroad Administration. United States Frue Production Corp War Finance Corporation Electric Home and Farm Authority Farm Security Administration Federal National Mortgage Association Federal National Mortgage Association Federal Prison Industries, Inc Interior Department (Indian loans) Inland Waterways Corporation Panama Railroad Co. Puerto Rican Reconstruction Admin. RFC Mortgage Co Trensury Department: Railroad loans (Transp'n Act, 1920) Securities received from the RFC under Act of Feb. 24, 1938.	### Comparison of Comparison o	### Titles and Rese  Not Ouaranteed by United States  ### 266,145,677 73,422,651 380,042 2,771,772 180,450,563 13,906,154 158,720,045 97,880,289 1,116,918 123,501,237 1,375,725,79 4,034,327 2,41,909,581 812,661,968 198,865,146 3,953,393 3,251,405 3,146,680  10,575 59,136 9,387,285 88,240,501 192,920 701,579 1,046,218 2,292,654	704al  704al  908,114,4 279,850,8-380,0-2,771,7' 180,450,5-13,906,14 1,116,91 1123,501,23 4,048,05 117,603,61 4,034,32 1,430,164,67 1,812,661,96 1,98,865,14 3,953,33 251,40 3,146,68  10,57 59,13 9,387,28 88,240,50 192,92 701,57 1,046,21 2,292,65	8zces of Assec Over Liabilitia 80 786,309 45 110,024 47,534 4,691 112,762 123,719 10 40,437 113,719 10 40,437 113,128 39,555 3142,686 17111,687 2184,053 173,128 31,991 174,645 1,924 1,144 697, 5 1,924 1,144 1,924 1,144 1,924 1,144 1,924 1,144 1,924 1,144 1,924 1,144 1,924 1,144 1,924 1,144 1,924 1,144 1,924 1,144 1,924 1,144 1,924 1,924 1,924 1,924 1,144 1,924	Priss d Priss	### Description of the image of	### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	### Compile   ##	of United Sto Surplus  \$247,593,409 1,534,560 1,534,560  c59,562,929 18,283,344  141,686,406 1188,990,185 48,392,676 12,155,271 2,076,096 13,747,309  c32,210,500 197,947 2,000 c1,127,258 88,137 2,662,400 3,335,986 12,852,760 39,677,919 258,529 299,500	Intercepts Intercepts Intercepts 38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67 b236,80 5,63 64,519,79 b199,000,00  b15,946,17 5,055,40 b9,307,49 9,307,49 400,000 27,194,317
econstruction Finance Corporation ommodity Credit Corporation xport-Import Bank of Washington ederal Crop Insurance Corporation ennessee Valley Authority ublic Works Administration nited States Maritime Commission ural Electrification Administration ome Owners' Loan Corporation ederal Savings & Loan Insurance Corp ederal Savings & Loan Insurance Corp ederal Savings & Loan associations ederal Home Loan banks deral Home Loan banks deral Home Loan banks deral Home Loan banks ederal Home Loan banks deral Home Loan banks deral Farm Mortgage Corporation deral Land banks  coderal Intermediate Credit banks anks for cooperatives coduction credit corporations egional agricultural credit corporations ar emergency corporations and agencies (in liquidation): Navy Department (sale of surplus war supplies) United States Housing Corporation United States Raliroad Administration United States Spruce Production Corp war Finance Corporation ber: Disaster Loan Corporation Electric Home and Farm Authority Farm Security Administration Federal National Mortgage Association Federal National Mortgage Association Federal Raliroad Co Puerto Rican Reconstruction Admin RFC Mortgage Co Tennessee Valley Associated Cooper atives, Inc Treasury Department: Raliroad loans (Transp'n Act, 1920) Securities received from the RFC under Act of Feb. 24, 1938. Inter-agency items: Due from governmental corporations or agencies	### Comparison of Comparison o	### Titles and Rese  Not Ouaranteed by United States  ### 266,145,677 73,422,651 380,042 2,771,772 180,450,563 13,906,154 158,720,045 97,880,289 1,116,918 123,501,237 1,375,725,79 4,034,327 2,41,909,581 812,661,968 198,865,146 3,953,393 3,251,405 3,146,680  10,575 59,136 9,387,285 88,240,501 192,920 701,579 1,046,218 2,292,654	704al  704al  908,114,4 279,850,8-380,0-2,771,7' 180,450,5-13,906,14 1,116,91 1123,501,23 4,048,05 117,603,61 4,034,32 1,430,164,67 1,812,661,96 1,98,865,14 3,953,33 251,40 3,146,68  10,57 59,13 9,387,28 88,240,50 192,92 701,57 1,046,21 2,292,65	8xcss of Asse Over Liabilitis 80 786,309 110,024 121,762 123,970 154,640 151,762 123,970 140,437 151,283 171,73,128 183,951 171,73,128 184,053 142,686 119,085 11,687 121,762 184,053 142,686 119,085 11,687 12,765 12,765 18,747 18,283 171,73,128 18,931 171,73,128 18,931 171,73,128 18,931 172,13,128 18,931 173,128 18,931 174,053 18,747 18,747 18,747 18,747 18,747 19,24 114,697 19,24 114,697 19,24 114,697 19,24 114,697 19,24 114,697 19,24 114,697 19,24 19,24 114,697 19,24 19,	Prise d	oprietary Intately Ouned Units    786	### Read by read by read by read by read by read by read States  \$ ,009,722	### Compile   ##	of United Sto Surplus  \$247,593,409 1,534,560 1,534,560  c59,562,929 18,283,344  141,686,406 1188,990,185 48,392,676 12,155,271 2,076,096 13,747,309  c32,210,500 197,947 2,000 c1,127,258 88,137 2,662,400 3,335,986 12,852,760 39,677,919 258,529 299,500	Intercepts Intercepts Intercepts 38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67 b236,80 5,63 64,519,79 b199,000,00  b15,946,17 5,055,40 b9,307,49 9,307,49 400,000 27,194,317
econstruction Finance Corporation commodity Credit Corporation sport-Import Bank of Washington deral Crop Insurance Corporation concessee Valley Authority ubit Works Administration nited States Maritime Commission ural Electrification Administration ome Owners' Loan Corporation deral Savings & Loan Insurance Corporation deral Savings & Loan associations deral Howe Loan banks deral Housing Administration deral Housing Administration deral Housing Administration deral Housing Administration deral Intermediate Credit banks deral Land banks deral Intermediate Credit banks oduction credit corporations gional agricultural credit corporations ar emergency corporations and agencies (in liquidation): Navy Department (sale of surplus war supplies) United States Housing Corporation United States Railroad Administration United States Railroad Administration United States Groupe War Finance Corporation Electric Home and Farm Authority Fearm Security Administration Federal Prison Industries, Inc Interior Department (Indian loans) Inland Waterways Corporation Prederal Railroad Co. Puerfo Rican Reconstruction Admin RFC Mortgage Co. Treasury Department: Railroad loans (Transp'n Act, 1920) Securities received from the RFC under Act of Feb. 24, 1938 Inter-agency items: m Due from governmental corporations	### Comparison of Comparison o	### Titles and Rese  Not  Quaranteed by United States  ### 286,145,677 73,422,651 380,042 2,771,772 180,450,563 13,906,154 158,720,045 97,880,289 1,116,918 123,501,237 1,375,727 2,792,589 41,909,581 812,661,968 3,953,393 251,405 3,146,680  10,575 59,136 9,387,285 88,240,501 102,920 701,579 1,046,218 2,292,654	7 Total  7 Total  908,114,44 279,850,8 380,0 2,771,7 180,450,56 13,906,12 158,720,04 3,066,216,04 1,116,91 1123,501,22 4,048,08 117,603,61 6,4,034,32 1,430,164,67 1,812,661,96 198,865,14 3,953,39 251,40 3,146,88  10,57 59,13 9,387,28 88,240,50 192,92 701,57 1,046,21 2,292,65	8xcss of Asse Over Liabilitis 80 786,309 110,024 121,762 123,970 54,640 15112,762 123,970 040,437 118,283 118,283 117,173,128 128,033 139,157 171,188 171,188 171,188 171,188 171,188 171,188 171,188 171,188 171,188 171,188 171,188 171,188 181,053 181,0	Prise d	oprietary Intately Outside Interest Int	### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	## Capital Stock    Capital Stock	of United Sto Surplus  \$247,593,409 1,534,560 1,534,560  c59,562,929 18,283,344  141,686,406 1188,990,185 48,392,676 12,155,271 2,076,096 13,747,309  c32,210,500 197,947 2,000 c1,127,258 88,137 2,662,400 3,335,986 12,852,760 39,677,919 258,529 299,500	Interagency Interests  Interagency Interests  38,716,31 10,024,11 b308,67 b236,89 64,519,79 b100,000,00  b15,946,17 5,055,04 19,307,49 9,307,49

or footnotes see top of following column

#### FOOTNOTES FOR TABLE PRECEDING

a Non-stock (or includes non-stock proprietary interests).

b Excess inter-agency assets (deduct).

c Deficit (deduct).

d Exclusive of inter-agency assets and liabilities (except bond investments and deposits with Reconstruction Finance Corporation).

e Excludes unexpended balances of appropriated funds,
f Also includes real estate and other property held for sale.
2 Adjusted for inter-agency items and items in transit.

h Also includes deposits with the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and accrued interest thereon.

I Shares of State building and loan associations, \$43,425,010; shares of Federal savings and loan associations, \$173,033,800.

j Assets not classified. Includes only the amount of shares held by the United States Treasury.

k Net after deducting reserve for estimated amount of uncollectible obligations held by the Farm Credit Administration.

I Includes \$2,476,705 due to Federal Land banks from the United States Treasury for subscriptions to paid-in surplus.

m Represents inter-agency assets and liabilities of the Treasury Department and of Government agencies, which agencies are not included in this statement.

n Represents inter-agency holdings of capital stock and paid-in surplus items which are not deducted from the capital stock and paid-in surplus items which are not deducted from the capital stock and paid-in surplus interest represented by the eachtel stock paid-in surplus and non-stock interest in govern-

Note—Effective with the statement of July 31, 1938, the proprietary interest represented by the capital stock, paid-in surplus, and non-stock interest in governmental corporations and agencies which were offset by a corresponding item under "inter-agency proprietary interest" of the Treasury, have been omitted (except for such items as are included in the inter-agency assets and liabilities shown herein) for the purpose of simplification in form.

#### TREASURY CASH AND CURRENT LIABILITIES

The cash holdings of the Government as the items stood July 31, 1939, are set out in the following. The figures are taken entirely from the daily statement of the United States Treasury July 31, 1939.

CURRENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES GOLD

Assets-	GOLD		
Gold (oz. 463,929,093.7).			
Total			\$16,237,518,277.80
Gold certificates—Outsta Gold certificate fund—I Redemption fund—Fed	Board of Governors, F	ed. Res. System	9,101,444.33
Gold reserve	st \$346,681,016 of Un sury notes of 1890 ou	tstanding. Treas-	
Exchange stabilization fu	ind	mars in Treasury.	1,800,000,000.00
Gold in general fund: Balance of increment r tion in the weight or		\$142,405,399.17	\$15,905,799,784.21
In working balance	8000 000000000	189,313,094.42	331,718,493.59
Total			
Assess—	SILVER		
Silver (oz. 964.380,993.5) Silver dollars (oz. 388,129	***************************************		\$1,246,876,436.07 501,824,142.00
Total			\$1,748,700,578.07
Silver certificates outstar Treasury notes of 1890 ou Silver in general fund	tstanding		\$1,696,423,994.00 1,166,272.00 51,110,312.07
			-
Amen-		IND	V-11 2011 00 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Gold (as above) Bilver—At monetary valu			\$331,718,493.59 51,110,312.07
Subsidiary coin (oz. 2.4	36,092,6)		3,367,676.00
Subsidiary coin (oz. 2,4 Bullion—At recoinage	value (oz. 101,326,1).		140,074.10
At cost value (oz. 1,	153,188,055,1)		090,407,009.41
Minor coin			1,550,838.99
United States notes			4,686,160.00
Federal Reserve notes Federal Reserve bank no			10,228,265 00
Federal Reserve bank no	tes		524,370.00
National bank notes			395,833.00
Unclassified—Collections,	&c		18,399,139.71
Deposits in-Federal Res	erve hanks		727,829,929.24
Special depositaries acco National and other bar	ount of sales of Govt. s ak depositaries:	ecurities	771,193,000.00
To credit of Treasure	r United States		41,177,435.75
Foreign depositaries—	overnment officers		
To credit of other G Philippine Treasury—T	overnment officers o credit of Treasurer U	United States	186,617.81 2,340,870.52
Total			\$2,800,536,032.93
Liabilities-	dina		#0 000 F00 01
Treasurer's checks outstar Deposits of Govt. officers- Board of Trustees, Post	al Savings System:		
5% reserve, lawful m	oney		59,300,000.00
Other deposits		***********	8,812,571.87
Other deposits Postmasters, clerks of e Deposits for:	ourts, disbursing offic	ers, &c	264,481,911.36
Redemption of National Uncollected items, exchan	bank notes (5% fund ges. &c	, lawful money)	255,615.16 7,858,119.78
Balance today—Incremen Seigniorage (sliver) (see	Note 1)	544,125,911.81	\$353,229,187.44
Working balance		1,760,775,534.51	2,447,306,845.49
Total			\$2,800,536,032 93

a The weight of this item of silver bullion is computed on the basis of the average cost per ounce at the close of the month of June 1939.

Note 1—This item of seignlorage represents the difference between the cost value and the monetary value of silver bullion revalued and held to secure the silver certificates issued on account of silver acquired under the Silver Purchase Act of 1934 and under the President's proclamation dated Aug. 9, 1934.

Note 2—The amount to the credit of disbursing officers and certain agencies today was \$2,797,122,942.33.

### NATIONAL BANKS

The following information regarding National banks is from the office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Treasury Department: COMMON CAPITAL STOCK REDUCED

July 29—The First National Bank of Somersworth, Somersworth, N. H. From \$100,000 to \$93,700.

Aug. 3—The Elkins Park National Bank, Elkins Park, Pa. From \$50,000 to \$5,000.

VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION

Aug. 1—Woodridge-Langdon Savings & Commercial Bank, 2020
Rhode Island Ave., N. E. Washington, D. C.

Effective, May 1, 1939. Liquidating Agent, Eppa L. Norris
care of the liquidating bank.

#### PREFERRED STOCK "A" DECREASED

Aug. 3—The Elkins Park National Bank, Elkins Park, Pa. From \$55,000 to \$25,000.

PREFERRED STOCK "B" INCREASED

Aug. 3—The Elkins Park National Bank, Elkins Park, Pa. From \$45,000 to \$70,000.

#### PRELIMINARY DEBT STATEMENT OF THE UNITED STATES, JULY 31, 1939

The preliminary statement of the public debt of the United States July 31, 1939, as made up on the basis of

the daily Treasury statement, is		the basis o-
Bonds-		
3% Panama Canal loan of 1961 3% Conversion bonds of 1946-47	\$49,800,000.00 28,894,500.00	
21/2% Postal Savings bonds (18th to 49th ser.)	117,673,020.00	
Treasury bonds:	ATTO 047 000 00	\$196,367,520.00
4½ % bonds of 1947-52 4% bonds of 1944-54 3½ % bonds of 1946-56	\$758,945,800.00 1,036,692,900.00	
3 % % bonds of 1946-56	489,080,100.00 454,135,200.00	400
3½% bonds of 1943-47 3½% bonds of 1940-43 3½% bonds of 1941-43 3½% bonds of 1946-49	352,993,450.00 544,870,050.00	
31/4 % bonds of 1946-49.	818,627,000.00	
3½% bonds of 1946-49 3% bonds of 1951-55 3½% bonds of 1941 3½% bonds of 1943-45 3½% bonds of 1944-46 3% bonds of 1946-48 3½% bonds of 1946-52 2½% bonds of 1945-60 2½% bonds of 1945-47 2½% bonds of 1945-51 2½% bonds of 1948-51 2½% bonds of 1948-51 2½% bonds of 1948-52	755,432,000.00 834,453,200.00	
3½ % bonds of 1943-45	834,453,200.00 1,400,528.250.00 1,518,737,650.00	
3% bonds of 1946-48	1,035,874,400.00	
21/4 % bonds of 1955-60.	491,375,100.00 2,611,093,650.00	
2% % bonds of 1948-51	1,214,428,950.00 1,223,495,850.00	
2% % bonds of 1951-54	1,626,687,150.00 981,827,050.00	
2½% bonds of 1949-53	1,786,140,650.00 540,843,550.00	
2½% bonds of 1949-53 2½% bonds of 1945 2½% bonds of 1945 2½% bonds of 1948	450,978,400.00 918,780,600.00	
2 % % DONGS OF 1930-32	1,100,041,100.00	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
2% % bonds of 1960-65	1,485,385,100.00 701,074,900.00	07 010 000 070 00
U. S. Savings bonds (current redemp. value):		25,218,322,650.00
Series B-1936	\$177,015,345.25 325,053,790.50	
Series C-1937 Series C-1938	325,053,790.50 425,537,071.25 514,774,948.00 395,023,318.75	
Series D-1939	395,022,318.75	
Unclassified sales	112,000,270.47	1,949,436,747.22
Adjusted Service bonds of 1945 (Government Life Insurance Fund series)	\$280,201,150.00 500,157,956.40	
		780,359,106.40
Total bonds		\$28,144,486,023.62
Treasury Notes		
134 % series B-1939, maturing Dec. 15, 1939 134 % series D-1939, maturing Sept. 15, 1939 134 % series A-1940, maturing Mar. 15, 1940 134 % series B-1940, maturing Dec. 15, 1940 134 % series C-1940, maturing Dec. 15, 1941 134 % series B-1941, maturing Dune 15, 1941 134 % series B-1941, maturing Dec. 15, 1941 134 % series C-1941, maturing Dec. 15, 1941 134 % series A-1942, maturing Mar. 15, 1942	\$526,232,500.00	
154 % series A-1940, maturing Mar. 15, 1940	11,035,100.00 1,378,364,200.00	
1½ % series B-1940, maturing June 15, 1940 1½ % series C-1940, maturing Dec. 15, 1940	738,428,400.00 737,161,600.00	
1½% series A-1941, maturing Mar. 15, 1941 1¾% series B-1941, maturing June 15, 1941	676,707,600.00 503,877,500.00	
1¼ % series C-1941, maturing Dec. 15, 1941 1¼ % series A-1942, maturing Mar. 15, 1942	204,425,400.00 426,349,500.00	
	342,143,300.00	El Al-Villa
2% series B-1942, maturing Sept, 15, 1942 14% series C-1942, maturing Dec. 15, 1942 14% series A-1943, maturing June 15, 1943	232,375,200.00 629,116,900.00	
1 1/4 % series B-1943, maturing Dec. 15, 1943 34 % series A-1944, maturing June 15, 1944	420,973,000.00 415,519,500.00	
	\$7,242,709,700.00	
3% Old-Age Reserve account series, maturing June 30, 1941 to 1944		
3% Railroad retirement account series, ma-	1,220,200,000.00	
turing June 30, 1942 and 1944	69,100,000.00	
to 1944	550,200,000.00	
1940 to 1944	3,868,000.00	
to 1944	4,419,000.00	
4% Alaska Railroad retirement fund series, maturing June 30, 1941 to 1944	738,000.00	
2% Postal Savings System series, maturing June 30, 1940, and 1942 to 1944	143,000,000.00	
2% Government life insurance fund series, maturing June 30, 1943 and 1944	32,959,000.00	
2% Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation series, maturing Dec. 1, 1939, 1942 & 1943	121,000,000.00	State of the Second of the Sec
series, maturing Dec. 1, 1959, 1942 & 1945.	121,000,000.00	9,388,193,700.00
Certificates of Indebtedness—		
4% Adjusted Service Certificate Fund series, maturing Jan. 1, 1940	\$19,500,000.00	
21/2 % Unemployment Trust Fund series, maturing June 30, 1940	THE RESERVE THE PARTY OF THE PA	
		1,272,500,000.00
Treasury bills (maturity value)		1,308,522,000.00
Total interest-bearing debt outstanding		40,113,701,723.62
Matured Debt on Which Interest Has Ceased-		
Old debt matured—issued prior to Apr. 1, 1917 (excluding Postal Savings bonds)	\$3,896,750.26	
21/4 % Postal Savings bonds	39,900.00	
3½%. 4% and 4½% First Liberty Loan bonds of 1932-47	12,355,200.00	
4% and 4½% Second Liberty Loan bonds of 1927-42	1,256,600.00	
41/4% Third Liberty Loan bonds of 1928	1,982,200.00 17,698,000.00	
3% % and 4% % Victory notes of 1922-23 Treasury notes, at various interest rates	610,650.00 23,204,400.00	
Ctfs. of indebtedness, at various interest rates.	4,238,150.00 74,328,000.00	
Treasury bills	222,850.00	100 000 700 0
Daht Bearing No Interest		139,832,700.26
Debt Bearing No Interest— United States notes	\$346,681,016.00	
Less gold reserve	156,039,430.93	
	\$190,641,585.07	
Deposits for retirement of National bank and Federal Reserve bank notes	211,816,811.50	
Old demand notes and fractional currency Thrift and Treasury savings stamps, unclassi-	2,031,728.28	
fied sales, &c	3,240,273.74	407,730,398.59
Total grow date		
Total grow debt		140.661.264.822.47

#### **GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES**

Through the courtesy of the Secretary of the Treasury, we are enabled to place before our readers today the details of Government receipts and disbursements for July 1939 and 1938:

General and Special Accounts:	Month	of July
Receipts-	1939	1938
Internal Revenue: Income tax	41,753,758	47,032,021
Miscellaneous internal revenue	- 186,705,810	185,316,092
Unjust enrichment tax	466,870	305,814
Social security taxes	35,370,989	
Customs		
Miscellaneous receipts: Proceeds of Government-owned securities:		
Principal—foreign obligations Interest—foreign obligations		********
All other	4,932,456	10,815,256
All other	2,035,806	1,779,078
Seigniorage	. 2,697,833	1,779,078 1,591,550
Other miscellaneous		
Total receipts	307,845,808	311,092,419
Expenditures— General (including recovery and relief):		
Department of Agriculture:b	74,912,907	84,768,209
Agricultural Adjustment Program		57,649,386
Commodity Credit CorporationFarm Credit Administration.c	*765,706	154,200 3,144,516
Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation Federal land banks	761,066	2 070 804
Farm Security Administration	10.772.894	3,070,604 12,726,419
Farm Tenant Act	3,253,205	2,376,045
Rural Electrification Administration_d	2,341,680	2,518,633
Forest roads and trails_e Department of the Interior:b		
Reclamation projects_d		6,539,350
Port Office Department (deficiency)	60,502,659	5,885 49,803,625
War Department:b Military (national defense)f	48,797,279	39,122,366
River and harbor work and flood control.d	16,535,092	18,425,244
Panama Canal	1,491,954	833,057
Interest on the public debt	15,337,842	13,042,942
Refunds of taxes and duties	4,964,458	6,741,930
District of Columbia (United States share) Federal Loan Agency:		4,542,304
Federal Housing Administration	304,991	639,211
Other Federal Security Agency:	68,874	
Civilian Conservation Corps 2  National Youth Administration h	25,572,952	26,773,677
Social Security Board	1,986,029 41,242,816	39,901,178
Other	8,573,073	
Federal Works Agency: Public Buildings Administration f	5,308,623	4,143,067
Public Roads Administration_d	15,122,945	19,212,652
Public Works Administration_c_f	33,758,938	
United States Housing Authority d Work Projects Administration i	143,016 149,347,550	1,541,324 $172,205,345$
Other	149,347,550 *116,969	
Railroad Retirement Board	494,831	248,377
Tennessee Valley Authority	3,318,884 45,703,306	3,930,536 48,086,187
Subtotal	639,231,661	622,145,669
	039,231,001	022,140,009
Revolving funds (net): Farm Credit Administration	*411,980	*469,300
Public Works Administration	1,267,662	5,776,996
Subtotal	855,682	5,307,696
Transfers to trust accounts, &c.: Old-age reserve account	43,000,000	38,000,000
Railroad retirement account	21,900,000	22,000,000
Advs. to railroad unemployment insurance acet.	15,000;000	********
Government employees' retirement funds (U. S. share)	87,203,400	75,106,600
Sub-total	167,103,400	135,106,600
Debt retirements (sinking fund, &c.)	134,250	137,400
Total expenditures	807,324,994	762,697,365
Excess of receipts		
Excess of expenditures	499,479,186	451,604,946
Summary-		*
Excess or expenditures	499,479,186 134,250	451,604,946 137,400
Excess of expenditures (excl. public debt retirem'ts)	499,344,936	451,467,546
Trust accounts, increment on gold, &c., excess of		
expenditures (+) or receipts ()	+113,306,162	-321,523,058
Less national bank note retirements	612,651,098	129,944,488 3,386,420
Total excess of expenditures	612,651,098	126,558,068
Decrease in general fund balance	390,918,687	99,906,733
Increase in the gross public debt	221,732,411 40,439,532,411	26,651,335 37,164,740,316
Gross public debt at this date		37,191,391,651
* Evenue of annilla (deduct)		

\* Excess of credits (deduct).

a Expenditures under this caption include items heretofore classified as "General—Departmental," together with items of similar character heretofore classified as "Recovery and relief," under the following captions: Relief; Public Works—All other; Emergency housing; and Administration for Industrial Recovery. It represents all expenditures of the several executive departments and independent establishments except as otherwise indicated below. An analysis of this item by departments and establishments will be shown in the statement of classified receipts and expenditures appearing on p. 7 of the daily Treasury statement for the 15th of each

expenditures appearing on p. 7 of the daily Treasury statement for the 15th of each month.

b Additional expenditures are included in "Departmental" above.

c Additional transactions are included in revolving runds, stated separately below.

d Shown separately under "General" and "Recovery and relief" during fiscal year 1939.

e Included in "Public highways" under "General" and "Recovery and relief" during fiscal year 1939.

f Additional expenditures for fiscal year 1939 included in "Departmental" above.

g Includes expenditures formerly shown as a separate item under "General" and those included in the item "Relief" under "Recovery and relief."

h Included in "Works Progress Administration" during fiscal year 1939.

1 Formerly stated as "Works Progress Administration (including National Youth Administration)." See footnote h.

Financial Chronicle	Aug.	12, 1939
Trust Accounts, Increment on Gold, &c.	Month	of July 1938
Receipts—	8	
Trust accounts	105,972,576	
the gold dollar	26,430 7,819,691 57,914,856	22,052 4,631,011
Unemployment trust fundOld-age reserve account	43,000,000	38,000,000
Railroad retirement account	21,900,000	
Total	236,633,553	202,702,976
Expenditures—	101 506 166	06 000 700
Trust accounts Transactions in checking accounts of governmental	101,596,166	96,989,789
agencies (net), &c.: Commodity Credit Corporation Export-Import Bank of Washington	6,481,036 *166,765	*1.363.825
Rural Electrification Administration	*2,522,137 15,920,070	1,391,922 *259,790,844 1,795,184
United States Housing AuthorityOther	12,813,819 133,521,601	1,795,184 *56,432,135
Public Work« Administration revolving fund (Act June 21, 1938)	*714,000	
Chergeable against increment on gold: Melting losses, &c	236	923
For retirement of national bank notes Unemployment trust fund		3,386,420
Investments Withdrawais by States	†14,000,000 41,581,000	35,970,000
Benefit payments, railroad unemployment insur- ance account. Old-age reserve account:	69,066	F
Investments Benefit payments	43,000,000 1,426,846	38,000,000 779,513
Railroad retirement account: Investments	1,900,000	2,000,000
Benefit payments	9,032,778	8,061,676
Total	349,939,716	*118,820,082
Excess of receipts or credits	112 206 169	321,523,058
Excess of expenditures	113,306,162	
Tubic Debt Accounts		
Receipts— Market operations—Cash:		
Treasury bills	402,056,000	400,563,000
Treasury bonds U. S. savings bonds (incl. unclassified sales)	89,165,148	43,727,877
Sub-total	491,221,148	444,290,877
Adjusted service bonds	419,800	758,500
Exchanges—Tressury notes		
Treasury bonds		
Sub-total		P
Special series: Adjusted service certificates fund (certificates) Unemployment trust fund (certificates)		
Old-age reserve account (notes)	43,000,000 1,900,000	38,000,000 2,000,000
Civil service retirement fund (notes)  Foreign Service retirement fund (notes)	84,800,000 389,000	72,700,000 374,000
Canal Zone retirement fund (notes)	473,000 175,000	459,000 175,000
Postal Savings System (notes)	15,000,000	2,000,000
Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (notes)	20,000,000	20,000,000
Sub-total.	165,737,000	135,708,000
Total public debt receipts	657,377,948	580,757,377
Expenditures—	- 77.5	
Market operations—Cash: Treasury bills	401,720,000	533,950,000
Certificates of indebtedness	107,150 1,445,950	20,650 1,451,700
Treasury bonds United States savings bonds		6 872 158
Adjusted service bonds	7,877,517 3,113,300 83,800	5,427,200 423,500 485,300
Fourth Liberty bonds	186,950 101,040	485,300 198,360
Other debt items	12,515	22,449
Boles	3,548,315	4,207,725
Sub-total Exchanges—Treasury notes	418,196,537	553,059,042
Treasury bonds	*********	
Sub-total		
Special series: Adjusted service certificate fund (certificates)		1,000,000
Unemployment trust fund (certificates)	14,000,000	
Civil service retirement fund (notes) Foreign Service retirement fund (notes)	49,000	47,000
Canal Zone retirement fund (notes) Postal Savings System (notes)	9 400 000	*********
Government life insurance fund (notes) Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (notes)	3,400,000	* T ********
Sub-total	17,449,000	1,047,000
Total public debt expenditures	435,645,537	554,106,042
Excess of receipts	221,732,411	26,651,335
Excess of expenditures		********
Market operations: Treasury bills	+336,000	-133,387,000
Certificates of indebtedness Treasury notes	-107,150 $-1,445,950$	-20,650 -1,451,700
BondsOther debt items	+78,222,341 $-12,515$	+31,079,859
Nat. bank notes and Fed. Res. bank notes	-3,548,315	-22,449 $-4,207,725$
Sub-total	+73,444,411	-108,009,665
	148,288,000	+134,661,000
* Excess of credits (deduct) + Excess of redemptic		+26,651,335

\* Excess of credits (deduct). † Excess of redemptions (deduct). Note 1—Includes transactions on account of RFC Mortgage Company, Disaster Loan Corporation and Federal National M., 1ge Association.

# REDEMPTION CALLS AND SINKING FUND NOTICES

Below will be found a list of bonds, notes and preferred stocks of corporations called for redemption, together with sinking fund notices. The date indicates the redemption or last date for making tenders, and the page number gives the location in which the details were given in the "Chronicle":

location in which the details were given in the	Om ome	
Company and Issue-	Date	Pag
Allentown-Bethlehem Gas Co. 1st mtge. 31/8	Sept. 1	717
*American Ice Co 5% debentures	Sept. 30	1016
*Associated Gas & Electric Co. income debentures	Ang. 22	1016
*American Ice Co. 5% debentures *Associated Gas & Electric Co. income debentures Bayuk Cigars, Inc., 1st preferred stock	Oct. 15	720
Budd Realty Corp. 1st mtge. 6s.  *Caterpillar Tractor Co. 5% preferred stock.  Central Illinois Electric & Gas Co. 1st mtge. bonds  *Central States Edison, Inc., 15-year coll. trust bonds	Aug. 16	720 721
*Caternillar Tractor Co. 5% preferred stock	Nov. 25	1018
Central Illinois Electric & Gas Co. 1st mtge, bonds	Sept. 1	100
*Central States Edison, Inc., 15-year coll, trust bonds.	Aug. 25	1019
Chicago Union Station Co. 3 ½ % guaranteed bonds  Colon Development Co., Ltd., 6% pref. stock  Commercial Credit Co. 3 ½ % debs  *Connecticut Light & Power Co. 3 ½ % debentures  Cuban Telephone Co. 1st mtge. bonds	Sept. 1	102
Colon Development Co., Ltd., 6% pref. stock	Aug. 18	573
Commercial Credit Co. 3 ¼ % debs	_Sept. 30	873
*Connecticut Light & Power Co. 31/2 % debentures	Sept. 1	1021
Cuban Telephone Co. 1st mtge, bonds	_Sept. 1	x1474
Cuban Telephone Co. 1st mtge. 71/28	Sept. 1	874
Cuban Telephone Co. 1st mtge. 71/s.  Dominion Textile Co., Ltd. 1st mtge. 41/s.	Sept. 1	258
(Walton F \ Hollon & Co		****
7% preferred stock	_Sept. 20	730
10-year 4% notes	Sept. 20	730
Holland Furnace Co. \$5 cum. conv. pref. stock	Oct. 1	878
10-year 4% notes. Holland Furnace Co. \$5 cum. conv. pref. stock. Houston Oil Co. of Texas 10-year 5½s, series A. Hydro Electric Corp. of Va. 1st mtge. 5s.	Aug. 10	x3690 879
Hydro Electric Corp. of Va. 1st mtge. 58	sept. 1	579
Kansas Power Co., 1st mtge. 5s_ Iowa Power & Light Co. 1st mtge. 4½s	Sept. I	
lowa Power & Light Co. 1st mtge. 4 1/28	Sept. 1	262 879
Iowa Public Service Co. 1st mtge. 5s.		870
Kansas Power & Light Co. 1st mtge, 4½s Keystone Steel & Wire Co. serial notes	Clamb 1	879
Legington Telephone Co. let mtge Co.	Sept. 1	879
Lexington Telephone Co. 1st intge. 08.	Sept. 6	734
Loow's Inc. 21/07 debentures	Ang 15	734 417
Keystone Steel & Wire Co. serial notes Lexington Telephone Co. 1st mtge. 6s Lincoln Tel. & Tel. Co. 1st mtge. 3¾ % bonds Loew's, Inc., 3¼ % debentures  *Manila Electric Co. 1st mortgage 5s Marshall Field & Co. 7 % pref. stock  Mengel Co. 1st mtge. 4½ s  *Morristown & Erie RR. 1st mortgage 6s New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. 1st mtge. 5½ s  1st mtge. 5%	Sent 1	1030
Marchall Field & Co 70% prof stock	Sent 30	<b>23853</b>
Mengel Co. 1st mtge 416s	Sept. 1	419
*Morristown & Eric RR 1st mortgage 6s	Sept. 8	1030
New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. 1st mtge. 516s	Sept. 1	421
1st mtge. 5s Nord Railway Co. 614% bonds Ontario Power Co. of Niagara Falls 5% gold bonds	Jan. 1	421
Nord Railway Co. 616 % bonds	Oct. 1	x1176
Ontario Power Co. of Niagara Falls 5% gold bonds	Aug. 15	421
		x1179
Peoples Drug Stores, Inc., 614% pref. stock	Sept. 15	119
Peoples Drug Stores, Inc., 6¼% pref. stock	_oept. I	737
Reliance Mfg. Co. preferred stock	Sept. 1	267
Reliance Mfg. Co. preferred stock *Rhine-Westphalia Electric Power Corp. 7% secured notes	Sept. 9	
Rochester Gas & Electric Corp. gen. mtgs. as	_Sept. I	267
Scott Paper Co. 3 ¼ % debentures	sept. 1	423 423
Seneca Power Co. 1st mtge, 6s	_Sept. 1	423
Shell Union Oil Corp. 3½% debs (Robert) Simpson Co. Ltd. 1st mtge. 5s	Aug. 24	745 x3388
(Robert) Simpson Co. Ltd. 1st mtge. os.	Jan 1 146	#33355 #2398
(Robert) Simpson Co., Ltd., 1st mge. 6s Southern California Edison Co., Ltd., 1st & ref. mtge. 4s.	Sont 1	40000
Bouthern Canfornia Edison Co., Ltd., 1st & ref. mtge. 4s.	Sept. 1	268 124
Tennessee Corp. 6% debs. series B & C	Sept. 1	746
		140
West Penn Power Co.— 7% pref. stock. 6% pref. stock. Wheeling & Lake Erie Ry, ref. mtge. bonds	Feb. 1 '	40 751
607 prof stock	Feb 1	40 751 40 751
Wheeling & Lake Frie Ry ref mtge honds	Sept. 1	x3 860
Winston-Salem Terminal Co. 1st mtga 5e	Oct. 1	128
Winston-Salem Terminal Co. 1st mtge. 5s	Sept 1	x3398
* Announcements this week. x Volume 148.		20000
- Announcements this week. x volume 148.		

#### Announcements this week. x Volume 148

### DIVIDENDS

Dividends are grouped in two separate tables. In the first we bring together all the dividends announced the current week. Then we follow with a second table in which we show the dividends previously announced, but which have not yet been paid. Further details and record of past dividend payments in many cases are given under the company name in our "General Corporation and Investment News Department" in the week when declared.

The dividends announced this week are:

Name of Company	Per Share	When Payable	Holders of Record
Alabama Water Service Co. \$6 pref. (quar.)	8136	Sept. 1	Aug. 20
American Art Tile Corp. pref. A	†25c	Sept. 1	Aug. 11
American Business Shares	4c	Sept. 1	Aug. 15
American Capital Corp. prior pref. (quar.)	\$13%	Sept. 1	Aug. 15
American Fork & Hoe pref. (quar.) American Gas & Electric Co. (quar.)	\$136	Oct. 15	Oct. 5
American Gas & Electric Co. (quar.)	40c	Sept. 15	Aug. 16
Preferred (quar )	3146	Nov. 1	Oct. 9
American Investment Co. (Ill.) (quar.)	50c	Sept. 1	Aug. 19
American Laundry Machinery Co	2°c	Sept. 1	Aug. 21
American Oak & Leather Co	. 81	Aug. 18	Aug. 5
Cumulative preferred (quar.)	\$114	Oct. 1	Sept. 20
Anheuser-Busch, Inc	. 81	Sept. 9	Aug. 26
Archer-Daniels-Midland Co	25c	Sept. 1	Aug. 21
Arkansas Power & Light 7% pref	†\$134 †\$134	Oct. 2	Sept. 15
\$6 preferred	18136	Oct. 2	Sept. 15
\$6 preferred Associated Breweries of Canada (quar.)	20c	Sept. 30	Sept. 15
Preferred (quar.)	51%		Sept. 15
Automotive Gear Works, Inc., pref	141 14 c		Aug. 19
Auto Vehicle Parts Co. 5 1/4 % conv. 1st pref. (qu.	313%		June 20
Auto Vehicle Parts Co. 5½% conv. 1st pref.(qu.) Bangor Hydro-Electric Co. 7% pref. (quar.)	\$134		Sept. 11
8% preferred (quar )	3116		Sept. 11
Belding-Corticelli, Ltd. (quar.)	81	Oct. 1	Sept. 15
Preferred (quar.)	8134	Oct. 1	Sept. 15
Ried & Son Inc. 5% prof. (quar.)	\$134		Aug. 21
Preferred (quar.) Bird & Son, Inc., 5% pref. (quar.) Boston & Albany RR	82	Sept. 30	Aug. 31
Bower Roller-Bearing Co	50c	Sept. 20	
Bridgeport Gas Light (quar.)	50e		Sept. 15
Rullock's Inc	50c	Sept. 1	Aug. 11
Bullock's, Inc. Burma Corp., Ltd., Am. dep. rcts. (final)	5 annas	Oct. 6	Aug. 11
Canada Dry Ginger Ale, Inc	50c	Sept. 15	
Canada Starch Co Ltd prof (s -a )	\$336	Aug. 15	
Canada Starch Co., Ltd., pref. (sa.) Canadian Industries, A & B	18134		Sept. 30
Preferred	18132		Sept. 30
Canfield Oil Co	81		Sept. 20
6% preferred (quar.)	\$11/9	Sept 30	Sept. 20
Carman & Co., Inc., class A			Aug. 15
Carnation Co. 5% 1st pref. (quar.)	211/		Sept. 21
Central Arkansas Public Service 7% pref	\$135 \$135		Aug. 15
Central Illinois Light Co. 4 1/2 % pref. (quar.)	\$112		Sept. 20
Champion Paper & Fibre pref. (quar.)	8114		Sept. 15
Chicago Conn. 22 most	\$115 75c		Aug. 15
Chicago Corp. \$3 pref	10c	Sept. 15	
		Oct. 2	Sept. 12
Coca-Cola Co			Sept. 12
Colt's Patent Fire Arms Mfg. (quar.)		Sept. 30	
Columbian Carbon Co. (quar.)	\$1	Sept. 11	
Columbian Carbon Co. (quar.)		Sept. 1	Aug. 18
Collins & Aikman Corp			Aug. 18
5% conv. preferred		Sept. 15	
Congoleum-Nairn, Inc. (quar.)	\$11/4	Oct. 2	Sept. 11
Continental Can \$4 % Dref. (quar.)	30c	Sept. 1	Aug. 15

Name of Company	Per Share	When Payable	Holders of Record
Curtis Publishing \$7 preferred	50c \$11/4	Oct. 2 Sept. 1	Aug. 31 Aug. 10
Delaware Fund, Inc	\$11/8 30c 15c	Aug. 28 Sept. 15	Aug. 31 Aug. 10 Aug. 21 Sept. 1
Devonian Oil Co Durham Hosiery Mills 6% pref. A Eastern Utilities Associates Eastman Kodak Co. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	25c †\$1½ 50c	Aug. 7	Aug. 4
		Sept. 15 Aug. 7 Aug. 15 Oct. 2 Oct. 2	Sept. 5 Sept. 5
El Pago Natural Gas Co. (quan)			
7% preferred (quar.) Ely & Walker Dry Goods Co. Equity Fund, Inc. (quar.) Farmers & Traders Life Insurance Co. (quar.) Federal Compress & Warehouse (quar.)	\$134 1236 5c	Oct. 2 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Oct. 2 Sept. 1	Aug. 21
Farmers & Traders Life Insurance Co. (quar.) Federal Compress & Warehouse (quar.)	\$2½ 40c	Oct. 2 Sept. 1	Sept. 1 Aug. 22
Ford Motor of Canada A & B (quar.)	‡25c	Sept. 16	Aug. 15 Aug. 26
Gelman Co- General American Corp. (quar.) General Motors Corp.	5c 75c 75c	Sept. 12	Aug. 15 Aug. 17
	5c 75c 75c 31¼ 37½c \$1¾ \$1½ \$1½ \$1½	Nov. 1 Aug. 15	Aug. 9 Sept. 1 Aug. 22 Aug. 15 Aug. 26 Aug. 11 Aug. 15 Aug. 17 Oct. 9 Aug. 8 Aug. 16 Aug. 16 Aug. 19
General Plastics, Inc. (quar.). 7% preferred (quar.). Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co Preferred (quar.)	8112	Sept. 1	Aug. 16
Preferred (quar.) Great Northern Paper Hancock Oil of California A & B (quar.)	50c	Dept. I	Aug. 10
Class A & B extra— Hanna (M. A.) Co. pref. (quar.)— Hein-Werner Motor Parts (quar.)————————————————————————————————————	\$114 15c	Sept. 1	Aug. 15 Aug. 21 Sept. 5
Hires (Chas. E.) Co. class A com. (quar.)	40c 50c	Sept. 1	Aug. 22 Nov. 15
Home Fire to Marine Insurance (Calls)	\$2	Sept. 1 Sept. 15	Aug. 15 Sept. 5
Huston (Tom) Peanut Co. 7% pref. (sa.) Indianapolis Water Co. 5% cum. pref. cl.A (qu.) International Mining Corp International Nickel Co. (Can.), Ltd Iowa Public Service Co. 1st \$7 pref. (quar.)	\$314 \$114	July 1 Oct. 1 Sept. 20	Aug. 20 Sept. 12*
International Nickel Co. (Can.), Ltd. Iowa Public Service Co. 1st \$7 pref. (quar.)	10c 150c \$134	Sept. 30 Oct. 2	Aug. 31 Aug. 31 Sept. 20 Sept. 20
\$6½% preferred (quar.) 1st \$6 preferred (quar.) Jaeger Machine Co	\$1 % \$1 % \$1 ½ \$1 ½	Oct. 2	Sept. 20
Kansas City Stockyards of Maine (quar.)	2250	Sept. 1 Aug. 1 Aug. 1	Aug. 21 July 2 July 20
5% preferred (quar.) Keystone Custodian Fund K-1 (sa.) Kittanning Telephone Co. (quar.)	55c 50c	Aug. 1 Aug. 1 Aug. 1 Aug. 1 Sept. 1	Aug. 5
Le Tourneau (R. G.) Life & Casualty Insurance Co. (Tenn.) Louisiana Land & Exploration Co Minneapolis Gas Light (Del.) 6% pref. (qu.) 54% preferred (quar.)	25c 12c 10c	Oct. 2	Aug. 15 Sept. 15 'ept. 1*
Minneapolis Gas Light (Del.) 6% pref. (qu.) 5½% preferred (quar.) \$5.10 lst pref. (quar.)	\$11/4	Sept. 1 Sept. 1	Aug. 21 Aug. 21
\$5.10 1st pref. (quar.) 5% preferred (quar.)	\$1.271/4 \$11/4 15c		Aug. 21 Aug. 21
5% preferred (quar.) Mission Dry Corp Missisippi Valley Barge Line Monongahela West Penn Public Service Co.—		Aug. 2 Aug. 18	\ug. 19 \ug. 10.
Preferred (quar.) Moore Corp., Ltd. (quar.) Preferred A & Guar.) Motor Wheel Corp. (quar.)	43%c 40c	Oct. 2	Sept. 15 Sept. 7
Preferred A & B (quar.)  Motor Wheel Corp. (quar.)	\$134 40c 75c	Oct. 2 Sept. 8	Sept. 7 Aug. 18
National Container (Del.)	716c	Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Aug. 15	Aug. 21 Aug. 21
National Credit Co. (Seattle, Wash.) 5% pf.(qu) Neon Products of West Canada, Ltd Newberry (J. J.) (quar.) North Pennsylvania RR. (quar.)	50c	Aug. 11 Oct. 1	July 27 Sept. 16
North Pennsylvania RR. (quar.) Oahu Ry. & Land Co. (monthly)	15c	July 15	Aug. 21 Aug. 21 Aug. 1 July 27 Sept. 16 Aug. 14 July 12 Aug. 10
Oahu Ry. & Land Co. (monthly) Ogilvie Flour Mills pref. (quar.) Ohio Assoc. Telep. Co. 6% pref. (quar.) Oshkosh B'Gosh, Inc	\$134 \$112 10e	Sept. 1	Aug. 20 Aug. 18
Preferred (quar.) Pacific Power & Water Ltd. 6% pref. (quar.)	50c 75c	Sept. 1	Aug. 18
Parke, Davis & Co. Parkersburg Rig & Reel Patterson-Sargent Co. (quar.)	40c 25c 1236c	Aug. 19 Sept. 1	Sept. 16 Aug. 15 Aug. 16 Aug. 19
Parkersburg Rig & Reel Patterson-Sargent Co. (quar.) Pender (David) Grocerv class A (quar.) Peoples Gas Light & Coke	25c 121/4c 871/4c 50c	OCE. 10	Sept. 21
Peoples Gas Light & Coke.  Peoples Telep. Corp. (Butler, Pa.)— 6% preferred (quar.) Phila. Germantown & Norristown RR. (qu.) Photo-Engravers & Electrotypers (sa.) Pittsburgh Coke & Iron Co. \$5 pref. (quar.)	\$11/2 \$11/2 150c	Sept. 1	Aug. 31 Aug. 25 Aug. 15 Aug. 19* Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 25 Aug. 17 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 8 Sept. 8
Photo-Engravers & Electrotypers (sa.)  Pittsburgh Coke & Iron Co. \$5 pref. (quar.)	‡50c \$134	Setp. 1 Sept. 1	Aug. 15 Aug. 19* Aug. 18
Prentice Hall, Inc. (quar.) \$3 preferred (quar.) Procter & Gamble 5% pref. (quar.) Public Electric Light Co. 6% pref. (quar.) Public Service Electric & Gas Co. \$5 pref.	\$1¼ 70c 75c \$1¼ \$1¼ \$1¼ 1¼% 1½% 1½% 20c	Sept. 1	Aug. 18 Aug. 18
Public Electric Light Co. 6% pref. (quar.)  Public Service Electric & Gas Co. \$5 pref.	\$112	Sept. 1 Sept. 30	Aug. 17 Sept. 1
7% preferred (quar.) Pure Oil Co. 5% pref. (quar.) 5½ % preferred (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.) Republic Insurance Co. (Texas) (quar.)	14%	Sept. 30 Oct. 1	Sept. 1 Sept. 8
5¼ % preferred (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.)	200	Oct. 1 Aug. 25	Sept. 8 Sept. 8 Aug. 10
Rheem Mfg. (quar.) Rich's, Inc., 634% pref	20c \$15%	Sept. 15 Sept. 30	Sept. 8 Aug. 10 Sept. 1 Sept. 15
Republic Insurance Co. (Texas) (quar.) Rheem Mfg. (quar.) Rich's, Inc., 614 % pref Risdon Manufacturing Co. Roxborough Knitting Mills (quar.) Rutland & Western R R Sabin Robbins Paper pref. (quar.) Savannah Gas Co. 7 % pref. (quar.)	\$1% 37%c 8c	Sept. 1	Aug. 19
Sabin Robbins Paper pref. (quar.)	\$1 1/4 \$1 3/4 c 62 1/2 c 75 c	Oct. 1 Sept. 1	Sept. 20 Aug. 21
Sears, Roebuck & Co	75c	Sept. 15 Sept. 11	Aug. 31 Aug. 15
Simonds Saw & Steel 650 South Grand Building (reduced) Southern Colorado Power 7% pref	40c 40c +\$1	Sept. 15	Sept. 15 Aug. 5 Aug. 19 Aug. 1 Sept. 20 Aug. 21 Aug. 31 Aug. 15 Aug. 15 Aug. 31 Sept. 8 Aug. 18
Sparks-Withington pref. (quar.)	\$1 1/6 \$1 1/6 \$1 1/6 \$1	Sept. 15 Sept. 1	Sept. 8 Aug. 18
Sperry Corp. voting trust ctfs Standard Dredging Corp. pref. (quar.)	40c 20c	Sept. 1	Sept. 8 Aug. 18 Aug. 21 Sept. 5 Aug. 19 Sept. 4
Standard Wholesale Phosphate & Acid Works Storkline Furniture Corp. (quar.) Sunset McKee Salesbook class B (quar.)	12½c	Aug. 31 Sept. 15	Aug. 19 Sept. 4
Class B (extra)	37 1/4 c \$1 1/4	Aug. 21 Sept. 15	Aug. 10 Sept. 4
Class B (extra). Class A (quar.) Thew Shovel Co. pref. (quar.) Tip Top Tailors (initial). Title Insurance Co. St. Louis (quar.) Tubize Chatillon 7 % pref.	\$1 % \$3 121%c †\$1%	Aug. 14 Aug. 31	Sept. 4 Aug. 10 Sept. 4 Sept. 1 Aug. 7 Aug. 21 Aug. 21 Sept. 12 Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Aug. 4
	†81¾ 50c	Sept. 1 Sept. 30	Aug. 21 Sept. 12*
United States Gypsum Co. (quar.)	50c 50c	Oct. 2	Sept. 15 Sept. 15
Preferred (quar.) Utica Cotton Milis Van Raalte Co. Inc	\$1% 50c 50c	Aug. 9 Sept. 1	Aug. 4 Aug. 17
7% 1st preferred (quar.) Virginia Electric & Power Co. \$6 pref	\$134 \$135 \$2	Sept. 1	Aug. 17 Aug. 31
Virginian RR Walker & Co. class A	†50c 10c	Sept. 26 Sept. 1	Aug. 22 Aug. 17
Weisbaum BrosBrower Welch Grave Juice pref. (quar.) Wentworth Mfg. Co	\$1% 10c	Aug. 31 Aug. 28	Aug. 15 Aug. 18
	40c 10c	Aug. 15	Aug. 18 Aug. 8
Whiting Corp. (irregular) 61/4% preferred (quar.) Williams (J. B.) Co. (quar.) 75c. cumulative preferred (quar.)	\$1 1/4 25c 25c 10c 18 1/4 \$1 1/4	Aug. 15	Aug. 7
Winters & Crambion Corp. (resumed)	18%c	Aug. 25	Aug. 15 July 31
Cumulative conv. preferred (quar.) Woolf Bros., Inc., 7% pref. (quar.) Yellow & Checker Cab Co. class A	181	Aug. 18	Sept. 15 Aug. 4 Aug. 17 Aug. 17 Aug. 31 Sept. 16 Aug. 22 Aug. 17 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 7 Aug. 7 Aug. 7 Aug. 15 July 21 Aug. 7 Aug. 15 July 31 Aug. 18 Aug. 18
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Below we give the dividends announced in previous weeks and not yet paid. The list *does not* include dividends announced this week, these being given in the preceding table.

Name of Company	Per Share	When Payable	Holders of Recor
Abbotts Daries, Inc. (quar.)	25c	Sept. 1	Aug. 15
Acme Wire Co. Actna Ball Bearing Mfg. (quar.)	50c 25c	Sept. 12 Sept. 12 Aug. 15 Sept. 15 Dec. 15	July 31
Aetna Ball Bearing Mfg. (quar.)	25c 25c 25c	Bept. 15 Dec. 15	Sept. 1 Dec. 1
Quarterly Agnew-Surpass Shoe Stores (semi-annual) Bonus	130c	Sept. 1	Aug. 15
Bonus Preference (quarterly) Alabama & Vicksburg Ry. Co. Allegheny Ludlum Steel, pref. (quar.)	11%%	Oct. 2 Oct. 1	Sent. 15
Allegheny Ludium Steel, pref. (quar.)	\$134	Sept. 1	Aug. 15
Allied Kid Co. (quar.)	25c 12½c 15c	Aug. 15	Aug. 10
Extra Allied Stores, 5% preferred (quar.) Alpha Portland Cement Aluminum, Ltd., 6% pref. (quar.)	10c	Oct. 1	Sept. 15
Alpha Portland Cement	\$1 1/4 25c \$1 1/4 20c	Sept. 25	Sept. 19
Aluminum, Ltd., 6% pref.(quar.)	47.73	Oct. 2	Aug. 15 Sept. 15
Quarterly Quarterly		Oct. 1 Sept. 25 Sept. 1 Oct. 2 Sept. 30 Dec. 31 Sept. 30 Dec. 31 Sept. 1 Oct. 2 Oct. 2 Aug. 15 Sept. 15	Sept. 15 Dec. 15
7% preferred (quar.)	\$1%	Sept. 30 Dec. 31	Sept. 15 Dec. 15
Quarterly. 7% preferred (quar.). 7% preferred (quar.). American Arch Co. (quar.). American Bank Note, preferred (quar.). American Can Co., pref. (quar.).	25c 75c	Sept. 1 Oct. 2	Aug. 18 Sept. 11
American Can Co., pref. (quar.)		Oct. 2 Aug. 15	Sept. 15 July 25
American Chicle Co. (quar.)	91	Sept. 15	Sept. 1
Participating preferred  American Envelope Co. 7% pref. A (quar.)  7% preferred A (quar.)  American Eactors Ltd. (monthly)	\$1 %	Sept. 1 Sept. 1	Aug. 194 Aug. 25
7% preferred A (quar.)	\$1 % \$1 % 10c	Dec. 1 Sept. 9	Aug. 25 Nov. 25 Aug. 31
American Factors, Ltd. (monthly) American Fork & Hoe Co. (quar.) American General Corp., \$3 pref. (quar.) \$2½ preferred (quar.)	15c 75c	Sept. 15 Sept. 1 Sept. 1	Sept. 5
\$2½ preferred (quar.)	62 14c	Sept. 1	Aug. 15
\$2 preferred (quar.) American Hide & Leather, preferred (quar.) American Home Products Corp. (monthly) American Indexpity Co. (horseed)	50e 75e 20e	Sept. 1 Sept. 30 Sept. 1	Sept. 21
American Indemnity Co. (increased)	\$116 25c	Oct. 1	Aug. 144 Sept. 1
Extra	50	Oct. 2	Sept. 5 Sept. 5
American Investment Co. (III.), 7% prefAmerican Investors Securities Co	43 % c 10c		
6% conv. preferred (quar.)	25c \$1½ 75c	Aug. 15 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 15	Aug. 21 Aug. 21
American Meter Co., Inc	75c		
American Investors Securities Co. American Metal Co., Ltd. 6% conv. preferred (quar.). American Meter Co., Inc. American Paper Goods Co.— 7% preferred (quar.). 7% preferred (quar.). American Re-Insurance. American Smelting & Refining Co. American Smelting & Refining Co. American Tobacco Co., com. and com. B (quar.) Anaconda Copper Mining Co. Armstrong Cork Co.	\$134 \$134 \$134 40c	Sept. 15 Dec. 15	Sept. 5 Dec. 5
Amer. Radiator & Standard Sanitary, pref. (qu.) American Re-Insurance	\$1% 40c	Sept. 1 Aug. 15	Aug. 25 Aug. 4
American Smelting & Refining Co	50c \$114	Aug. 31	Aug. 4
Anaconda Copper Mining Co Armstrong Cork Co	25c 25c	Sept. 21	Sept. 5
Preferred (quar.)	\$1 \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1	Sept. 15	Sept. 1
7% preferred. Associated Dry Goods Corp., 1st pref. (quar.) Associated Telep. & Teleg. Co. 7% 1st pref	\$152	Oct. 2	Sept. 15
Associated Telep. & Teleg. Co. 7% 1st pref	49c	Aug. 15	Aug. 1
\$6 1st preferred Atlantic Refining Co	42c 25c 75c	Sept. 15	Aug. 21
Atlantic Refining Co. Atlas Corp., 6% preferred (quar.) Atlas Powder Co. Baldwin Locomotive Works, preferred (sa.)	50c	Sept. 11	Aug. 31
Baldwin Rubber Co., common (resumed)  Baltimore American Insurance (semi-annual)	\$1.05 1236c 10c	Sept. 20	Sept. 15
	5c	Dec. 15 Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Aug. 31 Sept. 21 Sept. 1	uly 31
Baltimore Radio Show, Inc. (quar.)	5c 15c	Sept. 1	Aug. 15
Preferred (quar.) Bankers & Shippers Insurance Co., N. Y. (quar.) Barlow & Seelig Mfg., class A (quar.) Bayuk Cigars, Inc.	8c 15c \$114	Aug. 25	Aug. 10
Barlow & Seelig Mfg., class A (quar.)	31 c	Sept. 1	lug. 15
Bariow & Seelig Mig., class A (quar.) Bayuk Cigars, Inc. 1st preferred (quar.) Beacon Mfg. Co., preferred (quar.) Beattie Gold Mines Belden Mfg. Co. Belding Heminway Co. Bendix Aviation Corp. Best & Co. Inc.	31 c 18% c \$1% \$1% \$15c	Oct. 15	lept. 30
Beattle Gold Mines	5e 15e	Aug. 15	uly 31
Belding Heminway Co	17 1/2c 25c	Aug. 15	lug. 9
Best & Co., Inc. Bethlehem Steel Corp. (resumed). 5% preferred (quar.). 7% preferred (quar.). Bigglow Sanford Corpor preferred (quar.)	40c	Aug. 15 J	uly 25
5% preferred (quar.)	25c	Sept. 15 /2 Oct. 2 8	lug. 25 lept. 8
Bigelow-Sanford Carpet preferred (quar.)	\$134	Sept. 1	lept. 8 lug. 17
Birmingham Water Works Co. 6% pref. (quar.)	87 4c	Sept. 15	lug. 20 lept. 1
Bloch Bros. Tobacco Co. (quar.)	75c	Aug. 15 A	lug. 1
Blue Ridge Corp. \$3 pref. (quar.)	40c 50c 25c 8134 \$114 8714c 8114 75c 3714c \$114 75c	Sept. 30 8 Sept. 1	ept. 25
Bigelow-Sanford Carpet preferred (quar.) Birmingham Gas Co., \$3 ½ prior pref. (quar.) Birmingham Water Works Co. 6% pref. (quar.) Biauner's preferred (quar.) Bioch Bros. Tobacco Co. (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.) Blue Ridge Corp. \$3 pref. (quar.) Opt. div. of 1-32 d sh. of com. or cash. Bond Stores. Inc common (quar.) Borden Co. (interim) Boss Mfg. Co. Boston Fund (quar.) Bourjois. Inc., preferred (quar.) Bristol-Myers Co. (quar.) Brooklyn Edison Co. (quar.) Brooklyn Edison Co. (quar.)	20c	Sept. 15 8 Sept. 1 14 Aug. 15 J Aug. 21 15 J Sept. 1 14 Aug. 31 14 Sept. 1 14 Sept. 1 15 Sept. 1 15 Sept. 1 15 Sept. 1 15 Aug. 15 A	lept. 8
Boss Mfg. Co	30c 50c	Sept. 1 A	lug. 15
Boston Fund (quar.) Bourjois, Inc., preferred (quar.)	68%c	Aug. 21 J	uly 31
Bristol-Myers Co. (quar.) Brooklyn Edison Co. (quar.)	60c	Sept. 1 A	ug. 15
Brooklyn Teleg. & Messenger (quar.)	\$1 1c	Aug. 21	ug. 10
Buck Hill Falls Co. (guar)	\$2 1c \$1¼ 50c 12¼c 50c	Sept. 1	ug. 18
	50c 125c	Sept. 15	ug. 25
Buffalo Ankerite Gold Mines Bunker Hill & Sullivan Mining & Concentrating Co., common	25c	Sent i	ne 15
Bunker Hill & Sullivan Mining & Concentrating Co., common Bunte Bros., 5% preferred (quar.) 5% preferred (quar.) Burlington Mills Corp. Burroughs Adding Machine Co. Butler Bros., preferred (quar.) Butler Water 7% preferred (quar.) Byers (A. M.), preferred Dividend represents payment due Aug. 1, 1934 and accrued interest. Byron Jackson Co. (quar.)	25c \$114 \$114 25c	Sept. 1 A Sept. 1 A Dec. 1 A Aug. 15 A Sept. 5 A Sept. 1 A	ug. 26
Burlington Mills Corp	25c	Aug. 15 A	ug. 5
Butler Bros., preferred (quar.) Butler Water 7% preferred (quar.)	10c 37½c \$1¼ 2.19½	Sept. 1 8 Sept. 15 8	ug. 9
Byers (A. M.), preferred	2.193	Sept. 1	ug. 10
and accrued interest.  Byron Jackson Co. (quar.)		Aug. 15	uly 31
Byron Jackson Co. (quar.) California Packing 5% pref. (quar.)Corrected California Water Service, pref. (quar.) Canada & Dominion Sugar Co., Ltd	6234c	Aug. 15 J Aug. 15 J Aug. 15 J	uly 31
Canada & Dominion Sugar Co., Ltd.— New (quar.)	37140	Sept. 1	ne 15
New (quar.) Canada Wire & Cable, pref. (quar.)	3714c	Dec. 11	Nov. 15
Class A (quar.)	181	Sept. 15	ug. 31
Canadian Oil Cos. (quar.)	12 kg	Aug. 15	ug. 1
Carrer (Wm.) Co., preferred (quar.)	\$ 1	Sept. 1	ug. 15
Capterpillar Tractor (quar.)	50c	Aug. 25 A	ug. 15
Canada & Dominion Sugar Co., Ltd.— New (quar.) New (quar.) Canada Wire & Cable, pref. (quar.) Class A (quar.) Class A (quar.) Canadian Oil Cos. (quar.) Extra Carman & Co., Inc., class A Carter (Wm.) Co., preferred (quar.) Capterpillar Tractor (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Cedar Rapids Mfg. & Power (quar.) Central Eureka Mining.	75c	Sept. 1 A Dec. 1 N Sept. 15 A Sept. 15 A Dec. 15 A Aug. 15 A Aug. 15 A Aug. 25 A Aug. 25 A Aug. 15 J Aug. 15 J Aug. 15 J	uly 31
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Name of Company	Per Share	When Payable	Holders of Record
Central Illinois Public Service, \$6 preferred	*\$1 *\$1 *\$1 *\$1 *\$1 *\$1 *\$1 *\$1 *\$1	Sept. 15	Aug. 19 Aug. 19
6% preferred. Central Vermont Public Service, pref. (qu.)	\$11/2 100	Aug. 15 Aug. 15	July 31 Aug. 4
Century Ribbon Mills, pref. (quar.)	\$1% \$1%	Sept. 1 Sept. 1	Aug. 21 Aug. 1
Chester Water Service Co., \$5½ pref. (quar.) Chicago Electric Mfg. preferred A	\$134 †\$1	Aug. 15 Aug. 15	Aug. 5
Central vermont rubits service, pref. (quar.) Century Ribbon Mills, pref. (quar.) Chartered Investors \$5 pref. (quar.) Chester Water Service Co \$5½ pref. (quar.) Chicago Electric Mfg. preferred A Chicago Mail Order Co.	25c 25c	Sept. 1 Sept. 1	Aug. 10 Aug. 18
Cincinnati Union Terminal 5% pref. (quar.)	50c	Oct. 1	Sept. 18
5% preferred (quar.) City of New Castle Water Co. 6% pref. (quar.)	\$114 \$114 \$114	Sept. 1	Aug. 21
Clark Controller Co. Clark Equipment, irregular	25c 25c \$1¾	Sept. 15	Aug. 30 Aug. 30
Clark Equipment, irregular Preferred (quar.) Clear Springs Water Service Co., \$6 pref. Cleveland & Pittsburgh RR. Co. 7% gtd	18134 8734c	Aug. 15 Sept. 1	Aug. 5 Aug. 10
Special guaranteed	13.6c	Sept. 1 Aug. 15	Aug. 10 July 25
6% preferred (quar.) Collateral Trust Shares series A	13.6c	Sept. 1	Sept. 5 July 31
Special guaranteed Colgate-Palmolive-Peet Co. (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.) Collateral Trust Shares series A Colt's Patent Fire Arms Mfg. (quar.) Columbia Broadcasting System A & B Columbia Gas & Electric Corp.— 6% preferred A (quar.)	50c 45c	Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Sept. 1 Aug. 25 Oct. 1 I-1-40 Sept. 15 Sept. 1	Aug. 25
6% preferred A (quar.)	\$114	Aug. 15 Aug. 15	July 25 July 25
6% preferred A (quar.) 5% cumulative preferred (quar.) 5% cumulative preference (quar.) Columbia Pictures Corp. \$2% conv. pref. (qu.)	\$114 \$114 \$114 68%c \$1.10	Aug. 15 Aug. 15	July 25 Aug. 1
	\$1.10 4c	Aug. 15	July 15
Commonwealth International, Ltd. (quar.)	4c \$154 \$134 \$134 \$156	Aug. 15 Aug. 15 Aug. 15 Sept. 11 Oct. 2 Oct. 2 Oct. 2 Oct. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 1	Sept. 15 Sept. 15
6% preferred B (quar.) 6½% preferred C (quar.) Community Public Service	\$1 % 50c	Dec. 1 Aug 15	Nov. 15 July 25
Compunity Public Service Compania Swift Internacional (quar.) Compressed Industrial Gases	5 c 25c	Sept. 1 Sept. 15	Aug. 15 Aug. 31
Compressed Industrial Gases Concord Gas Co. 7% preferred Connecticut Light & Power (quar.)	750	Cost 1	Gont 15
Connecticut Power Co. (quar.)	62 15c	Sept. 1	Aug. 15
Consolidated Cigar Corp. 7% preferred	\$136 6236c \$136 \$136 \$136 50c 90c	Sept. 1 Sept. 15	Aug. 15 Aug. 11
Connecticut light & Power (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Connecticut Power Co. (quar.) Consolidated Cigar Corp. 7% preferred. Consolidated Edison Co. of N. Y., Inc. Consolidated Gas of Baltimore (quar.) 4½% preferred.	90c \$1%	Oct. 2 Oct. 2	Sept. 15 Sept. 15
Consolidated Gas, Elec. Lt. & Power (Balt.)	90c \$11/4	Oct. 2 Oct. 2	Sept. 15 Sept. 15
Consolidated Oil (quar.)	20c 25c	Sept. 1	Aug. 21
Consolidated Paper Co Consolidated Retail Stores, 8% pref. (quar.) Consumers Power Co., \$5 pref. (quar.) \$4 \( \) \( \) preferred (quar.) Continental Can Co. Inc. (interim) Continental Cushion Spring (resumed) Continental Co. (\( \) (\) (Co. (\) (\) (\) (\) (\) (\)	\$1 1/4 \$1 1/4	Oct. 2	Sept. 8
Continental Can Co. Inc. (interim)	50c	Aug. 15 Aug. 15	July 25* July 31
Cook Paint & Varnish (quar.)	25c 15c	Sept. 28 Sept. 1	Sept. 15 Aug. 18
Connerweld Steel Co	20c	Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Oct. 2 Oct. 2 Oct. 2 Oct. 2 Oct. 2 Oct. 2 Aug. 15 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept	Sept. 1
5% pref. (initial) Cosmos imperial Mills (quar.)	25c	Aug. 15 Oct. 14	July 31 Sept. 30
Courtauld's, Ltd., Amer. dep. rcts. (interim) Crane Co., 5% preferred (quar.)	\$114	Aug. 23 Sept. 15	July 18 Sept. 1
5% preferred (quar.)  Courtauld's, Ltd., Amer. dep. rcts. (interim)  Crane Co., 5% preferred (quar.)  Creameries of America, pref. A (quar.)  Cresson Consol. Gold Mining & Milling (quar.)  Crown Cork Seal Co. (quar.)  Crown Cork Seal Co. Inc. \$24 cum. pf. (qu.)	25c \$1¼ 2% \$1¼ 87½c 2c	Sept. 1 Aug. 15	Aug. 10 July 31
Crown Cork & Seal Co., Inc. \$2½ cum. pf. (qu.) Crown Drug Co. preferred.	56 % c 43 % c \$1 %	Sept. 10 Sept. 10 Aug. 15 Oct. 14 Aug. 23 Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Aug. 15 Sept. 15 Aug. 31 Aug. 31 Sept. 30 Sept. 30 Sept. 30	Aug. 31*
Crown Zellerbach, \$5 preferred (quar.) Crum & Forster Insurance Shares A & B	\$114 30c	Sept. 1 Aug. 31	Aug. 14 Aug. 18
Professed (anna )	\$134 \$2	Aug. 31 Sept. 30	Aug. 18 Sept. 20
Crum & Forster pref. (quar.) Cuneo Press pref. (quar.) Cushman's Sons. Inc., 7% preferred Daniels & Fisher Stores Co. (quar.)	\$1 % 87 %c 50e	Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Aug. 15	Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Sept. 5
Dayton Rubber Mig.	50c 35c	Aug. 15 Sept. 1	Aug. 1 Aug. 15
Deere & Co. preferred (quar.)  Dentist's Supply Co. of N. Y. (quar.)  7% preferred (quar.)	75c \$134	Sept. 1	Aug. 19 Sept. 30
7% preferred (quar.) Denver Union Stock Yards, 5½% pref. (quar.) Detroit Gasket & Mfg., preferred (quar.) Diamond Match Co. common	30c 50c	Sept. 1	Aug. 20 Aug. 15 Aug. 10
Common	25c	Dec. 1	Nov. 10
Participating preferred (sa.)  Participating preferred (sa.)  Dictaphone Corp	75e 75e	3-1-40 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Aug. 15. Sept. 1	2-10-40 Aug. 11
Preferred (quar.) Diem & Wing Paper Co. 5% preferred (quar.)	\$1 1/4 30c	Sept. 1 Aug. 15	Aug. 11 July 31
Dr. Pepper Co. (increased quar.)  Quarterly  Dominion Bridge, Ltd. (quar.)	30c 30c	Dec. 1	Nov. 18
	75c	Dec. 1 Aug. 15. Aug. 15. Aug. 15. Sept. 15	July 29 July 29
Preferred (quar.) Dewey & Almy Chemical Co. class B. Dominguez Oil Fields (monthly) Dominion & Anglo Investment 5% preferred.	200	ARCADO GALA	manage A.F.
Dominion Oilcloth & Linoleum Co. (quar.)	\$114 30c	Sept. 1 Oct. 31	Aug. 15 Oct. 16
Extra Dominion-Scottish Investments 5% preferred. Dover & Rockaway RR. Co. (sa.)	450c	Oct. 31 Sept. 1 Oct. 2	Aug. 21
Duplan Silk Corp. Eagle Picher Lead preferred (quar.) East St. Louis & Interurban Water 7% pf. (qu.)	\$3 500 \$134	Oct. 2 8 Aug. 15 Oct. 1	sept. 15
East St. Louis & Interurban Water 7% pf. (qu.) 6% preferred (quar.) Eastern Shore Public Service Co.—	\$11/2 \$13/4 \$11/2	Sept. 1	Aug. 21 Aug. 21
4079 preterred (quar.)	\$156 \$135	Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Aug. 25 Aug. 16	Aug. 10
\$6 preferred (quar.) Eaton Mfg. Co Electric Products Corp	50e 25e	Aug. 25 Aug. 16	Aug. 10 Aug. 5
Elgin National Watch Co.	25c	Aug. 16 Sept. 23 Oct. 16	Sept. 29
\$6 preferred (quar.) El Paso Electric Co. (Texas) \$6 pref. (quar.) Empire & Bay State Telephone, pref. (quar.)	\$136	Oct. 16	Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Aug. 21
Empire Capital class A (quar.)	10c	Sept. 1 Aug. 31 Aug. 15	Aug. 15 July 31
Empire Capital class A (quar.) Employers Reinsurance Corp. (quar.) Emporium Capwell Corp. 4½% pref. A (quar.) 4½% preferred A (quar.)	56 16 56 16 56 16 \$3 14 \$1 36 \$1 14 75e	1-2-40	Sept. 21 Dec. 21
4 % preferred A (quar.) 7% preferred (semi-ann.) Engineers Public Service, \$6 pref. (quar.)	\$3 1/4 \$1 1/4	Sept. 2318	Sept. 13 Sept. 15 Sept. 15
\$5½ preferred (quar.) \$5 preferred (quar.) Equity Corp. \$3 copy. pref. (quar.)	\$1.2	Oct. 2 8 Oct. 2 8 Sept. 1	Sept. 15
\$5 preferred (quar.) \$5 preferred (quar.) Equity Corp., \$3 conv. pref. (quar.) Exolon Co. (quar.) Faber. Coe & Gregg, Inc. (quar.) Fajardo Sugar Co. of Porto Rico Div. of 25c. per sh., plus div. of 25c. per sh Rep. a distribution out of proportionate int. in div. of the Fajardo Sugar Growers Assoc.	10c 50c	Oct. 2 8 Sept. 1 Aug. 30 Sept. 1 Sept. 1	Aug. 23
Pajardo Sugar Co. of Porto Rico		Sept. 1	Aug. 15
Rep. a distribution out of proportionate int. in div. of the Fajardo Sugar Growers Assoc.  Falstaff Brewing Corp. (quar.)		A 01	Aug. 10
Fansteel Metallurgical Corp. pref. (quar.)	15c 3c \$1 1/4 \$1 1/4	Aug. 31 Nov. 1	Sept. 15
Preferred (quar.) Federal Insurance Co. (N. J.) (quar.)	35C	Sept. 30 Dec. 18 Oct. 2 Sept. 1	Dec. 15 Sept. 21
Firestone Tire & Rubber preferred (quar)	31.29	sept. 11	Aug. 15
Fishman (M. H.) Co., Inc. (quar.)	15c 25c	Sept. 1	Aug. 15 Aug. 21

Name of Company	Per Share		Holders of Record
Florida Portland Cement 7% cum. pref. (qu.)Florida Power, 7% preferred A (quar.)7% preferred (quar.)7% preferred (quar.)Fort Wayne & Jackson RR., pref. (semi-annual) Ft. Wayne & Jackson RR. 5½% pref. (sa.)Freeport Sulphur (quar.)	\$2 \$134	Aug. 15 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Sept. 30 Oct. 1	July 31 Aug. 15
7% preferred (quar.) Fort Wayne & Jackson RR., pref. (semi-annual)	\$1 1/4 87 1/4 c \$2 1/4 \$2 3/4 25 c 12 1/4 c 20 c	Sept. 1 Sept. 1	Aug. 15 Aug. 19
Ft. Wayne & Jackson RR. 5½% pref. (sa.) Freeport Sulphur (quar.)	25c	Sept. 1	Aug. 15
Garner Royalties (special) Gatineau Power Co. (quar.)	20c	Sept. 30 Oct. 1	Sept. 1 Sept. 1
5½ preferred (quar.) General Acceptance Corp. \$1½ series pref. (qu.)	\$11/4 \$11/4 37/4c 35c \$11/4	Oct. 1 Aug. 15	Sept. 1 Aug. 5
7% conv. preferred (quar.) General Cigar Co. 2d pref. (quar.)	\$1% 50c	Sept. 30 Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Aug. 15 Aug. 15 Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Sept. 15 Sept. 15	Aug. 16 July 25
General Gas & Electric \$5 prior pref. (quar.) General Metals Corp	\$1 ¼ 25c	Sept. 15 Aug. 15	Aug. 15 July 31
treneral Kerractories Co	\$11/2 \$1/2		
General Shareholdings 36 preferred Optional div. of 44-1000 sh. of com stk. or cash General Outdoor Advertising Co. class A Preferred (quar.)	11/2 %	Aug. 15 Aug. 15	Aug. 7
Preferred (quar.). Gibralter Fire & Marine Insurance (sa.) Extra	11/4 % 50c 20c	Sept. 1 Sept. 1	Aug. 15 Aug. 15
Globe-Democrat Publishers 7% pref. (quar.)	50c \$134 \$1 25c	Sept. 1	Aug. 21 Aug. 31
Gibson Art Co. (quar.) Gibson Art Co. (quar.) Giobe-Democrat Publishers 7% pref. (quar.) Golden Cycle (quar.) Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. \$5 convertible preferred (quar.) Gorham Mfg. Co. Gossard (H. W.) Co. Grace National Bank (semi-annual) Grand Union Co. \$3 series conv. pref. Great Lakes Dredge & Dock Co. (quar.) Extra	25c \$114	Aug. 15 Aug. 15 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 11 Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Sept. 15	Aug. 15 Aug. 15
Gorham Mfg. Co	\$114 25c 25c 25c	Sept. 15 Sept. 1	Aug. 15 Aug. 25
Grand Union Co. \$3 series conv. prefGreat Lakes Dredge & Dock Co. (quar.)	\$3 50c 25c 25c	Sept. 1 Aug. 15	Aug. 10 Aug. 2
Great Lakes Terminal Warehouse Co.	25c 10c 75c ‡15c	Sept. 15 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Aug. 15 Sept. 11	Aug. 5 Sept. 5
Greening (B.) Wire Co. (quar.)	‡15c	Oct. 2	Sept. 15
Griggs, Cooper & Co. 7% preferred (quar.)	34%c \$1% \$1% \$1%	Sept. 1	Sept. 15 Sept. 30 Aug. 31 Aug. 31 Aug. 14 Aug. 15 Sept. 14 Aug. 15 Sept. 14 Aug. 15 Aug. 11 Aug. 21 Aug. 21 Aug. 21 Aug. 21 Aug. 21 Aug. 21 Aug. 15 Sept. 30 Aug. 1 Aug. 5 Sept. 15 Aug. 4 July 25 July 25 Aug. 15 Sept. 19 Aug. 15 Sept. 19 Aug. 15 Aug. 15 Aug. 15 Sept. 19 Aug. 15
\$5½ preferred (quar.) Gurd (Chas.) & Co. pref. (quar.)	\$133	Sept. 15 Aug. 15	Aug. 31 Aug. 1
\$5% preferred (quar.) Gurd (Chas.) & Co. pref. (quar.) Hackensack Water Co., 7% pref. (quar.) Halle Bros. Stores (quar.) Hallnor Mines, Ltd. (interim) Hamilton Watch Co. Preferred (quar.)	43 ¼ c 25c	Sept. 30 Sept. 1	Aug. 15
Halinor Mines, Ltd. (interim)  Hamilton Watch Co.	25c 25c	Sept. 15 Sept. 1	Sept. 1 Aug. 18
Hammond Instrument Co. 6% pref. (quar.) Hanes (B. H.) Knitting Co. (quar.)	75c 15c	Aug. 15 Sept. 1	Aug. 1 Aug. 21
Preferred (quar.) Hammond Instrument Co. 6% pref. (quar.) Hanes (B. H.) Knitting Co. (quar.) Class B (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) Harbison-Walker Refractories Co.	25c \$1 ½ 75c 15c 15c \$1 ½ 15c \$1 ½ \$1 ½ \$1 ½	Sept. 1 Oct. 2 Sept. 1	Sept. 20 Aug. 11
6% preferred (quar.) Harrisburg Glass preferred (quar.)	\$11%	Oct. 20 Oct. 16	Oct. 6 Sept. 30
Harrisburg Glass preferred (quar.) Havana Electric & Utilities Co. 6% 1st pref Hawaiian Commercial & Sugar Co	175c 50c	Aug. 15	Aug. 5
Hazel-Atlas Glass Co. Hercules Powder Co., pref. (quar.) Hershey Chocolate (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Hibbard, Spencer. Bartlett & Co. (mo.)	\$114 \$115 75c	Aug. 15 Aug. 15	Aug. 4 July 25
Preferred (quar.)	\$1 15c 15c 50c	Aug. 15 Aug. 25	July 25 Aug. 15
Monthly  Hires (Chas. E.) Co. class A (quar.)  Hobart Mfg. Co. class A (quar.)	50e 3716e	Sept. 29 Sept. 1	Aug. 15 Aug. 19
Entire issue called for redemption Oct. 1, 1939	3714c \$114	Oct. 1	Sept. 8
Hollinger Consol. Gold Mines (monthly)	15c	Aug. 12 Sept. 1	July 29
Extra Holophane Co Preferred (sa.) Holt (Henry) & Co. partic. class A Homestake Mining Co. (monthly) Hormel (Geo. A.) Preferred A (quar.) Horn (A. C.) Co. 7% non-cum. pref. (quar.) 6% non-cum. 2d partic. pref. (quar.) Horn & Hardart (N. Y.) pref. (quar.) Houdaille-Hershet, class A (quar.) Huntington Water Co. 7% preferred (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.)	\$1.05 15c	Oct. 1 Sept. 1 Aug. 25 Aug. 15 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 30 Sept. 1 Sept. 30 Sept. 30 Sept. 30	Sept. 15 Aug. 11
Hornel (Geo. A.)	37 15c	Aug. 15 Aug. 15	July 29 July 29
Horn (A. C.) Co. 7% non-cum. pref. (quar.) 6% non-cum. 2d partic. pref. (quar.)	\$1.05 15c 37 %c \$1 % 8 %c 45c \$1 % 62 %c \$1 % \$1 % \$1 %	Sept. 1 Sept. 1	Aug. 15 Aug. 15
Horn & Hardart (N. Y.) pref. (quar.)  Houdaille-Hershet, class A (quar.)  Huntington Water (C. 7%, preferred (quar.)	62 14c	Sept. 1 Sept. 30	Sept. 20
Huttig Sach & Door Co (resumed)	\$112 25c	Sept. 1 Sept. 30	Aug. 21 Sept. 22
Preferred (quar.) Preterred (quar.) Idaho Maryland Mines (monthly)	\$134 \$134 5c	Sept. 30 Dec. 30	Sept. 22 Dec. 22
Illuminating & Power Secur, Corp.—	\$1%	Aug. 15	July 31
7% preferred (quarterly) Imperial Life Assurance (Can.) (quar.) Quarterly Indiana Assoc. Telep. Corp. \$6 pref. (quar.) Ingersoil-Rand Co.	\$134 \$334 \$134 \$114 \$114	Aug. 15 Oct. 2 1-2-40	Sept. 30 Dec. 30
Ingersoil-Rand Co	OUG	Aug. 15 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Oct. 10	Aug. 1 Aug. 7 Aug. 15
Inland Steel Co. International Business Machine International Harvester Co. preferred (quat.)	\$132	Oct. 10 Sept. 1	Sept. 22 Aug. 5
International Match Realization Co.— Voting trust certificates (liquidating)———— International Railways of Cent. Amer.	\$20	Sept. 11	
5% cum. preferred	\$134 30c 30c	Aug. 15 Sept. 1	Aug. 5 Aug. 15 Aug. 10 Nov. 10 Aug. 8 Sept. 6 Aug. 15
Jersey Insurance of N V (g -a )	30c	Dec. 1 Aug. 24	Nov. 10 Aug. 8
Kable Brog. 6% pref. (quar.)	\$11%	Sept. 20 Aug. 15	Sept. 6 Aug. 15
Kansas City Power & Light Co— 1st \$6 preferred B (quar.)	\$136 1236	Oct. 1 Sept. 15	Sept. 14 Aug. 31
\$4½ preferred (quar.) Kaufmann Department Stores, Inc.—	121/3C \$11/8	Oct. 1	Sept. 15
5% convertible preferred (quar.)	\$11%	Sept. 15 Oct. 2	Sant 15
Kemper-Thomas, 7% special pref. (quar.)	†\$1% \$1% \$1% \$1% \$1% 25c 87%c 72c 25c 30c	Sept. 1	Aug. 22
Kendall Co. participating pref. A (quar.) Kennecott Copper Corp.	25c 25c	Sept. 10	Aug. 10 Sept. 2
Keystone Custodian Fund B-3 (sa.)	72c 25c	Aug. 15 Oct. 2	July 31 Sept. 20
Kansas City Power & Light Co— 1st \$6 preferred B (quar.) Katz Drug Co. \$4½ preferred (quar.) Kaufmann Department Stores, Inc.— 5% convertible preferred (quar.) Keith-Albee-Orpheum Corp.— 7% cum. conv. preferred Kemper-Thomas, 7% special pref. (quar.) Kendail Co. participating pref. A (quar.) Kennecott Copper Corp. Kennecott Copper Corp. Kentucky Utilities, junior pref. (quar.) Keystone Custodian Fund B-3 (sa.) Klein (D. Emil) Co. Kleinert (I. B.) Rubber Knapp Monarch.		Sept. 1 Sept. 30 Aug. 19 Aug. 15 Oct. 2 Sept. 30 Aug. 15 Sept. 13 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Nov. 1	Sept. 15 Aug. 1
Kresge (S. S.)		Sept. 13 Sept. 1 Sept. 1	Aug. 8 Aug. 8
Kroger Grocery & Baking Co	40c 25c \$134 \$134	Nov. 1 Oct. 2	Oct. 20 Sept. 20
6% preferred (quar.) Lake Superior District Power Co.— 7% cum. preferred (quar.)		Sept. 1 Sept. 1	Aug. 15
Lake Superior District Fower Co.— 7% cum. preferred (quar.). 6% cum. preferred (quar.). Lake of Woods Milling, 7% preferred Landis Machine Co. (quar.).	\$134 \$134 25c	Sept. 1	Aug. 15
Quarterly Lanston Monotype Machine	25c 81 3c	Nov. 15 Aug. 31	Nov. 4 Aug. 21
Quarterly  Lanston Monotype Machine  Lava Cap Gold Mining  Leath & Co. preferred (quar.)  Lee (H. D.) Mercantile Co.  Lehigh Portland Cement Co. 4% pref. (quar.).	62 1/4 c 25 c	Oct. 1 Aug. 15	Sept. 15 Aug. 5
Lehigh Portland Cement Co. 4% pref. (quar.). Lenigh Power Securities	\$1	Sept. 30 Oct. 1 Aug. 15 Oct. 2 Sept. 1 Sept. 14 Aug. 15 Sept. 1	Sept. 14 July 26
Lenigh Power Securities Lehn & Fink Products Corp Leitch Gold Mines, Ltd. Lexington Water Co. 7% pref. (quar.)	25c 12c \$1%	Aug. 15 Sept. 1	July 31 Aug. 21
availation water Co., 1% preis (quar.)	44.74	per I	

Name of Company	Per Share	When Holders Payable of Record
Libbey-Owens-Ford Glass	50e	Sept. 15 Aug. 31
Life Savers Corp  Special  Liggett & Myers Tobacco com & com B (qu.)	40c 40c \$1	Sept. 1 Aug. 1 Sept. 1 Aug. 1 Sept. 1 Aug. 15
Liggett & Myers Tobacco com. & com. B (qu.)_ Lincoin National Life Insurance (quar.) Link Belt Co.	00-	Nov. 1 Oct. 27 Sept. 1 Aug. 10
Preferred (quar.) Little Long Lac Gold Mines	\$1 % ‡10c	Oct. 2 Sept. 15 Aug. 26 Aug. 16
Link Belt Co. Preferred (quar.) Little Long Lac Gold Mines Little Miami RR., original capital (quar.) Original capital (quar.) Special guaranteed (quar.) Special guaranteed (quar.) Loblaw Groceterias A & B (quar.) Lock Joint Pipe Co. (monthly)	\$1.10	Sept. 9 Aug. 24 Dec. 9 Aug. 24
Special guaranteed (quar.)	50c 50c	Dec 9 Nov. 24
Lock Joint Pipe Co. (monthly)	25c 67c 66c	Sept. 1 Aug. 10 Aug. 31 Aug. 21 Sept. 30 Sept. 20 Sept. 25 Sept. 25 Aug. 15 July 28 Aug. 21 July 20
Monthly Lockhart Power Co., 7% preferred (semi-ann.) Loew's, Inc., \$6\\\ \text{cum. pref. (quar.)} Lone Star Gas Co.	\$31/4	Sept. 25 Sept. 25 Aug. 15 July 28
Longhorn Portland Cement Co	C0.000	Aug. 21 July 20
5% refunding partic. preferred (quar.) Extra 5% refunding partic. preferred (quar.)	\$1 1/4 25c \$1 1/4 25c \$1 1/4	Sept. 1 Aug. 21 Sept. 1 Aug. 21 Dec. 1 Nov. 20
Extra	25c	Dec. 1 Nov. 20 Dec. 1 Nov. 20 Oct. 1 Sept. 18
Loose-Wiles Biscuit Co., 5% preferred (quar.) Louisville Henderson & St. Louis RR. (sa.)  Preferred (sa.)	\$21/4 \$11/4	Aug. 15 Aug. 1 Aug. 15 Aug. 1
Preferred (sa.) Louisville & Nashville RR Ludlow Manufacturing Assoc	\$114	Sept. 1 Aug. 5
Lunkenheimer Co	\$1% 25c \$1% \$1% \$1% \$1%	Oct. 1 Sept. 22
Preferred (quar.) Luzerne County Gas & Electric, \$7 pref. (quar.) \$6 preferred (quar.)	\$15%	Aug. 15 July 31 Aug. 15 July 31
Lynch Corp. MacMillan Co. McClatchy Newspaper, 7% pref. (quar.)	50c 25c	Dec. 1 Nov. 20 Dec. 1 Nov. 20 Dec. 1 Sept. 18 Aug. 15 Aug. 1 Aug. 30 July 31 Sept. 1 Aug. 5 Oct. 1 Sept. 22 1-2-40 Dec. 23 Aug. 15 July 31 Aug. 15 July 31 Aug. 15 July 31 Aug. 15 July 31 Aug. 15 Aug. 5 Oct. 1 Sept. 22 1-2-40 Dec. 23 Aug. 15 July 31 Aug. 15 July 31 Aug. 15 Aug. 5 Oxion 10 Aug. 31 Aug. 30 Nov. 30 Nov. 29 Sept. 1 Aug. 1
McClatchy Newspaper, 7% pref. (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.)	43 14 c 43 14 c 50 c	Nov. 30 Nov. 29
McClatchy Newspaper, 7% pref. (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) McIntyre Porcupine Mines (quar.) Macy (R. H.) & Co. Madison Square Garden Magma Copper Co. Magnin (I.) & Co., pref. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	50c	Sept. 1 Aug. 1 Sept. 1 Aug. 11 Aug. 31 Aug. 18
Magma Copper Co	25c 25c \$136	Sept. 15 Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Aug. 5
Managed invostment, inc. (qual./	\$11/2 \$11/2 5c	Sept. 1 Aug. 1 Sept. 1 Aug. 11 Aug. 31 Aug. 18 Sept. 15 Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Aug. 5 Nov. 15 Nov. 4 Aug. 15 Aug. 1 Sept. 1 Aug. 10 Aug. 15 Aug. 1
Manufacturers Casualty Insurance (quar.)	20c 40c	Aug. 15 Aug. 1
Extra Maryland Fund, Inc. (quar.)	10c 5c 5c	Sept. 15 Aug. 31 Dec. 15 Nov. 30
Masonite Corp., common (quar.)	25c \$1 14	Sept. 15 Aug. 31 Dec. 15 Nov. 30 Sept. 10 Aug. 20 Sept. 1 Aug. 20
Quarterly Masonite Corp., common (quar.) 5% preferred (quar.) Matson Navigation Co. (quar.) May Department Stores Co. common (quar.)	\$114 25c 75c	Aug. 15 Aug. 10 Sept. 1 Aug. 16
Mead Corp., class A pret. (quar.) Class B preterred (quar.) Meadville Telephone Co. (quar.) Meier & Frank Co., Inc. (quar.) Mercantile Stores Co., Inc., 7% pref. (quar.)	\$1 1/2 \$1 3/4 37 1/2 c 15c	Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Sept. 1 Aug. 15
Meier & Frank Co., Inc. (quar.)	15c	Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Aug. 15 July 31 Aug. 15 July 31 Oct. 1 Sept. 20 Oct. 1 Sept. 20 Sept. 11 Sept. 1 Sept. 30 Sept. 20 Sept. 1 Aug. 21
Mercattile stores Co., Inc., 7% pret. (quar.)  Merck & Co	\$134 25c \$144	Oct. 1 Sept. 20 Oct. 1 Sept. 20
Metal & Thermit (quar.)	\$1 1/4 \$1 \$1 1/4	Sept. 11 Sept. 1 Sept. 30 Sept. 20
7% preferred (quar.) Metal Textile Corp., pref. (quar.) Middlesex Water Co. (quar.)	02/40	Sept. 1 Aug. 21 Sept. 1 Aug. 25
Midvale Co. Midwest Rubber Reclaiming, preferred (quar.) Minneapolis Honeywell Regulator	\$1 1/4 \$1 50c	Sept 1 Aug 19
Preferred B (quar.)  Missouri Public Service (initial)	\$1 20c	Sept. 1 Aug. 25 Oct. 2 Sept. 16 Sept. 1 Aug. 19 Aug. 19 Aug. 4 Sept. 1 Aug. 21 Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Sept. 1 Sept. 1
Monarch Life Insurance Co. (semi-annual)	\$114 30c	Sept. 15 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Aug. 22
Monarch Machine Tool Monmouth Consol. Water Co. \$7 pref. (quar.) Monmouth Portland Cement, 8% pref	\$134 †25c \$254 \$254	Aug. 15 Aug. 1 Aug. 15 Aug. 1
Monsanto Chemical Co., \$4½ pref. A (sa.) Preferred B (sa.) Moody's Investors Service part. pref. (quar.)	\$2 ¼ 7.50	Dec. 1 Nov. 10
Moore (Wm. R.) Dry Goods (quar.)	75c \$114 \$114	Sept. 1 Aug. 21 Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Aug. 22 Aug. 15 Aug. 1 Aug. 15 Aug. 1 Dec. 1 Nov. 10 Dec. 1 Nov. 10 Aug. 15 Aug. 1 Sept. 30 Sept. 30 2-2-40 Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Sept. 1 Aug. 15
Quarterly Moran Towing Corp., 7% cum. part. pref. (qu.) Morris (Philip) & Co., Ltd., Inc.— 5% conv pref. A (quar.) Morse Twist Drill & Machine (irregular)	and the same of the	The second secon
5% conv pref. A (quar.) Morse Twist Drill & Machine (irregular)	\$114 \$114 25c	Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Aug. 15 July 27 Aug. 31 Aug. 18
		Sept. 29 Sept. 16 Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Sept. 15 Sept. 1
Preferred (quar.) Mt. Diablo Min. & Dev. (quar.) Muncie Water Works Co., 8% pref.\$(quar.) Muskogee Co. 6% cum. pref. (quar.) Muskegon Motor Specialties class A (quar.) Mutual Chemical Co. of Amer., 6% pref. (quar.)	\$11/2	Sept. I Aug.
Musicegon Motor Specialties class A (quar.) Mutual Chemical Co. of Amer., 6% pref. (quar.)	50c \$11/4 \$11/4	Sept. 28 Sept. 21
Nashua Gummed & Coated Paper Co	50c	Aug. 15 Aug. 8
National Biscuit Co., common Preferred (quar.) National Credit Co. (Balt., Md.) class A (qu.)	\$1% 1%C	Aug. 31 Aug. 15 Aug. 15 July 31
National Gyngum, \$4 \( \text{pref. (quar.)} \)	40c \$1% 1%c \$1% 12%c \$1% \$1% 10c	Sept. 1 Aug. 17 Sept. 30 Sept. 15
National Lead Co 7% preferred A (quar.) 6% preferred B (quar.) National Liberty Insurance Co. (semi-annual)	\$123	Nov. 1 Oct. 20
Extra	10c 30c	Aug. 15 July 31 Sept. 1 Aug. 20
National Linen Service Corp. \$7 Dref. (88.)	\$316 \$216 25c	Sept. 1 Aug. 25 Sept. 28 Sept. 21 Dec. 28 Dec. 21 Aug. 15 Aug. 8 Oct. 14 Sept. 12 Aug. 31 Aug. 15 Aug. 15 July 31 Sept. 1 Aug. 17 Sept. 30 Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Sept. 1 Nov. 1 Oct. 20 Aug. 15 July 31 Aug. 15 July 31 Aug. 15 July 31 Aug. 25 Aug. 18 Aug. 25 Aug. 18 Aug. 25 Aug. 18 Aug. 25 Aug. 18 Aug. 15 July 31 Aug. 15 July 31 Aug. 15 July 31 Sept. 1 July 31 Aug. 14 July 31 Sept. 1 July 31 Sept. 1 July 31 Sept. 1 Aug. 14 Sept. 1 Aug. 14 Sept. 1 Aug. 14 Sept. 1 Aug. 16 Sept. 9 Aug. 18 Sept. 1 Aug. 16 Sept. 9 Aug. 18
35 preferred (s. a.) National Paper & Type (resumed) Preferred (semi-ann.) National Power & Light Co. common	\$114 15c	Aug. 15 July 31 Aug. 15 July 31
National Power & Light Co. common National Standard Co National Union Fire Insurance	37 kgc \$1 kg	Aug. 22 Aug. 8
National Union Fire Histratice  Extra  National Union Fire Histratice  Extra  National Union Fire Histratice  Extra  National Union Fire Histratice  (Quar.)	\$134	Aug. 14 July 31 Sept. 1 Aug. 14
Extra  Nebraska Power Co. 7% pref. (quar.)  6% preferred (quar.)  Neisner Bros., Inc.	\$134 \$134 25c	Sept. 15 Aug. 14 Sept. 15 Aug. 31
New Amsterdam Casualty (semi-annual)	37 1/4 50c	Sept. 1 Aug. 16
New Jersey Zinc. Newmarket Manufacturing Co N. Y. & Queens Electric Light & Power (qu.)	75c	Sept. 1 Aug. 16 Sept. 9 Aug. 18 Aug. 15 Aug. 5 Sept. 14 Aug. 25 Sept. 1 Aug. 11 Oct. 2 Sept. 15 Aug. 15 Aug. 4 Aug. 15 Aug. 1 Nov. 15 Nov. 1 Sept. 15 Aug. 21
Preferred (quar.)	\$1 1/4 25c	Sept. 1 Aug. 11 Oct. 2 Sept. 15
1900 Corporation, class B	12½c 50c	Aug. 15 Aug. 4 Aug. 15 Aug. 1
Class A (quar.)  Class A (quar.)  Noranda Mines, Ltd.  Norfolk & Western Ry. (quar.)	50c \$1	Sept. 15 Aug. 21 Sept. 19 Aug. 31 Aug. 19 July 31
Norfolk & Western Ry. (quar.)	\$2 1/4 \$1 25c	Aug. 19 July 31 Sept. 9 Aug. 28
North River Insurance, N. Y North River Insurance, N. Y Northeastern Water & Electric pref. (quar.) Northwestern Public Service Co—	81	Sept. 1 Aug. 10
Northwestern Public Service Co— 7% cum. preferred	†\$1.89587 †\$1.5%	Sept. 1 Aug. 19
70% cum preferred (duar )	\$135	Sept. 1 Aug. 19 Sept. 1 Aug. 19 Sept. 29 Sept. 15
Nova Scotia Light & Power preferred (quar.)	\$115	Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Aug. 15 Aug. 6
Oacidental Insurance Co (quar.) Ohio Power Co., 6% preferred (quar.) Ohio Public Service, 5% pref. (monthly) 6% preferred (monthly) 7% preferred (monthly) Okonite Co. 6% pref. (quar.)	30c \$134	Sept. 29 Sept. 15 Sept. 29 Sept. 15 Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Aug. 15 Aug. 6 Aug. 15 Aug. 5 Sept. 1 Aug. 7 Spet. 1 Aug. 15 Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Sept. 1 Aug. 15
Ohio Public Service, 5% pref. (monthly)6% preferred (monthly)	412-3c 50c	Sept. 1 Aug. 15
7% preferred (monthly) Okonite Co. 6% pref. (quar.)	\$1%	Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Sept. 1 Aug. 17

Name of Company	Per Share	Danishia	Holders of Record
Ontario Steel Products (interim) Preferred (quar.) Oswego & Syracuse RR. Co. (sa.)	\$1%	Aug. 15 Aug. 21 Sept. 20 Sept. 20 Sept. 24 Aug. 15 Aug. 15 Aug. 15 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 15 Oct. 1 Nov. 15 Aug. 15 Aug. 15 Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Aug. 15 Sept. 15 Aug. 15	Aug. 4 Aug. 4
Oswego & Syracuse RR. Co. (sa.) Otis Elevator Co. Preferred (quar.) Owens-Illinois Glass Pacific Gas & Electric 6% pref. (qu.) 5% % preferred (quar.) Pacific Lighting Corp. (quar.) Parker Pen Co. Parker Rust-Proof (quar.)	\$134 \$234 25c \$134 50c	Sept. 20 Sept. 20	Aug. 25 Aug. 25
Owens-Illinois Glass Pacific Gas & Electric 6% pref. (qu.)	37 1/3 c 34 1/4 c 75 c	Aug. 15	July 30 July 31
Pacific Lighting Corp. (quar.) Parker Pen Co	75c 25c	Aug. 15 Sept. 1	July 20 Aug. 15
Parker Pen Co. Parker Rust-Proof (quar.) Parkersburg Rig & Reel Co. \$5½ pref. (qu.) Paton Mfg. Co., Ltd., 7% pref. (quar.) Paymaster Consol. Mines, Ltd.	25c \$136 \$136	Sept. 1 Sept. 15	Aug. 21 Aug. 21
Paymaster Consol. Mines, Ltd	25c 25c 31 % \$1 % 11c 75c 50c	Aug 15 Sept. 15	July 31 Sept. 1
Preferred A (quar.)	\$134 \$134 75c	Nov. 15 Aug. 15	Nov. 4 Aug. 5
Penick & Ford, Ltd Peninsular Telephone Preferred A (quar.) Preferred A (quar.) Penman's, Ltd. (quar.) Penn State Water Corp., \$7 pref. (quar.) Pennsylvania Salt Mig. Co. (quar.)	75c \$134 \$114	Aug. 15 Sept. 1	Aug. 5 Aug. 21
Peoples Gas & Fuel Pepperill Mfg. Co Perron Gold Mines, Ltd. (quar.)	20c \$2	Sept. 1 Aug. 15	Aug. 21 Aug. 7
Peterborough P.P. (g -a )	2134	Sept. 21 Sept. 21 Oct. 2	Sept. 1 Sept. 25
Pfeiffer Brewing Co. Phelps Dodge Corp Philadelphia Co 5% preferred (semi-annual). Philadelphia Insulated Wire (sa.) Philadelphia Suburban Water Co., pref. (quar.) Philippine Long Distance Telep. (mo.)	\$134 25c 25c 25c 25c	Aug. 19 Sept. 8 Sept. 1	July 31 Sept. 17 Aug. 10
Philadelphia Insulated Wire (sa.) Philadelphia Suburban Water Co., pref. (quar.)	15c \$116	Aug. 15 Sept. 1	Aug. 12*
Philips Petroleum Co	\$1 1/2 42c 50c 12 1/2 c	Sept. 15 Sept. 11 Sept. 21 Sept. 21 Sept. 22 Aug. 19 Sept. 8 Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Sept. 1 Aug. 31 Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Sept. 1 Aug. 15	Aug. 4 Aug. 5
Philips Petroleum Co. Phoenix Acceptance Corp., class A (quar.) Phoenix Hosiery Co. 7% preferred (quar.) Pilisbury Flour Mills (quar.) Pilot Full Fashion Mills, Inc.—	12½c 87½c 40c	Sept. 1 Sept. 1	Aug. 18 Aug. 15
Pilot Full Fashion Mills, Inc.— 6½% cum. preferred (sa.)—— Piper Aircraft Corp., preferred (quar.)—— Pitney-Bowes Postage Meter (quar.)—— Pittsburgh, Bessemer & Lake Erie——	65c 15c 10c	Sept. 1	Sept. 15 Aug. 18
Pittsburgh, Bessemer & Lake Erie— (Semi-annual)	100		Sept. 15
(Semi-annual) Pitts. Ft. Wayne & Chicago 7% pref. (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) Pittsburgh Suburban Water Service Co.—	\$1 %	Oct. 4 1-4-40	Sept. 10 12-10-39
Dittaburgh Voungetown & Ashtabula RR pref	\$1 % \$1 % 20c	Aug. 15 Sept. Aug. 17	Aug. 21
Pollak Mfg Pollock Paper & Box, 7% pref. (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) Portland & Ogdensburg Ry. (quar.) Powdrell & Alexander, Inc. Procter & Gamble (quar.)	\$134	Aug. 17 Sept. 15 Dec. 15 Aug. 31 Sept. 15 Aug. 15 Aug. 15 Oct. 2	Sept. 15 Dec. 15
Portland & Ogdensburg Ry. (quar.) Powdrell & Alexander, Inc	50c 10c 50c	Aug. 31 Sept. 15 Aug. 15	Aug. 21 Sept. 1 July 25*
Provincial Transport Co. Public National Bank & Trust Co. (N. Y.) (qu.)	20c 3716c	Aug. 15 Oct. 2	Aug. 1 Sept. 20
Powdrell & Alexander, Inc. Provincial Transport Co. Provincial Transport Co. Public National Bank & Trust Co. (N. Y.) (qu.) Public Service of Colorado, 7% pref. (mo.) 6% preferred (monthly) 5% preferred (monthly) Public Service Corp. of N. J., com. (increased) 8% preferred (quar.)	50c 412-3c	Sept. 1 Sept. 1	Aug. 15 Aug. 15
Public Service Corp. of N. J., com. (increased) - 8% preferred (quar.)	65c \$2 \$134 \$134	Sept. 15 Sept. 15	Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Aug. 15
5% preferred (quar.) 6% preferred (monthly)	\$114 50c	Sept. 15 Aug. 15	Aug. 15 July 15
8% preferred (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) 5% preferred (quar.) 6% preferred (monthly) 6% preferred (monthly) Purity Bakeries Corp. Quaker Oats Co. pref. (quar.) Quaker State Oil Refining.	50c 5∩c 25c	Oct. 14 Sept. 1	Sept. 15 Aug. 15
Quaker Oats Co. pref. (quar.) Quaker State Oil Refining Quarterly Income Shares Inc. (reduced) (quar.)	\$11/2 20c 20c	Aug. 15. Oct. 21. Sept. 11. Sept. 12. Sept. 15. Sept. 15. Sept. 15. Sept. 15. Aug. 15. Sept. 15. Aug. 31. Sept. 15. Nov. 14.	Aug. 1 Aug. 31 Oct. 15
Quebec Power Co. (quar.) Radio Corp. of America. \$31/4 conv. 1st pref	25c 87 1/4c \$1 1/4 10c 50c	Sept. 15 Nov. 1 Aug. 15 Sept. 30 Sept. 30 Sept. 30 Sept. 10 Sept. 10 Sept. 12 Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Oct. 22 Nov. 1 Aug. 15 Aug. 15 Aug. 15 Sept. 15	July 28 Sept. 8
B preferred Rainier Brewing Co., partic. pref. A & B Reading Co., 1st preferred (quar.) 2d preferred (quar.) Reeves (Daniel) Inc. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	10c 50c	Sept. 10 Sept. 14	Sept. 7 Aug. 24
Zet preterred (quar.) Reeves (Daniel) Inc. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Remington Rand, Inc. (interim)	50c 121/4c \$1%	Sept. 15 Sept. 15	Aug. 31 Aug. 31
Remington Rand, Inc. (interim) Preferred (quar.) Republic Investors Fund. pref. A and B (quar.)	20c \$11/4 15c	Oct. 2 Oct. 2 Nov. 1	Sept. 11 Sept. 11 Oct. 16
Preferred (quar.) Republic Investors Fund, pref. A and B (quar.) Republic Petroleum, preferred (quar.) Republic Petroleum 5½% preferred (quar.) Reynolds Metals, preferred (quar.) Reynolds (R. J.) Tobacco Co. (interim) Rochester Button \$1.50 conv. pref. (quar.) Rochester Gas & Electric, 6% pref. C & D (qu.) 5% preferred E (quar.)	68%c 68%c \$1%	Aug. 15 Aug. 15	Aug. 5
Reynolds (R. J.) Tobacco Co. (interim) Rochester Button \$1.50 conv. pref. (quar.)	50c 3734c	Aug. 15 Sept. 1	July 25 Aug. 19
Rolland Paner	37 4c \$1 1/4 \$1 1/4 13c	Sept. 1 Sept. 1	Aug. 11 Aug. 11 Aug. 15
Preferred (quar.) Roxy Theatre, Inc., pref. (quar.) Rustless Iron & Steel, pref. (quar.) Saco-Lowell Shops, pref. conv. A and B (quar.) Safety Car Heating & Lighting Co	37 1/4 c 62 1/4 c 25 c	Aug. 15 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Sept. 15 Aug. 24 Sept. 15 Aug. 24 Sept. 15 Aug. 15	Aug. 15 Aug. 10
Saco-Lowell Shops, pref. conv. A and B (quar.). Safety Car Heating & Lighting Co	25c \$1 25c	Aug. 15 Sept. 1	Aug. 7 Aug. 15
St. Joseph Water Co., 6% pref. (quar.)	\$11/2 25c	Sept. 20 Sept. 1 Aug. 21	Aug. 21 Aug. 10
Savage Arms Corp_ 2nd preferred Savannah Elec. & Pow., 8% deb. A (quar.)	\$3 \$2 \$1 1/4	Sept. 1 Sept. 20 Sept. 1 Aug. 21 Aug. 21 Oct. 2 Oct. 2	Aug. 10 Sept. 15
7% debenture C (quar.) 6/4% debenture D (quar.)	\$154 \$154 \$3	Oct. 2 Oct. 2 Oct. 3	Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Sept. 15
6% preferred (sa.) Schumacher Wall Board Corp. \$2 pref. Scott Paper Co. (quar.) \$4½ cum. pref. (quar.)	†50c 40c	Aug. 15 Sept. 15 Nov. 1	Aug. 5 Sept. 1*
\$4½ cum. pref. (quar.) Scotten Dillon Seaboard Oil Co. (Del.)	\$1 1/4 40c 25c	Aug. 15	lept. 1
Scotten Dillon Scaboard Oil Co. (Del.) Second (Laura) Candy Shops (quar.) Second Investors Corp. (R. I.) \$3 pr. pref. (qu.) Second Standard Royalties, Ltd., pref.	20c 75c	Sept. 1	Aug. 15 Aug. 15 Aug. 15
6% preferred (quar.)	37½c	Oct. 218	Sept. 9 Sept. 9 Aug. 17
Servel, Inc Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	31 24	Oct. 1	Sept. 15
Preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Shawinigan Water & Power Shenango Valley Water preferred (quar.) Sherwin-Williams Co	\$1 1/2	Aug. 15	fuly 26 Aug. 21 July 31
Preferred	\$1 14 50c	1-3-40 Aug. 15 Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Sept. 1 Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Oct. 28 Sept. 1 Aug. 25	Aug. 15
	87 1/4c 25c 15c 12 1/4c \$1 1/4 35c	Sept. 15 Oct. 2	Aug. 21* Sept. 12
Sonotony-vacuum Oil Sonotone Corp., preferred (quar.) Soss Mfg. (quar.) Soundview Pulp Co., 6% pref. (quar.) South Bend Lathe Works South Carolina Power Co. 1st \$6 pref. (qu.) South Pittsburgh Water Co. 5% pref. (sa.)	12 %c \$1 1/2 35c	Sept. 1 Aug. 25 Sept. 1	Aug. 15 Aug. 15 Aug. 15
South Carolina Power Co. 1st \$6 pref. (qu.) South Pittsburgh Water Co. 5% pref. (sa.) Southeastern Grayhount Lines	\$136	Sept. 1 / Oct. 2 8 Aug. 19 Sept. 25 8	Sept. 15
Southeastern Greyhound Lines Cony. preferred (quar.) Non-cony. preferred (quar.). Southern Calif. Edison Co., ser. B 6% pref. (qu.)	30c	Sept. 1	Aug. 15
Southern Carolina Power Co., \$6 pref. (quar.)	120c	Sept. 15 4	Aug. 20 July 31 Sept. 15 Aug. 15*
Southern Pipe Line Co- Southwestern Portland Cement, 8% pf. (quar.) 8% preferred (quarterly)	15c \$2	Sept. 1 5 Sept. 15 Dec. 15	lept. 14
Spiegel, Inc., preferred (quar.)	1c 136 40c	Sept. 15 8 Dec. 15 1 Aug. 21 J Sept. 15 8	luly 31 lept. 1
Standard Brands, Inc., \$4.50 preferred (quar.)	\$1 1/6	Aug. 15 / Sept. 15 8	lept. 1

Name of Company	Per Share	When Payable	Holders of Recor
Standard Cap & Seal (quar.)	40c 40c	Sept. 1	Aug. 15 Aug. 15 Aug. 15 Aug. 15 Aug. 31 Sept. 30
Preferred (quar.) Standard Oil Co. (Calif.) (quar.) Standard Oil Co. (Indiana) (quar.)	25c 25c 25c	Sept. 15	Aug. 15
Standard Oil Co. (Ohio) (quar.)	25c \$11/4	Sept. 15	Aug. 31
Preferred (quar.) Standard Wholesale Phosphate & Acid Works—			Sept. 5
Quarterly Stanley Works 5% pref. (quar.) Stein (A.) & Co. Sterling Products, Inc. (quar.) Strawbridge & Clothier-	31 ¼ c 25c 95c	Aug. 15	Aug. 3 July 28 Aug. 15
Sterling Products, Inc. (quar.)	95c	Sept. 1	Aug. 15
Strawbridge & Clothier—  \$6 prior preferred series A (quar.)—  \$tromberg-Carison Telep. Mfg. pref. (quar.)—  Stuart (D. A.) Oil part. pref. (quar.)—	\$11% \$1%	Sept. 1	Aug. 15
Stuart (D. A.) Oil part, pref. (quar.)	20c	Sept. 15	Aug. 15
Sun Oil Co. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Superior Oil Co. (Calif.) (quar.)	\$1½ 25c	Sept. 1	Aug. 10 Aug. 10
Quarterly Quarterly	25c 25c	Nov. 20 Feb. 20	Nov. 10 Feb. 10
Quarterly Sylvanite Gold Mines (quar.)	25c 5c	May 20 Sept. 30	May 10 Aug. 19
Sylvania Industrial (quar.) Tampa Electric Co. (quar.)	25c 56c	Aug. 22 Aug. 15	Aug. 11 July 31
Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Sylvanite Gold Mines (quar.) Sylvania Industrial (quar.) Tampa Electric Co. (quar.) Preferred A (quar.) Taylor (Wm.) Corp. (quar.) Terre Haute Water Works Corp., 7% pref. Texas Gulf Sulphur Co. Texas Pacific Coal & Oil Co. (quar.) Thatcher Mfg., conv. pref. (quar.) Thermoid Co., §3 cum. pref. (quar.) Thew Shovel Co. Tide Water Associated Oil Co.	\$134 \$1 \$134 50c	Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Sept. 20 Nov. 20 Feb. 20 May 20 Sept. 30 Aug. 22 Aug. 15 Oct. 20 Sept. 15	Oct. 10
Terre Haute Water Works Corp., 7% prei	50c	Sept. 15	Sept. 1
That cher Mfg., conv., pref. (quar.)	10c 90c 75c	Aug. 15	July 31
Thew Shovel Co	50e 15e	Aug. 15	Aug. 1
Timken Roller Bearing Co	50c	Oct. 20 Sept. 15 Sept. 1 Nov. 1 Sept. 1	Aug. 16
Toburn Gold Mines, Ltd (quar.) Extra Toledo Edison Co., 7% pref. (monthly) 6% preferred (monthly) 5% preferred (month y) Towne Securities Corp. 7% cum. preferred Trane Co. Preferred (quar.) Union Electric Co. of Mo \$5 pref. (quar.) Union Tank Car Co. (quar.) United Biscult Co. of America. Preferred (quar.)	2c 58 1-3c	Aug. 22	July 21 Aug. 15
6% preferred (monthly)	50c	Sept. 1	Aug. 15 Aug. 15
Towne Securities Corp. 7% cum. preferred	\$2 25c	Aug. 17 Aug. 15	Aug. 10 Aug. 1
Preferred (quar.) Union Electric Co. of Mo., \$5 pref. (quar.)	\$114	Sept. 1 Aug. 15	Aug. 26 July 31
Union Gas Co. of Canada (quar.) Union Tank Car Co. (quar.)	20c 30c	Sept. 15 Sept. 1	Aug. 19 Aug. 15
United Biscuit Co. of America Preferred (quar.)	\$134 15c	Sept. 1 Nov. 1	Aug. 15 Oct. 14
Preferred (quar.) United Bond & Share Corp., Ltd. (quar.) United-Carr Fastener Corp. (quar.)	15e 20c	Oct. 16 Sept. 15 Sept. 1	Sept. 30
United Chemicals preferred Incl. in the above div.: 50c. due on Dec. 1, '34:	\$2	Sopt. 1	
United Carr Fastener Corp. (quar.) United Chemicals preferred Incl. in the above div.: 50c. due on Dec. 1, '34: 75c. Mar. 1, '35, and 75c. June 1, '35. United Corporations, Ltd., \$1.50 class A (quar.) United Engineering & Foundry Co. (quar.)	38c	Aug. 15 Aug. 15 Aug. 15 Sept. 1 Sept. 30 Sept. 30 Sept. 1 Oct. 2 Sept. 1 Oct. 2 Sept. 1 Oct. 2 Oct. 10	July 31
Preferred (quar.)	50c	Aug. 15 Aug. 15	Aug. 4
United Gas Corp., \$7 preferredUnited Gas Improvement (quar.)	25c	Sept. 30	Aug. 31
United Light & Rys 7% pripr pref. (mo.)	58 1-3c	Sept. 1	Aug. 15
6.36% prior preferred (monthly)	53c	Sept. 1	Aug. 15
6% prior preferred (monthly)	50c	Sept. 1	Aug. 15 Sept. 15
United Engineering & Foundry Co. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) United Gas Corp., \$7 preferred United Gas Improvement (quar.) Preferred (quar.) United Light & Rys 7% pripr pref. (mo.) 7% prior preferred (monthly) 6.36% prior preferred (monthly) 6.36% prior preferred (monthly) 6% prior preferred (monthly) 6% prior preferred (monthly) United New Jersey RR. & Canal (quar.) United States Electric Light & Power Shares— Series B.	\$21/2	Oct. 10	Sept. 20
Series B. United States Envelope Co., pref. (semi-annual)	3c	Aug. 15	July 31
U. S. Petroleum, common	10	Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Dec. 15	Aug. 5 Dec. 5
Common. United States Plywood Corp., preferred (qu.) United States Rubber Co.—	371/sc	Sept. 1	Aug. 19
8% non-cum. 1st preferredUnited States Rubber Reclaining, pr. pref United States Pipe & Foundry Co. (quar.)	2 % 50c	Sept. 22 Sept. 1	Sept 8 Aug. 21
United States Pipe & Foundry Co. (quar.)	50c 50c	Sept. 1 Sept 20 Dec. 20	Nov. 29
United States Playing Card Co United States Steel Corp., 7% preferred (quar.)	50c \$134 25c	Oct. 1 Aug. 19 Sept. 1 Sept. 30	Sept. 15 July 28
Quarterly United States Playing Card Co United States Steel Corp., 7% preferred (quar.) Universal Insurance (quar.) Universal Products Co Upper Michigan Power & Light— 6% preferred (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.) Vanadium-Alloys Steel Co Vapor Car Heating Co., 7% pref. (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.)	40c	Sept. 30	Sept. 19
6% preferred (quar.)	\$114	Nov. 1 2-1-40 Oct. 2 Sept. 2 Sept. 9 Dec. 9 Sept. 1	Oct. 28
Upressit Metal Cap Corp., 8% pref	\$1 1/4 \$1 1/4 †\$2 25c	Oct. 2 Sept. 2	Sept. 15 Aug. 19
Vapor Car Heating Co., 7% pref. (quar.)	\$134	Sept. 9	Sept. 1 Dec. 1
Vick Chemical Co. (quar.)	50c	Sept. 1 Sept. 1	Aug. 15 Aug. 15
Extra Vicksburg Shreveport & Pacific Ry 5% preferred	\$914	Oct. 1	Sept. 8
Virginia Coal & Iron Co. (quar.)	25c 20c	Sept. 1 Sept. 1	Aug. 21 Aug. 15
Vogt Mfg Corp	\$1%	Oct. 20	Oct. 10
Valgreen Co— Quarterly (div. represents new rate & dates) Preferred (quar.) Walker (H.)-Gooderham & Worts, Ltd. Preferred (quar.) Warren Foundry & Pipe. Warren (Northam) Corp. pref. (quar.)	\$114	Sept. 20 Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Aug. 31 Aug. 15	Aug. 20 Aug. 24
Preferred (quar.)	\$114 1\$1 125c	Sept. 15 Sept. 15	Aug. 25
Warren (Northam) Corp. pref. (quar.)	50c 75c	Sept. 1	Aug. 15
Weich Grape Juice Co., preferred (quar.) Wentworth Mfg., conv. pref. (quar.) Wesson Oil & Snowdrift Co., Inc.—	25c	Aug. 31 Aug. 15	Aug. 1
Conv. preferred (quar.)  West Penn Electric Co., 6% pref. (quar.)  76% preferred (quar.)	. \$1	Sept. 1	Aug. 15
Conv. preferred (quar.) West Penn Electric Co., 6% pref. (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) West Virginia Pulp & Paper, pref. (quar.) Western Cartridge Co., preferred (quar.) Western Public Service Co., preferred A. Westinghouse Air Brake Co. Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Preferred (quar.) Westingheter Paper Co. (semi-appual)	113	Aug. 15	July 21
Western Cartridge Co., preferred (quar.)	\$112 +37160	Aug. 19	July 31 Aug. 14
Westinghouse Air Brake Co	1214c	Sept. 15 Aug. 31	Aug. 15 Aug. 8
Preferred (quar.) Westminister Paper Co. (semi-annual)	8714c	Aug. 31 Nov. 1	Aug. 8 Oct. 15
Westmoreland, Inc. (quar.)	25c 20c	Oct. 2 Oct. 2	Sept. 15 Sept. 15
	25c 25c	Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Aug. 15 Aug. 15 Aug. 19 Sept. 1 Sept. 15 Aug. 31 Nov. 1 Oct. 2 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 1 Sept. 1	Aug. 10 Aug. 10
Wheeling Electric Co., 6% pref. (quar.)	\$134	Sept. 1 Oct. 1	Aug. 7 Sept. 16
White (S. S.) Dental Mfg. Co	\$114 \$134 15c \$134 10c	Aug. 15 Oct. 1	Sept. 16
Extra Wheeling Electric Co., 6% pref. (quar.) Whitaker Paper Co., 7% preferred (quar.) White (S. S.) Dental Mfg. Co Whitman (Wm.) Co. 7% pref. (quar.) Will & Baumer Candle Co. Williamsport Water Co., \$6 pref. (quar.) Wilson Line, Inc., 5% 1st preferred (sa.)	\$1 ½	Oct. 1 Aug. 15 Oct. 1 Aug. 15 Sept. 1 Aug. 15 Nov. 1 Nov. 1 Sept. 1 Oct. 2 Sept. 1	Aug. 21
	\$11/3 \$21/3 \$11/4 \$100 \$11/4	Nov. 1	Aug. 1 Oct. 15
Extra Visconsin Electric Power pref. (quar.)	\$11/2	Nov. 1 Sept. 1	Oct. 15 Aug. 15
Volverine Tube Co	10c \$134	Sept. 1	Sept. 15 Aug. 15
Preferred (quar.)  Preferred (quar.)  Worcester Salt pref. (quar.)  Wrigley (Wm.) Jr. (monthly)	81 1/2 25c	Aug. 15	Aug. 10 Aug. 4
	25C	Sept. 1	Aug. 19
Monthly	25c 15c	Oct. 2	Sept. 20

\* Transfer books not closed for this dividend.
† On account of accumulated dividends.
‡ Payable in Canadian funds, and in the case of non-residents of Canadadeduction of a tax of 5% of the amount of such dividend will be made.

#### Condition of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York

The following shows the condition of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York at the close of business Aug. 9, 1939, in comparison with the previous week and the corresponding date last year:

	Aug. 9, 1939	Aug. 2, 1939	Aug. 10, 1938
Total Control of the	8	8	8
Assets—	10 BBALLS	AND VALUE	ALE THE PROPERTY
Gold certificates on hand and due from	0 FOR 415 000	6,588,427,000	4 526 180 000
United States Treasury x	0,030,417,000	1,747,000	1,237,000
Redemption fund—F. R. notes Other cash†	1,560,000 94,895,000		
Total reserves	6,632,872,000	0,082,411,000	4,639,798,000
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations, direct or fully guaranteed			
direct or fully guaranteed	562,000	305,000	1,276,000
Other bills discounted	901,000	909,000	329,000
Total bills discounted	1,463,000	1,214,000	1,605,000
Bills hought in open market	212,000		213,000
Industrial advances	2,063,000		
United States Government securities:			
Bonds	265,741,000		226,408,000
Treasury notes	343,042,000		
Treasury bills	103,753,000	106,951,000	189,779,000
Total U.S. Government securities	712,536,000	716,498,000	780,147,000
Total bills and securities	716,274,000	720,055,000	785,664,000
Due from fooden banks	07 000	67 000	66,000
Due from foreign banks	67,000	67,000 4,911,000	
Federal Reserve notes of other banks Uncollected items	4,253,000 150,967,000		
	8,926,000	8,926,000	
Bank premisesOther assets	14,933,000	14,566,000	
	7,528,292,000	7 800 878 000	5 579 573 000
Total assets	7,028,292,000	7,588,510,000	3,378,373,000
Liabilities—			
F. R. notes in actual circulation	1,128,559,000	1,131,894,000	903,910,000
Deposits-Member bank reserve acc't	5,588,171,000	5,549,081,000	3,798,756,000
U. S. Treasurer—General account	254,813,000	301,058,000	400,889,000
Foreign bank	110,102,000	111,088,000	42,444,000
Other deposits	191,454,000	236,330,000	191,658,000
Total deposits	6,144,540,000	6,197,557,000	4,433,747,000
Deferred availability items	125 007 000	148,798,000	119,469,000
Other liabilities, incl. accrued dividends.	135,007,000 963,000	1,115,000	700,000
			5 457 934 999
Total liabilities	7,409,069,000	7,479,364,000	5,457,826,000
Capital Accounts—	7.57-7 100		10000
Capital paid in	50,878,000	50,873,000	50,966,000
Surplus (Section 7)	52,463,000	52,463,000	51,943,000
Surplus (Section 7) Surplus (Section 13-b)	7,457,000	7,457,000	7,744,000
Other capital accounts	8,425,000	8,419,000	10,094,000
Total liabilities and capital accounts	7,528,292,000	7,498,576,000	5,578,573,000
Datio of total moreover to descrit and			
Ratio of total reserve to deposit and F. R. note liabilities combined	01.00	91.2%	94 801
Contingent liability on bills purchased	91.2%	91.2%	86.9%
for foreign correspondents			231,000
Commitments to make industrial ad-	0.180.555	0 100 000	
Vances	2,172,000	2,188,000	3,944,000

<sup>† &</sup>quot;Other cash" does not include Federal Reserve notes or a bank's own Federal eserve bank notes.

#### Weekly Return of the New York City Clearing House

The weekly statement issued by the New York City Clearing House on Friday afternoon is given in full below:

STATMENT OF MEMBERS OF THE NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS THURSDAY, AUG. 10, 1939

Clearing House Members	• Capital	* Surplus and Undivided Profits	Net Demand Deposits, Average	Time Deposits, Average
Bank of W	. 8	. 8	8	
Bank of New York	6,000,000			11,670,000
Bank of Manhattan Co.	20,000,000			48,768,000
National City Bank	77,500,000		a1,826,599,000	170,084,000
Chem Bank & Trust Co.	20,000,000			5,609,000
Guaranty Trust Co	90,000,000		61,751,204,000	55,745,000
Manufacturers Trust Co	42,227,000	45,129,400		99,101,000
Cent Hanover Bk&Tr Co	21,000,000			45,468,000
Corn Exch Bank Tr Co.	15,000,000			27,679,000
First National Bank	10,000,000	109,782,800	553,419,000	3,364,000
Irving Trust Co	50,000,000			5,949,000
Continental Bk & Tr Co.	4,000,000			1,394,000
Chase National Bank	100,270,000		d2,442,869,000	49,167,000
Fifth Avenue Bank	500,000	3,890,300	48,971,000	4,116,000
Bankers Trust Co	25,000,000	80,095,400	e984,942,000	44,256,000
Title Guar & Trust Co	6,000,000	2,497,400	14,300,000	2,451,000
Marine Midland Tr Co	5,000,000	9,271,800	111,577,000	3,131,000
New York Trust Co	12,500,000	27,920,400	362,756,000	27,559,000
Comm'l Nat Bk & Tr Co	7,000,000	8,418,200	92,943,000	2,444,000
Public Nat Bk & Tr Co.	7,000,000	9,461,700	85,572,000	51,172,000
Totals	518,997,000	916,981,200	12,014,205,000	659,127,000

<sup>\*</sup> As per official reports: National, June 30, 1939; State, June 30, 1939; trust companies, June 30, 1939.

#### THE LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Quotations of representative stocks as received by cable each day of the past week:

	Sat.,	Mon.,	Tues.,	Wed.,	Thurs.,	Fri.,
	Aug. 5	Aug. 7	Aug. 8	Aug. 9	Aug. 10	Aug. 11
Boots Pure Drugs British Amer Tobacco. Cable & Wire ordinary.			42/9 90/7½ £51	42/9 90/- £51	42/101/4 89/- £501/4	42/101/ 89/- £501/4
Canadian Marconi			5/-	5/-	5/-	5/-
Central Min & Invest			£1516	£15	£15	£15
Cons Goldfields of S A.			58/134	58/41/6	57/6	58/11/
Courtaulds 8 & Co			30/9	30/6	30/-	30/-
De Beers			£634	£634	£6	£6
Distillers Co			97/-	97/-	96/-	96/-
Electric & Musical Ind.			10/-	10/2	9/6	9/6
Ford Ltd			17/3	17/3	17/-	17/-
Gaumont Pictures ord.			2/9	2/6	2/6	2/6
A	Holiday	Holiday	1/3	1/-	1/-	1/-
Hudsons Bay Co			19/6	19/6	19/6	19/6
Imp Tob of G B & I			131/-	132/-	132/-	132 /-
London Midland Ry			£13	£13 1/8	£13	£131/8
Metal Box			73/6	74/-	73/6	73/6
Rand Mines			£81/4	£81/8	£81/8	£81/4
Rio Tinto			£111%	£11	£11	£10 %
Roan Antelope Cop M.			16/-	16/-	16/-	16/-
Rolls Royce			101/3	101/3	101/3	102/6
Royal Dutch Co			£34 16	£34 1/8	£34	£331/2
Shell Transport			£4316	£4118	£4	£4
Swedish Match B			23/9	23/9	23/6	23/6
Unilever Ltd			34/3	34/3	34/-	34/-
United Molasses			24/3	24/3	24/-	24/-
Vickers West Witwatersrand			18/11/	18/-	17/101/	18/-
Areas			£4 %	£436	£41/2	£43%

#### Weekly Return for the Member Banks of the Federal Reserve System

Following is the weekly statement issued by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, giving the principa items of the resources and liabilities of the reporting member banks in 101 leading cities from which weekly returns are obtained. These figures are always a week behind those for the Reserve banks themselves. The comment of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System upon the figures for the latest week appears in our department of "Current Events and Discussions," immediately preceding which we also give the figures of New York and Chicago reporting member banks for a week later.

Commencing with the statement of May 19, 1937, various changes were made in the breakdown of loans as reported in this statement, which were described in an announcement of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York of April 20, 1937, as follows:

The changes in the report form are confined to the classification of loans and discounts. This classification has been changed primarily to show the amounts of (1) commercial, industrial and agricultural loans, and (2) loans (other than to brokers and dealers) for the purpose of purchasing or carrying securities. The revised form also eliminates the distinction between loans to brokers and dealers) for the purpose of purchasing or carrying securities. The revised form also eliminates the distinction between loans to brokers and dealers in securities located in New York City and those located outside New York City. Provision has been made also to include "acceptances of own bank purchased or discounted" with "acceptances and commercial paper bought in open market" under the revised caption "open market paper," instead of in "all other loans," as formerly.

Subsequent to the above announcement, it was made known that the new items "commercial, industrial and agricultural loans" and "other loans" would each be segregated as "on securities" and "otherwise secured and unsecured."

A more detailed explanation of the revisions was published in the May 29, 1937, issue of the "Chronicle," page 3590.

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS IN 101 LEADING CITIES BY DISTRICTS ON AUG. 2, 1939 (In Millions of Dollars)

Federal Reserve Districts-	Total	Boston	New York	Phila.	Cleveland	Richmond	Atlanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minneap.	Kan. City	Dallas	San Fran.
ASSETS			8			8	8	8	8	8	8		8
Loans and investments—total	22,244	1,166	9,136	1.147	1,902	677	581	3,194	694	377	661	513	2,196
Loans—total	8,166	586		420	672	246	289	854	318	158	271	254	938
Commercial, indus. and agricul. loans	3,887	270		189	244	105	157	479	189			168	302
Open market paper	313	62		26	211	11	3	34	5	4	20	2	15
Loans to brokers and dealers in securs.	655	26		21	24	4	6	43	5	i	4	3	12
	000	20	900	21	24	-		-				-	
Other loans for purchasing or carrying securities	***	00	044	90	26	15	12	81	14	7	10	14	48
	526	22	245	32 55		37	31	103	51	7	25	21	384
Real estate loans	1,168	81		55	170	0/	01	100	2		20		901
Loans to banks	74	1	64	1	3	1	2	114	52	61	52	46	177
Other loans	1,543	124		96	198	73	78		02	01	02	31	100
Freasury bills	473		194		14	*****	8	212	49	24	70	61	100
Treasury notes	2,132	57		39	220	178	32	428		34	76	91	100
United States bonds	5,910	340		314	596	137	101	935	154			78	658
Obligations fully guar. by U. S. Govt.	2.241	54	1,210	98	111	51	62	283	67	27	60	44	174
Other securities	3,322	129	1,336	276	289	65	89	482	. 102		134	55	
Reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	8,684	412		362	455	163	135 12	1,142	179			127	
Cash in vault	424	139		16	40	19	12	61	10	6	13	10	
Balances with domestic banks	2.793	171		198	281	171	177	499	158	124	299	240	
Other assets—net	1,236	79		100	103	34	47	81	24	17	22	30	243
VIIICI MINCLE MCV	1,200		400	200	200	-							
LIABILITIES	1000		1000	11000	A 2.7						400		
Demand deposits—adjusted	17,462	1,123	8,267	886 283	1,227	458	379	2,453	456	290	499	4.53	
l'ime deposits	5.243	249	1,022	283	736	200	184	929	190	119	144	135	
United States Government deposits.	549	16	74	53	42	28	40	111	22	3	23	30	103
inter-bank deposite:	0.0			-				10000		100			1.63
Domestie banks	7.012	292	3,075	352	390	253	246	1,052	298	136	408	213	29
Foreign banks	623	24	547	13	2		1	14		1			2
Porrowings.	020	24	947	1.0									
Other liabilities	765	20	351	13	13	29	9	16	6	6	3	4	29
Capital account	3.718	243	1.604	223	371	96	03	402	93	58	101	85	34
TRIBLE ACCOUNT	0.418	243	4.0041	443	011	0.0	0.0		0.0		AUA		

x These are certificates given by the United States Treasury for the gold taken over from the Reserve canks when the dollar was, on Jan. 31, 1934, devalued from 100 cents to 59.06 cents, these certificates being worth less to the extent of the difference, the difference theigh having been appropriated as profit by the 1 reasury under the provisions of the Gold Reserve Act of 1934.

Includes deposits in foreign branches as follows: a \$270,857,000; b \$95,946,000; c \$7,527,000; d \$98,776,000:  $\epsilon$  \$36,340,000.

### Weekly Return of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The following was issued by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System on Thursday afternoon, Aug. 10, showing the condition of the 12 Reserve banks at the close of business on Wednesday. The first table presents the results for the System as a whole in comparison with the figures for the eight preceding weeks and with those of the corresponding week last year. The second table shows the resources and liabilities separately for each of the 12 banks. The Federal Reserve note statement (third table following) gives details regarding transactions in Federal Reserve notes between the Reserve Agents and the Federal Reserve banks. The comments of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System upon the returns for the latest week appear in our department of "Current Events and Discussions."

COMBINED RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS AUG. 9, 1939

Three Ciphers (000) Omitted	Aug. 9, 1939	Aug. 2 1939	July 26, 1939	July 19 1939	July 12, 1939	July 5, 1939	June 28, 1939	June 21, 1939	June 14, 1939	Aug. 10, 1938
ASSETS Gold etfs. on hand and due from U. S. Treas. x. Redemption fund (Federal Reserve notes) Other cash *		\$ 13,869,222 9,101 349,505	9,101	\$ 13,651,218 7,722 356,076	8,242	\$ 13,534,719 8,412 317,756	\$ 13,505,719 8,313 367,357		\$ 14,420,719 9,467 375,874	\$ 10,632,907 8,686 394,085
Total reserves	14,271,733	14,227,828	14,089,302	14,015,016	13,966,122	13,860,887	13,881,389	13,841,405	13,806,060	11,035,672
Bills discounted: Secured by U.S. Government obligations, direct or fully guaranteed Other bills discounted	1,400 3,518	1,073 3,587	1,061 3,635	998 3,599	1,493 3,773	940 3,698	1,575 3,795	1,081 3,712	1,447 1,690	3,775 3,099
Total bills discounted	4,918	4,660	4,696	4,597	5,266	4,638	5,370	4,793	3,137	6,874
Bills bought in open marketIndustrial advances	545 11,665	545 11,746	558 12,579	556 12,557	556 12,496	556 12,318	556 12,440	556 12,377	561 12,469	540 15,965
United States Government securities—Bonds Treasury notes	911,090 1,176,109 355,715	911,090 1,176,109 366,220	911,090 1,176,109 401,020	911,090 1,176,109 427,938	911,090 1,176,109 447,938	911,090 1,176,109 463,438	911,090 1,176,109 463,438	911,090 1,176,109 476,816	911,090 1,176,109 476,816	744,105 1,196,188 623,722
Total U. S. Government securities	2,442,914	2,453,419	2,488,219	2,515,137	2,535,137	2,550,637	2,550,637	2,564,015	2,564,015	2,564,015
Other securitiesForeign loans on gold				£	·····	Ş	#	F0	Ž	4
Total bilis and securities	2,460,042	2,470,370	2,506,052	2,532,847	2,553,455	2,568,149	2,569,003	2,581,741	2,580,182	2,587,394
Gold held abroad	178 22,715 582,733 42,259 49,918	178 22,130 648,826 42,259 49,126	165 22,866 627,608 42,321 49,372	167 23,951 707,470 42,345 48,639	167 22,563 707,815 42,356 48,235	167 20,218 590,799 42,356 47,377	167 18,886 583,822 42,405 46,718	167 20,577 641,188 42,427 45,723	162 21,684 762,610 42,452 61,182	180 23,587 507,628 44,486 50,674
Total assets	17,429,578	17,460,717	17,337,686	17,370,435	17,340,713	17,129,953	17,142,390	17,173,228	17,274,332	14,249,621
LIABILITIES Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation	4,550,689	4,530,715	4,498,758	4,508,962	4,522,709	4,543,177	4,449,306	4,429,306	4,437,703	4,135,656
Deposits—Member banks' reserve account United States Treasurer—General account Foreign banks	10,509,003 844,268 307,298 289,237	10,412,883 863,462 311,136 351,180	10,436,286 742,400 287,657 402,454	10,412,047 764,216 279,038 355,016	10,349,946 790,596 289,485 348,115	10,151,053 820,208 297,265 380,299	10,115,744 962,094 351,095 326,133	10,099,163 941,004 354,298 359,797	10,100,929 927,989 351,029 363,444	8,045,525 838,820 117,267 247,425
Total deposits	11,949,806	11,938,661	11,868,797	11,810,317	11,778,142	11,648,825	11,755,066	11,754,262	11,743,391	9,249,037
Deferred availability itemsy Other liabilities, incl. accrued dividends	580,483 2,806	642,946 2,879	621,794 2,420	703,441 2,172	692,031 2,148	590,412 2,181	585,798 6,666	638,637 5,621	737,472 10,334	513,223 2,817
Total liabilities	17,083,784	17,115,201	16,991,789	17,024,892	16,995,030	16,784,595	16,796,836	16,827,826	16,928,900	13,900,733
CAPITAL ACCOUNTS Capital paid inSurplus (Section 7)Surplus (Section 13-b)y Other capital accounts	135,428 149,152 27,264 33,950	135,408 149,152 27,264 33,692	135,430 149,152 27,264 34,071	135,282 149,152 27,263 33,846	135,137 149,152 27,264 34,130	135,053 149,152 27,264 33,889	135,037 149,152 27,264 34,101	135,011 149,152 27,264 33,975	134,969 149,152 27,264 34,047	133,829 147,739 27,683 39,637
Total liabilities and capital accounts	17,429,578	17,460,717	17,337,686	17,370,435		17,129,953	17,142,390	17,173,228	17,074 332	
Ratio of total reserves to deposits and Federal Reserve note liabilities combined	86.5%	86.4%	86.1%	85.9%	85.7%	85.6%	85.7%	85.5%	85 3%	82.4%
foreign correspondents	11,337	11,403	11,476	11,292	11,353	†10.958	11,175	11 335	11 388	704 13,767
						110,000				
Maturity Distribution of Bills and Short-Term Securities— 1-15 days bills discounted	1,708 218 2,337 331 324	1,454 155 2,250 367 434	1,483 194 1,949 618 452	1,529 108 1,908 611 441	2,126 150 195 2,271 524	1,571 238 183 2,185 461	2 200 258 157 2,200 555	1,647 197 195 2,182 572	2 052 190 244 150 801	5,340 302 694 383 155
Total bills discounted	4,918	4,660	4,696	4,597	5,266	4,638	5,370	4,793	3,137	6,874
1-15 days bills bought in open market6-30 days bills bought in open market1-80 days bills bought in open market1-90 days bills bought in open market	6 120 33 386	28 47 107 363	134 6 95 323	384 8 23 141	342 121 23 70	233 227 31 65	89 370 74 23	66 233 234 23	90 443 28	201 137 202
Total bills bought in open market	545	545	558	556	556	556	556	556	561	540
1-15 days industrial advances	1,218 76 562 371 9,438	1,297 59 526 331 9,533	1,381 757 259 583 9,599	1,387 767 270 572 9,561	1 225 913 200 551 9,607	1.7i3 938 152 547 8,968	1,716 151 990 229 9,354	1,739 145 1,028 233 9,232	1,352 621 1,032 198 9,266	1,046 249 614 569 13,487
Total industria' advances	11,665	11,746	12,579	12,557	12,496	12,318	12,440	12,377	12,469	15,965
1-15 days T. S. Government securities 6-30 days U. S. Government securities 11-60 days U. S. Government securities 10-90 days U. S. Government securities	83,790 77,625 111,163 49,137 2,121,199	85,355 85,140 127,675 68,050 2,087,199	79,305 83,790 139,875 85,550 2,099,699	74,218 85,355 145,765 105,963 2,103,836	76,055 79,305 161,415 111,163 2,107,199	72,137 74,218 170,495 127,675	54,413 76,055 163,095 139,875 2,117,199	63,798 72,137 159,573 145,765 2,122,742	80,428 54,413 155,360 161,415 2,112,399	87,710 83,330 237,520 160,187
Total U. S. Government securities	2,442,914	2,453,419	2,488,219	2,515,137	2,535,137	2,106,112	2,550,637	2,564,015	2,564,015	1,995,268 2,564,015
Total other securities	2,442,014	2,100,110	2,400,210	2,010,101	2,030,137	2,350,637	2,000,007	2,001,013	2,304,013	2,361,015
Federal Reserve Notes— issued to Federal Reserve Bank by F. R. Agent Held by Federal Reserve Bank	4,841,728 291,039	4,814,318 283,603	4,811,723 312,965	4,819,794 310,832	4,835,140 312,431	4,805,166 261,989	4,742,375 293,069	4,733,260 303,954	4,727,517 289,814	4,445,959
In actual seculation	4,550,689	4,530,715	4,498,758	4,508,962	4,522,709	4,543,177	4,449,306	4,429,306	4,437,703	4,135,656
Collateral Held by Agent as Security for Notes Issued to Bank— God etts. on hand and due from U.S. Treasdy eligible paper United States Government securities	4,929,500 2,251	4,928,500 1,963	4,927,000 2,453	4,942,000 2,449	4,940,000	4,898,500 2,430	4,867,500 3,173	4,865,500 2,701	4,865,500 3,064	4,539,632 5,694

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Other cash" does not include Federal Reserve notes. † Revised figures.

These are certificates given by the United States Treasury for the gold taken over from the Reserve banks when the dollar was devalued from 100 cents to 59.06 cents on Jan. 31, 1934, these certificates being worth less to the extent of the difference, the difference itself having been appropriated as profit by the Treasury under provisions of the Gold Reserve Act of 1934.

y With the statement of Jan. 4, 1939 two new items appeared, "Other liabilities, including accrued dividends," and "Other capital accounts." The total of these two items corresponds exactly to the total of two items formerly in the statement but now excluded, viz.: "All other liabilities," and "Reserve for contingencies." The statement for Aug. 10, 1938 has been revised on the new basis and is shown accordingly.

### Weekly Return of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (Concluded)

WEEKLY STATEMENT OF RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF EACH OF THE 12 FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS AUG. 9, 1939

Three Ciphers (000) Omitted Federal Reserve Agent at-	Total	Boston	New York	Phila.	Cleveland	Richmond	Atlanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minneap.	Kan. Cuy	Dallas	San Fran
ASSETS Gold certificates on hand and due	8	3 6	8			8	8	8	8	8	8		8
from United States Treasury	13,914,220	813 032	6.536.417	697,730	864.610	350,717	316.217	2.287.641	367,940	263.013	384.812	224,474	807.61
Redemption fund—Fed. Res. notes.	8,594			937	505	757	227		474	392	664	496	1,14
Other cash *	348,919		94,895	28,229	23,181	22,658	22,433	43,663	17,563	9,219	18,446	15,365	31,034
Total reserves	14,271,733	835,668	6,632,872	726,896	888,296	374,132	338,877	2,332,341	385,977	272,624	403,922	240,335	839,793
Bills discounted: Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations.	12 000000	C 18 10		3737 6	100000			Same and	11-103003		80 K3 V3 (2)		1000
direct or fully guaranteed	1,400	115	562	84	98	341	30	27	CHEST THE P	10	Simme?	88	4/
Other bills discounted	3,518			196	237	307	119		166	78	285	380	590
Total bills discounted	4,918	129	1,463	280	335	648	149	272	166	88	285	468	638
Bills bought in open market	545	41	212	55	51	23	19	69	2	2	16	16	39
U. S. Government securities—	11,665			2,702	365	1,144	758		4	852	205	563	942
Bonds	911,090			77,196	91,245	51,119	38,721	98,610	42,158	25,889	45,255	34,794	73,387
Tremeury notes	1,176,109			99,651	117,788	65,987	49,984		54,420	33,419		44,914	94,736
Treasury bills	355,715	26,149	103,753	30,139	35,625	19,958	15,118	38,500	16,460	10,108	17,669	13,584	28,652
Total U. S. Govt. securities	2,442,914	179,578	712,536	206,986	244,658	137,064	103,823	264,403	113,038	69,416	121,345	93,292	196,775
Total bills and securities	2,460,042	181,435	716,274	210,023	245,409	138,879	104,749	265,124	113,210	70,358	121,851	94,339	198,391
Due from foreign banks	178			18	17	8	6	22	2	2	5	5	13
Fed. Res. notes of other banks Uncollected items	22,715 582,733	412 56,733	4,253 150,967	1,001 46.099	1,207 62,889	1,331 46,526	1,705 20,438	3,084 81,114	1,746 24,435	1,123 15,811	1,810 28,586	588 19,724	4,455 29,411
Bank premises	42,259	2,912	8,926	4,625	5,931	2,576	2,051	8,899	2,264	1,508	3,157	1,227	3,183
Other assets	49,918			4,382	5,486	3,273	2,147	4,806	2,030	1,452	2,262	1,857	4,124
Total assets	17,429,578	1,080,339	7,528,292	993,044	1,209,235	566,725	469,973	2,690,390	529,664	362,878	561,593	358,075	1,079,370
LIABILITIES	La La La	The state of	Sec. 32 57	1	4500 50			1			BL 30	130	1224 555
F. R. notes in actual circulation	4,550,689	389,922	1,128,559	319,254	426,293	201,190	153,667	1,008,616	179,710	132,094	173,791	77,239	360,354
Deposits:	10 500 000	*** 000	181	#10 #00	570,745	259,969	014 OFF	1,407,993	054 510	140 000	969 677	104 700	577,556
Member bank reserve account U. S. Treasurer—General account	844,268	64.629	5,588,171 254,813	518,562 34,667	76,030	30,906	50,709		254,518 44,169	142,088 50,339	262,875 65,838	194,782 42,314	41,928
Foreign bank	307 298	22,075		29,742	28,515	13,184	10,732	37,101	8,892	7,052	8,892	8,892	22,119
Other deposits	289,237	5,531		7,866	11,726	1,717	6,831	20,602	6,034	5,819	8,434	1,773	21,450
Total deposits	11,949,806	609,124	6,144,540	590,837	687,016	305,776	283,127	1,553,622	313,613	205,298	346,039	247,761	663,053
Deferred availability items	580.483	57.094	135,007	50,335	63,071	44,869	20,405	83,137	25,743	16,275	31,522	21,958	31,067
Other liabilities, incl. accrued divs	2,806	325	963	309	247	47	123	259	63	107	194	75	94
Total liabilities	17,083,784	1,056,465	7,409,069	960,735	1,176,627	551,882	457,322	2,645,634	519,129	353,774	551,546	347,033	1,054,568
CAPITAL ACCOUNTS		-		1	ST. St.		1 100		1	100	Section 1900	1.11.119	MARKET TO
Capital paid in	135,428	9,407	50,878	12,115	13,742	5,115	4,554	13,806	3,993	2,914	4,289	4,041	10,574
Surplus (Section 7)	149,152	10,083	52,463	13,696	14,323	4,983	5,630	22,666	4,685	3,153	3,613	3,892	9,965 2,121
Surplus (Section 13-b)	27,264 33,950	2,874 1,510	7,457 8,425	2,082	1,007 3,536	3,293 1,452	713 1,754	1,429 6,855	1,312	1,001 2,036	1,142	1,266 1,843	2,142
			-	-									
Total liabilities and capital accounts Commitments to make indus. advs	17,429,578 11,337		7,528,292	993,044	1,209,235	566,725 937	139	2,690,390	529,664 430	362,878	561,593	358,075	1,079,370 3,599

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Other cash" does not include Federal Reserve notes.

#### FEDERAL RESERVE NOTE STATEMENT

Three Ciphers (000) Omitted Federal Reserve Bank of—	Total	Boston	New York	Phila.	Cleveland	Richmond	Atlanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minneap.	Kan. City	Dallas	San Fran.
Federal Reserve notes: Issued to F. R. Bank by F. R. Agent Held by Federal Reserve Bank	4,841,728 291,039	\$ 407,049 17,127	\$ 1,228,269 99,710	\$ 337,127 17,873			\$ 164,594 10,927	1,037,623 29,007	\$ 193,210 13,500			\$ 84,544 7,305	
Lin actual circulation	4,550,689		1,128,559 1,248,000	319,254 345,000	445,000	215,000		1,008,616 1,045,000	179,710	139,500	185,000	77,239 88,000	434,000
Total collateral	4,931,751	124	1.248.594	345,084	445,146	215.561	100,000	1.045.000	196,010		185.226	88.000	434,490

### United States Treasury Bills-Friday, Aug. 11

Rates quoted are for discount at purchase.

	Bld	Asked		Btd	Asked
Aug. 16 1939	0.06%		Oct. 4 1939	0.06%	
Aug. 23 1939	0.06%		Oct. 11 1939	0.08%	
Aug. 30 1939	0.06%		Oct. 18 1939	0.06%	
Sept. 6 1939	0.06%		Oct. 25 1939	0.06%	
Sept. 20 1939	0.06%		Nov. 1 1939 Nov. 8 1939	0.06%	
Sept. 27 1939	0.06%		Nov. 8 1939	0.06%	

#### Quotations for United States Treasury Notes-Friday, Aug. 11

Figures after decimal point represent one or more 32ds of a point.

Maturity	Int. Rate	Bld	Asked	Maturity	Int. Rate	Bid	Asked
Sept. 15 1939 Dec. 15 1939 Mar. 15 1940 June 15 1940 Dec. 15 1940 Mar. 15 1941 June 15 1941	1 % % 1 % % 1 % % 1 % % 1 % % 1 % %	100.3 101.11 101.19 101.20 102.2 102.9 102.13	101.21 101.22 102.2 102.11	Sept. 15 1942	1 14 % 1 14 % 2 % 1 14 % 1 14 % 1 14 %	102.21 103.31 105.11 104.26 102.16 102.18 100.19	102.23 104.1 105.13 104.28 102.18 102.20 100.21

#### THE BERLIN STOCK EXCHANGE

Closing prices of representative stocks as received by cable each day of the past week:

care and or the pane meet.						
	Aug.	Aug.	Aug.	Aug.	Aug.	Aug.
			Per Cer	u of Pa	-	
Aligemeine Elektrizitaets-Gesellschaft (6%)		115	114	113	112	111
Berliner Kraft u. Licht (8%)		163	162	162	162	162
Commers-und Privat-Bank A. G. 6%		106	106	106	106	106
Deutsche Bank (6%)		111	111	111	111	111
Deutsche Reichsban (German Rys. pf. 7%).		123	123	123	123	123
Dresdner Bank (6%)		106	106	106	106	106
Farbenindustrie I. G. (7%)		148	147	148	150	148
Reichsbank (8%)		180	180	180	180	180
Siemens & Haiske (8%)		190	188	188	190	188
Vereinigte Stahlwerke (6%)		99	98	98	98	97

United States Government Securities on the New York Stock Exchange—See following page.

Transactions at the New York Stock Exchange. Daily, Weekly and Yearly—See page 997.

Stock and Bond Averages—See page 997.

#### THE PARIS BOURSE

Quotations of representative stocks as received by cable each day of the past week:

CONTRACT HONE TO SHIP	Aug. 5	Aug. 7	Aug. 8	Aug. 9		Aug. 11
	Francs	Francs	Francs	Francs	Francs	Francs
Bank of France		7.500	7,400	7.300	7,400	7.400
Banque de Paris et Des Pays Bas		1.088	1.086	1.085	1.081	
Banque de l'Union Parisienne		428	429	429	429	
Canadian Pacific		159	162	163	163	160
Canal de Sues cap		13,600	13,500	13,400	13,500	13.500
Cie Distr d'Electricite		743	741	739	740	
Cie Generale d'Electricite		1.580	1.520	1.530	1.520	1.510
Cie Generale Transatiantique B		52	53	50	53	53
Citroen B		520	522	515	518	
Comptoir Nationale d'Escompte		805	804	806	803	
Coty S A		240	240	240	240	240
Courriere		212	211	211	212	
Credit Commercial de France		504	501	502	500	
Credit Lyonnaise		1.580	1.590	1.590	1.590	1.580
Eaux des Lyonnaise cap		1.460	1,450	1.450	1,450	1.460
Energie Electrique du Nord		32.5	327	324	322	
Energie Electrique du Littoral		550	554	552	550	****
		634	632	733	634	
Kuhlmann	Holi-	1.070	1.070	1.090	1.090	1.080
L'Air Liquide		877	875	872	873	
Lyon (P L M)		871	865	865	862	****
Nord Ry		432	434	435	434	430
Orleans Ry 6%				36	36	
Pathe Capital		36	36			
Pechiney		1,660	1,653	1,656	1,654	20.00
Rentes Perpetual 3%		75.90	75.70	75.70	75.50	76.30
Rentes 4%, 1917		79.80	79.80	79.75	79.60	79.80
Rentes 4%, 1918		79.10	79.10	79.00	79.20	79.00
Rentes 41/2%, 1932, A		84.00	83.80	84.00	84.40	84.25
Rentes 41/2%, 1932, B		85.10	84.30	84.20	85.60	85.50
Rentes, 5%, 1920		110.80	110.60	110.30	110.70	110.60
Royal Dutch		6,080	6,020	6,030	6.020	5,950
Saint Gobain C & C		1,937	1,931	1,949	1,947	
Schneider & Cle		1,380	1,380	1,380	1,377	****
Societe Francisce Ford		65	63	61	61	61
Societe Generale Fonciere		61	61	60	61	
Societe Lyonnaise		1,458	1,451	1,455	1.455	
Societe Marseilles		633	633	630	628	
Tubise Artificial Slik preferred		76	73	73	72	
Union d'Electricite		857	554	549	544	
Wagon-Lits		62	61	4 1 61	61	

# Stock and Bond Sales—New York Stock Exchange DAILY, WEEKLY AND YEARLY

Occupying Altogether Sixteen Pages-Page One

NOTICE—Cash and deferred delivery sales are disregarded in the day's range, unless they are the only transactions of the day. No account is taken of such sales in computing the range for the year.

### United States Government Securities on the New York Stock Exchange

Below we furnish a daily record of the transactions in Treasury, Home Owners' Loan and Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation bonds on the New York Stock Exchange during the current week.

Quotations after decimal point represent one or more 32ds of a point.

Daily Record of U. S. Bond	Prices	Aug. 5	Aug. 7	Aug. 8	Aug. 9	Aug. 10	Aug. 11
Treasury 41/48, 1947-52	High Low. Close	121.20 121.20 121.20	121.20 121.20 121.20	121.13 121.13 121.13	121.4 121.4 121.4	121 121 121	121.1 121 121.1
Total sales in \$1,000 un		1	1	3	1	2	8
48, 1944-54	High Low.			115.20 115.20	115.17 115.17	115.15 115.15	115.15 115.15
Total sales in \$1,000 un	Close		****	115.20	115.17	115.15	115.15
20101 12102 111 421000 1111	(High						
3¾s, 1946-56	Low.	****		****			
Total sales in \$1,000 un		****					
3%s, 1940-43	High Low.				103.2 103.2	103.2 103.2	103.1 103.1
Total sales in \$1,000 un	Close				103.2	103.2	103.1
	High				105.8 105.8		105.8
3%s, 1941-43	Low. Close				105.8		105.8 105.8
Total sales in \$1,000 un	High Low.		110.18				1
31/8, 1943-47	Low.		110.18 110.18				
Total sales in \$1,000 un			-1		106.2		
3148, 1941	Low.		****		106.2 106.2		
Total sales in \$1,000 un	its	110.15		110.14	110.10		110 10
3148, 1943-45	High Low.	110.15 110.15		110.12	110.10	****	110.10 110.10
Total sales in \$1,000 un	Close	110.15		110.14	110.10		110.10
3148, 1944-46	High Low.	110.31 110.31	110.31 110.31	110.29 110.29	110.26 $110.26$	****	****
Total sales in \$1,000 un	Close	110.31	110.31	110.29	110.26		
3348, 1946-49	High Low-	****		111.29 111.29	111.26 $111.22$	$\frac{111.22}{111.22}$	111.25 111.25
Total sales in \$1,000 un	Close	****		111.29	111.24	111.22	111.25
31/4s, 1949-52	High Low.	****		113.6 113.6			113 113
	Close			113.6			113
Total sales in \$1,000 un	High Low.	****		5		110.28	110.27
36, 1946-48	Close!		6			$\frac{110.28}{110.28}$	110.27 $110.27$
Total sales in \$1,000 un	High	****	111.29	112.3	111.31	1	111.25
3a, 1951-55	Low_ Close		111.29 $111.29$	111.29 111.30	$111.31 \\ 111.31$		111.25 111.25
Total sales in \$1,000 un		109.15	25	109.12	109.10	109,4	109.6
23/48, 1955-60	Low.	109.15		109.7	109.6	109.4	109.6
Total sales in \$1,000 un	its	109.15	100000	109.12	109.6	109.4	109.6
2%8, 1945-47	High Low.		109.14 109.14	109.14 $109.14$	109.10 109.10		$109.5 \\ 109.4$
Total sales in \$1,000 un	Close	****	109.14 25 109.17	109.14 25	109.10		109.5
2%s, 1948-51	High Low.		109.17 109.17		109.8 109.8		
Total sales in \$1,000 un			109.17		109.8		
	High Low.	108.23 108.23			108.16 108.16	108.15 108.13	108.16 108.14
	Close	108.23	****	****	108.16	108.15	108.16
	High Low-		108 107.27	108.4	107.31 107.31	107.24 107.24	
	Close		107.27	108.4	107.31	107.24	

Daily Record of U.S. Bond Prices	Aug. 5	Aug. 7	Aug. 8	Aug. 9	Aug. 10	Aug. 1
Treasury (High)		107.16	107.13	107.12		
Treasury (High) 2 % 8, 1958-63		107.16	107.12	107.12		
Close	****	107.16	107.12	107.12		***
Total sales in \$1,000 wits		10	6	4		
(High	107.17	107.16	107.15	107.11	107.9	107.1
254s, 1960-65Low.	107.17	107.7	107.11	107.8	107.6	107.1
Close	107.17	107.7	107.13	107.10	107.6	107.1
Total sales in \$1,000 units	13	55	124	44	36	
(High				108.17		108.1
21/s, 1945Low.				108.13		108.1
Close				108.13		108.1
Total sales in \$1,000 units				7		
(High		108.16				
21/28, 1948Low.		108.16				
Close	****	108.16				
Total sales in \$1,000 units		. 1				100.1
(High	106.25	106.21	106.14	106.12		106.1
21/28, 1949-53Low.	106.25	106.21	106.14	106.7		106.1
Close	106.25	106.21	106.14	106.12		106.1
Total sales in \$1,000 units	10	*2	1	102		***
(High	106.23		106.16			106.8
23/48, 1950-52 Low.	106.23		106.16			106.8
Close	106.23		106.16			106.8
Total sales in \$1,000 units	1		*2			
(High						
2s, 1947Low.		****				
Close						
Total sales in \$1,000 units						
Federal Farm Mortgage (High.					109.15	
					100 15	
3½s, 1944-64Low. Close					100 15	
Total sales in \$1,000 units					17	
(High					108.27	108.2
3s, 1944-49Low.					108.27	108.2
Close			****		108.27	108.2
Total sales in \$1,000 units	****				*5	200.2
High		106.3		105.27	-	
3s, 1942-47		106.3		105.27	****	
On, 1912-1/	****	106.3		105.27		
Total sales in \$1,000 units		16		*2		
		105.24		-		
234s, 1942-47		105.24				
		105.24	****	****		***
Total sales in \$1,000 units		1				
		-				
Home Owners' Loan (High)			108.25	108.23		108.2
3s, series A, 1944-52 Low.			108.23	108.23		108.2
Close			108.23	108.23		108.2
Total sales in \$1,000 units			4	1		
(High)			104.29			104.2
21/s, 1942-44 Low.			104.29			104.2
Close			104.29		****	104.2
Total sales in \$1,000 units			*3			
(High	101.29	101.27	101.31		101.28	
11/8, 1945-47Low.	101.29	101.27	101.31		101.28	
Close	101.29	101.27	101.31		101.28	***
Total sales in \$1,000 units	#4	*1	*1		3	

• Odd lot sales. † Deferred delivery sale. ‡ Cash sale.

Note—The above table includes only sales of coupon bonds. Transactions in registered bonds were:

3 Treas. 33/4s, 1943-47 110.15 to 110.15
10 Treasury 33/4s, 1940-1943 100 to 103
3 Treas. 33/4s, 1943-45 110.10 to 110.10
4 Treas. 33/4s, 1946-49 111.27 to 111.27
1 Fed. Farm Mtge. 3s, 1942-1947 105.30 to 105.30

United States Treasury Bills—See previous page.
United States Treasury Notes, &c.—See previous page.

## **New York Stock Record**

LOW AND HIGH SALE PRICES—PER SHARE, NOT PER CENT Sales STOCKS  NEW YORK STOCKS	Range Sine		Range for Previous Year 1938	
Saturday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday   Friday the Aug. 5   Aug. 7   Aug. 8   Aug. 9   Aug. 10   Aug. 11   Week	Lowest	Highest	Lowest	Highest
S	\$ per share 53 Apr 11 120 Apr 10 3312 Apr 8 3112 Mar 31 64 Apr 8 1912 Apr 28 1914 Apr 1 4514 Apr 4 4 Jan 30 68 Apr 11 117 Apr 12 5 June 29 5 Apr 8 5 June 29 14 Apr 8 5 June 29 14 Apr 8 64 Apr 11 15112 Apr 10 10 Apr 10 6 Apr 11 5412 Apr 10 10 Apr 10 6 Apr 11 542 Apr 10 11 5412 Apr 10 128 Apr 8 124 Apr 8 114 June 29 1312 Apr 4 114 Apr 8 124 Apr 10 6 Apr 11 6 Apr 10 6 Apr 11 6 Apr 10 6 Apr 11	65 July 24 131 June 7 4312 July 28 45 Jan 6 11 Jan 25 658 Jan 3 2712 Jan 5 658 Jan 3 10 Jan 3 10 Jan 3 121 May 25 114 Jan 4 1478 Jan 4 1478 Jan 3 19 Mar 9 2814 Jan 3 1318 Jan 3	119% July 3014 Mar 18 June 614 Mar 1412 Mar 1658 Mar 85 Mar 85 Apr 78 Mar 614 June 8 Mar 512 June 1458 Sept 412 Mar 124 Mar 7 Mar 88 Mar 412 Mar 38 Mar 3814 Mar 1114 Apr 10 Mar 55 May	61 Nov 1234 Oct 45 Oct 52 Jan 124 July 24 Oct 30 Aug 677 Nov 153 July 135 Feb 126 Dec 15 Jan 174 Jan 175 Jan 174 Jan 175 Jan 174 Jan 175 Jan 176 Jan 179 Jan 1

LOW AND	LOW AND HIGH SALE PRICES-PER SHARE, NOT PER CENT				Sales for	STOCKS NEW YORK STOCK		nce Jan. 1 100-Share Lote	Range for Previous Year 1938		
Saturday Aug. 5	Monday Aug. 7	Tuesday Aug. 8	Wednesday Aug. 9	Thursday Aug. 10	Friday Aug. 11	the Week	EXCHANGE	Lowest	Highest	Lowest	Highest
\$ per share 51 <sub>2</sub> 51 <sub>2</sub> 43 431 <sub>2</sub>	\$ per share 58 584 43 43	*4214 4412	*42 43	*42 424	2 312 5 4 42 421		American Bosch Corp1 Am Brake Shoe & Fdy.No par	31 <sub>2</sub> Aug 11 31 <sub>8</sub> Aug 1	5412 Jan 4	\$ per share 64 Mar 234 Mar	14% July 52 Nov
*136 138 102 <sup>1</sup> 4 103 *170 <sup>1</sup> 2 178 <sup>7</sup> 8	*136 138 10114 1021 <sub>2</sub> *174 1787 <sub>8</sub>	*17412 17878	177 177	138 138 98 99 177 177	*136 140 98 <sup>1</sup> 4 99 *174 177	3,600 200	5¼ % conv pref	1671a Mar 3	10314 Aug 2 179 July 19	1604 Mar	17612 Nov
211 <sub>2</sub> 213 <sub>4</sub> 35 351 <sub>2</sub> *177 <sub>8</sub> 181 <sub>2</sub>	207 <sub>8</sub> 21 341 <sub>2</sub> 341 <sub>2</sub> 18 18	1814 1814	1778 18	3214 321 1738 177	3258 3258 178 171	1,300	American Car & FdyNo par Preferred	131a Ang S	55 Jan 5 2412 Jan 4	1258 Mar 27 Mar 912 Mar	3478 Dec 574 Nov 234 Nov
*101% 105 *130 132 *6 13	105 105 *130 131 *6 13	*103 105 *13014 131 *6 13	*103 106 130% 130% *6 13	*6 13	*103 106 *130 <sup>1</sup> 4 132 *6 13	100	5% preferred100 American ChicleNo par Am Coal Co of Allegh Co NJ 25	10912 Apr 20	130% Aug 9	891 <sub>2</sub> Feb 881 <sub>2</sub> Mar 131 <sub>2</sub> Sept	117 Dec 125 Oct 20 July
*65 <sub>8</sub> 7 *63 <sub>4</sub> 71 <sub>8</sub> *8 81 <sub>2</sub>	*658 7 *638 7 818 818	*658 678 7 714 818 818	612 658 *612 718 8 8	*612 71 8 8	8 658 658 *778 8	400	American Colortype Co10 Am Comm'l Alcohol Corp20 American Crystal Sugar10	5% Apr 10	1012 Jan 4	9 Mar 84 Mar	978 Nov 15 Nov 16% Jan
*76 79 *31 <sub>8</sub> 31 <sub>4</sub> *51 <sub>2</sub> 6	*7512 79 318 318 *512 6	76 76 *318 314 *512 6	*514 578			500	American Encaustic Tiling_1 Amer European SecsNo par	61 Feb 11 258 Apr 1 484May 26	5% Jan 4	212 Mar	83 Jan 68 July 714 Nov
*25 <sub>8</sub> 23 <sub>4</sub> 213 <sub>4</sub> 22 *73 <sub>4</sub> 83 <sub>8</sub>	21 <sub>2</sub> 25 <sub>8</sub> 201 <sub>2</sub> 213 <sub>8</sub> 78 <sub>4</sub> 78 <sub>4</sub>	*212 258 2012 21 8 818	25 <sub>8</sub> 25 <sub>8</sub> 201 <sub>4</sub> 201 <sub>2</sub> *71 <sub>2</sub> 77 <sub>8</sub>		20 21	2,000	\$7 preferred No par	2 Apr 8	358 Jan 20 2484 Aug 2	24 Mar 138 Mar	514 July 2514 Feb 1284 July
*16 <sup>1</sup> 2 17 <sup>8</sup> 4 12 <sup>1</sup> 4 12 <sup>1</sup> 4 4 <sup>1</sup> 2 4 <sup>7</sup> 8	1638 1638 *1213 13 438 458	16 16 13 13 45 <sub>8</sub> 47 <sub>8</sub>	151 <sub>2</sub> 153 <sub>4</sub> *123 <sub>4</sub> 131 <sub>2</sub> 41 <sub>2</sub> 41 <sub>2</sub>	*1284 131	124 1312		\$6 preferredNo par Amer Hawaiian SS Co10 American Hide & Leather1	10 Apr 11	1918 Aug 2 15 Jan 7	10 Mar	2078 July 15 Nov 578 Nov
33 33 *53 54 278 278	327 <sub>8</sub> 327 <sub>8</sub> 531 <sub>2</sub> 54 21 <sub>2</sub> 28 <sub>4</sub>	*3284 34 5378 54	*3284 34 53 5358	3214 321	*3012 34 25112 5212	300	6% preferred	25% Apr 8 41% Apr 11 1% Jan 24	3512May 31 55 July 25	12 Mar	36 Nov 451 <sub>2</sub> Dec 21 <sub>4</sub> June
*24 2484 *58 558 1612 1678	2384 2384 588 588 1684 17	24 24 *518 512 17 17	231 <sub>2</sub> 231 <sub>2</sub> *51 <sub>8</sub> 51 <sub>2</sub> 17 17	2212 231	2 2312 24	1,200 200 4,000	6% non-cum pref 100 Amer Internat Corp No par American Locomotive No par	1412 Jan 23 414 Apr 8 148 Apr 8		1318 Nov 418 Mar	2014 July 84 July 3058 Dec
*46 471 <sub>2</sub> 13 13 *21 <sub>2</sub> 27 <sub>8</sub>	45 451 <sub>2</sub> 128 <sub>4</sub> 128 <sub>4</sub> 25 <sub>8</sub> 25 <sub>8</sub>	47 47 121 <sub>2</sub> 121 <sub>2</sub> *25 <sub>8</sub> 28 <sub>4</sub>	*44 4718	*44 471 123 123 *212 27	*44 47 1214 1214	300 1,400 100	Amer Mach & Fdy Co No par Amer Mach & Metals No par	43 June 30 11 Apr 8 218 Apr 11	7912 Jan 3 154 Jan 5	44 June 10 Mar 28 Mar	79 Nov 178 July 514 Jan
29 29 *111 120 *2312 2414	28 28 *115 120 23 23*4	2784 2818 *115 120 *2212 2414	2712 2814 *115 120 *2212 2414	27 27 *115 120 *23 241	26 26 <sup>3</sup> 4 120 120	2,700 200 50	Amer Metal Co LtdNo par 6% conv preferred100 American News CoNo par	26 Aug 11	401g Jan 5	23 Mar	45 Oct 122 Nov 2912 Jan
514 512 4714 4814 42 4278	514 538 4634 48 4114 4258	514 558 4714 4838 4212 4338	514 538 4612 4814 41 4318	5 51	46 47	18,400 6,200 11,700	\$6 preferredNo par \$5 preferredNo par	358 Apr 10 32 Apr 8 28 Apr 8		314 Mar 19 Mar 1618 Mar	712 Oct 4758 Nov 4112 Nov
*152 -152 -1544 15	111 <sub>8</sub> 111 <sub>4</sub> *152	11 11 <sup>5</sup> 8 *152 14 <sup>1</sup> 2 14 <sup>1</sup> 2	11 11 *152 1418 1412	10 <sup>5</sup> 8 11 *152 13 <sup>5</sup> 8 14	1058 1078 *152	7,600	Am Rad & Stand San'y No par Preferred 100 American Rolling Mill 25	1018 Apr 8	1838 Jan 4 162 Jan 5	9 Mar	1918 Oct 16512 Jan 2412 Nov
*6518 6614 1284 1284 *1212 1312	6514 6514 *1212 1258 1212 1212	65 65 1258 1258 *1212 1278	65 65 121 <sub>2</sub> 121 <sub>2</sub> 121 <sub>2</sub> 121 <sub>2</sub>	64 64 1218 1218		1,100	4½% conv pref100 American Safety Rasor18.50 American Seating CoNo per	50 Apr 11	7212 Jan 4 1538 Mar 1	58 Mar 12 Dec 718 Mar	80% July 20% Jan 2312 Nov
*2918 2912 46 4618 *13678 139	29 291 <sub>2</sub> 45 46 138 138	*29 291 <sub>2</sub> 45 455 <sub>8</sub> 1381 <sub>2</sub> 1381 <sub>2</sub>	*2918 2912 4484 45 *13718 13884	2918 2918 4284 445	29 29 431 <sub>8</sub> 435 <sub>8</sub>	7,500 400	Amer Ship Building Co. No par Amer Smelting & Refg. No par Preferred	26 July 19 3512 Apr 10	341 <sub>2</sub> Mar 10 535 <sub>8</sub> Jan 5	2254 Apr 2818 Mar	351 <sub>2</sub> Jan 583 <sub>8</sub> Nov 140 Dec
671 <sub>8</sub> 671 <sub>8</sub> 153 153 253 <sub>8</sub> 255 <sub>8</sub>	68 69 *152 245a 2512	*68 691 <sub>4</sub> 153 153 245 <sub>8</sub> 251 <sub>2</sub>	*67 6884 *152 241a 25	*6714 68 *152 24 243	*6712 68	500 40 7,500	American Snuff	5912 Apr 14	69 Aug 7 153 July 6	45% Apr 130 Jan 15% Mar	614 Dec 150 Dec 404 Dec
*1278 1314 *14 1412 1612 1612	121 <sub>4</sub> 131 <sub>4</sub> 14 145 <sub>8</sub> 161 <sub>2</sub> 161 <sub>2</sub>	13 1338 1434 1434 1612 1612	1284 13 14 14 *1658 17	1284 1314 14 1414 161 <sub>2</sub> 165	1284 1284 *1378 1414	2,500 800 900	American StoresNo par American Stove CoNo par American Sugar Refining100	814 Apr 8 9 Apr 1 1514 Apr 11	1412 July 26 1484 Aug 3		1134 Jan 19 Oct 31 Jan
*80 81 <sup>1</sup> 2 *17 <sup>1</sup> 2 18 167 <sup>1</sup> 2 168	*80 81 *1712 18 16612 16818	*7978 81 *1778 18 16638 16712	7978 7978 *1712 18 166 16638	*78% 80 1712 1713 16312 16514	*7814 80 *1784 18	100 100 7,400	Preferred	7518 Mar 7 1419 Apr 8	91% Jan 9 1812 Jan 4	82 Dec 125 Mar 111 Mar	11718 Mar 12013 Oct 15014 Dec
8384 8384 8514 8512 *149 15112 *	*831 <sub>4</sub> 841 <sub>2</sub> 851 <sub>4</sub> 858 <sub>4</sub> *149 1511 <sub>2</sub>	841 <sub>2</sub> 841 <sub>2</sub> 853 <sub>4</sub> 86 1511 <sub>2</sub> 1511 <sub>2</sub>	x82 82 x8414 8412	8184 8184 8314 8414 15112 1511	80 80 <sup>5</sup> 8 81 <sup>1</sup> 4 83	1,900 3,700 200	American Tobacco	73 Apr 11 7512 Apr 11 147 Jan 4	8712 Jan 19 894 Jan 16 15314 May 26	58 Mar 584 Mar	8814 Aug 9158 Oct 152 Dec
*51 <sub>2</sub> 58 <sub>4</sub> 111 <sub>4</sub> 113 <sub>4</sub> *95 100	512 512 1114 1138 *95 100	*55g 57g 113g 12 96 96	512 512 1114 1184 *95 100	58 512 1084 1114 95 9514	512 512 1084 1188	700	Am Type Foundries Inc10 Am Water Wks & Elec. No par \$6 1st preferredNo par	41 <sub>2</sub> Mar 31 81 <sub>8</sub> Apr 11 78 Apr 10	8% Jan 5 14% Jan 20	378 Mar 6 Mar 68 Apr	912 Nov 1618 Nov 91 Aug
4 <sup>7</sup> 8 5 *35 37 5 <sup>1</sup> 4 5 <sup>1</sup> 4	5 5 351 <sub>4</sub> 351 <sub>4</sub> 51 <sub>8</sub> 51 <sub>8</sub>	*41 <sub>2</sub> 5 35 35 51 <sub>8</sub> 51 <sub>4</sub>	478 478 *3314 34 518 518	*41 <sub>2</sub> 5 331 <sub>2</sub> 331 <sub>2</sub> 5 51 <sub>8</sub>	*33 34	600 300	American WoolenNo par Preferred100	3% Apr 8 28% Apr 10	6% Jan 10 4312 Jan 10	314 Mar 2358 Mar	7% July 45 Nov 9% Oct
*28 36 2638 2678 *38 4119	*30 36 2618 2678 *36 4112	*28 36 2614 2658 *39 4112	*28 36 2538 2618 *38 4112	*30 36 2458 2588	*30 36 2458 2534		\$5 prior conv pref25 Anaconda Copper Mining50 Anaconda W & CableNo par	24 Apr 11	33 Jan 7	25 Mar	43 July 4218 Oct 64% Oct
2578 2614 *112 114 *	2558 2618 112 114 *1014 1178	2578 261 <sub>2</sub> *112 114 11 11	255 <sub>8</sub> 261 <sub>2</sub> *112 114 *101 <sub>4</sub> 117 <sub>8</sub>	2538 2618 *112 114 1014 1014	2484 26 *112 114	11,300	AnchorHockGlass Corp No par \$6.50 conv preferred. No par Andes Copper Mining20	131 <sub>2</sub> Apr 8 111 Jan 23 88 <sub>4</sub> Apr 11	2758 Aug 3	10% Mar 97 Apr 10 Mar	2178 Aug 11313 Oct 2013 Oct
*184 2 278 278	*184 2 278 278 116 11719	*184 2 278 278 117 117	*184 2 27 27 *117 11712	*184 2 27 27 1171: 1171:	*184 2 26 26	600	A P W Paper Co No par Archer Daniels Midl'd_No par 7% preferred	112 Apr 11 21 Apr 21 116 July 28	21 <sub>2</sub> Jan 9 291 <sub>2</sub> Jan 6 1211 <sub>4</sub> Jan 4	2 Mar 20 Apr 116 July	412 July 3112 Aug 12214 Oct
*1018 10312 * 4 418	102 103 4 4 *3712 39	102 102 4 4 <sup>18</sup> 37 <sup>1</sup> 2 37 <sup>1</sup> 2	102 102 378 4 3612 3612	*10112 103 378 4 *35 3612	1014 1014 378 4	500 4,200 300	Armour & Co (Del) pf7 %gtd 100 Armour & Co of Illinois5 \$6 conv prefNo par	97 May 9 384 Apr 10 3384 Apr 11	105 June 20 618 Jan 4 52 Jan 5	82 Mar 378 Mar 2814 Mar	1037 Oct 7 July 72 Jan
*45 65	*45 65 240 40 <sup>1</sup> 2 10 <sup>1</sup> 4 10 <sup>1</sup> 4	*45 65 40 <sup>8</sup> 4 41 *10 10 <sup>3</sup> 8	*45 65 3938 40 *10 1018	*45 65 391 <sub>2</sub> 391 <sub>2</sub> 97 <sub>8</sub> 10	*45 65 3918 4012 *912 10	2,400	7% preferred100 Armstrong Cork Co No par Arnold Constable Corp5	50 Mar 31 331 <sub>2</sub> Apr 11 91 <sub>8</sub> Apr 10	65 Jan 4 58 Jan 4 13 Mar 15	50 Mar 2414 Mar 512 Mar	941 <sub>2</sub> Jan 595 <sub>8</sub> Dec 13 Nov
*9 918 *92 *838 884	9 9 *92 818 838	*9 91 <sub>2</sub> *92 *81 <sub>8</sub> 81 <sub>4</sub>	*858 878 92 92 8 818	778 858 *90	*90 8 8	1,800 10 1,700	Arthoom Corp No par 7% preferred100 Associated Dry Goods1	53 Apr 11 73 Jan 23 55 Apr 11	103 Jan 5 95 July 20 103 Jan 3	21 <sub>2</sub> Mar 72 Nov 4 Mar	9 Dec 771 <sub>2</sub> Dec 125 <sub>8</sub> Nov
*37 3878	*75 77 *581 <sub>2</sub> 61 37 37	*75 80 *581 <sub>2</sub> 61 37 37	*75 80 581 <sub>2</sub> 581 <sub>2</sub> *361 <sub>2</sub> 38	27614 7614 *54 59 *3612 38	76 76 *55 59 *36 <sup>1</sup> 2 38	200 100 200	6% 1st preferred100 7% 2d preferred100 Assoc Investments CoNo par	70 Jan 5 41 Apr 8 30 Apr 11	78 Mar 15 60 June 12 38 June 6	252 May 48 Dec 27 Mar	75 Aug 731 <sub>2</sub> Sept 391 <sub>2</sub> Nov
2778 2814	*97 <sup>1</sup> 4 99 26 <sup>3</sup> 4 28 <sup>1</sup> 4 *53 <sup>1</sup> 2 57	498 98 2638 2734 5312 5312	*9714 99 2614 2634 5358 5358	*9714 99 26 2612 5312 5384	99 99 261 <sub>8</sub> 271 <sub>4</sub> 54 541 <sub>8</sub>	12,600 700	5% pref with warrants100 Atch Topeka & Santa Fe100 5% preferred100	90 Jan 9 2312 Apr 11 517 Apr 26	100 June 1 4278 Jan 4 71 Mar 9	72 Mar 2214 Mar 40 May	95 Nov 4478 Nov 72 Jan
19 191 <sub>4</sub> *61 <sub>2</sub> 71 <sub>2</sub> *121 <sub>4</sub> 131 <sub>4</sub>	183 <sub>8</sub> 19 *61 <sub>4</sub> 78 <sub>4</sub> *121 <sub>4</sub> 131 <sub>2</sub>	181 <sub>4</sub> 183 <sub>4</sub> *61 <sub>4</sub> 73 <sub>4</sub> *125 <sub>8</sub> 131 <sub>2</sub>	1814 1814 *614 734 *1218 13	1718 1734 7 7 *1114 1338	178 178 *614 712 *12 138	2,800 100	Atlantic Coast Line RR100 Atl G & W I SS LinesNo par 5% preferred100	15 Apr 8 6 Apr 8 10 Apr 8	301 <sub>8</sub> Jan 3 101 <sub>2</sub> Mar 14 18 Mar 15	14 Mar 414 Mar 612 Mar	30 Dec 814 July 1412 Jan
1984 1984	195 <sub>8</sub> 197 <sub>8</sub> 107 108 9 9	195 <sub>8</sub> 195 <sub>8</sub> 108 108 9 9	1984 1984 107 107 878 9	1958 1954 105 105 884 878	19 <sup>1</sup> 2 19 <sup>5</sup> 8 *105 107 8 <sup>7</sup> 8 9	2,700 300 8,000	Atlantic Refining25 4% conv pret series A100 Atlas Corp5	1812May 2 10414 Apr 12 7 Apr 11	2312 Jan 10 11012June 6 988 July 21	17% Mar 101% Apr 5% Mar	27% July 10914 Aug 978 Jan
*4712 4812 *51 5312 *120 124	4784 4888 *5012 5312 120 124	47% 48 53 5314 12014 124	4784 4784 *52 54 *12014 124	*46% 48 *51 54 *120% 124	*46% 47% *51 54 *120% 124	600 400	6% preferred	435 Apr 8 505 June 6 116 June 15	48% Aug 7 66% Jan 3 127 Jan 11	384 Mar 36 Mar 105 Jan	481 <sub>2</sub> Aug 68 Nov 1261 <sub>4</sub> Dec
*5 578 *184 2 *214 3	*51g 6 *134 2 *214 3	*51 <sub>8</sub> 57 <sub>8</sub> 1 <sup>8</sup> 4 1 <sup>8</sup> 4 *21 <sub>4</sub> 3	*5 51 <sub>2</sub> 18 <sub>4</sub> 18 <sub>4</sub> *21 <sub>4</sub> 3	*5 512 134 134 *214 3	518 512 112 112 *214 3	200 500	Atlas Tack CorpNo par Auburn AutomobileNo par Austin NicholsNo par	414 Apr 10 112 July 10 2 Apr 13	61 <sub>2</sub> Jan 5 45 <sub>8</sub> Mar 10 37 <sub>8</sub> Jan 6	412 Apr 212 June 2 Mar	8 Nov 612 Jan 558 Dec
*2312 2412 4 418 1184 1184	231 <sub>2</sub> 231 <sub>2</sub> 4 41 <sub>8</sub> 111 <sub>8</sub> 113 <sub>5</sub>	*21 2412 418 414 1138 1158	*2012 2312 418 414 1114 1158	*2012 2312 4 418 104 1118	*2012 2312 4 418 1078 1114	17,700 7,400	\$5 prior A	185 <sub>8</sub> June 30 38 <sub>4</sub> June 29 91 <sub>4</sub> Apr 11	301 <sub>2</sub> Jan 5 87 <sub>8</sub> Jan 3 173 <sub>8</sub> Jan 4	1214 Mar 212 Mar 5 Mar	36 <sup>2</sup> 4 Dec 8 <sup>1</sup> 2 Dec 17 <sup>1</sup> 4 Dec
5 5 *658 718 *24 2578	478 478 634 634 •24 2578	478 5 658 684 •24 2584	47 <sub>8</sub> 47 <sub>8</sub> 61 <sub>2</sub> 61 <sub>2</sub> 24 24	484 478 6 6 *22 2414	458 484 618 614 *23 24	3,500 1,300 100	### Baltimore & Ohio 100  4% preferred 100  Bangor & Aroostook 50	438 July 10 5 Apr 10 19 Apr 11	884 Jan 5 1088 Jan 4 3012 Jan 4	Mar 512 Mar 2434 Dec	11 July 134 Jan 36 July
*63 68 13 <sup>1</sup> 4 13 <sup>1</sup> 2 *7 <sup>8</sup> 4 8 <sup>1</sup> 2	671 <sub>2</sub> 68 121 <sub>4</sub> 128 <sub>4</sub> *78 <sub>4</sub> 81 <sub>2</sub>	*63 671 <sub>2</sub> 121 <sub>2</sub> 123 <sub>4</sub> *75 <sub>8</sub> 83 <sub>8</sub>	*63 67 <sup>1</sup> 4 12 <sup>1</sup> 2 12 <sup>1</sup> 2 *7 <sup>5</sup> 8 8 <sup>3</sup> 8	6512 6612 1238 1238 758 784	*66 67 1212 13 *7 8	2,000 200	Conv 5% preferred100 Barber Asphalt Corp10 Barker BrothersNo par	65 July 3 10% Apr 8 6 Apr 8	87 Jan 11 21 Jan 5 13 Jan 5	82 Dec 1218 Mar 8 Mar	98 July 234 Oct 14 Oct
*30% 32 13% 13% 24 24%	3084 3084 1318 1312 2384 24	*30 31 13 131 <sub>4</sub> 24 241 <sub>2</sub>	*30 31 127 <sub>8</sub> 131 <sub>4</sub> 238 <sub>4</sub> 241 <sub>8</sub>	*30 <sup>1</sup> 2 30 <sup>1</sup> 2 12 <sup>7</sup> 8 13 23 23	31 31 12 <sup>1</sup> 4 12 <sup>7</sup> 8 23 <sup>1</sup> 4 23 <sup>1</sup> 4		534% preferred 50 Barnsdall Oil Co 5 Bayuk Cigars Inc No par	2414 Apr 11 1214 Aug 11 1514 Apr 10	33 Feb 28 191 <sub>2</sub> Jan 4 251 <sub>2</sub> July 24	218 Mar 101 Mar 9 Mar	214 July 21 Nov
*11212 114 *1 *2612 264	1121 <sub>2</sub> 114 261 <sub>4</sub> 261 <sub>2</sub>	1121 <sub>2</sub> 14 261 <sub>4</sub> 261 <sub>2</sub>	1121 <sub>2</sub> 114 26 26	112 <sup>1</sup> 2 114 25 25 105 <sup>1</sup> 2 110	*11212 114 *24 25 *10512 110	600	1st preferred	11014 Apr 11 17 Apr 10 98 Apr 10	1144 Jan 16 28 July 24 105 Aug 4	109 Apr 11% Mar 901 <sub>2</sub> Apr	115 Jan 191 <sub>2</sub> Dec 102 Oct
*128 1281 <sub>2</sub> 1 93 <sub>8</sub> 93 <sub>8</sub>	30 * 1281 <sub>2</sub> 1281 <sub>2</sub> *81 <sub>4</sub> 91 <sub>2</sub>	1271 <sub>2</sub> 1271 <sub>2</sub> *88 <sub>4</sub> 91 <sub>4</sub>	124 1278 <sub>4</sub> 88 <sub>4</sub> 88 <sub>4</sub>	12784 12784 *888 9	*124 128 81 <sub>2</sub> 85 <sub>8</sub>	400	Beech Creek RR50 Beech-Nut Packing Co20 Beiding-HeminwayNo par	28 Mar 3 1131 <sub>2</sub> Apr 28 71 <sub>4</sub> Apr 10	29 Mar 23 1281 <sub>2</sub> Aug 1 91 <sub>2</sub> July 31	25 Apr 941 <sub>2</sub> Apr 54 Mar	3014 Mar 117 Dec 9 July
2484 2478 208 2012	7518	*7318 7578 2418 2484 2014 2014	*7318 7578 2312 24 2038 2038	*731 <sub>8</sub> 76 231 <sub>4</sub> 237 <sub>8</sub> 201 <sub>4</sub> 203 <sub>8</sub>	*7318 76 2318 24 2012 2012	11,000 2,000	Beigian Nat Rys part pref	70 Mar 22 16% Apr 11 17% Apr 11	735 <sub>8</sub> Jan 26 298 <sub>4</sub> Jan 3 211 <sub>2</sub> Mar 11	67 Sept 88 Mar 154 Mar	83 Jan 301 <sub>3</sub> Dec 21 Dec
	558 558 40 4012 5912 618	*5514 5512 4014 4012 5984 61	551 <sub>8</sub> 551 <sub>4</sub> 40 41 59 60	5434 5518 40 4014 58 5914	*547 <sub>8</sub> 551 <sub>2</sub> 40 405 <sub>8</sub> 58 60	700 1,400 27,000	priorpf\$2.50div ser'38Ne par Best & Co	4816 Apr 6 38 July 31 5014 June 30	55% Aug 7 5712 Mar 11 80 Jan 4	26% Mar 394 May	56 Nov 78% Dec
2514 2514	171 <sub>8</sub> 171 <sub>4</sub> 1141 <sub>2</sub> 1143 <sub>4</sub> 24 24	171 <sub>2</sub> 171 <sub>2</sub> 1145 <sub>8</sub> 1145 <sub>8</sub> *24 248 <sub>4</sub>	*17 <sup>1</sup> 4 17 <sup>5</sup> 8 114 <sup>1</sup> 4 114 <sup>5</sup> 8 *24 25	*1718 1758 11212 11314 2312 2412	17 <sup>1</sup> 2 17 <sup>5</sup> 8 113 113 *23 24 <sup>1</sup> 2		5% preferred 20 7% preferred 100 Bigelow-Sanf Carp Inc. No par	1512 Apr 10 9914 Apr 11 1578 Apr 10	18 Jan 11 115 Jan 7 27 Feb 28 221s Jan 3	124 June 75 Mar 1718 June	1818 Nov 11478 Nov 2984 Oct 2418 Nov
*1058 1078 *1618 17	18 <sup>1</sup> 4 18 <sup>1</sup> 4 10 <sup>1</sup> 2 11 <sup>1</sup> 8 16 <sup>1</sup> 2 17	*18 18 <sup>1</sup> 4 10 <sup>1</sup> 2 10 <sup>8</sup> 4 *16 <sup>1</sup> 2 17 <sup>1</sup> 2	18 <sup>1</sup> 4 18 <sup>1</sup> 4 10 10 <sup>5</sup> 8 *16 <sup>1</sup> 2 17 <sup>1</sup> 2	1784 1778 984 1014 *1618 17 *38 40	17 <sup>1</sup> 2 17 <sup>1</sup> 2 9 <sup>3</sup> 4 10 <sup>1</sup> 8 16 <sup>3</sup> 8 16 <sup>3</sup> 8	4,900	Black & Decker Mfg Co Ne par Blaw-Knox Co	14 Apr 8 81 <sub>2</sub> Apr 10 163 <sub>8</sub> Aug 11 35 Apr 18	221 <sub>8</sub> Jan 3 173 <sub>4</sub> Jan 4 231 <sub>2</sub> Mar 11 44 Feb 24	94 Mar 1018 Mar 131 <sub>2</sub> Apr May	2412 Nov 1944 Nov 2114 Oct 55 July
40 40	20% 21%	*38 40 207 <sub>8</sub> 217 <sub>8</sub>	*38 40 21 <sup>1</sup> 4 21 <sup>8</sup> 4	2078 2184	*38 40 21 <sup>1</sup> 8 21 <sup>7</sup> 8	8,800	Boeing Airplane Co	1758June 29	344 Jan 3	19 Sept	357a Dec
* Bid and s	seked prices;	no sales on t	his day. ‡1	n receiversh	p. a Def. de	livery.	s New stock. 7 Cash sale. 2 E	r-div. y Ex-r	ights. ¶ Call	ed for redem	ption.

984				HEM	1011	N SLUCI	n nec	ora—Continuea—Pa	age 3		Aug. 12,	, 1939
LOW AN	D HIGH SA	LE PRIC	ES-PER S	HARE.	NOT P	PER CENT	Sales	STOCKS	Range St	nce Jan. 1	Range fo	r Previous
Saturday	Monday	Tuesday   Wednesday   Thursday			Friday	- for	NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE		100-Share Lots	Year 1938		
Aug. 5	Aug. 7	Aug. 8	Aug. 1	As	w. 10	Aug. 11	Week		Lowest	Highest	Loroest	Highest
\$ per share *21 2112		*21 21	10 21 2	1 20	s 2014	\$ per shar 2012 20	10 700	Bohn Aluminum & Brass	5 164 Apr	\$ per share 2812 Jan 3		3012 Oct
116 116 588 59	116 116 59 59	*115 116 58% 58	58 5812 5	912 58	2 1151 <sub>2</sub> 58	*58 58	12 70 12 320	Bon Ami class ANo po	51 Jan 24	5978 July 25		5212 Dec
*1938 1984 2112 2178	2112 2178	191 <sub>2</sub> 19 215 <sub>8</sub> 21	34 2112 2	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8 2112	1934 19 2114 21	5,800	Bond Stores Inc1	1612 Jan 12	22 Aug 3	15 May	195g Jan
2434 25 *158 2	2414 2484 *188 2	24 24 *15 <sub>8</sub> 2	*158	43 <sub>4</sub> 223 2 *15	8 2	23 23 *15 <sub>8</sub> 2	1	Boston & Maine RR100	112 Apr	24 Mar 8	112 Dec	484 Jan
*67a 714	*27 29 *67 <sub>8</sub> 7	*271 <sub>2</sub> 29	678	71 <sub>2</sub> *271 7 68	4 678	271 <sub>2</sub> 271 63 <sub>4</sub> 61	700	Brewing Corp of America	512 Apr 10	74 Feb 27	4 Mar	84 Aug
1012 1012 2218 2288	1018 1014 2158 22	10 10 215 22	18 21 2	978 91, 158 201,	21	914 91 2012 211	4 8,000	Briggs Manufacturing No par	1614 Apr 10	317 Jan 5	5% Mar 12% Mar	16 Dec 37% Aug
*39 41 *501 <sub>8</sub> 517 <sub>8</sub>	*39 41 5112 5112	*39 40 *50 <sup>1</sup> 4 52	12 5112 5	084 *39 21 <sub>2</sub> a518		*39 401 521 <sub>2</sub> 521	2 500	Briggs & StrattonNo par Bristol-Myers Co	414 Apr 14		28 Feb	
1284 1284	*15 <sub>8</sub> 17 <sub>8</sub> 121 <sub>2</sub> 125 <sub>8</sub>	1218 121	8 1212 13	12 115	1218	15 <sub>8</sub> 15 115 <sub>8</sub> 115	8 1,500	Brooklyn & Queens Tr. No par \$6 preferred	518 Apr 1	1358 Aug 2	358 Mar	
131 <sub>4</sub> 131 <sub>4</sub> *46 47	1278 13 4412 4612	123 <sub>4</sub> 13 451 <sub>2</sub> 461	4 *4458 44	27 <sub>8</sub> 117 <sub>8</sub> 43	4418	12 121 431 <sub>2</sub> 433	2.400	36 preferred series A No po	27 Apr 8	4812 Aug 3	21634 Mar	4614 Nov
2784 2888 *3512 37	2714 28 *3512 37	28 281 *351 <sub>2</sub> 37	*3512 37	3512	3512	263 <sub>8</sub> 273 *35 37	100	Brown Shoe CoNo par	3118 Jan 3	36 Apr 29	27% May	41 Jan
91g 91g	16% 17% 9 914j	918 91	4 884 5	85	834	161 <sub>2</sub> 168 85 <sub>8</sub> 87		Bruns-Balke-Collender No par Bucyrus-Erie Co	7 Apr 8	1318 Jan 6	578 Mar	1318 Oct
*102 10314 518 514	5 514	518 51	8 5 8	18 478		104 104 478 51		7% preferred	94% Apr 11	8 Jan 4	314 Mar	712 Dec
42 4314 *414 458	41 42 *414 458	41 411	8 418 4	112 39 118 418	40	391 <sub>2</sub> 391 41 <sub>8</sub> 41	500	7% preferred	3 Apr 8	55g Jan 4	62 Mar 3 Mar	5478 Jan 584 Oct
*198 2014	*29 291 <sub>2</sub> *19 20	2914 291 *19 201	4 1914 19	14 19	19	28 281 *181 <sub>2</sub> 20	200	Bulova Watch No par Buliard Co No par	2112 Apr 10 16 Apr 11	30 Jan 5	1314 Mar	39 July 29 Dec
18 18 <sup>1</sup> 8 13 <sup>5</sup> 8 13 <sup>8</sup> 4	1784 1818 13 1358	18 184 133 <sub>8</sub> 133	8 1212 13	14 12	1218	1784 181 12 121	4,500	Burington Milis Corp1 Burroughs Add MachNo par	111 <sub>2</sub> Apr 10 11 June 30	184 Jan 3	1412 Mar	16% Aug 22¼ July
*18g 112 *1012 1114	108 <sub>4</sub> 108 <sub>4</sub>	*91 <sub>2</sub> 111	2 10 10			*114 11 *918 11	50	Bush Terminal		13 June 9	112 Mar	31 <sub>2</sub> Jan
*738 758 *2114 2284	*714 712 *2114 2258	*714 73 *21 223	8 *2058 22			*201 <sub>2</sub> 22	1,900	Butler Bros 10 5% conv preferred 30	1878 Apr 11		55 May 165 Mar	10 July 24 July
11 11	*3 4 11 111 <sub>8</sub>	*3 31 *11 113	8 11 11		1012	25 <sub>8</sub> 23 10 101	1,200	Butte Copper & Zinc	212June 29 7 Apr 11 2512 Apr 11	1314 Jan 4 74 Aug 2	23g Mar 6 Mar 20 Mar	5 Oct 154 Nov
*12 131 <sub>4</sub>	69 <sup>1</sup> 4 70 *12 <sup>1</sup> 8 13	70 70 *1284 131		84 1212		65 65 *121 <sub>8</sub> 13	300	Participating preferred100 Byron Jackson CoNo par	1112 Apr 8 1314 Apr 10	17% Jan 5	13 Mar	22 July 241 Jan
*181 <sub>2</sub> 187 <sub>8</sub> *50 528 <sub>4</sub>	*181 <sub>2</sub> 19 *50 521 <sub>2</sub>	181 <sub>2</sub> 181 *50 523		38 *50	5284	17 17 *50 528		California PackingNo par 5% preferred50		53 July 7	45 Mar	51 Aug 21g Jan
6 6	578 6	578 57		78 *78 78 558	584	558 578	2,200 2,800	Callahan Zinc Lead1 Calumet & Hecla Cons Cop. 5	5 Apr 8 918 Apr 11	21 <sub>8</sub> Jan 17 85 <sub>8</sub> Jan 5 .172 <sub>4</sub> Jan 4	514 Mar	10% Oct 2012 Aug
*1118 12 1812 1858	12 12 18 183 <sub>8</sub>	*1114 117 1818 181	174 18	18 1734	1814	*10 <sup>1</sup> 2 11 <sup>1</sup> 4 18 <sup>5</sup> 8	4		12 Apr 11	20% Jan 18		2112 July
*40 471 <sub>2</sub> 4 41 <sub>8</sub>	4 4 4	4 4	4 4	378	4712	*41 471 <sub>2</sub> 31 <sub>2</sub> 41 <sub>6</sub>	16,500	Canada Soa Ry Co100 Canadian Pacific Ry25 Cannon MillsNo par	43 July 14 312 Apr 8	47 June 12 614 Jan 3	5 Mar	4612 Nov 81a Jan
*3214 33 *612 7	*3214 33 *638 678	*3218 33 *612 7	*3214 33 *638 7	684	321 <sub>4</sub> 63 <sub>4</sub>	32 32 *614 684	100	Capital Admin class A	412May 19	3412 Mar 11 732 Jan 9 4212 Feb 17	21 May 41 <sub>2</sub> Mar	42 July 84 Aug
*401 <sub>2</sub> 45 *831 <sub>4</sub> 87	*401 <sub>2</sub> 45 *833 <sub>8</sub> 851 <sub>2</sub>	*4012 45 *8212 85	40 40 *821 <sub>2</sub> 85	12 *8284	851 <sub>4</sub>	*40 43 *8284 8514	70	Carolina Clinch & Ohio Ry 100	35 July 10 77 Apr 20	8512 July 17	3414 Mar 631 <sub>2</sub> Apr	45 Nov 89 Jan
*1514 1614 *278 388	16 1618 *278 318	16 16 *27 <sub>8</sub> 31 <sub>4</sub>		278	3	1518 1518 *284 3	900	Carriers & General Corp	1378 Apr 1 28 July 7	2011 Jan 4 378 Jan 3	123 <sub>8</sub> June 21 <sub>2</sub> Mar	2212 Nov 412 Jan
	*72 7412 11712 11812	*72 741 1181 <sub>2</sub> 1181	*11712 118	11712	72 1171 <sub>2</sub>	72 721 <sub>2</sub> 116 116	110	Case (J 1) Co	66 Apr 11	941 <sub>2</sub> Mar 9 1221 <sub>4</sub> Mar 3	621 <sub>2</sub> Mar 981 <sub>4</sub> Jan	10712 July 120 Aug
	43 43 <sup>7</sup> 8 102 102 <sup>1</sup> 4	43 438 102 102	102 102			4012 42 10218 10218	1,100	Caterplilar TractorNo par 5% preferred100 Celanese Corp of Amer.No par	3812 Apr 1 102 Aug 3	55 Mar 11 10718 Jan 9 2918 Aug 3	295g Mar 1001g Jan 9 Mar	58 July 1065 Dec
		261 <sub>2</sub> 271 <sub>4</sub> 109 1093	10912 109	78 109	25% 10912		910	7% prior preferred	84 Apr 14	10978 Aug 9 1918 Jan 4	9 Mar 82 July 125 Dec	26% Nov 96 Sept 19% Dec
*64 67	*64 66	11 111 <sub>4</sub>	*62 67	*60	1058 66 1934	1058 1084 *60 66 *1884 1984	2,100 100 400	Celotex CorpNo par 5% preferred100 Central Aguirre Assoc No par	10 Apr 8 64 Apr 17 1818 Apr 8	7212 Mar 14 2212 Jan 11	46 Mar 184 Dec	721 <sub>2</sub> July 28 Jan
191 <sub>2</sub> 191 <sub>2</sub> *38 <sub>5</sub> 38 <sub>4</sub>	*19 198 <sub>4</sub> 3 <sup>2</sup> 8 3 <sup>2</sup> 8	19 19 314 314 113 1131 <sub>2</sub>		318	314	314 314 1121 <sub>2</sub> 113	1,400	Centra   Foundry Co1 Central iii Lt 4 1/2 pref100	28 Apr 10 109 Mar 22	514 Jan 3 113 June 12	2 Mar 994 Apr	5% July 11114 Nov
*113 11312	113 113 ° 418 6	*418 6	*418 6		6	*418 6		Central RR of New Jersey . 100 Central Violeta Sugar Co 19	384June 30 312 Apr 8	912 Jan 5 512 Jan 3	61a Dec	14 July
*412 538 *90 95	*41 <sub>2</sub> 53 <sub>8</sub>	*41 <sub>2</sub> 5	41 <sub>2</sub> 41 *90 95	2 438	91	*412 5 *9212 101	100	Century Ribbon Mills No par Preferred	312 Apr 11 8514June 3	512 Mar 11 95 Feb 24	314 Mar 88 Aug	6% July 104 Apr
3578 36	35% 36581	3512 3578	3518 351		3512	3418 35	4,100 3,600	Cerro de Pasco Copper No par Certain-Teed Products 1	32 June 29 612 Apr 8	82's Jan 6	2614 Mar 412 Mar	5914 Oct 1212 Oct
*2818 2912	7 738 2784 2784 *99 100	7 7 <sup>1</sup> 8 28 28 99 99	7 2714 271 99 99		271 <sub>4</sub> 104	658 7 2714 2714 *99 104	310	6% prior preserred100 Cham Pap & Fib Co 6% pf. 100	2214 Apr 8 98 Apr 20	4712 Jan 4 102 Mar 21	1712 Mar 94 June	46 Oct 106 Mar
99 99 *181 <sub>8</sub> 193 <sub>8</sub>	*18 1938	*1884 1988 *812 9	1884 191 812 81	4 *1818	19	*18 19 *8 884	100 200	Common No par Checker Cab 5	1712June 30 65 Apr 11	80 Jan 3 11 Feb 25	18 May 6 June	334 Nov 124 July
*812 914 *22 2314 3512 36		*21 221 <sub>4</sub> 345 <sub>8</sub> 351 <sub>2</sub>	2112 214 3414 35		208 <sub>4</sub> 341 <sub>8</sub>	21 21 321 <sub>4</sub> 333 <sub>4</sub>	800	Chesapeake CorpNo par Chesapeake & Ohio Ry25	1714 Apr 10 27 Apr 11	22512 Mar 8 4018 Mar 9	20 Dec 22 June	4812 Mar 3812 Jan
3512 36 *9312 9514 *178 214		*9312 9514 *184 214	*9312 951 *2 21	4 *9312	95	95 95 •18 <sub>4</sub> 21 <sub>4</sub>	100	Preferred series A100 Chie & East Ili Ry Co6 % pf100	86 Jan 24 112 Apr 10	9512June 27 34 Jan 4	70 Apr	89 Jan 4 July
*14 88 *2 214	*14 88	*14 38 *2 218	*2 21		214	*17a 21a	500 300	Chicago Great Western100 4% preferred100	14May 8 188May 19	58 Jan 4 378 Jan 5	14 Aug 24 Sept	14 Jan 54 Jan
*1114 12	1114 1114	1118 12	*11 12	11	1118	*11 111g	400 2,700	Chicago Mail Order Co	912 Apr 8	1312 Mar 11	878 Mar 14 Nov	15% July 1 Jan
5g 5g 1g	8 8 10 10	*5g 84 12 12	*1g 1	8 *19	5 <sub>8</sub>	*12 5g 3g 12	2,500	5% preferred100 Chicago & North West'n_100	lgJune 26 lgJune 30	11g Jan 4	58 Dec	1% Jan 1% Jan
*112 184 1358 1358	*112 184 1312 1312	15 <sub>8</sub> 15 <sub>8</sub> 131 <sub>2</sub> 131 <sub>2</sub>	112 11 1312 131		1318	*112 184 13 13	1,400	Preferred	114 June 28 10 Apr 10	312 Jan 4 2014 Jan 4	2 Mar 6% Mar	514 July 194 Dec
*33 35	*33 3518	331 <sub>2</sub> 351 <sub>8</sub> 46 483 <sub>8</sub>			35 47	*33 35 *44 481 <sub>2</sub>	100	Pr pf (\$2.50) cum div No par	32 Apr 11 441 <sub>2</sub> June 22	38% Mar 14 48% Mar 11	22 Mar 375 June	39% Nov 47 Nov
84 84	*8 <sub>4</sub> 1	*14 12 *84 78	1g 1	4 *84	1 <sub>2</sub> 7 <sub>8</sub>	14 14 #34 78	1,000	Chic Rock Isl & Pacific100	4 Apr 10	17 Jan 5	1 Dec	3 July
*81 <sub>4</sub> 81 <sub>2</sub>	*814 812	5g 5g +814 9	*814 9	814	814	12 12 *818 9	100	6% preferred100l Chicago Yeliow Cab No par	12 Aug 10 712 Apr 11	96 Mar 9	8 Mar	212 Jan 124 Jan
		1078 1112 *758 812	1034 107 *758 83	*1018	712	*1018 11 814 814	300 400	Childs Co	10 Apr 5	143g Jan 5 181g Jan 3	12 Mar 34 Mar	1914 July 1313 Nov
		291 <sub>2</sub> 35 794 <sub>4</sub> 811 <sub>4</sub>	*2912 35 7912 801	2912	291 <sub>2</sub> 79	*261 <sub>2</sub> 35 78 797 <sub>8</sub>	64,100	Chrysler Corp.	25 Apr 8 535 Apr 11	33 Jan 11 854 Mar 9	25 May 35% Mar	51 Oct 8812 Nov
	*1212 13	1212 1212 9112 92	*121 <sub>2</sub> 13 92 92	121 <sub>2</sub> 92	121 <sub>2</sub> 92	1212 1212 *9113 9212	300 150	64% preferred 100	9 Apr 8 79 Jan 5	1478May 23 9712June 10	74 Sept 59 Jan	131 <sub>2</sub> Jan 80 Dec
		48 50 *28 <sub>4</sub> 27 <sub>8</sub>	*48 50 *284 27		284	*4612 50 *212 258	700	City Stores	50 July 20 214 Apr 8	58 Mar 11 414 Jan 3	54 Mar 2 Mar	512 Nov
*2212 2378		2114 22	22 22	2118		*21 22	600	CCC&StLouisPyCo5% pref100	15 Apr 8 68 Feb 10	26 Mar 11 69 Feb 4	10% Mar 70 Nov	2712 Oct 75 Mar
*28 29	2712 2784	11 112 2814 2812	112 112 28 28	2734	2784	1117 <sub>8</sub> 112 28 281 <sub>4</sub>	1,300	Clev El Ilium \$4.50 pf_No par Clev Graph Bronze Co (The)_1	1091a June 20 201a Apr 11	30% July 28	106 Apr 1514 Mar	3012 Nov
****		76 78	* 78	*	78	78	******	Clev & Pitts RR Co 7% gtd.50 Special gtd 4% stock50	744 Jan 23 42 Jan 3	78 Mar 13 4514May 2	6714 July 44 Dec	76 Jan 45 Feb
3212 33		4038 4114 32 3234	397 <sub>8</sub> 401 315 <sub>8</sub> 321	3158	3984 3212	39 39 <sup>1</sup> 2 31 <sup>1</sup> 2 32 <sup>7</sup> 8	1,800 4,900	Climax MolybdenumNe par Cluett Peabody & CoNo par	345 <sub>8</sub> June 30 211 <sub>4</sub> Apr 11	601s Jan 5 351s July 29	3212 Mar 1012 Mar	60¼ Nov 25¼ July
130 131 1	12912 13114 1	31 314 1314	*132 130 131			132 127 129	1,500	Preferred100 Coca-Cola Co (The)No par	1274 Jan 5	135 Mar 16 133 Jan 6	111 Jan 10512 Mar	129 Nov 1424 Aug
*60 6012 1638 1638	16 1612	60 <sup>1</sup> 2 60 <sup>1</sup> 2 16 <sup>1</sup> 8 16 <sup>1</sup> 4	*60 601; 161 <sub>8</sub> 163;	1584	16	60 61 16 1638	12,600	Class A	58 Jan 7 111 <sub>2</sub> Apr 10	62 Mar 2 1714 July 22	5712 July 718 Mar	6112 Nov 17 Nov
*30% 3112	295 31	053 <sub>8</sub> 1053 <sub>4</sub> 30 31	*105% 105% 30 30	2714	2812	105% 105% 2712 28	1,600	6% preferred	1017 Feb 1 2014 Apr 8	107 July 18 8614 Jan 5	78 May 1314 Mar	10414 Dec 394 Oct
*1414 15	13 1414 *	07% 109 14 15	*10758 109 *1418 15	14	1418	10784 109	400	5% conv preferred100 Colo Fuel & Iron Corp. No par	100 Apr 8	1084 July 12 234 Jan 5	91a Mar	10712 Nov 2378 Nov
*314 4 *5 512	358 358 *412 5	*358 384 *48 5	31 <sub>2</sub> 35 <sub>1</sub> 41 <sub>4</sub> 41 <sub>4</sub>	318 *414	318 412	*31 <sub>4</sub> 37 <sub>8</sub> *41 <sub>4</sub> 5	140	Colorado & Southern 100	3 Apr 1 418 Mar 31	7 Jan 4 95 Jan 3	314 Mar 414 Mar	84 Jan 114 Jan
*312 5 2212 2212		*4 8 221 <sub>4</sub> 23	*312 5 2238 221		2284	*31 <sub>2</sub> 5 223 <sub>8</sub> 221 <sub>2</sub>	4,600	4% 2d preferred100 Columb Br'd Sys Inc cl A 2.50	4 May 16	712 Jan 4 2312 Aug 3	131 <sub>2</sub> Mar	10 June 224 July
221 <sub>2</sub> 221 <sub>2</sub> 93 93	93 93	22% 22% 921° 921° *0 10	*90 921	*89		2212 2212 8912 9112	300	Columbian Carbon vt e No par	14 Apr 11 73 Apr 11	231 <sub>2</sub> Aug 3 94 July 19	13 Mar 534 Apr	224 July 9812 July
*912 1014 *2614 2712	9 <sup>1</sup> 4 9 <sup>1</sup> 2 26 <sup>1</sup> 4 26 <sup>1</sup> 4	*9 10 26 26	*9 91 *241 <sub>2</sub> 26	*2314		*9 914 *2314 25	200	S2.75 conv preferred No par	718 Apr 11 238 Apr 8	15% Jan 4 3012 Mar 6	9 Mar 251 <sub>2</sub> Dec	19 Nov 35% July
712 784 8738 8712	78 784 8718 8784	71 <sub>2</sub> 77 <sub>8</sub> 87 877 <sub>8</sub>	871 <sub>2</sub> 871	8612		7 7 <sup>1</sup> 2 87 87 <sup>3</sup> 4	39,400 1,400	6% preferred series A100	514 Apr 10 7412 Jan 3	9 Feb 9 91 Mar 14	57 May	97 Oct 83 Oct 70
4614 4612	45% 46	74 8012 45% 45% 10912 110	*74 80 45% 45%		80 458	771 <sub>2</sub> 80 44 453 <sub>8</sub>	4,300 200	5% preferred 100 Commercial Credit 19	621 <sub>2</sub> Jan 13 384 <sub>4</sub> Apr 10	83 Feb 8 57 Jan 3	50 May 23 Mar 84 Mar	70 Oct 59% Nov
5414 55	5312 54	10912 110 53 5312 10512 109	*10912 110 5212 54 1067a 1067	*1091 <sub>2</sub> 521 <sub>4</sub> *1057 <sub>8</sub>	53	1091 <sub>2</sub> 110 50 521 <sub>4</sub> 1063 <sub>8</sub> 107	5,500 100	Comm'l Invest Trust No par	10512 Apr 6	10958 Aug 7 60 Jan 3 11012June 21	3112 Mar	1081 <sub>2</sub> Nov 64 Nov 1121 <sub>2</sub> Oct
11 111 <sub>4</sub> 15 <sub>8</sub> 18 <sub>4</sub>	10% 11 15% 184	1058 11 158 184	1012 107 15a 13	8 1014	101 <sub>2</sub> 15 <sub>8</sub>	1012 1058 112 158	9,100	\$4.25 conv pf ser '35_No par Commercial SolventsNo par Commonwith & Sou_No par	9 July 10 14 Mar 31	134 Feb 25 21s Feb 6	578 Mar 1 Mar	1214 July 214 Oct
70 72 31 3118	69% 72 30% 31	70 71 30% 30%	69 701	4 68	691 <sub>4</sub> 301 <sub>2</sub>	6918 70 3014 3014	7,900	\$6 preferred seriesNo par Commonwealth Edison Co25	454 Jan 3 2255 Apr 10	7214 Aug 3 31% July 29	25 Mar 221 Mar	854 Oct 28 May
				1					- 1 Apr 10	1041, 20		
-							-				-	

\* Bid and asked prices; no sales on this day. ‡ In receivership. 'a Def. delivery. # New stock. r Cash sale. # Ex-div. # Ex-rights. ¶ Called for redemption.

Saturday   Monday   Tuesday   Wednesday   Thursday   Friday   the   EXCHANGE   - Aug. 5   Aug. 7   Aug. 8   Aug. 9   Aug. 10   Aug. 11   Week	Range Since Jan. 1 On Basis of 100-Share Lots Lowest Highest  \$ per share \$ per share	Range for Previous Year 1938  Lowest Highest
\$ per share \$ per		
500 6 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	S	

900			- "		n Otoon	11000	Ju-continued-ra	80 0		Aug. 12,	
LOW AN Saturday Aug. 5	Monday Aug. 7	LE PRICE Tuesday Aug. 8	Wednesday Aug. 9			Sales for the Week	STOCKS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE		nce Jan, 1 00-Share Lots Highest		Previous 1938 Highest
\$ per share 20 2018 10514 10514 *49 5012 2012 2012 *3684 38 *19 21	\$ per share 20 20 *10478 10514 4914 4914 1944 2038 *3612 38 *1918 21	\$ per share *20 201 105 105 4984 498 1912 20 *3612 38 *1912 21	20 20 *105 1051	195 <sub>8</sub> 20 1051 <sub>4</sub> 105 487 <sub>8</sub> 48	195 <sub>8</sub> 20 4 a105 105 48 <sup>1</sup> 4 48 <sup>1</sup> 2	5,700	Firestone Tire & Rubber10 6% preferred series A100 First National StoresNe par Fiintkote Co (The)Ne par Florence Stove CoNo par Florsheim Shoe class A.Ne par	17% Apr 10 99¼ Jan 16 38% Apr 8 16¼ Apr 8 26 Apr 6	1051 <sub>2</sub> June 8 51 Aug 3 311 <sub>2</sub> Jan 4 38 July 27	76 Apr 241 <sub>2</sub> Mar 107 <sub>8</sub> Mar 194 <sub>4</sub> June	2678 Oct 100 Nov 4314 Nov 3114 Dec 3912 Oct 21 Jan
*25 <sub>8</sub> 27 <sub>8</sub> *331 <sub>4</sub> 34 *1071 <sub>8</sub>	284 284 3312 3312 *10718	*284 27 *3312 34 107 1071 1812 191 *67 75 *212 28 *31 33	8 *258 27 33 331 *107 1812 181 *67 75 *212 28 *31 33	*25 <sub>8</sub> 2 33 33 *1071 <sub>8</sub> 18 18 *67 75 *21 <sub>2</sub> 24 *31 33	78 *258 278 *33 34 10718 10718 8 18 1812 *67 75 *4 *212 284 30 31	2,500	† Foliansbee BrothersNo par Food Machinery Corp100 44 % conv pref100 Foster-Wheeler10 \$7 conv preferredNo par Francisco Sugar CoNo par Fk'n Simon&Co ine 7% pt.100	112 Apr 8 21 Apr 14 10312 Apr 8 1414 Apr 11 67 May 2 112 Apr 10 30 Aug 11	38 July 26 35% Jan 5 10812 Jan 11 294 Jan 5 904 Jan 6 34 Jan 9 55 Jan 13	114 Mar 18 Mar 85 Mar 11 Mar 50 Mar 21 <sub>2</sub> Mar 25 Apr	2958 Oct 91 Nov 558 Jan 58 Nov
484 484	*2158 2214 214 214 *228 258 8 8 1012 1012 *100 115 *412 484	*22 221; *21 <sub>8</sub> 21; 23 <sub>8</sub> 23; *71 <sub>2</sub> 81; 101 <sub>2</sub> 101; 100 115 *45 <sub>8</sub> 43;	218 21 *288 21 *712 77 912 95 *100 115 412 41	2 21 *23g 21 712 75 *912 101 *100 115 *412 48	*2 <sup>3</sup> <sub>8</sub> 2 <sup>5</sup> <sub>8</sub> *7 <sup>3</sup> <sub>8</sub> 8 9 <sup>1</sup> <sub>2</sub> 9 <sup>1</sup> <sub>2</sub> 9 <sup>1</sup> <sub>2</sub> *100 115 4 <sup>1</sup> <sub>2</sub> 4 <sup>1</sup> <sub>2</sub>	900 200 500 110	Freeport Sulphur Co	112 Apr 10 2 July 10 712 Aug 10 9 July 13 94 Apr 22 384 Apr 10	3 July 21 4 Jan 3 13 Jan 3 14 Jan 3 101 June 29 718 Jan 5	21 <sub>2</sub> Mar 10 Mar 91 <sub>2</sub> Mar 85 Mar 41 <sub>8</sub> Mar	378 Oct 578 July 18 July 18 July 97 Dec 818 Oct
*49% 50 *8% 9 *148 148%	714 714	121 <sub>4</sub> 121 <sub>2</sub> *461 <sub>2</sub> 491 <sub>8</sub> 71 <sub>8</sub> 71 <sub>8</sub> 1001 <sub>8</sub> 106 50 50 87 <sub>8</sub> 87 <sub>8</sub> 148 1483 <sub>4</sub> *23 <sub>4</sub> 3	*4612 4918 7 7 7 *10018 106 4812 5012 878 878	*4612 491 *612 7 *10018 106 4812 49 884 9		700 100 1,300 1,100 60 200	Gaylord Container Corp	471 <sub>2</sub> Mar 22 51 <sub>2</sub> May 17 96 Jan 26 40 Apr 8 81 <sub>8</sub> Apr 10	52 Jan 17 9 Jan 3 1031 <sub>2</sub> Mar 28 601 <sub>2</sub> Jan 5 11 Mar 9	48 June 414 Mar 82 Mar 29 Mar 612 Mar	52 Sept 938 Nov 10212 Dec 5914 Dec 1118 July 136 Oct 558 July
1214 1238 2412 2412 *60 67 *2058 2112	115 <sub>8</sub> 121 <sub>8</sub> 233 <sub>4</sub> 233 <sub>4</sub> *58 67 *205 <sub>8</sub> 211 <sub>2</sub>	117 <sub>8</sub> 117 <sub>8</sub> *231 <sub>4</sub> 25 *58 65 *58 65 *207 <sub>8</sub> 211 <sub>4</sub> 124 130 361 <sub>8</sub> 371 <sub>4</sub> 461 <sub>4</sub> 47	1158 12 *23 26 *56 60 2078 21 *1244 130	1114 111 2284 23 60 60 2084 208 *12414 130	11 11 <sup>1</sup> <sub>2</sub> *21 <sup>1</sup> <sub>2</sub> 22 <sup>1</sup> <sub>2</sub> 58 58	3,200 500 300 100 33,300 7,300	General Cable	9 Mar 31 174 Apr 8 43 Apr 10 194 May 12 114 June 20 31 Apr 11 3658 Jan 27	18 Jan 4 35 Jan 3 75 Jan 4 25 <sup>1</sup> 4 Jan 6 130 <sup>1</sup> 2 Mar 31 44 <sup>5</sup> 8 Jan 5 47 <sup>7</sup> 8 Aug 3	534 Mar 11 Mar 35 Mar 2078 Mar 10814 Apr 2714 Mar 2276 Mar	1912 Oct 3878 Nov 87 Nov 28 Feb 138 Nov 48 Nov 408 Nov
**************************************	*84 78 60 86 87 122 124 4714 4858 123 123 *	*8 <sub>4</sub> 7 <sub>8</sub> 60 87 89 122 122 478 <sub>4</sub> 481 <sub>4</sub> 1231 <sub>4</sub> 1241 <sub>8</sub>	*12312 12418	*	455 <sub>8</sub> 475 <sub>8</sub> 1241 <sub>4</sub> 1241 <sub>4</sub>	1,000 1,500 1,090 79,600 300 200	\$4.50 preferred	114 Jan 3	1185g July 3 114 Jan 5 651g July 11 99 July 28 127 Jan 27 515g Mar 9 12614 June 8 38 Feb 28	2512 Mar 11178 Apr	1171 <sub>2</sub> Nov 11 <sub>2</sub> Oct 50 Nov 79 Dec 125 Aug 537 <sub>8</sub> Nov 1241 <sub>2</sub> Nov 45 July
*47 <sub>8</sub> 51 <sub>8</sub> *81 <sub>2</sub> 85 <sub>4</sub> *1081 <sub>2</sub> 109 1 1 *161 <sub>4</sub> 178 <sub>4</sub>	478 478 *812 884 10858 109 * 1 1 1538 1512	*34¹4 37¹2 4³4 4³4 *8³8 8⁵8 108⁵8 109 *1 1¹4 15¹2 16 *85¹2 88 *34 <sup>7</sup> 8		458 458 458 458 458 458 109 109 *118 119 1538 1519 *8512 88	*41 <sub>2</sub> 51 <sub>8</sub> 81 <sub>4</sub> 81 <sub>4</sub> *1085 <sub>8</sub> 109 *11 <sub>8</sub> 11 <sub>2</sub>	400 200 20 400 900	Common No par General Printing Ink 11 \$6 preferred No par Gen Public Service No par Gen Railway Signal No par 6% preferred 100 6 preferred 100 Gen Realty & Utilities 11	41 <sub>4</sub> June 29 7 Mar 31 105 Apr 15 4 <sub>4</sub> June 30 14 Apr 8 871 <sub>2</sub> July 12 1 <sub>2</sub> June 30	678 Jan 5 1078 Jan 3		978 July 1218 July 110 Nov 238 July 2718 Nov 95 July 218 July
*1518 1538 *27 28 *1414 1412 2014 2014 *17 18 *1138 1112 *11 1212	2684 27 *1414 1412 20 20 *1718 18 1138 1138 *11 1212	15 16 261 <sub>4</sub> 27 141 <sub>4</sub> 141 <sub>2</sub> 20 20 171 <sub>4</sub> 171 <sub>2</sub> 113 <sub>8</sub> 113 <sub>8</sub> 11 121 <sub>2</sub>	*15 1578 2578 2614 1414 1414 1878 1878 1784 1784 *1118 1114 11 11	*15 151, 2414 251, *14 1414 18 183, 175, 173, 11 11 1012 103,	2484 251 <sub>2</sub> 14 <sup>1</sup> 4 14 <sup>1</sup> 2 18 18 17 <sup>5</sup> 8 18 11 11 *10 <sup>1</sup> 4 11 <sup>1</sup> 2	300 1,600 300 220 1,200 700 300	\$6 preferred	18 Apr 27 19 <sup>1</sup> 8 Apr 11 13 <sup>2</sup> 4 July 31 16 Apr 8 15 Apr 28 9 <sup>1</sup> 4 Apr 11 10 <sup>1</sup> 2 Aug 10	2014 Jan 5 41 Jan 4 1518 July 15 3212 Jan 4 1838 Aug 3 1512 Jan 4 1634 Jan 9	13% Mar 15% Mar 13 Mar 13 Mar 14% May	261 <sub>2</sub> Oct 411 <sub>4</sub> Nov 34 Nov 163 <sub>4</sub> Nov 201 <sub>2</sub> Nov
*	1784 1814	971 <sub>2</sub> 21 211 <sub>2</sub> 68 <sub>4</sub> 67 <sub>8</sub> 518 <sub>4</sub> 52 88 <sub>4</sub> 87 <sub>8</sub> 501 <sub>8</sub> 53 17 178 <sub>4</sub> 40 441 <sub>2</sub>	* 971 <sub>2</sub> 21 21 63 <sub>4</sub> 67 <sub>8</sub> 51 51 83 <sub>4</sub> 87 <sub>8</sub> *51 517 <sub>6</sub> 163 <sub>4</sub> 163 <sub>4</sub> 40 441 <sub>2</sub>	* 971; 20 201; *658 63; *5112 53 838 858 5112 5112 1614 163; *40 441;	*201 <sub>2</sub> 21 65 <sub>8</sub> 65 <sub>8</sub> *511 <sub>2</sub> 53 83 <sub>8</sub> 85 <sub>8</sub> *503 <sub>8</sub> 52 161 <sub>4</sub> 161 <sub>2</sub>	3,200 1,800 800 2,800 100 2,400	6% preferred	981 <sub>2</sub> Mar 28 153 <sub>8</sub> Apr 11 53 <sub>4</sub> Apr 10 44 Jan 26 71 <sub>8</sub> Apr 11 x51 July 7 143 <sub>4</sub> Mar 31 34 May 17	991 <sub>2</sub> Feb 8 27% Mar 10 8% Jan 3 54 Mar 14 137 <sub>8</sub> Jan 3 661 <sub>2</sub> Mar 11 241 <sub>2</sub> Jan 5 47 Mar 7	98 June 9 Mar 61 <sub>2</sub> June 461 <sub>8</sub> Dec 5 Mar 371 <sub>2</sub> June 13 Mar 37 Apr	100 June 271 <sub>2</sub> Nov 111 <sub>6</sub> Feb 61 Feb 153 <sub>4</sub> July 67 July 281 <sub>2</sub> Nov 511 <sub>2</sub> Jan
*3 314 *218 238 77 77 1758 1784 *65 67 2784 28 *10484 10618	31 <sub>8</sub> 31 <sub>8</sub> 421 <sub>8</sub> 23 <sub>8</sub> 80 80 173 <sub>8</sub> 173 <sub>4</sub> 67 67 271 <sub>8</sub> 281 <sub>8</sub> 1043 <sub>4</sub> 1043 <sub>4</sub> 1	*3 318 *214 238 79 84 1758 1812 6612 6612 2712 2818 0412 10434	3 3 *214 238 *8012 8334 1834 1958 67 6712 2718 2758 *104 10412	278 318 218 218 *80 88 1858 1914 66 6678 2684 2788 10414 10414	*23 <sub>4</sub> 3 21 <sub>8</sub> 21 <sub>8</sub> *80 87 19 197 <sub>8</sub> 67 673 <sub>4</sub> 261 <sub>2</sub> 271 <sub>2</sub> 104 1041 <sub>4</sub>	1,100 400 30,100 1,300 19,800 900	Gobel (Adolf)	21 <sub>8</sub> Jan 23 17 <sub>8</sub> Apr 10 70 Jan 4 131 <sub>2</sub> Apr 11 53 Apr 10 211 <sub>8</sub> Apr 11 90 Apr 8	34 Mar 14 27 <sub>8</sub> Jan 4 84 July 19 244 Jan 4 741 <sub>2</sub> Mar 16 382 <sub>8</sub> Jan 3 1094 Jan 5	134 Mar 218 Sept 6012 Apr 10 Mar 32 June 1518 Mar 6934 June	348 July 378 Jan 85 Nov 2678 Oct 6818 Dec 3812 Dec 108 Dec
*312 334 *7112 7412 58 58 718 714 *115 114 1614 1614 *1358 1434 33 3314	58 58 678 718 *1 114 16 1614 14 14	$^{*31_2}$ $^{33_4}$ $^{711_2}$ $^{74}$ $^{5_8}$ $^{8_4}$ $^{7}$ $^{7}$ $^{*1}$ $^{11_4}$ $^{161_4}$ $^{161_2}$ $^{133_4}$ $^{133_4}$ $^{334}$ $^{34}$	*3 <sup>1</sup> 2 3 <sup>8</sup> 4 *71 <sup>1</sup> 2 74 <sup>5</sup> 8 <sup>8</sup> 4 6 <sup>5</sup> 8 6 <sup>5</sup> 8 78 1 215 <sup>7</sup> 8 15 <sup>7</sup> 8 *12 <sup>8</sup> 4 13 <sup>8</sup> 8 34 34	312 312 *7112 74 58 58 638 634 *78 114 1558 1578 13 13 3378 34	*312 334 *7112 74 58 54 658 634 *1 114 1512 1512 1312 1312 34 3418	4,600 3,500 500 1,700 500 2,100	Gotham Silk Hose No par Preferred	278 June 30 6912 June 2 58 July 20 458 Apr 8 78 Apr 10 11 Apr 10 10 Apr 8 2434 Jan 27	5 Jan 3 80 Mar 3 12 Jan 3 77 Jan 3 12 Jan 7 167 Aug 1 20 Jan 5 341 July 18	258 Mar 5214 Mar 44 Mar 212 Mar 1 Mar 8 Mar 1018 May 19 Apr	612 Nov 724 Dec 2 Jan 878 Oct 214 July 1414 Nov 224 Nov 30 July
*245 <sub>8</sub> 251 <sub>4</sub> 14 14 25 253 <sub>8</sub> 253 <sub>8</sub> *1391 <sub>2</sub> 140 *42 66 34 34	*245 <sub>8</sub> 251 <sub>4</sub> 133 <sub>4</sub> 133 <sub>4</sub> 133 <sub>4</sub> 242 <sub>8</sub> 251 <sub>2</sub> 251 <sub>4</sub> 251 <sub>4</sub> 1393 <sub>4</sub> 1393 <sub>4</sub> *1*42 66 *33 34 **	245 <sub>8</sub> 251 <sub>4</sub> 137 <sub>8</sub> 141 <sub>4</sub> 25 251 <sub>2</sub> 251 <sub>4</sub> 251 <sub>4</sub> 391 <sub>2</sub> 140 42 66 331 <sub>2</sub> 341 <sub>2</sub>	*245 <sub>8</sub> 251 <sub>4</sub> 133 <sub>4</sub> 133 <sub>4</sub> 241 <sub>2</sub> 25 251 <sub>8</sub> 251 <sub>4</sub> *1391 <sub>2</sub> 140 *42 66 341 <sub>8</sub> 341 <sub>2</sub>	*245 <sub>8</sub> 251 <sub>4</sub> 133 <sub>4</sub> 133 <sub>4</sub> 235 <sub>8</sub> 241 <sub>4</sub> 25 251 <sub>4</sub> 1391 <sub>2</sub> 1391 <sub>2</sub> *42 66 335 <sub>8</sub> 341 <sub>8</sub>	*2458 2514 1312 1312 2334 2434 25 2512 13912 13912 *42 66 3312 3384	1,100 18,000 1,400 110	5% preferred	2278 Jan 23 1212 Apr 8 1614 Apr 8 24 Apr 10 133 Apr 14 42 May 24 2414 Jan 26	25 Aug 4 16 <sup>1</sup> 4 Jan 5 31 <sup>1</sup> 4 Jan 4 28 Mar 11 141 <sup>1</sup> 2 July 27 50 Apr 4 36 July 21	20 Jan 914 Mar 1228 Mar 2312 Apr 122 Apr 35 July 1328 Mar	24% Dec 15% Nov 30% Dec 32 Jan 142 Dec 50 Oct 2814 Nov
*314 414 *1812 1912 *318 33	1178 1178 *** *12	18 18 <sup>3</sup> 8 11 <sup>5</sup> 8 11 <sup>7</sup> 8 *5 <sub>8</sub> <sup>7</sup> 8 11 <sup>1</sup> 2 14 <sup>1</sup> 2 *31 <sub>4</sub> 4 <sup>1</sup> <sub>4</sub> 18 18 31 <sup>3</sup> 8 33	1778 1818 1112 1112 *58 78 *1018 1412 *314 414 *17 19 *3178 33	17% 1778 1112 1112 *58 78 *1012 1212 *314 414 *1612 19 3178 3178	17 <sup>1</sup> 4 17 <sup>8</sup> 4 11 <sup>1</sup> 4 11 <sup>1</sup> 4 *5 <sub>8</sub> 7 <sub>8</sub> *10 <sup>1</sup> 2 12 <sup>1</sup> 2 *3 <sup>1</sup> 4 4 17 17 *31 <sup>1</sup> 4 32 <sup>1</sup> 2	13,900 1,500 1,500 200 100	Grey hound Corp (The) No par 514 % preferred 101 Guantanamo Sugar No par 8% preferred 100 Guif Moulie & Northern 100 6% preferred 100 Hackensack Water 25	1412 Apr 11 10 Apr 8 12 Apr 1 9 Apr 8 3 Apr 10 11 Apr 8 29 May 2	214 Mar 9 1212 June 13 114 Jan 9 1812 Feb 6 514 Jan 4 22 Jan 4 3214 May 9	7 Mar 12 Mar 3 Mar 8 Mar 24 Apr	22 Dec 13 Oct 14 Jan 28 Jan 612 July 24 Nov 30 Nov
151 <sub>4</sub> 153 <sub>8</sub> *161 <sub>4</sub> 17 *1028 <sub>4</sub>	147 <sub>8</sub> 151 <sub>4</sub> 161 <sub>4</sub> 17 1023 <sub>4</sub> *1 1011 <sub>2</sub> 102 221 <sub>4</sub> 221 <sub>4</sub> *1 1301 <sub>2</sub> 135 *1	2112 2212	*36 <sup>1</sup> 4 40 14 <sup>1</sup> 2 14 <sup>3</sup> 4 *16 17 *103 110 *101 <sup>1</sup> 2 102 <sup>1</sup> 4 *21 <sup>1</sup> 2 22 <sup>1</sup> 4 *130 <sup>1</sup> 2 135 *6 <sup>1</sup> 2 6 <sup>7</sup> 8	*36 <sup>1</sup> 4 40 137 <sub>8</sub> 14 *16 17 *103 110 *101 <sup>1</sup> 2 102 <sup>1</sup> 4 x21 <sup>1</sup> 2 21 <sup>1</sup> 2 130 130 <sup>1</sup> 2 6 <sup>1</sup> 4 6 <sup>1</sup> 2	*36 <sup>1</sup> 4 40 13 <sup>7</sup> 8 14 <sup>3</sup> 8 *103 110 101 <sup>1</sup> 2 101 <sup>1</sup> 2 21 <sup>1</sup> 2 21 <sup>1</sup> 2 *125 133 6 <sup>7</sup> 8 6 <sup>7</sup> 8	4,800 100 40 300 60 500	7 % preferred class A	32 Jan 5 8 Apr 11 15 Apr 19 99 Apr 12 96 May 19 17 Apr 10 130 Apr 20 47a Feb 3	3614 Aug 3 15% Aug 4 1712 Mar 10 1034 Mar 28 103 Mar 17 32 Jan 4 144 May 29 7% July 18	30 Apr 5 Mar 12 Mar 88 <sup>8</sup> 4 June 83 June 15 Mar 120 Apr 4 <sup>1</sup> 4 June	35 June 131 <sub>2</sub> Nov 211 <sub>4</sub> Jan 101 Nov 100 Nov 348 <sub>4</sub> July 140 Dec 278 <sub>4</sub> Jan
12 12 *108 113 1 166 166 1 *111 <sub>2</sub> 121 <sub>2</sub>	90 90 * 3 3 110 110 *1 12 12 <sup>1</sup> 4 109 <sup>7</sup> 8 109 <sup>7</sup> 8 *1 164 164 *1 11 <sup>1</sup> 2 12 <sup>8</sup> 4 *	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	*90 9478 3 318 110 11014 12 1218 *108 113 *162 166 *1112 1212	*90 9478 284 273 10958 10958 1184 12 *106 113 *162 166 *1112 1284	*90 9478 284 284 10914 10914 1184 1184 *106 113 *162 166 1112 1112 791	3,200 500 5,200 100 30 100	614 % preferred w w 100 Hayes Body Corp	71 Jan 19 2 Apr 10 93 Apr 11 85n Apr 10 1091s July 27 159 Jan 21 10 Apr 10	90 Aug 4 41e Jan 5 11014 Aug 9 131e May 29 117 Mar 24 167 June 5 17 Jan 5	140 Jan 10 Mar	75 Nov 61s Oct 111 Dec 111s Nov 111 Dec 161 Dec 2014 Oct
*63½ 65 *112½ 113 1 15 18½ 40 40¼	30 <sup>1</sup> 4 130 <sup>1</sup> 4 *1 60 65 *6 13 113 *1 15 18 <sup>1</sup> 4 * 39 <sup>1</sup> 8 39 <sup>3</sup> 4	75 7512 30 13212 62 6512 1212 11478 15 1812 3913 3984 06 10614	*7418 75 13212 13212 *62 65 11212 11212 *15 1812 38 3912 *106 10614	72 <sup>1</sup> 4 74 <sup>1</sup> 4 130 132 <sup>1</sup> 2 *62 65 <sup>1</sup> 2 111 115 *15 17 <sup>1</sup> 2 38 38 106 106 <sup>1</sup> 4	72 <sup>1</sup> 4 72 <sup>1</sup> 4 *130 132 <sup>1</sup> 2 *62 65 <sup>1</sup> 2 *111 115 *15 17 <sup>1</sup> 2 38 38 106 106 *7 <sup>1</sup> 4 9	200	Hercules Powder	63 Apr 8 1281 <sub>2</sub> Apr 10 54 Jan 28 104 Apr 27 148 <sub>4</sub> Apr 17 311 <sub>2</sub> May 1 1051 <sub>4</sub> Mar 18 7 June 29	86 Jan 3 135½ Mar 6 65½ Aug 3 115 July 17 19 Jan 7 51 Jan 4 110 Jan 6 114 Mar 9	4234 Mar 12634 Jan 40 Mar 80 Mar 15 Sept 17 Jan 98 Jan 534 Mar	87 Dec 13514 Dec 60 Oct 10512 Dec 2112 Nov 5236 Oct 118 Aug 1344 July
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LOW AND HIGH SALE PRICES-PER SHAR		Sales for the	NEW YORK STOCK	Range Since Jan. 1 On Basis of 100-Share Le	Range for Previous Year 1938
Saturday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Aug. 5 Aug. 7 Aug. 8 Aug. 9  S per share S per share S per share S per share S	Thursday Friday Aug. 10 Aug. 11  s per share sper share	Week Shares	EXCHANGE	Lowest Highest  \$ per share \$ per sha	tre \$ per share \$ per share
*584 618 *584 618 *584 618 2614 2612 2512 2612 2578 2578 25 2512 *10612 109 107 107 107 107 107 *10612 108	*5 6 *5 6 24 <sup>7</sup> 8 25 <sup>1</sup> 2 25 <sup>1</sup> 4 25 <sup>1</sup> 2 106 106 *103 108	3,200 300 50	Indian Refining 10 Industrial Rayon No par Ingersoll Rand No par	16% Apr 10 8 Jan 16% Apr 10 2912 Jan 86 Apr 3 119 Jan 14712May 11 157 Aug	16 143 Mar 303 Aug 3 3 60 Mar 1191 Dec
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	155 155 *155 78 7818 77 78 1084 1138 1114 1158 *514 512	1,300 5,400 1,300	Ingersoil Rand No par 6% preferred 100 Inland Steel No par Inspiration Cons Copper 20 Insuranshares Ctfs Inc. 1	44 Vbt o os va	1 564 June 95 Nov 195 Oct 1 35 Apr 54 Nov
378 412 414 434 414 412 4 418 *3114 32 3138 3112 3118 3134 3114 3134 *108 110 108 108 108 108 10712 108	384 418 378 418 3014 3112 3112 3212 108 108 *10712 108	7,600 2,800 130	Interboro Rap Transit100 Interchemical CorpNo par 6% preferred100	31g July 26 91g Ma 1712 Apr 8 3314 Jul; 90 Apr 8 108 Au 214 Apr 1 41g Jai	y 29 15 Mar 341 Nov 8 3 80 June 98 Apr
*214 284 *214 284 *214 284 *918 912 9 914 878 918 858 878 *184 178 *134 2 134 134 *134 2	*21 <sub>4</sub> 21 <sub>2</sub> *21 <sub>4</sub> 21 <sub>2</sub> 83 <sub>4</sub> 83 <sub>4</sub> 83 <sub>4</sub> 83 <sub>4</sub> *13 <sub>4</sub> 2 *13 <sub>4</sub> 17 <sub>8</sub> *181 <sub>2</sub> 22 *181 <sub>2</sub> 22	2,800 100	Intercont'i RubberNo par Interlake IronNo par Internat AgriculturalNo par Prior preferred100	74 Apr 10 144 Jan 112 Apr 8 318 Jan	1 4 6% Mar 16% Nov 2 Mar 3% Jan
187 188 18612 187 18514 18734 18712 188 * 5118 5112 5134 5212 52 5234 5112 52 *	184 187 187 187 51 51 51 51 51 <sup>12</sup> 166 <sup>3</sup> 4 166 <sup>3</sup> 4 *164 <sup>12</sup> 167 <sup>12</sup>	1,200 4,900 300	Int Business Machines. No par Internat'l Harvester No par Preferred	155 Apr 11 1954 Ma 48 Apr 11 6658 Ma 15718 Apr 8 16634 Au	g 10 141 Mar 1647 Oct
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$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	500 300	International Silver 50 7% preferred 100 Inter Telep & Teleg No par	19 Apr 10 31% Ma 84 Jan 4 99 Au 538 Apr 11 958 Ja	r 9 12 Mar 35% Nov g 2 4612 Mar 9612 Dec n 19 512 Feb 115 Oct
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*1 118 *1 118 1 1 118 1 1 118 *1 118 *6 684 *6 684 *6 684 *6 684 *2358 2584 *2314 26 *23 26 *2314 25	*1 118 1 1 *6 634 *6 63 2212 2312 *22 *25 1134 1238 12 123	110	Mandel Bros	71 8 Apr 1 712 M 0 9 Apr 1 2614 A 0 5 Apr 6 1484 Ju	ar 3 45 Mar 103 Nov ug 3 54 Mar 2012 Jan ily 19 25 Mar 103 Nov
*1214 1338 *1214 1338 *1214 1338 *1184 13 *118 114 118 118 *1 114 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	*1184 13 *1184 13 *1 114 *1 11 5 514 5 51	200 4 20,900	Manhattan Shirt	1 1 Apr 8 14 J 5 4 8 Apr 10 5% J	an 7 114 Mar 284 Jan an 5 488 Sept 712 Jan
518 534 6 614 434 534 133 1378 141 1378 14 1378 1378 1378 1378 1378 1378 1378 1378	484 484 8414 6 1384 14 1312 14 3114 3278 3184 327	8 15,400	Marshall Field & CoNo po Martin (Glenn L) CoNo	1 2678 Mar 17 3958 F	reb 24   141 <sub>8</sub> Mar   147 <sub>8</sub> Nov reb 24   141 <sub>8</sub> Mar   375 <sub>8</sub> Dec ran 3   21 <sub>4</sub> May   71 <sub>8</sub> Oct
236 238 214 214 225 212 214 228 212 234 238 212 4112 4212 44112 4212 4212 23 23 23 2212 23 22 2258 22 212 4171 4171 4171 4171 4171 4171	*214 212 *4112 4212 *4012 41 21 2186 *171 176 *171	2,900	Masonite Corp	3412 Apr 10 5712 J 27 2034 Aug 11 36 J 10 164 Jan 6 176 J	an 4 194 Mar 30% Nov
5212 5212 451 5234 5214 5234 5178 5214 *418 412 418 418 44 412 44 412 *27 28 *2634 28 28 28 *2634 2978	52 52 5014 51 378 4 *334 4 *2678 2978 *27 29 *99 100 99 99	78 100	May Department Stores	378 Aug 10 648 M 378 Aug 2 3612 M 379 Jan 3 105 Ju	far 10 312 Mar 7% Aug far 10 16% June 2812 Dec ine 24 75 Apr 97 Dec
*99 100 *99 100 *99!4 100 99 99!4 15 15 15 15 <sup>4</sup> 15 <sup>1</sup> 8 15 <sup>1</sup> 4 15 <sup>8</sup> 15 <sup>1</sup> 4 *13 <sup>7</sup> 8 14 <sup>3</sup> 8 13 <sup>7</sup> 8 14 14 <sup>1</sup> 8 14 <sup>3</sup> 4 14 14 <sup>1</sup> 4 *104 <sup>1</sup> 4 106 *104 <sup>1</sup> 4 106 *104 <sup>1</sup> 4 106 *104 <sup>1</sup> 4 106	15 15 15 15	1 <sub>4</sub> 1,900 5 <sub>8</sub> 3,700	McCall Corp	10% Apr 11 174 J 1 9% Jan 26 14% Ju	an 20 84 Mar 16 Jan ine 9 6 Mar 138 Nov
		1	P- ISH IN	- 14	品 化带 年春
				a Par Atra - Day dahlar	Called for redemption.
• Bid and asked prices; no sales on this day.	In receivership. a Def	. delivery	, a New Stock. r Cash sale.	JEL-CIV. EL-Fights.	Compared to redemptions

19. 2	Section   Proceedings   Process
Section   Sect	## 1975   22   22   23   23   24   25   26   27   27   27   27   27   27   27
33\(\) 33	912 958 912 954 96 10 912 958 99 914 916 935 3946 35 40 35 40 35 40 35 40 35 3946 35 3

\* Bid and saked prices; no sales on this day. ‡ In receivership. a Def. delivery. n New stock. r Cash sale. z Ex-div. y Ex-rights. ¶ Called for redemption.

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LOW AN	D HIGH SA	Tuesday	Wednesday	1 Thur	sday	Friday	Sales for the	STOCKS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE		nce Jan. 1 00-Share Lots	Range for Year Lowest	
Aug. 5	Aug. 7	Aug. 8  8 per share	8 per share	8 per	share	8 per shar	Week e Shares	Par	\$ per share	\$ per share	8 per share	S per share
121 <sub>2</sub> 121 <sub>2</sub> 75 75		121 <sub>2</sub> 127 *74 76	123 <sub>8</sub> 121 *74 76	2 *74 *74	121 <sub>4</sub> 76	1214 12 73 74	$\begin{array}{c c} 1_4 & 1,900 \\ & 200 \\ 1_2 & 1,900 \end{array}$	18chulte Retail Stores1	a Apr 10	7612 Aug 3 1 Jan 20	62 June 14 Sept	85 Feb 14 Nov
*512 6 *5112 52	*518 6 5158 5158	*51 <sub>8</sub> 53 517 <sub>8</sub> 517 <sub>1</sub>	*5 53 517 <sub>8</sub> 52	*5112	6 5178	5 5 517 <sub>8</sub> 51	78 200 700	8% preferred100	45 Apr 8	1012 Jan 25 5218 July 31 11714May 29	3 Mar 344 Mar 1121 <sub>2</sub> Dec	1018 Nov 5078 Oct 11384 Dec
*1141 <sub>4</sub> 117 *3 <sub>8</sub> 1 <sub>2</sub> *11 <sub>4</sub> 11 <sub>2</sub>	*38 12	*1141 <sub>4</sub> 116 *3 <sub>8</sub> 1 <sub>1</sub> *11 <sub>4</sub> 11 <sub>2</sub>	*1141 <sub>4</sub> 116 3 <sub>8</sub> 1 11 <sub>8</sub> 11	*38	116 12 112	*1141 <sub>4</sub> 116 *3 <sub>8</sub> *11 <sub>8</sub> 1	500	Seaboard Air LineNo par 4-2% preferred100	38 Apr 25	21g Jan 5	12 Jan 118 Mar	78 Jan 3 July
1778 1778 *214 258	1712 1734 *214 258	*1758 1836 *214 258	175 <sub>8</sub> 175 *21 <sub>4</sub> 25	*214	171 <sub>4</sub> 25 <sub>8</sub> 763 <sub>4</sub>	171 <sub>8</sub> 17 *21 <sub>4</sub> 2 757 <sub>8</sub> 76	8	Seaboard Oil Co of Del. No par Seagrave Corp No par Sears Roebuck & Co No par	1618 Apr 8 158June 27 6014 Apr 10	312 Jan 6	1512 Mar 24 Dec 47 Mar	2712 Feb 512 Jan 8018 Oct
781 <sub>2</sub> 785 <sub>8</sub> *16 161 <sub>4</sub> *13 14	7714 7814 1578 16 *13 1338	157 <sub>8</sub> 16 127 <sub>8</sub> 127 <sub>8</sub>	15% 16 12% 12%	151 <sub>2</sub> 121 <sub>2</sub>	$\frac{155_8}{121_2}$	15 15 *12 12	5,500 2 400	Servel Inc1 Sharon Steel CorpNo par	1158 Apr 11 1014 Apr 11 5412May 22	183g Jan 10 2134 Jan 5	914 Mar 10 Mar 4514 Mar	18 July 23 Nov 7012 Nov
*57 6714 *45 <sub>8</sub> 5 *45 471 <sub>2</sub>	434 434	*57 6518 484 484 *45 46			6214 458 50	*57 62 414 4 *46 50	4 800 100		378May 8 43 June 6	738 JaB 5 5018 Feb 16	3 Mar 36 Aug	914 Nov 4912 Nov
*784 8 *3784 3814	78 <sub>4</sub> 77 <sub>8</sub> +378 <sub>4</sub> 381 <sub>4</sub>	778 778 *3784 3814	778 8 *3784 3814	784	778 3734 1078	778 8 *3784 38 1058 10	1,500	Sheaffer (W A) Pen Co_No par	71 <sub>2</sub> Aug 3 28 Jan 5 101 <sub>8</sub> June 29	114 Feb 24 38 June 22 1518 Jan 5	64 Mar 208 Apr 10 Mar	121 <sub>2</sub> Nov 284 <sub>8</sub> Oct 183 <sub>8</sub> July
*11 111 <sub>4</sub> *101 1021 <sub>2</sub> *53 <sub>4</sub> 6		11 11 102 1021 <sub>2</sub> *57 <sub>8</sub> 6	*101 1028 <sub>4</sub>		102 578	1011 <sub>2</sub> 101 53 <sub>4</sub> 6		51/4 % conv preferred 100 1 Silver King Coalition Mines 5	101 May 1 44 Apr 11	107 Feb 2	93 Mar 44 Mar	1061s Oct 91s Jan
2484 2484 *212 284	24 24 *21 <sub>2</sub> 28 <sub>4</sub>	2312 2384 *212 234 *2018 2138	258 258	22 *21 <sub>2</sub> *201 <sub>2</sub>	231 <sub>4</sub> 3 211 <sub>2</sub>	227 <sub>8</sub> 23 *21 <sub>2</sub> 3 *201 <sub>2</sub> 21	200	Simmons Co	1712 Apr 10 212 Apr 10 1612 Apr 11	314June 24	1258 Mar 212 Apr 1478 Mar	3512 Nov 314 Jan 2412 Nov
21 21 17 17 *941 <sub>2</sub> 95	17 17 9612 9612	17 17 *95 97	17 17 95 95	151 <sub>2</sub> *941 <sub>2</sub>	161 <sub>2</sub> 96	16 16 *941g 95	5,000 200	Skelly Oil Co	1512 Aug 10 92 Apr 8 70 Apr 11	9612 Aug 7	1812 Mar 284 Apr 45 Mar	344 Jan 98 Nov 122 Oct
*94 96 *110 1101 <sub>2</sub> *141 <sub>2</sub> 151 <sub>8</sub>	*110 11012 *	*94 96 110 1101 <sub>2</sub> *143 <sub>4</sub> 15	*94 96 *110 1101; 1484 1486		96 1101 <sub>2</sub> 141 <sub>2</sub>	94 94 110 110 141 <sub>2</sub> 14	2 30 10 900	\$6 preferredNo par Smith (A O) Corp10	101 Jan 18 11% Apr 11	11012 July 29 1714 Mar 11	91 May 13 Apr	105 Oct 24 Aug
*11 12 213 <sub>8</sub> 213 <sub>8</sub>	*11 1134 21 21 1118 1138	*11 12 20% 21 11% 1114	*11 12 2084 2084 1118 1114		$\begin{array}{c} 11^{1}_{4} \\ 20 \\ 11^{1}_{8} \end{array}$	11 11 193 <sub>8</sub> 20 107 <sub>8</sub> 11	1,400 21,900	Smith & Cor TypewrNo par Snider Packing CorpNo par Socony Vacuum Oil Co Inc_15	10 <sup>1</sup> 4 June 13 12 <sup>1</sup> 8 Apr 8 10 <sup>1</sup> 2 Apr 11	22% Aug 3	10 Mar 828 Mar 104 Mar	1914 Aug 15 Nov 1638 Jan
1114 1114 *2 218 *1714 18	*1714 18	*1714 18	171 <sub>2</sub> 2 171 <sub>2</sub> 171 <sub>2</sub>	*1714	218 18	*171 <sub>4</sub> 18	1,100 200	South Am Gold & Platinum1 S'eastern Greyhound Lines5 So Porto Rico SugarNo par	158 Apr 6 1712 Aug 3 14 Apr 11	3 Jan 10 1858 July 18 2054 May 1	112 Mar 1512 Dec	318 Jan 28 Jan
*1612 1712 *139 14084 2858 2858	1712 1712 *139 14034 2858 2878	1784 1784 140 14084 29 29	17 17 140 140 285 <sub>8</sub> 29	2812	$163_4 \\ 1403_4 \\ 281_2$	17 17 140 140 283 28		8% preferred100 Southern Calif Edison25	127 Apr 17 231g Jan 24	141 Feb 4 2918 Aug 3	128 Jan 194 Mar	141 Nov 25 July
141 <sub>2</sub> 145 <sub>8</sub> 161 <sub>2</sub> 17 258 <sub>4</sub> 261 <sub>4</sub>	137 <sub>8</sub> 141 <sub>4</sub> 153 <sub>4</sub> 168 <sub>4</sub> 241 <sub>2</sub> 258 <sub>4</sub>	137 <sub>8</sub> 143 <sub>8</sub> 161 <sub>2</sub> 171 <sub>4</sub> 253 <sub>8</sub> 261 <sub>4</sub>	1358 14 16 1688 2484 2512	1358 1558 2358	133 <sub>4</sub> 16 243 <sub>4</sub>	131 <sub>8</sub> 14 151 <sub>2</sub> 16 241 <sub>4</sub> 25		Southern Pacific Co100 Southern RyNo par 5% preferred100	1012 Apr 8 1118 Apr 11 1512 Apr 11	21% Jan 4 23¼ Jan 4 33% Jan 4	914 Mar 512 Mar 812 Mar	221 <sub>8</sub> Jan 233 <sub>6</sub> Dec 333 <sub>4</sub> Dec
*36 43	*36 43 178 178	*36 34 178 178	*36 43 178 178	*36 178 *512	43 178 612	*36 43 178 2 *6 6	1,800	Mobile & Ohio stk tr ctfs 100 Sparks WithingtonNo par Spear & Co	34 Mar 22 15 July 6 44 Apr 1	3% Jan 5	17 <sup>1</sup> 2 June 2 Mar 4 Mar	40% Nov 43 July 11 July
*6 7 19 19 421 <sub>2</sub> 421 <sub>2</sub>	*6 7 *18 2058 428 4314	*6 7 *17 18 42 4314	*512 612 *17 19 4278 4384	*17 4214	19 4278	*17 19 4258 43	1 100	Spencer Kellogg & Sons No par Sperry Corp (The) v t c1	1412 Apr 8 36 Apr 4	211 <sub>2</sub> Jan 3 477 <sub>8</sub> Feb 18	1918 Dec 1558 Mar	24 Mar 49% Dec
2518 2588 *4812 4912	25 251 <sub>4</sub> *481 <sub>2</sub> 491 <sub>2</sub>	251 <sub>8</sub> 258 <sub>4</sub> 481 <sub>2</sub> 481 <sub>2</sub> 111 <sub>2</sub> 115 <sub>8</sub>	2412 2512 *4812 4912 1114 1134	231 <sub>2</sub> *481 <sub>2</sub> 10 <sup>3</sup> 4	24 <sup>1</sup> 2 49 <sup>1</sup> 2 11	241 <sub>2</sub> 25 481 <sub>2</sub> 48 11 11	2 40	Spicer Mfg CoNo par \$3 conv preferred A.No par Spiegel Inc2	11 Apr 11 42 Apr 17 912 Apr 11	265 <sub>8</sub> July 25 50 June 22 161 <sub>2</sub> Mar 9	78 Mar 29 Mar 64 Mar	1712 Nov 4512 Dec 1578 Dec
115 <sub>8</sub> 121 <sub>8</sub> *70 72 <sup>8</sup> 4 28 <sup>8</sup> 4 28 <sup>8</sup> 4	*70 711 <sub>2</sub> 281 <sub>2</sub> 283 <sub>4</sub>	70 70 284 291 <sub>2</sub>	*69 70 288 <sub>4</sub> 29	681 <sub>2</sub> 281 <sub>8</sub>	69 281 <sub>4</sub>	67 68 281 <sub>4</sub> 28	2 180 8 2,500	Conv \$4.50 prefNo par Square D Co class B1 Standard BrandsNo par	60 Apr 4 181 <sub>2</sub> Apr 11 6 Apr 8	7512 Mar 8 3012 Mar 10 714 Jan 3	4812 May 1212 Mar 614 Mar	7012 July 31 July 914 Jan
1058 <sub>4</sub> 1058 <sub>4</sub> 278 278	*105 10612 *	$\begin{array}{cccc} 6^{3}_{8} & 6^{1}_{2} \\ 105^{1}_{8} & 105^{3}_{4} \\ 2^{3}_{4} & 2^{7}_{8} \end{array}$	68 612 10512 10512 284 278	284	1051 <sub>4</sub> 23 <sub>4</sub>	*101 105 284 2	400 2,600	\$4.50 preferred No par \$Stand Gas & El Co No par	98 Jan 4 21 <sub>2</sub> Apr 1	108 June 17 514 Jan 20	94 Mar 2 Mar	1071s Feb 512 Jan
784 8 *1814 20 2112 2184	712 8 *1718 19 1984 2084	75 <sub>8</sub> 8 175 <sub>8</sub> 175 <sub>8</sub> 201 <sub>2</sub> 213 <sub>8</sub>	758 758 *17 18 1958 2014	*17 1914	7 <sup>5</sup> 8 18 20	718 71 17 17 191 <sub>2</sub> 20	200	\$4 preferred No par \$6 cum prior pref No par \$7 cum prior pref No par	484 Apr 11 10 Apr 11 1358 Apr 10	10% Jan 20 20% Aug 3 24½ Jan 19	1018 Sept 13 Mar	11% Jan 23 July 28 July
251 <sub>2</sub> 255 <sub>8</sub> 241 <sub>2</sub> 241 <sub>2</sub>	251 <sub>2</sub> 257 <sub>8</sub> 248 <sub>8</sub> 248 <sub>4</sub>	251 <sub>2</sub> 257 <sub>8</sub> 245 <sub>8</sub> 247 <sub>8</sub>		2518 2414	251 <sub>4</sub> 247 <sub>8</sub>	25 25 24 <sup>1</sup> 4 24	12,000	Standard Oil of CalifNo par Standard Oil of Indiana25 Standard Oil of Kansas10	25 Aug 11 231 <sub>4</sub> Apr 11 44 Aug 7	3018 Mar 14 2918 Jan 5 5058 Mar 9	251 <sub>8</sub> Mar 244 <sub>4</sub> Mar 321 <sub>2</sub> Apr	347 <sub>8</sub> July 351 <sub>2</sub> Jan 501 <sub>8</sub> Nov
*42 4878 41 4118 *2712 29	44 44 401 <sub>2</sub> 41 *281 <sub>2</sub> 29	40% 4114 *28% 29	4084 4114 *2812 29	40 <sup>1</sup> 4 28 <sup>1</sup> 4	4078 2814	395 <sub>8</sub> 40 *28 29	22,600 100	Standard Oil of N J25 Starrett Co (The) L SNo par	39% Aug 11 20¼ Apr 8	5314 Jan 3 3384 Jan 3	3984 Mar 1712 Mar	58% July 344 Nov
79 79 888 812	7834 79 818 814 *478 5	79 791 <sub>4</sub> 81 <sub>8</sub> 81 <sub>8</sub> 5 5	7914 791 <sub>2</sub> *8 81 <sub>4</sub> 48 <sub>4</sub> 48 <sub>4</sub>	8	791 <sub>2</sub> 81 <sub>8</sub> 47 <sub>8</sub>	781 <sub>2</sub> 78 8 8 *41 <sub>2</sub> 5		Stering Products Inc		79% July 13 12% Jan 5 614 Jan 3	6 May 5 June	7112 Nov 125 Dec 11 Jan
122 <sub>8</sub> 121 <sub>2</sub> 82 <sub>8</sub> 85 <sub>8</sub>	117 <sub>8</sub> 121 <sub>2</sub> 81 <sub>4</sub> 81 <sub>2</sub>	12 121 <sub>2</sub> 81 <sub>4</sub> 81 <sub>2</sub>	117 <sub>8</sub> 121 <sub>8</sub> 78 <sub>4</sub> 81 <sub>8</sub>	111 <sub>2</sub> 75 <sub>8</sub>	1184	118 117 78 8	13,300 25,700	Stone & WebsterNo par Studebaker Corp (The)1 Sun OilNo par	858 Apr 8 518 Apr 10 46 Apr 8		512 Mar 312 Mar 45 Mar	17% Nov 918 Oct 651s Dec
*48 50 125 125 1014 1014		1018 1018	*47 <sup>1</sup> 8 49 *122 124 10 <sup>1</sup> 8 10 <sup>1</sup> 4	10	1018	*48 <sup>1</sup> 8 50 *122 124 10 10		6% preferred100 Sunshine Mining Co10	12012 Jan 27 758 Apr 11	12812 June 17 1184 July 6	1191 <sub>2</sub> Feb 81 <sub>2</sub> Dec	128 Oct 144 Mar
*25 2584 214 214 *1412 15	25 25 2 21 <sub>4</sub> 14 141 <sub>2</sub>	241 <sub>4</sub> 25 *2 21 <sub>8</sub> *14 15	2312 2312 2 2 *1384 1412	2	23 2 1318	*23 23 2 2 14 14	3,300	Superheater Co (The) _ No par Superior Oil 1 Superior Steel 100	22 Apr 8 2 Apr 1 10 Apr 10	381 <sub>2</sub> Jan 3 31 <sub>4</sub> Jan 6 221 <sub>2</sub> Jan 4	1718 Mar 184 Mar 884 Mar	431 <sub>2</sub> Oct 41 <sub>4</sub> Aug 231 <sub>2</sub> Nov
*24 2584 *788 818	*2414 2584 *788 818	*241 <sub>4</sub> 26 77 <sub>8</sub> 77 <sub>8</sub> 177 <sub>8</sub> 177 <sub>8</sub>	25 25 *714 8 1758 1778	*2484 *712 1758	26 8 1758	*2484 25 *712 8 1712 17	100	Sutherland Paper Co10 Sweets Co of Amer (The)50 Swift & Co25	2484 July 29 7 July 3 17 Apr 10	301 <sub>2</sub> Mar 14 105 <sub>8</sub> Jan 13 197 <sub>8</sub> Jan 19	17% Mar 6% June 15 Mar	32 July 151 <sub>2</sub> Aug 21 Nov
*175 <sub>8</sub> 173 <sub>4</sub> 27 27 51 <sub>2</sub> 51 <sub>2</sub>	1784 18 27 27 558 558	27 27 51 <sub>2</sub> 51 <sub>2</sub>	27 27 *51 <sub>4</sub> 51 <sub>2</sub>	27 512	271 <sub>4</sub> 51 <sub>2</sub>	2718 27 558 5	2,100 600	Swift International Ltd	2434 June 30 458 Apr 10	2814 Mar 27	2218 Mar 434 Mar	294 Oct 1012 Nov
*412 484 *58 6 *35 42	*41 <sub>2</sub> 48 <sub>4</sub> *53 <sub>8</sub> 58 <sub>4</sub> *325 <sub>8</sub> 42	*412 484 *588 558 *3758 42	*412 484 *58 584 *3758 42	*538 *3758	53 <sub>4</sub> 42	414 4 58 5 *3758 42	100	Without warrants 1 Talcott Inc (James) 9 534 preferred 50		712 Mar 11 4312 July 21	5 Mar 34 Apr	81 <sub>8</sub> Jan 91 <sub>2</sub> Oct 491 <sub>2</sub> Nov
*45 <sub>8</sub> 43 <sub>4</sub> *55 <sub>8</sub> 53 <sub>4</sub> 34 <sup>7</sup> a 35	*41 <sub>2</sub> 43 <sub>4</sub> 55 <sub>8</sub> 53 <sub>4</sub> 345 <sub>8</sub> 35	*414 484 512 512 3438 3478	*414 484 *512 584 3384 3458	41 <sub>4</sub> 51 <sub>2</sub> 327 <sub>8</sub>	41 <sub>4</sub> 51 <sub>2</sub> 335 <sub>8</sub>	41 <sub>4</sub> 4 52 <sub>8</sub> 5 321 <sub>2</sub> 33		Telautograph Corp	414 Aug 10 4 Apr 8 3212 Aug 11	614 Mar 11 619 Jan 3 4814 Jan 8	414 Mar 378 Mar 3258 Mar	512 June 8 Jan 4958 Aug
*378 4 29 29	378 378 *2812 29	384 384 2814 2958	384 384 2818 2814	28	384 2888 758	358 35 2758 28 712 71	1,900 2,700	Texas Gulf Produc's CoNo par Texas Gulf SulphurNo par Texas Pacific Coal & Oil10	312 Apr 10 2614 Apr 10 712 Apr 10	5% Jan 3 325 Jan 5 101 Jan 6	25 Mar 26 Mar 7 Mar	5% Dec 38 Oct 1212 Aug
758 758 *678 7 *13 1484		784 784 *678 7 *13 1414	784 784 678 678 13 13	#1184	678 1434	*1218 13	1,400	Texas Pacific Land Trust1 Texas & Pacific Ry Co100	65 Apr 11 118 Apr 10	9 Jan 6 221 <sub>2</sub> Jan 4	64 Mar 13 Mar	11% Feb 26 July
*201 <sub>8</sub> 21 *60 603 <sub>8</sub> *38 <sub>4</sub> 4		*20 21 *60 6038 *334 4	*1912 21 *60 6038 *312 4	*19 *60 *31 <sub>2</sub>	60%	*19 21 *60 603 *312 4		\$3.60 conv prefNo par The FairNo par	164 Apr 3 56 Jan 28 31 <sub>2</sub> Apr 11		15 Mar 5312 June 278 Apr	251 <sub>2</sub> Oct 604 Oct 57 <sub>8</sub> July
31 31 4	*31 3178	317 <sub>8</sub> 317 <sub>8</sub> 37 <sub>8</sub> 4	*31 32	*31	3178	*3018 313 358 3		Preferred 100 Thermoid Co 1 \$3 div conv preferred 10	31 July 14 212 Apr 10 14 Apr 8	40 Jan 7 44 Jan 10 27 Aug 3	35 Apr 24 Mar 15 Mar	56 Jan 58 July 184 Nov
*24 251 <sub>2</sub> *11 <sub>2</sub> 2 *33 <sub>8</sub> 4	251 <sub>8</sub> 251 <sub>8</sub> 11 <sub>2</sub> 11 <sub>2</sub> *33 <sub>8</sub> 37 <sub>8</sub>	25 251 <sub>2</sub> 15 <sub>8</sub> 15 <sub>8</sub> *31 <sub>2</sub> 4	25 25 *15 <sub>8</sub> 2 *33 <sub>8</sub> 4	24 11 <sub>2</sub> 33 <sub>8</sub>	251 <sub>2</sub> 15 <sub>8</sub> 38 <sub>8</sub>	241 <sub>2</sub> 25 *13 <sub>4</sub> 2 *31 <sub>8</sub> 4	500 100	Third Avenue Ry100 Thompson (J R)25	112 Jan 17 3 Mar 22	3 Mar 2 37 Jan 10	1 Mar 31 <sub>8</sub> Mar	25 Jan 512 July
*2384 2484 *184 2 *912 1084	231g 2334 *184 2 *91g 1014	241 <sub>2</sub> 241 <sub>2</sub> 18 <sub>4</sub> 18 <sub>4</sub> 91 <sub>2</sub> 91 <sub>2</sub>	2412 2412 *184 2 *914 958	231 <sub>2</sub> *18 <sub>4</sub> 9	2418 178 9	24 24 184 13 *812 91		Thompson Prods IncNo par Thompson-Starrett CoNo par \$3.50 cum preferredNo par	17 Apr 10 11 <sub>2</sub> July 7 71 <sub>2</sub> Apr 10	28'4 Jan 3 34 Jan 4 15'2 Jan 3	81g Mar 11g Mar 54 Mar	28% Nov 4 July 19 July
107 <sub>8</sub> 107 <sub>8</sub> *91 918 <sub>4</sub> *141 <sub>4</sub> 143 <sub>8</sub>	1034 1034 9012 91 14 1418	10% 11 91 91 141 <sub>2</sub> 151 <sub>4</sub>	x1084 1084 *90 9114 15 1518	1018 *90 1418	105 <sub>8</sub> 913 <sub>4</sub> 145 <sub>8</sub>	10 10 *90 91 141 <sub>2</sub> 15	3,000 300 3,800	Tide Water Associated Oil10 \$4.50 conv prefNo par Timken Detroit Axle10	10 Aug 11 87 Apr 11 1084 Apr 10	1414 Mar 10 96 Feb 9 1838 Jan 3	1018 Mar 7712 Apr 8 Mar	154 July 98 July 194 Nov
46 46 558 558	*45% 4612 558 558	46 46 *51 <sub>2</sub> 55 <sub>8</sub>	4512 46 558 558	441 <sub>4</sub> 51 <sub>2</sub>	45 558	4314 441 558 5	1,100	Timken Roller Bearing No par Transamerica Corp2	3414 Apr 11 512May 10	5414 Jan 3 784 Jun 10	3114 Mar 512 Dec	3512 Nov 124 Jan
101 <sub>2</sub> 101 <sub>2</sub> *61 <sub>2</sub> 78 <sub>4</sub> 27 <sub>8</sub> 27 <sub>8</sub>	101 <sub>8</sub> 101 <sub>2</sub> *61 <sub>2</sub> 71 <sub>4</sub> 27 <sub>8</sub> 3	10 -101 <sub>4</sub> *68 <sub>4</sub> 71 <sub>4</sub> 3 3	978 10 684 684 3 3	95 <sub>8</sub> *61 <sub>2</sub> *28 <sub>4</sub>	97 <sub>8</sub> 63 <sub>4</sub> 27 <sub>8</sub>	958 97 612 61 278 27	200	Transce & Williams St'lNo par Tri-Continental CorpNo par	518 Apr 10 2 Mar 31		4 Mar 478 Apr 258 Mar	105 Oct 124 Nov 47 July
*80 83 *314 312 *814 912	*80 83 *314 338 *818 912	83 83 312 312 *818 912	*83 871 <sub>2</sub> *31 <sub>2</sub> 35 <sub>8</sub> *81 <sub>8</sub> 91 <sub>2</sub>	*831 <sub>4</sub> *31 <sub>2</sub> *8	871 <sub>2</sub> 35 <sub>8</sub> 91 <sub>2</sub>	*8314 871 *312 31 *8 91	300	\$6 preferred	74 Apr 10 3 Apr 3 6 Apr 10	478 Jan 3	77 June 358 Mar 512 Mar	91 Nov 68 Jan 1512 Nov
2012 2084 *29 30	1912 2014	*195 <sub>8</sub> 201 <sub>4</sub> *291 <sub>8</sub> 30	*191 <sub>2</sub> 197 <sub>8</sub> *291 <sub>8</sub> 30	191 <sub>4</sub> *29	195 <sub>8</sub> 292 <sub>4</sub>	185 <sub>8</sub> 191 29 29	3,200	\$1.50 preferred No par	1658 Apr 11 28 Apr 11	2614 Jan 4 3414 Jan 8	1618 Mar 2518 Mar	28% Nov 38 July
*3 334 *2514 33 *1038 1078		*284 384 *27 3184 1012 1058	*284 312 *2614 3112 1014 1014		30 101 <sub>4</sub>	*284 31 2612 28 10 101	200	Twin City Rap Trans No par Preferred 100 Twin Coach Co 1	158 Apr 8 1712 Apr 11 714 Apr 11	3514 Aug 3	25 <sub>8</sub> Mar 16 Mar 6 Mar	6 Jan 44 Jan 134 Nov
*214 258 *50 5078 784 784	21 <sub>2</sub> 21 <sub>2</sub> 50 50 71 <sub>4</sub> 71 <sub>2</sub>	214 214 4912 4912 714 738	214 214 *49 50 718 714	214 49 7	21 <sub>4</sub> 49 71 <sub>8</sub>	*214 21 4714 48 7 71	500 600	Ulen & Co	2 Mar 28 44 Apr 27 684 Apr 10	44 Jan 4 66 Jan 3	114 Mar 41 Mar 78 Mar	6 Oct 7012 Nov 1514 Aug
811 <sub>2</sub> 823 <sub>4</sub> *114 117 161 <sub>4</sub> 161 <sub>4</sub>	81 83	80% 82 1141 <sub>2</sub> 117 161 <sub>4</sub> 163 <sub>8</sub>	78 80 *1141 <sub>2</sub> 1161 <sub>2</sub> 161 <sub>4</sub> 161 <sub>4</sub>	*1134 1	7884 1688 1614	7614 78 114 1161 1618 161	10,200	Union Carbide & Carb. No par Union El Co of Mo \$5 p No par Union Oil of California25	6512 Apr 8 11318 May 17 1618 June 30	901 <sub>2</sub> Jan 4 118 July 14	57 Mar 171s Mar	90% Nov 22½ July
98 9834 *8818 89 *2158 2214	97 97 89 89	97 971 <sub>2</sub> 887 <sub>8</sub> 887 <sub>8</sub> •213 <sub>4</sub> 221 <sub>8</sub>	961 <sub>2</sub> 971 <sub>2</sub> 877 <sub>8</sub> 877 <sub>8</sub>	961 <sub>4</sub> *857 <sub>8</sub>	961 <sub>2</sub> 877 <sub>8</sub>	95 95 *87 877 215a 215	2,500 400	Union Pacific	811 <sub>2</sub> Apr 11 78 Apr 13 201 <sub>8</sub> Mar 28	104 Mar 4 90 July 27	55% Mar 59% Apr 20 Mar	9912 Nov 8312 Nov 2312 Jan
*3718 3712 1178 1218	3684 3784 1178 1218	3684 37 117 <sub>8</sub> 121 <sub>4</sub>	361 <sub>2</sub> 37 117 <sub>8</sub> 121 <sub>4</sub>	361 <sub>2</sub> 111 <sub>4</sub>	215 <sub>8</sub> 371 <sub>4</sub> 12	3614 38 1138 117	11,100 8,700	Union Tank Car No par United Aircraft Corp	33 Apr 11 778 Apr 11	42% Feb 25 1312 Mar 4	191 <sub>2</sub> Mar 5 Mar	4314 Dec 134 Nov
624 624	*6012 63	18 18 114 118 *611 <sub>2</sub> 631 <sub>2</sub>	18 18 *1141 <sub>8</sub> 118 611 <sub>2</sub> 611 <sub>2</sub>		62	1712 171 11418 118 61 61	300	United Biscuit	1578 Feb 24 11212 Mar 13 52 Apr 8	6512 Mar 10	14 Sept 1103 Jan 39 Jan	20 Nov 1181 <sub>2</sub> Aug 731 <sub>2</sub> Nov
*1712 1812 3 318 383 383	17 171 <sub>2</sub> 3 31 <sub>8</sub> 375 <sub>8</sub> 391 <sub>4</sub>	*1658 1758 3 318 3758 38	*1614 17 278 318 3712 38	278	17 3 3758	*17 18 284 27 3684 378		United Carr Fast Corp. No par United Corp No par \$3 preferred No par	133 Apr 11 2 Apr 10 304 Apr 10		124 Apr 2 Mar 22 Mar	204 Nov 45 Oct 38 Oct
• Bid and	asked prices:	no sales o	m this day	4 To	-1		4-11	n New stock v Cash cale	- T- 41 T		alled for and	

• Bid and asked prices: no sales on this day. ‡ In receivership. a Def. delivery. n New stock. r Cash sale. z Ex-div y Ex-rights. ¶ Called for redemption.

## STATE   Property   Property		April 1985   Property   Propert	LOW AND	HIGH SA	ALE PRICE	S-PER SH	ARE, NOT I		Sales	STOCKS	Range St	nce Jan. 1	Range for	
Section   Sect	1.	## 15							the					
**3	**24 30 **25 31 **25\sqrt{3} 31 **25\sqrt{3} 31 **25\sqrt{3} 31 **25\sqrt{3} 28 **25\sqrt{3} 28 **25\sqrt{3} 28 **25\sqrt{3} 28 **25\sqrt{3} 28 **25\sqrt{3} 28 **35 **41\sqrt{2} *36 **41\sqrt{2} *41\sqrt{2} *40\sqrt{2}	*24 30 *25 31 *25\8 3	Saturday   Aug. 5	## Aug. 7    Per share   512   512   612   632   6312   334   334   2312   33   34   34   34   34   34   34   3	Tuesday   Aug. 8     \$ per share   512   51   *412   51   *412   51   *412   51   *412   51   *412   51   *412   51   *414   44   45   58   7   *614   7   *83   86   *12   7   *83   86   *12   7   *614   7   *15   175   *618   7   *15   175   *1612   1684   *334   415   4134   7   *15   7   *15   50   50   4118   4134   7   *15   53   53   53   53   53   53   53	### Wednesday ### Aug. 9  \$ per share \$ 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58	Thursday Aug. 10  Sper share 15	Friday Aug. 11  Sper share  *434 55; *604 65 334 334 *2712 29 80 80 1418 1414 *11434 11512 1078 1112 *4 438 7 77 *78 8312 *12 74 *618 614 855 8514 *175 17612 6 6 6 *3212 36 15 1512 *358 4 7 7 714 *48 54 40 4014  158 134 4158 43 108 19312 *5212 69 47 4914 109 109 *3512 36 45 47 *1158 134 *108 19312 *5212 218 *5218 218 *54 57 *9 118 *414 8414 *160 162 *12 12 *1618 20 *2212 23 3354 36 *116 119 *41 43 *21 210 *31 118 *41 43 *21 212 *21 218 *31 318 *31 31	Sales   for the Week   1,900   100   1,400   2,700   2,800   1,200	NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE  United EXCHANGE  United Drug Ine	Range St. On Basis of J  Lovest  Sper share 44, Jan 26 45, Apr 11 2624, Apr 11 564, Apr 11 56, Apr 26 44, Apr 11 56, Apr 26 44, Apr 11 66, Apr 12 44, Apr 11 67, Apr 29 44, Apr 11 68, Apr 16 68, Apr 16 69, Apr 11 68, Apr 16 60, Jan 23 434, Apr 11 48, July 6 60, Jan 23 434, Apr 11 48, July 6 60, Jan 23 434, Apr 11 68, Apr 16 17, July 17 68, Apr 10 17, Apr 10 17, Apr 10 18, Apr 10 18, Apr 10 19, Apr 10 113, Apr 11 16, Apr 10 113, Apr 11 16, Apr 10 113, Apr 10 114, Apr 11 156, Apr 10 1151, Apr 10 1152, Apr 10 1154, Apr 10 1154, Apr 10 1155, Apr 10 1155, Apr 10 1154, Apr 10 1155, Apr 10 1156, Apr 10 1157, Apr 10 1158, Apr 10 1158, Apr 10 1159, Apr 10 114, Apr 28 1159, Apr 10 1159, Apr 10 1159, Apr 10 114, Apr 28 1159, Apr 10 1159, Apr 10 114, Apr 28 1159, Apr 10 114, Apr 21 114, Apr 11 1159, Apr 10 114, Apr 21 1159, Apr 10 114, Apr 11 1159, Apr 10 114, Apr 11 1159, Apr 10 114, Apr 11 1179, Apr 10 114, Apr 11 1159, Apr 10 1140, Apr 1	### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	Veer   Lowest	### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##

# Bond Record-New York Stock Exchange

## FRIDAY, WEEKLY AND YEARLY

NOTICE—Prices are "and interest"—except for income and defaulted bonds. Cash and deferred delivery sales are disregarded in the week's range, unless they are the only transactions of the week, and when selling outside of the regular weekly range are shown in a footnote in the week in which they occur. No account is taken of such sales in computing the range for the year.

The italic letters in the column headed "Interest Period" indicate in each case the month when the bonds mature.

BONDS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE]	Interest	Friday Las i Sale	Week's Range or Friday's Bid & Ask	onds	Range Since Jan, 1	BONDS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Aug. 11	Interest	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's Range or Friday's Bid & Aske	Bonds	Range Since Jan, 1
Week Ended Aug. 11	1	77400	Low H			Foreign Govt. & Mun. (Con.)			Low His	-	Low High
U. S. Government  Treasury 4½s	MS	115.15	*115.15 115.2 *115.6 115.1	0 13	118.26 122.13 114.17 116.19 113.10 116.5 103.1 105.8 105.8 106.27 109.30 111.10 106.2 107 12 109.22 111.9	Chile Mtge Bank (Concluded)  Guar sink fund 6s	MN MN MS JD	131/2	13½ 14 9½ 9½ 13½ 14 10 10 12½ 13 *8½ 12	15 1 12 8 25	7% 14% 11 16% 7 14%
Treasury 3s	J D M 8 M 8 M 8 M 8	110.27 111.25 109.6 109.5	110.27 110.3 111.25 112.3 109.4 109.1 109.4 109.1 109.8 109.	8 2 34 5 79 4 54 7 3	109.22 111.27 109.11 112.21 109.2 114.5 108.19 111.31 107.4 112.26 104.12 110.9 107 110.6 105.19 109.31 104 109.21 103.4 109	Colombia (Republic of)—  *6s of 1928 Oct 1961  *6s exi is f gold of 1927_Jan 1961  *Colombia Mige Bank 6 1/5s1947  *Sinking fund 7s of 19261946  *Sinking fund 7s of 19271947  Copenhagen (City) 5s1952  25 year gold 4 1/5s1953  \$*Cordoba (City) 7s unstamped1957  \$*7s stamped1957  Cordoba (Prov) Argentina 7s1942	A O M N F A J D M N F A	26%	*26 ½ 27 26 ¾ 26 ½ *26 ½ 82 ¾ 82 ¾ 78 79 *61 ¼ 75 *58 ¾ 64	6 21 6 1 7 9 17	47% 65 40 61
Treasury 2 % 9 1951-1954 Treasury 2 % 9 1956-1959 Treasury 2 % 9 1958-1969 Treasury 2 % 9 1960-1965 Treasury 2 % 9 1960-1965 Treasury 2 % 9 1940-1953 Treasury 2 % 9 1940-1953 Treasury 2 9 1960-1952 Treasury 2 9 1960-1952 Treasury 2 9 1960-1952 Treasury 2 9 1960-1952 Treasury 2 9 1960-1962	MS		109 15 109	15 17	102.20 108.23 102.20 108.16 106.6 109.10 105.1 109.8 102.13 107.21 102.16 107.22 106.3 107.9 110.6 106.26 109.21	+Costa Rica (Rep of) 781951 Cuba (Republic) 5s of 19041944 External 5s of 1914 ser A1949 External loan 4 ½s ser C1949 4 ½s external debt1977 Sinking fund 5 ½sJan 15 1963 +Public wks 5 ½sJune 30 1945 Czechoslovak (Rep of) 8s1951	MN MS FA JD JD JD AO	50 ¼ 101 65 30	101 ¼ 101 3 a102 ¾ a102 3 101 101 50 ¼ 51 101 101 3 65 65 30 30	1 2 2 13 3 12	
3a	M N J J J D	108.23 nl04.28	108.23 108. nl04.28nl04.	25 6	106 106.27 105.3 106.15 106.26 109.17 104.1 105.18	Sinking fund 8s ser B	J J J A O M S A O O M S A O	95½ 90% 81 73½ 73¾	81 833 7334 733 7334 733 *73 *71 7234 723	60 39 2 1	65 74 65 73% 65 73 66 71% 66% 75
Agricultural Mtge Bank (Colombia)  Gdt sink fund 6e	FAOM BJ J J J J J A OO A	14	91 % 91 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 *12 % 13 13 13	1 1 1 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	25 27 90 94% 10% 15% 9% 15% 10% 15% 10% 15% 9% 14%	5 ½s 2d series	M N S M N J D	105¾ 18¾ 105¼	105% 105%	9 4 7 4 2 8 8 2	65 72 1/2 16 20 1/2 14 1/2 21 1/2 89 1/2 100 105 1/2 107 105 110 1/2 104 106 113 1/2 125 103 105
Antwerp (City) external 5s	M N M N F A A O J J M S M N	9234 87 7636 7636 97	13% 13 88% 89 92% 93 86% 87 76% 77 76% 77 97 97 97 90% 91 11% 11	3 106 28 167 59 51 34 27 51	85% 96% 89% 95 83% 88% 76 80% 75% 79% 95% 103% 88% 99	German Govt International—  *51/4s of 1930 stamped1965  *51/4s unstamped1965  *54/4s stamp(Canad'n Holder) '65  German Rep exti 7s stamped.1949  *7s unstamped1949  German Prov & Communal Bks  *(Cons Agric Loan) 61/4s1958  *Greek Government s f ser 7s1964	J D A O J D M N	21	16% 179 14% 149 21 229 17% 179 24 24 *25%	26 1 115 1	15 21 ½ 14 ½ 18 17 ½ 17 ½ 18 ½ 27 16 22 18 ½ 24 ½ 25 ½ 37 ½
*Bavaria (Free State) 6348 1945 Belgium 25-yr extl 6348 1949 External 8 f 68 1955 External 30-year 8 f 78 1955 *Berlin (Germany) 8 f 6348 1950 *External sinking fund 6 1955 *Brasil (U 8 of) external 88 1941 *External 8 f 6 348 of 1926 1957 *External 8 f 6 348 of 1927 1957 *78 (Central Ry) 1962 Briabane (City) 8 f 58 1967	FAMSJJDAOOJDAOOJDDAOOJDAOODAOO	10274 1534 1434 1434	106 106 102¼ 104 111½ 112 21¼ 21 18¼ 18 15¼ 16 14¼ 15 14¼ 15 13¼ 13 93 93	34 25 10 10 34 1 34 25 34 55 28 37 34 4	16 20 ¼ 100 ¼ 108 99 ¾ 108 102 116 ¼ 14 21 ¾ 13 19 ¾ 11 11 28 ¾ 23 9 ¾ 22 ¼ 9 ½ 22 ¼ 89 98 ¾ 89 98 ¾	*7s part paid	A O O J J A O J J J M N	81/2	*8234 843 *16 20 *	5 2	2236 2736 1636 2536 71 81 15 19 1036 18 10036 105
Sinking fund gold &s	J D J D M S M S F A O M N J J	54 1/6 54 1/6 55 1/6 55 3/6 46	95 95 96 98 100 8% 9 70 70 53% 55 54 54 54 55 46 46 46 46 47% 20	18 14 14 1	97 102 8¾ 11¼ 64 70 44¾ 58 44¼ 57¼ 44¾ 58¾ 47 60 32¼ 47¼	*Binking fund 7½s ser B1961 *Hungary (Kingdom of) 7½s1944 Extended at 4½s to1979 Irish Free State extl s f 5s1950 Italy (Kingdom of) extl 7s1951 Italian Cred Consortium 7s ser B '47 Italian Public Utility extl 7s1952 Japanese Govt 30-yr s f 6½s1954 Extl sinking fund 5½s1945 *Jugoslavia (State Mtge Bk) 7s 1957 *Leipzig (Germany) s f 7s1947	FA MN JD M8 JFA MN AO	22 1/4 59 1/4 59 41 1/4 67 1/4 50 1/4	22¼ 223 *	93 5 27 89 128 4 3	22 16 33 18 16 30 101 12 113 52 76 16 54 16 76 38 55 67 85 16 50 16 55 16 25 38 16 16 16 23
*Secured s f 7s 1967 *Stabilisation loan 734s 1968 Canada (Dom of) 30-yr 4s 1968 5a 1962 10-year 234s Aug 15 1945 25-year 34(s 1961 7-year 24(s 1964 30-year 3s 1967 *Carisbad (City) 8s 1968 *Cent Agrie Bank( Ger) 7s 1950 *Farm Lean st 6s July 15 1960 *6s July coupon on 1960 *Farm Loan st 6s Oct 15 1960	A OMN F A J J J J J J J J M S J J	110 14 109 14 102 14 105 16 102 14	18 [18 110 % 110 109 109 102 % 103 105 % 106 102 % 103 102 % 102 102 % 102 17 17 *	35 30 35 36 35 36 36 37 38	13 32 14 108 111 14 108 111 14 101 104 104 10 101 106 104 100 11 108 102 15 12 12 15 12 12 16 22 17 18 24 14 21 27 14	*Lower Austria (Province) 7 1/2 1950  *Medellin (Colombia) 6 1/2	J D J D M N M N Q J Q J	14	•1/4	6 2	10% 15% 64 72% 56 13% 5
*6s Oct coupon on 1960 *Chile (Rep)—Exti s f 7s 1942 *7s assented	MN MN AO AO FA FA JJJ MS M8	15 15 1074 15	*	9 8 35 35 25 6 4 16 21	18 23½ 18½ 8½ 16 12 18½ 8½ 16½ 12 18½ 8½ 16½ 12¼ 18½ 8½ 16½ 12¼ 18½	*Assenting 4s of 1910 small  §*Treas 6s of '13 assent (large) '33  §*Small  Milan (City, Italy) extl 6 1/s 1952  Minas Geraes (State)  *Sec extl s f 6 1/s 1958  *Sec extl s f 6 1/s 1959  *Montevideo (City) 7s 1952  *6s series A 1959  New 8o Wales (State) extl 5s 1957  External s f 5s Apr 1958	J J J A O M 8 M 8 J D M N F A A O	91/6	9 9 442 47 42 54 95 96 9434 953	8 15 15 27 6 23	114 114 115 114 115 115 115 115 115 115
*6s assented. 1962  * External sinking fund 6s. 1963  *6s assented. 1963  *Chile Mige Bank 63/s. 1967  *63/s assented. 1965  *8ink fund 63/s of 1926. 1961  *63/s assented. 1961	M N M N J D J D		11 11 14% 15 11 11 14 14 9% 9 18% 13	14 4 1 14 2 16 3	8½ 16½ 11½ 18½ 8½ 16½ 11½ 16	Norway 20-year exti 6s	FAMSAOFA	101% 100%	104¾ 105 105 105; 103¾ 104) 101 102 99¾ 100; *100¾	24 30 6 36	9834 105 9434 10334

Volume 149		N	ew York	k Bo	nd Reco	ord—Continued—Page 2	993
N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Aug. 11	Top	Friday Lasi Sale Price	Week's Range or Friday's Bid & Aski			N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Aug. 11  BONDS Last Range or Priday's Price Bid & Asked	Range Since Jan. 1
**Nuremburg (City) exti 6s	FMMAJDINNMMSSDOAAAAAJJJDJNNSSAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA	Trickay Last Sale Price  48%  105%  7136  8136  7136  8136  7136  2036  244  47% 33% 47% 33% 47% 33% 47% 59% 108%  108%  108%	Friday   F	9008 No. 80 80 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	Range   Since   Jan. 1	N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE  Week Ended Aug., 11  Att & Dan Ist g 4	Range Since Jan. 1  W High 1334 46 1634 37 14 10634 1934 25 10634 1934 25 100 72 102 102 103 104 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105
RAILROAD AND INDUSTRIAL COMPANIES  \$ Abitibl Pow & Paper 1st 5e. 1953 Adams Express coli tr g 4s. 1954 Coll trust 4s of 1907. 1947 10-year deb 4 1/s stamped. 1944 Adriatic Elec Co exti 7s. 1955 Ala Gt Sou 1st cons A 5s. 1942 1st cons 4s series B. 1942 Albany Perfor Wrap Pap 6s. 1946 6s with warr assented. 1944 Alb & Susq 1st guar 3 1/5s. 1946 Alb & Susq 1st guar 3 1/5s. 1946 Alleghany Corp coli trust 5s. 1944 Coll & conv 5s. 1944 Coll & conv 5s. 1944 Alleghany Corp coli trust 5s. 1946 Allegh & West 1st gu 4s. 1956 4/5s debentures. 1956 Allis-Chalmers Mfg conv 4s. 1953 American Ice s f deb 5s. 1953 Anaconda Cop Min s f deb 4 1/4s 1955 Anaconda Cop Min s f deb 4 1/4s 1955 Anaconda Cop Min s f deb 4 1/4s 1955 Anaconda Cop Min s f deb 4 1/4s 1955 Anaconda Cop Min s f deb 4 1/4s 1955 Anaconda Cop Min s f deb 4 1/4s 1955 Anaconda Cop Min s f deb 4 1/4s 1955 Anaconda Cop Min s f deb 4 1/4s 1955 Anaconda Cop Min s f deb 4 1/4s 1955 Anaconda Cop Min s f deb 4 1/4s 1955 Anaconda Cop Min s f deb 4 1/4s 1955 Anaconda Cop Min s f deb 4 1/4s 1955 Anaconda Cop Min s f deb 4 1/4s 1955	J D D S M S S A O D A O	108 49 74 ¼ 63¾ 25¾ 106¾ 108¾ 109¾ 109¾ 109¾	46 46 102¼ 103 102¾ 104 108 108 110 108 110 110 110 110 110 110	1 3 4 20 4 4 20 4 4 5 5 8 8 31 31 4 28 4 92 28 4 3 19 150 6 15	40% 67 100 105 99% 104% 100% 108% 49 66% 107 109 104 107% 32% 42 32% 44 72 83% 68 85% 57 75% 48% 22% 41% 49% 60 103% 108 93 100% 108 93 100% 108 112 30 40 48% 65% 100 103% 103% 108 103% 109 103% 100 10	Coll trust 4 ½8	14 117 1234 116 14 2134 124 14 2134 124 12 214 124 12 215 12 124 12 21 124 124 12 21 124 124 124 12 21 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 1
Ark & Mem Bridge & Term 5s. 1964 Armour & Co (Del) 4s series B. 1985 1st m s f 4s ser (Del). 1967 Atchison Top & Sants Fe— General 4s	M 8 - F A O Nov - M N J D - J D - J D - J J J - M 8 - J J J - J J J M 8 - J D J J M N S - J M N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	99% 101 1111% 91 102% 102% 62%	*94 99 99% 100% 99% 101 110% 111% 94 94 91 93 *98% 100 100 100% *90 94%	78 20 4 59 2 22 22 7 7 19 10 11 35 1 10 11 14 35 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	92 34 98 96 34 101 96 101 105 34 111 34 86 34 95 34 87 34 96 91 99 34 91 34 103 108 111 34 107 112 34 110 114 36 85 94 36 89 3	B f deb 4\(\frac{1}{3}\) issue)	90% 104% 104% 104% 104% 125% 100% 105% 100% 105% 100% 105% 105% 10

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For footnotes see page 997,

## New York Bond Record—Continued—Page 3

Aug. 12, 1939

BONDS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE	Priday Last Sale	Week's Range or	3.	Range Since Jan, 1	N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Aug. 11	Interes	Priday Last Sale Price	Week's Range or Friday's Bid & Aske	199	Range Since Jan, 1
## Chicago & East III 1st 6s. 1934    **C' & E III Ry gen 5s. 1951   **Chicago & Erie 1st gold 5s. 1932   **Chicago Great West 1st 4s. 1959   **Chicago Great West 1st 4s. 1956   **Chicago Great West 1st 4s. 1959   **Chicago Great West 1st 4s. 1959   **Gen 4s series B. May 1 1989   **Gen 4s stap Fed Inc tax. 1987   **Gen 4s stamped 1987   **Secured 6s 1988   **Gertificates of 6s 1988   **Gertificates of 6s 1988   **Certificates of 6s 1981   **Chicago Railways 1st 5s stpd Aug 1938 25% part paid   **Chic R I & Pac Ry gen 4s. 1988   **Certificates of 6s 1981   **Chicago Railways 1st 5s 1980   Chicago Union Station—   Guaranteed 4s. 1961   Gold 3s 1s. 1961   Ghi & West Indiana con 4s. 1961   Ghi & West Indiana con 4s. 1962   Chida Co deb 5s. 1963   Chic & West Indiana con 4s. 1962   Chida Co deb 5s. 1963   Chicago Union Station—   Guaranteed 4s. 1962   Chida Co deb 5s. 1963   Chicago Union Station—   Guaranteed 4s. 1965   Chicago	Priday   Last   Sale   Price   Sale   Sale   Price   Sale   Sa	West's   Range or   Brid & Asted   Asted   Cose   Habb   1111   1111   124   Asted   115	8 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Range Since Jan. 1  Love Hyen 97 112 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	Del Power & Light 1st 4 1/4s 1971 1st & ref 41/8 1969 1st mortgage 41/8 1969 Den Gas & El 1st & ref s 5 5 1951 Stamped as to Penna tax 1961 1\$*Den & R G Ist cons v 4s 1965 †*Consol gold 41/8 1936 †*Consol gold 41/8 1936 †*Consol gold 41/8 1936 †*Den & R G Wes* zen 5s Aug 1955 *Assented (sub) to plan) **Ref & impt 5s ser B Aug 1955 †*Des M & Ft Dodge 4s ctts 1935 †*Des M & Ft Dodge 4s ctts 1935 †*Des M & Ft Dodge 4s ctts 1935 †*Des M & Ft Dodge 4s ctts 1945 Gen & ref M 4s ser F 1965 Gen & ref M 4s ser F 1965 Gen & ref M 4s ser F 1965 Detroit & Mac 1st lien g 5s 1995 Detroit Term & Tunnel 41/8 1961 Dow Chemical deb 3s 1951 Dul Missabe & Ir Range Ry 31/4s 1962 1\$*Dul Sou Shore & Atl g 5s 1937 Duquesne Light 1st M 31/8 1965 East Ry Minn Nor Div 1st 4s 1986 Ed El III (N Y) 1st cons g 5s 1995 Eigin Jotiet & East 1st g 5s 1941 El Paso & S W 1st 5s 1965 Se stamped 1965 Se stamped 1965 Frie & Pitts g gu 31/8 ser B 1946 Series B 1946 **Genesses River 1st s f 6s 1985 **Gen consol gen lien g 4s 1985 **Gen conv 4s series D 1985 **Gen and the transped 1986 **Gen and t	POSSA JINNYJJAAAOJSAOSDDNDOJJ ONJANOOJJJJOOOONOJJNS ADSSSSDOJDS: N N JN DAJJDNAAJJJAAJ JJJJJJJJJFFFMAA	105% 105% 107 109% 107 109% 107 109% 107 109% 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	70	Strace   Jan. 1
Series B 3 1/5 guar 1942 Series C 3 1/5 guar 1942 Series C 3 1/5 guar 1948 Series C 3 1/5 guar 1950 Gen 4 1/5 series B 1951 Gen 4 1/5 series B 1951 Cleve Short Line 1 st gu 4 1/5 1961 Cleve Union Term gu 5 1/5 1972 Int s f series B guar 1973 Coal River Ry 1 st gu 4 1973 Colo Fuel & Iron Co gen s f 5 1943 *5s Income mtge 1970 Colo & Bouth 4 1/5 series A 1980 Colo Fuel & Iron Co gen s f 5 1943 *5s Income mtge 1970 Colo & Bouth 4 1/5 series A 1980 Columbus & H V 1 st ext g 4 1948 Columbus & H V 1 st ext g 4 1948 Columbus & H V 1 st ext g 4 1948 Columbus & H V 1 st ext g 4 1948 Columbus Ry Pow & Lt 4 1965 Commonwealth Edison Colst 1968 Conn & Passump River 1st 4s 1943 Conn Ry & L 1 st & ref 4 1/5 1951 Conn Riv Pow s f 3 3/5 A 1961 Consol Edison (N Y) deb 3 1/6 1961 S 1/5 debentures 1958 *Consol Oil conv deb 3 1/6 1964 *Consol Oil conv deb 3 1/6 1964 *Consol Oil conv deb 3 1/6 1965 *Consol Oil conv deb 3 1/6 1965 *Consol Ry non-conv deb 4 1954 *Debenture 4s 1955 *Debenture 4s 1956 *Consolidation Coal s f 5 1960 Consolidation Coal s f 5 1960 Coal Ry 1 1960 List mtge 3 1/6 1960	A O J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J	*107 ¼ 108 ¼ *105 *** *106 *** *106 *** *106 *** *106 *** *107 *** *108 ½ 91 ½ 91 ½ 91 ½ 91 ½ 91 ½ 91 ½ 91 ½ 9	133 288 8 8 144 5 19 1177 4 1771   8 3 1 3099   1 15 6 488 366 122 51 1 156 6 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	108 108¾ 105 107¾ 105 107¾ 85 91¾ 85 91¾ 85 91¾ 106¾ 106¾ 106¾ 106¾ 45 65¾ 27¾ 47 92¾ 104 92¾ 103¾ 109¾ 114¾ 109¾ 114¾ 107¾ 110¾ 104¾ 124¾ 89¼ 89¾ 110¾ 113¾ 108 109¾ 108 109¾ 108 109¾ 109¾ 11¾ 109¾ 11¾ 109¾ 11¾ 109¾ 11¾ 109¾ 11¾ 109¾ 11¾ 109¾ 11¾ 109¾ 11¾ 109¾ 109¾ 109¾ 109¾ 109¾ 109¾ 109¾ 109¾ 109¾ 109¾ 109¾ 109¾ 110¾ 109¾ 100¾ 109¾ 100¾ 109¾ 100¾ 109¾ 111¾ 105¾ 109¾ 111¾ 105¾ 109¾ 111¾ 105¾ 109¾ 111¾ 105¾ 109¾ 111¾ 105¾ 109¾ 111¾ 105¾ 109¾ 111¾ 105¾ 109¾ 111¾ 105¾ 109¾ 110¾ 107¾ 111¾ 105¾ 109¾ 100¾ 109¾ 111¾ 105¾ 109¾ 100¾ 109¾ 111¾ 105¾ 109¾ 100¾ 109¾ 100¾	20-year s f deb ds 1948 Gen Motors Accept deb 3 1/s 1951 Gen Steel Cast 5 1/s with warr. 1949 t+Ga & Ala Ry 1st cons & Oct 1 1/s t+Ga & Ala Ry 1st cons & Oct 1 1/s t+Ga & Ala Ry 1st cons & Oct 1 1/s t+Ga & Ala Ry 1st cons & Oct 1 1/s t+Ga & Ala Ry 1st cons & Oct 1 1/s t+Ga & Ala Ry 1st cons & Oct 1 1/s Good Hope Steel & Ir sec 7s 1945 Goodrich (B F) 1st mige 41/s 1945 Goodrich (B F) 1st mige 41/s 1942 Orand R & I ext 1st gu g 4 1/s 1942 Orand R & I ext 1st gu g 4 1/s 1942 Orand R & I ext 1st gu g 4 1/s 1944 Gons El Pow (Japan) 7s 1944 Ist & gen s f 6 1/s 1950 Great Northern 4 1/s series A 1961 General 5 series C 1973 General 4 1/s series D 1973 General 4 1/s series E 1977 General 4 1/s series G 1946 Gen mige 4 series E 1946 Gen mige 4 series E 1946 Gen mige 3 1/s series E 1947 Green Bay & West deb ctfs A 1961 Green Bry & West deb ctfs A 1961 Green Bry & West deb ctfs A 1961 Green Bry & West deb ctfs A 1960 Gulf Mob & Nor 1st 5 1/s B 1960 Ist mige 5 series C 1966	FIJJJAJ BAJ JJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJ	59% 104% 104% 97% 85% 84 98% 84 98% 14% 14	104¾ 105⅓ 59 62 *13 15⅓ 16⅓ 17⅓ *16⅓ 104⅓ 87⅓ 87⅓ *89 *104⅓ 104⅓ 75 662 662 105⅓ 99⅓ 91⅓ 91⅓ 85⅓ 86⅓ 98 100 88⅓ 99⅓ 74⅓ 78⅓ 88⅓ 90⅓ 74⅓ 78⅓ *53⅓ 60 6⅓ 6⅓ 87 \$8 82⅓ 85 85⅓ 85⅓ *94⅓ 96 120⅙ 120⅓ 120⅓ 120⅓ 120⅓ 120⅓ 120⅓ 120⅓ 13⅓ 13⅓ 110⅓ 110⅓ *90⅓ 88 88 *88 *88 *88 *88 *88 *88 *88 *88 *	21 37 2 93 5 5 6 1 1 1 2 1 6 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	104 107 16 48 48 16 13 18 16 13 18 37 48 98 105 83 90 16 103 11 106 18 80 80 73 16 80 73 16 80 73 16 80 62 78 100 11 107 16 88 101 16 81 94 74 89 16 81 94 66 81 16 53 55 71 103 103 16 53 55 53 71 103 103 16 53 55 54 71 103 103 16 53 55 54 71 103 103 16 104 12 12 16 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105
Container Corp 1st 6s	J D J D 106 % F A 102 J D J D 36 % J D J D 36 % J D A 0 107 %	103 103 % 99 % 100 % 106 % 107 % 104 104 % 105 % 105 % 101 % 102 29 % 33 33 33 % 36 % 36 % *26 39	10 30 3 5 24 15 8 4	96 100 ½ 105 ½ 109 ½ 102 ½ 106 ½ 104 ½ 106 ½ 98 102 27 ½ 37 33 40 ½ 36 45 ½ 26 ½ 38 106 ½ 110 ½	40-year 43/sAug 1 1906 Cairo Bridge gold 4s1950 Litchfield Div 1st gold 3s1951 Louisv Div & Term g 33/ss1953 Omaha Div 1st gold 3s1951 St Louis Div & Term g 3s1951 Gold 33/s1951 Springfield Div Lat g 33/s1951 Western Lines 1st g 4s1951	J	7	75 75 *65 90 *46 52 * 73 * 63	2	75 83 14 63 66

Volume 149		New York	Bo	nd Reco	ord—Continued—Page	4				995
N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Aug. 11	Prida Last Sale Price	Range or Friday's	Bonds	Range Since Jan, 1	N. Y STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended Aug. 11	Interest	Priday Lasi Sale Price	Week's Range or Friday's Bid & Asket	Bonds	Range Since Jan, 1
Ill Cent and Chie St L & N O  Joint 1st ref & series A	J D 46 A O 1,217, F A O J J J J J J M S J J 97% J J 197% J J 61	9% 10 *104% 107 97 98 106% 107 60% 64% 61% 61% 4 32% 34 4 58% 60%	140 124 3 	43 60¼ 40¾ 56¼ 102 <sup>17</sup> 32 <sup>1</sup> 05 32 41¾ 95 99 64¾ 70¼ 8 12 104 104¾ 90 98 106 109¼ 50¾ 68 27 43 50 68	McCrory Stores Corp s f deb 5s. 1951 Maine Central RR 4s ser A. 1945 Gen mtge 4½s series A. 1960 Manati Sugar 4s s f. Feb 1 1957 †*Manhat Ry (N Y) cons 4s. 1990 *Certificates of deposit *Second 4s. 1963 Manila Elec RR & Lt s f 5s. 1953 Manila RR (South Lines) 4s. 1959 †*Man G B & N W 1st 3½s. 1941 Marion Steam Shovel s f 6s. 1947 Market St Ry 7s ser A. April 1940 Mead Corp ist 6s with warr. 1945 Metrop Ed 1st 4½s series D. 1968 Metrop Wat Sew & D 5½s. 1950 ‡\$*Mot West Side El (Chio) 4s. 1938	J DNO DNA J O JNA J O QNA	621/4	Love H(g) 107 107 75 76 48% 50 ½ 27% 28½ 61% 65% 60 62½ *89½ 99 *81½ 83% *11½ 14 *55 70 53 53 104% 104½ 109% 109% 98% 98% 98%	2 6 9 8 66 19	High   105   107   87   77   39   5   51   6   23   33   6   66   14   24   66   5   17   4   37   81   82   6   79   83   6   10   14   10   10   11   10   11   10   10
*Certificates of deposit	A O 803 M N 113 A O 113 A O 84 A O 84 A O 90% M N 90% M N 7	103¾ 103¾ 11½ 12 11½ 2 10¾ 2 10½ 2 10½ 84 85¼ 55¼ 56¼ 90¼ 91¼ 82 82½ 10½ 96¾	-4 11 5  9 26 14 15 3 10 49 99 1	99% 103% 9 20% 1% 4 9% 20 8% 20 72% 87% 48% 60% 93 100 82% 94% 76% 83% 88% 100 53 71% 56 75% 1% 5	•Mex Internat 1st 4s asstd	M S M S J D J M S M N J J D M S A O D J D D M S J J D M N	102 1/4	*8 9 **4 % * 30 * 30 99% 99% 99% * 88 94% 94% 70 70 102% 102% *9% 12 *40 42% *18 25	5 1 60	7 8½ ½ ¼ 30 30 89¼ 99¾ 90¾ 97 70 76¾
James Frankl & Clear 1st 4s 1959 Jones & Laughlin Steel 4\( \) s A 1961 Kanawha & Mich 1st gu g 4s 1961 Kanawha & Mich 1st gu g 4s 1936 **Oertificates of deposit  Kan City Sou 1st gold 3s 1950 Ref & impt 5s	M 8 A O 25% A O 67% J J 67% J J 106% M N M S 100% J J J 108% J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J	*24 % 25 % 66 % 67 % 68 67 % 68 67 % 70 106 % 107 104 104 % *28 % 36 % *	11 -29 -5 33 50 8  15 1	46 58% 90% 96% 79 85% 24 36% 23 35 65 72% 36 109% 109% 109% 103% 107 27% 36 16% 17% 17 20 27 27 27 93% 100% 108% 72 81%	•let & ref gold 4s	J J J J J J J J J J J A A A M S	7 30 18 7%	*1% 3% 6% 7% 3% 4% 6% 7 2 2 11% 11% 6% 64 64 70 70 16% 30 32% 17% 19% *	23 4 1 2 11 51 31 12 10 52 83	5% 8% 4 6% 6 9 1% 6 69 65 75 27% 51% 17 32% 18% 34 6% 17% 12% 21% 13 6% 12% 20% 12% 12% 20% 12% 12% 20% 12% 12% 20% 12% 12% 12% 12% 12% 12% 12% 12% 12% 12
Kings Co Lighting 1st 5s	J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	30 30 31 11 2 14 15 32 10 2 1	98 106 ½ 103 108 ½ 95 98 99 104 ½ 102 ½ 105 ½ 10	*Certificates of depasts	FAMN SMSMSMN	14¼ 68	14% 15 *14 21/4 21/4 *14%	34 37 1 5 1 6 2 6 13 99	12 % 21 % 12 % 19 % 12 % 21 % 12 % 21 % 12 % 21 % 12 % 22 % 12 % 22 % 12 % 20 % 20
• list mige income reg	γ J 50 A O S F A F A F A 46	54 55 50 55 88¾ 89⅓ 30 30 *36 *23⅓ 30 *19¾ 27⅓ *24 29¾ *19¾ 26¼ *24 26 *38⅓ 43 *38 46 48 51 51 *	9	21 ½ 27 ½ 51 ½ 64 50 64 ¼ 84 ½ 91 30 30 28 ½ 23 30 16 ¼ 30 24 ½ 25 ½ 16 ½ 31 ½ 22 26 49 ½ 37 ½ 39 40 56 44 ½ 52 ¼ 55 ½ 45 52 ¼	Gen & ref. s f 5s series A1955 Gen & ref. s f 5s series B1955 Gen & ref. s f 5s series B1955 Gen & ref. s f 5s series D1955 Morris & Essex 1st gu 3½2000 Constr M 5s series B1955 Mountain States T & T 3½s1968 Mutual Fuel Gas 1st gu g 5s1947 Mut Un Tel gtd 6s ext at 5%1941 Nash Chatt & St L 4s ser A1978 Nassau Elec gu g 4s stpd1951 Nat Acme 4½s extended to1946 Nat Dairy Frod deb 3½ww1951 Nat Dairy Frod deb 3½1949 Nat Gypeum 4½s s f debs1950 National Rys of Mexico	A O A O O A O O A O O A O O A O O M N M N M N M N M N M N M N M N M N	43 ¼ 106 ¼ 104 ¼	75 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78	34 14 13 16 25 31 76 77 1	70 72 % 67 % 67 % 67 % 67 % 38 % 56 % 36 % 54 9 104 % 110 % 114 116 % 97 100 % 67 % 72 % 29 % 46 102 102 102 102 % 108 % 103 % 104 % 103 % 104 %
2*Lehigh Vai (Pa) cone g 4s2003  *4s assented	M N M N M N M N M N M N M N M N M N M N	16½ 15½ 15½ 17 20 16½ 17 20 16½ 17 54½ 65 54½ 65 118½ 118½ 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 103½ 103½ 103½ 103½ 108½ 108¾ 108¾ 85½ 88 88 87% 88	12 22 22 29 16 27 212	13% 21% 13 21 4 13 22 14 21 16 22 ½ 15½ 22 ½ 55 88 54 ½ 61 112 118 ½ 127 129 ½ 127 ½ 131 95 99 ½ 107 110 ½ 107 107 98 ¼ 103 ½ 49 58 104 111 ½ 62 68 81 ¼ 88 80 % 88 80 88 ¾	*4 1/4 July 1914 coupon on 1957 *4 3/4 July 1914 coupon off 1957 *Assent warr & rets No 4 on '57 *4 8 April 1914 coupon on 1977 *4 8 April 1914 coupon off 1977 *4 8 April 1914 coupon off 1977 *Assent warr & rets No 5 on '77 Nat RR of Mex prior lien 4 3/5= *4 April 1914 coupon on 1951 *4 April 1914 coupon on 1951 *4 April 1914 coupon on 1961 *Assent warr & re'> No 4 on '51 National Steel lst mtge 26 1965 *National Steel lst mtge 26 1965 *Nawark Consol Gas cose 56 1948 **New England RR suar 58 1945 **Consol guar 4s 1964 **Now England Tel & Tel 58 A 1962 Ist g 4/58 series B 1960 N J Pow & Light lst 4/58 1980 N J Pow & Light lst 4/58 1980	JAAAA JAAAA MADJIDAAA	1031/4	*% % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % %	91	56 1 36 34 36 14 36 14 36 14 36 14 36 136 36 65 122 125 4 20 27 4 20 20 6 20 70 70 6 20 70
Lorillard (P) Co deb 7s	A O 128% F A 100% F A 100% F A 101	*127% 128% 128% 84% 85% 109% 109% 109% 408% 99% 99% 99% 99% 98% 99% 83 87 83 83% 100% 101 122 75.	7 30 9 5 136 21 61 42 25	127 ½ 129 ½ 122 ½ 128 ½ 75 ½ 90 ½ 108 110 ½ 105 ½ 109 ½ 99 101 91 99 ½ 84 ½ 93 ½ 84 88 89 ½ 74 85 ½ 97 ½ 101 82 ½ 88 110 111 ½ 65 77 104 107 ½ 22 24 ½	New Orl Great Nor 5s A	J J D J A O A O A P A	31	74 74  *52 ½ 58 105 105½ 104¾ 105½ 68 ½ 68 ½ 31 31 34 ¼ 34 ½ *30 34 *30 34 *31 31 ¼ 34 34 34 34 *30 33 34 *30 33 34 *30 33 34 *30 33 34 *30 33 34	20 1	65 75% 50 59% 102 106% 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108
For footnotes see page 997.		11			EAD A TEST					

Ontario Power N F 1st g 5s. 1943 F A 112 112 112 112 113 113	N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE   \$\frac{2}{5}\$   \$\frac{1}{5}\$   \$\fra	### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##
Section   Company   Assemble   Company   Company   Assemble   Company   Assemble   Company   Assemble   Company   Company   Assemble   Company   Company   Assemble   Company	Newport & C Didge geng gu 4/46, 1945 J J	93 100 34 105 4 107 14 14 106 112 34 108 34 108 37 14 106 34 115 108 112 34 108 115 10
S. V. A. L. Wenner and S. 1966 A. 1975 A. 1985	N Y & Greenwood Lake 58.	108 111½ 108 115 104 109½ 104 107½ 98 105¾ 109¾ 112¾ 3 4½ 7 14 3 4½ 106 112¾ 89½ 96 90 94½ 107 109¾ 108 108%
Provided and fund of 1/4   1900   0   1021	## 32d gold 4 1/4s 1937 F A *2% 77 63/4 9 1940 F A 6 6 1 4/1/4 83/4 1940 F A 6 6 1 1 4/1/4 83/4 30 45	105 109 % 108 % 112 117 % 112 % 118 % 102 % 108 101 % 106 % 99 % 107 % 23 5 1 % 23 5 2 1 % 108 % 107 % 25 4 4 4 4 4 25 4 25 108 108 % 107 % 108 % 107 % 108 % 107 % 108 % 107 % 108 % 107 % 108 % 107 % 108 % 107 % 108 % 107 % 108 % 107 % 108 % 107 % 108 % 108 % 107 % 108 % 108 % 107 % 108
Guar 3 1/2 trust otto D 1943 D 104 104 104 104 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	Proceedings of the process of the policy   100	08 % 110 % 70 88  1

For footnotes see page 1003.

New York Curb Exchange—Weekly and Yearly Record

Aug. 12, 1939

NOTICE—Cash and deferred delivery sales are disregarded in the week's range unless they are the only transactions of the week and when selling outside of the regular weekly range are shown in a footnote in the week in which they occur. No account is taken of such sales in computing the range for the year.

In the following extensive list we furnish a complete record of the transactions on the New York Curb Exchange for the week beginning on Saturday last (Aug. 5, 1939) and ending the present Friday (Aug. 11, 1939). It is compiled entirely from the daily reports of the Curb Exchange itself, and is intended to include every security, whether stock or bond, in which any dealings occurred during the week covered.

STOCKS	Last Sale	Week's Range of Prices	Sales for Week		Jan. 1, 1939 High	STOCKS (Continued) Par	Sale	Week's Range of Prices Low High	for Week Shares	Low	Htgh
Acme Wire Co common. 10	Price	Low High	Shares	Low 141/4 July	18 Aug	Berkey & Gay Furniture.1 Purchase warrants		54 34 116 34	100 700	% Apr 118 Aug	¾ Jan ¾ Jan
Aero Supply Mfg— Class A Class B			400	18% Feb 3 Aug	21 June 6 Jan	Bickfords Inc com	14%		600	13 Jan 234 Mar	17 Mar 40 June
Ainaworth Mig common.		0 28 0 28	100 500	5% Apr 6% Apr	8% Jan 11 Jan	& Machine Co com Bliss (E W) common1		10 11	1,300	4% July 8 Apr	8 Jan 1714 Jan
Air Associates Inc com Air Investors common Conv preferred	1.99		700	1 June 13½ Aug	2% Jan 18 Jan 14 Jan	Blim (E W) common.	20	19% 20	45 1,300	13% Apr	20¼ Jan 1¼ Jan 42¼ July
		70 70	25	60 Apr 71 Jan	7114 May 9814 Aug	Blue Ridge Corp com1 \$3 opt conv pref Blumenthal (8) & Co	41%	41% 41%	100	34 Apr 416 Apr 216 Jan	9 Jan 4 Feb
Alabama Gt Southern 56 Ala Power \$7 pref 56 preferred 56	97%	97 98¾ 89 89¾	160 170	6216 Jan 136 Mar	91% July 2% July	Bohack (H C) Co com		0 0	100	17% Apr 10 Jan	26 June 14% May
Alliance Invest com				1/4 July		Bourjois Inc	0 1/8	5 5%	200 200	1 July	5¼ July 3 Jan
\$6 preferred	0	914 914	100	8¼ May 7¼ June 17 May		7% 1st preferred100 2d preferred	2	2 2	100		241/4 Jan 51/4 Jan 121/4 Mar
Class A conv com	113	112 119	700 250	90 Apr 1101/ Jan	131 Jan 116 July	7% lst preferred	4 7	8 8¼ 4 4¼ 6¾ 7¾	1,300	3% May	11½ Feb 12½ Jan
Aluminum Goods Mig	614	16% 17%	300 300	14 Apr 3 Mar	17¼ Aug 6¼ Aug	Bridgeport Gas Light Co.		314 3%	700	32 Jan 314 Apr	7¼ Jan 7% Mar
6% preferred 10	0 120%	10% 111%	850 100	108 Jan	11136 Aug	Preferred100 Bright Star Elec class B.		71 71	10	68 May June 1 Apr	77 Mar % Jan 1% Mar
American Beverage com American Book Co10 Amer Box Board Co com	0	6% 6%	300	44 June	60 1/4 Jan	Brill Corp class B		2 2¼ 29 29	50	2 Apr	41/4 Jan 32 June
American Capitai— Class A common10		1% 1%	100	1% Aug	2% Mar	7% preferred		20 20		9% Jan 29% Apr	13¼ June 32¾ June
\$3 preferred	163		500	16 1 July 64 1 June	23 Feb	British Amer Oli coupon				2014 Apr 2014 Apr	22% Mar 22% Jan
\$5.50 prior pref Amer Centrifugal Corp	1	% %	1,000		214 Jan	Am dep rets ord bearer £1  Am dep rets ord reg£1		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	100		24 Feb 22 14 June
Am Cities Power & L4— Class A.———————————————————————————————————	5	34 1/4 34 1/4 33 1/4 34	525 500	2514 Apr	3414 Aug	British Celanese Ltd— Am dep rets ord reg10		1		15 <sub>16</sub> Feb	1% July
Amer Cyanamid class A.1	0 28	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1,200	22 Ap	30 July	British Col Power cl A 4Brown Co 6% pref100 Brown Fence & Wire com			150		28 June 20 Jan 7% Jan
Amer Foreign Pow warr. Amer Fork & Hoe com.		27 281/4	7,700	10 June	114 Jan	Class A pref				20 Apr	25 Aug 414 May
Amer Fork & Hoe com Amer Gas & Elec com \$6 preferred	375	37% 39% 112% 113%	8,300 625	31 Ap 11214 Ap	116 Jan	Se preferred	436			30 July 214 Apr	42 May 6 Jan
\$2 preterred		2071 2071	800 325	24 Jai	29 July	Bruce (E L) Co com	30	2814 30	256	9 May 27% Jan	17 Jan 34% Mar 23% Mar
\$2.50 preferred	10	814 854	100		10% Jan	S5 let preferred	100%	106 106 %	250	0 102 Apr	107 Jan 15% Jan
Amer Invest of Ill com	0	16 16 16 16 19		1514 Ap 13 Ap	18 Mar 18 Jan	Bunker Hill & Sullivan 2.5 Burma Corp Am dep reta. Burry Biscuit Corp12 1/2	107	1% 1%	10	1 1% May	2¼ Jan 2¼ Jan
6% preferred	00		50	25% AD 9% AD	r 15 Jan	Cable Ples Dred som 50		1114. 34	70	0 11 <sub>16</sub> Aug	1 May 1% Mar
Amer Maracalbo Co	1	\$ % %			114 Mar	Vot trust etfs50 Cables & Wireless Ltd Am dep 51/8 pref shs £	1			3% Feb	416 May 1756 Jan
Amer Meter Co		70 70	500 50 400	55 Fe	70 Apr 9 Jan	Cables & Wireless Ltd— Am dep 5½% pref shs £ Calamba Sugar Estate2 Canadian Car & Fdy pfd 2 Cndn Colonial Airways Canadian Indus Aleohol A Canadian Marconi Cantal City Products	5	674 67	20	19½ June 0 4¾ May	3314 Mar 814 June
Amer Seal-Kap com	2	61/4 61/4	200	4% Ja 36 Ap	e 1 Feb	Canadian Indus Alcohol A		11/4 11/4	90	1% Apr 0 % Apr	2% Jan 1% June
1st \$6 preferred \$6 series preferred	19	19 21%			r 27 Feb	Capital City Products	0	15,6 1	2,60	0 % Feb	8 Jan 114 Mar 22 May
1st \$6 preferred		3% 3% 1% 1% 2% 2%	100	116 Ja	n 11/2 Jan	Capital City Products		4% 4%		0 316 Apr	4% Jan 34% Aug
Apex Elec Mfg Co com Appalachian El Pow pref				10 Ap	n 14 Jan n 112 Mar	Carnation Co common Carnegie Metals com Carolina P & L 37 pref	1			0 85 Feb	100 Aug
Arkansas Nat Gas com	2	2% 2%	60		8 3% Apr	\$6 preferred	• 93	93 93	1,70		94½ July 21½ Jan 7 May
PreferredArkansas P & L \$7 pref.	10	2 % 3 7 7% 94 94	6,20	5% Ja	r 951 June	Carter (J W) Co common. Casco Products		15 155	10 40		15% Aug 23% Jan
Art Metal Works com Ashland Oil & Ref Co	.5	4% 4%	10	0 4% Jul	y 7% Mar 5% Feb	Catalin Corp of Amer	1	21/4 33	90	0 2% Apr	4% Jan
Associated Elec Industri	*			16% Jun		7% 1st partie pref 10	0 1053	1051/4 110	82	- 3 June	110 Aug 5% Mar 27% Mar
Amer deposit rets		936 93				1st partic pref		18½ 19¼ 55 55	7	5 18 Apr 0 48 Feb 1314 Jan	6116 Mar
Class A	_1	84 93	1,40	0 5% Ja	n 11 Jan n 11 Mar	Cent Hud G & E com	0	94 96	18	_ 90 Apr	103% July 97 June
Option warrants	:	104 10	4,50	0 10 Au	g ¼ Jan	Cent Ohio Steel Prod	1	10714 108	4	5 85 Jan	109 1 Feb July
Assoc Tel & Tel class A. Atlanta Birmingham &				65 Jul		Cent & South West Util 50 Cent States Elec com	1	4 14 1	16 4,20	00 1 May 00 34 Apr 50 234 July	710 Jan
Coast RR Co pref1 Atlanta Gas Lt 6% pref 1 Atlantic Coast Fisheries_	003	3% 33	50	9634 Ja	pr 98 Feb	7% preferred10	0	11 11		5 7 June	14 Mar 5% Feb
Atlantic Coast Line Co Atlantic Rayon Corp	50	20 20 3¼ 4	20	0 17 A	b 414 Jan	Conv pref opt ser '29_10	0	3¾ 3		2% Apr 3% May	
Atlas Corp warrants Atlas Drop Forge com	_5	1 1	1,40	2 1/6 Jui	ne 3 June	Chamberlin Metal Weath	er	. 4 4	10	00 4 Apr	
Atlas Plywood Corp Austin Silver Mines Automatic Products	_1	214 21		0 1% Ju	ne 3 Apr	Charis Corp	.0	116 116		212 Apr	15 Jan 130 Jan
Automatic Voting Mach.	-8 7	7 7 16 516 71	4 2,50	0 6% A 0 2% A	pr 7% Au	Chicago Flexible Shaft Co	5 72	72 72 72 734 7	1/2 20	00 62 Jan 00 5% Apr	79 Feb
6% preferred ww	25	19 219		_ 1436 Mi	y 15 Fet	Chief Consol Mining	38	36 1/4 40		25 34 % Apr 53% Aug	58 Jan
Aviation & Trans Corp Axton-Fisher Tobacco—		114 2		0 2 Ju	ne 4 Jan	Cities Service common	• 53	53 54	1,30		5914 June
Class A common	10	21/4 2			ng 2% July	Preferred BB	52	52 52	2	30 37 Mai 00 55 Jaz	55 July 84 Feb
Babcock & Wilcox Co Baldwin Locomotive—	16	% 16% 17	50		pr 2936 Jan pr 9 Jan	\$6 preferred	•	7416 77 5% 5	14	60 53 14 Jan 00 4 July 4 14 Jan	7 Jan
Purch warrants for coi 7% preferred	.30 20	36 434 5 36 2034 21 634 6	6 50	0 15% A	pr 2216 Ma pr 716 Fel	Clark Controller Co	10	17 17	14 1 2,9	50 1516 July 00 16 Au	2014 Mar 114 Jan
Bardstown Distill Inc Barlum Stainless Steel	1 1	816 1516 11		00 10 M	ly 1% Jan	Clayton & Lambert Mfg.				50 3416 Ap	3 1/4 Jan
Barlow & Seelig Mfg A Basic Dolomite Inc.com.	5	% 5½ 5		0 4 M	ay 6% Ma	Clinchfield Coal Corp1	00 1	1 4 4 16 116 1	16 1	00 4 Ap 00 1½ July 00 2½ Jan	y 2 Mai
Bath Iron Works Corp Baumann (L) Co eom 7% ist preferred		14 614 6	8	2 J	an 2 Jan ay 50 Jan	Club Alum Utensil Co Coekshutt Plow Co com		9 9		5 Ap	r 734 Mai
7% 1st pref v t e Beaunit Milis Inc com.	100	14 414 4	4 10	30 A	pr 40 Fe	Colon Development ord.			34 7	00 4% Fel	d 4 Jan
\$1.50 eonv pref Beech Aircraft Corp	_20	11 11 514 6	36 1,5	00 10% Ju	an 1114 Fe	Colorado Fuel & Iron was	T	76 76	5	00 4 Ap	
Bell Aircraft Corp com- Bellanca Aircraft com- Bell Tel of Canada-	1	18 21 7 7 7	14 2,3 2,3	00 5% A	pr 10% Ja an 175% Jun	Conv 5% preferred1				5514 Ja	74% May
Bell Tel of Pa 6 1/2 pf.	100	40 40		11836 A	pr 123 Ma an 40 Au	g -					1 - 1 - 1
Benson & Hedges com. Conv pref	•••				an 46% Au			2 2			
	1003	100							1	1	-

For footnotes see page 1003.

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STOCKS (Continued)	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's Range of Prices Low High	Week	Range Stace	Jan. 1, 1939 High	STOCKS (Constnued)	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's Range of Prices Low High	Week	Range Since	Jan. 1, 1939 High
Columbia Oil & Gas1 Columbia Pictures Corp Commonwealth & Southern		744	2,700	21/2 Apr 11 Jan	4% Jan 14 Jan	Fire Association (Phila.) Fisk Rubber Corp	0 10	66 66 36 10 11	520 3,500	56 Apr 6% Apr	68 Mar 1214 Mar
Warrants1	34		8,400	1 <sub>29</sub> Apr 11 <sub>16</sub> May	1 Aug	Ford Hotels Co Inc		75 761/2	575	71 Apr 50 14 Apr 814 Apr	90 Mar 77% Aug 9% Jan
Community P & L \$6 pref * Community Pub Service 25 Community Water Serv1	26	34% 38% 26 27% % %	950 525 300	25% July 24 Apr	40 1/4 Aug 29 1/4 June 3/4 Jan	Ford Motor Co Ltd— Am dep rets ord reg£ Ford Motor of Can el A	1934	1984 2014	1,200 500	3% June 16% Apr	4% Mar 23 Jan
V t cert to 1946	1814	18 1814	600	1316 Apr	1614 Aug	Ford Motor of France—		2014 2014	100	18 Apr	23 Jan 2 May
Consol Copper Mines			200	37 Jan 4 Aug 4% Apr	37 Jan 614 Feb 814 Jan	Fox (Peter) Brew Co Froedtert Grain & Malt-	b	01/ 01/	200		15 Mar 94 Mar
Consol G E L P Bait com *			6,000 1,000	71 Jan 116% May	84¼ Aug 121¾ June	Conv partic pref1 Fruehauf Trailer Co	1 1814	18¼ 18¼ 18¼ 19¼	250 1,100	17 Jan 10 Feb	19% July 20% July
4% % series B prez. 100 Consol Gas Utilities		1 1½ 43¼ 45¼ 3½ 3¾	400 100 600	237 1/4 June 23/4 Apr	60 Jan 6 Jan	Fox (Peter) Brew Co Froedtert Grain & Malt— Common Conv partic pref	0			15½ Jan 17% Jan 34 Jan	26 Mar 29 Apr 43 Apr
Consol Steel Corp com*		1½ 1½ 5 6	300	86 Mar 1% Jan 3 Apr	95 July 156 Feb 6% Jan	Gatineau Power Co com.  5% preferred10	0			83 Mar 12% Jan 85 July	83 Mar 16 Mar 89¼ May
Cont G & E 7% prior pf 100 Continental Oil of Mex_1 Cont Roll & Steel Fdy*	6	6 6	200	84 Jan 14 Mar 5 Apr	95 Aug *18 Mar 9 1/4 Jan				900	¾ July 16¼ Jan	2 Jan 19 Mar
Cont Holl & Steel Fdy Cook Paint & Varnish \$4 preferred Cooper Bessemer com \$3 prior preference		9% 9% 6 6%	300 500	8¼ Apr 52¼ Jan 4% Apr	55 14 July 55 14 Jan 9 Jan	Gen Gas & El 6% pref B General Investment com		11% 12% 54 54	200 10 100	11 Jan 4214 Jan 14 Jan	141/4 Mar 66 July
\$3 prior preference* Copper Range Co* Copperweld Steel5	1	1 328 3281	1,200	151/4 Jan 31/4 June 101/4 Apr	20 Mar 5% Jan 14% July	Warranes			30	52% Jan 14 Jan 62% July	52 1/4 Jan 144 Jan 75 May
Cornucopia Gold Mines. 5c Corroon & Reynolds—	1	1 1	2,100	1 July	1% June 3% Mar	Gen Outdoor Adv 6% pf10 Gen Pub Serv \$6 pref Gen Rayon Co A stock General Shareholders Corp	•	39 39	10	33% Apr % Apr	52 Mar 1 July
\$6 preferred A* Cosden Petroleum com1	1 5/8		2,100	1% June 74 Feb % Mar	90 Mar 21/4 Aug	Common  \$6 conv prof w w  Gen Telephone \$3 prof  Converse Tree & Pubber	1 21/	1% 2% x75 81	700 270	11% Apr 62% Apr	2% Feb 82 Aug
0% conv preterred 50	10 1/8		1,100	4 Apr 4% Apr 16% June	12¾ Aug 7¾ July 23¾ Jan	General vite of reapper-		1	100	9514 Jan	52½ Jan 102¼ Aug
Crocker Wheeler Elec* Croft Brewing Co1 Crowley, Milner & Co*	41/4	4% 5	600 700	4¼ July ¼ Apr 2 Mar	91/4 Jan 3 Jan	\$3 preferred	•	38 38 97¼ 97¾	25 650	4 Apr 31 Jan 7914 Jan	6 1/2 Jan 39 July 98 Aug
Courtaulds Ltd £1 Creole Petroleum £1 Crooker Wheeler Elec * Crocker Wheeler Elec * Crocker Wheeler Elec * Crown Cent Petrol (Md) £5 Crown Cork Internat A * Crown Drug Co com 25c Preferred 25 Crystal Oil Ref com *		1% 1%	300	11/4 Apr 9 May 3/4 Apr	3 Feb 11 July 1% Feb	o% preferred A = 10 Gen Water G & E com = \$3 preferred = 55 preferred = 55 preferred = 6ilbert (A C) common = Preferred = 6ilberts C =		331/ 331/	20	65 Jan 35 Apr 28 Feb	7 Jan 37 Feb
ROL professed 10				14 Jan 514 Apr 7 Feb	18 July 10 July 10 Jan	Gilchrist Co Glen Alden Coal Godchaux Sugara class A	41/6	3½ 4½ 22¼ 22¾	2,400	5½ Apr 3¼ Apr 21¼ Apr	6 Jan 5% May 33 Feb
Cuneo Press Inc		47% 49%	350	2% Apr 46% Jan	414 Jan 5614 May 11014 Aug	Class B.  \$7 preferred.  Goldfield Consol Mines		36 %		6 Mar 91 June 114 Mar	11 Jan 98% Feb
61% preferred 100 Curtis Mfg Co (Mo) 5 Darby Petroleum com 5 Davenport Hoslery Mills 1 Class A 35 Decca Records com 1 Deiay Stores 1		416 416	300	6 Apr 3½ July	71/4 Feb 71/4 Jan	\$3 preferred	•	17 17	50	1½ July 13½ June 20 July	2% Jan 18 Jan 24 July
Dayton Rubber Mfg1 Class A	2934	16% 17 14% 14% 29% 29%	300 100 150	1416 Jan 9 Apr 2316 Apr	1814 Mar 1714 Mar 30% July	Grand Rapids Varnish Gray Manufacturing Co. 1	8 34	7¼ 8¼ 9% 10¼	300 1,000	5 Apr 81 Apr	814 Aug 1214 Feb
Deca Records com	71/6	6% 7% 4% 4% 1% 1%	3,700 100 100	5 Apr 414 Feb 154 Apr	7½ July 6¼ Feb 2% May	Non-vot com stock	0	105½ 108 128½ 129½	75 250	6914 Jan 12436 Mar	119 June 132 May
Derby Oil & Ref Corp com* A conv preferred* Detroit Gasket & Mig1 6% pref w w20				35½ June 7 Apr 13¼ Jan	36 Apr 9¾ Aug 17¼ Aug	Gt Northern Paper2 Greenfield Tap & Die Grocery Sts Proc com25	• 5%	5% 5% 1% 1%	200 100	33 Apr 4% June 1% Apr	39 Feb 714 Jan 214 Jan
Detroit Gray Iron Fdy1 Det Mich Stove Co com1 Detroit Paper Prod1	11/4	1% 1% 1% 1%	200 100	1 June 11 May 1 July	1% Jan 2% Jan 2% Jan	Grumman Aircraft Engr. Guardian Investors Guif Oil Corp	1	31 3254	2,100	1414 Apr 14 Jan 2914 Apr	22 14 Jan 14 Feb 40 Jan
De Vilhier Co com		22 24	100		31¼ Jan 29¼ Apr 10 Mar	Guif States Util \$5.50 pref	112	109 109 36 111 % 112	20 60	95% Apr 103% Jan 4% July	10914 July 11214 Aug 434 July
7% preferred10 Diamond Shoe Corp com.* Distilled Liquors Corp5 Distillers Co Ltd-				14 Jan 114 Apr	28 July 1% Mar	Hall Lamp Co	25%	2% 2%	1,100	1% Apr 8% Jan 1% Apr	3¼ Aug 14¼ July 4 Mar
Am dep rets ord reg£1 Diveo-Twin Truck com1	5%	5% 6%	1,700	20% Apr 3% Apr 6 July	21¼ Feb 6% Aug 9¼ Mar	Hamilton Bridge Co com- Hartford Elec Light	5	1 1	200	63 Jan 34 Mar 34 Jan	65 Mar 114 Jan
Dominion Steel & Coal B 25				230 Jan 834 Apr	230 Jan 1234 Jan	Harvard Brewing Co Hat Corp of Am el B com.	1	1% 1% 5% 5%	700 200	1 Apr	1% May 6% Mar 23 Mar
Dominion Textile Co  Dominion Tar & Chemical  Draper Corp  Driver Harris Co  Duke Power Co  100				60 Jan 5 July 62 Apr	64 May 5 July 731 Mar	Haseltine Corp	29	29 30 ¼ 3 3	400 100	21 Apr 2% June 12% Aug	36 Mar 514 Jan 2214 Jan
Dubilier Condenser Corp.1 Duke Power Co100	11/4	1% 1% 71 71	500 25	10 Apr 114 Apr 64 Jan	20 1 Jan 11 Mar 72 1 Aug	Hat Corp of Am el B com Haverty Furniture ev pfd. Haseltine Corp. Hearn Dept Store com 6% conv preferred. 56 Heila Mining Co	6%	6% 7%	1,600	6¼ Apr 3¼ Feb 6¼ Apr	9% Jan 4% July
Durham Hoelery el B com * Duro-Test Corp com		3 3%	700 100	2% May 5 Mar	2 Jan 5% Jan 7 Jan	Heller Co common Preferred w w2	8	27 27	50	6% Apr 6% Apr 23% Apr	814 June 914 Jan 27 Aug
Common	1%	1% 1%	1,500 2,100	716 Apr	14% Jan 1% Jan	Hewitt Rubber common	8			24 Jan 7 Mar 30 Apr	26 1/4 July 10 1/4 Feb
6% preferred100	13	111% 13%	1,200 4,000	16 June 6 Apr 5% Apr	27 Aug 13% Aug 10 Jan					3% Apr	50 Feb 814 Jan 1514 July
\$7 preferred series A*	5/6	15 15 14 14	200 25 75	10 % Apr 10 % Apr	11/4 Feb 1914 Jan 1914 Jan	Holophane Co common Holt (Henry) & Co cl A Horder's Inc.				9½ Apr 7½ July 11½ Jan	13% June 8 Mar 12% July
Easy Washing Mach B* Economy Grocery Stores.*	11/	314 314 1614 1716 114 114	1,300 150 700	21/4 June 143/4 Apr 1 Jan	41/4 July 1754 Mar 2 Mar	Hoe (R) & Co class A. 11 Holingar Consol G M Holophane Co common Holt (Henry) & Co cl A Horder's Inc Hormel (Geo A) & Co com Horn (A C) Co com Horn & Hardart 5% preferred 10 Hubbell (Harvey) Inc	3514	25% 26 35% 35%	100	23% Apr 2% May 34% June	26 Aug 3 Mar 3914 Jan
Elec Bond & Share com5	9 % 59 1/2	9½ 10½ 59½ 61½ 67 69½	52,000 300	6% Apr 50% Apr	12% Jan 65 Feb 72% Mar	5% preferred100 Hubbeil (Harvey) Inc Humble Oil & Ref	5484	112 112 10% 11 54% 57	100 100 3,200	108 14 Apr 914 Apr 53 Apr	112 July 12 Feb 69% Jan
Eastern Malleable Iron. 25 Eastern States Corp	0179	23¼ 23¼ 3¼ 4	1,400 50 400	141/2 June 3 Mar	2014 Jan 514 Jan	Husemann-Ligonier Co		m/8 m/8	300	916 Apr	5% Mar 12 Jan
Electrographic Corp	13	13 13 14 1 1	200	10 Jan	14¼ Aug 1¼ Jan 21¼ Mar	4Huylers of Dei Ino— Common——————————————————————————————————	1	7% 7%	100	816 Apr 516 Mar 814 Jap	9¼ June 9¼ June 9 Jan
Empire Ges & Fuel Co—	*****	61 611/	20	53 Jan 511 Feb	71 June 71 Mar	Hydro Electric Securities.	5 2	2 2	800	3% Aug 1% Apr 20 Apr	4¼ Mar 2¼ Jan 31 July
7% preferred100 8% preferred100		62 % 64	200	56 Feb 52 Feb 54 14 Feb	71 Mar 73 Mar 74 Mar	Hygrade Sylvania Corp Illinois Iowa Power Co 5% conv preferred5	3 % 0 21 %	21 2234	100 600 900	21/6 Apr 141/6 Apr	416 Jan 25 Feb
Emsco Derrick & Equip8 Equity Corp common10c	714	8 814	150 300 1,300	6 Apr	27¼ Aug 10⅓ Jan ¾ Jan	Div arrear ctfs		5% 5%	600	51% May 5% Apr	6% Feb 56% July 7% June
\$3 conv pref	41/4	28 28 4¼ 4%	50 1,200	23% Apr 4% Aug 15% June	2816 Mar 836 Jan 20 Jan	Imperial Oil (Can) coup- Registered Imperial Tobacce of Can	15	14 1 15 14 1 15 16 16 16 16	900 500 100	14 July 1414 June 15 Apr	17 Feb 1634 Mar 1634 July
European Electric Corp— Option warrants			1,600	1 May 9% Jan	16 Feb	Britain & Ireland	31	31 31	200 300	28 Apr 5% May	32 Feb 7 Jan
Faistaff Brewing			500 200 400	7¼ Apr 19¼ Jan	8% June 24% Aug	Indiana Pipe Line 10 Indiana Service 6% pt. 100 7% preferred 100 Indpis P & L 6 5% pt. 100	0	14 15	120	5½ May 5½ Apr 100½ Apr	15% June 17 June 109% July
Fedders M'g Co	*****	7% 7%	100	4 % Jan 5 Apr 35 May	7 Jan 35 May	Indian Ter Illum Oll— New non-voting class A. New class B.	1			18 <sub>16</sub> Apr	1% Apr 1% May
Plat Amer dep rights		19 20	100	7 May	22 Mar 10% July 16 May	New class B. Industrial Finance  V a c common			175	Si Apr	14 Aug 1214 Aug
			-			International Cigar Mach	0	0838 7036	450	59 Apr 2016 Apr	711/ June 241/ Mar
		17.08		1		Pref \$3.50 series56 A stock purch warrants.			700	12 Apr 11 Mar 2 Mar	21% Mar % Jan 4% Jan
	-					Inti Industries Inc		214 214	1,100	2 Mar	4% Jan
For footnotes are page 1	1000										Del Pri

nternat Metal Indus A. * nternat Paper & Pow warn nternational Petroleum .* Registered .* nternational Products .* nternational Products .* nternational Products .* nternational Vility .* Class A .* Class A .* Class B .* Class B .* Shorior pref .* Warrants series of 1940 .* nternational Vitamin . 1 nterstate Home Equip .1 nterstate Home Equip .1 nterstate Hosiery Mills .* ving Air Chute .* 17 alian Superpower A .* woobs (F L) Co .* 12 annette Glass Co .* resy Central Pow & Lt .* 5½ % preferred 100 6% preferred 100 07% preferred 100 01% preferred 100	2½ 2½ 21¼ 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	16   16   16   16   16   16   16   16	## Range ## Low   134   100   214   134   100   214   134   100   214   134   100   214   134	July Apr July Apr July Apr July Apr Mar Apr Apr Apr Apr Apr Apr Apr Apr Apr Ap	Can. 1, 193    High	ar Mock, J Comm Molybe Monari Mondon Montan Montgo Montan Mountal Mo	and Tel & Tel 1 en Clock Co Ine common ey Zinc & Aris Land Mining Corp. ess Co don Co com Omnibus ts	2.50 12 4 1 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	##	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	\$\begin{align*} \text{Fired} & Shares &	9 3 3 3 4 1 3 5 1 1 2 3 5 7 8 3 6 3 4 1 1 3 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Apr	234 234 234 234 234 234 234 334 334 334
nternat Metal Indus A.*  nternat Paper & Pow warr nternatonal Petroleum	2½ 2½ 21¼ 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	2 % 2 % 1,00  4 ¼ 56  16 ¼ 16 ¼ 16  10 ¼ 16  10 ¼ 16  10 ¼ 16  10 ¾ 16  10 ¼ 16  10	4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	July June Apr	5 14 M July 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	m Commin Molybd Monard Mountain Mountain Mountain Mountain Mountain Mountain Mountain Mountain Mathonai Nationai N	con	2.60 122 164 179 164 165 160 160 160 160 160 160 160 160 160 160	123, 33, 33, 18, 29, 34, 163, 34, 163, 34, 163, 34, 163, 34, 163, 34, 163, 34, 163, 164, 164, 164, 164, 164, 164, 164, 164	12% 4% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1%	\$500 2,400 100 100 100 110 25 1,200 1,000 1,500 600 2,700 1,750 100 1,200 1,200 1,200 2,700 1,200 2,100 400 2,100 400 2,100 400 2,100 1,00	9 14 3 14 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Apr	1444 534 23 34 23 34 3 34 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
nternational Petroleum.  Registered	22¼ 21¾ 4¼ 4  16¾ 35½ 6¾ 6¾ 10¾ 6¼ 5½ 6¾ 16¾ 17¾ 27% 2¾ 20% 20% 21% 21% 21% 21% 21% 21% 21% 21% 21% 21	22½ 1,0  4½ 56  16¾ 1,0  16¾ 1,0  6¼ 2;  16¾ 4,4  10¾ 10¾ 10  16¾ 3½  2,10  3 2,10  3 2,10  5½ 80  11 1  1 1  1 1  1 1  1 1  1 1  1 1	00 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	July June Apr	27	m Molybde m Monarel m Mountal m Muskege m 6% pr m Nachan h National m Nati	enum Corp. h Machine Tool am Pictures cot Loan Soc A. a Dakota Util. mery Ward A. a Dakota Util. mery Ward A. it H H & Pow Investors part ; (Tom) Distiller nik of Col Am al in City Cop con in Producers. ain States Pw c. in Products Pw c. in States Pw c. in Products Pw c. in States Pw c. in Products Pw	1	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	2,400 100 100 110 1,200 1,000 300 1,000 1,500 600 2,700 1,750 100 1,200 25 400 1,200 1,750 100 1,200 25 400 100 500 2,100 400 2,100 100 500 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	344 1446 1146 1146 1146 1146 1146 1146 1	June Apr June Apr June Apr June Apr June Apr	234 234 234 234 234 234 234 334 334 334
nternat Salety Rasor B - nternational Utility— Class A	16¾ 35¾ 35¾ 6¾ 6¾ 10¾ 6¾ 5¾ 6¾ 18¼ 17¾ 17¾ 2¾ 2¾ 2¾ 2¾ 2¾ 103¾ 103¾ 103¾ 111 11 69 69 6 1¾ 69 1¾	16	6 % 50 11 100 34 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	Mar Apr Apr Jan Apr Feb July Apr	10 M 30 J 20 J 30 J 30 J 41 F 71 A A1 14 M 19	b Monroe Montan	Loan Soe A.  a Dakota Util. mery Ward A.  il Lt Ht & Pow linvestors part i (Tom) Distiller mk of Col Am al in City Cop con in Producers. ain States Pw cu n Sts Tel & Tel Ohio Mfg. Co. on Piston Ring. ce Co com.  con in Producers. ain States Pw cu n Sts Tel & Tel Ohio Mfg. Co. on Piston Ring. ce Co com.  con in Producers. as Hess com.  candy Co. Candy Co. Candy Co. Candy Co. Container (Del Puel Gas.  & Stores com. of Products. P & L 36 pref. Refining com ber Mach. ice common. part preferred. Steel Car Ltd. Sugar Refining Tea 5½ % pref. pen Radio Corp. Oli Co. Decar) Co com. prev 7% pref. p common. ferred. lerman) Corp. Meter class A. alif Elec com. 1 gred. land Tel & Tel 1 en Clock Ce. land Tel & Tel 1 en Clock Co. daring Lind. Mining Corp. codo Coom. Omnibus— ts	10 10 164 164 165 164 165 165 165 165 165 165 165 165 165 165	2 34 163 34 29 34 3 34 5 13 34 5 14 34 44 44 45 41 11 34	13% 166% 129% 13% 13% 168% 168% 168% 191 31% 12% 11% 12% 11% 12% 11% 12% 11% 12% 11% 12%	1,200 1,000	154 152 24 16 152 16 152 16 153 16 153 16 154 16 154 16 155 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 1	Jan Apr	7 172 16 33 16 172 16 33 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16
nterstate Home Equip	6 % 6 % 10 % 10 % 10 % 17 % 17 % 17 % 17 % 17	36 34 14 16 16 34 17 36 18 36 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	11	Apr Jan	94 Ju 239 Ju 239 Ju 239 Ju 239 M 44 Fr 74 An 144 M 74 An 195 M 195 M 195 M 196 Ju 1073 Ju 1073 Ju 1073 Ju 118 J 22 Ju 107 J 118 J 23 J 24 Ju 107 J 24 Ju 107 J 25 J 26 J 27 J 28 J 29 J 20 J 21 J 21 J 22 J 23 J 24 J 25 J 26 J 27 J 28	m Montrea y Moody y Moore y Moge Ba b Mountai g Mountai mountai g Machemai nat Aute nat Aute nat Aute nat Aute national nationa	al Lt Ht & Pow Investors part i (Tom) Distiller mak of Col Am sh in City Cop con in Producers ain States Pw ea in States Com as Hess com conty pref. Container (Del Puel Gas  & Stores com ber Mach ice common ice common part preferred Steel Car Ltd. Stagar Refining Tea 5½ % pref. I gel & Mines in Radio Corp Oli Co bear) Co com in Pow 7% pref. I peommon ferred lerman) Corp Meter class A alif Elec com I greed land Tel & Tel I en Clock Cos il Pow Assoo ferred I le ocommon ey Zine & Aris Land in Mining Corp coton Co com Omnibus ts	77 1	29 % 3 % 5 % 48 % 6 % 6 % 6 % 6 % 6 % 6 % 6 % 6 % 6 % 6	13½ 4 5½ 13½ 16¾ 44½ 5½ 116¾ 44½ 12½ 4½ 1½ 12½ 144 12½ 11½ 12½	1,200 1,000 1,000 1,500 600 1,500 2,700 1,750 100 1,200 2,100 400 2,100 400 2,100 400 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,00	29% 24% 34% 34% 34% 35% 35% 35% 35% 35% 35% 35% 35% 35% 35	Jan Apr June Apr	33¼ 31¾ 51¾ 61¾ 63¾ 11¾ 135 10¼ 144¼ 70¼ 8 9¼ 17 44¼ 73¼ 6 41 10¼ 13¼ 15¼ 116¼ 116¾ 13¼ 15¼ 116¾ 116¾ 116¾ 116¾ 116¾ 116¾ 116¾ 116
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ourneau (R G) Ine- 1  Material Co 5  in (Thos J) class A 1  preferred 25  rothers common 25  seed Aircraft 1  Star Cas Corp 1  preferred 100  preferred 11  ti Bugar opt warr 1  el Stores 1  sonv preferred 1  sonv preferred 1  sonv preferred 1  y Oil Corp 1  sonv preferred 1  y Oil Corp 1  y Harris common 1  r Electric Co 1  lostery Mills Ine-  preferred 1  18½	30 30 30 11 11 19 19	9 200	22 A 8 A 11 M M 17 M A 23 M M 22 J 10 A	une Apr far il uly Apr fay 2 fan 2 Apr	34 May 15 Jan 17 Feb 23 Feb 114 Feb 2514 July 22 Jan	Newmons New Proc N Y Auct N Y City Warran N Y & Hot N Y Merc	Mining Corp. less Co	10 71 16	7136	72	600		Jan	80 27
n CTROS J) class A	19 19	9 200	11 % M 17% Jo 1% A 23% M 22 J 10 A	far in the second secon	17 Feb 23 Feb 114 Feb 2514 July 22 Jan	Warran N Y & Hot N Y Merc	ts	•				5734	July	
rothers common.  W Groceterias el A.  SS B.  Steel Chain			11/4 A 23/4 M 22 J 10 A	lay 2 lan 2 lap 1	1% Feb 25% July 22 Jan	N Y & Ho						15	Apr	26
Steel Chain 5 24% seed Aircraft 1 24% Star Gas Corp 9 Island Lighting mmon 1 100 pref clase B 400 nr Packing 1 14% ans P & L 36 pret 1 44% ans Land & Explor 1 1 44% ans P & L 36 pret 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	124/ 10	274 400				I'M I LL C	chandise	10	221/4		100	20 2736	July	29 J
Island Lighting— nmon	4 24 16 25	514 7,800			36% Feb	N Y Shipb	erredoullding Corp—	- 1041/6	104%		70	107	Apr	11314 J
pref class B		1 4.000 1 1,500	36 A	pr	914 Jan 114 Aug	New York	Transit Co Ferv 6% pf_10	00 21	21	2214	330	6 4 16	Apr Jan Apr	1316 N 24 N
na P & L \$6 pref. • Tiger Comb G M 10 Corp common 5 le Radio & Tel 1 1 Sugar opt warr 1 1 Stores 1 1 Tony preferred • Consol Mfg Co 1 1 Intl Marine munica'ns ord reg £1 y Oil Corp 1 8 team Shovel 1 7 Harris common 5 Electric Co 1 1 odery Mills Ine- referred 4		1% 200	19% J	an 3	39 Aug 35¼ Aug 1¾ Jan	Common 5% 1st	pref1	10 7¾ 00 88	716 88	734	6,500	5% 277%	Apr	914 N 9136 N
le Radio & Tel	103 103	300	8914 A	pr 10	7% Jan 3% Aug	Class A C	opt warrants opt warrants	00	77 118 136	77 136 136	10 200 100		Apr Mar July	2 10 1
onv preferred	30 30	76 1,700	1316 J		4 Jan 216 Mar 16 Mar	Class B	eommon preferred10	.8	5	5%	1,300	3%	Apr	6% N
munica'ns ord reg £1 y Oil Corp			114 A 25 M	pr ar 3	21/4 June 1 Mar 3 July	Niles-Beme Nineteen F	ent-Pond JundredCorp B Mines	51	51	52	300	41 % 6%	Apr Apr June	6416 M 816 J 136 M
n Steam Shovel	614 6	100	1	eb	6% May 7 Mar	Nor Amer	Lt & Power-	.1	436	1%	100	4 )	May	5% 1
Hosiery Mills Ine—	2 1/4 2	34 200 34 100 34 200	214 Ju 2 F	eb :	5 Jan 2% June	North Ame	er Rayon el A	19	61 1/2	63 14	200 700	1316	Apr Mar Apr	6514 Ji 22% J
rd Rad & Mto D		750	14% A	pr 1	716 Jan 936 Aug	No Am Ut	preferred	•	18% 746% 7	1914	300	4216 3	May Apr	21% F 48 A 1% J
Johnson & Co 144%	154 2 834 9	700 500	8 Ai	pr ug 1	514 July 254 Jan 7 Jan	Nor Europ	al Texas Oft ean Off com	1	9936 1	00	1,000	110	Jan Apr	100 A
ntile Stores com*	18 18		334 Ja	an	01/4 June 5 July 01/4 Feb	Northern F	erred 10 Pipe Line 1 Sta Pow cl A 2	0 3%	53%	07 5¾ 12¾	200 200 1,600	87%	Apr 1 Feb	107 A 6 M 13% A
ants & Mig el A1 leipating preierred.* t Chapman & Scott *	4 4	36 600	336 A	pr 2	514 Jan 8 Mar 614 Jan	Northwest Novadel-A	Engineering gene Corp Co el B com	•	18%			15 24	Jan Apr	2016 M 3516 Ju 26 J
A preferred100		1,100	58 A)	pr 7	36 Jan	Ohio Oil 69	n \$6 pref10	0	106 1/2 1	07 06	250 400	9714 9814 J	Apr 1	108 Ju 112% J
Textile Corp25c 1% cipat preferred15 colitan Edison	1% 13		1 A1 3214 A1	pr 3	2% May	6% lst [	r 6% pref10 % 1st pref10 preferred10	0	113% 1		80 1	0434	Jan 1 Apr 1	118 Ju 1141/4 Ju 1053/4 Ju
o-Ohio Oil		200	9314 Ap	ND I	1818 May	Oklahoma 1	Ad common Nat Gas com.1 rred	5 16 16	45 46	36		35	Apr	9% J 17% Ju 49 Ju
an Gas & Oil	1 1	300	5% Jun	ne 2	M Jan 2% Jan Jan	Oldetyme I	prior pref. 10 Distillers	11 1361	110% 1	11/4	700	5 .	Apr 1 Apr Jan	112 Ju 114 J 914 Ju
States Petrol—	434 53		2% Ja		1116 Aug	Pacific G &	E 6% 1st nf 2	3414	3416	276	100	8	Apr Apr	914 M 914 M 3514 Ju
B V t c	8% 93	600	3% Jun % Ap 5% Ap	pr 1	Mar Mar Mar	Pacific P A	L 7% pref10	888		3136	500	28 16 . 68 16 .	Jan	31% Ju 91% Ju 7% M
onv pref			2% Ap		1% Feb	Page-Hersh	preferred					20	Jan	2214 Ju 10114 M
le Co	15% 17	200	12 Ja 93 Ja 34 Ap	n 109		American Paramount	Motors Corp.	4%	4%	5	5,800	316 N	Apr	756 Ju 436 Ju
est Piping & Sup	7 7)		7 Ap 12 Ma	8 12	M Jan Mar	Parkersburg Patchogue-l	Rig & Reel	10%		ii	600	8% A	Apr	16 Ja 14 M 20 Ma
sota Min & Mfg* 54 sota P & L 7% pf 100	54 563 94 94	650	37 Jan 80 Ap	n 59	Aug	CIMB B.	Grocery A		934	9%	200	734 1	Apr Jan	43 At 12 Fo 34 1/4 Jui
ri Pub Serv com* 514	94 94	600	314 Fel		May M Aug							31	Apr :	13 Ju 38 Ju
	*****		4	1 5		\$5 prefer	erred			937	4	53 ]		65 Ju 514 Ja
or footnotes see page 1003	*****			1	100	Penn Gas &	redElec class A		3%	3%	200			

			• • •	0111 O				nge continued	· ug	, ,				100	-
STOCKS (Continued)	Last Sale Price	Week's Range of Prices Low High	Week	Range St		. 1, 19 High	39	STOCKS (Continued)	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's Range of Prices Low High	Week	Range		Jan. 1,	
Penn Mex Fuel Co	1				Apr :	18 <sub>10</sub> M	pr	Shreveport El Dorado Pipe Line stamped 25				110	Feb	1,0	
Pennroad Corp com- Penn Cent Airlines com- Pa Pr & Lt \$7 pref-	11	109% 110	400 375	98 3	Apr 1 Jan 11	0 1 A	reb uly ug	Simmons-Boardman Pub-				16	Apr	16	July
Pa Pr & Lt \$7 pref \$6 preferred. Penn Sait Mig Co	0	105¾ 106¾ 149¾ 149¾	.50	135 A	Apr 16	7 J	an an	Simmons H ware & Paint.* Simplicity Pattern com1 Singer Mfg Co100	1¾				Apr Apr June	216 3 219	Jan Jan
Pa Water & Power Co	7134		200	58 A 2314 A	Apr 7	8 A 716 A	lar ug ug	Singer Mfg Co Ltd.— Amer dep rets ord reg.£1 Sloux City G & E 7% pf 100				314 8414	Jan Jan	97	Apr
Philadelphia Co common. Phila Elec Co \$5 pref. Phila Flac Pow \$5, pref.	•	81/4 9	500	11614 Ju	pr ine 11	9% A 8% F	an ug eb	Singer Mfg Co Ltd— Amer dep rets ord reg. £1 Bloux City G & E 7 % pf 100 Bkinner Organ		1% 1%	500	136 136 336	Apr Mar	3%	June Jan Mar
Phila Elec Pow 8% pref 2: Philips Packing Co- Phoenix Securities— Common	1 714	30% 30% 4 4% 7% 8%	475 600 11,100	2% J	lan	014 Ju 514 Ju	ine	Southern Calif Edison-	M. C. C.		20	11/4	Apr Apr	536 236	Jan July Aug
Conv \$3 pref series A10 Plerce Governor common. Pioneer Gold Mines Ltd	•	28 1 33	1,450	16 A	pr 36	3% Ju	ily eb	5% original preferred 25 6% preferred B 25 514% pref series C 25 Southern Colo Pow et A 25		29% 29% 28% 28%	200 200	28 % 27 %	Jan Jan May	2914	June June Aug
Pitney-Bowes Postage Meter Pitts Bess & L E RR56	814	816 816 43 43	1,800	536 A		3% A	ug	8outh New Engl Tel100 Southern Pipe Line10		63 6534	60	42 148 314	Jan Jan Jan	6536	Aug June Feb
Pittsburgh Forgings1 Pittsburgh & Lake Erie.50 Pittsburgh Metallurgical 10	4834	9 9½ 48¼ 48¾ 7¼ 7¼	300 50 100	634 A	pr 12	136 J	an an	Preferred A	5%	2¼ 2¼ 5¼ 5¾	200	136	Apr Mar May	256 15% 6%	Mar July Jan
Pittsburgh Plate Glass 25 Pleasant Valley Wine Co_1 Plough Inc com7.50	10634	104 107 % % 9% 9%	800 100 100	90 A	pr 117	M	ar	South Penn Oil		28% 30	300	27% 18 3%	Apr July July	34% 19% 4%	Mar Mar July
Polaris Mining Co250 Potrero Sugar common5		1¼ 1½ % %	300 100	136 M	pr	10 Ja	AB AB	Spanish & Gen Corp— Am dep rets ord reg. £1	16%	16% 17%	430	14	July	18%	Aug
Powdreil & Alexander		4% 4%	500	101% A	pr 12	A	ar pr	Stahl-Meyer Inc			100	114	July Mar Mar	314	Jan Jan Mar
Presed Metals of Am. 1 Pressed Metals of Am. 1 Pressed Metals of Am. 1 Producers Corn 256		18% 19 1% 1%	1,000	1614 M 134 Ju 36 M	ne 2 ar 42	1 Ju	ne l	Standard Cap & Seal com. 1 Conv preferred10 Standard Dredging Corp.	2514	17¼ 18 25¼ 25¼	300	20	Apr Apr May	18 26	July
Prosperity Co class B		3% 3%	100 200 100	3 A	an pr 5	K Fe	eb an	Standard Oil (Ky)10	1814	1¼ 1¾ 10¼ 12 12¼ 12¼ 18¼ 18¼	200 100 150 2,600	934	May June Apr	121/4 14 181/4	Jan Jan July Aug
Providence Gas			100	5 A		14 M	ar	Standard Oil (Neb)25 Standard Oil (Ohio) com 25 5% preferred 100	15% 23¼ 106¾	18½ 18% 15% 16 23½ 23% 106¾ 106¾	500 300 75	6 17 102	Feb Apr Jan	16 24%	Aug July July
6% 1st preferred100 7% 1st preferred100 Public Service of Indiana					pr 105 eb 112				100%	N N	300	36	Apr Apr May	11%	Feb Jan Feb
\$6 preferred* Public Service of Okia—	76 40 1/2	76 79 16 40 16 43 16	400 350		pr 82	16 Au		Standard Products Co1 Standard Silver Lead1 Standard Steel Spring5	9 34 34	9 914	1,400		Apr Apr	10%	Mar Jan June
6% prior lien pref100 7% prior lien pref100 \$Pub Util Secur \$7 pt pf*		109% 109%	30		AB. 110	14 Jun Jun 14 Ja	ae	Standard Tube el B1 Standard Wholesale Phos				14	July	1514	Jan July
\$5 preferred	651/6	6414 6914 2114 2514	1,175 1,475		n 26	14 Au		Starrett (The) Corp v t c_1 Steel Co of Canada— Ordinary shares		11/4 11/4	300	7316			Jan June
Puget Sound Pulp & Tim. Pyle-National Co com5 Pyrene Manufacturing10				6 M A	pr 12 eb 7	Ja Jun	in ie	Stein (A) & Co common  Sterehl Bros Stores  6% lat preferred		13 14 3% 4%	300	28	May July Jan		Aug Aug Mar
Pyle-National Co com5 Pyrene Manufacturing10 Quaker Cats common* 6% preferred100 Quebec Power Co* Ry & Light Secur com* Railway & Util Invest A1 Raymond Concerts Pile-		125 126 154¼ 155	90 70 75	108 A) 148 14 Ma 16 Ma 9 Jul	ar 18	¼ Ja ¼ Ma	ME				400	736 436 234 236	Apr Apr Mar	674	Jan Feb Jan
Common.		12% 12%	50	12 A	eb	Ma Ma Jun Ja	10	Sterling Inc	814	314 314 514 514 814 814	1,400 25	8	Jan May Apr	756	Feb Jan Jan
\$3 conv preferred*  Raytheon Mfg com50c Red Bank Oil Co*  Reed Roller Bit Co*  Reeves (Daniel) common.*		1% 1%	200	35% AI 1 AI 1% Jul	pr 2	Ma Ma	n n	Sullivan Machinery		8 8%	1,300	10	Apr Apr Apr	12	Jan June Feb
Dolton Fouter Off 50e		26 261/2	800	25 Ap 5 Ja 14 Ja	n 8	M Jai M Jul	n y	51/2% conv pref50 Superior Oil Co (Calif)25 Superior Port Cement		35% 36	400	31 36	Apr	3816 4516	Jan Mar
Reynolds Investing1				9% Jun % Fe 4 Ms	ar . 8	Jai	n a	Superior Port Cement  \$3.30 A part				13	Mar Apr June	14% 5%	Mar Mar Jan
Rice Stix Dry Goods* Richmond Radiator Ric Grande Valley Gas Co- Voting trust etfs		*16 *16	200	1% Ar	y	Jan Ma	y	Tampa Electric Co com Tatyeast Inc class A		3¼ 3¼ 32¼ 32¼	300	28 1/4 1	June May May		Jan Jan Mar
Rochester Tel 6 1/2 % prf 100				100 Fe 96 Ap 112 Ap 1334 Ma	or 105	Fel Au Ap Jai	g	Technicolor Inc common. Tenn El Pow 7% 1st pt. 100	151/4	15 15%	1,300		July Mar Jan Jan	100%	Feb Jan Aug July
Rolls Royce Ltd-		11 1114	800	23¾ Jul	y 24	4 July		Texon Oil & Land Co2 Thew Shovel Co com5 Tilo Roofing Inc1 Tishman Realty & Constro	1514	3 3	300 400 1,200	2% 1	May Apr Apr	18 .	Jan July Jan
Am deprets ord reg. 21 Rome Cable Corp com. 5 Roosevelt Field Inc. 5 Root Petroleum Co. 1 \$1.20 conv pref. 20	1% 2%	1% 1% 2% 2% 5% 7%	1,900 700	1% Jul 1% Ap 4% Ap 36 Ap	y 2	Mai	2	Tobacco Prod Exports		4% 4%	100		Jan Feb Apr	63 1	Jan May Mar
S1.20 conv pret 20 Rosais International 20 Rosais International 20 Rosaite Oil Co Ltd 20 Royal Typewriter 21 Russless Fifth Ave 21 Russless Firth Ave 21 Russless Firth Ave 21 Russless Firth Ave 21 Russless Firth Ave 22 Russless Firth Ave 22 Russless Firth Ave 22 Russless Firth Russless Firt		36 816 52 5236	150	37 Ma 45 Ap	r 43	Jai Jai Jai		Control occur as	-			116	Mar Feb	1% 1	Jan Mar
Rustless Firth Ave	10 14	10 10 1/4 43 46	900 150	3% Ap 7 Ap 35% Ap	r 129	Jan Aus	n	Ordinary reg.  Def registered 5s				98 14		108 J	Feb July July
Ryerson & Haynes com1 Safety Car Heat & Id St Lawrence Corp Ltd St Regis Paper com5	1 78	1% 1%	600	1% Au 36 Ap 49 Ap 2% July	or 65	Jan Mai Mai		Common1	134	1¼ 1¼ 3¼ 3¼	200	116 1	July	2%	Apr Jan Jan
Salt Dome Oil Co1	2 1/6 7 1/4	2 2 ½ 43 43 7 8 ½	1,700 25 2,600	1% Jul 37 May 7 Au	y 39 y 599	Jar Feb	n :	Tri-Continental warrants Truns Pork Stores Inc. Tubize Chatillon Corp 1	9%	9% 11%	1,800	7 16 A	une fay Apr	814 J 1314 B	Jan une Mar
Samson United Corp com 1 Savoy Oil Co	36	13 14 14 14	300	% July % Jun 9% Jan	y 15 e 1 n 143	Jan Jan Aug	1	Tung-Sol Lamp Works 1	32 14 2 % 7 %	32 35 1/4 2 1/4 3 7 1/4 7 1/4	850 500 400	1936	Apr Apr	7%	Mar Jan Jan
Scranton Elec \$6 pref*	21%	21 21%	700	18% May 114% Ap 16% June	273 r 1143	Mar Apr		Series B pref			100	214 J	Apr une Jan	316 A	Jan Jar Jar Jar
Seranton Spring Brook Water Service pref Sculin Steel Co com Warranta Securities Corp general Seeman Bros Inc		36 36 7 7 11 <sub>16</sub> 13 <sub>16</sub>	25 100	21 Jan 5% Apr	r 135			Union Gas of Canada* Union Investment com* Union Premier Foods Sts. 1		17 1814	1000	12%	Apr Apr Jan Jan	3 A 18% A	dar Lug Jan
SEERL LOCK OF HINTOWARD	34	11 <sub>16</sub> 18 <sub>16</sub> 1% 1%	600	11 <sub>16</sub> Aug 34 May 31 May 4 <sub>16</sub> July	1 1 1 3 7 3 r	July	1	Inited Chemicals com	1816	6% 7	400	38 1	Apr Feb	5636 J	lug uly Jan
Selby Shoe Co		7¼ 7¾ 10¾ 11	300 250	4% Jan 10% Aug	85		H	United Corp warrants United Elastic Corp*	2	1% 2%	7,000	7 156 N	Apr far Apr	7 N	Jan far Jan
Convertible stock5		11 <sub>16</sub> 11 <sub>16</sub> 6½ 6½	400 250	416 May 52 May	693	Mar		Option warrants	87% 1 89 34	89 89	1,200 1,000 10	74 80 J	Apr une Jan	9216 N 1310 1 89% J	feb uly
Allotment certificates Selfridge Prov Stores—		60% 60%	50	54 May	70	Mar Feb	1	Common class B	1% 1% 30	1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 29 1 32 1 6	1,700 1,300 3,400	19 J	une Apr	36 % N	Jan Jan Mar
Sentry Safety Control		6% 6%	100	1 Jan 1 July 6 Apr 2 Mar	134	June Jan		\$3 preferred		70 70	25	6916	Jan		dar dar
shattuck Denn Mining 5	6	3% 3% 5% 6%	3,300 1,600	5% June 18% Apr	223	Jan Mar		Inited Molasses Co— Am dep rets ord reg Inited N J RR & Canal 100 Inited Profit Sharing25c			100	237	Apr Jan July Mar	10% N	Feb Jan
therwin-Williams com25 5% cum pref ser AAA 100 sherwin-Williams of Can.	1	11% 111%	10 1	10 1/4 June 10 1/4 Apr	115%			United Shipyards el A1		1% 1%	2,400		Jan	1% 3	
			4				-							450	
For footnotes see page 10	003							OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF		3					

STOCKS (Concided)	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's Rang of Prices Low His	Week	Range I		Jan. 1, 1939	BONDS (Continued)	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's Range of Prices Low High	Week	Range		Jan. 1,	
United Shoe Mach com. 25 Preferred	81 1/4	811/4 86	750	72 42	Apr Jan Apr	8734 July 4934 July 434 Jan	Cities Service 5s1966 Conv deb 5s1950 Debenture 5s1958	75¾ 75¾	78 78 75% 77 75% 77	1,000 160,000 28,000	71 1/2 66 66	Jan Apr Apr	84 78% 77	Mar
U S Foil Co class B	3 %	3% 43 64% 645	4 900 4 25	3	Apr July Apr Apr	634 Jan 34 Feb 68 Jan 154 May	Debenture 5s	76 871/8 871/2	76 77 87% 88% 87% 89%	14,000 118,000 41,000 36,000	67 16 72 16 72 16 72 16 74 34	Apr Jan Jan Apr	771/6 891/6 891/6 891/6	Aug Aug Aug
U S Lines pref		12¼ 123 24 24		10% 21 2%	Apr Feb Apr	16% Jan 27% Mar 4% Jan	Conn Lt & Pr 7s A1951 Consol Gas El Lt & Power (But) 3 %s ser N1971	112	\$128 131 ½ 111 ¼ 112	7,000	128%	June	131 113 108	Feb June Aug
U 8 Rubber Reclaiming U 8 Stores Corp com \$7 conv 1st pref United Stores com50e	1/6	36 3		11% 3% 3%	Apr Jan Feb Aug	2% Jan % Jan 6% Mar % June	Ist ref mtge 3s ser P 1969 Consol Gas (Balt City)— Gen mtge 4½s1954 Consol Gas Util Co—		107% 107% \$127% 129		125	July	131	July
United Verde Exten50e United Wall Paper2 Universal Consol Oil10 Universal Corp v t c1	2	2 2½ 3½ 3½		1 1/6 1 1/6 14 1/6 3	Apr Apr Jan Apr	1% June 2% Jan 17% July 4% Jan	Cont'l Gas & El Ss1958 Cuban Telephone 71/2s. 41 Cuban Tobacco Ss1944	92¾	73¼ 76¾ 92¾ 93½ \$105³16 106¼ 65 65½	22,000 160,000 8,000		Apr Apr Jan May	77 93¾ 108¾ 68¾	Mar Jan
Universal Insurance		7/4 1.5,	200	12 6 1314	Apr Jan Apr Jan	914 June 19 Feb 1 June	Cudahy Packing 3%s_1955 Delaware El Pow 5 1/4s_1959 Denver Gas & Elec 5s_1949 Detroit Internat Bridge—	106	94% 94% 106 106% 108 108	9,000 7,000 2,000	92 1/4 104 1/4 106 1/4	Apr Jan Jan	97 1041/4 1081/4	Jan July Jan
Utah Pow & L4 \$7 pref* Utah Radio Products	611/6		175	4734 114 1 42	Apr Jan July Apr	64½ Aug 2½ June 2½ Jan 54 Mar	*6¼sAug 1 1952 *Certificates of deposit *Deb 7sAug 1 1952 *Certificates of deposit		4% 4% 4% 4% 1% %	5,000 10,000	414	Apr Apr Apr Apr	10 9% 1% 1%	Feb Jan Feb
Conv preferred7 Util Pow & Lt 7% pf100	20	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	100 300 550	136 1036	Apr Apr	1% Feb 1% Feb 20½ Aug	Eastern Gas & Fuel 4s_1956 Edison El III (Bost) 3 1/18 65 Elec Power & Light 5s_2030 Elmira Wat Lt & RR 5s '56	721/6	68% 75 109% 110% 77% 79%	543,000 8,000 64,000	53 ¾ 109 ¼ 66 ¼ 107 ¾	Apr June Apr Jan	75 112 1/4 81 1/4 112 1/4	Aug May Mar June
Valspar Corp com	%	916 5	500	20 20 •16	July Apr Mar Apr	2½ Jan 30 Jan 28 Feb	El Paso Elec 5s A1950 Empire Dist El 5s1952 Ercole Marcill Elec Mfg	103%	103¾ 103¾ 103¾ 104	4,000 14,000	102 99 14	Apr Jan	105 104 5036	July
Va Pub Serv 7% pref100 Vogs Manufacturing* Wago Aircraft Co* Wagner Baking v t c* 7% preferred100	51/4	51/4 54%	500	38 16 6 316 516	Jan Apr July Apr	55 Aug 9 Mar 7% Feb 9 Feb	61/4s series A1953 Erie Lighting 5s1967 Federal Wat Serv 51/4s 1954 Finland Residential Mage		41 1/4 43 108 108 90 90 1/4		10716 81	July Jan Apr	1081/2	Jan July July
7% preferred 100 Wahl Co common				1 434	May July Apr Feb	74% May 1% Aug 6% Mar 1 Mar	Banks 6s- 5s stpd1961 •First Bohemian Glass7s'57 Florida Power 4s ser C 1966 Florida Power & Lt 5s_1954		100 100 ½ \$16 50 98 ¼ 99 102 ¼ 103 ½	42,000 162,000	99 15 89 14 92	Apr Mar Jan Apr	104 1/4 25 99 103 1/4	Feb July Aug July
Walker Mining Co			100	816 316 236	Apr Jan Apr Apr	1 13 1 Aug 5 1 Feb 5 Jan	Gary Electric & Gas— 5s ex-warr stamped_1944 General Bronze 6s1940 General Pub Serv 5s1953		991/4 991/4 84 861/4 98 981/4	29,000 11,000 5,000	95 81 90	Jan Apr Apr	99¾ 90 98¾	Aug Jan Aug
West Texas Util \$6 pref* West Va Coal & Coke* Western Air Express1	******	2½ 2½ 98½ 98½ 1½ 1½	40 400	86 %	May Jan Apr Mar	3% Mar 100 June 1% Jan 4% Jan	Gen Pub Util 6 4s A.1956  General Rayon 6s A.1948 Gen Wat Wks & El 5s.1943 Georgia Power ref 5s1967	951/4	94 95 ½ ‡76 78 94 ¾ 95 ¾ 105 ¾ 106	36,000 40,000 77,000	76 73 87 9514	Apr Feb Jan Jan	95¾ 75 95¾ 106	Aug Jan Aug Aug
7% 1st preferred100 Western Tablet & Station'y		43 43	10	32 10	Apr	50½ Jan 15 Feb	Georgia Pow & Lt 5s1978  *Gesfurel 6s1953  Glen Alden Coal 4s1965  Gobel (Adolf) 41/4s1941		71 73½ ‡22 68¼ 68¼ ‡62 65	22,000 8,000	58 2514	Jan Apr May Jan	7434 29 7234 72	June Mar Jan Jan
Common		53/4 53/	600	814 1 514 516 :	May Jan June	10 Jan 716 Mar 716 Jan	Grand Trunk West 4s_1950 Gt Nor Pow 5s stpd1950 Grocery Store Prod 6s_1945		89 1/4 89 5/4 \$106 108 \$53 58	9,000	87 106 47 45	Jan Aug Mar	91 109 14 56 14 53	Mar Mar July
Williams (R C) & Co* Williams Oil-O-Mat Ht* Wilson-Jones Co* Wilson Products Inc1		714 73	100 800	7 736	Apr Apr Mar	8¼ July 3 Jan 10 Jan 9 Jan	Guantanamo & West 6s '58 Guardian Investora 5s_1948 Hall Print 6s stpd1947 •Hamburg Elec 7s1935	103	146 48 44 45¾ 103 103 125¼	12,000 5,000	36 98 25	Apr Apr Apr July	50 10314 30	Jan Feb July July
Wisconsin P & L 7% pt 100 Wolverine Porti Cement_10 Wolverine Tube com2 Woodley Petroleum1		2¾ 2¾ 6 6¾ 5 5		436	Apr Apr Apr May	101 Aug 2% July 8% Jan 6% Jan	*Hamburg El Underground & St Ry 5½s1938 Heller (W E) 4s w w1946 Houston Gulf Gas 6s1943		28½ 28½ 102¼ 102¼ ‡103¼ 104	1,000 2,000	18% 94% 101%	Jan Jan Apr	30 102 16 103 1/4	July June Jan
Woolworth (F W) Ltd— Amer dep rets5e Wright Hargreaves Ltd* Yukon-Pacific Mining Co5	81/8	15 15 8 83 % 1	100 2,000 800	734	Apr Apr May	15% Mar 8% Mar 1% Jan	61/s ex-warrants1943 Houston Lt & Pr 31/s.1966 •Hungarian Ital Bk 71/s*63 Hygrade Food 6s A1949		\$102 \( \) 103 \( \) 109 \( \) 109 \( \) \$ \$\) \$5 \( \) 20 \( \) 65 \( \) 66	9,000	101 1/4 108 1/6 8 59	Jan Apr July Jan	103 111 1/4 8 68	June July June
BONDS			Bonds Sold				Ge series B		164 67 109 109 105¼ 105½ 102½ 103¾	2,000 25,000 15,000	60 107 1/4 101 3/4 95 1/4	Apr Apr Jan Apr	68 110 1/4 105 1/4 104 1/4	June Feb May July
Alabama Power Co—  1st & ref 5s1946  1st & ref 5s1951  1st & ref 5s1956	105	\$107 \( \) 108 \( \) 104 \( \) 105 103 \( \) 103 \( \)	\$21,000	102 98 96	Jan Jan Jan	107% Aug 105% May 105 June	1st & ref 5s ser C1956 B f deb 5 \( \frac{1}{2} \sigma_1 \) May 1957 Indiana Electric Corp— 6s series A1947	95%	101 % 102 % 95 % 97 104 % 104 %	44,000 24,000 16,000	94 1/4 85 1/4 96 1/4	Apr Jan Apr	103½ 97	Aug Aug July
lst & ref 5s1968 lst & ref 43/s1967 Amer G & El debt 5s2028 Am Pow & Lt deb 6s2016	104 ¼ 100 %	104 104 1	5,000 172,000	87 81 1/4 106 1/4	Jan Jan May Apr	104 1/2 July 101 1/2 July 109 1/2 Jan 100 1/2 July	6 %s series B1953 Se series C1951 Indiana Hydro Elec Se 1958 Indiana Service Se1950		104¾ 104¾ 100 101 98¾ 99 69¼ 72¼	2,000 12,000 24,000 34,000	99 1/2 85 86 50 1/2	Apr Apr Jan Apr	105¾ 102 99 75	July July July Aug
Amer Radiator 4 1/4s _ 1947 Amer Seating 6s stp _ 1946 Appalachian Elec Power— 1st mtge 4s 1963			18,000 5,000	103	Aug Apr	106% Jan 104 June 111 Mar	1st lien & ref 5s1963 •Indianapolis Gas 5s A 1952 Indpls Pow & Lt 3 %s. 1968 International Power Sec-	68 1/2 80	68% 70% 81% 81% 108% 108%	22,000 2,000 6,000	49 68	Apr Apr June	74 88¾ 110	Aug June May
Debentures 4½s1948 Appaiae Power Deb 6s 2024 Ark-Louisiana Gas 4s.1951 Arkansas Pr & L4 5s1956		106¾ 107¾ \$124¼ 125 102¼ 103	32,000 14,000	106 118% 102	Apr Jan May	1071 Mar 128 July 105 Feb	6 %s series C1955 7s series E1957 7s series F1952	6914	\$38 47 46 48 \$43 47½ 68½ 71	5,000	3614 3614 4114 55	Apr Apr	5234 54 5534 73	Jan Mar Mar Aug
Associated Elec 41/s1953 Associated Gas & El Co— Conv deb 41/s C1948	104%	104 ¼ 106 ¼ 66 67 ¼ 45 ¼ 45 ¼	1,000	4134 81	Jan Jan Feb	1061/4 June 681/4 Aug 451/4 Aug	Interstate Power 5s1957 Debenture 6s1952 Interstate Publi eService 5s series D1956	52 1/6	50 3 53 34 99 3 100 34	33,000	381/2	Jan Jan	55 1011/4	Aug July
Conv deb 4161949 Conv deb 5s1950 Debenture 5s1968 Registered	43 1/4 46 1/4 44 3/4	43½ 46 46 48¼ 44¼ 46½ 44¼ 44½	35,000 1,000	30 2914	Jan Jan Jan Mar	47 Aug 4914 Aug 4714 Aug 4414 Aug	4 1/40 series F 1958 Iowa-Neb L & P 50 1957 60 series B 1961 Iowa Pow & Lt 4 1/40 1958	104 % 104 %	100% 101% 104% 105 104 104% 106 106%	54,000 44,000 5,000 28,000	77 98% 98 105%	Jan Jan Jan Jan	102 105 104 1/2 108	July Aug Aug Mar
Conv deb 51/s1977 Assoc T & T deb 51/s.A'55 Atlanta Gas Lt 41/s1955 Atlantic City Elec 31/a '64		52 53 79% 79% \$105% 106% 108 108	8,000 2,000 5,000	72 16 102 16 104	Jan Jan Jan Apr	59 Mar 83 May 106¼ May 109% June	Iowa Pub Serv 5s1957 Isareo Hydro Elec 7s.1952 Isotta Fraschini 7s1942 Italian Superpower 6s.1963	40 %	104¼ 104 <sup>6</sup> 10 42¼ 44¼ 464 78 40% 41⅓	18,000 7,000 19,000	103 % 38 59 % 31	June Feb Apr	106 1/4 52 1/4 80 44	June Jan Jan Mar
Avery & Sons (B F)—  5s with warrants1947  5s without warrants1947  Baidwin Locom Works—		99 101 94 94	24,000 4,000		Apr	101 Aug 95 July	Jacksonville Gas— 5s stamped1942 Jersey Central Pow & Lt— 5s series B1947	46½ 103½	45% 46% 103% 103%	17,000 7,000		Jan May	47 107	Mar Feb
*Convertible 6s1950 Bell Telep of Canada— 1st M 5s series A1955 1st M 5s series B1957	125	92½ 95½ 107°1«107 <sup>11</sup> 11 125 125½	9,000	107%	Apr July Apr	116% Jan 110% Jan 126 July	4½s series C1961 Kansas Elec Pow 3½s_1966 Kansas Gas & Elec 6s_2022 Kentucky Utilities Co-		105 106 % \$105 106 % 126 % 126 %	3,000	10516 10316 119	Jan Jan Apr	106¾ 108 126¾	Mar Mar Aug
5s series C	127¼ 149¼ 96¾ 96	127¼ 129⅓ 148⅓ 150 96⅓ 99¾ 96 97	5,000 24,000 181,000 27,000	140 J 86	Mar Jan Jan	130  July 150 Aug 100 July 97  Aug	1st mtge 5s ser H1961 6 1/2s series D1948 5 1/2s series F1955 5s series I1969		102 ½ 103 ½ 105 105 ¼ 102 ½ 102 ½ 101 ½ 102 ½	74,000 2,000 8,000 39,000	8914 101 9314 8834	Apr Apr Jan Apr	103 ¾ 106 ⅓ 102 ¾ 102 ¼	July July Aug
Broad River Pow 5s1954 Canada Northern Pr 5s '53 Canadian Pac Ry 6s1942 Carolina Pr & Le 5s1956	102 106¼	101 101 103¼ 103¼ 102 102¼ 106 106¾	9,000 37,000 9,000 37,000	81 102% 97%	Jan Jan Apr Jan	102 July 105% May 105 Mar 107 May	Lake Sup Dist Pow 3 1/4 1/66 Lehigh Pow Secur 6s 2026 *Leonard Tietz 7 1/4s 1946 Lexington Utilities 5s 1952	105% 110618 28 103	105% 107% 110% 110% 110% 128 28 102% 103%	6,000 71,000 2,000 18,600	100 107 2214 95	Jan Jan Jan Mar	108% 110% 30	July June Mar June
Cent Ohio Lt & Pr 5s1950 Cent Power 5s ser D1957 Cent Pow & Lt 1st 5s1956 Cent States Elec 5s1948	97 104'16 40 16	103¼ 103¼ 96¼ 97¼ 104¾ 104¼ 40¼ 42¾	6,000 53,000 43,000 21,000	101 81 98%	Apr Apr Apr Apr	105 June 9714 Aug 10414 July 46 Mar	Libby McN & Libby 5s '42 Long Island Ltg 6s1945 Louisians Pow & 14 5s 1957 Mansfield Min & Smelt—	104%	104 1/4 104 1/4 102 1/4 102 1/4 106 1/	2,000 11,000 71,000	102 1/4 91 105 1/4	Jan Jan Aug	105 102% 107%	Feb Aug
5½s et-warrants1954 Cent States P & L 5½s '53 Chicago & Illinois Midland Ry 4½s A1956	41% 71%	41 ¼ 42 ¼ 71 ½ 73 ½ 104 ½ 104 ½	78,000 39,000 7,000	32 5514	Jan Jan	46% Mar 73% Aug	*7s without warr'ts_1941 Marion Res Pow 4\(\frac{1}{2}\)s_1954 McCord Rad & Mig 6s stamped1943		31% 31% 103% 104 260 65	1,000 12,000	2814 10314 45	Jan Jan May	31 ¾ 105 ¾ 66	4.0
Chie Jet Ry & Unien Stock Yards &	102½ 51½	102¼ 102¾ 51½ 52¼	8,000 18,000	10214	Apr Aug Apr	105 June 10414 Jan 5514 Jan	Memphis Commi Appear  Deb 43/s		98½ 98½ 90 90 106 106	1,000 2,000 1,000	9514 82 105	Apr	98% 91%	July Mar
6s series B1955		81 82 83¼ 83¾	5,000 2,000		Jan	82 Aug 831/4 Aug	4s series G1965		1081/2 1081/2	7,000	10714	July	109%	
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For footnotes see page	1003						20 July 200							
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BONDS (Continued)	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's Range of Prices Low High	Sales for Week	Range St	ince J	High		(Concluded) Sale	Teek's Range	for Veek	Range St	ince J	an. 1, 1	
Middle States Pet 6 1/2 1/45 Midland Valley RR 5s 1943 Milw Gas Light 4 1/4 s 1967	98	98 98 62 63 100 ¼ 101 ¼	1,000 2,000 17,000	5814 1	Jan May Apr	99¼ 66¾ 101¾	July Mar Aug	6s series A 1	113 113 3	4,000 3,000 0,000	9934	Jan an Jan	107% 113 99%	Aug
Minn P & L 41/8 1978 1st & ref 5s 1955 Mississippi Power 5s 1955	101 102 1/2	101 ½ 102 ½ 106 ½ 107 100 100 ½	45,000 14,000 39,000	97 1/4 102 82 1/4	Apr Apr Jan	102¾ 107 100¼	July Aug Aug	Tlets (L) see Leonard	No United to	8,000	1.22.	Jan		Aug
Miss Power & Lt 5s1957 Miss River Pow 1st 5s.1951 Missouri Pub Serv 5s.1960	10214	102 103 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	53,000	88 16 108 16 73 16	Jan Apr Jan	103 ¼ 110 93	Aug May Aug	Conv 6s 4th stamp 1950 United Elec N J 4s 1949 11 United El Serv 7s 1956	119	2,000	116%	Apr Jan Apr	52 1/6 119 1/6 52	Jan July Jan
Nassau & Suffolk Ltg & 45 Nat Pow & Lt & A2026 Deb & series B2030	96¼ 110½	9614 9714	12,000 19,000 42,000	77 98 92 14	Jan Jan Jan	98 111¼ 106¼	Aug Aug Aug	*United Industrial 6 %s '41	24 35 24 35	9,000	26 1/2 1	Mar Apr Apr	2814	July June Aug
§ Nat Pub Serv 5s etfs 1978 Nebraska Power 41/5s_1981 6s series A		\$35 38 109¼ 110 123¼ 123⅓	11,000	11534	Jan Jan	123 14	Apr May June	5 1974 5 1959 109 Un Lt & Rys (Dei) 5 168 '52 90	106% 107 13	5,000 3,000 7,000	104% 1	Apr Mar Apr	90 108¼ 92¼	Aug July Aug
Neisner Bros Realty 6s '48 Nevada-Calif Elec 5s_1956 New Amsterdam Gas 5s '48	82	109 109 81 ¼ 83 ½ ‡122 ¾ 123 ½	1,000 53,000	11836	Jan May Jan	109 1/4 89 1/4 123 1/4	July Mar July	6s series A1973	85 85 2	8,000 2,000	68 16	Jan Apr	1191/3 85	Aug Aug
N E Gas & El Asen 5s 1947 5s 1948 Conv deb 5s 1950	70 ½ 70 ½ 70 ½		61,000 34,000 59,000	55 54 5436	Jan Jan Jan	7314 7314 7314	July July July	Utah Pow & Lt 6s A. 2022 98 1/4 41/8	99 991/4 9	4,000 9,000 6,000	91 8936	Apr Apr	99¾ 100¼ 101	Aug July Aug
New Eng Power 3 1/2 1961 New Eng Pow Assn 5s. 1948 Debenture 5 1/2 1954	98¼ 99⅓	109 109 97 1 98 100 99 100	1,000 41,000 62,000	87%	Apr Apr	109¾ 98¾ 100	May Aug Aug	1st ref 5s series B1950 6s1946 Waldorf-Astoria Hotel- +5s income deb1954	95 9614	1,000 6,000 1,000	82	Jan Jan Aug	100 1/2 98 31 1/4	June Feb
New Orleans Pub Serv— 5s stamped	100¾	102 1/2 102 1/2 100 1/2 100 1/3	3,000 30,000		Feb Apr	103 101	July Aug	West Penn Elec 5s2030	108 106 106 106 106 106 106 106 106 106 106	2,000	107¾ 104	Jan Jan Jan	111	July June July
*Ext 4½s stamped_1950 N Y P & L Corp 1st 4½s'67 N Y State E & G 4½s 1980			6,000 37,000 52,000	10514	Aug May Jan	86 14 109 105	Mar Mar Aug	West Newspaper Un 6s '44 57 Wheeling Elec Co 5s_1941;	57 60¾ 1 105% 108	8,000	50 105% J	Apr une Jan	63 106 1/6	Mar Jan May
N Y & Westeh'r Ltg 4s 2004 Debenture 5s1954 Nippon El Pow 6 1/4s1953		\$105\% 106 113 113 \$52 57	1,000	10414	Jan Jan Jan	106 1/4 113 1/4 58			105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	1,000 3,000 8,000	87	Jan Apr Apr		June Aug Aug
No Amer Lt & Power— 51/4s series A1956 No Boston Ltg Prop3 1/4s'47		101 101 1/6 105 106	7,000 51,000	104	Apr	101% 107%	May	FOREIGN GOVERNMENT	I story's r					
Nor Cont'l Util 534s1948 Ne Indiana G & E 6s1952 Northern Indiana P 8	571/6	107% 107%	13,000 5,000	107	Jan Mar	58 1/2 108 1/2	Jan Jan	AND MUNICIPALITIES— Agricultural Mtge Bk (Col)						
5s series C1966 5s series D1969 4 ¼s series E1970 N'western Elec 6s stmpd'45	10561		15,000 18,000 7,000 8,000	104%	Apr Apr Apr Feb	107 106 1/4 105 1/4 108		•7s ctfs of dep_Apr '46 •20-year 7sJan 1947	124 30 126 % 30		25%	Jan	2814	Apr
N'western Pub Serv & 1957 Ogden Gas &	103 1/2		2,000	95 108	Apr Jan July	1041/4 1101/4 1091/4	July June Aug	•6s ctfs of depAug '47	24 30		24%	Jan	24%	Mar
Ohio Public Serv 4s1962 Okia Nat Gas 434s1961 Se conv debs1946	10573	108 3/6 108 7/8 1057 22 1059 14	11,000	108	June Mar Apr			•7s ser A ctfs of dep. 1945			834	Jan	13%	June
Okla Power & Water 5s '48 Pacific Coast Power 5s '40 Pacific Gas & Elec Co-	102 ¼			9136	Jan Jan	102 1/2		◆7s ser C etfs of dep_1945 ◆7s ser D etfs of dep_1945 ◆7s 1st ser etfs of dep_'57	†12 18 †12 17		1316	June June Mar	14 131/4 11	June June Mar
Pacific Invest 5s ser A.1948 Pacific Ltg & Pow 5s1942		94 94%	6,000 1,000	89 111	Aug Apr Aug	9434	Jan	◆7s 2d ser ctfs of dep_'57 ◆7s 3d ser ctfs of dep_'57 ◆Baden 7s1951	\$11 18 \$11 18 \$19% 25		1736		20	July
Pacific Pow & Ltg 5s1955 Park Lexington 3s1964 Penn Cent L & P 41/s.1977	93%	138 42 100% 101%	159,000	32 91	Jan Jan Jan	951/4 38 1011/4		Bogota (City) 8s ctfs.1948 Bogota (see Mtge Bank of) Caldas 7 1/48 ctfs of dep. 446	‡15 19		16%			June
Penn Electric 4s F1971 5e series H1962	106 1	104 ½ 105 106 ½ 106 ½	22,000 12,000		Jan Jan May	104 16 105 14 107 14	July	•Cauca Valley 7s1948 •7s ctfs of dep1948 •71/4s ctfs of dep1946			1114	Jan Mar	16% 15%	
Penn Ohio Edison— 6s series A	106	107 107 106 106	7,000	9136	Jan Jan July	108 106¾ 109¾		Cent Bk of German State & Prov Banks 6s B_1951 -6s series A1952 Columbia (Republic of)—		2,000 5,000		Jan Apr		Feb Mar
Penn Pub Serv 6s C1947 5s series D1954 Penn Water & Pow 5s.1940 41/s series B1968	10134	106 106 106 106 107 108 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101	6,000 17,000	105%	Jan Aug Aug	108 105 10834	Mar Jan	*6s ctfs of depJuly '61	†24 32 - †24 32 -		19%	Feb	22	Mar
Peoples Gas L & Coke— 4s series B1981	99%	991/4 100	22,000 35,000	9134	Apr	100	July	*61/2s etfs of dep1959 Danish 51/2s1955			85¾ 85	Apr	100	Jan Jan
4s series D	40 1/4	112 ½ 113 ½ 80 ¾ 80 ¾	34,000 1,000 10.000	11135	Apr Apr Apr	113¾ 81¾ 51	July	Dansig Port & Waterways  *External 61/81952	410 00		21 161/4	July	3516 20	Feb Mar
Pittsburgh Coal 6s1949 Pittsburgh Steel 6s1948 *Pomeranian Elec 6s1953		103¾ 104½ 97¼ 97½ 118 50	4,000 3,000	101 95% 17%	June Jan Jan	108 99 22	Mar Feb June	Secured 6s	18½ 19 ‡21 22	7,000	1636 17 14	Apr Jan Apr	20 22 20	Mar Apr Mar
Portland Gas & Coke 5s '40 Potomac Edison 5s E_1956 4 1/4s series F1961		106¾ 107 1108¼ 108¾	28,000 4,000	105% 108%	Jan July Jan	109 14 110	June	Lima (City) Peru— 61/4s stamped 1958 •Maranhao 7s 1958		8,000	634	May Jan	13 15	Mar Mar
Potrero Sug 7s stmpd_1947 PowerCorp(Can)434sB '59 Prussian Electric 6s1954		103 ¼ 104 \$18 30	1,000 32,000		Jan Jan Feb	105% 23	July Mar Feb	*7s ctfs of dep1951 *61/4s ctfs of dep1954	114 16 16 112 16 14 14 13 14 13 14	6,000	10 9	Jan Feb Jan	16 15 1314	June June Aug
Public Service of N J—  6% perpetual certificates  Pub Serv of Okiahoma—  4s series A————————————————————————————————————		156% 157 1106% 107%	13,000		Apr	157	June	•7s etts of dep_May '47	24 32 -		25%	Jan	26%	July
Puges Sound P & L 5 1/8 '49  1st & ref 5s ser C1950  1st & ref 4 1/s ser D_1950	94 34 93 34	941/4 961/4	78,000 55,000 63,000	75% 72	Jan Jan Jan	97 9514 9314	Aug	*7s etfs of dep_Oet '47	124 26 1/6	2,000	26	Apr June	26 16	Apr Jan
Queens Boro Gas & Eleo- 51/4s series A	9434		37,000 2,000	6336	Jan Apr	9814	100	•7s etfs of dep1946 •7s etfs of dep1947	124 32					
*Ruhr Housing 6 1/2 1958 Safe Harbor Water 4 1/2 '79 § St L Gas & Coke 6s. 1947		20 35 107¾ 108 20 20	11,000	107%	June Aug Feb	25 110 21	Feb July	Mtge Bk of Denmark 5s '72 •Parana (State) 7s1958 •Rio de Janeiro 6¾s.1959	\$84 89 11% 11% \$8% 8%	1.000	5%	Jan Jan	96 16 15 14 16	Mar
San Joaquin L & P & B '52 •Saxon Pub Wks &1937 •Schulte Real Est &1951		136 ½ 136 ½ 21 50 24 % 29	19,000	2016	Apr June	138 27 31 14	Aug Mar Jan	*Russian Govt 61/4s1919 5/4 *51/4s1921 5/4 *Banta Fe 7s stamped.1945	60 60 1	$8,000 \\ 2,000 \\ 3,000$	47	Apr	60 %	Jan
Seripp (E W) Co 51/8.1943 Sculin Steel 381951 Shawinigan W & P 41/8 '67	104 34		14,000 4,000 13,000	102%		103% 65 106	Mar Jan Feb	•Santiago 7s1949 12 14 •7s1961	410 14	2,000	8% 1	May	1416	
1st 4 1/2s series D1970 Sheridan Wyo Coal 6s 1947 Sou Carolina Pow 5s. 1957	80 ½ 98 ½	9814 9914	7,000	7634 83	Jan Jan	105% 83 99%								
Southeast P & L 6s2025 Sou Calif Edison Ltd— Debenture 3 481945		104% 104%	85,000 24,000 10,000	103	Jan July Jan	110% 106% 111%		70.5						
Ref M 3 1/4 s. May 1 1960 Ref M 3 1/4 s B. July 1 '60 T1st & ref mtge 4s 1960 Sou Counties Gas 4 1/4 s 1968		109¼ 109½ 109¼ 109¾ 108½ 108¾ 104¾ 104¾	5,000 9,000 14,000	108%	Jan Aug Feb	1111% 112% 105%	May Feb Jan	6.5333300	AND THE PARTY					
Sou Indiana Ry 4s1951 S'western Assoc Tei 5s 1961 S'western Lt & Pow 5s 1957	451			39 % 1 102 %	May Feb Apr	5234 105 10434	Mar Aug June	* No par value. a Deferred deliv	very sales not i	nelude	ed in yes	r,a Li	inge.	d Ex-
So'west Pub Serv 6s1945 Spalding (A G) 5s1989		97¼ 97¼ 107¾ 108 55½ 57½	2,000 14,000 27,000	81 10416	Apr Jan July	99 108 59	July May July	interest. n Under the rule sales not cluded in year's range. x Ex-divider ‡ Friday's bid and asked price. N	included in yeard.	ar's ra	inge. F	Caun	saies n	iot in-
Standard Gas & Electric— 6s (stpd)	69¼ 70	68¾ 72¾ 68¾ 72½	82,000 53,000	55 541/4	Apr	7436 7436	Aug Aug	<ul> <li>Bonds being traded flat,</li> <li>Reported in receivership.</li> <li>The following is a list of the New</li> </ul>						
Debenture 6s1951 Debenture 6s_Dec 1 1966 6s gold debs1957	70 69¼ 69	68¾ 72¾ 69 72¼ 69 71¾	62,000 26,000 17,000	55 54 54	Apr Apr Apr	74¼ 74 73¼	Aug Aug Aug	in their entirety: Cuban Telep 71/s 1941, Sept. 1 at Southern Calif Edison 4s 1960, Se	105. ept. 1 at 1081/					
Standard Invests 5 1/4s 1939 Standard Pow & Lt 6s. 1957 •Starrett Corp Inc 5s. 1950	6814	99% 99%	1,000 62,000 1,000	5314	Jan Apr July	99 % 73 % 35	July Aug Jan	<ul> <li>Cash sales transacted during the yearly range: No Sales.</li> </ul>	e current week	and				
Stinnes (Hugo) Corp— 2d stamped 4s1940 2d stamped 4s1946		53 53 35 35	1,000 5,000	34	Apr	64 50	Mar Jan Fab	y Under-the-rule sales transacted weekly or yearly range: No sales.						
Tennessee Elec Pow 5s 1956 Terni Hydro-El 6 1/5s_1953 Texas Elec Service 5s_1960		100 ¼ 100 ¼ 42 ¼ 42 ½ 103 % 104 ¼	4,000 1,000 93,000	3834	Apr Apr	100% 53% 104%	Feb Jan May	g Deferred delivery sales transact in weekly or yearly range: No sales.						
								Abbreviations Used Above—"cod", "cum," cumulative; "conv," convert "v t e," voting trust certificates; "w without warrants	tible; "M," mo	rtgage d. "w	w." with	non-	voting o	stock;
II .				1										

#### Other Stoc

		Friday Last Sale	Week's		Sales for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1939
Stocks-	Par		Low	High		Lo	w	H16	h
Arundel Corp		21	20%	211/8	525	2014	Apr	24%	Mar
Balt Transit Co col	*	1.60		38c 1.80	35 340	25e 1.20	June Apr	70e 2.10	July
Consol Gas E L &	Pow *		83	84	92	71	Jan	84	Aug
41/2 % pref B	100	118	117%	118	108	116	May	12116	June
Eastern Sugar Asso	oc com. 1		4	1000	135	4	Apr	614	May
Preferred	1		13%	13%	100	121/2	Apr	151/2	May
Fidelity & Deposit				12814	125	112	Apr	130 1/4	July
Fidelity&Guar Fire	COPD 101		30 %	31	129	29 34	ADI	3534	Jan

29% Apr 8% July 1 Aug 16% Apr 40c Aug 40c July 13 Jan 10% Apr 1.00 Feb 73 Jan 16% Apr Fidelity & Guar Fire Corp 10
Finance Co of Am A com .5
Guilford Realty Co com .1
Houston Oil preterred ... 25
Mar Tex Oil com cl A ... 1
Merch & Miners Transp ... \*
New Amsterd m Casualty 5
North Amer Oil Co com .1
Penna Water & Power com \*
U 8 Fidelity & Guar ... 2
211/5 35¼ Jan 10¼ Mar 2 Jan 22 June 1.40 Jan 1.40 Jan 28¼ July 14¼ July 1.50 July 84¼ Mar 23¼ Mar 129 15 60 140 1,145 500 65 329 520 30 1,281 9 9 1 1 18¼ 18¼ 40c 50c 40c 50c 13 13 13¼ 14¼ 1.45 1.50 76 78 21½ 22¼ Balt Transit 4s flat \_\_\_ 1975 A 5s flat \_\_\_\_ 1975 \_\_\_\_ 26 % 27 % \$25,500 31 31 % 12,000

**Boston Stock Exchange** 

Aug. 5 to Aug. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last Sale	Week's	Rang	e for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1939
Stocks— Par		Low	High		L	no	H	gh
Amer Tel & Tel100	163%	163%	168 14	1,938	14734	Apr	170	Ma
Bigelow-SanfdCarpet pf100		91	91	10	67	Apr	91	Aug
Bird & Son Inc*	777	1134	1114	25	1134	Aug	11%	
Boston & Albany100	77%	7734	78%	219	7014		8914	Fet
Boston Edison Co100 Boston Elevated100	158	157 45	159 ¾ 45 ¾	215	2127 3834	Apr	159¾ 56	Aug
Boston Herald Traveler*		1734			16	Apr	19	Mar
Boston & Maine-		20/6	2076		10	My.	19	Jas
Prior preferred100		7	734	200	6	Jan	1136	Mai
Class A 1st pref std100		134		10	114	Jan	334	Mar
Class C 1st pref (stpd) 100 Class D 1st pref(stpd) 100 Boston Personal Prop Tr. *	1%	1%	17/8	99	1%	May	314	Mai
Class D 1st pref(stpd) 100		2	214	54	134	Jan	5	Mai
Boston Personal Prop Tr. *	1436	1416	1434	406	10%	May	15	July
		5%	24	170	23	Apr	85%	Jan
Century Shares Trust 1		24	416	300 285	314	May	24	Aug
Copper Range25 East Gas & Fuel Assn—			278	200	073	Apr	535	Jan
Common*		1%	1%	50	1	Apr	1%	Jan
41/3% prior pref100	26	22	27	1,310	16	June	27	Aug
6% preferred100	1234	115%	14	185	656	July	14	Aug
Eastern Mass St Ry-		1						
Adjustment 100		4	4	205	3	Apr	436	May
Economy Grocery Stores.*		17	17	50	14	Jan	17%	Mar
Employers Group*	23 %	23 %	24	347	18%	Apr	24	Jan
Gillette Safety Rasor*	-61/2	616	6%	49	5%	Apr	8	Jan
Hathaway Bakeries—	30	30	30	20	20	Jan	30	A
Preferred* Isle Royal Copper Co15	00	1	1	180	34	Apr	2%	Aug
Loews Theatres (Boston)25		151/4	1516	5	13%	Jan	16	July
Maine Cen-		/8	2078		10/4	3411	10	July
5% cum pref100		1714	1714	10	10	Apr	18	Jan
Mass Utilities Assoc v t c. 1	2 %	2%	2%	716	2	Jan	21/4	July
Mergenthaler Linotype *		17	1736	63	17	Mar	221/2	Jan
Narragansett Racing Assn						-	***	_
Ine1	5	4%	5	842	3%	Jan		June
National Tunnel & Mines.	118%	1195	134	40 346	114	Aug	120	Jan
New England Tel & Tel 100 N Y N H & H RR100	34	118%	3/8	125	10336	June	136	Aug
North Butte2.50	35e	32c	35c	1,450		July	1.00	Jan
Old Colony RR—	000	020	000	1,7400	000	July	1.00	Dikti
Common 100		34	34	45	35e	June	1.50	Jan
(Ctfs of dep)		36	3/6	200		June	80c	Jan
Pacific Mills Co*	121/4	113%	12 %	88	9%	Mar	1414	Jan
Pennsylvania RR50	16%	1634	181/6	580	15%	Apr	2436	Jan
		1	- 1	175		June	3	Jan
Reece Folding Machine 10	101	13%	136	600	1	July	11/2	Jan
Shawmut Assn T C	1014	1014	10%	555	814	Apr	11	Mar
Stone & Webster* Suburban Elec Secs Co—	*****	113%	1214	440	073	Apr	1736	Jan
2d preferred*		44	44	10	44	Aug	45%	Jan
Corrington Co (The)	27	27	28	434	2234	Feb		Mar
Inion Twist Drill5	20	20	21	20	17	Feb	2434	Apr
Inited Shoe Mach Corp. 25	82	82	8614	967	7136	Apr	8714	July
6% eum pref25	45	45	47 16	71	4136	Apr	4814	Aug
tah Metal & Tunnel Co. 1		62c	63e	1,250	50e	Apr	85c	
Vermont & Mass Ry Co100		84	84	10	6914	Jan		July
Valdorf System	7	7	736	160	536	Apr	7%	July
Bonds-								
Eastern Mass St Rv-				'				
Series A 41/6 1948		90%	91	841,000	80	Apr	94 .	June
Series B 5s1948		94	94	1,000	80	Apr	96	June
Series D 6s1948'_		100 1	10114	4.050	91	Jan'	102	July

# CHICAGO SECURITIES Listed and Unlisted

Paul H. Davis & Co.

Members Principal Exchanges

Bell System Teletype

Trading Dept. CGO. 405-406 Municipal Dept. CGO. 521 10 S. La Salle St., CHICAGO

Chicago Stock Exchange

Aug. 5 to Aug. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

A STATE OF THE PARTY OF	Friday Last Sale	Week's		Sales for Week	Range	Since J	an. 1,	1939
Stocks- Par				Shares	Lo	w	Hts	h
Abbott Laboratories— Common (new)	*****	63 14 36 14 9 14 5 14	6436 3736 936 6	155 160 20 300	53 14 31 34 8 5 14	Apr Apr Jan July	65 43 916 916	July Jan July Jan

For footnotes see page 1007.

cl	k Exchanges								
		Frida; Last Sale	Week'	s Range Prices	Week	Range	e Since		
ts	Stocks (Continued) Pa	Price	Low	H4g)		-	Apr	High 914	
9	Allied Laboratories com	* 17¾ 0 9½	17	17%	1,100 350	11 5	Apr Apr	1734 10	Ju'y
ar	Allis-Chalmers Mfg Co Amer Pub Service pref_10 Amer Tel & Tel Co cap_10	0	90	4 34 % 90 4 168 ½	10	59	Jan	47% 94 170%	July
ly	Armour & Co common	3 1/8		7 4	850 158	33	May	6.34	Jan Jan
ne	Associates Inv Co com		0/	8 074	150 500	30	Apr		June
ly ly	Aviation Corp (Del)	2	153 153	4 1/4 2 4 15 1/4	650	2	Apr Jan	8% 4 15%	Jan
ar ar	Bastian-Blessing Co com16 Belden Mfg Co com16	9%	17%	1814	520 50	10	Apr	181/2 111/4	July Jan
in ie in	Belmont Radio Corp Bendix Aviation com	23 1/2	23 h	4 24 34	1,210	16%	Apr Apr Jan	6 1/4 29 1/4 10 1/4	Jan May
n y	Bliss & Laughlin Inc com_5 Borg Warner Corp—	20	19%	20	700	1314		20%	Mar
y	Brach & Sons cap	23 1/4 21 1/4	23 21 ½	24%	700 250		Jan	32 22	Jan June
M	Common1		25	25	100 50	2014	Apr	734 2534	Jan July
g	Bruce Co (E T) com5 Burd Piston Ring com1	2	10 2 634	10 2 71/2	100	2	June	17¼ 3¼ 9	Jan Mar
g	5% conv preferred30 Campbell W&CanFdy cap*	211/2	21 34	21 ½ 11 ½	1,072 150 120	1814 914	Apr Apr	23% 16%	Jan Mar Jan
	Castle & Co (A M) com10 Central Cold Storage com20	13	18 13	18 13¾	50 110	16 121/2	Apr Jan	23½ 15	Jan Jan
-	Cent Ill Pub Ser \$6 pref. • Central Illinois Secur— Common		7434		690 450	64%	May	7634	July
-	Central 8 W Common	136	13%	1%	2,200	1	Apr	136	Jan
-	Prior lien pref	65	65 107 5¾	67 107 614	180 10 70	100 214	Jan Jan Apr	71 112 714	Aug July Aug
y	Cent States P & Lt pref* Chain Belt Co com Chicago Corp common*	136	17%	18	200 3,750	15	Jan Apr	19 21/4 381/4	July Jan
E	Chie Flexible Shaft com. 5		36 73	36 73	200 50 100	33 62	June	38 14 78 14	Mar Mar Jan
	Chic & N'west Ry com_100 Chicago Rivet & Mach cap4 Chicago Towel—		634	636	10	6 %	Apr	81/2	Jan
1	Conv pref		72½ 112	72 1/2 112	100	6714 107%	Jan June	73 112	Aug
r	Chic Yellow Cab Co* Chrysler Corp common5 Cities Service Co	78%	81/4 781/4	834 8054	145 480	53 16	Apr	91/4 841/4	July July
	(New) common10 Club Aluminum Utensil*	5% 2%	5%	51/2 25/8	200 550	5% 2%	Aug Jan	314	Feb Mar
	Coleman L'p & Stove com * Commonwealth Edison— New capital	301/4	29 30	29 31 1/6	11,100	18%	Jan Apr	29 31%	July
	Compressed Ind Gases cap5 Consol Biscuit com1	13	13	1314	250 550	9	Apr	15% 6% 9%	Jan Mar
	Consolidated Oil Corp* Consumers Co— V. t e pt sh pref50	6%	6%	7 % 4 %	1,295	6%	Aug	7%	Jan Jan
	Container Corp of A com 20 Continental Steel com*		10% 25%	10%	50 50	934	Apr	161/2 251/4	Jan July
	Crane Co com25 Cudahy Packing pref. 100	48	19%	21 1/2 48	609	19%	July	37 % 73	Jan Mar
	CunninghamDrugStores21/4 Dayton Rubber Mfg com. * Class A pref	18%	18 1/4 14 1/4 30	18¾ 14¾ 30	700 150 70	12¼ 9 23	Apr Apr Apr	19 1714 3014	Aug Jan July
	Dexter Co (The) com5		1814	193%	60 280	15%	Apr Jan	23%	May Mar
	DiamondTMotor Car com2 Dixie-Vortex— Common *		6%	10%	50		June	91/4	Jan Jan
	Dodge Mfg Corp com*. Eddy Paper Corp (The)*		9	15%	100 200	6	Apr Feb	9¼ 19¼ ;	Aug June
	Elec Household Util cap.5 Elgin Nati Watch Co15. Fairbanks-Morse com*		3 22 31 1/4	3 1/4 22 1/2 31 1/4	350 850 60	256 171/2 241/6	Apr Apr		May Aug Jan
1	Fitz Simons & C D & D cm*. Four-Wheel Drive Auto_10.		1314	1314	200 200	1014	Apr	141/4	Jan Mar
	Fox (Peter) Brewing com_5. Fuller Mfg Co com1	1514	31/4 151/4	31/6 151/4	150 100 100	10 2 11 %	Jan Jan	314 .	Mar July Aug
	Gardner Denver Co com* General Finance Corp com1 General Foods com*		2 3/4 45 3/4	236	100 201	3636	Apr Apr Jan	47%	July July
13	General Motors Corp10 Gillette Safety Rasor com*	46 % 6 %	46 % 6 %	4814	1,442 375	3714 5%		814	Jan
	Goodyear T & Rub com* Goossard Co (H W) com*	1134	11½ 26¾ 11¼	111/4 28/4 11/4	100 404 300	10 21 %	Apr Apr Apr	3716	Jan Jan July
1	Hall Printing Co com10	24 14 1/6	24 14	25 1/4 15 1/4	650 850	18%	Apr	27¼ 15½	Feb Aug
li	Hamilton Mfg A pt pref_10 - Helleman Brew Co G cap_1 Hein Werner Motor Parts 3 -	8%	5 8% 8%	5 9 8%	40 400 200	6%	Jan Jan Apr	916 .	Mar Aug May
11	Hibb-Spencer-Bart com.25 Hormel & Co com A* Houdaille-Hershey cl B*	3514	35 26	35¾ 26	140 50	2314	Jan Apr	37 26	Jan Aug
	Hubbell Harvey Inc com_5 Hupp Motors com1		11 1/4 10 1/4 1/4	12 1/4 10 1/2	283 100 1,100			1214	Jan Feb Jan
li	Illinois Brick Co10	4	1136	12%	150 237	936	Apr	2014	Jan Jan
1	ndiana Steel Prods com1 _		18 2%	18 234 7936	150 137	214 1	une	4 .	Jan Jan Jan
1	nternational Harvest com* .		77 1/6 51 1/6	52 3/8	392	4916	Apr	66 h	Mar
1	New com	131/2	5%	516	2,650 550 500	336	Apr Feb	5% J	uly uly
1	Kellogg Switchboard com. * Ken-RadTube&L'p em A * Kentucky Util jr eum pf. 50	7%	7% 8 43%	7¾ 8 43¼	100 320	6 29	Apr	814 N	far uly
E	6% preferred100 Keryln Oil el A com5	95	95	95 1/2	110	69%	Jan 1	96 J	Apr
I	cingsbury Brewing cap_1 eath & Co com Cumulative pref	34	31/6 26	3 1/4 26	50 100 50	236	Apr Apr Jan	314 J	Jan une Lug
1	\$3½ preferred*		27	29	70	25. J	une :	3234 N	far
I	Andsay Lt & Chem com. 10 Aon Oil Ref Co com*		2¾ 13 15¼	2% 13% 15%	100 35 120	1214		20 3	Jan Jan
N	AcCord Rad el A		30 5%	30	770	25 N	fay 3	8 1	lan lan
l N	farshall Field com	13%	1334	14%	2,900				uly Ian
N	Prior preferred*  fickelberry's Food com. 1	3	3	314	20 550	26 M	Apr	18½ I	eb an
N.	fidland United—	8%	8%	9%	9,800			10% A	ug
-	Convertible preferred *	21/4	2%	3	2,2501	2 J	ane,	5% N	far

	Friday Last		Range	Sales	Range I	Since J	an. 1.	19 39
Stocks (Concluded) Par	Sale Price	Low P	High	Week Shares	Lo	w 1	HU	10
Midland Util-		1631						
6% prior lien	514	514	7	150	5/8	Feb	736	July
7% preferred A		7 54	7/8	500		Jan Feb		Apr
7% prior lien100		7	714	200 310	2 %	Jan	3	Feb
Madine Mfg com		17	17	50	16	Apr	22	Jan
7% preferred A		4316		50	4036	Jan	45	May
			3.50					-
Common		49%		1,187	40%	Apr	5534	July
Mountain States Pw prf100		16436	165	130 150	153	May Mar	171 68	June
Muskegon Mot Spec ci A.*		901/	67 1/4 20 1/4	20	14	Jan	2014	Aug
Nachman Springfilled com*	8	8	0		6	Apr	814	July
National Battery Co pref. *		351/2	36	70	301/4	Jan	3614	June
Nati Bond & Invest com*			.131/2	10	10%	Apr	15%	Jan
Nati Rep Invest Tr pref		1	1	10 200	16	Apr	22	Jan
National Standard com. 10 Noblitt-Sparks Ind com 5	211/4	21 1/4	21 1/2	3,250	1614	Apr	30	Aug
Nor Amer Car com20	214	214	214	100	2	Aug	3	Jan
Northwest Bancorn com *	914	914	934	1,000	636	Apr	10	July
N'west Eng Co com.		914	934	100	141/2	Jan	2014	Mai
N'West Util—	1			100		A	001/	A
7% preferred100	22 1/2	22 1/4 14 3/4		180 50	11 131/4	Apr	26 1/2	Aug
Omnibus Corp v t c com* Penn RR capital50		16%		400	1514	May	2436	Jan
Peoples G Lt&Coke cap 100		371/8	39	74	30%	Apr	40%	Feb
Perfect Circle (The) Co*		2734	2734	10	24	Apr	29	Ma
Potter Co (The) com1		94	5/4	50	36	June	3/6	Jan
Pressed Steel Car com1		7 1/4	71/8	50	616	Apr	141/2	Jan
Quaker Oats Co common.		124 155	125 155	200 40	108%	Apr June	125 157	Aug
Preferred100 Rollins Hosiery Mills com 1		13%		300	11/4	May	234	Jan
Sangamo Elec Co com*		30 34	31 1/2	150	22 1/4	Apr	32%	Mar
Schwitzer Cummins cap1		73%	73/6	50	7%	Apr	10	Mai
Sears Roebuck & Co com.	76	75%	78%	850	60 1/6	Apr	8014	July
Signode Steel Strap—	28	28	28	40	2214	Mar	2914	July
Preferred30 So Bend Lathe Wks cap5	1914	1914		100	1614	Apr	20	Mai
Spiegei Ine com	1074	102/	1134		934	June	1616	Mar
St Joseph Lead cap10		36	36	10	323%	Apr	425%	Jac
St Louis Natl Stkyds cap. *	6814	6814	74	80	65	May	75	Feb
Standard Dredge-		11/4	11/	200	114	Tunn	234	Jan
Common	10	9%	13%	200	9	June	1314	Feb
Standard Oli of Ind25	x2436	243%	25	883	23 14	Apr	2934	Jan
Sterling Brewers Inc com 1		234	234	2,100	214	Apr	2914	Mar
Stewart-Warner5		7%	814	268	7	Apr	121/2	Jan
Sunstrand Mach Tool com5	81/2	834	81/2	250 531	7	Apr	1034	Mar
Swift International15	2734 1736	26¾ 17¾	27¼ 17%	1,800	24 1/6	July	2814	Jan
Swift & Co			314	100	3	Mar	314	Jan
Union Carb & Carbon cap *	77	77	831/4	355	66	Apr	90%	Jan
United Air Lines Tr cap. 5		- 11%	1214	529	73%	Apr	13%	Mar
U S Gypsum Co com20		8214	85%	48	773%	Apr	11236	Jan
Utah Radio Products com *		15%	1%	150	114	Apr	2%	June
Utilities & Indust—		82	84	100	14	Jan	36	Feb
Conv preferred 7		136	134	800	11%	Apr	1%	Feb
Wahl Co com*		13%	1.96	300	84	Feb	134	Aug
Common 5 Conv preferred 7 Wahl Co com * Walgreen Co common *	21 34	21 34	2236	810	1536	Apr	23 14	July
Western Un Telek com, 100	24.9%	24.78	26%	457	16%	Apr	28	Aug
Whouse El & Mfg com. 50		10114	106 1/4	140	8314	Apr	119%	Jan
Wieboldt Stores Inc com. * Wisconsin Bankshrs com. *	4.5-2	456	456	50 650	3%	July	514	Mar
Woodall Indust com2	278	4%	4 36	200	3	Apr	5%	Jan
Wrigley (Wm Jr) cap *		83%	841/4	254	7436	Apr	85%	July
Wrigley (Wm Jr) cap* Zenith Radio Corp com*	1814	18	191/4	2,500	12	Apr	2236	Jan
Bonds-		210		1300				
Commonwealth Edison—	100	100	100	94 000	10*		10414	A
deb 31/251958	120	120	123	\$4,000	105	Apr.	1243%	Aug

Cincinnati Listed and Unlisted Securities

## W. D. GRADISON & CO.

Members
New York Stock Exchange Cincinnati Stock Exchange New York Stock Exchange
DIXIE TERMINAL BUILDING, CINCINNATI, O.
Telephone: Main 4884 Teletype: CIN 68

#### Cincinnati Stock Exchange

Aug. 5 to Aug. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last Sale		Range	Sales for Wask	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1939
Stocks- Par	Price	Low	High		Lo	w	Hu	n A
Gibson Art*		2914	2914	18	25	Apr	30	July
Hilton-Davis1		1514	15%	20	15%	Aug	18	Jan
Hobart A*		4314	431/2	30	3436	Jan	4336	Aug
Kahn	1114	1114	1134	5	8	Jan	13	July
1st pref100		104	104	6	100	Jan	104	Aug
Kroger*	2634	26%	2914	661	2056	Apr	2914	Aug
Leonard		2	2	16	2	Jan	214	Jan
Nash25	55550	20	20	10	18	Jan	20	Jan
P & G *		60%	6214	1.009	5034	Apr	6334	Aug
Randall A*		15	15	25	1436	Jan	16	Feb
Randall A*  Aluminum Industries*		6	6	8	3	Mar	6	June
Amer Laundry Mach 20		1614	16%	607	15	Apr	1734	Mar
Am Prod part pref*			634	30	434	Mar	634	Aug
Rugger Browing *		274	2 1/8	150	134	Jan	2%	Aug
Champ Paper & Fibre* Preferred100		19	19	106	19	Aug	28	Jan
Preferred 100	1	10034	100 16	10	98	June	10116	Mar
Cin Gas & Elec pref 100	107	106%	10734	101	10314	Jan	10934	June
Cin Street50		2	214	277	136	June	3	Jan
Cin Telephone50	9736	98%	98	250	88	Jan	9934	July
Cin Union Stock Yard *			15	95	10	Jan	15	Mar
Dayton Michigan		3214	3214	10	3214	Aug	3814	Feb
Dow Drug*		214	214	50	2	July	316	ADE
Eagle-Picher 10		10%	10%	100	736		1436	Jan
Early & Daniel pref 100			110	10	109	Apr	112	Jan
U S Playing Card 10		37	37	40	2734	Jan	38	July
US Printing*		136	1%	200	1	Feb	2	July
Preferred50	814		814	244	434	Apr	814	Aug
Wurlizter10		834	9	195	6	Apr	936	July
Preferred 100	9214		921/2	75	73	Feb	93	July

Cleveland Stock Exchange Aug. 5 to Aug. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

Week's Range of Prices Low High Range Since Jan. 1, 1939 Low Akron Brass Mfg..... Amer Coach & Body.... Am Home Prod..... 7% 7% 6 6 a53% 253% 7% 6% Apr 6 June 714 Feb 814 Feb

For footnotes see page 1007.

#### Ohio Listed and Unlisted Securities Members Cleveland Stock Exchange



felephone: CHerry 5050 A. T. & T. OLEV. 565 & 566

	Tiday Last Sale	Week's		Sales for Week	Range	Since .	Jan. 1,	1939
		Low	High	Shares	Lo	10	His	h
Brewing Corp of Amer 3		a6%	a6 1/4	75	614			
City Ice & Fuel * Preferred 100		a12% a93		44	9	Apr	14%	May
Clark Controller		17	a93	465	15	June	20	Mar
Clev Cliffs Iron pref*		50	51	148	43	May		Mar
		a11012		6	112	Apr		May
Cleveland Railway 100 -			1734	101	16	Apr		
Cliffs Corp v t e		15	1516	415	13	July	1636	July
Eaton Mfg*		a24 %	a25%	45	20%	May	2034	May
Elec Controller		50	50	50	49	July	70	Jan
Fostoria Pressed Steel *		234	2%	40	214	Feb	2%	July
Goodrich (B F)*		a18	a19%	180				
				8		July	34	Feb
Hanna (M A) \$5 cum prf. *			103	5		May	1011	Mar
Jaeger Machine		17%	17%	93	15	Apr	2214	Mar
Kelley Isl Lime & Tran* Lamson & Sessions*	14	14	14	124 200	12	Apr	1436	Jan
Lamson & Sessions		314	3%	200	2%	July	4%	Jan
Medusa Port Cement*	15	15	15	125	14	Apr	1736	Mar
		60	60	18	60	Feb	60	Feb
Midland Steel Products *		a26 1/4	a27 %	60				
National Refining (new) * National Tile*	3 %	3%	3%	100		May	51/6	Feb
Ohio Brass B	1 23	181/2	1834	167 25	17	Jan	25%	Mar
Diehman Pros		3734	3814	1.312	30	Apr	3814	Aug
solberling Rubber		7	7	100	614	Jan	8	Mar
Richman Bros * seiberling Rubber * Stouffer Corp A *	35	35	35	15	34	Jan	35	Feb
Upson-Walton1	334	316	334	295	3	July		Jan
Warren Refining2		1	1	349	3/6	July	156	Jan
Youngstown Sheet & Tube*		a38%	a38 %	110				

#### WATLING, LERCHEN & Co.

New York Stock Exchange Detroit Stock Exchange

New York Curb Associate Chicago Stock Exchange

**Buhl Building** Telephone: Randolph 5530

#### **Detroit Stock Exchange**

Aug. 5 to Aug. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last Sale	Week's		Sales for Week	Range Stace	Jan. 1,	1939
Stocks Par	Price	Low Pr	High	Shares	Low	Hig	h
Allen Electric com1	11/2	11/2	11/2	200	1¼ Feb		Jan
Bohn Alum & Brass com5 Briggs Mfg com*	21	20%	20%	100 960	20¼ July 17 Apr	23¼ 31¾	Jan Jan
Burroughs Add Mach*	12	12	13%	906	11% Apr	18%	Jan
Burry Biscuit com 121/2 c		13%	11/2	650	1% Aug	23%	Jan
Chamb Met Weath com 5	******	414	414	100	414 Apr		Jan
Chrysler Corp com5		77%	7935	1,314	56% Apr 13 Jan		Mar
Consolidated Paper com_10 Det & Cleve Nav com10		80e		$\frac{100}{2,200}$	13 Jan 70c May	1.25	Aug
Detroit Edison com 100		122	123	122	101 Apr		July
Det Gray Iron com5		136	114	300	116 Apr		Feb
Det-Mich Stove com1	134	134	136	435	1¼ July	2	Jan
Det Paper Prod com1		1	136	625	88c July	21/6	Jan
Durham		136	11%	100	1 Feb	13%	Feb
Ex-Cell-O Aircraft com3		1816	1814	300	15 Apr 12 Apr	23%	Jan
Federal Mogul com*		17	1714	510 200	12 Apr 4 Apr	18	July
Gar Wood Ind com3 General Finance com1		21/2	21/2	200	1% Apr	274	July
General Motors com10	461/9	4616	4736	2.967	38 Apr	511/2	Mar
Goebel Brewing com1		214	214	415	2 Mar	234	Jan
Graham-Paige com1	62c		62c	400	62e July	1.25	Jan
Grand Valley Brew com1		30c	30e	500	30e Jan	450	Mar
Hall Lamp com* Hoskins Mfg com* Houdaille-Hershey B* Hudson Motor Car com*	254	254	234	400	2 Apr	314	Aug
Hoskins Mfg com*	*****	13%	13%	201	13 July	16	Jan
Houdaille-Hershey B*	115%	115%	123%	1,078	9 Apr	17	Feb
Hudson Motor Car com *		514	5%	325	4% Apr	8%	Jan
		51e	55e 43e	600	41c June 42c June	76e 55e	Jan Jan
Kinsel Drug com	*****	43e	114	100	1 Jan	13%	Jan
La Salle	*****	314	31/2	241	2% Apr	31/2	July
Note that the second se		236	21/8	100	1% Jan	214	Feb
Mich Silica		68c	68c	400	55c June	96c	Mar
McClanahan Oil com1	19c	16c	19c	2,400	12e Apr		Jan
Mich Steel Tube Prod.2.50	7	7 50e	7½ 67c	4,050	5 June 30e June	8 67c	Mar
Mich Sugar com*		4	514	1,276	2½ Jan	514	Aug
Mich Sugar pref10 Motor Products co*		1234	131/2	481	10 Apr	181/2	Jan
Motor Wheel com5		16	16	240	10% Apr	16%	July
Murray Corp com10	514	51%	5%	585	4% June	81/6	Jan
Packard Motor Car com *		314	31/2	935	3 Apr	456	Jan
Parke Davis com*	41%	4136	41%	1,367	36 Apr	. 4314	Mar
Parker Rust-Proof com 2.00		. 1814	1814	175	1214 Apr	1814	Aug
Penin Metal Prod com1	117	114	134	460 500	136 Apr	2%	Jan
Prudential Investing com_1	1%	134	136	1,217	1% Apr 1 Apr	214 134	Mar Feb
Reo Motor com5 River Raisin Paper com*	21/2	214	216	250	1% June	3	July
Standard Tube B com1	136	1%	136	500	114 Apr	214	Jan
Sheller Mfg1		4	4%	400	3% July	5	Apr
Timken-Det Axle com10	1436	14%	1435	605	10% Apr	18%	Jan
Tivol Brewing com1	23%	23%	23%	687	21/4 Apr	31/6	Jan
Tom Moore Dist com1		30c	30c	100	15c July	55e	Jan
Union Investment com*	*****	3%	334	100 600	2 Apr	3%	Jan
United Shirt Dist com* United Specialties1		378	3 22	100	2% May 3 Aug		Mar
United Specialities	5	5	514	575	2% Jan		Aug
Warner Aircraft com1		85e	85c	200	75e July		Mar
Wolverine Brew com1		12e	12e	900	12e June		Mar
Wolverine Tube com2		534	5%	200	5 Apr	736	July
Young Spring & Wire*		111%	11%	232	10 June	19	Jan

Chicago Board of Trade San Francisco Stock Exchange Los Angeles Stock Exchange

523 W. 6th St. Los Angeles Teletype L.A. 290

#### Los Angeles Stock Exchange

Aug. 5 to Aug. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

Aug. 5 to Aug. 11, bo	Frida Last	WI	s Range	Sales	1		Jan. 1	
Stocks— Pa	Sale	of I	Prices High	Week		ow		igh
Bandini Petroieum Co Bolsa-Chica Oil A com10	57		4 634 4 234	8,795 525	39	i Jar		Ma Ma
Broadway Dept Store	43	6 43	4 43/4	154 35	43	& Aus	8	Ja
Central Invest Corp100 Chrysler Corp	12½ 78¾	773	4 801/2	273	61	May	835	& Jul
Chrysler Corp	5%	6 67	8 7	764 200		Aug Mar	93	á Ja
Consolidated Steel Corp Preferred	10 %	10	101/2	1,325	73	4 Mai	113	& Au
Creameries of Amer v t c1 Electrical Products Corp_4	0 1/4			350 630		a Feb		
Emsco Derrick & Equip5	81/	81	8 814	400	63	Apr	103	5 Ja
Exeter Oil Co A com1	11%		e 52½c	1,000 230				e Ja
Fitzimmons Store Farmers & Merchs Natl 100	a385	a385	a385	5 523	360	Jan	399	Ma
General Motors com10 General Telephone Corp.20	46% a17%	46 a173	481/4 6 a171/6	21	165			Ma Au
Gladding-McBean & Co *	26%	73	7 1/2	325 607	243	Apr	9%	Ja
Goodyear Tire & Rubber.* Hancock Oll Co A com*	39	39	40	420	33	Apr	423	
Holly Development Co1 Hupp Motor Car Corp1	921/20	87 1/2		1,600 450	85		23	
Lincoln Petroleum Co10c			6	2,275	5	e July	14	c Ap
Lockheed Aircraft Corp1 Los Ang Industries Inc2	241/2	24 1/4	251/2	875 432	2234	Apr	36%	
Menasco Mfg Co1	21/4	21/4	21/2	2,062	2	June	5%	Ja
Mt Diablo Oil M & D1 Nordon Corp Ltd1	450 60			1,000	45		10	
Oceanic Oil Co1	47c	470	47e	100	45	e July	85	c Jai
Pacific Clay Products* Pacific Distillers Inc1	51/4 a10e	a100	a10e	200 500	254	e Feb	7 ½ 30	Jan
Pacific Finance pref A10	1214	1214	1214	25	1114	Apr	1134	Ap
Preferred C10 Pacific Gas & Elec com25	10 1/2 33 1/8	10 1/4	33 5/8	100 180	28	Apr	34	Au
51/2% 1st pref25	31 1/8	311/4	311/8	100 250	2914	Jan	31 34	July
Pacific Indemnity Co10 Pacific Lighting com*	34¼ 50	50	34 ½ 50	317	27 ¼ 43	Jan Jan	50	July
Pacific P S 1st pref* Richfield Oil Corp com*	22%	22%	22 1/8	100 971	20 6¾	May	22 ¾ 10 ¼	
Warrants	1%	15%	15/8	200	1 34	July	314	Jan
Roberts Public Markets2 Ryan Aeronautical Co1	516	516	7 1/6	3,361 4,187	314	Jan	7%	Aug
Safeway Stores Inc *	45	45	46 %	125	30 14	Mar	481/	Aug
Signal Oil & Gas Co A* So Calif Edison Co Ltd25	281/2 281/8	281/2	281/2	1,566	2414	Apr	32 1/2 28 1/4	Jan
6% preferred B25	29%	291/2	29 %	844	28%	Apr	29¾ 29¼	June
6% preferred B25 51/2% preferred C25 So Calif Gas 6% pref_25	28½ a34	28½ a34	28 1/8 a34	657 50	32	Jan Jan	33 34	June
Southern Pacific Co100 Standard Oil Co of Calif*	13 ¼ 25 ¼	13 ¼ 25 ¼	14¼ 25½	1,013	10% 25%	Apr	21 % 30 %	Jan Mar
Taylor Milling Corp*	9	9	9	117	7 1/2 5 1/2	Apr	101/4	June
Transamerica Corp2 Union Oil of Calif25	16%	5 1/2 16 1/4	16%	3,668 1,926	1614	June July	7% 19%	Jan Mar
Van deKamp'sH D Bakers*	934	934	934	100	8	Jan	934	Aug
Weber Shwese & Fix 1st pf* Wellington Oil Co of Del_1	31/2	a7 1/2	31/2	2,000	2%	Apr	634	July
YosemitePtldCement prf10	31/6	31/8	31/6	200	31/6	Aug	3%	Jan
Mining— Alaska-Juneau Gold 10	a7 %	a736	a7 3/6	100	7%	June	10	Jan
Black Mammoth Consoll0c Calumet Gold10c	18	18	19	2,500 8,000	140	July	30e	Jan Jan
Cardinal Gold Min1	20e	140	20c	3,470	63%c	Jan	20c	Aug
Unlisted— Amer Rad & Std Sanl*	a1054	a10%	a1054	25	1114	Apr	18%	Jan
Amer Smelting & Refg	a43 1/8	a43 1/4	a44 1/2	60	42%	June	44	July
Amer Tel & Tel Co100 Anaconda Copper50	163 1/8	163 1/6	168¾ 26¾	524 159	2134	Apr	168¼ 38¼	Jan
Aviation Corp (The (Del)3	4	4	4	227	4	July	836	Jan
Bendix Aviation Corp5 Borg-Warner Corp5	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2	120	1914	Mar	2914	Feb May
Caterpillar Tractor Co*	a40 1/8	a40 %	a44	140	42	July	52 34	Mar
Columbia Gas & Elec* Commonwealth & South*	736	71/2 13/6	734	500 40	134	Apr	81/4	Feb Feb
Curtiss-Wright Corp1	a24 36	5	5 1/8 a24 1/8	390 50	24	Mar	734	Jan Mar
Electric Power & Light *	934	934	93/8	150	736	Apr	1234	Jan
General Electric Co*	a35¾	a34 1/4 (	a371/4	260 102	33 1/4	June	4234	Mar June
ioogrich (B F) Co	19 1/8	19	19%	885	16%	May	23	Mar
intl Nickel Co of Canada.* Kennecott Copper Corp*	34 3/8	34%	34 3/8	80 110	45¼ 30	May	39 14	Jan Jan
	a50 14	a49 34 6	250%	262	45	Apr	3914	July
New York Central RR* Nor American Aviation1	14%	14 %	14 % 16 %	250 885	131/4	Apr	1936	Jan Jan
North American Co	24	24	24 1/4	565	19%	Apr	1936	Mar
Packard Motor Car Co* Radio Corp of Amer*	3 1/2 5 1/2	31/2	314	200	536	Apr	816	Jan Mar
Radio-Keith-Orpheum*	2	2	2	50	13%	Apr	23%	Mar
			16 277 1/8	70	69%	July	76	Jan
Southern By Co	111/4	111%	111/4	329 65	111%	Aug May	13%	Jan Mar
standard Oil Co (N J)25	a40 ¼	40 1/4 c	241 1/8	131	44%	Apr	50%	Jan
studebaker Corp1	7 1/6 a 17 1/6	7 3/6 173/6 0	734	325 160	1714	Apr	1714	July
Texas Corp (The)25	33 1/8	33 1/8	35	306	39 %	June	46 14	Jan
Tide Wate Assoc Oil Co_10 Inion Carbide & Carben.*	a9 1/4 a78 3/6	a9 1/8 a78 1/4 a	182 1/4	20	7136	Apr	14%	Mar Feb
Inited Aircraft Corp5	9361/2	a3616 6	137 1/8	140	35	Apr	41 %	Feb
In ited Corp (The) (Del).* United States Rubber Co 10	41 %	41%	43	50 788	35	May	3¾ 51¼	Feb Jan
S Steel Corp*	04756	a47 % a	150 1/4	594	44	June	69	Jan
Vestinghouse Elec & Mfg50 a	101%10	101 /80	100 1/2 1	89]	103%	Mar	110	Jan

#### Philadelphia Stock Exchange

Aug. 5 to Aug. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

Stocks— Par		Friday Last Sale	Week's Range of Prices		Sales jor Week	Range Since Jan. 1, 1939			
					Shares	Low		High	
American Stores American Tel & Tel Barber Co	100 .10		12 % 163 % 12 %	13½ 168¼ 12¾	395 155 100	81/4 1481/4 11	Apr Apr Apr	14 % 170 % 20 ¼	July Mar Jan

	Friday Last Sale		Range	Sales for Week	Range	Stace	Jan. 1,	1939
Stocks (Concluded) Par			High		Lo	10	Hu	gh
Bell Tel Co of Pa pref100	12214	12214	1223/4	109	11736	Apr	124	Mar
Budd (E G) Mfg Co*		434	5%	320	41/8	Apr	816	Jan
Budd Wheel Co*		4	4	100	31/8	Apr	51/2	Jan
Budd Wheel Co* Chrysler Corp5		773%	7936	202	58 5%	Apr	84%	Mar
Electric Storage Battery 100	27 1/8	27%	29	457	23 1/8	Apr	301/6	Jan
General Motors10	45%	45%	47%	833	36 1/2	Apr	51%	Mar
Horn& Hardart (Phil) com *		1211/2	122	15	112	Apr	12514	Mar
Lehigh Coal & Navigation *		21/8	2%	1,196	1 1/8	June	334	Jan
Lehigh Valley50		3%	33/8	50	3%	Aug	51/2	Jan
Natl Power & Light*	914	934	91/2	650	6 3/4	Apr	9%	Aug
Pennroad Corp v t c1	13%	13/8	15%	908	1	Feb	214	Feb
Pennsylvania RR 50	16 %	161/2	1816	2,930	15%	Apr	241/2	Jan
Penna Salt Mfg50		1471/2	147 1/2	10	136	Apr	165	Jan
Phila Elec Pow pref 25	30	2934	301/8	951	2914	Apr	30%	Jan
Phila Rapid Transit 50		21/8	23%	200	1 3/8	Mar	31/4	July
7% preferred50		314	33%	202	21/2	June	414	Mar
Philadelphia Traction 50		81/4	814	388	6%	Feb	914	Mar
Salt Dome Oil Corp1		714	85%	150	734	Aug	161/2	Jan
Scott Paper*	52	51%	52	264	435%	Apr	521/2	July
Transit Invest Corp		1/2	5/8	116	1/2	Aug	134	Jan
Preferred		1/2	3/4	94	36	Aug	11/4	Mar
United Corp com* Preferred*	274	21/4	31/8	800	2	Apr	35%	Feb
Preferred*	371/8	3716	3914	60	31 %	Jan	40	Aug
United Gas Improve com. *	143/8	13%	141/4	8,946	10%	Apr	14%	Aug
Preferred *	114 %	11436	115%	282	11176	Jan	117	June
Westmoreland Inc*		9 7/8	9	33	714	Apr	9%	July
Westmoreland Coal*		81/2	85%	17	8	Apr	10	Jan
Bonds-								
El & Peoples tr ctfs 4s_1945		8%		\$11,000		Jan		June
Leh Val ann 6s		721/2	721/21	1,000	71	July 1	741/2	June

#### Pittsburgh Stock Exchange

		Friday Last Sale	Week's	Range	Sales for Week	Range	Stnce .	Jan. 1,	1939
Stocks-	Par	Price	Low	High	Shares	Lo	w	Hu	h
Allegheny Ludium St	eel*		16%	175%	243	14%	Apr	2736	Jar
Armstrong Cork Co.			39 1/4	40%	80	34 1/4	June	56 1/4	Jar
Blaw-Knox Co	*	97/8	9 %	11	210	91%	June	171/8	Jar
Byers (A M) com	*		101/4	113/6	100	71/8	Apr	12%	Jar
Columbia Gas & Ele	etric.*	75/8	71/8	75%	573	514	Apr	8 %	Fet
Consolidated Ice con	n*		25e	25c	112	25c	Mar	25e	Mai
Copperweld Steel			1416	141/4	27	111%	Apr	14%	Fet
Devonian Oil Co	10		17	173/2	274	15	Feb	211/6	June
Foliansbee Bros pref	100		101/6	10 1/6	25	636	Apr	13	July
Fort Pitt, Brewing	1	11/4	11/4	11/4	570	90c	Jan	1.50	Feb
Lone Star Gas Co			9	9	180	71/4	Apr	93%	Fet
Mountain Fuel Supp	ly10	4 76	4 7/6	4 3/6	1.185	4	Apr	514	Jar
Nat'l Fireproofing C			11/4	1%	380	11/4	July	3	Jar
Pittsburgh Brewing c	om_ *		134	1 3/8	282	15%	Feb	2	Jar
Pittsburgh Forging (	201		81/2	81/2	100	734	May	113%	Jan
Pittsburgh Plate Gla	8825	1061/4	10414	106%	88	90%	Apr	116%	Mai
Pittsburgh Screw & B	olt*	53%	53%	51/2	95	4 1/6	Apr	916	Jar
United Eng & Found	ry 5		29%	29%	165	25%	Apr	331/4	Mai
Vanadium-Alloys Ste	el*		23	231/2	140	2234	May	2614	Jan
Westinghouse Air Bra	ke*		22	22	75	18	Apr	31%	Jan
Westinghse Elec & M	1fg_50	103 %	101%	108%	198	831/2	Apr	1181/8	Jan
Unlisted-									
Pennroad Corp v t c_	1		114	1141	50	13%	July	236	Jan

#### Alton, Ill.

## Tulsa, Okla FRANCIS, BRO. & CO. ESTABLISHED 1877

#### INVESTMENT SECURITIES

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#### St. Louis Stock Exchange

Aug. 5 to Aug. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

Stocks— Par		Last Week's Range		Sales for Week	Range Since Jan. 1, 1939				
			Low High			Low		High	
A S Aloe Co com.			40	40	6	40	Aug	40	Aug
American Inv com			32	32	20	27	Feb	35	June
Brown Shoe com	*		36	36	30	3014	Jan	36	Aug
Burkart Mfg pref.	*		3114	311/2	10	31	July	3214	Aug
Coca-Cola Bottlini	g com 1		32	32 14	85	31	May	3434	Mar
Collins-Morris Sho	e com1	314	2	35%	2,266	2	Aug	914	Jan
Columbia Brew con	m 5		1214	13	622	634	Apr	15	July
Dr Pepper com		3014	301/4	30%	171	27	Apr	3234	Mar
Falstaff Brew com	11		736	73/6	270	73%	July	83%	June
Griesedieck-West 1	Br com .*	54	54	55	65	46	Jan	5914	June
Hussmann-Ligonie	er com*		1234	121/2	100	10	Apr	1234	Aug
Hyde Park Brew c	om10		56	56 1/2	35	4616		58	June
International Shoe	com*		3334	3414	134	31	May	35	Mar
Johnson-S-S Shoe	com *	7777	15	15	50	14	May	15	Aug
McQuay-Norris co	m *		3434	34	15	2736	Apr	34	Aug
Mo Port Cement e	om25		1016	1114	95	9	Apr	111%	Mar
Natl Candy com_	*		714	71/2	170	6	Apr	10	Feb
StLouis B Bldg Eq	uip com*		214	214	50	2	June	236	May
StLouis B Bldg Eq St Louis Pub Serv	pref A.*		134	134	1	116	May	21/2	Feb
St Louis Screw&Bo	olt com 15		8634	8614	25	7316	Feb	8734	Aug
Scruggs-V-B Inc c	om5		7	736	250	5	Apr	814	July
Scullin Steel com_			7	7	50	6	May	13	June
Sieloff Payking cor	0		616	616	100	614	Aug	814	Apr
Wagner Electric co	m15	251/2	251/2	2734	195	213/2	Apr	321/2	Mar
Bonds-				16					
tCity & Suburb P	S 5s 1934		30	30	\$2,000	2416	Jan	3114	Ang

#### San Francisco Stock Exchange

And Andre	Last	Friday Last Week's Range Sale of Prices		Sales Jor Week	Range Since Jan. 1, 1939			
Stocks- Po		Low	High	Shares	Los	0	His	h
Anglo Calif Natl Bank2 Associated Ins Fund Inc Byron Jackson Co Calaveras Cement com Preferred	0 41/4 * 2.25	9 434 1234 2.25 40	9 4½ 13 2.65 40	130 310 250 211 10	8 1/4 12 2.25 40	Apr Apr Apr Aug Aug	10 ¼ 5 ¼ 17 4.00 46	Jan Feb Jan Mar Apr

Orders solicited on Pacific Coast Stock Exchanges, which are open until 5:30 P. M. Eastern Standard Time (2 P. M. Saturdays)

## Schwabacher & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange
111 Broadway, New York
Cortlandt 7-4150
Private Wire to own offices in San Francisco and

and Los Angeles

	Friday	1		Sales		
	Last Sale	of F	Range	Week		ze Jan. 1, 1939
Stocks (Continued) Par		Low	High		12000	High
Calif Packing Corp com Calif Water Service pref100		103	103 36	389 100	13% Ap 98 Ja	n 104 July
Carson Hill Gold cap1 Catherpillar Trac Co pf 100	10134		101%	50	26c Jun 101¾ Au	g 107   Jan
Cent Eureka Min Co com 1 Chrysler Corp com	80	78	80	619	316 Ap	or 85 Ma
Cons Aircraft Corp com1		2014			103 % Jun 19 % Jun	e 25% Ma
Cons Chemical Indust A* Creameries of Amer v t c.1		514	574		16% Ap	n 5 1/8 July
Doernbecher Mfg Co*		91/4	434	920 200	3½ Fe	b 414 Fel
Emporium Capweil Corp. * Emp Cap Co pref (ww)50		16 ¼ 41 ¾	161/4	300 50	14 Ja 35% Ja	n 4314 July
Emsco Der & Equip Co5 Fireman's Fund Indem10	42	42	42	500 50	634 Ap 37 Ja	n 42 June
Fireman's Fund Ins Co25 Food Machine Corp com 10		94 33 14		140 345	79 16 Ap 21 16 Ap 38 16 Ap	r 33% Aug
General Motors com10 General Paint Corp com*		45%	6	1,257	5 Ap	r 81/4 Jar
Gladding-McBean & Co* Golden State Co Ltd* Greyhound Corp com*		7% 9%	9%	300 1,608	5% Ap	r 934 June
Hale Bros Stores Inc* Holly Development1		1836 14 906	14	114 162	1814 Au 1114 Ap	r 151/2 Mai
Honolulu Oil Corp cap* Honolulu Plantation Co.20	18	18 12	18 13	115 530	89c Jul 18 Ma; 12 Au	y 231/2 Feb
Hunt Brothers com10 Langendorf Utd Bk A*		53e 1814	55e	₫ 500 418	40e Fe	b 55e Mai
Preferred50 Lockheed Aircraft Corp. 1	43 %	43 14	43%	1,060	15 Ap 3814 Jan 2234 Ap	n 45 June
Magnin & Co (I) com* March Calcul Machine5	2472	10	101/2	200 276	10 Jun	e 1614 Mar
Meler & Frank Co Inc10 Menasco Mfg Co com1			10%	1 165 500	9 Jan 2.00 Jun	n 10¾ July
National Auto Fibres com 1 Natomas Co*		714 976	736	11,690	5 Ap 9% May	r 9% Jan
Occidental Insur Co10 Oliver United Filters B*		2618	2616	10 125	23½ Jan 3% May	n 28 Mai
Pacific Coast Aggregates 10 Pacific Gas & Elec com25	331/4	1.50 331/4	1.65	894 72,151	1,40 Ap	2.40 Jan
6% 1st pref25 516% 1st pref25	341/4	34 1/4 30 5/4	34¾ 30¾	12,440 472	311 Fel	b 3514 July
Pacific Light Corp com* Pacific Light Corp \$5 div.*	501/4	50 108¾	5014	1,155	4114 Fel	5014 Aug
Pac Pub Ser com* 1st pref*	5¾ 22	22	6 2214	266 985	105% June 5% Mar 18% Apr	r 716 Jan
Pac Tel & Tel com100	125 152	125 152	125 155	70 30	114 Apr 147 Feb	r 133 June
Preferred100 RE&RCoLtd pref100 Rayonier Incorp com1		38	39¾ 7¾ 2.50	80	7 July	60 Mar
Republic Petrol Co com1 Richfield Oll Corp com		2.50 714	736	100 505	2.10 June 6% Apr	e 3% Jan
Ryan Aeronautical Co1	534	104 1/4	104 16	1,955	5 Mai	108 June
Signal Oil & Gas Co A* Soundview Pulp Co com5		30 14	30	100	26 May 11 Apr	1914 Jan
So Calif Gas pref ser A25 Southern Pacific Co100	133%	33 % 13 %	33 %	1,958	32 Jan 10% Apr	21% Jan
Standard Oil Co of Calif.		2514	2512	1,459	4 1/6 Apr 2514 June	29% Mar
Texas Consolidated Oil1 Tide Wat Ass'd Oil com. 10		20e 10 ¾	25c 10 %	1,000 210	15e June 10¾ Aug	1416 Jan
Preferred * Transamerica Corp 2 Treadwell Yukon Ltd 1	5%	90 1/4 5 1/4 16c	90 1/2 5 % 17e	5,168 3,703	90 July 51/4 May 16c Aug	7% Jan
Union Oil Co of Calif 25		16%	16%	480 420	166 Aug 1614 June 814 Apr	19% Jan
United Air Lines Corp	151/2	1516	16%	670 379	12 Apr 614 May	171/2 July
Wells-Fargo Bk & U T_100 Western Pipe & Steel Co_10	1234		296 1234	110	280 Apr 11% Apr	300 Jan
Yosemite Port Cem pref_10		31/4	31/6	171	3½ Mar	
Unlisted— American Factors cap20		31	31	17	30% Apr	
American Tel & Tel Co. 100		1661/4	a11 1/4 166 1/4	100 496	11½ July 147¼ Apr 45c June	170 Mar
Amer Toll Bridge (Del)1 Anaconda Copper Min50	55e	53e a24 %		1,000	21 14 Apr	36 Jan
Atlas Corp common5		a26% a9	a9	100	27% May 8% July 3% June	36% Jan 8% July
Aviation Corp of Del3 Bendix Aviation Corp5	134	41/4 a231/4		133 240	18 Apr	29¼ Feb
	a51/4	13/2 4 a5/4	13/2 4 a5/2	156 100 67	1 July 4 Aug 5 Aug	3% Jan 4 Aug 9 Feb
	3214	5 31%	5 3214	10 495	4 Jan	6¼ Mar
		7 514	534	1,067	7 Aug 416 Apr	9¼ Jan
Domingues Oil Co		35½ 9¾	351/2	30 145	31 Apr 6% June	7¼ Jan 37% Feb 12% Jan
General Electric Co* Goodrich (B F) Co com*	36	36 a18% (	3736	625	31% Apr	42% Jan
Hobbs Battery Co A *		21½ a3.00	21½ a3.00	100 50	20¾ Aug 2.50 Mar	27 Mar 2.50 Mar
Idaho-Maryland Mines1		61/4 a481/4 6 16e	63/6	300	5% July 52% Jan	7 Jan 52% Jan
Italo Pet of Amer pref1	2.15	2.05	2.15	1,980	13e July 1.50 Apr	37c Jan 2.80 July
MeBryde Sugar Co5	2.75	2.75	3.00	360	29 Apr 214 Aug	40% Jan 3½ Feb
M J & M & M Cons1 - Montgomery Ward & Co.*		11e 250 1/6 d	11c 151 %	1,550 356	10c June 44 1/4 Apr 3 1/4 June	16c Jan 5514 July
North American Aviation 1 .		3 16 14	3 % 16 %	430	1334 Apr	1916 Feb
North American Co.com 10 - Oahu Sugar Co Ltd cap. 20 Pacific Ptld Coment com 10	1914	1914	1914	60	21% June 19% Aug	2514 Aug 2514 May
Pacific Ptid Cement com10 Preferred 100 Packard Motor Co com	2.00	43 14	2.00 4314	28 40 210	1.75 Jan 43 July	2.45 Feb 48 Feb
Packard Motor Co com* Park-Utah Cons Mines1 Pennsylvania RR Co50	336	3 1% 1 %	3 1/2 1 3/4	100 19	3 Apr 20 Mar	4% Jan
Radio Corp of America* Riverside Cement Co A*	a5%	B L 6 23 G	a6 4%	111 200	514 Apr	23% Mar 8% Jan 6 Feb
Shasta Water Co com	534	514	534	110 330	4 Jan 1514 July	6 Feb 7½ Feb 26½ Jan
So Calif Edison com25	28¾ 29⅓	28%	28 1/4 29 1/2	1,071 584	2316 Jan 2876 Jan	28 1/4 Aug 29 1/4 July
6% preferred25 5½% pref25		28¾	28%	122	2714 Jan	291/4 June

		Week's		Sales	Range	Since J	an. 1,	1939
Stocks (Concluded) Par	Sale Price	of Pr	High	Week Shares	Lo	te	Hig	h
Standard Brands Inc	7¾ a47%	a61/4 73/4 a333/4 37 a473/6 43/4	a6½ 8¾ a35 37 a49¾ 4¾	20 560 64 100 182 145	6 51/4 44 1/4 35 44 1/4 4 1/4	May Apr Jan Jan May Apr	714 936 47 4236 694 656	Mar July Jan Feb Jan Mar

6 Odd lot sales. b Ex-stock dividend. 4 Deferred delivery. r Cash sale—Not included in range for year. z Ex-dividend. y Ex-rights.

z Listed. † In defauit.

#### Mortgage Loans in New York Home Loan Bank District Increased 10.9% in Second Quarter over First

Estimating at \$123,984,000 the aggregate amount of mortgage loans placed on homes and small business properties in the Second (New York) Federal Home Loan Bank District, embracing the States of New York and New Jersey, during the second quarter of 1939, the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York on Aug. 5 noted a gain in volume of 10.9% over the first quarter, and bringing to \$235,-830,000 the six months' figure. Activity by months is revealed in the following table made available by the Bank:

	New Jersey	New York	Second Federal Home Loan Bank District
January	\$18,469,000	\$22,303,000	\$40,772,000
February	14,368,000	19,226,000	33,594,000
March	14,338,000	23.142,000	37.480.000
April	13,116,000	25,414,000	38,530,000
May	13,895,000	27,071,000	40,966,000
June	15,556,000	28,932,000	44,488,000
Totals	\$89,742,000	\$146,088,000	\$235,830,000

The figures are part of a nation-wide monthly survey instituted at the beginning of the year by the Federal Home Loan Bank Board. They are based on recorded mortgages of \$20,000 or less, with farm properties excluded. Bank's announcement went on to say:

In reviewing the detailed figures for the second quarter the Bank notes that individuals and miscellaneous lenders continued as the principal source of mortgage money, accounting for 35% of the total volume, the same proportion as in the first quarter. Savings and loan associations moved into second place and accounted for 24% of the total, as compared with 22% in the first quarter. The proportion attributed to commercial banks fell from 27% to 22%. The largest proportionate increase was reported by the mutual savings banks, which loaned \$14,642,000 to account for 12% of the second quarter's recordings, as compared with \$9,579,000 in the first quarter. Insurance companies accounted for the remaining 7% in each quarter.

The following table reveals the estimated source of all non-farm mortgages of \$20,000 or less, for the two States comprising the Second Federal Home Loan Bank District, for the three months ending June 30:

APPLICATION NAMED IN	Number	Amount	% of Total
Individuals and others	15,728 9,125 6,900 3,674 1,293	\$43,152,000 29,640,000 27,974,000 14,642,000 8,576,000	35 24 22 12 7
Total	36.720	\$123,984,000	100

Activity in the Second District compares with a 29.5% increase in the estimate of nation-wide mortgage recordings of similar character, with second-quarter volume totaling \$1,014,673,000 as compared with mortgage recordings of \$783,471,000 in the first quarter. In the analysis of the sources of mortgage funds for the country as a whole, savings and loan associations showed the largest proportionate gain, accounting for 31% of total volume, as compared with 29% in the first quarter. Mortgages placed by individuals and miscellaneous lenders dropped from 83% 32% of the total, and the proportion accounted for by commercial banks dropped from 26% to 25%. Insurance companies provided 9% and savings banks 3% of the total in both quarters, in the figures for the country as a whole.

#### Stock Clearing Corporation's Amendment Permitting Settlement of Transactions Between Members in Unlisted Securities to Become Effective Aug. 16

Isaac R. Halliday, President of the Stock Clearing Corporation, informed members of the New York Stock Exchange on Aug. 10 that the recently adopted amendment to the corporation's rules, which makes provision for the delivery and settlement, through the Stock Clearing Corporation, of transactions between members in unlisted securities will become effective Aug. 16. In making this known, an announcement by the Stock Exchange said:

The effect of this additional operation is to extend to transactions between members the settlement facilities in unlisted securities which have heretofore been available, since 1928, to transactions between members and some 15 banks in the financial districts

Previous reference to this amendment was given in these columns July 15, page 335.

#### Stock Clearing Corporation Makes Its acilities Available to Members for Settlement of Transactions in Ten-Share Unit Stocks

The Stock Clearing Corporation, subsidiary of the New York Stock Exchange, announced on Aug. 4 that, as an added service to members, the facilities of the Corporation will be available to its members for the settlement of transactions in all ten-share unit stocks, beginning with transactions due Aug. 9.

## Canadian Markets

LISTED AND UNLISTED



Service on all Canadian Securities.

#### Greenshields & Co

507 Place d'Armes, Montreal

## Provincial and Municipal Issues Closing bid and asked quotations, Friday, Aug. 11

Province of Alberta-	Bid	Ask	Province of Ontario-	Bid	Ask
50Jan 1 1948	6334		5sOet 1 1942	110	110%
4348 Oet 1 1956	62	63 14			11636
Prov of British Columbia-			5s May 1 1959		123
5s July 12 1949	105	106 36			111136
4 168 Oet 1 1953	103%	10434	4 1/s Jan 15 1965	11636	118 14
Province of Manitoba-			31/48July 15 1953		100
4348Aug 1 1941	97	9834	Province of Quebec-	2.3	
5sJune 15 1954	96	9734	414s Mar 2 1950	110	111
би	96	9736	4sFeb 1 1958	108	10934
Prov of New Brunswick-			434s May 1 1961	11214	11314
4348 Apr 15 1960	10834	11016		-	
4348 Apr 15 1961	107	108 14	Prov of Saskatchewan-		
Province of Nova Scotis-			5eJune 15 1943	82	84
4348 Sept 15 1952	109	10934	5%s Nov 18 1946	83	85
56 Mar 1 1960	116		4 1/4 1 1951	79	81

#### Railway Bonds

Canadian Pacific Ry—	Bid	Ask	Canadian Basidia Da	Bid	Ask
4s perpetual debentures.	71	72	Canadian Pacific Ry— 4 1/48 Sept 1 1946 58 Dec 1 1964	9514	9614
4 1/48 Dec 15 1944	90	90%	4 1 1960	83	8414

#### **Dominion Government Guaranteed Bonds**

Canadian National Ry	_ 1	B14	Ask	Canadian Northern Ry— 61/48July 1 1946	Bid	Ask
4348Sept 1	1981	11434	11514	6 %s July 1 1946	12234	123 14
4148 Feb 1	19561	116	(11636)	Grand Trunk Pacific Ry-	40.57	
4 1/40 July 1	1957	116	116 14 116 34	46Jan 1 1962		112
	1969		119%		20	100
No Feb 1	1970	119	111934			

#### **Montreal Stock Exchange**

Aug. 5 to Aug. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Last Sale		Range	for Weak	Range Since	Jan. 1, 1939
Stocks- Par		Low	High		Low	High"
Alberta Pacific Grain A *		234	214	25	11/4 May	3¼ July
Algoma Steel Corp.		200		110	616 Apr	
Preferred100		74	74	100	511/2 Apr	
Anglo Can Tel pref50		4834	4814	30	4736 May	50 Jan
Ashestos Corp*	23	23	2314	1,886	19 Apr	
Associated Breweries*		1616	1636	165	1436 Apr	
Assoc Breweries pref 100		115	115	10	112 May	
Bathurst Power & Paper A*		534		545	5 Apr	8% Jan
Bawlf (N) Grain*		105	105	110	50e Apr	
Preferred100		15	15	5	15 Jan	
Bell Telephone100 Brazilian Tr Lt & Power.*	175	17434	175	361	166 Jan	178 June
Brazilian Tr Lt & Power.	8	73%	814	2,241	734 Jan	1254 Mar
British Col Power Corp A.*		2736	28	325	2214 Jan	28 Mar
B*		21/4	21/6	230	2 Jan	3 Mar
Bruck Silk Mills*	3	3	3	80	21/2 May	41/4 Jan
Building Products A (new)*	18	18	19	785	14 Apr	1914 July
Bulolo Gold Dredg ng	23%	2314	23%	1,000	23 Apr	28 Jan
Canada Cement		734	734	255	7 Apr	10% Mar
Preferred100		9516	97	152	89 Apr	102 Mar
Can North Power Corp *	1616	16	1634	195	141/2 May	18 Mar
Canada Steamship (new). •	1.50	1.50	1.70	421	1.50 Aug	3% Jan
5% preferred50		8	8	92	736 Jan	1014 Jan
Canadian Car & Foundry.*	9	834	914	330	7% June 17% June 10% Jan	18 Jan
Preferred25		19%	19%	80	17% June	34 Jan
Preferred 7% 100	17%	1736	19	1,245	1014 Jan	20 July
Preferred 7% 100	110	109%	110	75	98 Apr	111 June
Undn Cottons pref100		104	104	30	101 Jan	105 Jan
Canadian Indus Alcohol*		1.90	1.90	300	114 Jan	214 Feb
Class B*	1.80	1.80	1.80	35	1.25 Mar	2 1/4 Jan
Canadian Pacific Ry 25	3%	3%	414	2,915	3% Apr	6% Jan
Cockshutt Plow*		6	6	100	534 Apr	81/4 Jan
Consol Mining & Smelting 5	43	43	4536	1,124	37% May	61% Jan
Crown Cork & Seal Co*	*****	28	28	95	21% Jan	29 July
Distillers Seagrams*	18	18	18%	245	16 Jan	2036 Mar
Dominion Bridge	27	27	27	155	2434 Apr	37 Jan
Dominion Coal pref. 25 Dominion Glass 100		1834	18%	. 60	15 Jan	19 June
Dominion Glass100	114	114	114	20	108 Jan	115 Mar
	155	155	155	2	150 Jan	162 Mar
Dominion Steel & Coal B 25	1034	101%	10%	3,110	734 Apr	1214 Jan
Dom Tar & Chem*	434	436	434	120	4 Apr	7 Jan
Preferred100		85	8736	60	77 Jan	80 June
Dominion Textile		69	69	100	55 Jan	70 July
Dryden Paper		4	436	90	314 Apr	614 Mar
Dominion Stores Ltd*		6	6	70	5 Apr	714 May
Electrolux Corp		934	10	115	934 Apr	15 Jan
Enamel & Heating Prod*	1.10	1.01	1.10	25	50e May	1.25 Mar
Famous Players C Corp*		2334	23 1/2	6,010	19 Mar	23% Apr
FOUNDATION CO OF CAR *	9	9	936	210	7 Mar	11% Jan
Gatineau Power		15	15	220	11% Jan	1614 Mar
Preferred100	9436	9436	9436	134	88 Jan	95 June
Rights		534	536	10	2% Jan	6 Mar
General Steel Wares*	516	534	5%	665	5 . Apr	8 Jan
Preferred100	65	65	66	30	60 July	82 Jan
Gypsum Lime & Alabas	*****	5	53%	180	3% May	614 Jan
Preferred100	30	30	30	25	30 Jan	32 Jan
Hollinger Gold Mines5	15	15	1514	655	13% Apr	1514 July
Howard Smith Paper*	1134	1114	1214	315	10 Jan	131/4 Mar
Preferred100	94	94	95%	50	88 May	96% June
Hudson Bay Mining	34	33 %	35	2,160	2516 Apr	3514 Jan 1714 Mar
Imperial Oil Ltd	15	15	15%	1,926	14 June	1716 Mar

#### Montreal Stock Exchange

	Friday Last Sale	Week's	Range	Soles for Week	Range	Stace	Jan. 1,	1931
Stocks (Concluded) Par		Low	High	Sh res	Lo	w	H	oh.
Imperial Tobacco of Can. 5	16%	1614	16%	3,125		Mar		
Preferred£1		7%	75%	200	736			
Industrial Acceptance *	31	31	31	10	28	Apr		Ma
Intercolonial Coal100		45	45	5	50	Mar		Ma
Inti Nickel of Canada*	4814	481/		2,174	42%	Apr		
Internat Pet Co Ltd	221/4	22 73	223/8 73	930 19	20%	June		Jan
Inti Power pret		133	133	30	129	Jan		Au
Jamaica P S Co pref100	1734	17	18	460	1314	Feb	21	Jul
Lake of the Woods* Laura Secord3	24 74	13	13	50	11	Apr	1336	Ja
Latura Second		736	8	125	5	Apr	814	Au
Legare pref25 Lindsay (C W)*	4	4	4	5	4	Jan	51/2	Ma
Massey-Harris	416	414	436	275	41/6	Apr	736	Ja
McColl-Frontenac Oil	-/-	5%	6	370	516	Feb	736	Ma
Montreal Cottons pref. 100	100	100	100	35	100	Apr	100	Ap
Mont L H & P Consol*	3214	321/6	3234	3,934	2936	Apr	33	Jun
Montreal Telegraph 40	54	54	54	7	53	Aug	57	Ja
Montreal Tramways 100		66	66	26	66	Mar	.70	Ja
Vational Breweries	4014	40	41	2,635	3814	Apr	43	Ma
Preferred25		44	44	95	411/2	Jan	451/2	Fel
National Steel Car Corp*		4814	50	280	431/2	May	61	Jai
Viagara Wire Weaving *		171/2	1734	5	16	May	221/2	Jai
Noranda Mines Ltd.	8214	811/2	83	3,009	70	Apr	83%	July
MILLAR LIOUR WITHS	26 1/2	26	26 1/2	500	23	Apr	2914	Ma
Preferred 100	163	163	163	1	156	Mar	163	July
Ottawa L. H. & P. pref_100		100	100	5	99	May	102	Ma
enmans*		42	42	65	38	June	421/2	Fet
ower Corp of Canada		934	934	145	9	May	1214	Jai
rice Bros & Co Ltd	1016	1016	11	360 422		Apr	19%	Jai
Juniburg Fower	1635	1615	1614	135	16	Mar	914	Ma
Rolland Paper Voting tr Rolland Paper pref100	*****	94	94	10	9214		98	Jan
tolland Paper pret100			10634	51	10334	Apr	107	Ap
laguenay Power pref100		21/4	3	320	2%	Apr	456	Jai
A preferred50		10%	1014	- 55	734	July	15%	Jai
t Lawrence Flour Mills *		22	23	125	18	Jan	24	July
t Lawrence Paper pref_100		29	29	215	21	Apr	42	Jat
baminiman W & Dowen	1014	19	1934	1,247	1834	Apr	2214	Ma
Sherwin Williams of Can*	-0/2	12	12	70	10	May	1434	Jar
Preferred100			110	14	110	Jan	110	Jar
louthern Canada Power *		11	11	25	1014	Apr	12	Jar
teel Co of Canada	73%	7334	76	395	67	Apr	7736	June
	1814	18	181/2	155	1836	Aug	1816	Aug
Intted Steel Corp		4	4	275	334	July	7	Jan
		18	18	10	12	Apr	18	July
Vestern Grocers prel100 .			105	20		June	105	June
Vinnipeg Electric A		1.50	1.50	625	1.50	Mar	234	Jan
B*	1.50	1.50	1.50	96	1.50	Aug	2.00	Jan
Preferred100	7	7	7	30	7	Apr	10	Mar
Preferred		24	2416	130	7 22	Feb Apr	2434	July
Banks-								
anadienne100	167		16736	9	162	Mar	16736	Feb
ommerce100			167	55	160	Apr	178	Jan
fontreal100			213	74	203	Mar	222	Jan
ova Scotia100	301		301	31	300	Apr	310	Feb
toyal100'	189	189	189	73	178	Apr	193	May

#### **Montreal Curb Market**

Aug. 5 to Aug. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

					Range Since Jan. 1, 1939				
Stocks- Par	Sale Price	of Prices Low High		Week Shares	Low	High			
Abitibi Pow & Paper Co *	70e	70e	90c	2,145	50e May				
6% cum pref100		436	5	480	31/4 June	e 2114 Ja			
Aluminium Ltd*		127	128 14	137	115 Ap				
Bathurst P & P Co Ltd B *	2.00	2.00	2.00	55	114 May				
Beauharnois Pow Corp *	436	414	436	1,004	3 Jan				
Belding Corticelli100		90	90	2	90 Aug				
Brewers & Dist of Vanc5		4	4	10	414 Jar				
Brit Amer Oil Co Ltd	211/4	21	22%	1,852	19% Apr				
British Columbia Packers.*	16%	1636	18	574	11 Jan				
Calgary Pow6% cum prf100	1072	98	98	30	95 Feb				
	97			350	2514 June				
Canada & Dom Sug (new)	27	26%	2714	205	3214 Jan				
Canada Malting Co Ltd	35	35	37		107 Jan				
Can Nor Pow 7% em pf 100	*****			12	12 Apr				
Canada Vinegars Ltd* Preferred*		12	12	5					
			20 1/2	75					
Cndn Dredge & Dock*		1536	151/2	50	1514 Aug				
Cndn Dredge & Dock* Cndn General Investm'ts.*		9	9	200	73/2 Apr				
Chan Ind 7% aum prof 100		17416		5	1741/ Aug	1741/ Au			
Cndn Marconi Co 1 Cndn Power & Paper Inv. 5 5% cum pref. 4 Cndn Vickers Ltd 4 7% cum pref. 100		1.00	1.00	25	85c Jar				
Cndn Power & Paper Inv. *		50e	50c	66	50c Mai				
5% cum pref*		35%	35%	85	3½ June	43% Fe			
Cndn Vickers Ltd*		234	214	40	2 June				
7% cum pref100		10	10	150	10 Aug	41 Ja			
Canadian Wineries *		334	3%	25	3 Jan	3% Au			
Canadian Wineries* Catelli Food Prods*	914	934	914	50	6 Jan	81/2 Ma			
Catelli Food Prods* City Gas & Elec Corp* Commercial Alcohols Ltd.*	150	15e	15c	200	15e Apr				
Commercial Alcohola Ltd *	214	2	214	3.630	1.50 Jan				
Preferred5	R14	534	53%	20	4% Jan				
Consolidated Paper Corp. *		3%	416	7,325	3% June				
David & Frere Ltee A*		13	13	25	111/2 May				
B*		1.65	1.65	120	1.25 Jan				
Donnacona Paper A*	314	314	316	150	3 Apr				
B*	3	3	3	70	3 Apr				
Eastern Dairies7%cmpf100		214	21/2	30	214 Apr				
Fairebild Aircraft Ltd5	4	4	414	705	336 Apr				
Fleet Aircraft Ltd	534	514	5%	700	5 July				
Ford Motor of Can A		20	2014	380	17 Apr	23% Ja			
Frasers Cos voting trust*	834	814	9	305	71/2 June	17% Ja			
Inter-City Baking Co100		32	32	75	25 Apr	35 Jun			
Intl Utilities B1		50c	55e	410	45e Apr	70c Jai			
Lake St John P & P	12	11	12	35	8% May				
Loblaw Groceterias A*		2614	261/2	25	23 Apr				
B*	2414	2436	2436	20	2214 Jan				
Mackenzie Air Service *	50	50	50	100	50e Jan				
MacLaren Power & Paper*	10	10	1016	170	9 Apr				
	40	39	41	545	2936 Apr				
Massey-Harriso% empf 100		88	88	153	83 Feb				
McColl-Fron 6% em pf_100	88			50					
Melchers Distilleries pref 10	536	514	51/2						
Mitchell (Robt) Co Ltd*	*****	934	914	25					
Mtl Refrig & Stor vot tr*		50e	50c	10	1.00 Mar				
\$3 cum pref		11	11	10	11 July				
Moore Corp		40%	4016	100	38¼ May	40 1/4 Jul			

Range Since Jan. 1, 1939

## Canadian Markets-Listed and Unlisted

	Friday Last	Week's		Sales for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1939
Stocks (Concluded) Par	Sale Price	Low P	High	Shares	Lo	10	Hi	ih
Page-Hershey Tubes*		101	1011/2	24	97	Apr	104	Jan
Power Corp of Canada— 6% cum 1st pref100 Provincial Transport Co*		104	104%	27	101	Jan	105	Jan
Provincial Transport Co*  Quebec Tel & Pow A	7	7	714	475	634	Feb	73/2	Mai
		436	41/2	110	107	Jan	110	Mai
Sou Can Pow6% em prf100 United Distillers of Can*		111 50e	112 50e	100	50e	Jan Aug	75e	Jan
Walkerville Brewery*		1.00		50	1.00	Jan	1.40	Jan
Walker-Good & Worts (H)*	44	44	45	220	38%	Apr	5016	Jan
\$1 cum pref*	2014	2014	201/2	40	19%	Apr	201/2	Jan
Mines— Aldermae Copper Corp*		31e	33e	1,200	250	June	50e	Jan
Beaufor Gold1	12c	11c		8,100	7160	June June	14c	Feb
Bouscadillac Gold Mines_1		60		1,800	41/20	June	1.00	Jan
Cndn Malartic Gold* Cartier-Malartic Gold1		75e 3e		1,650	2160	Apr		Jan
Cent Cadillac (new)1	20c	20e	24c		17e	Feb June	2514c	July
Century Mining Cons Chibougamau 1	20c	19e	21%c	9,250		May		May
Cons Chibougamau1		176	20 ½c	1,010 515	31	June Apr	331/4	July
Dome Mines Ltd* Duparquet Mining1		32¾ 2¾ c	2% c	7,600	2e	Apr	- 8e	Jan
East Malartic Mines1		2.63	2.75 1.15	2,135	2.10	Apr	2.80	Jan
East Maiartic Mines1 Eldorado Gold M Ltd1	1.10	1.10	1.15	610	1.04	Apr	2.35	Jan
Francous Gold	59c	5.55 54e	5.65 77e	470 82,525	4.50 16c	Apr		Mar
Francoeur Gold* Inspiration M & D Co1	080	32e	32e	1,000	220	Apr	44c	Jan
Joliet-Quebec	4c	40	41/40	13,700	3e	ADC	614c 10c	Feb
J-M Consol Gold1		3e	3 1/sc	257	3c	July	10c	Jan Mar
Kirkiand Lake Gold1 Lake Shore Mines Ltd1	41%	1.48	1.48	200 635	1.20 34	Jan Apr	5036	Jan
Lebel-Oro Mines1	4178	2160	2%c	5.468	23/4c	Aug	86	Jan
MINCHAR MIDES	4.85	21/20 4.75	4.85	3,375	2½c 4.10	Apr	5.80	Jan
McIntyre-Porcupine5	581/2	08 1/2	59	138	521/2	Jan	58 1/4 74c	Mar
McWatters Gold* New True Flasure	34c	54c 30c	60c	250 13,100	43e 20e	Apr	60e	Jan Mar
Normetal Mining Corp*	*****	610	61c	502	45e	Mar	63 14c	July
O'Brien Gold	2.02	2.00	2.20	4,060	1.95	Apr	3.35	Jan
Pamour-Poreupine	2.17	2.10	2.34	2,500 1,000	2.10	Aug May	4.80 16c	Jan
Pato Cons Gold Dredging. 1	5e	2.15	5e 2.20	275	2.10	Apr	2.55	Mar
Pend-Oreille M & M1		1.50	1.50	400	1.23	July	1.85	Jan
Perron Gold 1 Pickle Crow Gold 1		1.90	2.00	800	1.45	Jan	2.05	July
Pickle Crow Gold1		4.65	4.65	125 50	4.40		5.60 2.17	Mar Feb
Premier Gold 1 Preston-East Dome 1 Red Crest Gold *		1.80	1.80	200	1.72	July	1.72	Jan
Red Crest Gold*	4c	4c	4c	200	314c	July	9e	Jan
Reward Mining 1 San Antonio Gold 1 Shawkey Gold 1		2e	2e	3,500	1% e	July	51/2 c	Jan
San Antonio Gold		1.84 2e	1.84 2c	1.000	1.30	Apr June	1.95 4%c	July
Sherritt-Gordon Mines1	1.00	1.00	1.07	2,300		June	1.44	Jan
discoe Gold Mines Ltd1	1.15	1.15	1.18	1,250	96c	Apr	1.65	Jan
Sladen Mai	41c	41e	46c	6,600	38e	July	74e	Jan
Stadacona (new)	50c	50c 80c	59e	52,729 1,715	43e 73e	July	1.03	Feb
		4.20	80c 4.25	990	3.95		4.60	Mar
LOWSemac Exploration 11		35c	35e	200	30c	June	40e	July
Fowagmac Exploration 1		4.90	4.90	100	4.60	July	5.75	Mar
Walte-Amules	11 1/2 c	6.90	6.90	300 1,450	5.70 81/4e	Apr	8.10 1816	Jan
Ventures Ltd	11,730	8.00	8.25	1,020	7.50	Apr	8.85	Mar
OII—	00-	00-	000	2.700	80e	4.00	1.51	Jan
Anglo-Cndn Oil Co* Brown Oil Corp*	220	90c 22c	90e 22e	600	19e	Apr	31c	Jan
Calgary & Edmonton *	220	1.70	1.70	5	1.93	Jan	2.75	Jan
Calgary & Edmonton * Daihousie Oil Co * Tome Oil Co * Prairie Royalties Ltd 25c		36c	36c	100	35 %e	July	75e	Jan
dome Oil Co	2.10	2.06	2.15	2,240	2.00	Jan	3.70	Jan
		22c 34¾	22c	500	22c 31 %	July	231/2c 44%	Aug

#### Toronto Stock Exchange

Aug. 5 to Aug. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday. Last Sale		Range	Sales for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1939
Stocks- Par		Low			Low		H	gh
Abitibl*	75e	75e	90e	1,500	50e	Mar	236	Jan
6% preferred100		456	514	440	3 14	June	2114	Jan
Atton Mines Ltd1	214c	2140		1,000		Feb	40	Mar
Alberta Pac Grain pref. 100	-/*	20	21	30	14	May	24	Jan
Aldermae Copper*		30e		10.440	26e	June	52e	Jan
Algoma Steel*	10%			250	7	Apr	1436	Jan
Amm Gold Mines1	7c	70		2,500	60		17e	Jan
Anglo-Can Hold Dev *				5,200	82c		1.52	Jan
Anglo-Huronian*	000	2.35		172	2.25		3.25	
Arntfield Gold1	13c		14160	30,700		July	17360	Feb
Ashley1	Loc	66		6,000		June	101/20	
Aunor Gold Mines1	2.50	2.44		44,791		June	2.78	
Bagamae1	814c	81/40		1,375		July	23e	Jan
Bankfield Cons				8,267	18e		380	Jan
	25%c	25e 214		61	203	Mar	220	Jan
Bank of Montreal100 Bank of Nova Scotia100	200	301	216	20	300		310	
	303					Feb		Feb
Barkers*	******	6	6	170	4	Mar		June
Preferred50	3414	3414		250	20	Jan	391/2	July
Base Metals				2,300		May	30e	Jan
Bear Expl*			10 ½c		9	July	32	Jan
Beattle Gold		1.20		1,475	1.00	Apr	1.40	Jan
Beatty A*	4%	434	5	75	436	July	816	Jan
Beatty 1st pref 100		102	102	10	9916	Jan	105	July
2d preferred100		90	90	10	90	Aug	95	Feb
Beauharnois*	414	4	434	61	234	Jan	5	Feb
Bell Telephone Co 100	175	174	175	. 389	165	Jan	178	June
Bidgood Kirkland 1	16c	16e	17e	11,100	15%e	July	30e	Jan
51/4 51/4 101		736	736	25	1.14	1.12	1.18	552
Bobjo	914c		11 1/4c	4,300	8e	July	22c	Feb
Braiorne	1116	1114	1156	1,020	956	Apr	1234	June
Brazilian Traction	8	8	814	1,683	736	Jan	1234	Mar
British American Oll*	2134	21	22 14	2.040	1936	May	2314	Jan
British Columbia Packers *	2000	16%	16%	75	12	June	16%	Aug
British Dominion Oil *		13c	13e	900		June	2134e	Jan
British Dominion Oil* Broulan-Porcupine	38 140	37 14 c	43e	17,400	28e	Apr		Jan
Brown Oil	00/10	21 16c		11,600	18c	Apr	33e	Jan
Buffalo-Ankerite1	9.15		10.25	4.900	8.90	Aug	15.25	Jan
Buffalo-Canadian		2340	2%c	2,500	214	May	5	Mar
Dullding Decducts (new) 4		18%	19	6.125	14	Apr	19	July
Dunker Hill		6360		1,500	534e	Apr	1136e	Jan
Bunker Hill		10	6 1/2 c 10	10		June		Mar
Calgary & Edmonton	1.90	1.90	1.92	970	1.81	Apr	2.80	Jan
Calmont1		30% c	32e	5,850	28c	June	65e	Jan
Canada Bread*		434	434	20	314	May	514	Jan
A100	10514	105	105 34	40		May	10514	Aug
B50	-00/4	57	5736	5	49	Apr	8734	Aug
Canada Cement *	736	734	736	225	7	July	10%	Mar
Destamed 100		96	97	83	8934	Apr	10134	Mar
Canada Maiting	35	35	37	145	32	Jan		June

#### **Toronto Stock Exchange**

	Stocks (Continued) Par	Sale Price	of P	rices High	Week Shares	Low	Hto	h
1	Canada North PowerCanada Permanent100		17 153	17%	10 20	14% May 140% Feb	1734	Mar
	Canada Steamships pref 50	160	160	165	130	1.25 Aug 714 June		Mar Mar
7	Canadian Breweries	1.10	1.10	1.10		90e June 18 Apr	1.80	Jan Mar
1	Cndn Bk of Commerce_100 Canadian Canners	165%	165%	166	51 15	159 Apr 2% July	179	Mar Jan
2	Canadian Can A20	736	17	18	30 748	1614 May 6 May	19 734	Mar
	Can Car & Foundry		20	20	50 80	6% June 18 June	18 3414	Jan Jan
2	Canadian DredgeCndn General Electric50		15¾ 255	15% 255	60 25	14 July 200 Feb	231/2	Jan Aug
1	Canadian Malartic		180 73e	190 75c	3,900	1.50 May 69c Apr	2.75 1.03	Jan Jan
	Canadian Oil pref100	3%	117 3%	119	140 3,204	106 May 316 Apr	122	Jan May
7	Canadian Wallpaper A		3%	10	25 30	9 June 3 Jan	376	Jan Apr
1	Cariboo1	2.20	2.20 107	2.20 107	10	2.01 June 103¾ Mar	108	June June
	Castle-Trethewey	76c 2.42	76c 2.42	76c 2.53	1,000 3,455	70e Apr 2.05 Apr	1.05 2.75	Jan Jan
	Central Porcupine	1.04	1,00		5,000 17,400	6c Jan 85c Apr	1.39	Jan
	Chromium		52e 35e	35c		50e Jan 35e Aug	85e 55e 36e	Feb Jan Jan
	Commonwealth Petroleum		26c 1.60 1.68	26c 1.60 1.95	400	21%c Jan 1.39 May 1.26 Apr	2.00	July July
	Consolidated Bakerles		17	17 21 1/4c	3,500	14 Apr 11e July	17¼ 27e	June Jan
	Consol Chibougamau 1000	4314	43 178 14	4516	1,020	37% May 175 Apr	61	Jan June
	Crows Nest Coal 100 Darkwater 1		28 1/4 5e	28% 5c	250 1,000	27 Jan 3½c June	35 81/4 e	Mar
	Davies Petroleum	26e		28 14c 12e	5,500 5,100	26c Aug 936c Apr	60c 16c	Jan Jan
	Distillers Seagrams Dome Mines (new) Dominion Bank 100	18 32	18 32	1814	700 2,714	1514 Apr 3014 Jan	20% 34	Mar Mar
	Dominion Foundry	20	207 23	208	330	200 Apr 19 Apr	21014	Mar Feb
	Preferred 100 Dominion Steel B 25		105	105	10 350	1041/ Jan	10614	July Jan
1	Dom Stores		6	61/6	70 15	4½ Jan 4½ June	736	May Mar
	Preferred 100 Dorval Siscoe 1		86 1/2 5 1/4 c	87 1/2 6 1/2 c 17 c	8,000	73 Feb 416 June	8714 914e 27e	Aug Mar
1	Duquesne Mines 1 East Crest Oil	15e	5 1/2 c	5%c	3,700 2,000	5 June	13e	Mar
1	East Maiartic 1 Eastern Steel *	2.64	2.60	2.75	18,802 5,070	2.02 Apr 1314 Aug	2.85 17	Mar
1	Eastern Theatres pref100 Eldorado1 Equitable Life25	93 1.10	1.10	93	5,600	65 Jan 1.05 Apr	96 2.36	July Jan
1	Falconbridge*		5.50	5.60	1,010 1,025	5 July 4.50 Apr 19 Apr	8 6.00 24	Feb Mar Mar
1	Fanny Farmer1 Federal-Kirkiand1	23 1/4 4 1/4 c 3 c	23 1/2 4c 3e	24 4 1/4 c 3 c	1,025 5,500 500	19 Apr 3½c June 3c July	816e 17e	Jan Feb
1	Fernland	19%	30 19%	30 30	20 979	25 May 1616 Apr	23%	Jan Jan
1	Francoeur	58c	56c		189,700 135	15e Apr 11 Jan	72e	Aug
1	Preferred 100 Rights		94	95	53 125	87 Apr 234 Jan	95	July Mar
-	Gillies Lake	6c	6e 21/6e	7c 2160	9,100	4e Jan 1%c June	11%0	Feb Mar
-	God's Lake	39c	39c 18c	43c 19e	19,504 5,700	20c Feb 15c Mar	49e 28e	Aug Jan
1	Gold Eagle	8¼c	76 7436	9e 7416	32,300 10	66 Apr	1316c 78	Jan Mar
1	Preferred 50 Graham-Bousquet 1	55 2%e	55 25/4e	56 1/2 2 1/4 C	500 500	55 May 2%e Aug	5814	Mar
1	Grandoro		2 1/40 5 1/40	2%c 5%c	1,000	21/20 Aug 41/40 Apr 750 July	13% c 70 1.25	Jan Jan July
1	Great West* Gunnar Gold	50c	1.00 50e 434	1.00 53e 516	4,750 250	40e Mar 3% Apr	640	Jan Jan
1		*****	2160	2%c	9,400	le May	31/se	00/2011
1	Haliwell 1 Hamilton Theatres pref100	2%c	2%c 61%	3 1/4 c 61 1/4	5,000	21/4 e May 491/4 Apr	6136	Jan Aug
1	Harding Carpets* Hard Rock	1.04	3 1/8 1.03	1.11	100 9,390	2½ Apr 94e Apr	1.95	June Jan
1	Highwood *	7e	7e	8 ½c 16c	5,400 1,000	6c May 15c July	10e 35e	Jan Jan
1	Hinde & Dauch* Hollinger Consolidated 5	151/4	10 15	10 15%	255 1,425	8 Apr 13% Apr	1514	Jan July
1	Home Oil Co	2.07 9½c	2.05 8c	2.15 916c	4,150 11,500	716 June	3.75 261/4e	Jan Jan
	Hudson Bay Min & Sm	33%	32 1/2c 33 1/4	34c 34%	4,500 1,300	24c Jan 22% July	3514	Jan
1	Hunts A*	5 5	4	5	35	1 Apr 2 July	8	Aug Aug
1	Huron & Erie 20% pd100 Imperial Bank100	219		219	20 10 3,322	814 June 20234 Feb 14 June		Jan June Mar
	Imperial Tobacco	16%	15 1614 26e	15 1/4 16 7/4 32c	330 3,100	15 Apr 22e Apr	16%	June Jan
ı	Inspiration 1 Inti Metals A 100 Inti Metal pref 100		514 8714	5½ 89	10	3% Apr 70 Apr	714 9114	Mar
1	A preferred 100 Intl Milling pref 100		87 10534	89	15	70 Apr 104 Feb	90	Aug July
1	Intl Milling pref 100 International Nickel International Petroleum	48 1/4 22 1/4	48 22	49%	3,078	42 1/4 Apr 20 1/4 July	56% 27%	Jan Jan
1		7.000.00	1.06 21e	1.08 21c	400 700	1.04 June 16½c May	1.26 34e	Apr Jan
	Jack Waite		5e 15e	5e 17e	2,433 3,642	3c May 15c Aug	1134e 18e	Jan July
	M Consolidated 1 Keivinator		3 1/3 c 11 1/3 1.91	3 1/2 c 12	2,006	9 May	11e 12	Jan Feb
	Kerr-Addison	1.42	1.41	2.02 1.48	36,005 6,003 1,427	1.47 Apr 1.15 Jan	1.75	Aug
		/-	41 1/4 75e	1.00	350	32% Mar 50e Apr		Jan Mar
	Lake Sulphite Lamaque Gold Mines Lang & Sons	6.70	1934	7.10	30,300	5.50 Feb 12%e July	7.30 54e	Jan
	Lapa-Cadillac	20e 13	18 %e	23e 13	1,435	12% July 10% Apr	1314	Jan Jan
	Leva-Cap1 Lebel Oro1 Legare pref25	3e	75e 2%c	75e 3e	1,450 4,500	59e Mar 21/20 July	850 8140	Jan Jan
12	Leiteh Gold	0.01	80e 8	7% 32%e 3.00 26%	8,260 1,970	63e Apr	90c 3.60	June Jan
1	Little Long Lac	2.91		3.00 2634 2436	1,970 1,710	2.60 Apr 221 Apr 21 Apr	3.00 2634 2434 5.90	Aug Aug
1	Lobiaw A	24¼ 4.80 1.85	24 4.70 1.85	4.95	3,040 4,333	3.85 Apr 1.70 Apr	5.90 3.20	Jan J.n
1	Madsen Red Lake1	38e	37e	40c	6,480	30c Mar	55e	Jan
	*No par value.				1 1915			

#### Canadian Markets-Listed and Unlisted

American Service	2000	4010000 840
Toronto	Stock	Exchange

To	oro	nto	Sto	ck E	excha	ange	
		Friday Last	Week's	Range		Range Stace	Jan. 1, 1939
Stocks (Concluded)	Par	Sale Price	Low	rices High	Week Shares	Low	High
Majartie Gold	1	66c	65c	69 1/40	9,500	43c Jan	75e May
Manitoba & Eastern Maple Leaf Milling Preferred	:		1 1% c 2.00			%c May 1.00 Apr	234e July 2.50 July
Preferred	•		5 3 1/4 e	5 3/4	290 1,000	2½ Apr 2½e Apr	5% Aug 70 Jan
Massey-Harris	100	40	4 1/4 39 1/4	434	455 435	214 Apr 2914 Apr	7½ Jan 60 Jan
McColl Frontenac			5%	6 89	780 112	5% June	736 Mar
Preferred		881/2	5814	5814	657	49% Apr	94 Mar 59 Mar
McVittie-Cleaham				15 %c	11,965 1,206	1.03 Apr 6e Mar	1.38 May 2016c June
McWatters Gold Mining Corp Moneta		56c	55 1/26 1.25	1.33	7,850 1,225	38c Apr 1.05 June	75c Jan 2.05 Jan
Moore Corp	•	1.02 40¼	1.00	401/2	6,500 360	89e Apr 35 Mar	1.45 Jan 40% Aug
MOTTIS-KIRKINDQ		6780	175 7 1%e 1%e	175 91/4e	27,900	155 May 6c June	179 July 20e Jan
Murphy National Brewing	1	40%	11/4e 40 1/4	41	1,000	1c June 39½ May	21/2 Jan 421/2 Mar
National Grocers			5% 24%	614 2416	655 40	414 Apr 23 May	6% Jan 25 June
Preferred National Sewer A National Steel Car	*	48	1014	1034	155 140	9½ Apr 43½ May	13½ Jan 61¼ Jan
National Steel Car National Trust Naybob Gold	100	18160	195	195	20	190 Jan 14c July	200 June 511/2 Jan
Nipissing Noranda Mines	5	82	1.35	18 1/4c 1.35 83	430 3,183	1.28 July 70 Apr	1.80 Mar
Norgold	1		3%e	4c	2,000	3½c June	6c Feb
Northern Empire	l	9.50	9.50	9.50	6,714	38c Apr 8.00 Apr	70e Jan 9.50 Aug
O'BrienOkalta OilsOmega Gold	*	2.00	2.00 91e	95c		91c Aug	3.35 Jan 1.73 Jan
Oranga Crissh		31c 4%c	30e 4%e	5e	4,400 250	25c May 1½c Jan	53e Jan 5e Aug
Preferred Oro-Plata	*	6%	6 % 28c	6 % 28c	1,300	4½ Jan 23c May	7½ June 52½0 Jan
Paga-Horsey		102	43%e	102	2,100 4,310	41/2c July 94 Apr	52½0 Jan 12c Jan 104½ Jan
Pamour Porcupine Pandora-Cadillae		2.15	2.08 5e	2.25 5e	16,531 500	2.08 Aug 41/4c May	4.75 Jan 16e Jan
Pantepec Partanen-Mairobic	Land	4e	4 1/6 4c	4 1/6 5 1/2 C	1,700	4% o Apr 3c June	76 Jan 7%c Feb
Paulore Gold Paymaster Cons	1	2c	2c 42¾c	2c 46c	1,000 13,103	2c July	7%c Mar
Perron Gold	1	1.90	1.90	1.98	2,700	1.45 Jan	61c Jan 2.03 July
Photo Engravers Pickle Crow	1	18 4.55	4.55	18 4.70	4,295	16½ Apr 4.40 June	20 Jan 5.60 Jan
Pioneer Gold Porto Rico pref	100		2.40 101	2.50 101	1,810	2.25 Apr 97 May	2.70 Jan 101 Aug
Poweil Rou		1.85	976	1.90	2,150 40	1.18 Apr 9 Apr	2.45 Jan 1216 Mar
Premier	1	1.90 1.50	1.85	1.90 1.56	1,250 14,240	1.71 June 1.17 Apr	2.40 Jan 1.75 Feb
Quebec Mining Red Crest		34c	34e 31/4e	34c	1,000 500	34c Aug	65e Jan 9e Jan
Reno Gold	*	480	47 1/2 c 25 1/2	49c 25 14	3,400	20c Mar 221/4 Apr	46c Mar 28 May
Roche L L	100	190	190 76	71%c 191	2,700 103	51/2 May 178 Apr	11% Jan 192 Mar
Royalite Oil	100		33 100	33 100	118	32 Apr 71 Jan	4416 Jan 100 Aug
St Anthony	1	1.85	9e 1.77	10e 1.99	2,200 17,698	8e July 1.18 Jan	1516 Feb
San Antonio Sand River Gold	1		10c	10 1/2 c 51e	1,800	10e Apr	2.03 Aug 17e Mar 51e Aug
Senator-Rouyn	_ DUC	1.18	1.18	1.24	800	92c Jan	1.25 June
Sherritt-Gordon Sigman Mines, Quebec		1.00	98c 7.00	1.08 7.50	25,999 540	85c June 5.50 Jan	1.45 Jan 7.70 Aug
Silverwoods pref Preferred		8	2.50	2.75	55 555	1.50 July 3½ Apr	2.75 Mar 5 Feb
EMBCOG CIOIG	!	1.15	95	95½ 1.20	2,805	78 Apr 96c Apr	951/4 Aug 1.65 Jan
Sladen Malartic Slave Lake	1	51/4e	41e	45c	4,050 6,000	5c June	80c Jan 13c Jan
Standard Paving		50e	50e 140	56c 140	35,096 150	431/20 July 1.30 Aug	1.03 Feb 3.50 Mar
Steel of Canada		7414	21 1/6 74	21¼ 77	30 445	16% Jan 66% Apr	21½ July 77¼ Jan
Preferred Straw Lake Beach	25	41/se	73 1/4 3 1/4 c	73 1/4 5 1/4 e	57,900	65 Jan 3%c July	75 June 11c Jan
Sudbury Basin		2.10	2.10	2.25	910	1.80 Apr	3.00 Jan
Sudbury Contact Sullivan	1	80c	80e	8c 85c	1,000	51/20 July 750 June	14%c Feb 1.01 Jan
Supersilk A	1	3.30	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	314	1,780	2% Jan 2.78 Apr	4 Jan 3.55 Jan
Preferred	50		11 54	11 1/2 54	20 50	11 Apr 52 Mar	12½ June 54 June
Teck Hughes Tip Top Tailors pref	100	4.20		107	3,438	3.80 Apr 104¼ June	4.70 Jan 109 June
Toronto Elevator	11		1.80	1.85	900 50	1.74 Apr 10 Mar	2.30 Jan 1714 July
Toronto General Trust Towagmac	_100		85 31e	85 31e	1,000	79 July 20c July	90 Feb 40c Jan
Uchi Gold Uchi Bonds 6%	3	1.06 9516	9534	1.16 95¾	6,070 2,500	1.03 Mar 95 July	1.65 Jan 97% July
United Steel		14	14	1414	354 750	11 Apr	15 June 7 Jan
Ventures Vulcan Oils			4.80 47e	4.95 47c	1,343	3 1/4 June 4.30 Apr 47c Aug	5.80 Jan
Walters		6.70	6.50	7.00	3,418	5.50 Apr	8.25 Jan
Walkers Preferred		201/6	43 1/2 20 1/6	2014	1,055	38 Apr 1916 Jan	51% Jan 20% Jan
Western Canada Flour	1		9c 31/2	9e 31/2	4,500	816 May 2 Mar	15e Feb 31/4 Aug
Westflank Westons Preferred White Fagle			11 1/4	11 1/2	1,500 305	9% Apr	8½c Jan 12½ Jan
			9514 1e	95 1/2 1e	1,000	85 May	951/4 Aug 11/4e Feb
Whitewater	1	3e 31/6	2%e 3%e	3e 4e	2,000	1%c July 3%c July	5e Mar 8%e Jan
Wiltsey-Coghlin_ Winnipeg Electric A B		1.25		1.60	58	1.25 May 1.25 Aug	2.12 Mar 2.00 Mar
Preferred Wood (Alex) pref	-100 -100	6%	6%	714	56	6¾ Aug 60 Aug	11 Mar 67 Mar
Wood-Cadillae Wright Hargreaves	1	8.05	12e	14c	7,700	9e Apr	1814c Jan
Ymir Yankee		8.05 41/4 c	8.00 41/40	8.10 5e	5,655	7.30 Apr 4%e Aug	8.90 Mar 9e Mar

#### Toronto Stock Exchange—Curb Section

Aug. 5 to Aug. 11, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

Stocks— Par		Friday Last Sale	Week's	Veek's Range of Prices		Range Since Jan. 1, 1939			
					Week Shares	Loso		High	
Beath A	!	11/4e	11/6 11/60 8 41/6	11/4 e 3 4 3/4	25 4,500 60 5	1½ 1e 3	Aug July Aug June	3 31/2e 4 5	Mar Feb Jan Apr

#### Toronto Stock Exchange—Curb Section

	Friday Last Sale	Week's Range of Prices		Sales for Week	Range Since Jan. 1, 1939			
Stocks (Concluded) Par		Low	High	Shares	Lo	w	Hig	h
Canada Vinegars*		11%	12	30	11	Apr	14	Mar
Canadian Marconi1		1.01	1.05	125	75e	June	1.25	July
Coast Copper5		1.75	1.75	100	1.50	Apr	2.50	Mar
Consolidated Paper*	31/8	3%	41/4	945	314	May	734	Jan
Corrugated Box pref100		25	27 1/2	20	201/2	May	271/2	Aug
Crown Dominion*		3e	3e	20	26	Feb	31/2 c	Apr
Dalhousie *		35e	36c	2,200	35c	Aug	75e	Jan
DeHavilland pref100		82	82	10	70	Feb	90	Mar
Hamilton Bridge*	100	100	100	300	80c	June	6.00	Jan
Hamilton Bridge pref 100		30	30	39	24	Apr	35	Jan
Humberstone*		12	12	25	12	Aug	151/2	June
Langley's pref100	20	20	20	16	20	Aug	2516	Apr
Montreal Power*	32 16	32	32 34	335	2914	Apr	33 .	June
Osisko Lake		12c	12e	1,000	80	July	14c	July
Pawnee-Kirkland1		11%c	11%c	3,000	%4 c	July	2e	Feb
Pend Orelile1	1.40	1.38	1.50	2,300	1.21	June	1.95	Jan
Robt Simpson pref 100		138 14	138 14	105	115	Feb	138 5%	Aug
Rogers Majestic A*		214	236	25	134	May	3	Jan
ghawinigan*	19%	1914	193%	200	18%	ADT	2214	Mar

\* No par value.

Industrial and Public Utility Bonds Closing bid and asked quotations, Friday, Aug. 11

	Bid	Ask		Bid	Ask
Abitibi P & Pap etfs 5s 1953	4316	4434	Manitoba Power 51/8_1951	90	
Alberta Pac Grain 6s 1946	92	94	514s series B1952	90	
Beauharnois Pr Corp 5s '73	108		Maple Leaf Milling-		175
Brown Co 1st 5348 1946	2934	3014	23/s to '38-53/s to '49	61	63
Burns & Co 5s	37	38	Montreal Island Pr 5 168 '57	104	105 16
			Montreal L H & P-		-
Caigary Power Co 5s1960	104%	10534	33481956	105	105%
Canada Bread 6s1941	106		3 148 1973	101 14	10214
Canada North Pow 5s_1953	10314	10334	Montreal Tramway 5s 1941	100	
Canadian Inter Pap 6s 1949	8814	8914		778	
Canadian Lt & Pow 5s 1949	101		Power Corp. of Can 4348'59	10234	103%
Canadian Vickers Co 6s '47	57	-59	5sDec 1 1957	104	104 16
Consol Pap Corp-		1	Price Brothers 1st 5s 1957	89	90
536s ex-stock	35	3534	2nd conv deb 4s 1957	81	83
Dom Gas & Elec 6148_1945	9634	9736	Provincia Pap Ltd 51/48'47	101	
Donnacona Paper Co-				7	
401956	65	66 36	Saguenay Power 416 A '66	106	107
			4 1/s series B1966	106	106%
East Kootenay Pow 7s 1942	98	100	Shawinigan W & P 4 1/48 '67	10416	10416
Eastern Dairies 6s1949	51	53	Smith H Pa Mills 4368 '51	103	104
Fraser Co 6s Jan 1 1950	88	89			
Gatineau Power 3%s_1969	9834	9834	United Grain Grow 5s_1948	90	92
Gt Lakes Pap Co 1st 5s '55	79	80	United Securs Ltd 536s '52	64	65
Int Pr & Pap of Nfid 5a '68		102		and the same	
Lake St John Pr & Pap Co			Winnipeg Elec 434s 1960	104	
53681961	74	75	4-5s series A	7014	71 34
5s1951	35	36 14	4-5s series B	15314	5436

\* No par value. / Flat price. s Nominal.

Operations of Bureau of Internal Revenue in Fiscal Year Ended June 30 Incident to Investigation of Income-Tax Returns—10% Increase in Returns Examined—Speeding up in Settlement of Contested Tax Cases

Secretary of the Treasury Henry Morgenthau, Jr., announced on July 31, results of the operations of the Bureau of Internal Revenue during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1939 in the investigation of income-tax returns and the settlement of cases contested by taxpayers. The number of income tax returns subjected to investigation during the year was 490,673, compared with 444,448 returns investigated in the fiscal year 1938, an increase of 46,225 returns, or 10%. The number of income tax cases closed during the fiscal year 1939 by the assessment of additional tax was 241,042. This compares with 213,707 cases closed in the preceding year by the assessment of additional tax, an increase of 27,335 cases, or 13%. In announcing the results of operations the Treasury said:

The amount of deficiency income tax assessments on returns closed during the fiscal year 1939 was \$197,640,069, exclusive of penalties and interest. This compares with \$169,969,785 assessed as income tax deficiences in the fiscal year 1938, an increase of \$27,670,284, or 16%. The aggregate of income tax deficiencies assessed during the fiscal year 1939 was larger than in any year since 1931, when deficiency assessments amounted to \$197,798,731.

The number of cases closed during the fiscal year 1939 which involved refunds or credits to taxpayers was 64,533, by comparison with 58,707 such cases closed during the fiscal year 1938, an increase of 5,826 cases, or 10%. The amount of refunds and credits in the fiscal year 1939 was \$34,616,121 by comparison with \$29,352,854 in 1938, an increase of \$5,263,267, or 18%.

Inventories of unassessed back taxes were materially reduced during the year. The number of income tax returns for 1937 and prior years in process of examination and review on June 30, 1939 was 145,730. This compares with 226,319 returns for 1936 and prior years in process of examination and review on June 30, 1938, a reduction of 80,589 returns, or 36%.

The number of examined income-tax returns involving adjustments not

The number of examined income-tax returns involving adjustments not agreed to by the taxpayers and pending action by the Bureau and its field offices on June 30, 1939 was 43,984. This compares with 46,272 adjusted returns pending without taxpayers' agreement on June 30, 1938, a decrease of 2,288.

The number of income and estate-tax cases pending before the Board of Tax Appeals on June 30, 1939 was 6,574 compared with 7,414 on June 30, 1938, a reduction of 840, or 11%. 4,854 cases were appealed to the Board during the fiscal year 1939, compared with 4,912 during the preceding fiscal

The results show a speeding up in the settlement of contested tax cases, the Treasury's announcement said. The settlement machinery of the Bureau was completely reorganized during the year under the direction of Commissioner Guy T. Helvering. Reference to the completion of this reorganization was made in our issue of May 20, page 2080.

# er Securities—Friday Aug. 11

Quota	tio	ns	on	0v	er-	the	-Co	un
Ne	w Y	ork	City	Bor	nds			-
a23/8 July15 1969 a3e Jan 1 1977 a3s Feb 1 1979 a3 /	96¼ 101 101 103¾ 107¼ 106¾ 112¼ 113¼ 113¼ 115¼ 116¼ 117¼	101 % 101 % 105 108 % 108 % 108 %	04 14 8 04 14 8 04 14 8 04 14 8 04 14 8	Mar 1 Apr 15 Apr 15 June 1 Feb 15 June 1 Feb 15 June 1 May 1 May 1 June 1 July 1 Dec 15 Dec 1	1966 1972 1974 1976 1977 1981		118¼ 119¼ 120 120¾ 121 121¾ 122¼	120¾ 121¼ 122¼ 122⅓ 123 124
Nev	v Yo	rk S	State	Во	nds			
3s 1974		Ask less 1 less 1	Highv 4e h Canal	War B April 1 ray Imp far & Se Imp 4s	940 to proven ept 198 J&J '6	1949 nent— i8 to '67 i0 to '67	133	Ask
Port of N	ew 1	ork	( Au	thor	ity	Bon	ds	
Port of New York— Gen & ref 4s Mar 1 1975. Gen & ref 2d ser 3 ½ 6 '65 Gen & ref 3d ser 3 ½ 8 '65 Gen & ref 3d ser 3 ½ 8 '76 Gen & ref 3d ser 3 ½ 9 '76 Gen & ref 3 ½ 8 1977 George Washington Bridge 4 ½ ser B 1940-53_M&N	108 1/4 105 1/6 105 102 105 106	109 ¼ 106 ¾ 106 102 ¾ 106	194 194 Inland	Termi	nal 4½	M&S M&S (s ser D M&S	110%	0.80% 1.00%
United	1 Sta	ates	Ins	ular	Во	nds		
Philippine Government— 4 1/48 Oct 1959— 4 1/48 July 1952—— 5 Apr 1955—— 5 Feb 1952—— 5 1/48 Aug 1941—— Hawaii 4 1/48 Oct 1956——	11236 101 11536 110836	118	Govt 435 56 U S oc	of Puer July 1 July 1 onversion	to Rice 952 948 op	o ot 1243.	11814 11114 11114	120 % 112 % 112 % 113 %
Feder								
3s 1955 opt 1945J&J 3s 1956 opt 1946J&J 3s 1956 opt 1946M&N	107% 107% 107%	Ask 108 108 1/4 108 1/4	83(s 1 4s 194	955 opt 6 opt 16	1945	J&J	108 % 113 %	
Joint S	tock	La	nd I	Bank	Bo	nds		
Burlington 5s	### Bid   f22   f22   f23   f3   f3   f3   f3	534	5e. 516 Monta	in 4 %s gomery Orleans York 5e Carolin	36		9014 9114 99	93 941/2 101 1011/2 102 100
Pirst Carolinas 5s	100 100 100	101 1/4 101 1/4 101 102 1/4	Ohio-l Orego Pacifi Phoen	Pennsyl n-Wash c Coast dx 4 1/48	vania ington	5e 5e tland 5e	99½ f40 100 105	15.7
5 ½s	84 85 86 99 94 100	101 97 101 34	San A South South Union 58	ntonio 3 ern Min west 5e	nesota roit 4)	58	100 f1234 85	
Joint S	tock	- 1		lan 3s.	AL.		100	1101
Atianta 100 Atiantie 100 Dallas 100 Denver 100 Des Moines 100 First Carolinas 100 Fremont 100 Lincoln 100	846 65 45 118 40 60 7 1 2	Ask 75 55 128 65	New 1 North Penns Poton San A Virgin	Caroli yivania ntonio ia—Caro	na	Par 100 100 100 100	10 73 22 100 74	15 82 27 110 77 2
Federal Interme				t Ba	nk	Deb		
1% dueAug 15 1939 1% dueSept 15 1939 1% dueOct. 16 1939 1% dueNov 1 1939 1% dueDec 1 1939 1% dueJan 2 1940	b.20% b.20% b.20% b.20%		1% du 1% du 1% du 1% du	e e	June	1 1940 1 1940 1 1940	844 b.20% b.25% b.25% b.30% b.30%	Ast
Chicago	& S			cisc	o B		Bid	

| Harris Trust & Savings.100 | 273 | 283 | Northern Trust Co.....109 | 525 | 538 |

1101			Bank Stocks		
Bank of Manhattan Co.10	Bid	Ask	National Bronz Bank 50	Bed	Ask
Bank of Yorktown 66 2-3	1614	17%		40 25	901
Bensonhurst National50	40 75	100	National City121/2 National Safety Bank 121/2	12	102
personnust vertossi 20	75	100	National Salety Bank, 1273	12	1.8
Chase	31%	33%	Penn Exchange10	10	12
Commercial National 100			Peoples National50	45	12 52
	***		Public National25	29	30 14
Fifth Avenue	700	730			
First National of N Y 100		1865	Sterling Nat Bank & Tr 25	24	26
Merchants Bank 100		105	Trade Bank	1436	1734

#### **New York Trust Companies**

Par,	Bid	Ask	Par	Bid	Ask
Bank of New York 100	399	409	Fulton100	195	210
Bankers10	52 34	5434	Guaranty100	263	268
Bronx County7	434	534	Irving10	1134	123
Brooklyn100	7216	7736	Kings County 100	1575	1615
			Lawyers	28	31
Central Hanover 20	9734	10036		10,400	
Chemical Bank & Trust_10	45 14	4734	Manufacturers20	38 34	403
Clinton Trust	45	50	Preferred20	53	55
Colonial Trust25	936	1136	New York25	108	111
Continental Bank & Tr. 10	13	1436		6-15-11	
Corn Exch Bk & Tr 20	5414	5534	Title Guarantee & Tr20	334	43
			Underwriters100	80	90
Emptre10	11	12	United States100	1610	1660

#### **Insurance Companies**

Par	Bid	Ask	Par	Bid	Ask
Actna Cas & Surety 10		11336	Home Fire Security 10	136	236
Aetna10	45 14	4734	Homestead Fire10	1814	20
Aetna Life10	30 14	32 14	Ins Co of North Amer 10	67 34	7034
Agriculturai25	7814	8034	Jersey Insurance of N Y	41	4316
American Alliance 10	21 %	2314	Knickerbocker	9%	10%
American Equitable5	2014	22	Lincoln Fire	214	234
American Home10	734	8%	Maryland Casualty1	31/8	436
American of Newark 214	1314	14%	Mass Bonding & Ins1234	56 34	5814
American Re-Insurance_10	4234	44 16	Merch Fire Assur com 5	42	45
American Reserve10	23 34	2514	Merch & Mfrs Fire New'k 6	734	8%
American Surety25	5134	5314	Merchants (Providence)5	3	436
Automobile10	35	37		14.74	- 10 A
	100		National Casualty10	2714	2936
Baltimore American 214	634	714	National Fire10	59%	6134
Bankers & Shippers 25	91	94	National Liberty2	714	73%
Boston100	633	643	National Union Fire20	131	137
Camden Fire5	2014	2214	New Amsterdam Cas 2	131/2	15
Carolina10	2634	2814	New Brunswick10	301/2	32 1/2
City of New York 10	23	2414	New Hampshire Fire10	4614	48
City Title 5	614	734	New York Fire	15%	1734
Connecticut Gen Life10	2814	29%	Northeastern	414	514
Continental Casualty 5	3314	35 14	Northern12.50	100	104
Eagle Fire	136	216	North River 2.50	2514	26 34
Employers Re-Insurance 10	48	50	Northwestern National 25		1291
Excess	814	934	Pacific Fire25	119	122
Federal10	431/2	4514	Phoenix 10	76	80
Fidelity & Dep of Md 20	12734	1301	Preferred Accident5	1736	
Fire Assn of Phila10	65%	671/5	Providence-Washington_10	3314	35 14
Fireman's Fd of San Fr. 25	93	95 14			
Firemen's of Newark 5	9	1014	Reinsurance Corp (N Y) 2	8	914
Franklin Fire	2814	29%	Republic (Texas)10	2414	25%
General Reinsurance Corp 5	4214	4414	Revere (Paul) Fire10	2414	25%
Georgia Home10	231/2	2516	Rhode Island	3	43%
Gibraitar Fire & Marine_10	25	27	St Paul Fire & Marine 6214	232	238
Giens Falls Fire	38	40	Seaboard Fire & Marine5	6%	
Giobe & Republic5	10%		Seaboard Surety10	331/2	35 1/2
Globe & Rutgers Fire15	1914	20%	Security New Haven 10	3214	33%
2d preferred15	66 1/2	6936	Springfield Fire & Mar25	122	125
Great American	26 1/2	28	Stuyvesant	3	420
Great Amer Indemnity 1	934	12	Sun Life Assurance100	370	451
Halifax10	21	22 16	Travelers100	441	2214
Hanover10	2614		U 8 Fidelity & Guar Co2	21	
Hartford Fire10	77	80	U S Fire4	51 14	
Hartford Steamboller 10	59	61	U 8 Guarantee10	63	65
Home	3114	3314	Westchester Fire2.50	32	1 34

## Surety Guaranteed Mortgage Bonds and Debentures

	Bid	Ant :		B(4 )	Ask
Arundel Bond Corp 2-5s '53			Nat Union Mtge Corp-		
Arundel Deb Corp 3-6s '53	153		Charter 4 0 0 0 1084	82	
Arunder Den Corp 8-08 08	100		Series B 2-5s	9534	
Associated Mtge Cos Inc-			Derice D 2-00	00/3	
Debenture 3-6s1953	57	59			
			Potomae Bond Corp (all		
Cont'l Inv Bd Corp 2-52 '53	85		issues) 2-5s1953	82	
Cont'l Inv DebCorp3-6s '53	67		Potomae Cons Deb Corp-		
Empire Properties Corp-	-		3-661953	52 34	5436
2-34	57		Potomae Deb Corp 3-6s '53	51	53
	49		Potomae Franklin Deb Co		
Interstate Deb Corp 2-56'55	40		3-681953	56	
Mortgage Bond Co of Md			0-08	00	
Inc 2-581953	98		Date of Date	-	
			Potomac Maryland Deben-		
Nat Bondholders part etfs			ture Corp 3-6s1953	90	
Central Funding		1	Potomac Realty Atlantic		
series B & C	f23		Deb Corp 3-6s1953	5136	
series A & D			Realty Bond & Mortgage		
Beries A & D			deb 3-6e1953	61 36	
Nat Cons Bd Corp 2-5s '53			Unified Deben Corp 5e 1955	48	50
Nat Deben Corp 3-6s_1953	51 36		Offitted Depen Cot hos 1900.	- ·	-

#### Chain Store Stocks

Par	Bid	Ask	Par	Bid	Ask
Beriand Shoe Stores* B/G Foods Inc common * Bohack (H C) common* 7% preferred100	6 1¾ 2¾ 20	8 214 314 2314	Kobacker Stores— 7% preferred100  Miller (I) Sons common 5 8½% preferred50	72 2 21	4 24
Diamond Shoe pref100 Fishman (M H) Co Inc* Kress (S H) 6% pref	109 7 1214	91/2	Reeves (Daniel) pref100 United Cigar-Whelan Stores \$5 preferred	99 2136	2314

- No par value. c Interchangeable. b Baxis price. d Coupon. s Ex-interest. f Flat price. 2 Nominal quotation. w 4 When issued. w-s With stock. 2 Ex-dividend. s Ex-liquidating dividend.
  - † Now listed on New York Stock Exchange.
  - 2 Now seiling on New York Curb Exchange.
  - a Quotation not furnished by sponsor or issuer.

## Quotations on Over-the-Counter Securities-Friday Aug. 11-Continued

# Guaranteed Railroad Stocks Joseph Walker & Sons

Members New York Stock Exchange

120 Broadway NEW YORK Dealers in GUARANTEED STOCKS Since 1855

Tel. RE ctor 2-6600

#### **Guaranteed Railroad Stocks**

(Guarantor in Parentheses)

Par	Dividend in Dollars	Bid	Asked
Alabama & Vicksburg (Illinois Central)100	6.00	73	76 14
Albany & Susquehanna (Delaware & Hudson) 100	10.50	11734	122
Allegheny & Western (Buff Roch & Pitts)100	6.00	55	60
Beech Creek (New York Central)50	2.00	2714	29 %
Boston & Albany (New York Central)100	8.75	7734	7936
Boston & Providence (New Haven)100	8.50	16	20
Canada Southern (New York Central)100	3.00	4436	4736
Carolina Clinchfield & Ohio com (L & N-A C L)100	5.00	8334	8514
Cleve Cinn Chicago & St Louis pref (N Y Central) 100	5.00	6334	6634
Cleveland & Pittsburgh (Pennsylvania)50	3.50	76	78
Betterment stock50	2.00	47	49
Delaware (Pennsylvania)25	2.00	4216	4416
Fort Wayne & Jackson pref (N Y Central)100	5.50	56	60
Georgia RR & Banking (L & N-A C L)100	9.00	153	157
Lackawanna RR of N J (Del Lack & Western) 100	4.00	38	40
Michigan Central (New York Central)100	50.00	600	750
Morris & Essex (Dei Lack & Western)50	3.875	2514	28
New York Lackawanna & Western (D L & W) 100	5.00	51	55
Northern Central (Pennsylvania)50	4.00	86	88 14
Oswego & Syracuse (Del Lack & Western)50	4.50	3514	40
Pittaburgh Bessemer & Lake Eric (U S Steel)50	1.50	41	4314
Preferred50	3.00	84	20/2
Pittsburgh Fort Wayne & Chicago (Penn.) pref 100	7.00	174	177
Pgh Ygtn & Ashtabula pref (Penn)	7.00	141	144
Rensselaer & Saratoga (Delaware & Hudson)100	6.64	61 36	6534
St Louis Bridge 1st pref (Terminal RR)	6.00	141	145
Second preferred	3.00	7036	7336
Tunnel RR St Louis (Terminal RR)	6.00	141	145
United New Jersey RR & Canal (Pennsylvania) 100	10.00	240 34	245
Utica Chenango & Susquehanna (D L & W)100	6.00	4836	5214
Vailey (Delaware Lackawanna & Western)100	5.00	55	60
Vickaburg Shreveport & Pacific (Illinois Central)100	5.00	56	59
Preferred100	5.00	57	60
Warren RR of N J (Del Lack & Western)	3.50	2436	2714
West Jersey & Seashore (Penn-Reading)	3.00	54	57
At any hereal or personne (r.orm-resented)	0.00	0.0	01

#### Railroad Equipment Bonds

Paragraph of the same	Bid	Ask		Bid	Ask
Atlantic Coast Line 4148.	b1.75	1.00	New Orleans Tex & Mex-		
Baltimore & Ohlo 4148	b3.75	3.00		\$3.50	2,50
Boston & Maine 4148	84 00	3.00		b2.25	1.75
50	84.00	3.00		02.20	****
314s Dec 1 1936-1944	b3.75	3.00		b3.25	2.50
3758 Dec 1 1000-1014	00.10	0.00	New York New Haven &	00.20	2.00
Canadian National 4148	b2.25	1.75		83.75	3.00
Sa.	b2.25	1.75		b2.50	1.50
	b2.25	1.75		b2.00	1.00
Canadian Pacific 41/48			Northern Pacific 41/8	02.00	1.00
Cent RR New Jersey 41/48.	\$4.00	3.00		44 80	
Chesapeake & Ohio-			Pennsylvania RR 43/8	b1.50	1.00
41/6	62.10	1.60			
Chicago & Nor West 41/8.	b3.75	3.00		82.10	1.60
Chie Milw & St Paul 41/48.	b5.00	4.25			
50	b5.00	4.25		b2.25	1,80
Chicago R I & Pacific-			Pere Marquette 4168	b2.50	2.00
Trustees' etfs 314s	9834	9916			
			Reading Co 434s	b2.00	1.50
Denver & R G West 414s	\$4.00	3.00			
60	04.00		St Louis-San Francisco-		
	01.00	0.00	40	A3.50	2.75
Erie RR 41/8	84.00	3.00	4360	\$3.50	2.75
Great Northern 436s	81.50		St Louis Southwestern 5s	\$3.00	2.00
Orene Morenern ayya	01.00	1,00		b2.25	1.85
Hocking Valley 5s	81.00	0.00	Southern Pacific 4368		
		0.00	Southern Ry 41/48	b2,25	1.75
Illinois Central 41/8	b2.25	1.75			
Internat Great Nor 416	84.00	3.00	Texas Pacific 4s	b2.10	1.50
			4168	b2.10	1.50
Long Island 416s	b3.50	2.50	6a	61.50	1.00
86	b2.50	1.50			
	10000		Virginia Ry 4368	b1.25	0.75
Maine Central 5s	84.00	3.00			
Missouri Pacific 434s	b3.25	2.25	Western Maryland 434s	b2.25	1.25
86	b3.25	9 95	Western Pacific 5s	b3.75	2.75

#### Miscellaneous Bonds

AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF	Bid	Ask		Bid	Ask
Commodity Credit Corp			New York City Park-		-
14 % notes Nov 2 1939.		100.8		10934	11034
%%Aug 1 1941	100.8	100.10	3 1/s revenue 1944	A 1.60	less 1
Federal Farm Mtge Corp			3 1/4 revenue 1949		lons 1
1368 Sept 1 1939	100.1				-
Fed'l Home Loan Banks			Reconstruction Finance		
2sDec 1940	102.4	102.8	Corp-		
28Apr 1 1943	103.7	103.11	34 % notes July 20 1941	100.26	100.28
Federal Natl. Mtge Assn		-			100.29
2s May 16 1943-			%%Nov 1 1941	100.26	100.28
Call Nov16'39 at 101	101.22	101.26	74 74		-00.20
156s Jan 3 1944-	1		Triborough Bridge-	- 13	
Call Jan 3 '40 at 102_	101.14	101.18	4a s f revenue '77_A&O	11234	11336
			4s serial revenue1942		less 34
Home Owners 'Loan Corp			4s serial revenue 1968		less 1
368 May 15 1940	100.6	100.8	U S Housing Authority-		reme r
568 May 15 1941	100.10	100.12	136 % potes Feb 1 1044	109 6	102 0

#### Sugar Stocks

Par	Bid	Ask	Par	Bid	Ask
Cupan Atlantic Sugar 736 Eastern Sugar Assoc 1	634	756	Savannah Sug Ref com1	3134	3334
Preferred	13	1434	West Indies Sugar Corn 1	414	814

For footnotes see page 1011.

#### Railroad Bonds

	Bid	Asked
Akron Canton and Youngstown 51/281945	130	3114
681945	130	32
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	10036	
Baltimore & Ohio 41/48	50	52
Boston & Albany 41/481943	7234	74
Boston & Maine 58	38	41
41/8	32	35
Cambria & Clearfield 4s	100	101
Chicago Indiana & Southern 4s	67	101
Chicago St. Louis & New Orleans 5e	74	82
	102	04
Chicago Stock Yards 5s	53	5514
Cleveland Terminal & Valley 48	110	0073
Connecting Railway of Philadelphia 4s		3314
Cuba RR. improvement & equipment 5s	31	33%
Florida Southern 4s1945	71	73
Hoboken Ferry 5s1946	45	
lilinois Central-Louisville Div. & Terminal 31/481953	64	67
Indiana Illinois & Iowa 4s	68	
Kansas Oklahoma & Guif 5s	98	99
Memphis Union Station 5s1959	112	
New London Northern 4s	9934	
New York & Harlem 3 1/82000	101	103
New York Philadelphia & Norfolk 4s1948	97	9734
New Orleans Great Northern income 5s	117	18
New York & Hoboken Ferry 5s	33	
New York & Hodoken Ferry 581940	80	****
Norwich & Worcester 41/81947		69
Pennsylvania & New York Canal 5s extended to1949	66	104
Philadelphia & Reading Terminal 5s1941	103	104
Pittsburgh Bessemer & Lake Erie 5s	117	
Portland Terminal 4s	9214	
Providence & Worcester 4s1947	731/2	
Terre Haute & Peorla 5s	104	106
Toledo Peoria & Western 4s	99	
Toledo Terminal 4 1/8	109	111
Toronto Hamilton & Buffalo 4s	100	
United New Jersey Railroad & Canal 31/48	106	
Vermont Valley 4 1/8	75	85
Vicksburgh Bridge 1st 4-6e	70	72
Washington County Ry. 31/8	3934	41
	54	56
West Virginia & Pittsburgh 4s1990	04	. 90

#### **Industrial Stocks and Bonds**

Bid	Ask	Pari	Bid	. As
	216	New Britain Machine		
3214	3616	New Haven Clock-	24/3	20
1136	1274	Preferred 616 % 100	45	55
	/-	Norwich Pharmacal 216		19
1134	1214	Ohio Match Co		19
3334		Pan Amer Match Corp. 25		16
		Pathe Film 7% pref	100	103
89	9236	Petroleum Conversion 1	45e	754
2114	2234	Petroleum Heat & Power. *	156	2
15	17	Pilgrim Exploration1	436	5
5814	64	Pollak Manufacturing •	1134	13
31 34	3416	Remington Arms com *	3	4
15	17			
14		Scovill Manufacturing 25	20 %	22
434	614	Singer Manufacturing 100		170
21%	234	Singer Mfg Ltd		4
		Skenandoa Rayon Corp	5%	7
		Solar Aircraft1	3%	4
		Standard Screw20	30 1/2	33
		Stanley Works Inc 25	3834	40
		Stromberg-Cartson Tel Mfg		5
	36	Sylvania Indus Corp*	201/2	22
		steel common		5
		Tennessee Products	11/4	2
		Time Inc	152	156
	22	Trico Products Corp	33 1/4	35
28	31	Triumph Explosives2	2%	3
		Tubize Chatilion cum pf. 10	80	87
1 %	2%			
				1
	314	United Piece Dye Works.		
639		Preterred100		5
	23 19	Veeder-Root Inc com	49	51
	9%		4017	
74	1 14	as conv preterred		.=:
2%	379	Welch Grape Juice como		17
	1016	Wart Va Dula & Dan com		113
	143/	Preferred 100	021/	051
	6.8/		114	95
	574		221/	25
	971	Wichmine Granger Steel		5
953/	9714	Wilcox & Cibbs som	774	9
273/	201/	WID The Goodwill Ste		27
414		Worsester Salt 100		45
91/		Vork Tee Machinery		5
271/		700 professed 100		34
	84	176 presented	0276	32,
81/	014	Bonds-		10.00
	2814		64634	485
1714	1014	Bethlehem Steel 314s 1959		100
	214	Brown Co 5 kg ser A 1946		31
0 2	10	Carrier Corp 4 16a 1948		90
		Crown Cork & Seel 4144 '48		100
		Deep Rock Oil 7s 1937		57
24		Haytian Corp 8s 1938		26
		Houston Oll 4348 1954		98
234	3	McKesson & Rob 534s 1950	83	84
17		Minn & Ont Pap 6s 1945		24
	32	Nat Radiator 55 1946	f18	-
116		N Y World's Pair 4s _ 1941	46	49
		Old Bell Coal inc 6s1948		33
106	113	Scovill Mfg 5348 1945		-
13		Shell Union Oil 214s 1954	95	95
24	28	Socony-Vacuum Oil 34 1964		106
99		Woodward Iron-		
134		1st 5s1962	106	
	1914	2d conv income 5s1962		1063
	1 % 32 % 32 % 31 % 32 % 32 % 32 % 32 % 3	1	134   234   124   124   124   124   124   124   124   124   124   125   126   127   128	134

#### Telephone and Telegraph Stocks

Am Dist Teleg (N J) com_* Preferred	95 114% 172% 121%	117 1/4 175 1/2 123 1/4	New York Musual Tel_100 Pac & Atl Telegraph25	14 1/2 32 1/2	Ast 134 1634 34 11334
Emp & Bay State Tel100 Franklin Telegraph100 Gen Telep Allied Corp— \$6 preferred	47 26 10234 71	10414	Rochester Telephone— \$6.50 lat pref100 So & Atl Telegraph25 Sou New Eng Telep100 Wisconsin Telep 7% pf.100	1536	160

## Quotations on Over-the-Counter Securities-Friday Aug. 11-Continued

WE MAINTAIN ACTIVE TRADING MARKETS IN UNLISTED

Investment Trust Issues

GOODBODY & CO.

Abers N. Y. Stock Exchange and other Principal Stock and Commodity Exchange and Commodity and Commodity and Commodity Exchange and Commodity and Commodity

#### **Investing Companies**

Adminis'd Fund 2nd Inc.	Bid	Ask		Bid	Ask
Affiliated Fund Inc.	11.27	11.99	Keystone Custodian Funds	07 10	00.0
Affiliated Fund Inc. 114 Amerex Holding Corp. Amer Business Shares	3.16	3.51	Series B-1	27.10	29.6
Amer Business Shares	21 % 2.97	3.28	Series B-3	21.79 14.05	23.8. 15.4
Amer Gen Equities Inc 25c	30	.43	Series K-1	14.19	15.59
Am Insurance Stock Corp*	434	5 1/4	Series K-2	9.49	10.51
Am Insurance Stock Corp* Amoc. Stand Oil Shares2 Bankers Nat Invest Corp	436	514	Series 8-2	13.61	14.99
Bankers Nat Invest Corp			Series K-1 Series K-2 Series B-2 Series S-3 Series B-4	10.10	11.18
*Class ABasic Industry Shares 10	616	73%	Beries B-4	3.66	4.12
Boston Fund Inc	3.55		[Mannattan Bond Fund Inc]	6.91	7.63
Boston Fund IncBritish Type Invest A1 Broad St Invest Ce Inc5	14.53	15.62	Maryland Fund Inc10c	4.20	4.70
Broad Sa Invest Co Inc. 5	.14 23.59	.29 25.23	Mass Investors Trust1 Mutual Invest Fund10	20.02 10.31	21.53
Bullock Fund Ltd1	1216	13%		10.01	41.0
		Paris India	Nation Wide Securities-	-	-
Canadian Inv Fund Ltd1	3.75	4.10	Common25e	3.59	
Century Shares Trust	23.77	25.56	National Investors Corp. 1	1.19	1.32
Chemical Fund 1 Commonwealth Invest 1	9.91	10.73	National Investors Corp. 1	5.59 11.76	5.95
Continental Shares pf100	3.24 5¾	3.52		11.76	12.68
Corporate Trust Shares1	2.35	6%	Agriculture	6.88	7.48
Corporate Trust Shares1 Series AA	2.24		Automobile	4.87	5.29
Accumulative series 1	2.24		A viation	8.99	9.72
Series AA mod	2.65		Bank stock	8.25	8.92
Series ACC mod1	2.65		A viation  Bank stock  Building supplies	6.33	6.86
Crum & Forster com 10 6% preferred 100 Crum & Forster insurance	2714	2914	I EACCMICAL COMPANSIS	6.86	7.43
Crum A Forster insurance	118		Insurance stock Machinery	9.55	10.33
Common B share10	32%	34%	Metals	8.00	7.24 8.66
•7% preferred	113	0276	Olia	6.48	7.02
•7% preferred100 Cumulative Trust Shares. •	4.57		Eauroad aquipment	5.85	6.34
The second secon	100	M. A.S.	No Amer Bond Trust etts.	6.73	7.29
Delaware Fund	15.47	16.72	No Amer Bond Trust etts.	4934	
Deposited Inaux Sha A	1.56		No. 4 70- (1) 1050 4		
Deposited Insur She ser B)	2.94		No Amer Tr Shares 1953.*	2.32	
Diversitied Trustee Shares	2.01		Series 1955	2.72	
C3.50	3.60		Series 1958	2.29	
D1	5.60	6.25	Plymouth Fund Inc 10c	.37	.42
Dividend Shares 25c Eaton & Howard Manage	1.14	1.24	Putham (Geo) Fund	13.73	14.68
Eaton & Howard Manage	1	10 41	Quarterly Inc Shares 10c	8.25	9.18
ment Fund series A-1 Equit Inv Corp (Mass)5	17.23 26.65	18.51 28.66	Quarterly Inc Shares_10c 5% deb series A_ Representative TrustShs10	100	103
Equity Corn \$3 conv pref 1	27 34	2814	Republic Invest Fund_25c	9.60	10.10
Fidelity Fund Inc.	17.74	19.11	republic Invest Fund.200	.61	.24
Equity Corp \$3 conv pref 1 Fidelity Fund Inc First Mutual Trust Fund	6.64	7.36	Selected Amer Shares 214	8.77	9.56
Fiscal Fund Inc-			Selected Income Shares	4.05	
Bank stock series 10c	2.46	2.72	Sovereign Investors	.62	.68
Insurance stk series 10c Fixed Trust Shares A 10 Foreign Bd Associates Inc. Foundation Trust Sha A . 1	3.29 9.12	3.65		14.51	15.38
Poreign Bd Associates Inc.	6.86	7.56	Standard Utilities Inc. 50c State St Invest Corp	7434	78
Foundation Trust Sha A 1	4.15	4.45	Super Corp of Am Tr ShaA	3.45	10
Fundamental Invest Inc. 2	16.38	17.81	AA	2.41	
Fundamental Invest Inc. 2 Fundamental Tr Shares A2	4.88	5.59	B	3.61	
B*	4.43		Supervised Shares3	9.60	10.43
General Cantest Corn	00 94	91 55	Thursday Stand Inwest She		
General Capital Corp* General Investors Trust.*	29.34 4.78	31.55 5.28	Trustee Stand Invest She-	2.43	
Group Securities—	4.10	0.20	Series D	2.43	
Group Securities— Agricultural shares	5.04	5.49	Series C	2.37 5.10	
Automobile shares	4.49	4.90	Series B	4.65	
	7.10	7.72	Trusteed Amer Bank Sha B	.56	.62
Building shares Chemical shares Food shares	5.96		Trusteed Industry Shares.	.83	.93
Chemical shares	6.26	6.81	U S El Lt & Pr Shares A		
Investing shares	3.19	3.48	B LA & PT Buares A	15%	
Merchandise shares	5.28	5.75	Voting shares	2.27	
Mining shares	6.11	6.65	Wellington Fund1	13.30	14.63
Mining shares	4.02	4.38		20.00	22.00
R.H. edilinment shares	3.53	3.85	processing the second second		
Steel shares	5.13	5.59	Investm v Banking Corp		14.
Huron Holding Con-	5.16	5.62	Blair & Co. •Centrai Nat Corp el A•	136	214
Tobacco shares	15 29	16.47	Class B	22	25
Independence Trust Shs.	.13 15.32 2.11	10.47	• Class B	1736	19
nstitutional Securities Ltd	2		*Schoelkopf, Hutton 4	1172	10
Bank Group shares	1.06	1.17	*Schoelkopf, Hutton & Pomeroy Inc com10e	1	2
Insurance Group Shares.	1.30	1.43	continue to the property of the second secon		
	7.86	10.52			

#### **Public Utility Stocks**

Par	Bid	Ask	Par	Bid	Ask
Alabama Power \$7 pref *	9734	98%	Interstate Power \$7 pref.	5%	674
Arkansas Pr & Lt 7% pref *	93	9434	Jer Cent P & L 7% pt. 100	102 34	
Associated Gas & Electric	10.35		Kan Gas & El 7% pref. 100		11814
Original preferred*	234	314	Kings Co Ltg 7% pref_100	87	89
\$6.50 preferred*	534	6%	Long Island Lighting-		
\$7 preferred	51/2		6% preferred100	331/4	35
Atlantic City El 6% pref. *	11934	200	7% preferred100	3734	39
Birmingham Elec \$7 pref. *	7536	7814	Mass Utilities Associates-		0.0
Buffalo Niagara & Electern			5% conv partie pref 50	36	3736
\$1.60 preferred 25	22	2256	Mississippi Power \$6 pref *	8014	83
Carolina Power & Light-	-	/-	\$7 preferred*	8614	8914
\$7 preferred*	100	102	Mississippi P & L \$6 pref. *	81	8214
6% preferred	9216	94	Miss Riv Pow 6% pref_100	115	11736
Central Maine Power-	/-				/2
7% preferred100	105%	10734	Missouri Kan Pipe Line 5	634	7
\$6 preferred100	9534	9734		0/6	
Cent Pr & Lt 7% pref 100	10634		Pub Serv 7% pref25	2736	29
Consol Elee & Gas \$6 pref *	9%	10%	Mountain States Power-	/2	
Consol Traction (N J), 100	52 34	56 14	7% preferred 100	6614	6734
Consumers Power \$5 pref*		105	Nassau & Suf Ltg 7% pf 100	3214	34
Continental Gas & El-	~~~	-00	Nebraska Pow 7% pref. 100	11434	
7% preferred100	93	95	New Eng G & E 516 % pt. *	3214	
. 70			New Eng Pub Serv Co-	02/2	00/2
Dallas Pr & Lt 7% pref. 100	118	-	\$7 prior lien pref	48	4914
Derby Gas & El 87 pref *	42	4534	New Orl Pub Serv 87 pt *		114
Federal Water Serv Corp-	-	-0/2	New York Power & Light-		
\$6 cum preferred	2436	25%		10436	10516
\$6.50 eum preferred*	25	2636	7% eum preferred100	11234	
\$7 cum preferred*	25%		N Y State Elec & Gas-		
Idaho Power-	20/6	/8	536 % pref100	100%	10114
\$6 preferred	110%		Northern States Power-	-00/2	-0-73
7% preferred100	11314		(Del) 7% pref100	70%	7216
Interstate Natural Gas	23 14			110%	
resource viscous City.	and 7%	mu 74.	(mained a to begreeouses .	**0.58	78

Public Utility Stocks—Continu	Public	Utility	Stocks-Continue	bd
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Par	Bid	Ask	Pari	Bid	Ask
Ohio Edison \$6 pref	10614	10736	Rochester Gas & Elec-		175.53
\$7 preferred	11234	11414	6% preferred D100	103	10436
Ohio Power 6% pref 100	112	11334	Sierra Pacific Power com. *	20	21
Ohio Public Service—		100	Sloux City G & E \$7 pt. 100	9734	
6% preferred100	x103%	105	Southern Calif Edison-		
7% preferred100	x11214	11334	6% pref series B25	2916	30
Okla G & E 7% pref100	113	11436	-,,		
Pacific Ltg \$5 pref	108%		Texas Pow & Lt 7% pf_100	10634	10734
Pacific Pr & Lt 7% pt_100	86	8814	Toledo Edison 7% pf A . 100		112
Penn Pow & Lt \$7 pref	10936	110%	United Gas & El (Conn)-		
Queens Borough G & E-	/-	/-	7% preferred100	88	9016
6% preferred100	33	35	Utah Pow & Lt \$7 pref *	61	6234
Republic Natural Gas1	434	516		157	162
	-/-	1	West Penn Pr 434% pt 100_	11256	113
	111111111111111111111111111111111111111				

#### **Public Utility Bonds**

	Bid	Ask		Bid	Ask
Amer Gas & Power 3-5s '53	49	501/2	Iowa Public Serv 3 %s. 1969		101
Amer Utility Serv 6s. 1964	85%		Kan City Pub Serv 4s, 1957	31 36	
Associated Electric 5s. 1961	7136	721/2	Kansas Power Co 4s1964	101	101 34
Assoc Gas & Elec Corp-	2.53	200	Kan Pow & Lt 31/8 1969		108%
Income deb 31/81978	3416	3514	Lehigh Valley Transit 5a'60	6334	65
Income deb 3%s1978	35	3514	Lexington Water Pow 5s '68	8834	91 14
Income deb 4s1978	37	3716	Missouri Pr & Lt 3 %s. 1966	109	
Income deb 41/481978	4016	4136	Mountain States Power-		7.77
Conv deb 4s1973	69		lat 6s1938	101 34	10234
Conv deb 4148 1973	70	72	Narragangett Electric-	4 4 10 1	
Conv deb 5s1973	74	76	31/581966	10914	
Conv deb 51/8 1973	80		New Eng G & E Assn 5s_'62	69	72
8s without warrants, 1940	99	10036	N Y, Pa & N J Util 5s 1956	8514	8634
			N Y State Elec & Gas Corp		/-
Assoc Gas & Elec Co-			481965	104	104%
Cons ref deb 436s1958	40	42	1st 3%s1964	10436	
Sink fund inc 43481983	35	3614	Nor States Power (Wisc)-	-0-/2	-00
Sink fund ine 5e1983	37	3814	33481964	11014	11114
B f ine 4148-51481986	38	41	0/3000000000000000000000000000000000000	110/2	/8
Sink fund ine 5-6s_ 1986	40	43	Old Dominion par 5s 1951	7734	80
Dina tana me o ca1000	20	- 20	Parr Shoals Power 5s 1952	103	00
Blackstone Valley Gas			Penn Pow & Lt 3 1/8 1969		10536
& Electric 31/8 1968	109		Peoples Light & Power-		10079
G ENCOMIC 0718	100		1st lien 3-6s1961	94%	9634
Cens Ark Pub Serv 5s_1948	9814	100	Portland Electric Power-	0.474	8073
Central Gas & Elec-	0072	100		f25%	2736
1st lien coll tr 51/8, 1946	89%	91 56	681950 Pub Util Cons 51/81948		88
1st lien coll trust 6s. 1946		931/2	Republic Service	861/2	00
Cent Ill El & Gas 3%s. 1964	913/2		Collateral 5s1951	771/	7934
Cent In E. & Gas 3 % 8. 1964	2072	100			
Control Wilmote Pub Com			Rochester Gas & El 31/4 s '69 St Joseph Ry Lt Heat & Pow	108	10814
Central Illinois Pub Serv	1001/	1091/		10316	1041/
lst mtge 3 %s1968	102%	10314	43681947		
Central Public Utility—	4014	91/	Sloux City G & E 4s. 1966	1041/4	100
Income 51/s with stk '52	121/2	314	Southern Bell Tel & Tel-	107	1001/
Cities Service deb 5s1963	75%	77		105	10514
Cons Cities L4 Pow & Trac	0000	050	Sou Cities Util 5s A1958	531/4	55
561962	93%	95%	T-1 D 4 4 (D 5- 1050)		
Consol E & G 6s A1962	57	581/2	Tel Bond & Share 5s1958	74%	76%
6s series B1962	5634	58	Texas Public Serv 5s1961	96%	98%
Crescent Public Service-			Toledo Edison 3 1/81968	108	1083/2
Colline 6s (w-s) 1954	58	6035	Utica Gas & Electric Co-		
Cumberl'd Co P&L 31/8'66	10814	109	561957	132	
War and the second second			Wash Wat Pow 31/4s1964		10634
Dallas Pow & Lt 31/8-1967	110	1103	West Texas Utils 3 %s_1969	102	10216
Dallas Ry & Term 6s_1951	73	7534	Western Public Service		
Federated Util 5348 1957	84	86	51/481960	97	98
Havana Elec Ry 5s1952	1431/2		Wisconsin G & E 334s. 1966	1081/2	
Inland Gas Corp 634s.1938	15014	5234	Wis Mich Pow 3%s 1961	1083/2	109

#### Real Estate Bonds and Title Co. Mortgage Certificates

	Bid	Ask		Bid	Ask
Alden Apt 1st mtge 3s_1957	f3136				
Beacon Hotel inc 4s1958	8	936	641948	99	102
B'way Barciay inc 2s 1956	f20	211/2			1
B'way & 41st Street-	11000		8 f deb 5s1945	7015	7234
1st leasehold 314-5s 1944	36		THE RESERVE OF THE RE	14966	1
Broadway Motors Bldg-	1000		N Y Athletic Club-	1.5	
4-681948	66	69	281955	2036	22 34
Brooklyn Fox Corp—		1000	N Y Majestic Corp-	13401	0.23
381957	1634	8	4s with stock stmp1956	5.	6
Chanin Bldg 1st mtge 4s '45	40	42	N Y Title & Mtge Co-		1000
Chesebrough Bldg 1st 6s '48	4934		51/4s series BK	52	54
Colonade Construction-		1	51/s series C-2	33	35
1st 4s (W-s) 1948	30	33	51/s series F-1	52	54 34
Court & Remsen St Off Bld	-		534s series Q	4234	4434
1st 3 1/s1950	30	32			
Dorset 1st & fixed 2s. 1957	2514	-	Olierom Corp v t e	13	4
Eastern Ambassador	20/3		1 Park Avenue-	,-	
Hotel units	234	314	2d mtge 68	50	
Equit Off Bidg deb 5s_1952	33	35	103 E 57th St 1st 6s 1941	12014	***
	00	35	165 Bway Bldg 1st 514s '51	52	***
Deb 5e 1952 legended	f19	22	Sec a f etfa 4 1/a (w-a) '58	4436	1634
50 Bway Bldg 1st 3s inc '46	110	22	Sec a 1 cris 4 24 a (M-a) 00	44.76	20 76
500 Fifth Avenue-	001/		Dandanas Gasus Co.		
6 1/2 (stamped 4s) 1949	2834		Prudence Secur Co-	55	
52d & Madison Off Bidg-		00	514s stamped1961	00	
1st leasehold 3s. Jan 1 '52	36	38	Realty Assoc Sec Corp-	477.0	
Film Center Bldg 1st 4s '49	40		5s income1943	4734	51
40 Wall St Corp 6s 1958	121 %	22 34	Rittenhouse Plaza (Phila)		
42 Bway 1st 6s1939	154		23681958	38	42
1400 Broadway Bldg-			Roxy Theatre—		
1st 4s stamped1948	40	42	1st mtge 4s1957	64	67
Fox Thea & Office Bldg-					
1st 61/481941	13%		Savoy Plaza Corp-	1	
Fuller Bidg deb 6e 1944	24	27	3s with stock1956	f21	2234
1st 214-4s (w-s) 1949	3536	39	Sherneth Corp—		
Graybar Bidglet ishid 58'46	85	86 14	1st 5%s (w-s) 1956	f12	15
Harriman Bldg 1st 6s. 1951	16	1736	60 Park Place (Newark)-		
Hearst Brisbane Prop 6s '42	4316	45	1st 33/4s1947	36	
Hotel St George 4s 1950	38	40	61 Broadway Bldg-	THE STATE OF	
	17000		3 %s with stock1950	35	37
Lefcourt Manhattan Bidg	100	200	616 Madison Ave-		
1st 4-5e1948	56		3s with stock 1957	27	
Lefcourt State Bidg-			Syracuse Hotel (Syracuse)	10.15	
1st lease 4-6 %s 1948	56		1st 3s1955	72	
Lewis Morris Apt Bldg-					-
1st 4s1951	42		Textile Bldg-		
exington Hotel units	48	50	1st 6s1958	3634	38
incoln Building—			Trinity Bldgs Corp-	00/2	-
Income 51/4 w-s1963	6936	71	1st 536s1939	f41	44
oew's Theatre Rity Corp	0075		2 Park Ave Bldg 1st 4-5s'46	49	51
	10136	1002/	Walbridge Bldg (Buffalo)-	40	OF
1st 6s1947	101.28	10274	Waltridge Didg (Dullaid)	1.0	
ondon Terrace Apts	97	20	3s	15	
1st & gen 3-4s1952	37	39	Wall & Beaver St Corp-	1011	10
udwig Baumann—		17.00	1st 43/s w-s1951	1634	18
1st 5s (Bklyn) 1947	54		Westinghouse Bldg-	-	-
1st 5s (L I)1951	63		1st mtge 4s1948	73	75

For footnotes see page 1011.

Mill Stocks

Mining Stocks

## Ouotations on Over-the-Counter Securities—Friday Aug. 11—Concluded

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#### Foreign Stocks, Bonds and Coupons **Inactive Exchanges**

## BRAUNL & CO., INC.

52 William St., N. Y.

Tel. HAnover 2-5422

#### Foreign Unlisted Dollar Bonds

	D4.4	. 4.3		Bid	. Ask
Ambala 70 to 1048	Bid	Ask	Hungarian Cent Mut 7s '37		ASK
Anhait 7s to1946	f1934		Trungasian Tant The #1/a 190	f7	
Donbod Colombia 707 1047	152		Hungarian Ital Bk 716 32	11	
Antioquia 8s	f2614		Hungarian Discount & Ex-	**	
11 78	1261		change Bank 7s1936	f9	-277
Barranquilla .s'35-40-46-48 Bavaria 63/s to1945 Bavarian Palatinite Cons	f23 1/2		Jugoslavia 5s funding_1956	50	51 1/2
Bavaria 6 % to 1945	11736		Jugoslavia 2d series 5s_1956	50	61 1/2
Bavarian Palatinite Cons	100				
Cities 7s to1945 Bogota (Colombia) 61/4s '47	f13		Koholyt 61/4s	f21	
Borota (Colombia) 614s '47	12034	2114	Land M Bk Warnaw Se '41	f38	
861945	f18	18%	Lainely O'land Pr 6144 '46	f2136	
Bolivia (Republic) 8s_1947	1236	0.1/	Leipzig Chaid Prin 70 1059	f22	
Bollyle (Republic) 88-1947		2 1/4 2 1/4 2 1/4	Terbrid Light Latt 18-1009	140	
781908	1234	276	Luneberg Power Light &		
781969	1214	25%	Water 781948	f211/2	
6s1940 Brandenburg Elec 6s1953	f234	31/2			
Brandenburg Elec ds 1953	12016		Mannheim & Palat 7s_1941	f2136	
Brasil funding 5s1931-51	116	17	Meridionale Elec 7s 1957	49	52
Brazil funding scrip	131	1	Montevideo scrip	f37	
Bremen (Germany) 7s. 1935	f23	24	Munich 7s to 1945	11936	
			Munich 7s to1945 Munic Bk Hessen 7s to '45	11936	
661940	f1634		Munic Ba riemen 78 to 40	11033	
British see United Kingdom British Hungarian Bank—			Municipal Gas & Elec Corp Recklinghausen7:1947	*****	
British Hungarian Bank—			Recklinghausen7:1947	f2014	
73581962	f8				1 500
Brown Coal Ind Corp—			Nassau Landbank 6 14s '38	f23	
6 148	f23		West Donk Denome		
Buenos Atres serip	152		(A & B) 4s 1945-1947	f57	1
Buenos Aires scrip	flio		(C 4 D) 4s 1949-1949	157	
	**10		(A & B) 4s1945-1947 (C & D) 4s1948-1949 Nat Central Savings Bk of Hungary 7 1/6s1962 National Hungarian & Ind Mars 7	,	
Caldes (Colombias 814-146	****	10	Net Central Sevings BE of	**	
Caldas (Colombia) 71/48 '46	J1736	18	Hungary 7 358 1962	57	
Call (Colombia) 7s1947	125	2635	National Hungarian & Ind	TOUR P	
Callao (Peru) 73481944 Cauca Valley 73481946 Ceara (Brasil) 881947	16	7	Mtge 7s1948 North German Lloyd 6s '47	57	
Cauca Valley 7 14s 1946	11736	18	North German Lloyd 6s '47	f100	
Cears (Brazil) 8s 1947	f2	334	481947	38	4036
Central Agric Bank-	,-	073	Oldenburg-Free State-	-	20/2
Central Agrie Bank— see German Central Bk			Oldenburg-Free Sanse-	f19	
			/8101940		
Central German Power	****		7s to1945 Oberpfals Elec 7s1946	f211/5	
Madgeburg 6 1934 Chilean Nitrate 5s 1968 City Savings Bank Budapest 7s 1953 Colombia 4s 1946 Cordoba 7s stamped 1937 Cotta Blua funding 1937	12636		Annual Control of the		
Chilean Nitrate 5s1968	15236		Panama City 6 168 1952	140	***
City Savings Bank			Panama 5% scrip	171	73
Budapest 7s	17		Poland 3a1956	f18	
Colombia 4s	169		Poland 3s	1736	
Cordoba 7s stamped 1937	f53		Protestant Church (Clar.	2.12	
Costs Dies funding &s '51	11736	101/	Protestant Church (Cet	f21	17.00
Costa Rica funding 5s. '51 Costa Rica Pac Ry 71/8 '49		1836	many) 7s1946 Prov Bk Westphalia 6e '33	621	***
Conta Rion Pad Ry 7 258 49	J25		LLOA BE MESEDURIN 68 .99	f21	
5s	11736	1834	6s 1936	f21	23
Cundinamarea 6 1/8 1959	1161	17	581941	117	
Dortmund Mun Util 6612'48	12234				
Duesseldorf 7s to1945	11936		Rio de Janeiro 6% 1933 Rom Cath Church 6 1/48 '46 R C Church Welfare 78 '46	1734	834
Duisburg 7% to1945	J1934		Rom Cath Church 614s '46	f21	
	/2		B C Church Welfare 7s '46	f21	
East Prussian Pow 6s_1953	12036		Saarbrueeken M Bk 6s.'47	122	
Electric Pr (Ger'y) 61/4 '50	122	04	Selveder	,	
8149		24	Salvador	#11	
6361953	f22	24	7s 1957	fil	1017
European Mortgage & In-		1	78 ctrs of deposit_1957	f10	101/2
vestment 71/2 1966	116	***	W MCCID	f5 f17	
7 148 IDCOM# 19580	116		861948	117	
7 1/26 income 1966 78 1967 78 income 1967 Farmers Nati Mtge 78 1945	116		8s ctfs of deposit_1948	116	
7s income1967	15		Santa Catharina (Brasil)—	12.0	
Farmers Natl Mtge 7s '63	17		8% 1947	19	10
Frankfurt 7s to 1945	119%		8%	69	-
Frankfurt 7s to1945 French Nat Mail 88 6s '52	142	146	Santander (Colors) 75 1042	f21	22
Time Trail DO 08 .03	143	140	Santander (Colom) 7s.1948	141	
Corman Atl Cable To 1040	2.0		Sao Paulo (Brazil) 6s1943 Saxon Pub Works 7s1945	1736	814
German Atl Cable 7s1945	J40		Saxon Pub Works 781945	f22	
German Building & Land-			1 6 140 10611	f22	
bank 6 1/8 1948	12036	***	Baxon State Mige 0s1947	f24	
German Central Bank			Siem & Halake deb 6s 2030	f530	
Agricultural 6s1938	f2334	2534	State Mige Bk Jugoslavia		
German Conversion Office		/3	Sa 1054	51	53
Funding 3s1946	f2614	27	2d series 5s 1056		53
German scrip	6414		Stattle The Total	51	00
Cros (Ametric) Co. 1074	f436	6	5s 1956 2d series 5s 1956 Stettin Pub Util 7s 1946	f22	66
Gras (Austria) 8s1954	117		Tono Electric 78 1988	64	
Great Britain & Ireland-			Toho Electric 7s1955 Tolima 7s1947	f18%	18%
See United Kingdom	-				
Guatemala 8s1948	130	40	United Kingdom of Great	1000	
			Britain & Ireland 4s_1990	9736	9834
Hanover Hars Water Wks			314% Warloan	8616	8734
681957	f17		Trugues conversion series	127	3174
Haiti 6s1953	71		Uruguay conversion serip Untereibe Electric 6s 1953 Vesten Elec Ry 7s 1947 Wurtemberg 7s to 1945	f37	
		***	Vester Plea Pietrie 681983	f22	
Hamburg Electric 6s1938	f24		vesten Elec Hy 781947	f21	
Housing & Real Imp 7s '46	120		wursemberg 7s to 1945	11936	

#### **Water Bonds**

3 20 20 20	Bid	Ask	lt.	Bid	Ask
Alabama Wat Serv 5s_1957		102 34	New York Was Serv 5e '51	9714	1003
Ashtabula Wat Wks 5s '58	10416		Newport Water Co 5s 1953	102	
Atlantic County Wat 5s '58	100 14				1.6
		1	Ohio Cities Water 5 1/18 '53	9514	
Birmingham Water Wks-		1	Ohio Valley Water 5s. 1954	107 36	
5s series C1957	105		Ohio Water Service 5s. 1958	10134	10234
5e series B1954	101			9234	9534
5 1/s series A 1954	102				1
Butler Water Co 5s 1957	105 14		Penna State Water-		
			1st coll trust 43/81966	10234	1033
Calif Water Service 4s 1961	108	10914	Peorla Water Works Co-		
Chester Wat Serv 414s '58	10436		1st & ref 5s	101	104
City of New Castle Water	-0-/4		1st consol 4s1948	10134	
501941	102		1-4 10-	100	
City Water (Chattanooga)			Prior lien 5e1948	104	
5s series B	10134				
1st 5e series C 1957	10534		Phila Suburb Wat 4s1965	108	110
Community Water Service	20072		Pinelias Water Co 534s, '59	102	
514r series B1946	7436	7834	Pitteburgh Sub Wat 5s '58	102%	
6e series A1946	77	81	Plainfield Union Wat 5e '61	107	
Connelisville Water 5s 1939	100	0.	Richmond W W Co 5s_1957	10514	
COUNTERLE AL WARE OF 1909	100		Roch & L Opt Wat 5e_1938	101	
Greenwich Water & Gas-			Model de L'Oue Was de. 1900	101	
5e series A1952	10234	104	St Joseph Wat 4s ser A. '66	10634	
5s series B1952	102		Seranton Gas & Water Co	10078	
Huntington Water—	102		4161958	103 16	105
5e series B1954	10136		Seranton-Spring Brook	100 72	100
681954	103			8914	9436
	105		1st & ref 5s A1967	903	9516
581962	100		Shenango Val 4s ser B 1961	10134	9072
Indiananalia Water			South Bay Cons Wat 5s '50	7934	8434
Indianapolis Water—	105	1001			
1st mtge 3 1/s 1966	105	1063	Springf City Wat 4s A '56	103	106
Indianapolis W W Securs	1001/	1001/	Toma Wanta Water to D 150	101	
5e1958			Terre Haute Water 5s B '56	101	***
Joplin W W Co 5s1957	105 3/2		6a series A1949	103	
			Texarkana Wat 1st Sa. 1958	10434	
Kokomo W W Co 5s1958	10534		Water Water Garage States	***	
Long Island Wat 5 16s_1955	105		Union Water Serv 536 '51	103	10436
Middlesex Wat Co 51/8 '57		108	W Va Water Serv 4s 1961	1051/2	107
Monmouth Consol W 5s '56	10035		Western N Y Water Co-		
Monongabela Valley Water			5s series B1950	98	
5161950	10234		1st mtge 5s1951	98	101
Morgantown Water 5s 1965	105 1/2		1st mtge 5 1/8 1950	1011	
Muncle Water Works 5s '65	1053	•	Westmoreland Water 5s '52	10316	
			Wichita Water—		
New Jersey Water 5s_1950	102	104	5s series B1956	102	
New Rochelle Water-			5s series C1960	10536	
5s series B1951	9314	9834	6a series A1949	105 16	
53681951	97	100	W'msport Water 5s1952	103 14	

For footnotes see page 1011.

#### Q. Forrest Walker, Economist of R. H. Macy & Co., Inc. Contends Fixed Retail Prices Mean Lower Profits on Standard Brands-Correction of Earlier Report of Address

Inasmuch as a recent address by Q. Forrest Walker, Economist of R. Macy & Co., Inc., delivered at the Fair Trade Luncheon Forum at the Hotel Park Central, New York was incorrectly reported in some particulars in our issue of July 29, page 716, we take occasion here to again refer to Mr. Walker's address, in view of the misinterpretation which might arise as to the purport of his remarks. Two errors were made in reporting Mr. Walker's address on page 716, where, as a result of a typographical error, it was made to appear that the speech was delivered on July 17 at the New York World's Fair, instead of at the Fair Trade Luncheon Forum. Likewise our item was in-correct in quoting from Mr. Walker's address to the effect

"to the progressive merchant who knows arithmetic fixed retail prices mean reduction of prices on standard brands.

What he actually said was that "fixed retail prices mean reduction of profits on standard brands."

The title of Mr. Walker's address was "Has Fair Trade Accomplished Its Purpose?" and as indicated in our item on page 716, in conclusion, he said:

"Fair trade" has not accomplished the statutory concepts of its purposes. There has been some success in achieving its real purpose of raising prices, but that success has been accompanied by evasion evils and unfair enforcement. As a means of improving the economic condition of merchants, these laws have been a complete failure. Sooner or later an aroused public opinion will demand their repeal.

## Report on Four Industry Groups Issued by SEC—Based on Census of American Listed Corporations

On Aug. 4 the Securities and Exchange Commission made public four more of a series of reports based on a Work Projects Administration study known as the Census of American Listed Corporation. The current reports contain a summary of selected data on the following four industry groups composed of corporations registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934: Bakers of Biscuits and Crackers; Bakers of Bread and Cake; Cereal Manufacturers and Millers: and Quarrying and Non-Metal Mining. Although these summaries contain essentially the same information as the first 18 published reports of this series, they have not been printed and, therefore, are not available for free distribution. They are, however, open to public inspection and use at the offices of the Securities and Exchange Commission in Washington, D. C., New York, N. Y., and Chicago, Ill. and, if the demand justifies, copies will also be made available at other regional offices of the Commission.

## General Corporation and Investment News

#### RAILROAD—PUBLIC UTILITY—INDUSTRIAL—INSURANCE—MISCELLANEOUS

NOTE—For mechanical reasons it is not always possible to arrange companies in exact alphabetical order. However, they are always as near elphabetical position as possible.

## FILING OF REGISTRATION STATEMENTS UNDER SECURITIES ACT

The following additional registration statements (Nos. 4150 to 4155, inclusive) have been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933. The amount involved is approximately \$54,640,600.

Northern Indiana Public Service Co. (2-4150, A-2) of Hammond, Ind. has filed a registration statement covering \$45,000,000 of 3\% first mortgage bonds, series A, due Aug. 1, 1969. Filed Aug. 4, 1939. (See subsequent page for further details).

Atlas Pipeline Corp. (2-4151, Form D-1) bondholders protective committee, of Philadelphia, Pa. has filed a registration statement covering \$836,000 certificates of deposits for 6% first mortgage sinking fund convertible bonds due 1945. H. D. Boenning is Chairman of the committee. Filed Aug. 4, 1939.

Arrowhead Springs Corp. (2-4152, Form A-1) of Los Angeles, Calif. has filed a registration statement covering 20,000 shares of no par value common stock, which will be offered at \$25 per share first to certain stock-holders and the unsubscribed portion will be offered to others. Proceeds of the issue will be used for property development, buildings, equipment and working capital. Jay Paley is president of the company. No underwriter named. Filed Aug. 5, 1939.

Colony Fund, Inc. (2-4153, Form A-1) of New York, N. Y. has filed a registration statement covering 100,000 shares of 10 cent par non-voting common stock, which will be offered at book value plus 5%. Aggregate amount of the issue is not to exceed \$250,000. Proceeds will be used for investment purposes. Joseph Stone is president of the company. No underwriter named. Filed Aug. 5, 1939.

Transair Corp. (2-4154, Form A-1) of San Francisco, Calif. has filed a registration statement covering 250,000 shares of no par value common stock, which will be offered at \$4 per share. Proceeds of the issue will be used for machinery, equipment, building and working capital. F. L. Hewitt is president of the company. Shaw Hooker & Co. has been named underwriter. Filed Aug. 5, 1939.

Pennsylvania Telephone Corp. (2-4155, Form A-2) of Erie, Pa. has filed a registration statement covering \$5,200,000 of 3¼% first mortgage bonds, due Aug. 1, 1969 and 46,292 shares of \$2.25 cumulative preferred stock, no par value. Filed Aug. 8, 1939. (See subsequent page for further details).

The last previous list of registration statements was given in our issue of Aug. 5, page 867.

Acadia Sugar Refining Co., Ltd.—To Be Sold—
The directors announced Aug. 1 they had accepted an offer from AngloDutch Refining Co., Ltd., for purchase of the company, subject to approval
of the shareholders.
The announcement said the proposed purchase price was "understood"
to be \$3,000,000, of which one-half would be payable in cash and one-half
in 6% 15-year redeemable debentures.—V. 148, p. 3209.

 0 % 10 year reduce	manie de	Meare	mres	. 120, p. 3208.
Adams-Millis	Corp.	(&	Subs.	-Earnings-

1939	1938	1937	1936
\$383,051	\$394,231	\$442,328	\$314,109
112,969	108,487	108,503	99,942
\$270,082	\$285,744	\$333,825	\$214,167
11,156	10,791	11,333	41,314
\$281,238	\$296,535	\$345,158	\$255.481
3,608	4,450	1,202	18,786
62,200	65,100	66,400	48,000
\$215,430	\$226,985	\$277,556	\$188,695
78,000	134,500	182,250	168,733
\$137,430	\$92,485	\$95,306	\$19,962
\$1.38	\$1.34	\$1.61	\$0.87
	\$383,051 112,969 \$270,082 11,156 \$281,238 3,608 62,200 \$215,430 78,000 \$137,430 \$1.38	\$383.051 112,969 \$270,082 \$285,744 11,156 10,791 \$281,238 \$296,535 3,608 4,450 62,200 65,100 \$215,430 78,000 \$137,430 \$92,485 \$1.38	\$383,051 112,969 \$108,487 \$108,503 \$270,082 11,156 10,791 \$11,333 \$281,238 3,608 \$4,450 \$226,985 78,000 \$134,500 \$226,985 \$277,556 78,000 \$134,500 \$226,985 \$277,556 \$345,250 \$

	Conson	squiet Daja	urce pueer name on		
Assets-	1939	1938	Labilities-	1939	1938
x Plant & equip \$	2,246,280				\$500,000
Cash	198,363		y Common stock.	\$614,004	614,004
Marketable secur.	388,422	388,422	Notes payable	550,000	
Accts. receivable	468.065	500,315	Accounts payable.	204,041	181.316
Inventory	890,942	545,215	Acer. royalties,		
Other assets	21,261		wages & taxes	81,953	186,975
Deferred charges	76.587	45.095	Res. for conting's.	59,000	59,000
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR			Earned surplus	2,780,921	2,480,342
					-

....\$4,289,919 \$4,021,637 Total .... \_\_\_\_\$4,289,919 \$4,021,637 x After depreciation of \$1,889,116 in 1939 and \$1,653,905 in 1938. y Represented by 156,000 no par shares.—V. 148, p. 1467.

Alabama Water Service Co.—Acquisition of Securities—
The Securities and Exchange Commission announced Aug. 4 that Alabama Water Service Co., (a subsidiary of Federal Water Service Corp. and of Utility Operators Co.,) had filed an application (File 46-163) under the Holding Company Act for approval of the acquisition of certain securities of Chattanooga Gas Co. for a total price of \$810.000. The securities of Chattanooga Gas Co. to be acquired are: 7,500 shares of common stock (\$100 par); 5,000 shares of 6% preferred stock, (\$100 par); \$1,200,302 6% demand note dated April 23, 1932 (unsecured), and \$155,478 6% demand note dated May 27, 1932 (unsecured). In addition, the corporation will acquire an open account indebtedness due from Chattanooga Gas Co. to the United Light & Power Co. in the amount of \$156,141.

Combined applications were filed by Alabama Water Service Co. and Federal Water Service Corp. for approval of the following transactions:

(1) The conversion by Federal Water Service Corp. of \$500,000 non-interest bearing, non-negoriable debentures, without fixed maturity, of Alabama Water Service Co. into a like principal amount of \$7% first mortgage gold bonds, series A, due Jan. 1, 1957, of Alabama and the donation to Alabama of such bonds issued upon the conversion.

(2) The acquisition by Alabama Water Service Co. of such bonds and the tender to the trustee under the indenture securing the bonds of a principal amount sufficient to exhaust the sum of \$300,000, and the surrender to the trustee of cancellation of any balance of the \$500,000 principal amount of bonds.

(3) Alabama Water Service Co. will mortgage and pledge to the trustee under the indenture securities of Chattanooga Gas Co. excluding the open account indebtedness.

Alabama Water Service Co; will apply the \$300,000 received from the trustee for the purchase of securities of Chattanooga Gas Co.—V. 148, p 2731. Alabama Water Service Co.-Acquisition of Securities-

Aluminum Co. of America—Exempt Under Utility Holding Company Act-

An order exempting the company from provisions of the Public Utility Holding Company Act was issued Aug. 9 by the Securities and Exchange

Commission. Also exempted were Aluminum Ore Co. and Messena Securities Corp., while St. Lawrence River Power Co., a subsidiary of the latter, was not found to be an electric utility company within the meaning of the Act.

of the Act.

The Commission exempted Aluminum Co. on the grounds that it was only incidentally a holding company, being primarily engaged in the production and sale of aluminum and aluminum products, that only a small part of its income came from its utilities subsidiaries and that these subsidiaries were 100% owned.

The Commission found St. Lawrence River Power Co. not to be on electric utility under the Act because it furnished only a small amount of electric energy to persons other than Aluminum Co. of America.—V. 148, p. 3524.

American Airlines, Inc.—Oerpations—
Revenue passengers carried by this company, in July totaled 51,546, an increase of 72.5% over the same month in 1938 and an all-time record for the month of July, Charles A. Rheinstrom, Vice-President in Charge of Sales, announced on Aug. 7.

Revenue passenger miles flown by American Airlines reached 19,301,587, an increase of 66.7% over July of 1938. The airline's load factor was 65.8%, as compared with a load factor of 50.8% in July, 1938.

Every route on American's coast-to-coast system recorded an increase in revenue passenger miles and revenue passengers carried in July in comparison to the same month in 1938.—V. 149, p. 253.

American Arch Co.—New Director—
Raymond Willey, has been elected a director of this company to fill the vacancy left by the death of J. E. Lewis.
George A. Price, Executive Vice-President has been elected to the Executive Committee to fill the place of the late Mr. Lewis.—V. 147, p. 903.

American Box Board Co.—Earnings-

Earnings for Six 4-Week Periods Ended May 13, 1939

Net sales Cost of sales Selling and administrative expenses	\$982,412 766,917 160,352
Operating profit  Non-operating income and deductions	\$55,143 683
Profit before Federal income taxes  Provision for Federal income taxes	\$55,826 8,620
Net profit  Provision for preferred dividends	\$47,207 36,820
Net profit on common stock	\$10,387

American Car & Foundry Co.—New Director— Malcolm S. Mackay has been elected a director of this company.—V. 149, p. 404.

American Centrifugal Corp.—Subscription to Stock—
The company has notified the New York Curb Exchange that 16,350 additional shares have been taken up and paid for up to July 28 by the underwriter in addition to the 611 shares subscribed for by stockholders up to June 10, last. Corporation has now notified the Exchange that the period of the offering of the balance of 40,182 shares to the public, and the period of the agreement in which to take up and pay for the balance of 3,650 underwritten shares has been further extended from July 28, for a further 90 days.—V. 148, p. 3832.

American Light & Traction Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings- 

 12 Months Ended June 30—

 Gross operating earnings of subsidiary companies

 (after eliminating inter-company transfers)——\$41

 General operating expenses
 22

 Maintenance
 2.

 Provision for depreciation
 3

 General taxes and est. Federal income taxes
 5

 Net earnings from operations of sub. cos...... Non-operating income of subsidiary companies... \$8,224,427 30,671 Total income of subsidiary companies...... Interest, amort. & pref. divs. of sub. cos..... Prop. of earns. attrib. to minority common stock... Equity of A. L. & T. Co. in earns. of sub. cos... Inc. of A. L. & T. Co. (excl. of int. rec'd from subs.) \$3,889,638 1,553,558 \$5,443,196 217,499 175,874 Expenses of American Light & Traction Co\_\_\_\_\_ Taxes of American Light & Traction Co\_\_\_\_\_ Balance transferred to consolidated surplus.... \$4,969,073 Dividends on preferred stock...... 804,486 

American Hair & Felt Co. (& Subs.)-Earnings-6 Months Ended June 30— 1939 1938 Net sales 2,839,035 \$2,446,384 Cost of sales, selling, admin. & gen. expenses 2,691,648 2,795,704 Net profit from operations
Miscellaneous income \$202,344 loss\$324,768 74,075 54,714 Profit
Adjust. of reserve in accordance with base stock inventory method\_\_\_\_\_ \$128,269 loss\$379,481 Dr40,490 Cr22,588 \$87,779 loss\$356,894

Consolidated Balance Sheet June 30, 1939

Assets—Cash in banks and on hand, \$292.093; receivables (less reserves), \$291.255; inventories, \$2,448,022; prepaid insurance, &c., \$30,993; investments, &c., \$126,208; plant and equipment at cost (net), \$2,028,830; agency contract and patents in process of amortization, \$124,160; total, \$5,341,562.

Liabilities—Accounts payable, \$274,113; accrued commissions, taxes, &c., \$137,898; provision for Federal and Canadian income taxes, \$47,938; reserves, \$738,633; minority stockholders' interest in subsidiary, \$80,851;

lirst preferred stock (par \$100), \$1,478,200; 2nd pref. stock (29,940 shs., no par, declared value \$60 per share), \$1,796,400; common stock (shares of no par value; declared value \$5 per share), \$800,270; paid-in surplus, \$260,876; earned deficit, \$273,617; total, \$5,341,562.—V. 148, p. 2884.

American Ice Co.—Bonds Called-

Company has called for redemption on Sept. 30, 1939, at 102½, all of its 5% sinking fund debentures, due 1953, outstanding in the principal amount of \$932,000. Payment will be made at the office of the Pennsylvania Co. for Insurances on Lives and Granting Annuities, Philadelphia; or, at the option of the holder, at the New York office of Brown Brothers Harriman & Co.—V 148 n. 3524.

& Co.—V. 148, p. 3	524.			
American Lo	comotive Co	. (& Subs.)	-Earning	78
6 Months Ended J Gross sales, less disc Cost of goods sold, i	fune 30— counts and allows	ancesS	1939	1938 \$13,158,836
general expense Depreciation and an			$\substack{10,729,927\\353,875}$	13,580,145 354,789
Loss from operation other income			\$903,431 66,407	\$776,098 134,306
Net lossOther charges			\$837,024 94,687	\$641,792 199,865
Net loss for period	1		\$931,710	\$841,657
(	Consolidated Balan	nce Sheet June 3	0	
Assets—	939 1938	Liabilities-		1938
y Cost of property35,7 Other investments 2,5 Cash 4,8	87,371 5,164,423	Preferred stock x Common stock Adv. pay. rec'd	3,839,500	
Marketable securs. 7 Accts. & notes rec.,		Accounts payab	5,000 de_ 1,769,318	1,347,810
Other accts. rec'le.	28,110 46,273	Res. for Federa	1 &	
	46,806 7,775,278 97,907 531,058			
	and the same	in other sec. in Capital surplus. Earned surplus.	av. 4,702.687	
		Emined surpius.	0,300,231	5,010,012

Total ..... 55,600,904 59,123,935 Total ... ....55,600,904 59,123,935 x Represented by 767,900 no par shares. y After depreciation reserves.

V. 148, p. 1631.

American News Co.—Earnings—

6 Mos. End. June 30— Net sales		1938 \$30,323,072 20,779,168 9,127,736	\$28,866,020 28,195,367	1936 \$23,056,644 {15,404,295 7,251,759
· Operating profit Other income		\$416,168 72,322	\$670,653 80,288	\$400,589 52,650
Total profit Prov. for Fed. inc. taxes	\$380,794 60,000	\$488,490 96,000	\$750,941 180,000	\$453,240 85,000
Net profit	\$320,794	\$392,490	\$570,941	\$368,240
Shs. of capital stock out- standing (no par)	421,456	421,436	210,718	210,718
Earns. per sh. on shares capital stockx Including depreciation	\$0.76 on.—V. 148,	\$0.93 p. 1159.	\$2.71	\$1.75

American Telephone & Telegraph Co.-Earnings-Period End. June 30— Operating revenues\_\_\_\_ Uncollectible oper. rev\_\_ 1939—Month \$9,202,996 \$8 -- 44,906 nth—1938 1939—6 Mos \$8,397,605 \$55,251,274 \$5 58,158 276,358

Operating revenues ... \$9,158,090 perating expenses .... 6,957,657 \$8,339,447 6,635,737 54,974,916 \$51,102,009 40,765,358 39,6 5,933 Net oper. revenues... \$2,200,433 Operating taxes...... 1,141,956 \$4,957,159 75,746,314

American Utilities Service Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings 12 Months Ended June 30—
Subsidiary Companies—
Gross earnings
Operating expenses, maintenance & taxes
Provision for retirements 1939 1938 3,813,076 2,718,505 397,044 \$3,704,197 2,703,117 380,505 Net earnings.....Other income. \$697,527 19,549 \$620,575 12,663

\$717,077 83,678 \$633,238 76,408 a Net income

b Interest

Equity of minority stockholders in net income of
subsidiary companies

Miscellaneous charges (net) 29,662 24 283  $\frac{22,999}{12,051}$ c Balance Expenses & taxes of American Utilities Serv. Corp-Collateral trust bonds Serial notes \$521,780 58,947 315,000 27,158 \$579,453 55,943 315,000 22,312

Consolidated net income ... \$120,675 \$186,198 a Before deducting interest and other income deductions. b And amortization of discount and expense on funded debt (less interest charged to construction). c Of net income of subsidiary companies applicable to American Utilities Service Corp.—V. 148, p. 3053.

American Water Works & Electric Co., Inc.-Weekly Power Output-

. 140, p. 000.				
Anglo-American	Mining C	orp., Ltd.	.—Earning	18-
3 fos. End. June 30— Revenue from sale of gold	1939	1938	1937	1936
and silver bullion Revenue from sale of	\$178,885	\$140,953	\$116,606	\$104.088
quicksilver Rev. from other sources.	22,596	19,824 1,645	27.7°2 2,503	37,103 1,689
Total revenue Less oper. costs (incl.	\$201,481	\$162,422	\$146,860	\$142.878
development)	129,675	131,023	103.860	105.999
Net oper. profit before deducting depletion, depreciation, &c	\$71,806	\$31,398	\$43,000	\$36,878

American Woolen Co., Inc.—Earnings-

[Including all subsidiary companies except Textile Realty Co.] [Including an substance of the first of sales | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 193 1,361,620 1,205,733 1,496,466 Profit from oper'n... \$1,341,216loss3,795,898 terest earned.... 60,445 80,119 isct. on purchases... 126,183 41,487 \$4,376,778 89,307 177,599 \$2,405,754 102,340 118,278 Interest earned
Disct. on purchases...
Rent, storage and sundry
income—net....
Collection on accts., previously written off... 23,307 52.359 65,270 46,850 3,834 21,984 4,279 3,731 \$1,584,037loss3,629,001 \$4,713,232 \$2,676,954 13,562 37.798 9.786 81.369 42,073 5,011 1,110,178  $19.250 \\ 6.257 \\ 1,086.192$  $146.828 \\
7.177 \\
1.084.305$ 7.897 1,017.710 yProfit\_\_\_\_\_ Preferred dividends\_\_\_\_ \$357,670 x\$4,750,487 \$3,393,552 766,430 \$1,098,162 766,430 x Loss. y Before provision for Federal taxes on income and undistributed profits.

Consolidated Balance Sheet

	-	)/reacretated	District Discos	
	June 30 '39	Dec. 31 '38		Dec. 31 '38
Assets-	8	8	Liabilities— \$	. 8
Cash in banks an	d		Notes pay., banks 2,850,000	2,000,000
on hand	. 1.907.645	3.008,720	Acets. pay., trade 569,141	852,735
Acets. receivable-	_		Accrued liabilities, 1,208,873	939,330
		8.543.493	Prepaid rents, stor-	
			age and deposits 70,176	75,773
Accrued storage			231/2 % mtg.on Am.	
rents. int., &c.	37,969	217.005	Woolen Building	
Mtge. notes rec'l			N. Y., due July	
on dwellings		17.996	1. 1940 1,100,000	1.100.000
xTextile Realty Co			Res. for contings 640.830	
capital stock an			7% cum, pref stk.	W. Contraction
open account		5.539	(\$100 par)35,060,000	35,570,000
			a Common stock 2,000,000	
Other assets and			Capital surplus 27,797,981	
prepaid ins., &c		420.145	Profit & loss since	
,,			Jan. 1,'32-def. 11,118,110	11,475,780
det - s - s	00 170 000	60 400 556	m-1-1 60 170 000	eo 400 mm

x The Textile Realty Co., a wholly owned subsidiary, holds inactive plants, properties, dwellings and other assets with an adjusted net book value as of June 30, 1939, of \$4.304,931. The actual value of these assets is not determinable at this date. y After reserve for depreciation since July 1, 1931, of \$12,185,014 in 1939 and \$13,028,158 in 1938. z Obligation of The Pocono Co., a wholly owned subsidiary. a Represented by 400,00 no par shares.—V. 148, p. 1309.

Anheuser-Busch, Inc.—Dividend Doubled—
Directors have declared a dividend of \$1 per share on the common stock, par \$20, payable Sept. 9 to holders of record Aug. 26. This compares with 50 cents paid on June 10 and on March 10, last, and regular quarterly dividends of 30 cents in preceding three months periods. In addition, an extra dividend of 40 cents was paid on Dec. 12, 1938.—V. 148, p. 1308.

Arkansas Power & Light Co.—Accumulated Dividend—Directors have declared a dividend of \$1.75 per share on account of accumulations on the 7% cumulative preferred stock and a dividend of \$1.50 per share on account of accumulations on the \$6 cumulative preferred stock, both payable Oct. 2 to holders of record Sept. 15. Similar amounts were paid in each of the 16 preceding quarters.—V. 149, p. 718.

Arrowhead Springs Corp.—Registers with SEC—See list given on first page of this department.—V. 148, p. 2255.

Associated Gas & Electric Co.—Tenders—
The Public National Bank & Trust Co. of N. Y. will until 12 o'clock noon,
Aug. 22 receive bids for the sale to it of sufficient sinking fund income
debentures, due 1983, series A, B, C, and D, to exhaust the sum of \$2,805
at prices not exceeding redemption prices.

Weekly Output-

For the week ended Aug. 4, Associated Gas & Electric System reports net electric output of 97,940,522 units (kwh.). This is an increase of 10,-011,722 units or 11.4% above production of 87,928,800 units for a year ago. Gross output, including sales to other utilities, amounted to 108,138,276 units for the current week.—V. 149, p. 868.

units for the current week.—V. 149, p. 868.

Atlantic & East Carolina Ry.—Stock—

The Interstate Commerce Commission on Aug. 1 authorized the company to issue not exceeding \$100.00 of 6% non-cumulative preferred stock, (par \$100), and 1.000 shares of common stock (no par), having an assigned value of \$10 a share, in connection with the lease of the properties of the Atlantic & North Carolina RR.

The company was incorp. on June 19, 1939, under the laws of North Carolina for the purpose, among others, of leasing and operating the properties of the Atlantic & North Carolina RR., extending from Morehead City to Goldsboro, N. C., a distance of approximately 94 miles.

To provide the money necessary for a cash bond, \$25,000 for working pital. \$25,000 for cash payment for new equipment estimated to cos approximately \$50,000, consisting of one gasoline or Diesel electric motor car of about 500 horsepower and two 30-ton gasoline or Diesel switching locomotives, to compensate H. P. Edwards for procuring the lease, and for other lawful corporate purposes, the company proposes to issue \$100,000 of 6% non-cumulative preferred stock, and 1,000 shares of common stock. The preferred stock will be sold at not less than par, 500 shares of the common stock will be sold to the erganizers at \$10 a share, and the remaining 500 shares of the common stock will be sold to the less than par, 500 shares in payment for negotiating the lease.

Atlantic Gulf & West Indies Steamship Lines (&

Atlantic Gulf & West Indies Steamship Lines (&

Subs.)—Earnings—				
Period End. June 30— Operating revenues Oper. exps. (incl.deprec.)	\$2,020,573 1,927,826	fonth—1938 \$1,902,097 1,924,223		Mos.—1938 \$12,105,656 11,789,878
Net oper. revenue	\$92,747	*\$22,126	\$899,870	\$315,778
	36,971	39,615	290,306	269,618
Operating income	\$55,776	*\$61.741	\$609,564	\$46.159
	2,824	6,727	19,626	28.357
Gross income	\$58,600	x\$55,014	\$629,189	\$74,516
Interest, rentals, &c	109,829	112,018	684,163	637,720
Net loss V 14	\$51,229 0 p 405	\$167,031	\$54,974	\$563,204

Atlantic & North Carolina RR.—Lease-

The Interstate Commerce Commission on Aug. 1 approved the lease by the Atlantic & East Carolina Ry. of the entire railroad properties of the Atlantic & North Carolina RR.—V. 141, p. 1429.

Atlas Pipeline Corp.—Registers with SEC— See list given on first page of this department.—V. 149, p. 719.

Automotive Gear Works, Inc.—Accumulated Dividend—Directors have declared a dividend of 41½ cents per share on account of accumulations on the cumulative convertible preferred stock, payable Sept. 1 to holders of record Aug. 19.—V. 143, p. 1864.

Atlas Corp.—Earnings— [And Its Investment Company Subsidiaries]	Best & Co.—Earnings— 6 Mos. End. July 31— 1939 1938 1937 1936
Consolidated Income Statement for 6 Months Ended June 30, 1939 Income—Dividends \$460,807	Net profit after deprec., Federal inc. taxes and
Interest 119,542  Total income \$580,349	other charges \$364,396 \$425,619 \$569,315 \$508,546 Earns. per sh. on 300,000 shs. com. stk. (no par) \$1.18 \$1.38 \$1.86 \$1.67
Expenses 668,991	x After allowing for the Federal tax on undistributed surplus.—V. 148, p. 3836.
Loss \$88,642 y Net profit on sales of securities on the basis of average cost 716,300	Bigelow-Sanford Carpet Co., Inc.—Earnings—
Net income, before deducting prov. for Federal income tax	6 Months Ended— July 1, '39 July 2, '38 July 3, '37 June 30, '36 Net sales after allow——\$11,050,209 \$9,016,501 \$15,585,736 \$11,684,252 Cost of sales, excl. deprec 7,915,908 8,256,411 11,267,951 8,774,772
Net income for the period x\$569,258 Preferred dividends 682,155	general expenses 1,891,050 1,846,702 2,358,849 1,834,080
Common dividends	Depreciation 42,,390 412,172 399,399 455,801 Interest expense 85,355 x72,455 44,764 x22,486 Prov. for Fed. normal tax 125,000 230,000 100,000
portions thereof applicable to minority interests, representing a net income of \$3,709. y After deducting profit of \$1,262,987 on sales of notes of affiliates of Utilities Power & Light Corp., offset against unrealized depreciation of notes of other affiliates of that company at June 30, 1939.	Balance \$612,506 y\$1,571,238 \$1,284,772 \$497,112 Interest received 4,540 6,014 1,407
ciation of notes of other affiliates of that company at June 30, 1939.  Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition	Net profit \$617.046 y\$1,565,224 \$1,286,179 \$497.795
[Corporation and Its Investment Company Subsidiaries]  Assets— June 30, '39 Oct. 31, '38	ning of year 2,896,278 4,466,519 5,159,956 4,586,995
* Dividends receivable and interest accrued 246,652 159,854 Portfolio holdings	Total\$3.513,324 \$2,901,295 \$6,446,136 \$5,084,790 Divs. on pref. stock 158,418 79,209 79,209 79,209 156,804
Corporation and Its Investment Company Subsidiaries   Assets -	Approp. for res. for inv. 1,000,000
Claims and expenditures         g1,493,824         c2,134,442           Deferred charges         4,053         49,289	Earned surp., June 30 \$2,354,906 \$2,822,086 \$5,974,915 \$4,848,777 Shs. com. stock outst'd'g 313,609 313,609 313,609 Earnings per share \$1.71 Nil \$3.84 \$1.33
Total\$59.970,048 \$66,892,003	* Includes other non-operating expenses. y Loss.—V. 148, p. 2735.  Blaw-Knox Co.—May Increase Stock—
Dividends payable on issuable capital stocks \$212,132 \$182,068 Due to brokers for securities purchased 61,323 155,737 Other accounts payable and accrued expenses 264,065 221,945	of how many sets of provy material they will need for a special meeting of
Provision for current year taxes 111,000 70,705	stockholders of Blaw-Knox Co. to be held Sept. 19, 1939, when stock- holders will be asked to vote upon an increase in capital stock.
Amount applicable to minority interests 244.190 238,528 6% preferred stock, cumulative (par \$50) 22,728,500 22,987,750	A two-thirds vote of the outstanding stock is necessary. The stock of record date is Aug. 19. Officials of Blaw-Knox state that the details of the proposed increase will be forthcoming in due time.—V. 148, p. 3836.
5% income note payable by a subsidiary 157,500 Provision for contingencies 1,402,228 1,530,532 Amount applicable to minority interests 244,190 238,528 6% preferred stock, cumulative (par \$50) 22,728,500 22,987,750 Common stock (par \$5) 15,835,890 16,901,735 Capital surplus 441442,250 44,699,340 Deficit 3,617,018 4,211,745 Net unrealized depreciation Dr18,715,472 fDr16,042,092	Borg-Warner Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings—
	6 Mos. End. June 30— 1939 1938 1937 1936 a Net oper. profit \$4.000,435   \$224,134 \$5,947,359 \$5,138,110 Int., disct. & sund. rec'ts 177,725 213,999 411,788 206,421
Total	Total income \$4,178,160 \$438,133 \$6,359,147 \$5,344,531
x Includes accounts receivable. y Representing securities for which market quotations are available priced at June 30, 1939 market quotations (cost \$61,505,440). z Cost \$5,879,340 carried by the management for purpose of this statement at the above amount. a Cost \$4,227,173 carried	Depr. of plant & equip 898,295
by the management for purpose of this statement at the above amount. b Undistributed equities in former subsidiary companies in process of liquidation, including \$1,427,698 based on management's valuations of investments (cost \$1,040,944). c Claim of \$1,238,732 and expenditures of	
\$622,551 in connection with companies in process of reorganization, and	Preferred dividends 64,764
\$399,409 notes and accounts receivable carried by the management for purpose of this statement at the above amount. d After deducting \$766,831 excess of cost over par value of common stock in treasury. f Excess of cost	Balance, surplus \$2,416,050 loss\$633,604 \$4,304,299 \$3,393,362 Common shar **s (par \$5) 2,336,708 2,302,052 2.302,004 b1,150,961 Earnings per share \$1.03 loss\$0.28 \$1.87 \$2.94
over market or management's valuations of assets. g Notes and accounts recivable of \$932,211, and \$857.613 expenditures in connection with companies in process of reorganization carried by the management for	a After deduction of factory, administrative and selling expenses, but before deduction of depreciation charges. b Par \$10 per share.  Note—No provision has been made for the Federal undistributed profits
purpose of this statement at the above amount.  Note—Costs of investments, as shown in the above statement for 1939 represent amounts based on Oct. 31, 1936 market quotations or in the	tax.  Consolidated Balance Sheet June 30
represent amounts based on Oct. 31, 1936 market quotations or, in the absence thereof, appraisals by the Board of Directors of investments acquired at inception of the company through consolidation which became	Assets— 1939 1938 1939 1938 S Liabilities— 3 S Cash 1,751,741 10,021,638 Accts. payable and
effective on that date, and costs of subsequent purchases.—V. 149, p. 570.  Bangor Hydro-Electric Co.—Earnings—	Marketable securs. 68,105 79,655 accrued expenses 3,779,515 3,278,971 Customers' accts. Special reserve 810,286 429,669
Period End. July 31— 1939—Month—1938 1939—12 Mos.—1938 Gross earnings \$180.542 \$184.382 \$2.216.959 \$2.227.895	rec. less reserves 5,086,024 3,239,901 Reserve for Fed. & Dominion tax 1,786,079 2,027,082 Adv. royalties and
Operating expenses     60,427     61,212     705,679     732,710       Taxes accrued     30,000     30,000     375,684     352,900       Depreciation     12,705     11,222     170,721     159,257	accts. receivable 32,092 22,567 other def. inc. 75,145 211,147 Cust. notes receiv. 398.844 546.810 Mar'ls, supp., &c. 10,066,935 11,276,267 sub. deferred. Dr1,750
Net operating revenue \$77,409 \$81,947 \$964,876 \$983,028	Prepayments 164,845 166,647 Refrig. mainten'ee 645,260 449,563
	receivable 45,629 9,656 standing 12,309,460 12,309,410 Deferred charges 851,032 840,390 Surplus 26,309,216 25,159,791
Div. on com. stock 21,722 21,722 260,659 249,798	Notes and other companies, &c 1,612,074
Balance \$4,646 \$8,848 \$92,869 \$131,252 -V. 149, p. 406.	Goodwill & pat'ts. 911,273 841,915
Bell Telephone Co. of Pennsylvania—Earnings— Period End. June 30— 1939—3 Mos.—1938 1939—12 Mos.—1938	Total 45,714,962 43,863,883 Total 45,714,962 43,863,883 X After depreciation of \$13,892,947 in 1939 and \$14,533,446 in 1938. Persecuted by 2,461,892 shares of \$5 par in 1939 and 2,461,882 shares
Period End. June 30—     1939—3 Mos.—1938     1939—12 Mos.—1938       Gross     \$17.1\sq.760     \$69,793.584     \$\sq.8.585.554       Net after taxes & depr     4,071,950     3,993.101     15,498.544     15,464.437       Total income     4,071,950     3,985,061     15,518.140     15,419.866	y Represented by 2.461,892 shares of \$5 par in 1939 and 2.461,882 shares of \$5 par in 1938. z Includes common stock of Borg-Warner Corp.  —V. 148, p. 2735.
Preferred dividends 325,000 325,000 1,300,000 1,300,000	Botany Worsted Mills—Earnings— 6 Months Ended June 30— 1939 1938
Common dividends 2,200,000 2,200,000 8,800,000 8,800,000 Surplus \$195,825 \$105,329 y\$15,325 y\$73.607	Net sales \$6,741,405 \$4,262,906 Cost of sales 5.157,956 3,658,517
Earns.per sn.on com.stk. \$2.18 \$2.09 \$7.18 \$7.93  * After charges. y Indicates deficit.	Expenses 793,308 498,374 Operating profit 8790,141 \$106,016
Loss in Phones— Company reports a net loss of 450 telephones in July, against loss of 1,829 In July, 1923, and gain of 918 in July, 1927. For some months not put	Other income 18,446 6,625  Gross income \$808,586 \$112,641
in July, 1938, and gain of 918 in July, 1937. For seven months net gain was 21,024 telephones, against gain of 2,060 in like period of 1938 and gain of 45,528 in like 1937 period.	Depreciation
As of July 31, telephones in service throughout the State totaled 1,254,-573, against 1,207,219 on same date last year, and 1,180,190 July 31, 1937.  —V. 149, p. 870.	Other charges 20,763 33,541
Bellevue-Stratford Hotel Co., Philadelphia-Bond-	Profit \$300,349 loss\$339,233 Inventory write-off 37,619
holders Get Property— Under a decree signed by U. S. District Judge Kirkpatrick at Philadelphia, holders of the \$6,000,000 of first mortgage bonds in the property become the	Net profit \$300,349 loss\$376,852 Note—Estimated Federal income taxes of approximately \$55,000 have
beneficial owners of the property. He approved a recommendation by Frederick L. Clark, special master, that a "settlement agreement" which eliminated all other claims be confirmed in which the bondholders will	not been provided for in 1939.  Comparative Balance Sheet June 30
acquire the stock of a new corporation and thus become the sole owners of the property.	1939 1938 1939 1938 1939 1938 1939 1938 1939 1938 1939 1938 1939 1938 1939 1938 1939 1938 1939 1939
The decree was entered in a 77 B reorganization proceedings the company filed Oct. 30, 1936.—V. 121, p. 1350.	Cash res. for social security taxes. 91,153 trade creditors. 1,303,286 676,124
Beneficial Industrial Loan Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings 6 Mos. End. June 30— 1939 1938 1937 1936	Inventories 4,579,020 3,597,481 Incl. acer'd int 138,603 198,638 Invest., at cost 106,184 93,104 Soc. sec. taxes pay. 89,955 61,882
x Net income \$3,131,277 \$3,101,358 \$3,511,789 \$2,881,324 Shs. com. stk. outstand _ 2,314,989	Trade marks, trade Accrused habilities 188,417 138,337 names, &c 5,430 5,524 Notes payable—Property
preferred dividends \$1.27 \$1.17 \$1.35 \$1.08 x After interest, amortization, minority interest, Federal taxes and	Deferred charges 83,438 128.339 Deferred credit 8,258 15,872 Res. for losses on acct. receivable 5,143 4,023
other charges.—V. 148, p. 3836. (Isaac) Benesch & Sons Co., Inc.—Liquidating Div.—	a Preferred stock. 1,762,630 1,762,630 b Class A stock 1,134,435 1,176,345
Company will pay a first and final liquidating dividend of \$6.63328 per share upon surrender of certificates.—V. 139, p. 1861.	c Class B stock 50,000 50,000 Capital surplus 9,866,044 9,855,384 Operating deficit 1,290,653 1,631,769
Bethlehem Steel Corp.—Listing— The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of \$25,000,000 consolidated works are Exchange has authorized the listing of \$25,000,000 consolidated.	Total17,189,632 16,001,860 Total17,189,632 16,001,860
consolidated mortgage 20-year sinking fund 3¼% bonds, series F, due July 1, 1959, which are issued and outstanding.—V. 149, p. 720.	a Represented by shares of \$10 par value. b Shares of \$5 par value. c Shares of \$1 par value.—V. 148, p. 3215.

Bond Stores, Inc. - Sales -

Period End. July 31— 1939—Month—1938 1939—7 Mos.—1938 Sales—V. 149, p. 407. \$924,071 \$924,189 \$11,550,953 \$9,965,396

Bridgeport Brass Co.—Sells Debentures Privately—The company has notified the SEC of the sale of \$3,500,000 3%-4½% serial debentures. The New York Trust Co. subscribed for \$1,250,000 of the issue, the Aetna Life Insurance Co. for \$1,200,000 and the Travellers Insurance Co. for \$1,050,000.

A total of \$2,500,000 of the proceeds was applied to the payment of an equal amount of outstanding debt represented by notes maturing on Dec. 31, 1940, bearing interest at the rate of 3½% per annum. The balance was added to working capital to be used in the regular course of business.

balance was added to working capital to be used in the regular course of business.

The debentures mature as follows: \$125,000 on April 1 and Oct. 1 beginning April 1, 1940, through April 1, 1949, and \$1,125,000 on July 15, 1949. All debentures maturing on or before Oct. 1, 1944, will bear interest at the rate of 3% per annum and debentures maturing thereafter will bear interest at the rate of 4½% per annum.—V. 149, p. 721.

Bristol-Myers Co. (& Subs.)-Earnings-

Period End. June 30— 1939—3 Mos.—1938 1939—6 Mos.—1938 Net inc. after all charges \$447.829 \$393.059 \$1,318.699 \$977.562 Shs. com. stk. (par \$5)—681.601 682.864 681.601 682.864 Earnings per share——\$0.66 \$0.58 \$1.93 \$1.43 For the 12 months ended June 30, 1939, consolidated net earnings, after all charges and after estimated Federal income taxes, were \$2,560,605, or \$3.75 per share on the outstanding shares.—V. 148, p. 2889.

British American Oil Co., Ltd.—Issue Sold—
Announcement was made Aug. 3 of the sale of \$4,000,000 debentures, proceeds of which will be used to reimburse company for expenditures in redeeming the present outstanding 10-year 4% debentures and for other corporate purposes.

The issue, it was stated, has been taken by A. E. Ames & Co., which firm, it is indicated, has privately placed the debentures with a limited number of Canadian banks and institutions.

Dated Sept. 15, 1939, the new debentures will be issued in a series of mine \$250,000 lots, maturing from 1940 to 1948, and in one lot of \$1,750,000 maturing in 1949. The average yield for the issue will be 2.746%.—
V. 147, p. 3605.

Brown Fence & Wire Co.—Sales—
Sales in July were \$218,240 against \$202,119 in July, 1938, an increase of \$16.121, or 8%. Company's fiscal year ends June 30.—V. 148, p. 3527.

Buffalo, Niagara	a & Easter	n Power	Corp. (&	Subs.)-
Period End. June 30— Operating revenues Operating rev. deducs	\$8,547,964	\$8,420,930	1939—12 <i>M</i> \$35,022,023 24,458,318	\$36,581,323
Operating income Non-oper. income (net) .	\$2,483,779 2,958	\$2,417,978 5,868	\$10,563,706 Dr2,853	\$11,138,301 Dr1,033
Gross income Deducs. from gross inc		\$2,423,847 1,079,510	\$10,560,853 4,282,273	\$11,137,268 4,343,417
Net incomex Restated for compa		\$1,344,337 oses as far		\$6,793,851 ie.—V. 148,

Buffalo Niagara Electric Corp.—Earnings—

Period End. June 30— Operating revenues Operating rev. deducs	1939—3 Mos \$4,832,538 3,834,334	s.—x1938	1939—12 M \$19,640,491 15,292,166	
Operating income	\$998,204	\$868,530	\$4,348,325	\$4,562,874
Non-oper. inc. (net)	Dr422	1,529	2,401	2,489
Gross income	\$997,781	\$870,059	\$4,350,727	\$4,565,363
Deducs, from gr. inc	489,430	497,029	2,003,111	2,031,470
Net incomexRestated for compar	\$508,351	\$373,030	\$2,347,616	\$2,533,893
	rative purpo	ses as far	as practicable	le.—V. 148,

Burlington Mills Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings—

income taxes	6 Months Ended July 1— Net profit after charges and Federal	1939	1938	1937
-v. 149, p. 8/1.	Shares capital stock	624,757	545,632	\$726,171 545,623 \$1.33

Canada Dry Ginger Ale, Inc. (& Subs.)-Earnings-Period End. June 30— 1939—3 Mos.—1938 1939—9 Mos.—1938 & allowances—— \$3,991,518 \$3,646,008 \$11,483,501 \$10,945,199 Cost of goods sold, adv.,

sell., distrib., gen. & adminis. expenses	3,464,949	3,391,614	10,470,577	10,363,688
Prov. for depreciation	83,795	69,471	247,288	201,441
Net oper. income	\$442,774	\$184,922	\$765,636	\$380,070
Miscellaneous income	5,364	31,467	14,753	48,703
Income deductions	\$448,138	\$216,390	\$780,389	\$428,773
Prov. for est. Fed. &	5,218	5,287	14,683	38,971
Dom. of Canada inc.	82,776	30,234	139,888	57,324
Net income	\$360,144	\$180,869	\$625,818	\$332,479

50-Cent Common Dividend-Directors on Aug. 10 declared a dividend of 50 cents per share on the common stock, payable Sept. 15 to holders of record Sept. 1. This compares with 25 cents paid on Sept. 19, 1938 and a regular quarterly dividend of 10 cents paid on July 15, 1935.—V. 148, p. 2735.

Canadian Industries, Ltd.—Larger Common Dividend—Directors have declared a dividend of \$1.75 per share on the class A and class B common shares payable Oct. 31 to holders of record Sept. 30. Dividends of \$1.50 per share were paid in each of the three preceding quarters; \$1.25 was paid on Oct. 31. 1938; \$1.50 on July 30, 1938 and a dividend of \$1.75 paid on April 30, 1938. See also V. 147, p. 3906.

Canadian Investment Fund, Ltd.-Earnings-

Income Account for Siz Months Ended June 30, 1939 Income—Cash dividends Bond i nterest Premium on dividends and interest paid in United States funds Interest on cash deposits Stock dividend received, sold Interest on tax refund	\$173,207 3,434 88 1,301 20,408 248
Ootal income Expenses	\$198,686 8,529
provided for	7,369
Net income, exclusive of profit or loss from sales of securities_ Dividends paid—Special shares	\$182,787 \$173,578 80

ance Sheet June 30, 1939 Assets—Investments at average cost, \$7.813.994; cash on deposit, demand, \$433,972 interest accrued and dividends receivable, \$40,934; deferred charges, \$2,824; total, \$8,291,724. Liabilities—Accrued expenses and accounts payable, \$602; provision for taxes, \$6,324; capital stock: Special shares of \$1 each, \$2,227,554; and ordinary shares (par \$1), \$1,000; paid-in surplus, \$5,892,117; paid-in surplus to equalize the accumulated earnings subject to distribution, \$1,331; earned surplus, \$162,796; total, \$8,291,724.—V. 148, p. 874.

#### Canadian International Investment Trust, Ltd .-Accumulated Dividend-

Directors have declared a dividend of 50 cents per share on account of accumulations on the 5% cumulative preferred stock, par \$100, payable Sept. 1 to holders of record Aug. 15. Similar payments were made in previous quarters. See also.—V. 148, p. 1020.

Canadian National Ry. - Earnings

Earnings of the System for	r the Week E	Ended Aug. 7	
Gross revenues	\$3,405,571	\$3,215,008	\$190,563

Earnings for the 10-Day Period Ended July 31

Canadian Pacific Ry.—Earnings—

Traffic earnings \$4,077,000 -V. 149, p. 871.	\$3,750,000	*327,000
Carson Hill Gold Mining Corp.—East	rnings—	
3 Months Ended June 30— Tons milled Revenue from sale of bullion Revenue from other sources	1939 98,861 \$240,337 175	1938 100,987 \$226,532 184
Total revenue	\$240,511 208,895	\$226,716 176,184

Operating profit before deducting depreciation, depletion, &c. \$31,617 \$50,532 Note—The above operating costs include all expenditures for development, as well as for repairs and renewals.—V. 148, p. 2889.

Caterpillar Tractor Co.—To Retire Preferred Stock—Directors of the company on Aug. 2 adopted a resolution that provides or retirement of all the 5%, \$100 par value preferred stock on Nov. 25 at par and accrued dividends.—V. 149, p. 572.

Celanese Corp. of America (& Subs.) - Earnings-

12 Months Ended June 30-	1939	1938
Net profit from operations, before depreciation		\$3,170,914
Dividends on investments		28,330
Non-recurring income	274,887 26,089	20,852
Total income		\$3,220,096
Depreciation Interest on long-term debt	1,504,921	1,338,029
Amortization of debenture expense.	$586,725 \\ 22,583$	219,467
Federal income tax provision		105,155
Net income	\$4,967,198	\$1,557,446
Control Investment Com Famina		

-V. 148, p. 3527.			\$4,967,198	\$1,557,440
Central Investme	ent Corp.	-Earning	78	
6 Mos. End. June 30— Income—Rentals— Pro rata of cost value	1939 \$281,567	\$362,719	1937 \$605,331	1936 \$490,790
of property addit'ns made by lessee Pro rata of taxes and	51,489	68,871	44,169	43,347
insurance on co.'s prop. paid by lessee Miscellaneous income.	105.902 39	$104,258 \\ 39$	153	159
Total income	\$438.996 101.038 2.776 8.143 14.457 100.498	\$535.887 98,792 4,214 8,912 12,230 106,570	\$649.654 90,089 5,352 9,167 13,324 94,878	\$534,296 81,476 2,440 7,785 10,559 103,983
Notes payable Federal income tax Deprec. and amortizat'n	1,807 $2,415$ $204,695$	$2,606 \\ 18,239 \\ 206,659$	36,823 195,735	21,203 184,979
Net income	\$3.166	x\$77.664	x\$204.284	\$121,870

x No provision has been made for surtax on undistributed net income.

	1	Balance She	et June 30		
Assets-	1939	1938	Liabilities-	1939	1938
Cash	\$103,583	\$132.017	Accounts payable.	\$3,795	\$7,594
Accts. receivable.	37,959	58.099	Accrued interest	41,830	44,696
Cash surrender val.			Fed. normal tax	6,202	31,246
life ins. policies.	51,942	43,766	Notes pay. (curr.)	65,650	71,004
a Land, building &			1st mtge. bonds	3,983,000	4,245,000
equipm't, furn.,		ALL DO VIEW	Def d rental inc	81,401	119,448
fixtures & impts.	9,126,149	9,448,693			
Deferred charges	106,476	115,415		5,775,300	
			Cap. sk. assessm't		234,252
			Deficit	765,321	730,560
Total	20 426 100	89 797 990	Total	89 426 109	\$9 797 990

a After reserve for depreciation of \$3,927,348 in 1939 and \$3,537,395 in 1938.—V. 147. p. 885.

Central New York Power Corp. (& Subs.)-Earnings

Period Ended June 30— Operating revenue Operating revenue deductions		Mos.—x1938 \$5,775,396 4,489,011	12 Mos. —x1939 \$24,783,590 18,699,877
Operating income	\$1,419,790	\$1,286,385	\$6,083,712
Non-operating income (net)	6,485	8,872	31,049
Gross income Deductions from gross income	\$1,426,275	\$1,295,257	\$6,114,761
	621,224	653,136	2,570,089
Net incomex Restated for comparative purpo	\$805,051	\$642,120	\$3,544,672
p. 3683.	ses as far	as practicab	le.—V. 148,

Central Ohio Light & Power Co.—Securities Offered—Financing aggregating approximately \$4,800,000 for the company was carried out Aug. 9 with the offering of \$4,100,000 1st mortgage 4% bonds, series C, due 1964; \$500,000 3½% serial notes, due Aug. 1, 1940-1944, and 2,200 shares of \$6 cumulative preferred stock. E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc., was the principal underwriter for the offering. Other underwriters for the bonds include Halsey. Stuart & Co. underwriters for the bonds include Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., Central Republic Co. and A. C. Allyn & Co., Inc. Woodcock, McLear & Co. was associated with E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc., in the offering of the pref. stock, the latter being the sole underwriter for the serial notes. The bonds were priced at 1031/4; the serial notes at an average price of 101.02, and the \$6 preferred stock at \$90 per share.

Net proceeds from the sale of the new securities, together with funds in the treasury, will be used to retire the company's 1st mtge. 5% bonds, series A, due 1962: 3-year 4½% convertible secured notes, due 1940. outstanding in an aggregate pricapal

amount of \$4.350,000; to pay off miscellaneous indebtedness totaling \$217,375; and to relimburse the company's treasury to the extent of \$187,000 for capital expenditures. C. bonds will have the benefit of a sinking fund into which the company will pay annually sums ranging in amount from \$4 of 1% on Aug. 1, 1940, to 1½% on and after Aug. 1, 1945, of the greatest principal amount of the bonds at any time theretofore outstanding.

For the sinking fund, the 1st mige, series C bonds will be redeemable in part at 10.3½, if red. on or before Oct. 31, 1941, with successive reductions in the redeemption price of ½ of 1% annually from Nov. 1, 1941 through Nov. 1, 1959, and at the principal amount thereafter. Other than for the sinking fund the series C bonds will be red. at any time as a whole, or from time to time in part, by lot, at 107½ on or prior to July 31, 1941, with successive reductions in the redeemption price of ½ of 1% annually from Aug. 1, 1941, through Aug. 1, 1959, and at the principal amount on and after Aug. 1, 1960.

The indenture provides that the company will appropriate from annual income, so long as any of the series C bonds remain outstanding, a sum equal to 15% of total operating revenue, after certain deductions, for maintenance of its property and to provide a reserve for renewals, replacements, &c. An exception to this requirement is made in certain cases.

The 3½% serial notes may be redeemed as a whole, or by series, or from time to time, in part by lot, on and after Aug. 1, 1940, at the principal amount plus a premium of 1% if the redemption date is more than six months but less than 18 months prior to the specified maturity; or 2% if the redemption date is 18 months or more prior to the specified maturity.

In the event of liquidation, either voluntary or involuntary, the \$6 pref. stock is entitled to \$110 per share. It is redeemable at any time as a whole, or from time to time in part. at \$110 per share.

History and Business—Company was incorporated in Ohio on Sept. 4, 1930. Company acq

Outstanding \$4,100,000 Authorized

Earnings Summary for Stated Periods | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1937 | 1938 | 1937 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | - 12 Mos.End June 30 '39 96 \$1,481,118 18 220,979 18 517,725 5 86,947 115,379 1,852 Total oper revenue Power purchased Operation Maintenance Taxes (excl. Fed. inc.) Prov. for doubtful acc'ts Operating income... Non-operating income... \$451,490 4,381 Gross income\_\_\_\_\_ Prov. for renewals, re-placements & retire'ts\_ \$449,230 \$455.871 \$499,453 \$544,699 89,475 114,000 126,000

Gross inc. (before fixed charges and Federal income taxes).....\$359,755 \$359,871 \$385.453 \$418,699

Annual interest requirements: \$4,100,000 1st mtge. 4% bonds, series C, \$164,000; \$500,000 3½% serial notes, \$17,500; total, \$181,500.

Annual dividend requirements on the \$6 pref. shares of the company to be outstanding upon completion of the present financing will be \$83,862.

Management and Control—Company is a subsidiary of Crescent Public Service Co. (Del.). Said company owns all of the outstanding common shares.

Shares.

Underwriters—The names of the several principal underwriters and the principal amount of the series C bonds and of the serial notes and the number of \$6 pref. shares which each has severally agreed to purchase cre as follows:

Names—	Series C Bonds	Serial Notes	Pref.
E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc	-\$2,150,000	\$500,000	1.650
Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc	1,050,000		
Central Republic Co			
A. C. Allyn & Co., Inc.	425,000		
Woodcock, McLear & Co			550
V 148 p 879			

#### Central Power & Light Co.—Lists Underwriters-

The company in an amendment to its registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission lists underwriters and the amount of their participation in its proposed offering of \$25,000,000 first A 3 %s of 1969 and \$7,000,000 1 1/2-3 % serial debentures of 1940-46 as follows:

Bonds	Debens.	the same of the sa	Bonds	Tiebene
Glore, Forgan & Co\$1,250,000		White, Weld & Co	450.000	Debens
E. H. Rollins & Sons,	0 70	The Wisconsin Co		
Ine 1,500,000	6	Dean Witter & Co	450,000	
Holory Stuart & Co	, 0	Permahan Diaman & Co	450,000	1.8
Halsey, Stuart & Co.,	6	Rauscher, Pierce & Co.,	***	
Inc			400,000	
Harris, Hall & Co., Inc. 1,500,000		Mahan, Dittmar & Co.	400,000	
A.G. Becker & Co., Inc. 1,250,000		Bacon, Whipple & Co.	350,000	
Tucker, Anthony & Co. 1,000,000		Blair, Bonner & Co	350,000	1.4
Bonbright & Co., Inc. 1,000,000	4	H. M. Byllesby & Co.,	244	
Harriman Ripley &		Inc	350,000	1.4
Co., Inc 900,000		The Illinois Co. of		
First Boston Corp 900,000		Chicago	350,000	
Blyth & Co., Inc 675,000		Arthur Perry & Co	350,000	
Central Republic Co 675,000		G. H. Walker & Co	350,000	
Kidder, Peabody & Co. 675,000		Pitman & Co	150,000	
Lazard Freres & Co 675,000		William N. Edwards	150,000	.6
Lehman Bros 675,000		Russ, Roe & Co	150,000	.6
Lee, Higginson Corp 675,000		Moroney & Co	150,000	.6
F. S. Moseley & Co 675,000		R. K. Dunbar & Co	100,000	- 4
Smith, Barney & Co 675,000	2.7	Chas. B. White & Co	100,000	.4
Stone & Webster and		A. W. Snyder & Co	100,000	.4
Blodget, Inc 500,000	2.0	Milton R. Underwood		
A. S. Huyek & Co 500,000	2.0	& Co	100,000	.4
Ranson-Davidson In-		Dewar, Robertson &		1
vestment Co 500,000	2.0	Paneoast	100,000	.4
A. C. Allyn & Co., Inc. 450,000	1.8	Duquette & Co	75,000	.3
Hemphill, Noyes & Co. 450,000		Gregory, Eddleman &	,	
Paine, Webber & Co., 450,000		Abercromble	75.000	.3
Stern, Wampier & Co.,	-		,	
Inc	1.8			
-V. 149, p. 872.				

Central Power Co.-Earnings

Period End. June 30-	1939-3 Ma	s.—1938	1939—12 A	fos.—1938
Operating revenues	\$379,828	\$367,456	\$1,601,783	\$1,568,992
Oper. exps. & taxes	273,761	276,916	1,175,864	1,165,292
Net operating income_	\$106,067	\$90,540	\$425,919	\$403,700
Other income_	7	3	250	177
Gross income	\$106,074	\$90,543	\$426,169	\$403,877
Int. & other deductions_	60,620	63,747	250,259	258,940
Net income	\$45,454	\$26,796	\$175.910	\$144,937

Central States Edison, Inc.—Tenders—
Chase National Bank as trustee under indenture is inviting bids for the sale to it of 15-year collateral trust bonds due March 1, 1950 of the company, at prices not exceeding par and cumulative unpaid interest, in an amount sufficient to exhaust the sum of \$36,000. Bids will be received at the Corporate Trust Department of the bank, 11 Broad Street, until 12 o'clock noon, Aug. 25, 1939. The indenture provides that the trustee shall not accept any proposals unless at a price or prices approved by Central States Edison, Inc.—V. 149, p. 722.

Chain Belt Co.—Listing—
The Chicago Stock Exchange has approved the company's application to list 140,000 additional shares of no par value capital stock, which will be admitted to trading upon official notice of issuance.

Earnings for Five Months Ended May 31, 1939 Gross sales, less returns, allowances and discounts Cost of goods sold, selling, administrative and general expenses, exclusive of provision for depreciation and amortization Provision for depreciation and amortization	\$2,538,340 2,228,457 58,342
Net operating profit	\$251,540 12,310
Total Provision for State income taxes Federal income taxes	\$263,850 16,455 43,229
Net income	\$204,166

Net income	\$204,166
Consolidated Be	alance Sheet
Assets- May 31 '39 Dec. 31, '38	Liabilities- May 31,'39 Dec. 31,'38
Demand & time	Accounts payable. \$87.835 \$182.239
deps. & cash on	Accrued commis-
hand\$1.040.127 \$1.175.473	
Notes & accts, rec.	Acerd. property &
(net) 1.044.253 913.535	
	Accrd. royalties &
Other curr. assets. 155,430 156,226	
Invests. & long-	Federal inc. taxes. 128.804 110.605
term receivs 107,382 107,789	State income taxes 16,853 19,803
	Deferred income on
Intangible assets 434 449	
Prepaid expenses 46,211 49,122	Res. for contings 45,576 45,576
Other assets 33.282 34.235	
Other assets 33,202 31,200	000 shs. no par). 2,441,621 2,441,621
	Surplus 2,185,550 2,120,484
	Surpius 2,180,000 2,120,101

\_\$5,210,363 \$5,222,707 Total \_\_\_\_\_\$5,210,363 \$5,222,707 Total .... -V. 149, p. 872.

Chain Store I	nvestmer	t CorpE	Carnings-	
3 Mos. End. June 30 Dividend income Managers' commission Interest Taxes	83,2 ns.	1938 \$2,42! 290 230 05	640 158	1936 \$3,816 504 37
Miscellaneous expense		50 156	142	109
Net inc. to curr. sur x Includes \$150 int	erest incom	e.		\$3,156
	Profit from S			1000
Sale of securities Cost of securities sold.				1936 \$11,208 10,431
Net profit from s transactions		54 loss\$4,638	loss\$954	\$777
	Balance	Sheet June 30		
a Investments at	39 1938 4,401 \$62, 4,099 245, 72	769 Reserve for Notes payak	taxes \$1,003 ble 50,000 by year's ref.stk. 14,268 stock 98,775 ttock 10,000 blus 167,456	1938 \$1,936 14,268 98,775 10,000 180,982 2,081

\$338,572 \$308,042 Total .. \$338,572 a Market value \$302,239 in 1939 and \$162,470 in 1938. b 2,195 shares at stated value of \$45 per share. c 100,000 shares at stated value of 10 cents per share.—V. 148, p. 2889.

Champion Paper & Fibre Co.—Stockholders Approve Financial Plans—Time, Inc., to Purchase \$1,000,000 Pref. Stock—\$6,000,000 in Bank Loans and Sale of \$7,000,000 Bonds

Stock—\$6,000,000 in Bank Loans and Sale of \$7,000,000 Bonds Privately Approved—

At a special meeting the stockholders approved Aug. 8 an increase in the authorized number of shares of 6% cumulative preferred stock from 85,000 shares. The stockholders also approved an agreement negotiated with Time, Inc., (publisher of the nationally-known magazines "Time," "Life," and "Fortune"), providing for the manufacture by the company at its plant near Houston, Texas, of a substantial quantity of paper for Time, Inc., has agreed that it will purchase, for investment and not with a view to distribution, \$1,000,000 of company's 6% cumulative preferred stock at par plus accrued dividends.

The stockholders also approved other financial arrangements, viz.: (a) the sale of an issue of \$6,000,000 of serial notes which, it is expected, will carry interest at rates varying from approximately 1½% to 3½% per annum, and will mature serially in from one to seven years after their issue and (b) the sale to certain insurance companies of an issue of \$7,000,000 first mortgage bonds which, it is expected, will carry interest at approximately 4% per annum and will mature serially from the 9th to the 15th year after their issue.

It is expected that the proceeds of these two issues will be used: to retire the \$10,007,000 of outstanding 4½% sinking fund debentures, 1935 and 1938 issues, which at present constitute the company's only funded debt; to supply the balance of funds necessary for the erection of the new paper mill at Houston in excess of the \$1,000,000 to be derived from the sale of 6% cumulative preferred stock to Time, Inc.; and to increase company's working capital for current operating purposes (see also V. 149, p. 408).

Listing of Additional Common and Preferred Stocks—

6% cumulative preserved according purposes (see also V. 149, p. 408).

Listing of Additional Common and Preferred Stocks—

The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 5,000 additional shares of common stock (no par), upon exercise of option held by Donald B. Bradner, making the total amount applied for 556,000s hares; and 10,000 additional shares of 6% cumulative preferred stock (par \$100), upon issue and sale to Time, Inc., for \$1,000,000 cash, making the total amount applied for 95,000 shares.

Company has entered into a contract dated June 20, 1938, with Donald B. Bradner, which provides for the employment of Bradner for a period of 10 years, beginning on the date of the contract, as the head of the company's Research Department, Hamilton Division. The contract provides that Bradner will devote his services exclusively to the company, and will assign to it any and all patents acquired by him during the life of the contract, in exchange for which Bradner receives a yearly salary and an option

to purchase 500 shares of the company's common stock in each year during the life of the contract. The contract provides that the price to be paid by Bradner per share at any time he exercises his option to purchase any of the stock covered by the option shall be computed by taking \$20 as the price per share as of the date of the contract, subtracting therefrom all cash dividends per share paid on such stock subsequent to the date of the contract and adding as a carrying charge 5% per annum on the stock taken down by Bradner, compounded annually from the date of the contract. The contract further provides that all stock dividends shall be transferred to Bradner along with the stock to which they relate and that all other benefits and privileges with respect to such stock (other than voting power) shall be sold and the proceeds applied as a credit on the purchase price of such stock. Bradner's right to purchase 500 shares of the company's common stock in each year is cumulative, and aggregates over the 10-year period 5,000 shares.—V. 149, p. 408.

Charis Corp.—Official Promoted.—

Charis Corp.—Official Promoted—
Joseph Leonard, has been elected Chairman of the Board. This is a newly created office and Mr. Leonard is the first incumbent. He has been Secretary and Treasurer.—V. 148, p. 3683.

newly created office and Mr. Leonard is the first incumbent. He has been Secretary and Treasurer.—V. 148, p. 3683.

Chemical Fund, Inc.—To Absorb Rochester Capital Corp. The merger of Chemical Fund, Inc. and Rochester Capital Corp. has been approved by the board of directors of the two investment companies, under an agreement subject to raification by the stockholders of Rochester Capital Corp. at a special meeting being called in this connection.

Under this merger agreement, the investments now held by Rochester Capital Corp. are to be replaced by shares of Chemical Fund, Inc., acquired at their net asset value. After completion, the shares of Chemical Fund are to be distributed to the Rochester Capital stockholders and the latter corporation eventually dissolved.

Raymond L. Thompson, Treas. of Rochester University, has been elected a director of Chemical Fund, Inc.. He has heretofore served as an officer and director of Rochester Capital Corp., the President of which is £. G. Miner, Chairman of the Pfaudier Co., and the Vice-Pres., F. J. Little of Little & Hopkins, Inc. Among other directors of Rochester Capital Corp. are: M. B. Folsom, Treas., Eastman Kodak Co.; R. N. Ball, Pres., Lincoln Alliance Bank & Trust Co.; T. J. Hargrave, Vice-Pres., Eastman Kodak Co.; H. J. Winn, Pres., Taylor Instrument Cos; F. C. Goodwin, Hubbell, Taylor, Goodwin, Nixon & Hargrave; J. E. Gleason, Pres., The Gleason Works; C. W. Smith, Treas., Sherwood Shoe Co.; Simon N. Stein, Pres., Stein-Bloch Co.; W. L. Todd, Pres., The Todd Co., Inc.; Richard Harris, Pres., Alling & Cory Co.

Rochester Capital Corp., incorporated in 1929 as a general investing company, showed net assets of \$944,855 in its balance sheet of June 30, 1939. The net assets of Chemical Fund, Inc., organized as a mutual investment company in July a year ago, with privately subscribed capital of \$100,000, now approximate \$3,500,000, its investments being in the chemical and chemical process industries. Chemical Fund, Inc., is managed and supervised by F. Eberstadt

Chesapeake Corp.—Liquidation Receiver—
In a further step to bring about eventual liquidation of the corporation, the Circuit Court of Baltimore at the request of the trustees of the company in liquidation appointed E. Asbury Davis as receiver. All further liquidating dividends or moves to distribute assets of the corporation in the future rest with the receiver.

The petition of the trustees which resulted in the Circuit Court action referred to the plan of liquidation approved by stockholders Nov. 28, 1938. which provided that at any time after dissolution of the corporation the trustees might, according to Maryland laws, apply to the court for appointment of a receiver who should proceed to liquidate the remaining assets and wind up the company's affairs. The petition further stated that the trustees had determined that in their judgment it was now advisable that this procedure be adopted.

The receiver, Mr. Davis, is President of United States Fidelity & Guaranty Co. and senior partner of F. A. Davis & Sons of Baltimore.—V. 148, p. 3057.

#### Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone Co. (Baltimore)-Gain in Phones-

Company had a net gain of 276 stations in July, against 473 in July, 1938 and 1.399 in July, 1937.

For seven months the net gain was 9,004 stations, against 6,066 in corresponding months of 1938 and 11,582 in like period of 1937.—V. 149, p. 408.

Chicago Corp.—Accumulated Dividend—
Directors have declared a dividend of 75 cents per share on account of accumulations on the preference stock, payable Sept. 1 to holders of record Aug. 15. Similar payments were made on June 1 and on March 1, last: dividends of 50 cents were paid in the last three quarters of 1938 and previously regular quarterly dividends of 75 cents per share were distributed.—V. 149, p. 573.

Cities Service Power & Light Co. ( 9 Months Ended June 30— Gross operating revenue a Operating expenses, maintenance & taxes Reserve for depreciation	1939 \$46,731,787 27,699,843	1938
Net operating revenueOther income	\$15,069,244 748,557	\$14,262,281 935,664
Gross income	\$15,817,801	\$15,197,945
Interest charges and amortization of discount	2 311 784	\$6,376,532 2,367,316 351,613
Interest charges and amortization of discount	2,568,288	2,714,906
Net income	*	\$3,387,577 pplicable to

respective periods.—V. 148, p. 2891.	it and loss a	djustments	applicable to
Cleveland Graphite Bron	ze Co	Earnings—	
Period Ended June 30, 1939— Gross sales, less returns.— Cash discount allowed.— Cost of sales.—	3 Months \$1,847,657 10,148	6 Months \$3,859,894 20,353	12 Months \$6,799,020 32,062 4,892,662
Manufacturing profit Selling, genera, & admin, expense Amortization of patents Loss on bad debts less recoveries	135.937	\$1,164.630 271,247 2,727 Cr28	\$1,874.297 600,652 5,454 2,081
Net operating incomeOther income	0202 240	\$890,684 29,348	\$1,266,110 60,586
Total income Other deductions Provision for Federal income tax	\$406,527	\$920,032 124,963 143,112	\$1,326,696 160,862 206,675
Net income Earned surplus beginning of period	\$276,965 3,664,790	\$651,957 3,370,338	\$959,159 3,224,216
Total Dividends—Paid in cash On stock reserved for exchange	\$3,941,755	\$4,022,295 160,960 120	\$4,183,375 321,920 240
Balance, end of period Provision has been made for the fol- lowing:	\$3 861 915	\$3,861,215	\$3,861,215
Depreciation and amortization	221027	85,580	154,072
Social securityOther	13,730	59,153 27,004	108,628 55,285
Earns. per sh. on 321,920 shs. outst'g	\$0.86	\$2.03	\$2.98

		Balanc	e Sheet		
Assets—	June 30 '39	Dec. 31 '38	Liabilities-	June 30 '39	Dec. 31 '38
Cash	\$1,435,576	\$929,636	Accounts payable.	\$97,719	\$118,728
Accts. & notes rec.			Acets. due officers	10000	
(less reserve)	638,765	700.614	and employees.	519	490
Indebtedness of			Accrued taxes	262,924	118,218
empl's & others.	4,792	5,456	Acer'd payroll, &c.	46,624	33,588
Inventories	1,191,013	1,127,358	Res've for cost of		
Stock of Monm'th			empl's' vacations		
Prod. Co. (cost)	42,500	42,500		122,484	
Mtge, note receiv.	3.722	8.747	Res.for divs.on stk.		
Plant, prop. & eq.			reserved for exch	3,478	3,359
(at cost)	1,305,533	1.083.042	Capital stock	321,920	321,920
Pats. & pat. rights			Earned surplus		3,370,338
(at cost)	37,183	39,910		-,,	
Prepaid exps. and		,			
deferred charges		29,377			
-	-1-10-001				
Total	\$4,716,884	\$3,966,641	Total	4,716,884	\$3,966,641
-V. 149, p. 872					

Cleveland Ry.—Earnings—		
6 Months Ended June 30-	1939	1938
Gross receipts	\$7.093.340	\$6,969,750
Charges for maintenance, retirements & operation	5.772.985	5.954.801
Capital reduction sinking fund	105.817	104.546
	461,505	619.879
Interest and discount on bonds		
interest and discount on bonds	106,265	113,804
Interest on stock	941,832	954,792
Loss from actual operations	\$295,064	\$778,071
TIANGET MINTE		

Assets— June 30 '39 Dec. 31 '38 Liabilities— June 3	
c Real estate 2,748,679	,000 3,399,000 ,413 439,436 ,410 368,179 ,121 143,297 ,000 100,000 ,483 59,483 ,628 1,647,629

...16,216,083 15,064,726 Total......16,216,083 15,064,726 a After deducting reserve for cash discount and doubtful accounts amounting to \$86,022 in 1939 and \$118,958 in 1938. b Represented by 677.844 shares of no par. c After depreciation of \$5,222,320 in 1939 and \$5,099,856 in 1938. d Arising from sale of common stock at price in excess of stated value. of stated value.
The income account for 6 months ended June 30 was published in V. 149, p. 723.

Coca-Cola Co.—Common Dividend—New Vice-President—Directors have declared a dividend of 75 cents per share on the common stock, no par value, payable Oct. 2 to holders of record Sept. 12. Similar payment was made on July 1, last, and compares with 50 cents paid on April 1, last; 75 cents paid on Dec. 15 and on Oct. 1, 1938 and 50 cents paid on July 1 and April 1, 1938. An extra dividend of \$2 was paid on Dec. 15, 1938.

W. N. Cochran, production manager, Georege T. Adams, Secretary, and Harold Sharp, regional manager, were named Vice-Presidents of this company.—V. 149, p. 103.

Coca Cola International Corp.—Dividend—
Directors on Aug. 5 declared a dividend of \$5.80 per share on the common stock, no par value, payable Oct. 2 to holders of record Sept. 12. Like amount was paid on July 1, last and compares with \$3.85 paid on April 1, last; \$21.40 paid on Dec. 15, 1938; \$5.80 on Oct. 1, 1938, and \$3.89 paid on July 1 and on April 1, 1938.—V. 148, p. 2892.

Colgate-Palmoli 6 Mos. End. June 30— Net sales Costs, exps. & deprec	1939 \$50,513,605	1938 \$49,864,258 47,276,691	1937	1936 \$41,235,951
Operating profit Miscell. deduct. (net) Federal taxes Prov. for Fed. surtax on	\$3,915,197 291,032 1,197,072	\$2,587,567 284,990 656,156	\$2.771,288 218,164 757,428	\$852,119 191,696 290,225
undistributed profits.	00 40# 000	******	80,000	
Net profit Preferred dividends Common dividends	\$2,427,093 *717,505 490,727	\$1,646,422 730,500	\$1,715,697 738,662 489,621	\$370,198 739,654 489,041
SurplusShares com. stock jout-	\$1,218,861	\$915,922	\$487,414	def\$858,497
standing (no par) Earnings per share  x Includes \$25,842 the redemption Aug. 1, 1939.	1,962,807 \$0.88 dividend on	1,962,807 \$0.47 the 50,000 p	1,962,807 \$0.50 preferred shar	1.956,086 Nil res called for

	TI TOUGH.				
	Consoli	dated Balan	nce Sheet June 30		
	1939	1938	1	1939	1938
Assets—	8	8	Liabilities-	8	
E Land, buildings,			6% cum. pf. stock_1	8.038,150	24,288,200
mach. & equip2	0,001,903	20,330,635	y Common stock.2	4.535.087	24,535,087
Cash	7,812,878	11,384,184	Bank loans foreign	.,,	,,
Marketable securs.	130,000			1,820,653	522,780
z Notes & accounts			Prov. for coup.red.		022,100
receivable1	1.137.397	10,477,156	Accounts payable.	2,609,227	2.543.315
Inventories1	7.961.397	22,574,544	Miscell. acer., &c.	2,477,900	3,963,824
Deferred charges	1,325,290		Prov. for taxes		3,190,842
Invest. & advs	626.212		Palmolive bldg. 4%	01.001200	-1-00,012
Palmolive building	4.539,449	2,398,171		2,250,000	
Goodwill, patents,	-,,		Def. liabil. & res		2,890,383
trademarks, &c.	1	1	Minority interests		1.131.978
	-			0 720 146	7 099 100

Colony Fund, Inc.—Registers with SEC-See list gven on first page of this department.

Colorado Central Power C	Co.—Earni	ngs-	
Period— Operating revenue Operating expenses	-3 Mos. End	. June 30—	12 Mos.End.
	1939	1938	June 30 '39
	\$129,497	\$121,531	\$523,806
	95,584	89,810	391,400
Income from operations	\$33,913	\$31,721	\$132,406
Non-operating income (net)	3,006	2,428	7,206
Gross income	\$36,920	\$34,149	\$139,612
Prov. for renew., replace. & retirem'ts	9.000	<b>x</b> 9,000	x36,000
Fixed charges	9,504	10,100	40,004
Federal and State income taxes	1,743	2,650	13,024
Balance to surplus	\$16,673	\$12,399	\$50,584

x In 1938 it was the company's policy to make an appropriation to the reserve for renewals, replacements and retirements at the end of the calendar year, and these amounts represent or include the proportional amount applicable to this period.

Balance Sheet June 30, 1939 Assets—Property, plant and equipment, \$1,600,398; construction work in progress, \$17,788; investments, \$1; cash, \$20,543; accounts receivable,

\$86,995; notes receivable merchandise contracts discounted (contra), \$34,145; material and supplies. \$28,561; prepayments, \$4,138; unamortized debt discount and expense, \$27,681; miscellaneous deferred debits, \$2,711; total, \$1,822,961.

Liabitities—Long-term debt, \$725,000; accounts payable. \$36,084 consumers' deposits, \$25,080; notes receivable merchandise contracts discounted (contra), \$34,145; accrued items, \$54,740; deferred liabilities. \$10,207; reserves, \$517,465; unamortized premium on funded debt, \$17,974; capital stock (10,000 no par shares), \$300,000: surplus, \$102.267; total, \$1,822,961.—V. 148, p. 2892.

Colonial Beacon Oil Co.-Stricken from Listing and Registration-

The common stock (no par) has been stricken from listing and registration on the New York Stock Exchange. This security was suspended from dealings on July 10, 1939; application of the Exchange to strike the above issue from listing and registration has been granted by the Securities and Exchange Commission.—V. 149, p. 723.

Columbia Broadcasting System, Inc. (& Subs.)—

6 Months Ended—
Gross income from sale of facilities,
talent and wires—
Time discount & agency commissions 6,005,960 5,269,913 5,238,946 
 Profit
 \$14,123,251
 \$13,064,692
 \$12,401,238

 Operating expenses
 7,463,913
 6,855,215
 6,553,540

 Selling, general and adminis. expenses
 3,034,928
 2,820,688
 2,596,045

 Interest
 25,706
 24,831
 17,252

 Depreciation
 303,989
 292,722
 248,453

 Federal income taxes
 618,511
 x560,211
 x530,797
 Net profit for the period.......\$2,771.892 \$2,578.192 \$2,523.813 \$ Earnings per share.......\$1.62 \$1.51 \$1.48 \$ Includes surtax of \$75,656 for 1937 and \$30,545 for 1938. \$ Calculated upon the 1,708,723 shares of \$2.50 par value stock outstanding or to be outstanding upon completion of exchange of old \$5 par value stock..... V. 149, p. 873.

Commercial Cred		Earnings—		
		0 36	Elm de d	12 Months
Period End. June 30— Gross receivables acquired Gross operating income Sundry income		1939	1938	1939
Gross receivables acquired	1	\$342,260,102	\$268967,915	\$597637,907
Sundry income	•••••	115 566	14,817,781	22,130,098
Gross income Operating expenses Res. for losses in excess of		\$10,859,060	\$14,949,327	\$22,753,068 12,189,445 Cr1,090,555
Operating expenses Res. for losses in excess of		- 5,957,239	6,584,556	12,189,445
Interest and discount cha	net losses	Cr901,876	Dr245,767	Cr1,090,555
Reserve for Federal incon	I KOB	_ 1,900,001	1,929,988 1,039,803	2,878,893 1,160,184
			1,000,000	1,100,101
Net income from opera	tions	\$3,766,234	\$5,149,212 1,017	\$7,615,102
Net income for minority	interests	2,619	1,017	2,319
Net nceme		\$3,763,615	\$5,148,195	\$7,612,783
Net nceme. Excess reserves on close	d banks re	- 40,100,010	40,110,100	\$1,012,100
turned to earned surply	18	5,308	34,595	10,593
Total		22 769 000	\$5,182,791	\$7.623.376
Total Dividends paid in cash of 44% cum, conv. pref.	n:	- 93,708,923	\$5,182,791	\$1,023,310
				518,258
Common stock		3.682.281	3,681,940	518,258 7,364,352
Transf. to reserve for depr	ec. of secur			
ties to market value (A Indemnity Co. of N. Y	.)	2,491	133,139	Cr107.609
Furniture and fixtures wri	tten off	6,084	49,503	10,616
Not sumbus doblt for a	n-lad	4101 050		*****
Net surplus debit for p Earned surplus balance, l	eriod	\$181,0520	7\$1,059,069	\$162,241
period	regiming o	17.125.520	16,047,641	17.106.710
Earned surplus balan period	ce, end o	*10 DAA 400	917 100 710	#10 O44 400
Net income per share	n commor	\$10,944,409	\$17,106,710	\$16,944,469
stock, incl. scrip, out	standing a	t		
end of period		\$1.90	\$2.65	\$3.85
		lance Sheet Ju	me 30	
Assets-	1939	1938	1927	*1936
Cash	29,280,088	\$33,023,317	\$39,033,602	\$33,575,646
Open accts., notes, ac- ceptances & industrial				
lien obligations	62 494 494	70 692 405	99 999 010	40 904 160
Minor lien retail time				
Motor lien wholesale	97,734.322	116,822,838	168,127,271	122,170,305
Motor lien wholesale	24 107 469	91 707 454	41 700 051	40 741 005
notes and acceptances ( Customers' liability on	24,191,100	01,707,404	41,700,951	40,741,905
Toreign drafts		102.599	127.306	118.530
Sundry accts. & notes rec	972,274	561,875	127,306 804,810	$118,530 \\ 828,150$
Assets non-current of Manufacturers Finance				
Repossessions in co.'s possession deprec. val.	211,474		0 00	15
Repossessions in co.'s				
possession deprec. val.	64,273			
Sundry securities. Inv. sec. of Amer. Credit	689,193	414,935	188,469	131,985
Indemnity Co. of N. Y	4.044,779	4.544.087	4.797,101	2.958.613
Deferred charges	1,280,008	1,642,870	1,854,270	793,930
Furniture & fixtures Reservables for Credit	4	4	4	4
Alliance Corp		*		608,405
LANCES CO.		***		
Total \$23	30,968,371	268882,410	345522,448	251266,046
Unsec. short-term notes \$6	7.494.000	\$90 512 845 9	167904 241 4	153435 500
Notes payable, secured.				28,513
2% % debs. due 1942 3 3% % debs. due 1951 3	5,000,000	35,000,000	35,000,000	******
Conting. liab. on foreign	000,000,00	30,000,000	30,000,000	
draftssold		102,599	127,306	118,530
Manufacturers & selling		-0-,000	121,000	220,000
agents accts. payable	0 000 000	0.000.000		
credit balances	3.926,809	2,626,885	2,797,833	4,697,472
Sundry accts. pay., incl. all Fed. & other taxes.	4,885,534	7,356,893	10.527.242	6.360,084
Margin due customers, only when receivables		. 10001000		0,000,002
only when receivables	F 000 440	F 000 400	T 400 T40	
are collected	5.683,442	5,969,420	5,460,740	3,365,827
reserve	5.016.122	5.814.608	6.657,992	4.824.602
Res. for possible losses	3,243,906	4,750,927	5,405,144	3,475,615
Amer. Credit Indemnity		010 100		
Res. for def. inc. & chgs.	1,045,448	913,480	968,480 15,837,757	10 807 507
Min. ints., subsidiaries	9,333,919 108,443	11,103,037 44,806	45.999	78.143
4 % cum. con. pref. stk 1	2.193.800	12.194.800	12,210,100	25,000,000
Common stock (par \$10) 1	8,420,080	18,419,930	18,417,400	13,495,368
Min. ints., subsidiaries. 4½% cum.con.pref. stk 1 Common stock (par \$10) 1 Earned surplus	7 672 400	18,419,930 17,106,710 17,964,470	45,999 12,210,100 18,417,400 16,820,333 17,951,781	$\begin{array}{c} 913.011 \\ 10.807.527 \\ 78.143 \\ 25.000.000 \\ 13.495.368 \\ 14.612.353 \\ 10.053.501 \end{array}$
Capital out plus	1,012,400	17,501,470	17,301,781	10,003,001

Total .\$230,968,371 \$268882,410 \$345522,448 \$251,266046 x After giving effect to the isauance of 87,329 shares of common stock and scrip between July 1 and July 21, 1936, through the conversion of 48,031 shares of 5% conv. pref. stock and the retirement of 2,221 remaining shares thereof.—V. 149, p. 873.

Community Power & Light Co.—Reorganization-

Community Power & Light Co.—Reorganization—
The Securities and Exchange Commission announced Aug. 8 that company had filed a plan of recapitalization (File 54-15) under Section 11 (e) of the Holding Company Act. The plan replaces a plan of recapitalization previously filed by the company under section 11 (g) of the Act.
In brief, the new plan provides for the exchange of the presently outlanding 68,962 shares of \$6 first preferred stock, together with all accumulated and unpaid dividends (amounting to \$46.50 a share as of July 31, 1939) for shares of new common stock, (\$10 par), at the rate of 5 shares of new common for each share of preferred. The presently outstanding 10,000 shares of common stock, (no par) but with a stated value of \$250 a share, will be exchanged into new common stock at the rate of 1 4-5 shares of new common for each share of the old. Upon the completion of the exchange, there will be \$62,810 shares of new common stock outstanding, of which over 95% will be held by the present preferred stockholders and less than 5% by the present common stockholders.

The new plan also provides for the amendment of the assignments and agreements, now outstanding in the face amount of \$370,523 and bearing 6.24% interest, so as to permit their redemption at the rate of \$100 for each \$95 of face amount.

The plan further provides for writing-off the excess carrying value of investments in certain of the company's subsidiaries, the unamortized debt discount and expense, and the cost of preferred stock financing.

It is provided that the plan will be consummated either through use of the existing corporation or through the organization of a new corporation. Consummation of the plan is subject to the approval and ratification of the action of the board of directors by at least two-thirds of the outstanding first preferred stock and a majority of the outstanding common stock.

The application asks the Commission to approve the plan as fair and equitable and necessary to effectuate the provisions of Section 11 of

Compressed Industrial Gases, Inc.—Official Retires After 25 years of service with this company and its predecessors, E. A. Faulhaber has retired as Executive Vice-President, effective Aug. 1.

Mr. Faulhaber retains his interest in the company and will remain as a director and in an advisory capacity.—V. 149, p. 873.

Connecticut Light & Power Co.—Debentures Called—A total of \$76,000 20-year 3½% debentures dated Sept. 1, 1936 has been called for redemption on Sept. 1 at 105 and accrued interest. Payment will be made at the Hartford-Connecticut Trust Co., Hartford, Conn.—V. 149, p. 724.

Connecticut Railway & Lighting Co.-Earnings-Period End. June 30— 1939—3 Mos.—1938 1939—12 Mos.—1938 x Net loss \$17,997 y\$53,508 \$105,116 y\$198,754 x After Federal income taxes, provision for renewals and replacements, interest, sinking fund appropriations, &c. y Revised figures.—V. 148, p. 3841.

Consolidated Biscuit Co.-No Dividend Action Directors at their recent meeting took no action on dividend ordinarily due at this time on the common stock. Dividends of 15 cents were paid on June 23 and on March 23, last; 25 cents was paid on Dec. 23, 1938; 15 cents on Sept. 23, 1938 and dividends of 10 cents per share were paid in preceding quarters.—V. 148, p. 3219.

Consolidated Coppermines Corp.—Listing—
The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 1,594,596 shares of common stock (par \$5).

Comparative I	ncome Accou	nt	
Proceeds from copper sold & delivered	May 31, '39	-Years End 1938 \$3,938,293	1937
Proceeds from copper soid & delivered	41,201,000	40,000,200	4111001000
Mining expenditures Freight and treatment charges	\$618,316 989,541	1,432,462 2,145,166	1,063,279 1,447,547
- co.o. by 100 or - 16,110,19	\$1,607,857	\$3,577,628	\$2,510,827
Less—Proceeds from gold & silver production	334,803	758.031	475,228
	\$1.273.053	\$2,819,597	\$2,035,598
Inventory of copper at beginning of period.		1,176,808	103,640
	\$2,461,382	\$3,996,406	\$2,139,238
Inventory of copper at end of period	1,761,124	1,188,328	1,176,808
	\$700,257	\$2,808,078	\$962,430
Miscellaneous income	\$591.731 \$10.542	\$1,130,215 22,762	\$836,469 298,215
Total income	\$602,273 52,879	\$1,152,978 169,009 501,759 137,170 20,000	\$1,134,684 174,121 323,524 133,900 621
Net income for period Distributions to stockholders	\$264,707 238,197	\$325,038 396,751	\$502,517 198,317
Comparative I	baiance oneei		0 14 91 190
Dec.31,'38 May 31,'39	Liabilities-		8 May 31,'39
Assets— \$	Accounts p		
Cash in banks & on hand 1.145,320 881,317	trade		8 9.835
Accts, receivable. 366,947 292,042	Freight &		The state of the state of
Invent'ry of copper 1,188,328 1,761,124	ment costs.		
Materials & sup-	Accrued payre		5 53,395
plies at mine 120,475 130,964	Accrued taxes		
Investm'ts(at cost) 33,665 33,665	than inc. ta		5 45,921
Property & equip- ment (net) 7.008,112 6,964,330	Provision for income tax		0 15.000
the contract of the contract o	Reserves		
Deferred charges 4,807,220 4,674,948	Capital stock.		
to produce it made with beautiful debut a realistic	Initial surply		
	organiz. of Surp. arising	Co 1,679,19 from	0 1,679,190
The second secon	acquis. of		5 2,585,575
The state of the s	Premiums re		0 2,000,010
	sale of stock		2 497,102
	Earned surply		
			-

Consolidated Retail Stores Co. - Sales-

Total. -V. 148, p. 2893.

Period End. July 31— 1939—Month—1938 1939—7 Mos.—1938 Sales—V. 149, p. 410. \$508,855 \$441,020 \$\_\*,949,896 \$4,623,442

..14,670,068 14,738,391 Total......14,670,068 14,738,390

1022			
Consolidated Edison Co			
Company announced production of week ended Aug. 6, amounting to with 128,800,000 kilowatt hours fincrease of 10.3%.—V. 149, p. 874	of the electric 136.600,000 or the corres	plants of its s kilowatt hou conding week	rs, compared of 1938, an
Container Corp. of Ame Ira C. Keller has been elected a 149, p. 410.	rica-New	Vice-Presid	dent—
Continental Gas & Elect 12 Months Ended June 30— Gross operating earnings of subsidi	ary companie	1939	1938
General operating expenses	ransfers)	_\$36,741,603 _ 13,747,881 _ 1,919,449 _ 5,304,549	\$37,544,014 14,046,419 1,877,901 4,976,698 4,572,979
Net earnings from operations of su Non-operating income of subsidiary			\$12,070,016 Dr350,679
Total income of subsidiary compa Interest, amortization and preferre	niesd dividends o	\$11,307,382	\$11,719,337
subsidiary companies Balance		4.662,178 - \$6.645,204	\$7,051,936
Proportion of earnings, attributable common stock	e to minorit		16,381
Equity of Continental Gas & Ele earnings of subsidiary companies Income of Continental Gas & Electri sive of income received from subsi	c Corp (exclu	\$6,628,425	\$7,035,556 52,910
Total  Expenses of Continental Gas & Elec	tric Corp	\$6,641,877 96,636	\$7,088,466 120,454
Taxes of Continental Gas & Electrical Balance	ic Corp		\$6,952,711
Holding company deductions— Interest on 5% debentures, due 19 Amortization of debenture discoun Taxes on debenture interest	58t and expense	2.562,053	2,586,799 163,255 41,027
Balance transferred to consolidate Dividends on prior preference stock.	d surplus	\$3,583,902 1,320,053	\$4,161,631 1,320,053
Balance Earnings per share —V. 149, p. 410.		\$2,263,849 \$10.55	\$2,841,578 \$13.24
Continental Motors Corp	d the election	n of C Ree	se as Presi-
dent of the company, succeeding W. dent, Treasurer and director. Simultaneously with his resignatistatement: "With the successful company of the company of	on, Mr. An	rell issued th	e following
that the company can proceed upon	n operations a substantia	to Muskegon	ve basis. I
have accepted the post of technical my deep interest in both the past an natural after 23 years of association w	adviser to th	e corporation	because of
Continental Oil Co. (& S	ubs.)—Eas	nings-	
Period End. June 30— 1939—3 M Gross income. \$20,707,967 Costs and expenses 15,187,645 x Taxes 771,283	\$20,370,096 \$21,141,578 \$749,643	1939—6 Me \$37,808,305 28,035,702 1,478,551	$\begin{array}{c} 0s1938 \\ \$38.257.827 \\ 27.703.260 \\ 1.449.416 \end{array}$
Operating profit \$4,749,039 Other income 685,045	\$4,478,875 521,103	\$8,294,051 1,168,497	\$9,105,151 845,496
Profit \$5,434,083 Intangible devel. costs 1,896,207	\$4.999,978 2.343,170	\$9.462.548 3.556.726	\$9.950,647
Intangible devel. costs	\$4,999,978 2,343,170 148,535 82,384 1,123,956	\$9,462,548 3,556,726 438,513 148,224 2,418,469	290,828 160,744 2,236,091
Interest 159,079 Minority interest 4,084	2,915	318,484 3,099	3,450
Balance\$1,904,132 Profit on sale of assetsloss53,881	\$1,299,018	\$2,579,033 loss7,359	\$3,102,673
Balance \$1,850,251 Extraord. charges, net y34,394	\$1,299,018 17,507	\$2,571,674 <b>y</b> 34,394	\$3,102,673 15,965
Net profit\$1,815,857 Shs. cap. stk. (par \$5)4,682,578 Earnings per share\$0.39	\$1,281,511 4,682,582 \$0.27	\$2,537,280 4,682,578 \$0.54	\$3,086,708 4,682,582 \$0.65
x Includes Federal and State inco Kettleman North Dome Association	ome taxes.	Decrease in from readju	equity in
Consolidated Bala		e 30	
Assets— 1939 1938 \$ \$ \$ \$ Cash 23,274,744 5,299,864	Accounts pay	1939 - 7,711,071	1938 <b>5</b> ,828,843
Certif. of deposit 200,000 U. S. Govt. se-	Due to control	lled ent	
curities at cost 110,000 20,000 Notes and accts. receivable 7,468,274 7,568,317	Acer. liabiliti	es. 78,373	
Due from con- trolled cos. on	Notes and acc	ts.	3,047,243
current acct 122,007 60,575 Crude oil and re- fined products 21,183,700 24,178,673	10-yr. 2% % o	on- os. 21,071,600	365,170
Materials & suppl 502 202 500 460		140 097	149,901
celv., not curr. 459,662 Investm. & advs. 4,172,391 2,926,905 Other invests. & advances, net 9,169,976 9,290,646	z Capital stoc	8. 1,915,794 k. 23,692,967 m. 49,102,900	2,133,608 23,692,967 49,174,365
R Property acets. 57,685,011 53,736,099 Unadj. debits & 507,407 534,825	Earned surp since Jan. 1933	1, 20,684,203	20,776,261
Underwriting & other exps. of deben. issue 476,532	HEEL)	P. C	1000
Prepaid insur- ance, royalties,	Line Serie		
Total 126,046,425 105,576,018	Total	126,046,425	105,576 019
x After reserve for depreciation, decosts of \$103.796.442 in 1939 and \$96.	epletion, and	intangible de	evelopment
x After reserve for depreciation, decests of \$103,796,442 in 1939 and \$96.0 provision for Federal and \$142 tenses of \$5 par value, including 56,0 1938 in treasury and carried at no val	taxes. z R 15 shares in 1 ue.—V. 148,	epresented by 939 and 56,01 p. 3060.	4.738,593 11 shares in
Cooper-Bessemer Corp.— 6 Mos. Ended June 30— Net sales billed	/ - decor-	1939 \$1,932,383	1938 \$1,633,205
Net sales billed  Cost of goods sold, administrative &  Operating loss	sell. exps	1,938,663	1,860,511
Other income—net		\$6,280 19,813	\$227,306 19,243
* Includes depreciation charges of \$	112,870 in 19	39 and \$115,7	es\$208,063 09 in 1938.

Casto on hand and on deposit.   Sil.   101   3225,085   Accounts payable.   \$3135,121   7.   4.   4.   4.   4.   4.   4.   5.   5	Financial Chroni	cle		Aug. 1	2, 1939
Cash on hand and on deposit.   S11,001   \$255,085   Accounts parable.   \$133,212   \$1, \$2, \$3.00   \$1.000   \$2.000   \$1.0000   \$1.000   \$1.0000   \$1.0000   \$1.0000   \$1.0000   \$1.0000   \$1.0000   \$1.0000   \$1.0000   \$1.0000   \$1.0000   \$1.0000   \$1.0000   \$1.0000   \$1.0000   \$1.0000   \$1.0000   \$1.0000   \$1.0000		Balance S			
Depart of equip			Accounts pay	- 1939 vable_ \$138,2	38 12 v,75
Depart of equip	on deposit \$311,	,601 \$255,08	0 Accrued taxe	sing. 35.3	152 7,28 257 7,28
Dept.   Dept.   2070, 208   208.	& accts. receiv 1,356,	407 1,010,375 795 3,157,170	8 Deferred inco	ome 19,1	5,90
Pats. A. pet rights   1	Other assets 226,	171 232,77	8 preferred s	tock. 68,6	51 86,40 106 ,063,05
Total	Pats. & pat. rights	1	c Common st	ock 789,8	66 777,49
Total \$6,750.427 86,940,015  a After reserve. b After reserve. To a force receivation. 27 shares and 1 shares are seen as a first reserve. b After reserve. To a force receivation. 27 shares and 1 shares are seen as a first reserve. The seen as a first reserve and 1 shares are seen as a first reserve. The seen as a first reserve and 1 shares are seen as a first reserve and 1 shares. The seen as a first reserve and 1 shares are seen as a first reserve and 1 shares. The seen as a first reserve and 1 shares. The seen as a first reserve and 1 shares are seen as a first reserve and 2 shares are shares as a first reserve and 2 shares are shares as a first reserve and 2 shares are shares as a first reserve and 2 shares are shares as a first reserve and 2 shares are shares as a first reserve and 2 shares are shares as a first reserve and 2 shares are shares as a first reserve and 2 shares are shares as a first reserve and 2 shares are shares as a first reserve and 2 shares are shares as a first reserve and 2 shares are shared as a first reserve as		611 17,267	Profit & loss	surp_ 230.3	101 377,99
26. After reserve. b After reserve for depreciation. c. Represented 19. 1. 1035, as dividends on \$3 prior preference stock) no par shares in 19. 1. 1035, as dividends on \$3 prior preference stock) no par shares in 19. 1. 1035, as dividends on \$3 prior preference stock) no par shares in 19. 1. 1036, as dividends on \$3 prior preference stock) no par shares in 19. 1036 1. 1036 1. 1039 1. 1030 1. 10		407 00 040 010	-		
Consolidated Oil Corp. (& Subs.) — Earnings— Consolidated Income Account for Six Months Ended June 30 1907 Gross oper, earnings, \$10,039 and \$1030, \$20 1130, \$20 24 90, 330, 607 79, 305, 50 Costs, oper, & gen. exps. 90, 394, 225 91, 305, 3024 90, 330, 607 79, 305, 50 Costs, oper, & gen. exps. 90, 394, 225 91, 305, 3024 90, 330, 607 79, 305, 50 Costs, oper, & gen. exps. 90, 394, 225 91, 305, 3024 90, 330, 607 79, 305, 50 Costs, oper, & gen. exps. 90, 394, 225 91, 303, 3024 90, 330, 607 79, 305, 50 Costs, oper, & gen. exps. 90, 304, 225 91, 303, 3024 90, 330, 407 79, 305, 50 Costs, oper, & gen. exps. 90, 304, 304, 307 70, 305, 50 Costs, oper, & gen. exps. 90, 304, 304, 307 70, 305, 50 Costs, and operation. 10, 431, 071 10, 398, 257 10, 323, 625 93, 344, 345, 35 Costs, and operation. 10, 431, 071 10, 309, 257 10, 323, 625 93, 348, 349, 349, 349, 349, 349, 349, 349, 349	a After reserve. b	After reserve	for deprecia	tion. c Re	presented by
Consolidated Oil Corp. (& Subs.) — Earnings— Consolidated Income Account for Six Months Ended June 30 1938 1938 1938 1938 1938 1938 1938 1938	263,288 no par shares in 1, 1938, as dividends o	n \$3 prior pr	9,165 (includi reference stock	ng 3,973 sna r) no par sh	res paid July ares in 1938
Yoross oper earnings_\$102,0034,226   1938	-V. 149, p. 105.				
1936   1936					
Profit	Consolium to 1	1939	1938	1937	1936
Int. divs. profit on sale of assets, &c. (net)   1.214.963   1.025.825   1.018.422   621.4	Costs, oper. & gen. exps	. 90.394,225	91,303,024	96,336,607	79,305,95
Total income	Profit	\$11,610,095	\$16,243,101	\$21,913,420	\$18,270,11
Canceled leases   Araba-   Canceled leases   A	Int., divs., profit on sal	0			621,463
Canceled leases   Araba-   Canceled leases   A	Total income	\$12,825,058	\$17,268,926	\$22,931,843	\$18,891,579
Canceled leases   Araba-   Canceled leases   A	Interest	*1,343,974 10,431,071	x942,358 10,398,257	978,956 $10,323,626$	9,354,120
Prov. for estimated U.S.   100,000   225,000   700,000   500,00	Canceled leases, aban	-			1,488,581
Net profit	Prov. for estimated U.S.		- 11 Lippi vals		500,000
X					
Inter-company sales, inter-company transportation charges and University   Cornucopia Gold Mines   Earnings	Earns.persh.on com.stk	. NII	30.28	\$0.66	\$0.49
Cornucopia Gold Mines	x Includes amortizati inter-company sales, in	on of debt d nter-company	transportati	expense. y on charges	and U. S
1938   1938   1938   1939   1938   1938   1939   1939   1938   1939   1938   1939   1938   1939   1938   1939   1938   1939   1938   1939   1938   1939   1938   1939   1938   1939   1938   1939   1938   1939   1938   1939   1938   1939   1938   1939   1938   1939   1938   1939   1938   1939   1938   1939				р. 3372.	
Net metal recoveries			-Earnings-	1030	1938
Cheeneral and administrative expenses   19,295   170.8	Net metal recoveries			\$356,641	\$330,792
Profit	Other expenses			182,949	170,810
Total profit					
Total profit   Sundry deductions	Profit			\$96,426 2,993	\$121,424 2,815
Profit before Federal and State income taxes				\$99,419	\$124,239
Profit before Federal and State income taxes	Depreciation, depletion Sundry deductions	and amortiza	tion	24.865	$26.260 \\ 5.095$
Crane Co. (& Subs.)	PER PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF				\$92,885
Consolidated Income Account for the 12 Months Enaced June 30, 1939		and Double Inco	,44400		442,000
Gross sales, lesi returns and allowances					
Net operating profit	Consolidated Incom	ne Account for and allowance	the 12 Month	s Ended Jun	e 30, 1939 \$78,461,738
Net operating profit	Cost of sales, including se	elling, admini	strative & gen	. expense	72,728,899
Total income					
Net income	Other income				711,469
Net income					\$4,263,153
Croft Brewing Co.   Earnings   Earnings for the Six Months Ended June 30, 1939	Prov. for Federal & fore	ign income ta	xes		555,106
Croft Brewing Co.   Earnings   Earnings for the Six Months Ended June 30, 1939   \$479.9'   Federal revenue stamps   265.2'   \$265.2'   \$255.2'   \$265.2'   \$265.2'   \$265.2'   \$175.2'   \$265.2'   \$175.2'	Net income				\$2,013,655
## Earnings for the Six Months Ended June 30, 1939   Strong profit from operations		Farni	nas		
Gross profit from operations   2467.9   2667.2   261ling, delivery and administrative expenses   175.2   275				ne 30, 1939	
Selling, delivery and administrative expenses   175,2	Gross profit from operati	ions			\$479,979
Total income   Depreciation (\$22,538), &c., deductions   S49,68   38,07	Selling, delivery and adv	ninistrative e	xpenses		175,215
Total income   Depreciation (\$22,538), &c., deductions   S49,68   38,07	Net operating profit				\$39,534
Net profit for period   Note—No provision for Federal normal tax on income or Federal surts on undistributed profits appears in the above statement.—V. 148, p. 435.					
Net profit for period   Note—No provision for Federal normal tax on income or Federal surts on undistributed profits appears in the above statement.—V. 148. p. 438. statement.—V. 148. p. 439. statement.—V. 148. p. 438. statement.—V. 148. p. 439. statement.—V. 148. p. 438. statement.—V. 148. p. 439. statement.—V. 148. p. 438. statement.—V. 148. p. 148. statement.—V. 148. p. 148. statement.—V. 148. p. 148. statement.—V. 1488. statement.—V. 1488. statement.—V. 1488. statement.	Depreciation (\$22,538),	&c., deductie	ons		\$49,699 38,071
Note	Net profit for period				\$11,627
Creameries of America, Inc. (& Subs.)	Note—No provision for undistributed profits	r Federal nor	rmal tax on in	ncome or Fe	deral surtax 8. p. 435.
Net sales					
Operating profit	Period End. June 30-	1939—3 M	os.—1938	1939-6 M	os.—1938
Operating profit	Net sales	\$2,460,393 2,172,962	\$2,601,997 2,302,690	\$4,429,560 4,009,946	\$4,693,328 4,264,924
Deprec	Operating profit	\$287.431		\$419,614	\$428,404
Operating profit         \$192,733         \$205,398         \$260,917         \$272,38           Other income         33,308         24,621         52,674         46,81           Other expenses         Dr13,802         Dr8,684         Dr20,824         Dr19,21           Int. & amort. of bonds or debenture discounts         19,703         20,040         34,438         35,57           Res've for contingencies         3,000         34,438         35,57           Prov. for Federal and Territorial taxes         41,165         45,379         57,906         61,46           x Net income         \$151,370         \$152,916         \$200,423         \$199,94           Preferred dividends         21,865         21,856         43,725         43,70           Common dividends         47,786         38,228         86,013         76,45           X Net income allocated to: Cream's of Am., Inc.         147,033         148,579         191,749         191,274           Minority interest         4337         \$152,916         \$200,423         \$199,94           Cash on hand and in banks         \$392,491         \$425,862         Notes pay., banks         50,002           Acets., notes and contracts rec'le         734,015         726,220         Notes pay., banks	Deprec. of plants, prop's		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	158,697	156,017
Other income         33,308         24,621         52,674         46,81           Int. & amore, of bonds or debenture discounts         19,703         20,040         34,438         35,57           Res've for contingencies         3,000         3,000         3,000         3,000           Prov. for Federal and Territorial taxes         41,165         45,379         57,906         61,46           x Net income         \$151,370         \$152,916         \$200,423         \$199,94           Preferred dividends         21,865         21,856         43,725         43,70           Common dividends         47,786         38,228         86,013         76,45           Common dividends         47,786         38,228         86,013         76,45           Minority interest         4,337         \$4,337         \$,674         8,67           Whinority interest         4,337         \$152,916         \$200,423         \$199,94           Consolidated Balance Sheet June 30         \$1938         \$463,935         \$500,23           Cash on hand and in banks         \$392,491         \$425,862         Notes pay, banks         \$0,000         \$155,00           Acets., notes and contracts rec'le         734,015         726,220         Notes pay, banks	Operating profit	\$192,733		\$260,917	\$272,386
Int. & amort. of bonds or debenture discounts_ Res've for contingencies	Other income	33,308	24,621	52,674	46,819
Res've for contingencies	Int. & amort. of bonds or	4777.303000			
Prov. for Federal and Territorial taxes	Res've for contingencies.				35,579
X Net income	Prov. for Federal and				61,464
X Net Income allocated to:   Cream's of Am., Inc.	x Net income	\$151,370	\$152,916	\$200,423	\$199,945
Assets	Common dividends	47,786	38,228	86,013	76,455
Stock	Cream's of Am., Inc	147,033	148,579	191,749	191,270
Consolidated Balance Sheet June 30	Minority interest	4,337			\$,674 \$199,945
Cash on hand and in banks. \$392,491 \$425,862 Notes pay., banks Notes & contracts rec'le. 1734,015 726,220 Inventories 33,811 88,559 Acres, notes and contracts rec'le. 457,771 488,559 Acres in the contracts rec'le. 20,376 and contracts rec'le. 188,559 Acres in the contracts at cost. 20,376 and contracts rec'le. 188,559 Acres in the contracts at cost. 20,376 and contracts rec'le. 188,559 Acres in the contract payable, others 1,600 2,51 and contract payable of the contracts payable. Notes pay., banks Notes & contracts payable, others 1,600 2,51 and contract payable acres out the con		olidated Balan	nce Sheet June	30	
Sapara	Cash on hand and	000,44	Accounts pays	ble_ \$463,93	5 \$500,256
contracts rec'le         734,015         726,220         payable, others         1,600         2,51           Inventories         35,771         488,559         Accr'd int. payable         22,665         23.78           Marketable securs.         33,811         33,811         33,811         166,316         163,17           Receivables other than current.         220,376         185,821         17,293         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         186,816         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         186,916         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         185,821         186,916         185,818         186,916         185,818         186,916         185,818         186,916         185,818         186,916         185,818         186,916         186,916         186,916         186,916         186,916	in banks \$392,4	91 \$425,862	Notes pay., be	anks 50,00	0 155,000
Marketable securs. at cost. at cos	contracts rec'le. 734,01	15 726,220 71 488 550	payable, oth	ers. 1,60	
Debentures, sink'g   fund payment	Marketable securs.		Acer. county, 8	tate	
Investments, fixed   115,127   117,293   5% debs. due Aug.   1,100,000   1,150,000   1,1	Receivables other		Debentures, six	nk'g	
depreciated	Investments, fixed 115,12		Deferred incom	ie	1 900
Dairy herd	depreciated 2,786,98		1, 1946	1,100,000	
Prepaid expenses 132,665 115,915 in subsidiaries 306,295 295.84 Debt dise't & exp. 69,041 82,789 Preferred stock 1,077,810 1,077,320 Common stock 382,275 382,27 Paid-in surplus 437,823 411,38 Earned surplus 919,161 770,52	Dairy herd 69,63 Cost of trade r'tes.	87,676 1 1	Mortgages pay Minority inte	rest	
Common stock 382,275 382,27 Paid-in surplus 437,823 411,38 Earned surplus 919,161 770,52	Prepaid expenses 132,66		in subsidiari	306,29	0 1.077,320
Earned surplus 919,161 770,52			Common stock	382,27	5 382,275
	Sally in the Party of the		Earned surplus	919,16	1 770,528
Total\$5,011,883 \$4,982,268 Total\$5,011,883 \$4,982,26		83 \$4,982,268	Total	\$5,011,88	3 \$4,982,268

Credit Utility Ba	nking Co	rp.—Earn	ings-	
6 Mos. End. June 30-	1939	1938	1937	1936
Net income after prov. for Federal taxes	\$55,049	\$57,823	\$59,052	\$35,649
Earnings per share on capital stock	\$1.00	\$1.05	\$1.07	\$0.65
C . D 111 C				ESSET THE PARTY OF

Crescent Public Service Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings

Period— Operating revenue Operating expenses	—3 Mos. En 1939 \$599,057 432,216	a. June 30— 1938 \$571,992 427,432	June 30 '39
Income from operation Non-operating income (net)	\$166,841 12,779	\$144,560 13,248	\$757,418 26,129
Gross income	\$179,620	\$157,808	\$783,547
Fixed charges and divs. on securities of subs. in hands of public.	96,490	91,833	378,005
Int. on coil. trust 6% income bonds, series B.————————————————————————————————————	37,240 54,750	19,232 <b>x</b> 48,750	164,563 x207,000
Crescent Public Service Co			295
Balance to surplus	loss\$8 861	loss\$2.007	\$33.684

Balance to surplus loss\$8,861 loss\$2,007 \$33,684 x The provision for renewals, replacements and retirements of \$48,750 for the 3 months ended June 30, 1938, represents the proportional part (3 months) of the 1938 provision of \$195,000 appropriated in December, 1938. The provisions for the 12 months ended June 30, 1939, represents the proportional part (6 months), \$97,500, of the 1938 provision of \$195,000 appropriated in December, 1938, and the provision of \$195,000 for the 6 months ended June 30, 1939. Federal income taxes of Crescent Public Service Co, are those for the calendar year 1938.

\*\*Consolidated Balance Sheet June 30\*\*

	Canagon	aatea Data	nce cheel June 30		
Access	1939	1938	Liabilities-	1939	1938
Assets-					0 477 000
Plant, property &				8,460,500	8,475,000
equipment1	0,916,652	11,007,422	Notes pay. (non-		
Investments	9.687	10,652	current)	77,453	
Cash	170,987	183.061	Notes payable	182,452	134,810
Notes receivable	1,106		Accounts payable.	180,583	131.622
Accts, receivable	283,419		Consumers' deps	99,358	95.033
Mat'is & supplies.	130,002		Unred'd coupons	51	104
Prepayments	32,561		Taxes	117,393	133,164
a Notes receivable	02,001	,	Accrued interest.	104,608	77,816
(contra)	43,333	35.012	Miscell, liabilities.	9.425	13,110
Miscell, assets	21,137		a Notes receivable	4,77	
Unamort, debt dis-			(contra)	43,333	35,012
count & expense	253.838	258.800	Reserves	2.051,120	1.870,344
Unamort.intang	255,501		Deferred liabilities	12,274	13,877
Other def. assets	136,757	148.458	Unrealized profit	222,910	226,251
	,		Pref. stk. (sub.co.)		1.057,100
			Com. stk. (\$1 par)	60,606	60,610
			Deficit	442,557	245,511
Total1	2.254.981	12.078.342	Total	12.254.981	12.078.342

a Merchandise contracts discounted.-V. 148, p. 2739.

Crown Drug Co.—Sales—
Sales for July, 1939, were \$681,906, as compared to \$663,088 for July 1938, an increase of \$18,817, or 2.8%. Company has \$2 stores in operation at the present time and these figures cover \$2 stores for both periods. However, in July, 1938, it had 90 stores in operation and sales ofr the 90 stores as compared to \$2 this year were \$714,372, which would show a decrease this year of \$32,466, or 4.5%.—V. 149, p. 411.

Curtis Publishing Co.—Accumulated Dividend—
Directors have declared a dividend of 50 cents per share on account of accumulations on the \$7 cumulative preferred stock, payable Oct. 2 to holders of record Aug. 31. Like amount was paid on July 1, last, and dividends of 25 cents were paid on April 1, last, and on Oct. 1 and July 1, 1938. After payment of current dividend accruals will amount to \$18 per share.—V. 148, p. 2739.

Decca Records, Inc.—Common Dividend—
Directors have declared a dividend of 30 cents per share on the common stock, payable Aug. 28 to holders of record Aug. 21. Similar payment was made on April 25, last, and a dividend of 60 cents per share was distributed on Aug. 22, 1938.—V. 145, p. 1416.

Dennison Mfg. Co.—Estimated Consol. Bal. Sheet June 30

	1939	1938	Liabilities-	1939	1938
Assets—		8	April 19 Committee of the Committee of t	8	
Cash on deposit &			Notes payable (by		
on hand	\$799,000	\$599,000	a subsidiary)	53,000	20,000
Finance note rec		100,000	Accounts payable.	292,000	339,000
Trade notes&accts.			Accr. wages, taxes		
rec., minus res.,	1.218,000	988,000	& other exp.,incl.	a below	
Raw mat'ls, goods			prov. for ine. tax	264,000	213,000
in process & fin-			Minority interest		
ished goods	2.827,000	3.149,000	in sub. eos.	173,000	187,000
Investments and		170	Capital stock	8.580,000	8,580,000
other assets	239,000	181,000	Surplus	907,000	1.008.000
Land, bldgs, & eq.	3.834,000	3,994,000			- Advantages
Goodwill, patents,		71,000	144,445,44		
trade-marks, &c.	1,023,000	1,027,000	The second second		
Deferred charges	329,000	309,000			
Westel 1	0 260 000	10.347,000	Total	10 960 000	10 247 000
District District Control of the Con		10,347,000	1 Total passes	10,209,000	10,347,000
-V. 149, p. 258					

Distillers Corp.-Seagrams, Ltd.-Negotiates Bank Credit-

Company has entered into a bank credit agreement and a five-year loan agreement with about 23 banks whereby it may borrow up to about \$34,-000,000. This is revealed in a report to the Securities and Exchange Com-

000,000. This is revealed in a report to the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The company entered the agreements with the banks on July 12. Under the bank credit agreement the company and its subsidiaries were given the right to borrow from the participating banks \$10,000,000 for one year from July 12, 1939, and for the next year the company could borrow up to \$9,000,000 under term loans at the rate of 1½% per annum. In addition the company may borrow up to an additional \$10,000,000 from Sept. 1, 1939, to April 1, 1940, and from Sept. 1, 1940 to April 1, 1941, with interest at the rate of 1½% per annum. Among the banks participating under this agreement were the Bankers Trust Co., Manufacturers Trust Co., First National Bank, Boston, Continental Illinois Bank & Trust Co. and the Manhattan Co. and Marine Midland Trust Co. The five-year loan agreement was between the company and the Bankers Trust Co. and the Manufacturers Trust Co. The terms provide that each bank will lend the company or its subsidiaries \$2,500,000 for five years with interest at the rate of 3% per annum, to refund notes due Nov. 1941; of the same amount.—V. 148, p. 3685.

Doernbecher Mfg. Co. (& Sub.)—Earnings—

Earnings for 6 Months Ended June 30, 1939 Gross sales, less discounts, returns & allowances	\$1,309,550 1,076,228
Gross profit on sales	\$233,321 165,075
Net operating profitOther income	\$68.247 7.797
ProfitProvision for Federal income and State excise taxes	\$76.043 19.250
Net profit	\$56,793 90,486

Consolidated Balance Sheet June 30, 1939

Assets—Cash in bank and on hand, \$58,919; customers' notes and trade acceptances receivable (net), \$442,304; sundry accounts and advances (less reserve for doubtful advances \$7,617), \$42,079; due from employees, \$4,680; inventories, \$696,679; other investments and accounts receivable, \$46,398; timber and timber lands at cost less depletion, \$23,317; property, plant and equipment (net), \$1,090,283; prepaid insurance and sundry supplies, \$15,721; total, \$2,420,380.

Liabilities—Equipment purchase note, \$5,400; accounts payable, trade, \$60,557; accounts payable to officers, \$1 735; accrued liabilities, \$86,303, provision for Federal and State income taxes, \$24,557; reserve for employees; liability claims, \$6,707; capital stock (no par value; outstanding 301,622 shares), \$1,019,540; capital surplus, \$1,325,284; deficit since Dec. 31, 1936, \$127,703; total, \$2,420,380.

Dome Mines, Ltd.—July Production-

Bullion production in July amounted to \$597,776, compared with \$600,985 in June and \$619,879 in July ,1938. For the seven months production amounted to \$4,222,954, against \$4,260,406 in same period of 1938.—V. 149, p. 575.

Durham Hosiery Mills—Accumulated Dividend—

Directors have declared a dividend of \$1.50 per share on account of accumulations on the 6% cumulative preferred class A stock, par \$100, payable Aug. 7 to holders of record Aug. 4. Like amount was paid on June 1, last.—V. 148, p. 3374.

Net sales. Production & mfg. cos Expenses.	sts_ 9,43	3,310 \$	1938 7.786,086 3.921,717 1,008,216	\$12,433,201 9,971,453 1,098,903	1936 \$9,273,578 7,296,599 974,902
Net oper. profit Other income	\$1.16 11	6.853 3.771	\$143,847 42,085	\$1,362,844 54,913	\$1,002,076 31,638
Total income Int. on notes payable.		80,625 x 0,564	\$101,763 18,649	\$1,417,758 10,920	\$1,033,715 6,459
Prov. for deprec. & de Loss on a band. of proje Prof. fr. sale of cap. as Prov. for Federal & St income taxes (est.). Approp. to res. for nor metal inventory pr fluctuations	pl_ 57 ects 15 sets 7 mal	0,060 x 5,943 8,630 5,600	\$120,412 356,769 {101,094 <b>x6</b> ,952 5,550	\$1,406.837 464,926 86,499 Cr9,542 119,000	\$1,027,256 426,982 22,306 68,000
Bal. transf. to surply		9,888 ×	\$590.777	\$745,954	\$338,520
Divs. paid and accrue Preferred	ed:	6,467	16,467 89,408	16,467 178,815	16,467 89,408
			ance Sheet		
	30'39 Dec		Liabilities	June 30'	39 Dec. 31 '38
Assets— {	•		rrent bank		
	3,566 1.5		debtedness,		
x Acc'ts and notes	0,000 -10		within one		00 1,800,000
	6,643 2,4		counts pay		
	7,262		ef. div. pay		
Activis. On Dur. Comer 2					
Inventories 5,23			crued liabil		
Inventories 5,23 Other assets 18	2,696 2	210,337 Ct	st's credit	bals. 14,2	28 87,102
Inventories 5,23 Other assets 18 y Fixed assets 12,04	2,696 2	10,337 Ct 38,599 De	st's credit of. bk. indel	bals_ 14,2 oted_ 4,400,0	28 87,102
Inventories 5,23 Other assets 18 y Fixed assets 12,04 U. S. Govt. obliga-	2,696 2 9,335 13,5	110,337 Ct 538,599 De Cc	st's credit of. bk. indel onting. pur	bals_ 14,2 bted_ 4,400,0 chase	28 87,102 00 4,800,000
Inventories 5,23 Other assets 18 y Fixed assets 12,04 U. S. Govt. obligations at cost 12	2,696 9,335 13,5 8,857	210,337 538,599 Cc 128,657	st's credit of, bk. indel onting. pur money oblig	bals_ 14,2 bted_ 4,400,0 chase 4,567,6	28 87,102 00 4,800,000 09 4,750,000
Inventories	2,696 2 9,335 13,5	210,337 Ct 538,599 De Cc 128,657 87,096 Re	st's credit of. bk. indel onting. pur money oblig s. for self-in	bals_ 14,2 bted_ 4,400,0 chase { 4,567,6 nsur_ 254,3	28 87,102 00 4,800,000 09 4,750,000 74 282,502
Inventories	2,696 19,335 13,5 18,857 11,164	210,337 Ct 538,599 De 128,657 87,096 Re	st's credit of. bk. indel onting. pur money oblig s. for self-i s. for cont	bals 14,2 oted 4,400,0 chase 4,567,6 nsur 254,3 ing 295,7	28 87,102 00 4,800,000 09 4,750,000 74 282,502
Inventories	2,696 9,335 13,5 8,857	210,337 Ct 538,599 Dc 128,657 87,096 Re 24,128 M	st's credit of. bk. indel onting. pur money oblig s. for self-in	bals. 14,2 bted. 4,400,0 chase 7 4,567,6 nsur. 254,3 ing. 295,7	28 87,102 00 4,800,000 09 4,750,000 74 282,502
Inventories 5,23 Other ascets 12,04 V. S. Govt. obligations at cost 12 Investments 1,18 z Treasury stock at cost 2 Prepaid & deferred	2,696 19,335 13,5 13,164 14,128	210,337 Ct 338,599 Dc 128,657 87,096 Re 24,128 M	st's credit of, bk. indel onting. pur money oblig s. for self-ir s. for cont in. int. in ca	bals_ 14,2 bted_ 4,400,0 chase 	28 87,102 00 4,800,000 09 4,750,000 74 282,502 73 301,873
Inventories 5,23 Other ascets 12,04 y Fixed assets 12,04 U. S. Govt. obligations at cost 12 Investments 1,18 z Treasury stock at cost 2 Prepaid & deferred	2,696 19,335 13,8 13,164 14,128	210,337 Ct 538,599 Dc 128,657 87,096 Re 24,128 M 279,846	st's credit of. bk. indel onting. pur money oblis s. for self-liss. for cont in. int. in c. sur. of Com Min. & Roy cum. pref	bals 14,2 ted 4,400,0 chase 4,567,6 asur 254,3 ing 295,7 ap. & 295,7 co. co. erred	28 87,102 00 4,800,000 09 4,750,000 74 282,502 73 301,873
Inventories	2,696 19,335 13,5 13,164 14,128 2,945 2	210,337 Ct 538,599 Dt (228,657 87,096 Re 24,128 M	ist's credit of. bk. indel onting. pur money oblis is. for self-liss. for cont in. int. in casur. of Comm Min. & Roy of cum. pref stock (par	bals 14,2 toted 4,400,0 chase 2,567,6 nsur 254,3 ing 295,7 ap. & merce . Co	28 87,102 28 87,102 4,800,000 09 4,750,000 74 282,502 301,873 636 00 555,400
Inventories	2,696 19,335 13,5 13,164 14,128 2,945 2	210,337 Ct   38,599 Do   228,657   87,096   24,128   M   279,846   1   69	st's credit f. bk. indel f. bk. indel onting. pur money oblig s. for self-i s. for cont in. int. in ca sur.of Com Min. & Roy 6 cum. pref stock (par som, stk. (par	bals_ 14,2 bted_ 4,400,0 chase 7 4,567,6 nog_ 254,3 nog_ 295,7 ap. & merceCo. erred \$100 555,4 \$10 9,000,0	28 87,102 00 4,800,000 09 4,750,000 09 282,502 73 301,873 636 00 555,400 00 9,000,000
Inventories	2,696 19,335 13,5 13,164 14,128 2,945 2	210,337 Ct 338,599 Dt Cc 228,657 Rc 24,128 M 279,846 69 CC Ca	ist's credit of. bk. indel onting. pur money oblis is. for self-liss. for cont in. int. in casur. of Comm Min. & Roy of cum. pref stock (par	bals 14,2  toted 4,400,0  chase 254,3  ing 254,3  ing 295,7  ap. &  nerce Co.  erred \$100 555,4  \$100 9,000,0  \$1 1,898,7	28 87,102 00 4,800,000 09 4,750,000 74 282,502 73 301,873 636 00 555,400 00 9,000,000

x After reserve for doubtful accounts of \$278,016 in 1939 and \$322,415 in 1938. y After reserve for depletion, depreciation, &c., of \$20,134,295 in 1939 and \$20,292,973 in 1938. x 65 shares pref. and 5,924 shares of common stock.—V. 148, p. 3843.

6 Months Ended June 30— Gross income. Operating expenses and taxes. Interest charges. Depreciation.	Castern Ma	nufacturing C	1939	1938 \$3,105,027 2,674,845 x84,537 156,213
Net profitx Including bond interest of			\$38,135 43,993	\$189,432 61,301
Conc	lensed Bala	nce Sheet		
Assets— June 30 '39 De		Liabilities— ets. & accept'ces		Dec. 31 '&8
on hand\$1,241,888 \$1.	.045,510 C	payable	\$171,798	\$473,933
	607,974	ong-term indebt.		75,000 155,908
Securities (bonds) 8,675	755,549 Re 8,675	s. for est. reorg. expense	84,084	100,000
Miscell. invest's & other assets (less	1	onds car 4% notes	1,702,650 1,152,000	1,702,650 1,152,000
Property accounts	Mt	ge. liability of		100000000000000000000000000000000000000
(less reserve) 2,601,800 2, Timberlands and P-P stumpage	Lin	sub.(not due '39) ability Passama- quoddy L'd Co.	150,000	150,000
(less reserve) 1,530,445 1, Deferred charges 26,468	524,247 ( 23,145 Re	not due 1939) s. for conting's	175,000 200,000	175,000 200,000
and the second s	1 (	or pref. stock \$20 par value).	606,415	606,415
Total Table 10	Ca	m.stk. (\$10 par) pital surplus rned surplus	2.001,692 1,226,183 38,135	2,001,692 1,226,183
Total\$7,683,977 \$8,	018,782	Total	87,683,977	\$8,018,782

Eastern Mfg. Co.-Name Changed-

The name of the company has been changed to Eastern Corp. in accordance with the plan of reorganization (see V. 148, p. 3220).—V. 149, p. 411.

Eastern Steamsh	ip Lines,	Inc. (&	Subs.)—E	arnings-
Period End. June 30— Operating revenue Operating expense	1939—Mon \$846,965 727,444		1939—6 M \$4,014,906 4,141,770	
Operating income Other income Other-expense	\$119,521 994 49,468	\$72,244 2,380 50,897	*\$126,864 5,496 322,493	*\$226,690 6,594 329,191
Net income	\$71,047	\$23,727	x\$443,861	*\$549,287

x Indicates loss or deficit.

Note—The above statement covers operations after depreciation, interest, rentals and local taxes, but before Federal income tax, capital stock tax, capital gains or losses and other non-operating adjustments.—V. 149, p. 411.

1024 The Commercial & Financial Chronicle				Aug. 1	Aug. 12, 1939		
Eastman Kodak Co	-Earnings-			Empire Telephone Co. (& Subs.)—	Earnings-	1000	
* 24 Weeks Ended— June 17 Net sales	, '39 June 11, '38 J ,678 \$57,131,939 \$ ,053 44,740,158	une 12, '3' 61,273,20 44,789,61	June 13, '36 \$51,121,175 38,876,156	12 Months Ended June 30— Operating revenues Operating expenses Provisions for retirements	\$390,007 252,588 58,436	256.6	
Income from opera'n_\$10.948.	408 \$9,061,301 \$	13,524,50	\$9,285,956	Provisions for retirements  Net operating income	<b>\$78.983</b>	\$54.2	
Income from opera'n \$10,948 Int. and divs. receivable 261 Other income 57,	,023 20,313			Net income	\$81,345		
Total income \$11,267, Fed. & For. inc. taxes 2,210, Prov. for red. of sec. 113,	879 488,849	2,547,35	\$9.763,079 1,746,144	Equity of minority stockholders in het income o	Cr642	CH	
Cost of issuing com. stk. 170, Other charges 85,	344 267,481	107,257		subsidiary company. Federal and State taxes on bond interest and trustee's fees. Amortization of discount and exp. on funded debt	d 317	59	
				Miscellaneous income charge		Cr3,27	
Net profit \$8,688, Earnings per share on common stock \$3	870 \$7,051,673 \$1 .43 \$3.05	\$5.01 \$5.01	\$8,081,870 \$3.51	Net incomea Before deducting interest and other income cha	. \$63,924 arges.—V. 14	\$46,29 8, p. 3062.	
-V. 148, p. 2741.  Ebasco Services Inc.  For the week ended Aug. 3.	Weekly Input-			Equity Fund, Inc.—Earnings— 6 Months Ended June 30— Profit from sale of securities	1939	1938 loss\$22,19	
the operating companies which ar	re subsidiaries of Al	Power & I	ight Co. as	Profit from sale of securities Dividends Interest	20,013	14,21	
compared with the corresponding	week during 1938,	was as Ioli	Increase-	Total incomeExpensesFederal capital stock tax, &c	\$33,260 2,053 2,247	loss\$7,98 3,02 1,08	
Operating Subsidiaries of— American Power & Light Co12 Electric Power & Light Corp 6 National Power & Light Co * Decrease.—V. 149, p. 876.	2,173,000 110,378, 2,578,000 56,675, 5,437,000 85,720,	,000 11,7 ,000 5,9 ,000 *10,2	95,000 10.7 03,000 10.4 83,000 *12.0	Net profit Dividends to stockholders	\$28,961 60,295	loss\$12,09 23,99	
Edison Brothers Stores	, Inc.—Sales—	1020 7 3	for 1020	Balance Sheet June 30, 19 Assets—Cash, \$107,009; marketable securities a prices \$1,588,663), \$2,034,803; dividends receivab	t cost (at qu	oted mark	
Period End. July 31— 1939— Sales————————————————————————————————————	Month—1938 162 \$1,496,807 \$1	4,045,274	\$13,597,448				
Not loss after depressin'n	'39 May 31, '38 M	ay 31, '37	June 30, '36	Liabilities—Federal and State taxes, \$5,573; c \$128,329; paid-in surplus, \$2,056,055; capital surplus, \$10,385; less treasury stock (20,828 shares 912.—V. 148, p. 2583.  Erie Lighting Co.—Earnings—	), \$60,036; to	tal, \$2,143	
a After writing off \$39 618 in cr	onnection with the	St. Louis	fue receiving	12 Months Ended June 30— Operating revenues Operating expenses	1939 \$1,688,669	1938 \$1,660,53	
house affiliated with the company of approximately \$115,000 against but before making provision for	possible fluctuatio possible surtax on	ns in inver	atory values, uted profits.	Provision for reitrements	165,386	778,31 137,55 153,11	
of approximately \$115,000 against but before making provision for The net profit so determined is equal capital shares. d Profit, equival include the receipt during the per of the settlement of a pending of	lent to 63 cents per siod of the net sum	er share.	• Does not on account	Federal income taxesOther taxes	100,468	27,17 121,44	
v. 148, p. 3061.				Operating incomeOther income (net)	21,313	\$442,93 1,64	
	Paso Electric Co. (7	Teras)		Gross income	\$509,811 233,369 24,491	\$444,58 235,31 26,32	
Operation 98.6	Month—1938 1 82 \$237,108 \$ 36 100,770	2,922,882 $1,176,262$	### dos.—1938 ### \$2,898,986 1,210,334 170,689 332,104	Other interest Amortization of debt discount and expense Interest charged to construction	10,259	10,35 Cr3	
Taxes				Net income		\$172,62	
Net oper. revenues \$93.7 Non-oper. income (net) 2.6		1,182,747 Dr18,477	\$1,185,858 Dr48,789	Eureka Vacuum Cleaner Co.—New Henry W. Burritt has resigned as Vice-Preside the Kelvinator Division of the Nash-Kelvinator Co.	nt in Charge	of Sales o	
Int. & amort. (public) 36,1		1,164,270 436,594	\$1,137,069 436,746	and General Manager of this company, it was an succeeds Fred Wardell, founder of the company, of the Board.—W. 148, p. 3062.	nounced on A	ug. 2. H	
Balance		\$727,676 25,000	\$700,323 25,000	Fairchild Aviation Corp.—Earnings-	1027	1000	
Balance \$58,18 Appropriations for retirement reser	53 \$50,889 ve	\$702,676 351,511	\$675,323 333,899	6 Mos. End. June 30— 1939 1938 Unfilled orders \$1,507,475 \$1,530,014 141,122 159,508 Earnings per share \$0.41 \$0.41	\$1,341,410 85,059 \$0.25	1936 \$951,986 21,04	
Balance	ublic)	\$351,165 46,710	\$341,424 46,710			\$0.00 profits tax ssets, afte	
Balance applicable to El Paso El	ec. Co. (Del.).	\$304,455 Del.)	\$294,714	orders, to be \$957.078 including cash of \$256,144 of \$339,045. The corresponding figures as of June 3	on partially against curre 0, 1938 were,	nt liabilitie net curren	
12 Months Ended June 30— Earnings of El Paso Electric Co. (T	'exas)	1939 \$304,455	1938 \$294,714 25,000	x After provision for Federal taxes, but before u The balance sheet as of June 30, 1939 shows i deducting deposits received and advanced billings orders, to be \$957,078 including cash of \$256,144; of \$339,045. The corresponding figures as of June 3 assets \$869,504, including cash of \$199,727 agai \$293,648. The same figures for Dec. 31, 1938 were, 550 including cash of \$193,969 against current liab The unfilled orders on June 30, 1939 amounter pared with \$1,530,014 on June 30, 1938, and \$1,07  —V. 149, p. 576.	net current a lities of \$31	iabilities of ssets \$863, 7,136.	
Note interest deducted from above Earnings of other subsidiary comp to El Paso Electric Co. (Del.)	anies applicable	25,000 83,284	80,567	The unfilled orders on June 30, 1939 amounted pared with \$1,530,014 on June 30, 1938, and \$1,07—V. 149, p. 576.	1 to \$1,507,4 0,338 on De	74 as com c. 31, 1938	
Total Expenses, taxes and interest		\$412.739 35,438	\$400,295	Falconbridge Nickel Mines, Ltd.—1 3 Mos. End. June 30— 1939 1938	Earnings— 1937	1936	
Balance Preferred dividend requirements		\$377,301	\$373,333	Tons smelted	110,077 3,731,003	85,228 2,955,316	
Balance for common dividends as	_	\$194,329	\$190,361	Copper in matte produced, pounds 2,304,434 2,015,762 Refined nickel produced,	1,801,007	1,435,539	
-V. 149, p. 412. El Paso Natural Gas Co	. (Del.) (& Su	bs.)—E	arnings—	pounds 4,752,643 4,286,545 Refined copper produced, pounds 2,063,651 2,225,419	3,658,455 1,870,780	2,752,043 1,215,473	
Period End. June 30— 1939—A Gross oper. revenues \$419,22 Operation 126,79	Month—1938 19 26 \$350,155 \$5 29 108,337 1	939—12 M 5,249,847 5,485,173	fos.—1938 \$4,893,807 1,374,013 124,782	Gross operating profit \$817,357 \$603,736 Provision for taxes 61,500 47,000 Deprec. & def. dvel., &c 281,713 292,869	\$664,762 52,500 259,180	\$611,113 58,800 181,729	
Taxes (includes Federal				Net profit \$474,143 \$263,866	\$353,083	\$370,584	
income   50,98   42,09   189,24   189	2 40,271	503,928 590,630 ,564,890	427,320 554,585 \$2,413,105	Note—Above figures exclusive of non-operating a Financial Position End of Second of	Quarter	1000	
Other income 1,14 Total gross income \$190,39	8 935	12,246	11,289	Current Assets— Cash and accounts receivable Negotiable securities at lower of cost or market	\$2,791,510 225,649	\$1,373,193 382,551	
Interest 27,38 Amort. of debt disc't & expense 69	33,587	19,458	\$2,424,394 394,318 33,500	Metal inventories Deposit re power supply Mine, mill and refining supplies	1,541,906 $70,001$ $264,448$	$\substack{1,268,362\\70,001\\284,048}$	
Net inc. bef. non-re-		19,458	\$1,996,576	Total	\$4,893,516	\$3,378,158	
curring inc. & exp \$162.31 Non-recurring inc. & exp 34 Het income \$162.65		122,558	Dr24,833	Wages payable	\$78,766 148,126 189,901	\$84,509 144,786 183,364	
Pref. stock div. requirements 8,63		103,579	103,579	Total	\$416,793	\$412,661	
Bal. for com. divs. & surplus \$154,02				Net assets		\$2,965 496	
a Federal income tax accrual for due to the write-off of unamortized debt retired by refinancing consum credited to non-recurring income in retaining normal comparison of operations.	the year 1938 was I debt expense and mated Dec. 15, 193	reduced b premium 38. Adius	y \$124,768 on funded tment was	Federal Mining & Smelting Co.—Ear  2nd Quar. of 1939	1st Quar.	2nd Quar.	
credited to non-recurring income in retaining normal comparison of ope	erations.—V. 149,	se for the p. 259.	purpose of	Tons of concentrates produced 31,097 Tons of shipping product produced by	of 1939 31,271	of 1938 30,820	
Electric Controller & Mf 6 Mos. End. June 30—1939 Net prof. after deprec.,		1937	1936	Net income after deprec., but before deducting depletion, Fed. taxes on	3.714	1,920	
Federal taxes, &cyloss\$11,270 Earns. per sh. on no par shares	\$86,524 x\$	86.59	x\$213,486	Tot. stks. held at end of quar. for future sale:  Refined lead (tons)	\$132.033 None	\$32,306 6,611	
x Before deducting Federal tax of	n undistributed pro	210 000	hie amount the	Lead content of lead concentrates (tons)  Zinc content of zinc concentrates	None	95	
\$1,144,910 consists of cash and Ulabilities total \$128,767.—V. 148,	J. S. Government	securities.	Current		934	2,900	

0

Federal Light &	Traction	Co. (& Su	bs.)—Ear	nings-
Period End. June 30— Operating revenue Oper. exps., maint. and	1939-3 M	os ×1938	x1939-12 A	Mos x1938
taxes	1,508,742	1,543,979	6,232,377	6,137,03

rovision for retirements	1,508,742	1,543,979	6,232,377	6,137,035
and depreciation	159,282	145,343	598,850	589,129
Operating income	\$732,026 Dr3,928	\$576,333 Dr6,027	\$2,973,703 4,578	\$2,714,158 Dr5,319
Gross income Interest, disc, and other	\$728,098	\$570,306	\$2,978,281	\$2,708,839
Pref. divs. of sub. cos Interest, disc. and other	115,402 45,995	113,594 46,063	458,546 184,037	435,919 184,676
& Traction Co	168,931	182,945	702,542	733,172
Net income Preferred dividends	\$397,770 66,561	\$227,704 66,561	\$1,633,156 266,244	\$1,355,072 266,244

Bal. to earned surplus \$331,209 \$161,143 \$1,366,912 \$1,088,828 Earns. per sh. on com. \$0.63 \$0.30 \$2.60 \$2.07 

Finger Canadian Lumber Co., Ltd.-Registration Suspended-

The Securities and Exchange Commission on Aug. 1 declared suspended the effectiveness of a registration statement (No. 2-5640) filed by the company (a Canadian corporation). The Commission set forth that the registration statement omitted statements of material fact and contained misleading statements.—V. 146, p. 2206.

# First Investment Counsel Corp.—Earnings—

Earnings for the 6 Months Ended June 30, 1939	
Interest	\$54,843 140,847
TotalExpenses	\$195,690 42,860
Net income	\$152,829 189,140
Balance Sheet as at June 30, 1939	

Balance Sheet as at June 30, 1939

Assets—Cash, \$56,506; United States Government securities at market quotations (cost \$1,404,060), \$1,445,230; other investments at market quotations (cost \$9,873,477), \$9,120,908; income accrued, \$69,278; total, \$10,691,921.

Liabilities—Taxes, Federal and State, \$18,081; reserve for registration expense, \$1,135; reserve for other expenses, \$14,706; capital stock, class A, no par value, stated value \$25, 135,681 shares, \$3,392,025; capital stock, class B, no par value, stated value, \$25, \$750; net surplus, \$7,265,224; total, \$10,691,921.—V. 147, p. 3159.

# (M. H.) Fishman Co., Inc. - Sales-

Follansbee Bros. Co.—To Request \$2,500,000 RFC Loan—
The company, it is reported, will need only \$2,500,000 from the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, instead of \$4,000,000 as originally requested. The larger sum now is not deemed necessary as it is planned not to build a hot strip mill at Follansbee, W. Va. An arrangement is being worked out with Jones & Laughlin Steel Corp. to supply such products at a cost that will be satisfactory. Attorneys for the common stockholders stated that if a satisfactory reorganization plan is not submitted by Sept. 21 they will ask the Court to permit the Court to appoint its own trustees.

It is believed that the reorganization will be filed by that date and the court hearing on the plan will take place Oct. 2. Negotiations for the loan from RFC are now afoot.—V. 148, p. 3531.

# Galveston-Houston Co. (& Subs.)-Earnings-

Guireston-110 ase	0 00. (0	,	La. menego	
Period End. June 30— Operating revenues Operation Maintenance Taxes	1939—Mon \$302,483 150,347 46,266 39,125	\$290,520 142,684 38,330 35,201	1939—12 A \$3,653,718 1,794,423 537,139 445,107	fos.—1938 \$3,452,864 1,717,970 449,592 404,883
Net oper. revenues	\$66,745	\$74.304	\$877,050	\$880,419
Non-oper. income (net)_	389	273	3,544	5,352
Balance	\$67,134	\$74,577	\$880,594	\$885,771
Retirement accruals	30,454	31,330	385,653	361,139
Gross income.  Int. on bonds (Houston Electric Co.). Int. on equip. notes, &c. Amort. of debt expense.	\$36,680	\$43,247	\$494,941	\$524,632
	13,484	13,778	162,253	168,879
	3,523	2,315	34,357	32,382
	242	288	3,266	3,540
Balance	\$19,430	\$26,866	\$295.065	\$319,832
	. 6% income	bonds	18,283	46,453
Net income Dividends declared —V. 146, p. 3953; V. 145	p. 3817.		\$276,781 14,604	\$273.378

# Gaylord Container Corp.—Earnings—

Period End. June 30-	1939-3 Me		1939-6 Mos1938	
Operating profit Deprec., deplet.& amort. Interest Fed. & State inc. taxes.	\$295,585 154,090 4,309 24,549	$$439,340 \\ 150,133 \\ 10,112 \\ 50,222$	\$604,684 307,069 9,312 51,773	\$914,590 289,350 10,297 110,675
Net profit Preferred dividends	\$112,637 66,678	\$228,873 67,842	\$236,529 133,424	\$504,268 136,056
Surplusa Earnings per share	\$45,959 \$0.08	\$161,031 \$0.30 ck —V 148	\$103,105 \$0.19	\$368,212 \$0.68

# General Shoe Corp.—Earnings—

Period End. July 31-			1939-12 M	
Net sales	\$4,160,075	\$3,058,778	\$16,040,872 930,045	\$13,246,132
		108,741	930,045	
y Earnings per share	\$0.33	\$0.21	\$1.42	\$0.98

x After all charges and taxes. y On common stock.

Unfilled orders on hand (July 31, 1939) are approximately 45% ahead of the same date a year ago, according to W. M. Jarman, President, who reports production in the company's factories at a new peak. To take care of increased sales and deliveries against the backlog of orders on hand, further increases in production are planned and the company is negotiating for an additional factory building. The capacity of this additional plant, if obtained, is not expected to be available, however, until Jan. 1 next. One of the new developments of the business, which company officials regard as among the most important in the manufacture of men's shoes in recent years, is a process of treating leather with cedar oil, adding to its mellowness and wear, that has been enthusiastically received by merchants throughout the country.—V. 149, p. 577.

General Motors Corp.—July Car Sales—The company on Aug. 8 released the following statement:

Aug. 8 released the following statement:
July sales of General Motors cars and trucks from all sources of manufacture totaled 100,302, compared with 90,030 in July a year ago. Sales in June were 156,959. Sales for the first seven months of 1939 totaled 1,051,300 compared with 703,983 for the same seven months of 1938. Sales to dealers in the United States totaled 71.803 in July, compared with 61,826 in July a year ago. Sales in June were 124,048. Sales for the first seven months of 1939 totaled 810,591, compared with 481,474 for the same seven months of 1938.

Sales to consumers in the United States totaled 102,031 in July, compared with 78,758 in July a year ago. Sales in June were 124,618. Sales for the first seven months of 1939 totaled 802,492, compared with 576,878 for the same seven months of 1938.

Total Sales of General Motors Cars and Trucks from All Sources of Manufacture

Total Sales of General Moto	ors Cars and	Trucks from A	Il Sources of 1	Manufacture
CONTRACTOR STATE	1939	1938	1937	1936
January	152,746	94.267	103,668	158.572
February	153.886	94.449	74.567	144,874
March	182.652	109,555	260.965	196,721
April	158.969	109,659	238,377	229.467
May	145.786	104.115	216,654	222,603
June	156.959	101.908	203.139	217.931
July		101,900		
Anguet	100,302	90.030	226,681	204,693
August		55,431	188.010	121,943
September		36,335	82,317	19,288
October		123,835	166,939	90.764
November		200,256	195,136	191,720
December		187,909	160,444	239,114
Total	1.051.300	1.307.749	2.116.897	2.037.690
	es to Dealers			2,001,000
	1939	1938	1937	1936
January	116.964	56,938	70.901	131.134
February	115,890	63,771	49.674	116.762
March	142.743	76,142	216.606	162,418
April	126.275	78,525	199,532	194.695
May	112.868	71 676		
Tune		71,676	180,085	187.119
June	124,048	72,596	162,390	186,146
July	71,803	61,826	187,869	177,436
August		34.752	157.000	99.775
September		16,469	58.181	4,669
October		92,890	136,370	69,334
November		159,573	153.184	156.041
December		150,005	108,232	197,065
Total	810.591	935,163	1.680.024	1.682.594
	to Consumer			1,002,001
	1939	1938	1937	1936
January	88,865	63.069	92,998	102,034
February	83,251	62.831	51,600	96.134
March	142.062	100.022	196,095	181.782
April	132,612	103,534	198.146	200.117
Mov	129.053			
May		92,593	178.521	194.628
June	124,618	76.071	153.866	189,756
July	102,031	78.758	163.818	163,459
August		64,925	156,322	133,804
September		40.796	88.564	85,201
October		68,896	107.216	44,274
November		131,387	117.387	155,552
December		118,888	89.682	173,472
Total	802,492	1,001,770	1.594.215	1,720,213

Overseas Sales-

Sales of General Motors cars and trucks to dealers in the overseas markets during July totaled 28,663 units, representing a slight increase over sales in July of last year.

In the first seven months of 1939, sales of 223,171 units represented an increase of 1.4% over sales in the first seven months of 1938.

These figures include the products of the Corporation's American, Canadian, English, and German factories sold outside the United States and Canada.—V. 149, p. 727.

# General Telephone Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings— 3 Months— 12 Months

\$ 30 '39 918,307 510,921 573,948 557,847 856,012 242,379 177,200 16,494	\$6,811,733 1,253,674 1,146,906 1,939,703 671,110 180,947 \$1,619,393	June 30 '39 \$17,180,593 2,972,480 2,991,368 4,904,661 1,641,084 485,832 \$4,185,153 \$1,675
$918.307 \\ 510.921 \\ 573.948 \\ 557.847 \\ 856.012 \\ 242.379 \\ 177.200 \\ 16.494$	\$6,811,733 1,253,674 1,146,906 1,939,703 671,110 180,947 \$1,619,393	\$17,180,593 2,972,480 2,991,368 4,904,676 1,641,084 485,832 \$4,185,153
510,921 573,948 557,847 856,012 242,379 177,200 16,494	1,253,674 1,146,906 1,939,703 671,110 180,947 \$1,619,393	2,972,480 2,991,368 4,904,676 1,641,084 485,832 \$4,185,153
573,948 557,847 856,012 242,379 177,200 16,494	1,146,906 1,939,703 671,110 180,947 \$1,619,393	2,991,368 4,904,676 1,641,084 485,832 \$4,185,153
557,847 856,012 242,379 177,200 16,494	1,939,703 671,110 180,947 \$1,619,393	4,904,676 1,641,084 485,832 \$4,185,153
856,012 242,379 177,200 16,494	\$1,619,393	1,641,084 485,832 \$4,185,153
856,012 242,379 177,200 16,494	\$1,619,393	1,641,084 485,832 \$4,185,153
242,379 177,200 16,494	\$1,619,393	\$4,185,153
177,200 16,494	\$1,619,393	\$4,185,153
16,494	\$1,619,393 16,703	
16,494	16,703	61.675
	10,100	
		01,070
193.694	\$1.636.096	\$4,246,828
902.011	706,335	1.747.484
2.041	3,801	7,070
60.095		112,407
r25.881		Cr67.012
387.136	244,989	680,319
901,100	211,000	000,018
E4 000	94 510	142,567
6,089	4,410	13,783
741,792	\$608,579	\$1,482,674
	A	
110,270	110,270	220,539
	\$498,309	\$1.262.135
	65,451 6,089 741,792 110,270 331,522	

sidiaries from Aug. 30, 1938 (date of acquisition) to June 30, 1939. Corporation reports for its subsidiaries a net gain of 1,219 company-owned telephones for the month of July, 1939, as compared with a net gain of 486 telephones for the month of July, 1938. The net gain for the first seven months of 1939 totals 13,640 (exclusive of purchases and sales) or 2.96% as compared with a net gain of 7,474 telephones or 1.68% for the corresponding period of 1938.

The subsidiaries now have in operation 472,707 company-owned telephones.—V. 149, p. 413. Gain in Phones-

# gia & Florida RR.—Earnings

Georgia et i ioii	Cree seres 23	ar reerego		
	-Week Ended	July 31-	-Jan. 1 to	July 31
	1939	1938	1939	1938
Operating revs. (est.)	\$47.825	\$32,241	\$604.308	\$581,293
Operating revs. (est.) —V. 149, p. 878.		,	4444	40011200

# (Adolf) Gobel, Inc.—Company Seeks to Annul Investment

(Adolf) Gobel, Inc.—Company Seeks to Annul Investment in Merkel Inc.—

A stock rescission suit was filed Aug. 8 in the New York Supreme Court by the company under which it seeks to annul the contract entered into in 1928 involving an investment of \$625,000 in the purchase of common stock of Merkel, Inc. The plaintiff corporation contends it was induced through misrepresentation to agree to the contract.

The suit is for an accounting and an order to restore all parties concerned to their 1928 status. The plaintiff also asked the court to void a reorganization of Merkel, Inc.

The defendants named in the action clude Merkel, Inc., Frank M. Firor, Henry Merkel, William Merkel, A. H. Merkel, F. Howard Firor, the W & Y Corp., which has been dissolved, and eight individuals who have control of the assets of the former W & Y concern. The defendants in the action filed general denial. Attorneys for both sides stipulated that the testimony before trial of Frank M. Firor, former President of Gobel's, was to be taken at his home at Bay Ridge, Annapolis, Md. on Aug. 14 where he is recuperating from an illness. It was also stipulated that Mr. Firor was to make available any records or accounts he may have in his possession.—V. 148, p. 1324.

1026			The Con	nmercial
(W. T.) Grant C Period End. Jyly 31— Sales -V. 149, p. 414.	o.—Sales— 1939—Mo \$7,298,079	nth—1938 \$6,968,708	1939—7 1 \$50,999,035	Mos.—1938 5 \$47,232.45
(H. L.) Green Co Period End. July 31— Sales Stores in operation— —V. 149, p. 414.	.—Sales— 1939—Mo \$2.501.501	nth—1938 \$2,365,861	1939—6 1 \$15,217,780 132	Mos.—1938 \$13.967,786
Greyhound Corp The Interstate Comme companies to issue serial cipal amount of \$768,000 The companies, the ar coaches to be bought by e	to finance t	he purchase vill borrow	of 57 new stand the num	the following gregate prin- uper-coaches ber of super- No. of Neu
Capital Greyhound Lines Central Greyhound Lines Central Greyhound Lines Dixie Greyhound Lines, New England Greyhound Ohio Greyhound Lines, I Teche Lines, Inc Capitol Greyhound Lines Richmond Greyhound	Lines, Inc.		109,200 105,600 79,200 72,000	Coaches 5 12 10 8 8 6 4 6
Gulf Public Serv	30-		1939	1938
Gross operating revenues Operating expenses Maiotenance Depreciation Taxes (other than Federa			834,492 72,637	\$1,623,118 773,003 76,867 148,580 163,262
Net operating income_ Non-operating income				\$461,407 15,500
Gross income	% bonds		\$468,043 127,693 254,533 20,468 9,449	\$476,967 128,169 275,098 6,406 9,480
Net income			\$55,899	
Asseis—Plant and inv. \$421: cash, \$88.744; accomerchandise accounts research and inv. \$25; prepaid accounts, \$27.101; other deferred creserve of \$1.723), \$106; Liabilities—Funded de payable, \$96,572; ice co funded debt, \$31.894; ott \$84.126; merchandise accers' and line extension opayable (affiliated comp. \$18.932; deficit, \$1,513.9—V. 145, p. 1740.  Gulf States Utili  Period End. June 30—	ties Co	Earnings	1939-12 7	Mos 1938
Operating revenues Operation Maintenance Taxes	\$914,486 269,136 49,332 113,654	\$953,320 366,518 47,568 97,355	\$10,403,703 3,707,654 546,975 1,291,626	\$10,488,970 4,374,523 513,590 1,141,112
Net oper. revenues Non-oper. income (net).	\$482,365 8,370	\$441,878 Dr1,918	\$4,857,449 668	\$4,459,745 Dr17,635
Balance	\$490,735 114,601	\$439,960 101,314	\$4.858,116 1,384,195	\$4,442,110 1,200,879
Balance Appropriations for retires	\$376,134 ment reserve.	\$338,647	\$3,473,922 1,262,736	\$3,241,231 1,179,311
Balance Preferre dividend require	ments		\$2,211,185 591,225	\$2,061,920 604,438
Balance fo rcommon div			\$1,619,960	\$1,457,483
Hackensack Wate		Subs.)—	Earnings—	1937

Interest & amortization.	\$490,735 114,601	\$439,960 101,314	\$4.858,116 1,384,195	\$4,442,110 1,200,879
Balance Appropriations for retiren	\$376,134 ment reserve	\$338,647	\$3,473,922 1,262,736	\$3,241,231 1,179,311
Balance Preferre dividend require	ments		\$2,211,185 591,225	\$2,061,920 604,438
Balance fo recommon div —V. 149, p. 87	idends and	surplus	\$1,619,960	\$1,457,483
Hackensack Wate	r Co. (&	Subs.)-	Earnings-	000
6 Months Ended June 30 Gross operating revenue Gross non-operating reven Net earnings Interest charges (net) Retirement x-Federal income taxes	ue	$\begin{array}{r} 4,747 \\ 1,013,574 \\ 325,893 \\ 154,454 \end{array}$	349,954	361,186
Balance available for div * All taxes to which the Note—No Federal incon pany) was provided for in provided for in the year If for income tax purposes of count and expense on bom premiums paid or to be p expected that the amount	company is ne tax for la the first s 1339), for the leductions of d issues refu paid on red t of such of	subject hav Hackensack and second le reason that on account of inded or to le emption of leductions w	e been provide Water Co. (1939 quarters the compan of unamortize be refunded is such bond is	ded for. parent com- i (or will be y will claim debt dis- n 1939, and isues. It is

6 Months Ended- J	une 17, '39	June 18. '38	June 19, '37	June 20, '30
Gross sales (less discounts, returns & allowances)	\$1,094,294 802,773	\$945,936 748,635	\$1,501,243 1,053,064	\$1,057,764 717,323
Sell., gen. & adminis. expenses	265,062	236,585	262,271	223,559
Net profit from opers. Other income.	\$26,458 12,726	y\$39,284 9,500	\$185,908 12,469	\$116,879 7,858
Total income Int. on bonded indebt. & amort, of bond dis-	\$39,184	у\$29,784	\$198,377	\$124,737
Extraordinary charge— Loss aris'g upon settle—	29,236	30,703	28,677	33,40€
ment of long-term note receivable Prov. for Fed. & State in-			29,946	mene ISSA ****
come taxes	2,780		x32,000	x25,000
Net income Dividends paid x Includes \$4,600 for su	\$7,168	y\$60,488	\$107,754 63,059	\$66,331

Balance Sheet June 17, 1939 Assets—Cash on hand and demand deposits in banks, \$66,747; notes and accounts receivable, net of \$7,500 reserve, \$405,364; inventories, \$1,032,-376; cash surrender value of life insurance policies, \$15,862; investments, \$42,750; sundry notes and accounts receivable, \$82,581; fixed assets (net) \$1,635,589; deferred charges, \$95,579; total, \$3,376,849.

Liabilities—Notes payable, \$90,000; accounts payable, \$94,706; accrued wages, taxes, interest and expenses, \$113,208; reserves, \$28,533; bonded indebtedness, \$1,166,000; first preferred stock, 7% cumulative (par \$100), \$83,800; class A preferential participating stock (par \$10), \$610,040; com,

stock (par \$10) , \$736,210 ; capital surplus, \$418,122 ; earned surplus, \$36,230 ; total, \$3,376,849.—V. 147, p. 891.

Hallnor Mines, Ltd.—Earnings— Earnings for 6 Months Ended June 30, 1939	
Tons milled	59,380 \$21.41 \$1,255,350
Operating expenditures, including development, mining, milling and administration and general expense	284,414 44,700
Profit Miscellaneous income.	\$926,236 2,561
Total income. Estimated reserve for depreciation. Pre-operating expenditure written off	\$928,797 54,000 42,000
Estimated net profit	\$832,797 41.63 cts.

Hancock Oil Co. of California—Extra Dividend— Directors have declared an extra dividend of 25 cents per share in addition the regular quarterly dividend of 50 cents per share on the class A and class B stocks, all payable Sept. 1 to holders of record Aug. 15.—V. 148, p. 3533.

Havana E	lectric Ry.—Earnings—	
	Earnings for the Period Jan. 1 to July 23	
Gross revenues.  V. 148, p. 322	1939 1938 \$1,147,904 \$1,150,33	4

Hazel-Atlas Glass Co. (&	Subs.)-	Earnings-	
Period—		July 2, '38	ths Ended-
Net sales, royalties and other oper revenue	\$7,389,238 5,373,415	\$28,800,445 22,880,078	\$27,550,359 21,234,751 717,046
Gross manufacturing profit Selling, general and admin. expense.	\$1,834,704 692,984	\$5,224,481 2,792,264	\$5,598,562 2,586,145
Gross operating profitOther income		\$2,432,216 96,285	\$3,012,418 70,705
Total incomeOther chargesProv. for Federal income taxes (est.)	117.702	\$2,528,502 72,519 343,892	\$3,083,123 232,294 498,508
Net profit for year Dividends Capital shares outstanding Earnings per share	543,011 434,409 \$1.95	2,172,045 434,409 \$4.86	\$2,352,321 2,172,045 434,409 \$5,41
x Including materials purchased, m ties paid, taxes and other operating c	osts.—V. 14	8, p. 2744.	abor, royal-

(Charles E.) Hires Co.—Class B Dividends—
Directors have declared a dividend of \$2 per share on the class B common stock payable Sept. 1 to holders of record Aug. 15. Similar amount was paid on Sept. 1, 1938.—V. 147, p. 3459.

Hotel Waldorf-Astor 6 Months Ended June 30— Gross income Operating expenses	1939 \$3,724,184	1938 \$3,519,427 2,778,250	1937 \$4,092,666 3,097,560
Taxes, insurance, &c	294,444	299.681	294,785
of annual basic rent of \$1,000 Prov. for additional earnings re	0,000) _ 271,069	441,496	500,000
for int. on debentures		188,237	$200,321 \\ 183,659$
Net loss	ore deduction of rem e remaining months al basic rent of \$1.00	of 1939, wil	be applied y remaining

***************************************		Balance Sh	eet June 30		
Assets-	1939	1938	Liabilities-	1939	1938
Cash on hand & in			Accounts payable.	443,844	222,711
banks	120,135	162,974	Basic rent & taxes		
Acets. receivable	402.873	335,856	due N. Y. State		
Inventories	149,499	157,801	Realty & Term.		
Prepaid expenses.	81.446	73.651	Co	271,069	225,859
Leasehold	9,509,055	9,522,309	Unempi. ins. taxes	26,610	9.572
Trade advertising		.,	Admission, sales,		
contracts	4.782	10.103	util. & cap. stk.		
Inv. in stock of	-1.0-	20,100	taxes	12.644	27.090
affil. corps	1.000	1.000	Fed. retire, tax	13,285	
Inv. in stock of	4,000	21000	Other accr. exps	47,125	
other corps	9.100	9,100			44,040
Est. group insur.	0,100	0,100	rent'is & bang'ts	1.002	2.656
dividend	3,324	6.132		344,785	
N. Y. World's Fair	0,021	0,100	Int. on def. rent.	9,426	******
debentures	92,300	92.300	Deb. int. withheld	0,120	
Def. chgs. (less	52,000	02,000	on accts, of re-		
amortization)	792.579	847.021	organiz, expe	53,712	56,476
Defie'y of cap	1,057,846	650,749			00,170
			World's Fair deb.		9,230
			Advert'g due-bills		
			outstanding	2.130	17.592
			Refund of real est.		
			taxes for years		
			1933, 1934, 1936,		
			awaiting dispo-		
			sition	13,304	
		1000	5% sinking fund		
			income debs 10	,985.000	10,985,000
Total		11,868,996	Total12	,223,938	11,868,996

. 145, p. 3089.				
Houston Oil Co.				
		on Pipe Line		
Period End. June 30— Gross earnings Operations and general	\$1.813.227	03.—1938 \$1,879,434	1939—6 M \$3,917,453	\$4,113,598
expenses and taxes	1,064,899	980,781	2,196,314	2,142,513
Income from oper Other income credits	\$748,328 20,122	\$898,654 28,640	\$1,721,139 30,993	\$1,971,085 44,487
Total incomeAband.leases & retirem't Deprec. and depletion Fed.inc.taxes (est.)	\$768,451 203,057 395,776 24,000	\$927,293 216,128 353,113	\$1,752,133 360,850 786,576 77,200	\$2,015,572 475,075 698,962
Net profit	\$145.618	\$358,052	\$527.508	\$841,535
Earns. per sh. on com.	NII ·	\$0.20	\$0.24	\$0.52

Listing—
The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of \$10,000,000
15-year 4¼ % sinking fund debentures, due May 1, 1954.—V. 148, p. 3690

Hupp Motor Car Corp. - New President, &c .-

J. Walter Drake, director and one of the founders of this corporation has been elected President to succeed S. L. Davis, resigned, and Percy Louks, Assistant Secretary-Treasurer, has been elected Secretary to succeed Edward Rothbart, resigned. Mr. Davis, who is the company's Chicago distributor, and Mr. Rothbart remain as members of the Board.

Stockholder Files Suit Asking Accounting-

A suit against a number of officers and directors and former officers and directors of the company was filed in Federal District Court at Detroit, Aug. 8 by Jay E. Darlington, of Hammond, Ind. a stockholder.

The suit asks for an account of the management of the company's affairs since 1935 and seeks an accounting of \$2,500,000 received from the sales of 1.000,000 shares of common stock in 1937.

The suit also asks an accounting of all fees paid by company since 1935 to the law firm of Beaumont, Smith & Harris for legal services.—V. 148, p. 3534.

Illinois Bell Telephone Co.—Earnings—

Period End. June 30— Operating revenues Uncollectible oper. rev	1939—Mor \$7,636,969 23,626	**************************************	1939—6 M \$45,434,572 14 <b>5;</b> 372	fos.—1938 \$43,330,232 107,063
Operating revenues	\$7,613,343	\$7,220,552	\$45,289,200	\$4 <sub>0</sub> ,223,169
Operating expenses	5,108,711	4,932,774	30,397,989	30,215,675
Net oper. revenues	\$2,504,632	\$2,287,778	\$14,891,211	\$13,007,494
Operating taxes	1,243,929	1,184,180	7,424,674	7,081,725
Net operating income. Net incomeV. 149, p. 414.	\$1,260,703 1,128,181	\$1,103,598 962,731	\$7,466,537 6,596,054	

Interchemical Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings—

6 Mos. End. June 30— Net sales\$ Costs, exps. & deprec'n_y	1939 11.151.793	onal Printing 1938 \$8,979,517 8,801,054	1937 \$10,679,009 9,571.891	1936 \$7,985,476 7,300,987
Operating profit Other income	\$852,427	\$178,463	\$1,107,118	\$684,489 1,771
Total income	\$852,427 162,050 51,093	\$178,463 ×59,600 47,610	\$1,107,118 *184,000 156,634	\$686,260 x99,100
Net profit	\$639,284 294,084	\$71,253 298,996	\$766,484 200,751 288,708	\$585,711 188,628 252,074
Surplus		def\$227,744	\$277,025	\$145 009

x No provision for Federal surtax on undistributed profits included. 8ee note.

Note—Depreciation provision for the six months, \$274,049.—V. 148, p. 2590.

Indianapolis Power & Light Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings-1939-12 Mos.-1938 Period End. June 30- 1939-3 Mos.-1938

Operating revenues	\$2,759,157 855,924	\$2,605,851 786,596	\$11,436,572 3,534,789	\$11,281,255 3,460,882
Power purchased Maintenance		$\frac{6,292}{200,876}$	28,650 751,543	27.888 814.926
Depreciation	$\frac{400,625}{474,871}$	372,050 446,617	1,565,265 $1,576,501$	$1,482,172 \\ 1,786,099$
Net oper. income Other income (net)	\$848,355 30,886	\$793,420 Dr1,805	\$3,979,823 53,025	\$3,709,287 4,049
Gross income	4,235	\$791,616 468,862 4,302 21,567 5,509 12,072	\$4,032,848 1,448,425 26,672 203,068 16,607 20,809	\$3,713,336 1,875,450 19,871 86,361 44,744 32,684
Consol. net income -V. 148, p. 3849.	\$456,100	\$279,303	\$2,317,266	\$1,654,226

International Nickel Co. of Canada, Ltd. (& Subs.) Period End. June 30- 1939-3 Mos.-1938 1939-6 Mos.-1938

		\$10,765,544	\$27,427,882	\$25,471,75
Adminis. & head office expense		402,298	879,489	832,48
Net oper. profit Other income		\$10,363,246 188,770	\$26,548,393 234,456	\$24,639,26 314,09
Total income Income & franchise taxes Deprec. & depletion Retire, system & other	2,177,204 1,820,239	1,811,704 1,693,209	4,437,245 3,681,254	3,903,293 3,458,41
purposes	\$8,226,138	428,617 \$6,618,486	890,911 \$17,773,438	859,408 \$16,732,25
Earned surp. beginning of period		73,291,868		
Total Preferred dividends Common dividends		483,475	\$90,033,334 966,949 14,578,169	966,949
Earned surp. end of	100 015	070 107 705	ATA 400 015	970 197 70

period \_\_\_\_\_\_\$74,488,215 \$72,137,795 \$74,488,215 \$72,137,795 Earns.per sh.on com.stk. \$0.53 \$0.42 \$1.15 \$1.08 \$1.08

International Ry. Co. (Buffalo)—E	arnings-	
O Martin Ended Lines OO	1020	1938
Revenues	\$2,860,219	\$2,891.029
Maintenance		374.817
Power operation	4 40 010	169,659
Conducting transportation		924.587
General expenses, including accidents		451.536
	358.162	377.501
Taxes	335,102	077,001
Net income from operation	\$489.391	\$592,929
a Interest		518.407
Rentals. &c	00 71	13.761
Amortization of discount		30,414
Depreciation of miscell, physical property		00,111
		633,390
Depreciation		
b Adjustment		Cr60,695
Deficit	\$386,459	\$542.348

a Interest accrued on IRC refunding and improvement bonds at the rate of 3% per annum for 1939 and at the rate of 5% per annum for 1938 b To reflect reduction of interest on IRC refunding improvement bond from 5% to 3% per annum for the period May 1 to June 30.—V. 148 p. 2590. p. 2590.

Interstate Bakeries Corp. - Earnings-28 Weeks Ended July 16—
Net profit after all charges other than
Federal income tax.

V. 148, p. 3850. 1939 1938 \$424,091 \$225,638

Interstate Department Stores, Inc. - SalesIntertype Corp.—Earnings-

Period End. June 30-	1939-3 Mos	s.—1938	1939-6 Mo	s.—1938
x Gross profit	\$367,192	\$424,534	\$789,511	\$942,641
Depreciation Reserve for taxes	310 830	344,569 41,792 17,672	625,159 95,664 20,000	649,871 83,570 89,104
Net profitx Includes other incom	\$5,702 ne.—V. 148.	\$20,501 p. 3690.	\$48,688	\$120,095

Iowa Public Service Co.—Bonds Offered—Public offering of \$14,250,000 first mortgage bonds 334% series due 1969 was made Aug. 8 by means of a prospectus, by a banking group headed by A. C. Allyn & Co., Inc., Bonbright & Co., Inc., and Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., priced at 101% and accrued interest.

Co., Inc., and Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., priced at 101% and accrued interest.

Dated Aug. 1, 1939: due Aug. 1, 1969. Interest payable F-A in Chicago and New York. Red. at any time in whole or in part on 30 days' published notice, at principal amount thereof and accrued interest to date of redemption, plus a premium on principal amount as follows: 6% thereof if date fixed for redemption be on or before July 31, 1940: premium decreasing 1/2 of 1% of such principal amount for each two years or fraction thereof which shall have elapsed after July 31, 1940, to and including July 31, 1952, and thereafter decreasing 1/2 of 1% of such principal amount for each three years or fraction thereof which shall have elapsed after July 31, 1952, and thereafter decreasing 1/2 of 1/3 of such principal amount for each three years or fraction thereof which shall have elapsed after July 31, 1952, and thereafter decreasing 1/2 of 1/3 of such principal amount for each three years or fraction thereof which shall have elapsed after July 31, 1952, and thereafter for redemption be after July 31, 1967, and before maturity. Bonds are entitled to benefits of a sinking fund, beginning on first day of March. 1943. Coupon bonds, registerable as to principal only, in denom. of \$1,000. Chemical Bank & Trust Co., New York, trustee.

Purpose—It is proposed that all of the net proceeds from the sale of \$14,050,000 ist mtge. bonds, 3 ½ % series due 1969, to be received by the company in the estimated amount of \$14,016,468 (after deduction of estimated expenses to the company of \$91,032, not including duplicate interest) and the proceeds of a loan from the Commercial National Bank & Trust Co. of New York to be evidenced by a note in the principal amount of \$800,000 dated Aug. 4, 1939, maturing April 29, 1940, bearing int. at rate of 3% per annum, will be applied by the company to the following purposes:

(1) Redemption on or before Sept. 15 of \$11,860,000 ist mtge. gold bonds, 5% series due 1959, at 103%.

(2) Redemption on or before Sept. 15 of \$2,

1st mtge. bonds 3¼% series due 1969 Authorized Gold debentures, 5% series due 1968 a Unlimited Gold debentures, 6% series due 1960 a Unlimited	Outstanding \$14,250,000 1,442,000 908,500
Town of Cusing, Iowa, 6% electric lighting bonds, due July 1, 1940No indenture	4,000
Town of Early, Iowa, 5%% general municipal funding bonds, due June 1, 1942	4,000
Town of Ottosen, Iowa, 6% electric lighting bonds, due Nov. 1, 1940	500
1st preferred stock (cumulative, no par value) d: \$6 series (20,453 shares) 25,000	
\$6.50 series (3.577 shares) 4,000 \$7 series (14.512 shares) 15,271	
\$7 2d pref. stock, no par (12,478 shares) 12,478	1,247,800
Common stock (\$15 par) 500,000	-,,

a Except as set forth in the respective indentures under which these securities have been or are to be issued.

d 100,000 shares of 1st pref. stock are authorized by the charter to be issued in series. The three series above set forth are the only series now established and the directors have taken no action to designate as to series 55.729 shares.

00,120		Stated Periods s Ended Dec.	31	12 Mos.End
Total operating revenues Operation Maintenance and repairs Provision for retirement. General taxes	1936 \$4,427,152 1,907,786 308,513	1937 \$4,575,871 1,985,835 286,267 445,945 387,398 65,241	1938 \$4,619,635 1,933,156 266,188 546,309 406,968 63,641	May 31 '39 \$4,733,546 1,924,494 251,284
Net earnings Other income	\$1,372,822 38,210	\$1,405,182 45,771	\$1,403,371 15,324	\$1,494,497 17,508

Net earnings (before interest charges) --- \$1,411,033 \$1,450,954 \$1,418,695 \$1,512,005 The annual interest requirements on the \$14,250,000 first mortgage bonds  $3\,\%$  % series due 1969 will be \$534.375.

1028				umerciai
Control—Company is which owns 57.95% of Underwriters—The na	the voting s	ry of Sioux tock of the underwriter	company.	Electric Co.
A. C. Allyn & Co., Inc Bonbright & Co., Inc Halsey, Stuart & Co., In The First Boston Corp	\$700,00 1,400,00 c1,400,00 1,000,00	0 Lee Higgi 0 Schroder 1 0 Stifel, Nic 0 Union Sec	nson Corp Rockefeller & C colaus & Co., I curities Corp	**************************************
W. C. Langley & Co Giore, Forgan & Co Goldman, Sachs & Co Harris, Hall & Co. (Inc.)	500,00	0 Dean Wit 0 Estabrook 0 The First	ter & Co & Co Cleveland Cor.	350,000 200,000
Kidder, Peabody & Co E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc. White, Weld & Co	500,00	O Granbery	Marache & L.	ord 200,000
Blair & Co., Inc	400,00	Bacon, W John W. Kuhn, Lo	hipple & Co Clarke, Inc eb & Co	200,000 150,000 100,000 1,250,000
Assets— Utility plant (including tangibles)	in-	Liabiliti	es-	\$3,841,146 1,247,800
Investments Sinking funds and spec deposits	ial	Funded d Current li	tockebtabilities	6,180,000 16,593,500 754,502
Cash	21,610 411,357 15,960	Injuries	-Depreciation and damages n aid of constru	2,778,450
Receivables	398,315	Surplus	n aid of constru	et'n 62,646 2,221,826
Materials and supplies Prepaid insurance Total	10,491			\$33,899,729
-V. 149, p. 879. Jamaica Public				
Period End. June 30— Operating revenues		nth-1938 \$78.04	8 8978.000	Mos.—1938 \$909.763
Operation Maintenance a Taxes	6,401 5,209	36,56 6,83 5,36	6 422,836 4 89,019 5 68,596	413,131 82,774 47,416
Net oper, revenues Non-oper, income (net)_	\$33,476 Dr676	\$29,28 Dr10	9 Dr818	9,829
Balance	\$32,800 7,500	\$29,17; 7,50	0 90,000	90,000
Gross income Interest & amortiz., &c Net income	\$25,300 8,368	\$21,673 8,38	7 100,595	103,971
Net income Dividends declared: J.P. Preference B J. P. S., Ltd—capital_			84 375	\$182,300 31,479 21,993 78,751
a In August, 1938, the to Jan. 1, 1937, the tax July, 1938, the monthly rata portion of the estin Jan. 1, 1938, effected al The additional tax of \$23 to earned surplus.—V. 1  (W. B.) Jarvis Co. The New York Stock	Jamaican inc being appr figures, as nated 1938 bove, have 1 ,857 applical 49, p. 415.	ome tax lav oximately published, tax on the been adjust ble to the y	was amendedoubled. Be include the new basis. ed to a compear 1937 has	d, retroactive ginning with monthly pro Taxes from carable basis, been charged
shares of capital stock (pa	r \$1), which he Account for	are present	ly issued and	outstanding.
Gross profitSelling & administrative ex Depreciation	xpenses	\$709.336 172,301 36,570	242,332	1936 \$781,339 163,139 24,365
Operating profit			37,335	\$593,834 1,284
Federal income taxes				\$595,118 •109,500
Net profit Dividends on common sto a Includes surtax on t \$49,700 for 1937.  Income Accou	ck andistribute		of \$18,150 fo	\$485,618 318,750 or 1936 and
Gross profit. Selling and administrative Povision for depreciation.	expenses			90,894
Other income				
Total income				
Net profit for six month Earned surplus, Jan. 1, 19 Total				
Total Cash dividends on capital s Stock dividend (150,000 sh Earned surplus, June 30				
The second secon	ondensed Ba	lance Sheet	- June 30, '39	
Cash on hand and dem. deposits\$1,102,251 U.S. Govt. bills	\$19,155	Accts. pay Divs. payable	rable. \$40,32 e 75,00	\$ \$112,116 0
Cash surr. val. of life insurance 28,724 Accts. receivable. 224,185 Inventories 96,372	24,977 512,104 168,480	Accrued lines. for Feincome to the stock (p. s	ederal axes. 125,87	4 92,734
a Bldgs., mchry. & equipment 343,084	11,300 E	Carned surply	1,225,14	
Patents 8,167	8,396			
Total\$1,814,085 a After reserve for depre	ciation.—V.	149, p. 879		5 \$1,578,868
Kansas City Powe Period End. June 30— Gross earns, (all sources) \$ a Operating expenses	1939—Monti 1,367,452 679,342	t Co.—E h—1938 51,371,059 726,623	arnings— 1939—12 M \$16,507,062 8 8,050,906	708.—1938 \$17,511,832 8,573,867
Net earnings Interest charges Amort. of disct. & prems Depreciation Amortiz. of limited term	\$688,110 118,547 8,540 196,347	\$644,435 114,372 8,540 190,990	\$8,456,156 1,413,518 102,479 2,328,105	\$8,937,965 1,381,422 102,436 2,270,891
investments	2,461 5,120 68,500	2,674 5,386 68,531	18,698 64,333 822,188	26,245 67.647 879,206
	\$288,594	\$253,941	\$3,706,835	\$4,210,119
a Including maintenance Note—No deduction is n	\$0.51 , and generate in the	\$0.45 ral and pro- foregoing s	\$6.60 perty tax. tatement for	\$7.56 the surtax
f any imposed on undistri V. 149, p. 112.				

mancial Chionicie		Aug. 12, 1939		
Kansas Electric	Power C	o Earnin	gs—	
Period End. June 30—	1939—3 A	### 1938	1939—12	Mos.—1938
Operating revenues	\$640,326	\$604,678	\$2,577,741	\$2,491,085
Oper. expenses & taxes	468,205	445,375	1,865,403	1,794,800
Net operating income.	\$172,121	\$159,303	\$712,338	\$696,284
Other income (net)	324	300	2,254	1,201
Gross income	\$172,445	\$159,603	\$714.592	\$697,485
Int. & other deductions_	63,619	54,409	224,757	208,039
Net income	\$108,826	\$105,194	\$489,835	\$489,446
Pref. stock dividends	44,682	44,682	178,729	178,729
Balance	\$64,144	\$60,511	\$311,106	\$310,717
Kansas Power Co	. (& Sul	bs.)—Earn	inas-	
Period End. June 30—		Mos.—1938	1939—12	Mos.—1938
Operating revenues		\$395,984	\$1,674,808	\$1,679,438
Oper. expenses & taxes		303,103	1,187,845	1,180,400
Net operating income. Other income (net)	\$112,799	\$92,881 130	\$486,963 509	\$499,037 841
Gross income	\$112,799	\$93,011	\$487,471	\$499,879
Int. & other deductions_	78,007	79,078	313,557	315,330
Net income	\$34,793	\$13,933	\$173,915	\$184,549
Preferred stock divs	29,885	29,885	119,540	119,540
Balance	938, applica	depreciation able to the 3	and 12 mon	nths' period
Keystone Steel & Years End. June 30—	1939	-Earning	1937	1936

Net sale. Net profit after depre		\$9,648,839	\$12,163,667	\$10,598,645
Fed. income taxes and all other charges Shares of common stock	897,299	×727,543	x1,160,857	1,501,493
outstanding Earnings per share	757,632 \$1.18	757.632 \$0.96	757.632 \$1.53	757,632 \$1.90
x After undistributed ;			. 879.	
Key West Electri	ic Co. $-E$	arnings-		
Period End. June 30— Operating revenues Operation Maintenance Taxes		##—1938 \$14,245 4,221 1,143 1,716	1939—12 A \$193,133 56,976 14,862 31,253	### 1938   ### 1938

Period End. June 30-			1939—12 M	os.—1938¶
Operating revenues	\$14,919	\$14,245	\$193,133	\$163,339
Operation	4,838	4,221	56,976	54,158
Maintenance	1,482	1,143	14,862	10,723
Taxes	2,579	1,716	31,253	18,966
Net oper. revenues	\$6,021	\$7,166	\$90,042	\$79,492
Non-oper. income (net)_	161	Dr425	Dr4,864	Dr3,505
BalanceInterest & amortization_	\$6,182	\$6,741	\$85,178	\$75,987
	1,863	1,882	23,223	24,160
Balance	\$4,319	\$4,860	\$61,954	\$51,827
Appropriations for retiren	nent reserve		22,027	19,763
Balance Preferred dividend require	ments		\$39,928 24,374	\$32,063 24,374
Balance for common div —V. 149, p. 416.	ridends and su	irplus	\$15,554	\$7,689

(S. S.) Kresge Co.—Sales— Period End. July 31— 1939—Month—1938 1939—7 Mos.—1938 Sales.........\$11.031,221 \$10,630,082 \$77,695,111 \$74,360,162 Company operated 741 stores in July, of which 682 were American and 59 were Canadian. A year ago company had 737 stores, of which 681 were American and 56 were Canadian.—V. 149, p. 416.

(S. H.) Kress & Co.—Sales—
Sales for the month of July were \$6,225,134, an increase of \$403,524, or 6.9%.
The sales for the seven months ending July 31, were \$41,950,797, an increase of \$146,347, or 0.4%.—V. 149, p. 416.

(G.) Kreuger Brewing Co.—New Director— James Smith, 4th, has been elected a director of the company, succeeding Clarke W. Tobin, resigned.—V. 148, p. 3379.

Laclede Gas Light Co.—Earnings— 12 Months Ended June 30—	1939	1938
Operating revenue: Billed to consumers Provision for refunds under rate reduction order	\$7,043,937 319,129	\$7,171,951 327,553
Balance_Operating expenses_Maintenance_Provision for retirements_State, local & Federal (including income) taxes_City of St. Louis—5% gross receipts tax_City of St. Louis—5% gross receipts license tax_	3,205,079 $320,124$ $505,757$ $809,195$	\$6,844,398 3,016,444 333,132 507,354 835,190 306,226 33,397
Operating income Non-operating income (net)	\$1,546,667 353,983	\$1,812,655 347,726
Gross income	1,944,999 173,940 16,428	\$2,160,381 1,944,985 187,211 17,218 5,918 Cr9,304
Net loss	\$243,184	prof\$14,354

—V. 149, p. 417.

Lehigh Valley Coal Co.—Delisting—

The Securities and Exchange Commission has announced that a hearing had been set for Aug. 29 in its New York Regional office, on the application of the New York Stock Exchange to strike from listing and registration the list & ref. mtge. sink. fund gold bonds, 5% series of 1924, due Feb. 1, 1944, of Lehigh Valley Coal Co. The application, among other things, states that in the opinion of the Committee on Stock List, the outstanding amount of this security has been so reduced as to make further dealings in the security on the Exchange inadvisable.—V. 149, p. 734.

Lehigh Valley RR.—Files Under Chandler Act—
Counsel for the road, and three of its subsidiaries, have filed a petition in the U. S. District Court of Philadelphia to adjust the capital structure of the company under the Chandler Act.

The Court set Sept. 29 for a hearing on the plan and entered an injunction restraining all suits and actions against the company during the proceedings.

Under the Chandler Act, a theoretical procedure for voluntary reorganization of railroads not in need of reorganization under Section 77 of the Bankruptcy Act is provided for, and made available to any road which files a revamping plan in Federal Court within one year of the date of enactment.

The petition filed by the Lehigh refers to the road's revamping plan dated Aug. 25, 1938, which extends and postpones part of certain interest and principal maturities. As of July 11, the road had received assents to ts voluntary capital readjustment plan from holders of 84% of the Lehigh Valley general consols, 89.3% of the Pennsylvania & New York Canal & RR. bonds, 86% of Lehigh Valley Ry. and 91.6% of Lehigh Valley Terminals.—V. 149, p. 734.

Lerner Stores Corp.—Sales—

Period End. July 31— 1939—Month—1938 1939—6 Mos.—1938 Sales—V. 149, p. 417. \$3,246,054 \$3,068,299 \$19,180,233 \$18,146,576

Lexington Utilities Co. (& Subs.)—East

Bridge Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings—					
Period End. June 30— Operating revenues Oper. exps. & taxes	1939—3 M \$471,273 317,611	\$430,696 313,107	\$1,874,356 1,265,724	### 1,255,809	
Net oper. income	\$153,662	\$117,589	\$608,632	\$518,134	
Other income (net)	3,351	9,712	12,124	41,868	
Gross income	\$157,013	\$127,300	\$620,756	\$560,001	
Int. & other deductions	68,765	69,288	281,934	278,321	
Net income_	\$88,248	\$58,012	\$338,822	\$281,680	
Pref. stock dividends	39,703	39,947	159,667	159,939	
Balance -V. 148, p. 3226.	\$48,544	\$18,065	\$179,155	\$121,741	

Lockheed Aircraft Corp.—Completes \$500,000 Canadian Plane Contract-

Completion of the last unit of a \$500,000 order for the Trans-Canada Air Lines was announced Aug. 8 by the corporation as Canadian pilots prepared to fly the new plane to the Vancounver, B. C. headquarters of the line. Delivery of the plane, a Lockheed 14 transport rated as one of the world's fastest commercial airliners, will bring to 15 the total of this type now in service over the Dominion-spanning air line.—V. 149, p. 734.

Loew's Inc .- Obtains \$15,000,000 Through Private Loans for Refinancing and Other Corporate Purposes—The company Aug. 8 announced that it has borrowed privately \$15,000,000 at an interest rate averaging 3.30% for the refunding of obligations of a subsidiary and for additional working capital, through a bank loan of \$3,750,000 and an issue of \$11,250,000 of bonds which was numbered by two life insurances. of bonds which was purchased by two life insurance com-

Company states that the bank loan will bear interest at the annual rate of 234% and will be paid off in five years through semi.annual instalments of \$375,000. This loan was made to Loew's, Inc., by the First National Bank of Boston.

The new bond financing is represented by an issue of \$11,250,000 of first lien 34% bonds of Loew's Theatre& Realty Corp., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Loew's, Inc. The issue has been purchased in its entirety by the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. and the Equitable Life Assurance Society of U. S. A sinking fund will operate after five years to retire \$400,000 of the bonds semi-annually during the final 10 years of the term of the issue. Approximately \$7,000,000 of the proceeds of the new financing will be used to retire on Sept. 15, 1939, the outstanding first lien 6% gold bonds of Loew's Theatre & Realty Corp., due 1946. The balance of the proceeds will be additional capital, to be available to Loew's, Inc., for such future purposes as may arise. Interest costs on the entire \$15,000,000 of new financing will not materially exceed the current interest charges on the \$7,000,000 of Loew's Theatre & Realty Corp. 6% bonds which will be retired.—V. 149, p. 417.

Loew's Theatre & Realty Corp.—\$11,250,000 Bonds

Loew's Theatre & Realty Corp.—\$11,250,000 Bonds Sold Privately—See Loew's Inc. above.—V. 148, p. 480.

Long Island Water Corp.—Earnings—

12 Months Ended June 30-	1939	1938
Operating revenue	\$629,244	\$599,660
Operating expenses	219,485	232,712
Maintenance	27,085	36,581
Provision for retirements	48,078	48,428
Federal income taxes		5,564 106,446
Other taxes	115,030	100,440
Operating income Other income (net)		\$169,928 2,190
Gross income	\$213,747	\$172,118
Interest on long-term debt	118,405	118,465
Other interest	23,893	24,903 Cr294
Net income	\$71,448	\$29,044
Louisville Gas & Electric Co. (Ky.)	(& Subs.	)-Earns.
Years Ended June 30-	1939	1938
Operating revenues	\$10.831.940	
Operation	3,263,555	3,483,586
Maintenance and repairs	601,447	588,652
Appropriation for retirement reserve	1,181,000	1,181,000
Amortization of limited-term investments	1,426	1,425
TaxesProvision for Federal and State income taxes	1,127,454	1,099,094
Provision for Federal and State income taxes	571,500	345,963
Net operating income	\$4,085,558	\$4,220,125
Dividends from affiliated company	200,000	226,250
Miscellaneous income	2,786	2,533
Gross income	\$4,288,344	\$4,448,908
Interest on funded debt	1,030,450	1,030,450
Amortization of debt discount and expense	160,227	160,227
Other interest (net)	62,211	69,390
Amortization of flood and rehabilitation expenses.	250,000	325,000
Amortization of contractual capital expenditures	37,000	37,000
Miscellaneous deductions	25,344	17,374
Net income	\$2,723,112	\$2,809,467
Earned surplus, beginning of period	1,283,799	1,241,510
Adjustment of reservo for doubtful accounts	56,000	
Adjustment of taxes, prior years	17,000	
Dividends received on deposit in closed bank pre- viously written off	30,295	1.500
		84 050 076

 Total surplus
 \$4,110,206

 Preferred dividends
 1,595,000

 Common stock
 959,024

 Miscellaneous direct items
 25,175

 Earned surplus, end of period......\$1,531,007 Note—Provision made by the company for Federal and State income taxes for the year 1937 was reduced as a result of deductions made for losses resulting from the flood in Louisville during Jan. and Feb., 1937.—V. 149, p. 580; V. 148, p. 3691.

McCrory Stores Corp.—Sales-

Stores in operation.

—V. 149, p. 417.

(J. F.) McElwain Co.—To Retire Some Pref. Stock—
This company is understood to have called for retirement a small amount of its 16,764 outstanding shares of 7% cumulative preferred stock, \$100 par, which is closely held and is callable at 105. In addition to the preferred

Northern Central Rwy. Guaranteed Stock Metropolitan Edison \$6 Prior Preferred Stock Philadelphia Company \$5 Preferred Stock Philadelphia Electric Company Common Stock Indianapolis Water Works Securities 5s, 1958

# YARNALL & CO.

N. Y. Telephone—Whitehall 4-4923 A. T. & T. Teletype—Phla 22

1528 Walnut St., Philadelphia

the company has outstanding 104,726 shares of no par common.—V. 137, p. 2113.

McGraw Electric Co.—Earnings—

12 Months Ended June 30— Net sales—after deducting discounts, returns &	1939	1938
allowances.  Cost of goods sold, general, administrative and	\$6 110 948	\$5,499,723
selling expenses	4,792,182	4,643,656
Net profit from operations	\$1,318,766 52,353	\$856,067 34,548
Net profit before provision for income taxes Provision for income taxes	\$1,371,119 264,113	\$890,615 175,755
Net profit Earnings per share (on present 472,600 shares)	\$1,107,006 \$2.34	\$714,860 \$1,51

Balance Sheet June 30, 1939 Balance Sheet June 30, 1939

Assets—Cash, \$1,125,926; receivables (less—reserve for losses of \$48,927), \$371,311; inventories (as estimated), \$1,164,329; prepaid insurance, supplies, &c., \$37,744; investments, &c., \$54,629; buildings, mach. & equipment after reserves, \$954,195; land, \$96,966; development work (new products), \$26,891; patents, trade-marks & goodwill, \$1; total, \$3,831,992.

Liabilities— ccounts payable, \$136,036; dividends payable \$118,150 accrued liabilities, \$185,672; reserve for Federal income taxes of prior years, \$102,202; common stock (\$1 par), \$472,600; paid-in and capital surplus, \$1,031,549; earned surplus since Jan. 1, 1933, \$1,785,783; total, \$3,831,992.—V. 148, p. 3072.

McLellan Stores Corp.—Sales—

Period Ended July 31— 1939—Month—1938 1939—6 Mos.—1938 Sales—V. 149, p. 418. \$1,754,567 \$1,742,413 \$10,008,122 \$9,463,016

McOuay-Norris Mfg. Co.-Earnings-

6 Mos. End. June 30— y Net profits	1939 \$234,615	1938 <b>×\$</b> 89,194	1937 x\$126,060 x	1936 \$285.951
Earnings per share on common stock	\$2.05	\$0.78	\$1.10	\$2.50
x Does not provide an	allowance f	or the tax or	undistributed	profits.

Madison Square	Garden	Corp. (& :	Subs.)-E	arnings-
Years End. May 31— Income	\$3,099,297	1938 \$3,062,310	\$3,171,793	1936 \$2,932,352
Oper., gen. & adminis- trative expenses Interest on mortgages Other deductions	2,402,928 16,175 11,545	24,854	2,520,761 30,000	2,336,664 37,500
Allowance for doubtful accounts Deprec., amortiz., &c Prov. for Fed. inc. taxes	172,067 84,727	5,000 175,068 <b>283</b> ,755	21,000 188,704 <b>z</b> 63,054	$1,000 \\ 258 041 \\ 46,122$
Net profit Surp. at begin of period_	\$411.857 938,308		\$348,274 1,036,369	x\$253,024 984,174
Total surplusAdjustments (net) Dividends paid	\$1,350,165 357,499		\$1,384,644 y91,503 358,184	\$1,237,198 200,829
Surplus, May 31	\$992,666	\$938,308	\$934,957	\$1,036,369
Common shares out- standing (no par) Earnings per share	275,000 \$1.50	\$1.62	286,500 \$1.21	286,900 \$0.88

x Does not include \$4,810, Madison Square Garden Corp.'s proport of the profit for the period of its affiliate, the Boston Garden Corp. y L on disposal of investments. z Includes surtax on undistributed net inco amounting to \$1,300 in 1938 and \$651 in 1937.

Consolidated Balance Sheet May 31

Assets-	1939	1938	Liabilities-	1939	1938
Cash	\$853,227	\$909,461	Accounts payable.	\$54,513	\$105,053
Inventories	3,784	1,991	Accrued expenses.	47,533	43,478
Deposits	16,222	7,697	Fed. income taxes	85,372	90,989
N.Y.World's Fair 4 y Land, bldgs, and	8 15,000	*****	Dep. on rent contr.	•••••	25,000
equipment	3,636,873	3,783,483	sales of advertis-		
Deferred charges.	66,109	155,340	ing space, &c	13,207	10,583
z Notes & accts. rec	17.166	17,940	Reserve	10,000	5.000
2 410000 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12			1st mtge. (current)	100,000	100,000
			1st mtge. (non-eur.)	300,000	500,000
			x Capital stock	2,861,737	3,057,501
			Surplus	1,136,019	938,308

Total \$4,608,382 \$4,875,913 Total \$4,608,382 \$4,875,913 x Represented by 275,000 no par shares in 1939 and 279,900 no par shares in 1938. y After depreciation of \$2,672,666 in 1939 and \$2,524,097 in 1938. x After allowance for doubtful items of \$3,766 in 1939 and \$5,541 in 1938 .—V. 149, p. 114. ....\$4,608,382 \$4,875,913

Metropolitan Edison Co.—Earnings—

12 Months Ended June 30— Operating revenues Operating expenses Maintenance Provision for retirements Federal income taxes Other taxes	5,151,328 729,323 1,200,000 545,487	\$12,061,218 5,013,076 767,708 1,350,000 525,034
Operating income	\$3,669,828	\$3,422,467 1,521,215
Gross income	24,746 133.568	\$4,943,682 1,752,693 43,941 133,568 Cr7,127
Net income	\$3,284,717 1,276,317	\$3,020,606 1,276,317
Balance	\$2,008,400	\$1,744,289

To Assume Liability—
Company, a subsidiary in the Associated Gas & Electric Co. holding company system has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission an application (File 32-166) under the Holding Company Act in connection with the assumption by it of the liability on certain securities of Northern Pennsylvania Power Co.

According to the application, liability will be assumed on the following securities: \$1,369,900 5% 1st & ref. mtge. gold bonds, series A, due June 1,1956, and \$2,677,600 5% 1st & ref. mtge. gold bonds, due 1962, of Northern Pennsylvania Power Co.; and \$550,000 5% 1st mtge. gold bonds, due April 1,1947, of Sayre Electric Co. To Assume Liability

The assumption of liability on these securities is in connection with the proposed merger of Metropolitan Edison Co. and Northern Pennsylvania Power Co.—V. 149, p. 263.

Manila Electric Co.—Tenders—
The Chase National Bank, as successor trustee, is inviting tenders of first refunding mortgage gold bonds, 5% series due 1946, at prices not exceeding 105%, in an amount sufficient to exhaust the sum of \$3.860 which will be available in the sinking fund on Sept. 1, 1939. Tenders will be received until noon on Aug. 23, at the Corporate Trust Department of the bank, for sale of the bonds on Sept. 1, 1939.—V. 148, p. 3692.

Melville Shoe Corp.—Sales—
Corporation on Aug. 8 reported sales of \$1,861,768 for the four weeks ended July 29, as compared with sales of \$1,630,283 for the same four weeks in 1938, an increase of 14.20%. Sales for the 32 weeks ended July 29 were \$22,915,011, as against sales of \$21,511,423 in the similar period last year, a gain of 6.52%.—V. 149, p. 880.

### Mexican Light & Power Co., Ltd.—Earnings—

Period End. June 30-	Canadian 1939—Mon		1939—6 M	for.—1938
Gross earns, from oper Oper. exps. and deprec	\$589,101 490,207	\$639,859 518,429	\$3,618.091 3,036,437	\$4,320,124 3,147,662
Net earnings	\$98,894	\$121,430	\$581,654	\$1,172,462

Michigan Bell Telephone Co.—Earnings—

Period End. June 30-	1939-Mo	1939-Month-1938		fos.—1938
Operating revenues	\$3.631,257	\$3,312,700		\$19,861,896
Uncollectible oper. rev	8,999	33,122		135,012
Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$3,622,258	\$3,279,578	\$21,268,486	\$19,726,884
	2,231,521	2.078,567	13,071,738	12,922,706
Net oper. revenues	\$1,390,737	\$1,201,011	\$8,196,748	\$6,804,178
Operating taxes	513,672	452,585	3,008,602	2,543,793
Net operating income_	\$877,065	\$748,426	\$5,188,146	\$4,260,385
Net income	823,869	705,432	4,857,671	3,975,109

Mid-Continent Petroleum Corp. (& Subs.) - Earnings Period End. June 30— 1939—3 Mos.—1938 1939—6 Mos.—1938 Gross sales, less returns and allowances——\$10,052,642 \$10,335,421 \$17,820,158 \$18,819,776 Cost of sales (excl. depre-ciation and depletion) 7,297,517 7,691,566 12,929,083 13,601,657

Gross profit from sales	\$2,755,126	\$2,643,855	\$4,891,074	\$5,218,119
Selling and gen. and ad- ministrative expenses.	1,539,241	1,571,545	3,008,945	2,971,481
Net profit from sales_ Other income credits, net	\$1,215,884	\$1,072,310	\$1,882,130	\$2,246,638
including interest and dividends received	424,307	507,976	686,221	772,415
Total income Depreciation & depletion	\$1,640,192 760,197	\$1,580,286 744,266	\$2,568,351 1,475,522	\$3,019,053 1,507,230
Leaseholds surrendered and abandoned Fed. & State inc. taxes	$^{189,129}_{12,073}$	$238,502 \\ 23,254$	439,078 12,915	442,427 26,821

\$574,264 \$0.31 \$678,793 \$0.36 \$640,836 \$1,042,575 \$0.34 \$0.56 Net current assets as of June 30, 1939, were \$19,129,918, compared with \$18,614,251 as of Dec. 31, 1938. Of the current assets, \$8,058,747 was in cash and short term U. S. Treasury notes.—V. 148, p. 3693.

Milwaukee Electric Ry. & Transport Co. (& Subs.)-Earnings from Oct. 22, 1938, Date Company Commenced Operations, to

Operating revenuesOperating expenses	\$6,510,716 6,043,581
Net operating revenues.  Non-operating revenues (incl. net results of oper. of subs.)	\$467.135 36,339
Gross income	\$503,474 277,419 525 1,425 20

Note—No provision was made for income taxes for the period since it is estimated that the company has no taxable net income for the period.—V. 148, p. 2750.

Minneapolis & St. Louis RR.—Protective Committee—
The Interstate Commerce Commission on July 29 upon application authorized Edward C. Delafield and Harry Bronner to serve as a protective committee for holders of first-mortgage extended 6% gold bonds in accordance with the terms of a suitable deposit agreement.—V. 149, p. 880.

Mississippi River Power Co.—Earnings-

[Including Missouri Transmission Co. to D		lution]
12 Months Ended June 30— Operating revenues Purchased power Operating expenses Maintenance Taxes Provision for income taxes. Provision for depreciation	\$3,985,627 31,223 312,180 53,946 293,851 349,971	1038
Net operating revenues	\$2,684,456 125,741	\$2,024,431 120,851
Gross income	939,922 40,454	
Net income	\$1,815,069	\$1,141,486

Missouri-Illinois RR.—Equipment Trust Certificates—
The Interstate Commerce Commission on July 31 authorized the company to assume obligation and liability in respect of not exceeding \$590,000 equipment trust certificates, series AA. to be issued by New York Trust Co., as trustee, and sold at 100.265 and accrued dividends in connection with the procurement of certain equipment.

The railroad trustee invited 42 firms to bid for the purchase of the certificates, the bidder to name a rate of dividends to be borne by the certificates in multiples of & of 1%. Four bids were received. The best bid, 100.265% of par and accrued dividends, based on a rate of 2½%, was made by the First National Bank in St. Louis, and has been accepted. On this basis the average annual cost of the proceeds to the railroad trustee will be approximately 2.44%.—V. 149, p. 737.

Missouri Pacific RR.—Abandonment—
The Interstate Commerce Commission on July 29 issued a certificate permitting abandonment by Guy A. Thompson, trustee of that portion of the so-called Belmort branch, extending from the point where the east line of Section 8, Township 26 N.. Range 16 E., crosses such track, southeasterly, to the end of the line at Crosno, approximately 11.9 miles, all in Mississippi County, Mo.—V. 149, p. 881.

Montgomery Ward & Co.—Sales—

Period Ended July 31— 1939—Month—1938 1939—6 Mos.—1938
Sales————\$33,451,508 \$29,075,336 \$219,365339 \$190,593738

—V. 149, p. 420.

# Montreal Light, Heat & Power Co., Consolidated-

Electricity output for consumption in the Montreal area during July, according to a statement issued on Aug. 5 by this company amounted to 88,004,050 kwh., an increase of 5.48% over July, 1938. Output for the first seven months reached 673,340,470 kwh. as against 642,800,640 kwh. for the corresponding period of 1938, an increase of 30,539,830 kwh., or 4.75%.

Gas output in July amounted to 362,029,000 cubic feet as against 369,-299,000 cubic feet in July, 1938, a decrease of 1.97%. Output for the first seven months in 1939 was 2,850,668,000 cubic feet as compared with 2,-895,358,000 cubic feet in 1938, a decrease of 1.54%.—V. 148, p. 3231.

Morristown & Erie RR.—Tenders—
The National Iron Bank of Morristown, Morristown, N. J., will until 3 p. m. Sept. 8 receive bids for the sale to it of sufficient 1st mtge. 6% 10-year coupon bonds to exhaust the sum of \$10,747, at prices not exceeding 105 and accrued interest.—V. 148, p. 1813.

# Mountain States Telephone & Telegraph Co.-Earns.

Earnings for the 12 Months Ended June 30, 1939 Local service revenues Toll service revenues Miscellaneous revenues	\$16,858,552 7,110,222
Total Uncollectible operating revenues	\$25,050,361 90,599
Operating revenues.	\$24,959,762 16,575,047
Net operating revenues. Federal income taxes. a Social security taxes. Other taxes.	757.776 380.261
Net operating income	-\$4,860,572 36,162
Total income	975,000 21,470
Net income	\$3,896,709 738.

# Munsingwear, Inc.—Earnings—

6 Months Ended June 30— x Net sales Cost of merchandise produced and sold Advt. & distr. exps., and gen. & admin. expenses	\$2,152,339 1,697,814 587,688	\$1,998,608 1,577,356 557,982
Net operating loss	\$133,162 2,915	\$136,729 1,877
Net loss	\$130,248 hosiery, &c.	

Note—Charges included in the above statement for depreciation of buildings, machinery, and equipment: 1939, \$42,729: 1938, \$39,198. V. 148, p. 1175.

# (G. C.) Murphy Co.—Sales-

Period End. Aug. 1— 1939—Month—1938 1939—7 Mos.—1938 Sales \$3,564,323 \$3,301,227 \$23,553,812 \$21,167,024 \$0.00 V. 149, p. 420.

# Nash-Kelvinator Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings—

 Quarter Ended June 30—
 1939
 1938
 1937

 Yearnings per share on common
 \$108,264
 \$2,005,407
 pr\$1278,974

 Will
 Nil
 \$0.30

Official Resigns— See Eureka Vacuum Cleaner Co. above.—V. 148, p. 3693.

National City Lines, Inc.—Sells Stock Privately—
Company, whose subsidiaries operate 30 motor bus transportation systems in municipalities throughout the United States, announced Aug. 8 that it had completed a financing program whereby four companies which supply the subsidiaries with various products such as gasoline, oil, tires, buses, &c., have purchased, or agreed to purchase, an aggregate of 35,000 shares of the \$3 convertible cumulative preference stock (\$50 par) at \$50 per share. The preference stockholders have already authorized the issuance and sale of 29,000 shares of the 35,000 shares contracted for. It will be necessary to have such authority for the issuance and sale of the remaining 6,000 shares. The preference and common stock of National City Lines, Inc., are listed on the New York Curb Exchange and the Chicago Board of Trade.

This program makes available \$1,750,000 in cash—\$550,000 being taken down at this time through the delivery of 11,000 shares of this stock.

This stock sold at private sale is part of 100,000 shares of \$3 convertible cumulative preference stock.

The remaining 24,000 shares to be sold under these agreements will be issued from time to time in the future as company requires use of these funds in its expansion program.—V. 149, p. 582.

Neisner Brothers, Inc.—Sales—

# Neisner Brothers, Inc. - Sales-

Period End. July 31— 1939—Month—1938 1939—7 Mos.—1938 sles\_\_\_\_\_\_ \$1,772,778 \$1,530,179 \$12,117,030 \$10,131,408 Stores in operation..... -V. 149, p. 264.

# Nevada-California Electric Corp. - Seeks Conversion of

Corporation has asked the Federal Power Commission to approve its plan to issue new shares in conversion of its preferred and common stock.

Each share of the present \$100 par cumulative \$7 preferred under the plan would be exchanged for two new shares of preferred, one of which would be \$3 cumulative and the other would be \$4 non-cumulative. The company told the FPC that the 7% cumulative dividend preferred stock is not justified by its earnings.

Holders of outstanding common shares would be given two new shares for each old share held. In addition, the aggregate par value of the outstanding common would be reduced from \$8,588,300 to \$858,830 by reducing the par value of each share from \$100 to \$5.

The purpose of the cut in the common shares' value, according to the company, is to create a capital surplus account may be written off. This was made necessary by a reclassification of the company s property to meet FPC orders on uniform accounting procedure.—V. 149, p. 882.

# (J. J.) Newberry Co.—Sales-

Period End. July 31— 1939—Month—1938 1939—7 Mos.—1938 Sales—V. 149, p. 420. \$4,139,347 \$3,949,155 \$25,845,330 \$24,203,318

New York Central RR.—New Official—
The appointment of Carl L. Jellinghaus as Assistant to the President of railroad was announced on Aug. 10 by Frederick E. Williamson, President. Mr. Jellinghaus has been Executive Secretary to the President for more than two years.—V. 149. p. 739.

Volume 149		7	he Com	nercial &
New England G 12 Months Ended Juni Operating revenues Operating expenses Maintenance Provision for retirement Federal income taxes Other taxes			1000	1020
Operating income Other income (net)				\$2,287,001 299,847 \$2,586,848
Gross income Subsidiary companies ch Interest on long-term Other interest Amortization of debt of Interest charged to co Income applic. to com	liscount and	expense	6.182	33,735 130,273 1,765 Cr9,949 40,553
Balance New England Gas & Ele Interest on long-term Other interest Amortization of debt d	debt	n charges:	\$2,697,844 2,059,369 196,162	\$2,390,471 2,110,817 29,894 210,884
Net income	ement does ense incident	not include \$ to 1938 hu	rricane dama	ige which is
New England Te	lephone	& Telegra	ph Co.—E	larnings—
Period End. June 30— Operating revenues Uncollectible oper, rev	\$6,595,789 16,472	nth—1938 \$6,276,609 24,427	1939—6 M \$38,181,406 111,899	\$36,749,568 \$36,899
Operating revenues	\$6,579,317 4,499,702	\$6,252,182 4,411,089	\$38,069,507 26,799,621	\$36,590,579 26,164,269
Net oper. revenues Operating taxes		\$1,841,093 635,009	\$11,269,886 4,132,733	\$10,426,310 3,755,051
Net oper. income Net income		\$1,206,084 823,071	\$7.137.153 4,732,751	\$6,671,259 4,295,465
Lien Changed— Company has notified property of the New Englidence Telephone Co. of and the Massachusetts this company and becom June 1, 1922, and that a released from the lien of	the New 3	York Stock I one & Telegrathern Massa Telegraph Co o the lien of ital stock of e.—V. 149, I	Exchange that aph Co. of M chusetts Tel- o. has been	t all of the Mass., Prov- ephone Co., conveyed to tgage dated jes has been
New York Power Period End. June 30—	& Light	Corp.—Ea	rnings— 1939—12 M	os.—x1938
Period End. June 30— Operating revenues Operating rev. deduct'ns	\$6,234,495 4,455,192	\$6,162,178 4,391,152	\$25,327,947 17,970,632	\$25,460,365 18,180,966
Operating income Non-oper. inc. (net)	\$1,779,304 Dr502	\$1,771.026 Dr1,716	\$7,357,314 3,095	\$7,279,399 4,027
Gross income Deduct's from gr. inc	\$1,778,802 1,151,748	\$1,769.310 1,158.464	\$7,360,410 4,627,288	\$7,283,426 4,627,608
Net incomex Restated for compa	\$627.054 rative purpo	\$610,846 ses as far a	\$2,733,121 as practicable	
Exemption Sought Corporation has filed Commission under the E requirement of filing a \$66,582,000 first mortga, The company proposes 1964, for the purpose of proposes to offer to exche 4½s of 1967 on a par for The company will isst demption at 104.6 of the The exact principal an series to be issued will dep but the company propose the 3½s at a price of not chasers of the 3½s will be	an application lolding Com declaration ge bonds. s to issue 3 % refunding along the bond par Jasis. le the 3 % s to portion of the lolding bond on the a pend on the a	on with the spany Act for in connection % bonds of 1 of its outst ds of the 3% to obtain near 4 ½s not ends of the 3 mount of 4 ½	Securities and an exemption with the model of the second security and second se	on from the issuance of % bonds of debt. It outstanding for the rethe 3 1/4 8. d the 3 1/4 % or exchange.
New York State 12 Months Ended June Operating revenues. Operating expenses. Maintenance. Provision for retirements Federal income taxes. Other taxes.	Electric &	Gas Cor	P.—Earnin	
Operating income				\$4,912,401 151,283
Gross income. Interest on long-term deb Other interest Amortization of debt disc Amortization of of miscell Interest charged to constr	ount and exp	ense	\$5,895,904 2,444,682 408,643 143,484 65,851 Cr4,049	\$5,063,684 2,411,973 528,192 141,868 81,063 Cr90,260
Net income	ment does no	t give effect	to fiancing ac	\$1,990,848 complished 739.
New York Telepl Period End. June 30— Operating revenues				98.—1938 102397,397 511,145
Operating revenues\$ Operating expenses				
Net oper. revenues Operating taxes		\$5,377,708 \$		32,502,492 15,468,571
Net oper. income		\$2,768,980 \$		317,033,921 15,223,279
Niagara Falls Por	1939-3 Mo.		Earnings—12 Moi 10.642.569 \$ 7.142.609	
Operating income Non-oper. income (net).	\$799,738 80,397	\$1,046.968 79,205	\$3,499,960 307,220	\$4,326,813 272,533
Gross income Deduct's from gr. inc  Net income  x Restated for compari	\$591.176	\$838,073	1.144.800 \$2,662,380	
p. 3077.				4101

				1001
Niagara Hudson Period End. June 30— Operating revenues Oper. revenue deduct'ns	1939-3 Mo	sx1938	1939—12 M \$83,579,971	
Operating income Non-oper. income (net)	\$5.742,030 196,285	\$5,565,533 245,312	\$24,473,245 769,981	\$24,344,139 888,954
Gross income Deduc. from gross inc	\$5,938,315 2,564,701	\$5,810,845 2,553,747	\$25,243,226 10,276,280	\$25,233,093 10,412,133
Dividends on pref. stocks of subsidiary	1,839,200	1,841,676	7,345,054	7,415,250
Net income Divs. on pref. stocks of		\$1,415,422	\$7,621,892	\$7,405,710
Niagara Hudson Power Corp	606,006	606,006	2,424,025	2,391,363
Balance	\$928,408	\$809,416	\$5,197,867	\$5,014,347
y Kilowatt hours gener- ated and purchased	1,849,070	1,777,799	7,326,794	7,650,794
y Sales of manuf. gas, in cubic feet	1,690,218	1,609,992	6,634,090	6,477,991
Sales of mixed gas, in therms	4,838,127	4,472,919	19,759,987	19,884,440
Sales of natural gas, in therms x Resetated for componitted.—V. 149, p. 883	28,517,675 arative purp 3.		113,075,433 r as practic	
Niagara Lockpot Period End. June 30— Operating revenues Oper. rev. deductions		ario Powe os.—x1938 \$2,399,067 1,838,583	1939—12 M	fos.—x193 \$10,409,143

Period End. June 30— Operating revenues Oper. rev. deductions	1939—3 M \$2,532,397 1,796,285		1939—12 M \$10,562,395 7,633,790	fos.—x193
Operating income	\$736,112	\$560.484	\$2,928,605	\$2,473,653
Non-oper. inc. (net)	6,269	5,491	21,531	16,610
Gross income	\$742,381	\$565,975	\$2,950,136	\$2,490,263
Deduct's from gr. inc	372,635	381,921	1,494,967	1,526,784
Net income x Restated for comparp. 3077.	\$369,746	\$184,054	\$1,455,168	\$963,479
	rative purpo	ses as far	as practicabl	e.—V. 148,

6 Mos. End. June 3 — Lbs. of anode produced_ Total recovery x Cost of metal produc'n	47,358,931 \$10,795,108 3,462,187	1938 46,899,817 \$10,425,543 4,782,558	1937 36,436,898 \$9,621,070 3,581,783	1936 32,104,990 \$8,520,058 3,307,176
Custom ore Reserved for taxes		910,000	975,000	875,000
Balance Miscellaneous income	\$4,674,497 926,157	\$4,732,985 279,204	\$5,064,287 202,820	\$4,337,882 147,563
Est. profit before prov. or depr. & conting_ Est. res. for deprec'n	\$5,600,654 270,000	\$5 012,188 264,000	\$5,267,107 240,000	\$4,485,445 282,000
Estimated net profit Est. net profit per share_ * Including mining cu	\$2.38		\$5,027,107 \$2.24	\$4,203,445 \$1.87

Norfolk & Portsmouth Belt Line Ry.—Note Issue—
Several groups submitted bids Aug. 10 for a \$700,000 issue of notes.
A coupon rate of 1½% was specified for these one to 10-year serial notes.
The high bidder was Baker. Watts & Co. of Baltimore—100.9999. First
Boston Corp. bid 100.3280 for New York delivery and 100.3089 for Norfolk.
Peoples Trust of Pittsburgh bid 100.155; Bear Stears & Co. 100.126; Salomon
Bros. & Hutzler, 100.089; a group of Norfolk banks, 100 even; Alex Brown
& Sons, 99.842 and R. W. Pressprich & Co., 99.538.—V. 149, p. 883.

North American Light & Power Co.	(& Subs.	)—Earns.
12 Months Ended June 30-	1939	1938
Operating revenues.	\$15,078,011	\$15,035,564
Operating expenses	0,833,074	5,943,126 794,117
Maintenance	686,902 1,131,432	1.195.117
Taxes Provision for income taxes	702,156	436.950
a Provision for Federal surtax on undistributed inc.		12,500
Appropriation for depreciation reserves	2,262,470	2,482,168
Net operating revenues	\$4,461,376	\$4,171.585
Non-operating revenues	856,192	892,340
Gross income	\$5,317,568	\$5,063,925
Interest charges of subsidiaries—	1.691.658	1.715.978
Interest on funded debtAmortization of bond discount and expense	152.079	153.658
Other interest charges	22,601	25,452
Interest during construction charged to property	22,002	20,102
and plant	Cr17,844	Cr17,434
Dividends on preferred stocks of subsidiaries	893,329	893,329
Interest charges of North Amer. Light & Power Co.	1,210,439	1,234,533

Balance carried to consolidated deficit.......\$1,365,306 \$1,058,409
a The provision for Federal surtax on undistributed income for the 12
months ended June 30, 1938 was made in December of 1937 for the calendar
year of 1937.

No provision for surtax on undistributed income was made from income
of North American Light & Power Co. for the year 1937, the net income
\$697,480 shown by the corporate income accounts of the company being
more than offset by iosses charged to surplus (deficit since Dec. 31, 1932)
which were considered by the company's officials to be deductible in
determining taxable net income.—V. 148, p. 2752.

North American	Oil	Consolidated-	-Earnings—
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6 Mos. End. June 30— Total income Expenses Depletion & depreciation Est. Fed. income tax	1939 <b>x\$</b> 650,611 291,155 158,669 16,000	1938 \$671,739 352,962 165,570	\$578.614 271,845 135,253	\$595,348 272,458 148,888
Net profit	\$184,788 137,830	\$153,207 137,830	\$171,515 137,830	\$174,002 137,830
Earns, per sh. on 275,659 shs. (par \$10) cap.stk. x Includes other incom-	\$0.67 e of \$12,444.	\$0.55	\$0.62	\$0.64

Balance Sheet June 30, 1939

Assets—Cash on hand and in banks (commercial accounts), \$327,468: cash in banks (savings accounts), \$303,800; accounts receivable (net), \$58,082; fixed assets (net), \$3,542,748; deferred assets, \$7,524; total, \$4,239,622.
Liabilities—Accounts payable, \$23,624; accrued payroll, \$4,364; accrued Federal taxes (est.), \$33,742; capital stock (par \$100), \$2,756,590; surplus, \$1,421,302; total, \$4,239,622.—V. 147, p. 1044.

Northern Indiana Public Service Co.-Registers with

SEC-

Company on Aug. 4 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission a registration statement (No. 2-4150, Form A-2) under the Securities Act of 1933 covering \$45,000,000 3¾ % first mortgage bonds, series A, due Aug. 1, 1969.

The net proceeds from the sale of the bonds, together with not more than \$6,000,000 borrowed against a like principal amount of the company's serial notes under a bank loan agreement, will be used as follows:

(1) To redeem within 40 days after issuance and delivery of the series A bonds, all of the first and refunding mortgage gold bonds:

\$15,249,000 5%, series D, due Sept. 1, 1969, at 105% 16.0	44,224 87,856 86,000 11,450 39,680
--	--

(2) To redeem on or before Nov. 1, 1939, all first lien & refunding mort-ge gold bonds: gage gold bonds: \$6,028,000 of 6%, series May, 1922, due May 1, 1952, at 105% - \$6,329,400

Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., Chicago, will be the principal underwriter. The names of the other underwriters, the offering price, the underwriting discounts or commissions and the redemption rates will be filed by amendment.—V. 149, p. 740.

### Northern Natural Gas Co.-\$16,000,000 Bonds to Be Sold Privately-

The Securities and Exchange Commission, Aug. 4, approved a declaration (File 43-229) filed by the company under the Holding Company Act in connection with the issuance and sale of \$16,000,000 of first mortgage and first lien bonds, series A, 3\%, due July 1, 1954, and \$6,000,000 of unsecured 2\% % promissory notes.

The notes will mature serially on Jan. 1 and July 1, commencing on July 1, 1940, the last note maturing on Jan. 1, 1946. Six months later semi-annual sinking fund payments, designed to amortize the first mortgage bonds (with the exception or \$4,500,000 semi-annually for the first full year and \$750,000 semi-annually thereafter through the next to the last sinking fund payment.

\$750,000 semi-annually thereafter through the leavest she are shalling payment.

The bonds are to be sold at private sale, at par, as follows: Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., \$5,400,000; the Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, \$3,600,000; the Prudential Insurance Co. of America, \$3,600,000; the Travelers Insurance Co., \$2,400,000; Sun Life Assurance Co. of Canada, \$1,000,000.

The notes, which are unsecured, will evidence bank loans by the Chase National Bank, New York, to the company of like principal amount. The bank has stated that it has no intention to extend participation in the loan, if consummated, to any other person, except a participation in the amount of \$200,000 to the Baltimore National Bank, Baltimore.

Disposition of Proceeds

of \$200,000 to the Baltimore National Bank, Baltimore.

Disposition of Proceeds

Company is to receive from the sale of the securities cash proceeds amounting to \$22,000,000. The proceeds of the bonds, or \$16,000,000, are to be used for the retirement of all the company's presently outstanding funded debt. Of the proceeds of the notes, or \$6,000,000, \$3,600,000 will be used for the construction of approximately 240 miles of 16-inch transmission pipe line from near Sloux City, Iowa, to a point near Minneapolis, Minn.; approximately \$1,200,000 for compressor station property, lateral pipe lines of various sizes, distribution system property of subsidiaries and development cost, all directly incidental to the Sloux City-Minneapolis extension; and the balance to defray the cost of additions and improvements to the company's present property, including distribution system property of subsidiaries, gasoline manufacturing plant, telephone system, compressor station property, &c.—V. 149, p. 421.

# Northern Pennsylvania Power Co.—Earnings—

12 Months Ended June 30-	1939	1938
Operating revenues	\$1,964,968	\$1,866,722
Operating expenses	981,759 63,142	948,653 86,371
Maintenance Provision for retirements	160,000	160,000
Federal income taxes	74,100	55,775
Other taxes	140,372	130,624
Operating income	\$545,595 55,698	\$485,298 36,036
Gress income	\$601,292	\$521,334
Interest on long-term debtOther interest		188,094
Amortization of debt discount and expense	30,039 19,680	38,355 19,680
Net income	\$364,230	\$275,205

Northern States Power Co. (Del.)-Weekly Output-Electric output of the Northern States Power Co. system for the week ended Aug. 5, 1939, totaled 27,392,591 kilowatt-hours, an increase of 10.9% compared with the corresponding week last year.

Definitive Bonds Ready—
The Chase National Bank announces that definitive Northern States
Power Co. first mortgage 3½% bonds, series due 1964, will be available
on and after Aug. 7, 1939, for delivery in exchange for the temporary bonds
at its Corporate Trust Department, 11 Broad Street, New York City.—V.
149, p. 883.

# Northwestern Public Service Co.—Earnings-

Period End. June 30-	1939-3 Mos1938		1939-12 A	fos.—1938
Operating revenues	\$723,377	\$688,998	\$2,985,038	\$2,869,839
Oper. exps. & taxes	523,466	495,055	2,135,776	2,090,627
Net oper. income	\$199,911	\$193,942	\$849,262	\$779,212
Other income (net)	1,431	2,139	8,653	9,160
Gross income	\$201,342	\$196,081	\$857,915	\$788.372
Int. & other deductions_	106,083	108,501	437,078	438,627
Pref. stk. div. requiremt.	\$95,258	\$87,580	\$420,837	\$349,745
	70,062	70,463	280,247	281,853

Ohio Bell Telephone Co.—Gain in Phones—
Company reports a gain of approximately 600 stations in July, compared with a loss of 636 in June and a seasonal loss of 1,685 in July, 1938.

The company had approximately 737,000 stations on Aug. 1, against 692,578 a year ago and has gained 23,600 stations on his year, against a loss of 2,882 in the first seven months of 1938.—V. 149, p. 883.

# Oklahoma Gas & Electric Co.-Earnings-

Years Ended June 30-	1939	1938
Operating revenues	\$13,444,675	\$13,305,816
Operation Maintenance and repairs		4,831,177 830,442
Appropriation for retirement reserve	1,300,000	1,200,000
Taxes Provision for Federal and State income taxes	1 454 453	1,418,437 452,830
Net operating incomeOther income (net)	\$4,656,921 22,987	\$4,553,738 2,103
Gross income. Interest on funded debt. Amortization of debt discount and expense. Other interest (net) Miscellaneous deductions.	1,665,436 268,612	\$4,555,840 1,681,349 270,600 42,845 42,752
Net income	\$2,627,039	\$2,518,294

Oklanoma Power	& Water	Co.—Eat	nings-	
Period End. June 30—	1939—3 Me	98.—1938	1939—12 A	fos.—1938
Operating revenues—	\$305,143	\$306,554	\$1,275,137	\$1,284,105
Oper. exps. and taxes—	201,369	202,735	832,939	856,388
Net oper. income	\$103,773	\$103,819	\$442,199	\$427,716
Other income (net)		39	1,614	141
Gross incomet & other deductions_	\$103,777	\$103,859	\$443,813	\$427,857
	75,993	78,276	305,797	311,875
Net income	\$27,784	\$25,582	\$138,015	\$115,982

### Old Dominion Power Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings-1939-12 Mos.-1938 Period End. June 30- 1939-31Mos -- 1938

Operating revenues	\$165,180	\$184,193	\$771,204	\$775,183
Oper, expenses & taxes	136,890	141,141	574,975	602,351
Net oper. income	\$28,290	\$43,052	\$196,229	\$172,832
	19	49	135	195
Gross income	\$28,308	\$43,101	\$196,364	\$173,027
Int. & other deductions_	41,795	41,457	167,771	166,673
Net incomev. 14	x\$13,486 48, p. 3236.	\$1,644	\$28,593	\$6,353

Omnibus Corp.—Transfer Agent—
Guaranty Trust Co. of New York has been appointed transfer agent, effective Aug. 4, 1939, for the common \$6 par value stock of this corporation.

—V. 149, p. 884.

# Pacific Coast Co. (& Subs.) - Earnings-

3 Months Ended June 30— Sales of products and merchandise and revenues	1939	1938
from other operations	\$876,586 665,915	\$702,911 713,148
Profit from operations Interest and taxes paid at source on bonds  • Other charges, net  Minority shares of Pacific Coast cement operations	\$210,672 55,544 22,086 27,020	loss\$10,237 56,953 32,981 Cr7,345

\$106,021 loss\$92,826 x Includes amortization of underground development at New Black Diamond Mine in 1939 in excess of amount charged to operations at the previously established rate, amounting to \$17,266 and retirement of Section Six Mine in 1938, amounting to \$25,641.

Note—Figures do not include any provision for income or undistributed profits tax.—V. 148, p. 3079. Profit.

# Pacific Finance Corp. of Calif. (& Subs.) - Earnings-

6 Months Ended June 30— Int. & disct. & other oper. income Dividends from other investments	\$1,659,066	\$1,958,091	\$2,323,100 11,250
Total income	\$1,659,066	\$1,958,091	\$2,334,350
ing and administrating expenses	732,037	691,819	725,379
Prov. for equipment replacements	35,439	37,334	44,017
Rents	57,131	58,016	57,640
Taxes (other than Federal income)	78,858	$81,853 \\ 242,729$	96,758
Provision for losses	150,597		227,317
Interest on current obligations	95,583	159,297	207,499
Prov. for Federal normal income tax.	97,082	116,000	146,857
Net income Preferred stock dividends	\$412,339	\$571,041	\$828,882
	168,976	182,061	185,273

Common stock dividends..... 257,129 387.860

1938 1939 Liabilities  $\begin{smallmatrix}2\\158,422\end{smallmatrix}$ 128,086 and equipment. Deferred charges... in loans & repo Reserves 2,611,885
8% cum. series A
pf. stk. (\$10 par) 1,010,600 1,345,870
cum. ser. C,
930,370 1,305,390 pf. 8tk.(\$10 par) 6½% cum. ser. C, pf. stk.(\$10 par) 5% series, cum. pf. stock (\$100 par) 0.040,500 0.050, 3,266,300 4,290,000 1,908,049 1,545,347 .33,212,492 35,294,558 Total......33,212,492 35,294,558

-V. 149, p. 118. Pacific Railroad of Missouri—Interest— Interest of 2% was paid Aug. 1, 1939, on first mortgage extended gold % bonds, due Aug. 1, 1938, on surrender of interest warrart No. 2.— . 143, p. 282.

# Pacific Telephone & Telegraph Co - Earnings

Period End. June 30-		nth—1938		fos.—1938
Operating revenues Uncollectible oper. rev	\$6,064,616 17,700	\$5,752,103 26,800		\$33,570,796
Operating revenues	\$6,046,916 4,321,797	\$5,725,303 3,991,148	\$35,202,952 24,968,372	\$33,424,196 24,172,038
Net oper revenues Rent from lease of oper.	\$1,725,119	\$1,734,155	\$10,234,580	\$9,252,158
propertyOperating taxes	826,671	790,392	4,873,631	4,555,516
Net operating income.	\$898,519	\$943,834	\$5,361,372	\$4,697,065

Company reports preliminary figure for net gain in telephones in July at 4,497, against 3,580 in July last year and net loss of only 476 in June. For seven months indicated net gain was 39,467, against 20,077 in like 1938 period. Total of telephones in service at end of July was about 1,892,700.—V. 149, p. 421.

Pacific Western Oil Corp.—Debentures Offered—An issue of \$2,100,000 3½% sinking fund debentures due Aug. 1, 1949, was offered at 100 and int. Aug. 8 by Eastman, Dillon & Co., Riter & Co., Alex. Brown & Sons, Graham, Parsons & Co. and Wm. Cavalier & Co.

Dated Aug. 1, 1939; due Aug. 1, 1949. Coupon debentures in denom. of \$1,000, registerable as to principal only. Principal and int. (F-A) payable at office of City Bank Farmers Trust Co. (or its successor) trustee and registrar. Fixed sinking fund, payable on or before Dec. 10, 1939 and each June 10 and Dec. 10 thereafter, sufficient to redeem semi-annually, at the principal amount thereof, \$55,000 principal amount of debentures; sinking fund payments may be made in cash or debentures; all as provided in the indenture. Redeemable at principal amount thereof on any interest date by operation of the sinking fund and redeemable at any time as a whole, or at any time and from time to time in amounts of not less than \$10,000 at election of company on at least 30 days' published notice prior to Aug. 1, 1942 at 103%; thereafter and prior to Aug. 1, 1943 at 102%; thereafter and prior

to Aug. 1, 1944 at 102 %%; thereafter and prior to Aug. 1, 1945 at 102 %%; thereafter and prior to Aug. 1, 1946 at 102 %; thereafter and prior to Aug. 1, 1948 at 101 %; and thereafter up to maturity at 100 %; in every case with accrued interest, if any. History and Business—Company was organized in Delaware on Nov. 10, 1928. 67.35% of the outstanding capital stock of the company is owned by George F. Getty, Inc., 100 % of the outstanding capital stock of which is in turn owned by J. Paul Getty, individually and as trustee. J. Paul Getty individually owns 43.17% of the outstanding capital stock of George F. Getty, Inc., and holds 56.83% of such stock as trustee under deed of trust dated Dec. 31, 1934 between Sarah C. Getty, trustor and J. Paul Getty, trustee.

Getty, Inc., and holds 50.35% of such stock as trustor and J. Paul Getty, trustee.

Company is engaged in the business of acquiring through oil and gas leaseholds, fee properties, royalties, mineral rights, contracts or otherwise interests in prospective and proven oil lands, in the development of prospective and proven oil lands, in the production of oil and gas and the treatment of gas for the extraction of natural gasoline, and the disposal of all such products, and in operations incidental to the foregoing. Company also owns substantial holdings in certain corporations engaged directly or indirectly in the petroleum business, including 641.808 shares (approximately 46%) of the outstanding capital stock of Mission Corp. (Nev.), and 250,100 shares (approximately 4%) of the outstanding common stock of Tide Water Associated Oil Co. (Del.).

Earnings—The consolidated net income before interest expense and provision for Federal income and undistributed profits taxes, and consolidated net income carried to earned surplus, of the company (and its wholly owned subsidiary, Pacific Western Oil Co., dissolved Aug. 27, 1936).

1936 1937	\$1,875,997 1,670,507	\$1,539,230 1,433,258
1938	1,443.548 227,923 for Federal incom	1,218,224 173,293 he and undis-

Bala	nce Sheet A	pril 30, 1939	
Assets-		Liabilities-	
Cash in banks and on hand		Notes payable to banks	\$825,000
Accounts receivable	224.864	Accounts payable	119,279
Inventories	141.616	Royalties payable	
Investments at cost	11.877.085	Accrued liabilities	94,760
Properties, plant and equip	8.101.198		196.187
Organization costs	171,760	Funded debt	2,876,750
Prepaid and deferred charges	214.518	Miscellaneous reserve and de-	
		ferred credit	74.074
		Capital stock	10.000.000
	1 (2)	Capital surplus paid in	
		Earned surplus	
Total	\$21,012,822	Total	21,012,822

Packard Motor Car Co.—Prices Reduced for 1940 Models Prices of the new Packard cars as revealed to dealers at the recent preview of the 1940 line at the Packard proving grounds, showed reductions ranging from \$120 on the Packard Six and \$140 on the Packard Eight or 120 line to more than \$400 on the Super Eight as compared with a year ago.

Compared with the reduced prices announced May 1 the reduction for 1940 models runs around \$10 on the Sixes, aroung \$40 on the Eights and around \$100 on the Super Eights.

Advance orders from dealers are the largest in company's history, according to M. M. Gilman, President, and production is in full swing on two shifts a day for the first time in a year and a half. Used car stocks in the hands of dealers are the lowest in Packard history and there are less than 1,000 of the 1939 models in dealers hands, he states.

The company plans the largest newspaper advertising campaign it has ever placed, said Mr. Gilman.

Body Type—	1940 Price	May 1'39 Price	Year Ago
Packard Six or 110:		2400	
Business coupe	\$877	\$888	\$1,000
Club coupe	934	945	1.045
Two-doer touring sedan	954	964	1.065
Four-door touring sedan	985	995	1.095
Packard Eight or 120:			-1000
Business coupe	1.049	1.099	1,200
Club coupe	1.105	1.145	1.245
Two-door touring sedan	1.125	1.166	1.265
Four-door touring sedan	1.156	1.196	1.295
Packard Super Eight or 180 line:	1,100	1,100	1,200
Club coupe	1.595	1.650	1.955
Four-door touring sedan	1.632	1.732	2.035
Touring limousine		0.004	
Touring innousine	2,154	2,294	2,600

# Pamour Porcupine Mines, Ltd.—Earnings-

Tons milled  Recovery per ton Gold production, less marketing expense Operating expenditures, including development, mining, milling and administration and general expense Reserved for taxes	287,803 \$4.47 \$1,268,694 791,463 11,450
Profit	\$465,781 13,015
Total income	\$478,795 84,000 44,400
Estimated net profit Per shareV. 147, p. 1787.	\$350,395 \$0.07

# Pantex Pressing Machine, Inc.—Earnings—

6 Months Ended June 30— Net sales	1939 <b>*\$</b> 756,683 499,126	1938 *\$755,624 487,083	\$1,208,700 749,383
Gross profit on salesSelling, shipping, advertising and administration expenses	\$267,556 201,437	\$268,540 235,635	\$459,325 303,007
Net profit on operations Other income	\$66,119	\$32,905	\$156,318 23,94
Total income	\$66,119 20,000	\$32,905 12,258	\$180,256 40,641 25,000
Net profit \$18.373 in 1939 a	\$46,119 nd \$18,335	\$20,647 reserved for	\$114,618 repossession

Condensed Balance Sheet as at June 30, 1939 Assets—Cash, \$70,610; accounts receivable, \$20,527; instalment notes receivable (unpledged), \$394,905; instalment notes receivable (pledged to

secure banks loans of \$165,850), \$195,493; equity in instalment notes receivable (pledged to finance companies), \$234,612; inventories, \$374,738; plant and properties (less reserves for depreciation), \$242,368; deferred charges, \$51,203; total, \$1,584,455.

Liabilities—Accounts payable, \$75,728; notes payable on equipment, \$1,080; notes payable, \$165,850; accrued liabilities (incl. provision for Federal income and other taxes), \$32,495; reserves, \$159,012; preferred stock (no par), \$993,500; common stock (no par), \$29,004; surplus, \$127,-787; total, \$1,584,455.

Accumulated Dividend-

Directors have declared a dividend of \$1.50 per share on account of accumulations on the \$6 cumulative preferred stock, payable July 28 to holders of record July 25. Dividend of like amount was paid on Dec. 27, 1938, this latter being the first payment made since Dec. 20, 1937 when a regular quarterly dividend of \$1.50 per share was distributed.—V. 147, p. 4063.

Parkersburg Rig & Reel Co.—25-Cent Dividend—
Directors have declared a dividend of 25 cents per share on the common stock, payable Aug. 19 to holders of record Aug. 15. Like amount was paid on Jan. 15 last, and previously regular quarterly dividends of 40 cents per share were distributed.

Earnings for the 6 Months Ended June 30, 1939 Gross profit from sales	\$536.714 358,877
Profit from operations Income credits, less income charges	\$177,837 19,648
Net income, before prov. for income taxes	\$197,485 44,789
Net income Dividend paid on preferred stock	\$152,696 34,375

Balance Sheet June 30, 1939

Assets—Cash on hand and demand deposits, \$396,987; notes and accounts receivable (net), \$763,878; inventories, \$1,446,848; property (net), \$1,580,-214; deferred charges, \$24,951; total, \$4,212,877.

Liabilities—Accounts payable, \$63,263; accrued accounts, \$158,642; preferred stock—25,000 shares without par value, aggregate stated value, \$1,952,000; common stock (\$1 par), \$182,000; capital—donated and pald-in surplus, \$1,008,000; earned surplus, \$848,972; total, \$4,212,877.—V. 148, p. 1971.

(J. C.) Penney Co.—Earnings—

6 Mos. End. June 30—Sales. \$1 Cost and expenses 1 Deprec. and amortiza'n Federal taxes.	$06.985,556 \\ 569,279$		1937 \$115312,686 105,476,921 500,977 2,746,529	1936 \$105818,363 96,457,805 455,185 2,760,037
Profit Other income Profit of subsidiary	\$5,222,817 596,363 101,434	\$4,220,320 380,015 102,274	\$6,588,258 478,331 115,983	\$6,145,336 406,609 132,659
Net profit	\$5,920,614	\$4,702,609	\$7,182,572	\$6,684,604
Earns. per sh. on com.	\$2,33	\$1.85	\$2.82	\$2.71
x Includes all taxes.	Balance S	heet. June 30		
Assets— 1939	1938	Labilities-	1939 - \$ oek28,122,76	
Furniture, fixtures, land, &c 8,547,269	8,681,705	Accts. pay. &	accr.	70 11.545.024
Cash12,399,578 Merchandise61,793,094	58,986,211	Fed'l tax rese	rve 2,700,4	
Acets receivable 627,210 Deferred charges 599,443	685,002	losses, &c.	fire 2,163,99	95 2,082,990
Invest. in sub. co. 5,155,154 Mtge. receivable 105,288 Impts. and lease-			44,770,86	00 40,017,014
holds, less amort 1,780,550	1,783,750		a de la constante de la consta	
Total91,007,584	84,306,562	Total	91,007,5	84 84,306,562

Total ......91,007,584 84,306,562 Total ..... Represented by 2,543,984 no par shares .- V. V. 149, p. 421.

Pennsylvania Edison Co. (& Subs.)	-Earning	8
12 Months Ended June 30— Operating revenues_ Operating expenses_ Maintenance Provision for retirements_ Federal income taxes Other taxes	\$5,755,610 1,769,797 508,300 465,272 170,046	1938 \$5,644,811 1,852,642 546,376 409,163 133,920 473,042
Operating income	\$2,365,670 18,496	\$2,229,666 33,751
Gross income	1,265,250 4,655 85,782	\$2,263,417 1,265,250 11,611 85,782 Cr3,377
Net income	\$1,028,479	\$904,152

Peoples Drug Stores, Inc. - Sales-

Period Ended July 31— 1939—Month—1938 1939—7 Mos.—1938 alees—V. 149, p. 421. \$1,813,775 \$1,721,658 \$12,710,228 \$12,111,421

Pennsylvania Power & Light Co.-\$132,000,000 Financing—Financing which in total amount (\$132,000,000) is one of the largest operations of its kind in the history of the one of the largest operations of its kind in the history of the power and light industry, was announced formally Aug. 9 in the public offering of a new issue of \$95,000,000 first mortgage bonds 3½% series due 1969, and a new issue of \$28,500,000 of 4½% debentures due 1974. The two issues for public offering total \$123,500,000, in addition to which the company has arranged for a bank loan with four New York and Chicago banks of \$8,500,000. The first mortgage 21/c are priced at 105½ and accrued interest and the deben-York and Chicago banks of \$8,500,000. The first mortgage 3½s are priced at 105½ and accrued interest and the debenture 4½s at 104 and accrued interest. The nationwide group of underwriters includes 125 investment firms headed by Smith, Barney & Co.; The First Boston Corp.; Bonbright & Co., Inc.; and Dillon, Read & Co. Other principal underwriters include Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.; Harriman Ripley & Co., Inc.; Mellon Securities Corp.; Blyth & Co., Inc.; Kidder, Peabody & Co.; W. C. Langley & Co.; Shields & Co.; Union Securities Corp.; White, Weld & Co.; E. W. Clark & Co.; Coffin & Burr, Inc.; Goldman, Sachs & Co.; Harris, Hall & Co. (Inc.); Lazard Freres & Co.; Lee Higginson Corp.; Lehman Brothers; Stone & Webster and Blodget, Inc., and Tucker, Anthony & Co. In addition to those of the underwriters who sell at retail, it is expected that more than 500 dealers across the country will have a part in the retail distribution of the securities. tribution of the securities.

Purpose of Issue—The net proceeds (estimated to be approximately \$126,-652,500, after deducting estimated expenses in the amount of \$600,000 and excluding accrued interest) to be received by the company from the sale of the \$95,000,000 lst mtge. bonds, 3½% series due 1969, and \$28,-500,000 4½% debentures due 1974, together with the proceeds of the \$8,500,000 2½% serial notes due 1940-1949 (unsecured), aggregating \$135,152,500, will be used for the following purposes:

(1) Redeem on or about Sept. 13, 1939, at 104% 1st mtge. gold bonds, 4½% series due April 1, 1981, which, exclusive of accrued interest, will require the sum of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\$106,590,000 (2) To acquire (simultaneously with the issuance and delivery of the securities Corp. (a parent of the company), at such corporation's cost, \$19,000,000 of company's 1st mtge. gold bonds, 4½% series due April 1, 1981, which, excl. of accrued int., will require the sum of 17,670,000 (3) To acquire by redemption (simultaneously with the issuance and delivery of the securities Offered hereby) from Lehigh Power Securities Corp. \$10,000,000 of company's 6% gold debentures, series A due Dec. 1, 1950, the cost of which is not segregated on that corporation's books, which, exclusive of accrued int., will require the sum of 10,000,000 The remainder of the net proceeds, estimated at \$892,500, are to be used, pursuant to order of the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission for additions, betterments and extensions to the utility plant of the company. Capitalization as of May 31, 1939 (Adjusted to Reflect Present Financing)

for additions, betterments and extensions to the utility plant of the compan Capitalization as of May 31, 1939 (Adjusted to Reflect Present Financing)

Authorized Outstandi:

| Sample \*\*\*sector of the control of the cont

Water Co. and Hummelstown Water Supply Co., respectively.

\*\*Description of the Bonds\*\*

The 1969 series bonds dated Aug. 1, 1939, mature Aug. 1, 1969. Prin. of and int. (F. & A.) payable at the office or agency of the company in New York, in such coin or currency of the United States as at the time of payment shall be legal tender for public and private debts. Each of the 1969 series bonds contains a provision that the principal and interest are payable "without deduction from the principal or interest on account of any tax, not in excess of five mills per annum on each dollar of the principal amount of this bond, now or hereafter imposed by Pennsylvania upon this bond or upon the holder as a resident of such Commonwealth, which the company or the trustee under the mortgage may be authorized or required to pay thereon or to retain therefrom. "Coupon form, registerable as to principal, in denom. of \$1,000, and in fully registered form in the denoms. of \$1,000, \$10,000 and, at option of company, any multiple of \$10,000. Guaranty Trust Co., New York, trustee.

Issuance of Additional Bonds—Additional bonds of any series which will rank equally as to lien with the 1969 series bonds offered may be issued in principal amount equal to: (1) 70% of the cost or fair value, whichever is less, of property additions; (2) the principal amount of bonds or prior lien bonds retired or then to be retired; and (3) the amount of cash deposited with the trustee for the purpose; but in each case only if net earnings are at least twice the annual interest requirements of all outstanding indebtedness of the company secured by lien equal or prior to the mortgage, including the additional issue (except that no earnings test is required to issue bonds to refund prior lien bonds and such test is required to refund bonds only in certain instances specified in the mortgage.

\*\*Maintenance and Retirement Provisions—Mortgage provides that company will, for 1940 and each succeeding year, expend, accrue on its books or appropriate on its books

of cash may be anticipated only during the period of not more than a months prior to the Oct. I on which such cash payment would otherwise be due.

Redemption Provisions—The 1969 series bonds will be redeemable at the option of the company in whole at any time or in part from time to time by lot, prior to maturity, on at least 30 days' published notice at principal amount thereof and accrued interest thereon to such date of redemption, together with premiums as follows: 8½% of bonds red. before Aug. 1, 1942; 7½% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1942, and before Aug. 1, 1945; 6½% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1949, and before Aug. 1, 1949; 5½% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1949, and before Aug. 1, 1953; 4½% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1953, and before Aug. 1, 1955; 4% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1957, and before Aug. 1, 1959; 3% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1967, and before Aug. 1, 1959; 3% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1961, 2½% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1964, and before Aug. 1, 1965; 1¼% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1964, and before Aug. 1, 1965; 1% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1965, and before Aug. 1, 1965; 1% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1965, and before Aug. 1, 1965; 1% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1965, and before Aug. 1, 1965; 1% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1965, and before Aug. 1, 1965; 1% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1965, and before Aug. 1, 1966; ½% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1965, and before Aug. 1, 1966; without premium if red. on or after Aug. 1, 1966, and before Aug. 1, 1967; without premium if red. on or after Aug. 1, 1967, and prior to marginum if red. on or after Aug. 1, 1967, and prior to marginum if red. on or after Aug. 1, 1967, and prior to marginum if red. on or after Aug. 1, 1967, and prior to marginum if red. on or after Aug. 1, 1968, and prior to marginum if red. on or after Aug. 1, 1967, and prior to marginum if red. on or after Aug. 1, 1968, and prior to marginum if red. on or after Aug. 1, 1968, and prior to m

1967; without premium if red. on or after Aug. 1, 1967, and prior to maturity.

The 1969 series bonds will also be red. in whole at any time, or in part from time to time by lot, prior to maturity, upon like notice, at the option of the company by application of cash deposited with the trustee under the provisions of Section 39 of the mortgage for the improvement fund requirements at the principal amount thereof and accrued interest thereon to such date of redeemption, together with premiums as follows: 5½% of bonds red. before Aug. 1, 1943; 5% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1943, and before Aug. 1, 1947, and before Aug. 1, 1951; 4% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1947, and before Aug. 1, 1953; 3½% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1953, and before Aug. 1, 1955; 3% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1955, and before Aug. 1, 1958; 2½% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1955, and before Aug. 1, 1958; 2½% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1958, and before Aug. 1, 1960; 2% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1958, and before Aug. 1, 1960; 2% of bonds

red. on or after Aug. 1, 1960, and before Aug. 1, 1962; 1½% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1962, and before Aug. 1, 1963; 1½% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1963, and before Aug. 1, 1964; 1% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1964, and before Aug. 1, 1965; ¾% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1965, and before Aug. 1, 1966; ½% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1966, and before Aug. 1, 1967; without premium if red. on or after Aug. 1, 1967, and prior to maturity.

\*Description of the Debentures\*\*

Aug. 1, 1964, and before Aug. 1, 1990; 3% of bonds red. on or after Aug. 1, 1966, and before Aug. 1, 1966; without premium if red. on or after Aug. 1, 1967, and perior to maturity.

Dated Aug. 1, 1939; to mature Aug. 1, 1974. Prin. and int. (F. & A.) payable at office or agency of the company in New York, and Philadelphia, in such coin or currency of the United States of America as at the time of payment is legal tender for public and private debts. Each of the debentures contains a provision that the principal and interest are payable "without deduction from the principal or interest on account of any tax, not in excess of five mills per annum on each dollar of the principal amount of this debenture, now or hereafter imposed by Pennsylvania upon this debenture or upon the holder thereof as a resident of such Commonwealth which there or upon the holder thereof as a resident of such Commonwealth which there of the payment of the common of \$1,000, and in fully registered form in demons. of \$1,000, \$10,000 and, at the option of the company any multiple of \$10,000.

Debentures will be entitled to the benefit of a sinking fund requiring the company to deliver to the trustee on Aug. 1 of each year, beginning with 1950, \$\$50,000 in cash or, in lieu of any or all of such cash, debentures previously purchased by the company or retember credited at the cost to the company of the debentures so tendered (excluse credited at the cost to the company of the debentures so tendered (excluse credited at the cost to the company of the debentures as the such delivery of debentures is made. Any such delivery of debentures on one of the company in the sinking fund on Aug. 20 of any year aggregate fund redemption price on the next available redemption of the company, to which such cash payment would otherwise be due to redemption of

Dremium if red. on or after Aug. 1, 1972, and prior to maturity.

Serial Notes

Under a letter contract dated July 20, 1939 between company and Chase National Bank, New York, National City Bank, Irving Trust Co., and Harris Trust & Savings Bank, company will borrow and the banks will severally loan to the company, concurrently with the issue and sale of the securities offered an aggregate of \$8,500,000 against delivery of a like principal amount of the company's unsecured promissory notes. Notes will bear interest at rate of 2% % per annum payable semi-annually and will mature serially on Aug. 1 in each of the years 1940 to 1949, both incl., in principal amounts aggregating \$850,000 per annum. Company reserves the right to prepay at any time or from time to time, upon 10 days' notice, in whole or in part the principal of said notes (in inverse order of their maturity and in amounts not less than the aggregate principal amount thereof due at any such maturity date) upon paying ratably to each holder of such notes the principal amount thereof so to be prepaid with accrued interest, plus a premium of 1% of 1% of the principal of such notes so prepaid for each 12 months' period or fraction thereof unexpired to maturity dates of such notes, but without premium if such prepayment is made from funds derived from any undistributed earnings of the company or from the proceeds of the sale of any stock of other equity securities of the company. or if the company shall at or prior to any acquisition of properties, merger or consolidation and in connection therewith, elect to prepay all of the notes then outstanding.

The amount to be loaned by each bank is as follows: Chase National Bank, \$4,000,000; National City Bank, \$3,000,000; Irving Trust Co., \$1,000,000; Harris Trust & Savings Bank, \$500,000.

Management and Control—Lehigh Power Securities Corp., owned 1,879,-095 shares (100%) of the common stock of the company which represented 75.63% of the voting power of National Power & Light Co. and Lehigh Power Securities Cor

Consolidated Income			
1936	os. End. Dec. 1937 \$38,946,014 17,704,300	\$39,237,335	May 31, '39
Prop. retire. & amortiz. reserve	2,785,467 2,353,569	2,946,086 2,472,087	1.232.811 1.044.170
Prov. for income taxes: Federal income 1,054,134 Fed. surtax on undis-	1,184,182	1,145,146	479,854
tributed profits 333 State income 610,500	10,640 510,994	407,336	165,680
Net oper. revenues\$14,038,450 Rent for leased property 22,586	\$14,396,858	\$14,149,047	\$5.804,492
Operating income\$14,015,863 Other income141,619		\$14,149,047 51,275	\$5,804,492 12,880
Gross income\$14,157,483 Interest on funded debt6,048,155		\$14,200,322 6,045,000	\$5,817,372 2,518,750
Amort. of debt disct. & expense	89,782 43,203	49,637 31,660	10,555 $12,022$
Net income \$7.659.350	\$7.971.784	\$7,731,132	\$3,135,541

Volume 149	I ne Commercial &	Financial Chronicle 1035
Consolidated Bo	nlance Sheet May 31, 1939	Pillsbury Flour Mills Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings—
Plant, property & equipment\$213,53 Invest. & fund accounts 48	4,365 Capital stock	Years End. May 31— 1939 1938 1937 1936 Net sales\$48,928,238 \$63,441,129 \$69,129,707 \$66,847,376
Cash in banks—on demand 6,30 Cash in banks—time deps. 31	2.500 Payables to assoc. cos.—	Cost of goods sold, sell., gen. & admin. exps 44,877,117 61,926,776 65,545,954 64,032,442
Special deposits 9 Temp, each investments 67	3,885 affiliates	Operating profit \$4,051,121 \$1,514,353 \$3,583,753 \$2,814,934 Other income Dr64,522 127,970 123,537
Accounts receivable 3.55	4,244 Matured long-term debt & 3,985 interest 93,885	
Receivables from assoc. cos. —affiliates	9,069 Taxes accrued	Total income \$3,986,599 \$1,642,323 \$3,707,290 \$2,814,934 Interest, discount, &c. 260,377 421,876 404,266 574,700 Deprec. & maintenance 1,163,474 1,131,660 1,127,015 1,113,564
Prepayments 12	0,387 Interest accrued 1,273,437 6,143 Other current & accrued	Federal taxes, &c 505,321 a30,000 b520,000 217,686
Unamortized debt disct. &	8,947 liabilities 151,033 Customers' advances for	
Unamortized cost of inven-	Other deferred credits 20,908	Net income\$1.692.318 loss\$52.605 \$1.517.899 \$908,984 Previous surplus6,167,999 7,099,362 6,460,222 8,590,176
Retire. work in progress 35	0,574 Reserves: Prop. retirement. 24,460,736 4,476 Uncollectible accounts 282,451	Total surplus\$7,860,317 \$7,046,757 \$7,978,121 \$9,499,160 Common dividends 878,758 878,758 878,758
	0,598 Inventory adjustment 24,062 8,393 Injuries and damages 589,966	Add'ne to wee for somiting
	Other 87,371 Contribs. in aid of construct 441,819	
	Earned surplus 961,749	Balance, surplus \$6,981,558 \$6,167,999 \$7,099,362 \$6,460,222 \$5.50,225 549,225 549,225 549,225
	1,004 Total \$245,791,004	Earns. per share \$3.08 Nil \$2.76 \$1.65 a No provision required for taxes on income or undistributed profits.
omitted):	mounys they will underwrite follow (000	a No provision required for taxes on income or undistributed profits. b Includes \$83,000 Federal surtax on undistributed profits. c Amounts transferred from surplus to capital stock in connection with reorganization: Capital stock of Pillsbury Flour Mills Co. (Del.) issued, 549,225 shares (\$25 par), \$13,730,625; capital stock of Pillsbury Flour Mills, Inc., replaced by above, \$49,225 shares (no par), at designated value \$10,000,000; increase in stated amount of capital stock, \$3,730,625; capital and paid-in surplus applied thereto, \$1,570,445; remainder, being earned surplus applied thereto, \$2,160,179.
3½% Bonds De	4½% abens. Bonds Debens.	tion: Capital stock of Pillsbury Flour Mills Co. (Del.) issued, 549,225 shares (\$25 par), \$13,730,625; capital stock of Pillsbury Flour Mills, Inc.,
First Boston Corp 5.385	1,615 Hayden, Miller & Co \$385 \$115 1,615 Hayden, Stone & Co 615 185	replaced by above, 549,225 shares (no par), at designated value \$10,000,000; increase in stated amount of capital stock, \$3,730,625; capital and paid-in
Haisey, Stuart & Co., Inc. 4,615	1,615 Hemphill, Noyes & Co 615 185 1,385 J. J. B. Hilliard & Sons 77 23	surplus applied thereto, \$1,570,445; remainder, being earned surplus applied thereto, \$2,160,179.
Inc	Hornblower & Weeks 615 185 1,385 W. E. Hutton & Co 615 185	Consolidated Balance Sheet May 31
Mellon Securities Corp 2,692 Blyth & Co., Inc 2,807	808 Illinois Co. of Chicago 231 69 693 Jackson & Curtis 846 254	Assets— \$ 1938   Liabilities— \$ 2
Kidder, Peabody & Co 2,307 W. C. Langley & Co 2,307	693 Janney & Co	a Fixed plant 12.398.092 13.215.887 Capital stock 13.730.625 13.730.625
Shields & Co	693 Robert C. Jones & Co	b Moveable plant 435,666 451,600 Accts. payable and Cash 2,443,190 1,808,739 accr'd liabilities 1,007,605 934,319 U. S. Treas'y bills 3,700,000 100,000 Reserve for Fed. &
White, Wield & Co 2,307 E. W. Clark & Co 1,154	693 Kean, Taylor & Co 154 46 346 Laird, Bissell & Meeds 154	c Trade acets. rec_ 1,708,954 2,014,713 State taxes 500,000 50,000
Coffin & Burr, Inc 1,154 Goldman, Sachs & Co 1,154	346 McKubbin, Legg & Co 77 23	Bill of lading drafts under collection. 439,952 568,083 liab, arising from
Harris, Hall & Co 1.154	346 McDonald-Coolidge & Co. 77 23	Inventories 7,076,198 6,971,562 invalidation of d Other cur. funds 1,114,043 1,137,893 processing tax 1,114,043 1,137,893
Lazard Freres & Co 1,154 Lee Higginson Corp 1,154	346 Merrill, Turben & Co 308 92 346 The Milwaukee Co 77 23	Advances on grain purchases 93,613 85,933 Dividend payable. 219,690 219,690
Lehman Bros	346 Minsch, Moneil & Co 77 23 Mitchum, Tully & Co 154 46 346 Moore, Leonard & Lynch 231 69	Miscell acets rec. 605,263 331,940 Res. for conting's and insurance 800,000 800,000 Prepaid expenses. 235,895 256,077 Earned surplus 6,981,558 6,167,999
get, Inc	346 Morgan, Stanley & Co 4,615 1,385	Prepaid expenses 235,895 256,077 Earned surplus 6,981,558 6,167,999 Trade memb'ships,
A. C. Allyn & Co., Inc 385 Auchinciess, Parker & Red-	115 F. S. Moseley & Co 769 231 G. MP. Murphy & Co 385 115	sundry stks., &c. 102,651 80,161 Discount on bonds 142,660
path	23 W. H. Newbold's Son & Co. 846 254 69 Newhard, Cook & Co 77 23	Hydraulic rights 1 1 G'dwill, tr'marks,
Baker, Watts & Co	46 Newton, Abbe & Co 154 46 104 Pacific Co. of California 77 23	trade names, &c. 1 1
Biddle, Wheian & Co 846 Biair & Co 385	254 Paine, Webber & Co 385 115 115 Parrish & Co 77 23	Total 30,353,521 27,357,526 Total 30,353,521 27,357,526 a After deducting depreciation and maintenance of \$8,210,986 in 1939,
Blair, Bonner & Co 231 Bodell & Co 308	69 Arthur Perry & Co	and \$7,508,861 in 1938. b At depreciated value. c Less reserve for bad debts of \$100,000 in 1939, and \$175,000 in 1938. d Set aside pending
Boenning & Co	23 R. W. Pressprich & Co 385 115	settlement of undetermined liabilities, per contra. e From liquidated
Bosworth, Chanute, Lough- ridge & Co	23 Putnam & Co	settlement of undetermined liabilities, per contra. • From liquidated subsidiary, less reserve at estimated real amount. f Includes payment of \$400,000 due within one year.—V. 147, p. 2402.
Alex Brown & Sons 385 Burr, Gannett & Co 154	115 E. H. ollins & Sons, Inc. 769 231 46 L. F. Rothschild & Co. 308 92	Pollak Manufacturing Co.—Earnings—
H. M. Byllesby & Co., Inc. 615 Cassatt & Co	185 Schoellkopf, Hutton & 231 69	6 Months Ended June 30— 1939 1938 Income from sales \$1,000,540 \$1,050,127
William Cavalier & Co	23 Schroeder, Rockefeller & 104 Co	1,000,540   1,050,127   1,05
Clark, Dodge & Co 692 Curtiss, House & Co 77	208 Chas. W. Scranton & Co. 77 23 23 Signer, Deane & Scribner 231 69	Deductions from income, net
J. M. Dain & Co	23 Smith, Moore & Co 77 23 92 William R. Staats Co 308 92	Provision for Federal income taxes
Dominick & Dominick 615 Eastman, Dillon & Co 615	185 Starkweather & Co 231 69	Net profit for period \$86.075 \$74.749 Earned per share \$0.62
Edgar, Ricker & Co 154	185 Stein Bros. & Boyce	Cmoparative Balance Sheet
Equitable Securities Corp. 154	46 Stix & Co 77 23	Assets- June 30'39 Dec. 31 '38   Liabilities- June 30 '39 Dec. 31 '38
Ferris & Hardgrove 77	23 Swiss American Corp 385 115	on hand \$94.183 \$90.736 Federal & State
Field, Richards & Shepard, Inc	23 G. H. Walker & Co 231 69	made on contr. Accrued expenses,
First of Michigan Corp 231	23 Washburn & Co	completed & in process 65,239 120,497 Notes and loans 18,215 30,351
Foster & Co	23 Whiting, Weeks & Stubbs, 46 Inc	Inventories 281,026 204,042 payable, officers 42,632 Land, plant, ma-
Graham, Parsons & Co 769	231 Winthrop, Mitchell & Co 154 46 231 The Wisconsin Co 769 231	chinery & equip. 230,836 208,984 taxes and bonus Prepaid exps., &c. 8,154 8,029 payable in 1940. 33,364
Granbery, Marache & Lord 154 Green, Ellis & Anderson 192	46 Dean, Witter & Co 615 185 58 Wurts, Dulles & Co 77 23	x Common stock. 172,363 172,363 Surplus 297,619 211,544
Hale, Waters & Co 77 Hallgarten & Co 231	23 Yarnali & Co	Total \$679,438 \$632,288 Total \$679,438 \$632,288
Hawley, Huller & Co 231 -V. 149, p. 884.	69)	x Represented by 120,000 no par shares.—V. 147, p. 3772.
	one Corp.—Registers with SEC-	Portland Electric Power Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings—
Corporation on Aug. 8 filed	with the Securities and Exchange Com- No. 2-4155, Form A-2) under the Securities of 3¼% first mortgage bonds, due Aug. 1, 5 cum. preferred stock, (no par). ale of the securities, together with funds will be used to redeem on Oct. 1, 1939, at nortgage bonds, due 1965, and to redeem of 6% cumulative preferred stock. s and the amounts to be underwritten by New York, \$2,600,000 of bonds and 23,146 Webber & Co., New York, \$1,950,000 of red stock, and Mitchum, Tully & Co., Los is and 5,786 shares of preferred stock.	[Exclusive of Williamette Valley Ry. Co.] 6 Months Ended June 30— 1939 1938
Act of 1933 covering \$5,200,000	of 31/4% first mortgage bonds, due Aug. 1,	Green operating revenues \$6.761.149 \$6.399.228
The net proceeds from the sa	ale of the securities, together with funds	Operation         2,354,039         2,359,235           Maintenance         622,701         670,772           Provision for depreciation         699,814         684,701           8,702         684,701         682,701
05%, \$5,200,000 of 4% first n	nortgage bonds, due 1965, and to redeem	General taxes
The names of the underwriter	s and the amounts to be underwritten by	Net earnings from operations \$2,100,325 \$1,726,292 Other miscellaneous income (net) Dr3,357 Dr4,381
hares of preferred stock; Paine,	New York, \$2,000,000 of bonds and 23,146 Webber & Co., New York, \$1,950,000 of	
bonds and 17,360 shares of prefer Angeles, Calif., \$650,000 of bond	red stock, and Mitchum, Tully & Co., Los is and 5,786 shares of preferred stock.	Total net earns. before income deductions \$2,096,968 \$1,721,911 Income deductions of subsidiary companies 1,363,554 Int. on 6 % collateral trust income bonds 477,000 477,000 2763 202 203 202 203 202 203 203 203 203 20
		Int. on 6% collateral trust income bonds       477,000       477,000         Sundry income deductions       26,763       26,302
premium of 71/4% if redeemed of thereafter but on or before Aug	n or before Aug. 1, 1943; 6% if redeemed 1, 1, 1947; 5% if redeemed thereafter but	Net income\$229,651 loss\$207,003
on or before Aug. 1, 1951; 4% Aug. 1, 1955; 3% if redeemed t	if redeemed thereafter but on or before hereafter but on or before Aug. 1, 1959;	Consolidated Balance Sheet June 30
% if redeemed thereafter but of the hereafter but on or before Aug.	n or before Aug. 1, 1963; 1% if redeemed 1, 1965; 14% of 1% if redeemed thereafter	Accounts of Williamette Valley Ry. Co. are not consolidated herein
The preferred stock is redeem	nount and accrued int., together with a n or before Aug. 1, 1943; 6% if redeemed 1, 1947; 5% if redeemed thereafter but if redeemed thereafter but on or before hereafter but on or before Aug. 1, 1959; n or before Aug. 1, 1963; 1% if redeemed 1, 1965; ½% of 1% if redeemed thereafter and thereafter without premium. hable as a whole or in part upon not less are and accrued dividends.  prospectus states that it is intended to and the preferred stock. This is not an	Assets— \$ \$ Liabilities— \$ \$
han 30 days' notice at \$55 a sha To facilitate the offering, the	prospectus states that it is intended to	Non-util. prop. & Com. stk. (\$1 par) 176,785 170,785
ssurance, it states, that the pri	ces of these securities will be stabilized or	expends. for fu- ture developm't 2,908,324 2,911,695 Deferred liabilities 1,766,811 2,342,054
hat the stabilization, if commend	ed, may not be discontinued an any time.	Invs. in & receivile from affil. cos. 738,590 72,294 Eqpt. pur. obligs. 972,037 691,913
Inderwriting discounts or commis	ds and the preferred stock, as well as the ssions, will be furnished by amendment. General Telephone Corp.—V. 148, p. 1488.	Miscell. assets 2,042,700 2,711,082 Accounts payable. 351,703 442,547 Sink. fund & other Improvem't assets.
Pennsylvania Water &	Power Co.—Acquisition—	special deposits 220,043 7,088 payable 19,333 Accrued interest 5,743,596 4,757,244
Susquehanna Transmission Co	and Pennsylvania Transmission Co. have I Power Commission seeking authorization	def'd charges 501,603 574,956 Accrued taxes 920,799 844,250 Deferred credits 256,111 136,815
o sell all of their electric faciliti	es to their parent comapny, Pennsylvania	count & expense 3,897,295 4,122,057 Reserves10,600,263 9,684,200 Cash 925,454 347,528
Water & Power Co. Susquehanna will receive from	its parent company for the sale of all of its	Notes & acets. rec. (net) 1,195,320 1,048,488
all of its outstanding bonds, cons	ting of five shares of \$100 par value, and isting of \$267,000 first 5s of 1934.	Materials & suppr s 100,002 148,020
tanding capital stock with a par	ill receive from the parent company out- value of \$572.900 and the parent company t indebtedness.—V. 149, p. 885.	Total97,110,625 95,833,482 Total97,110,625 95,833,482
war cancer \$118,994 open accoun	indebicumes v. 149, p. 889.	-V. 148, p. 3081.

1036	I ne Commerc	ciai d
Portland General Electri 6 Months Ended June 30— Gross operating revenues	c Co.—Earnings—  1939 \$5,124,092 \$4,7	938 85,928
6 Months Ended June 30— Gross operating revenues Operation Maintenance Provision for depreciation General taxes	1,392,908 1,3 286,117 3 430,086 4 840,673 8	938 (85,928 (48,483 (13,313 (11,743 (04,890
Net earnings from operations Other miscellaneous income (net)		07,499 Dr40
Total net earnings	\$2,172,207 \$1,90 bilat. notes) 1,164,972 1,1 120,738 1	07,459 79,714 59,690
Net income	\$886,497 \$5	68,055
2222		1938
Assets—  \$ 1939 1938 Utility plant65,682,592 64,719,406 Non-util. prop. & expendit. for future developm't. 2,073,900 2,071,964		
Invests. in & rec. from affil. cos 946,053 317,427 Miscell. assets 1,510,840 2,159,316 Sink. fund & other		616 137,081 304,472
special deposits_         217,343         4,438           Prepd. accts. and deferred charges         485,854         545,735	ments payable 2,155 Accrued interest 594,190 Accrued taxes 772,305	594,242 726,932
Unamort. debt dis- count & expense 3,379,717 3,555,955 Cash	Deferred credits. 184,458 Reserves. 4,648,102 3,0	65,551 987,733
(net)	a manual s	
Total76,966,788 75,399,051 a Represented by 236,819 no par		399,051
Postal Telegraph & Cabl		Near-
ing Completion— The recent action of the New Yor	k P. S. Commission in approvi	ng the
The recent action of the New Yor transfer of certain securities and prope clears the way for consummation of proved by the Federal Court for the has been announced jointly by the Lehman of Lehman Brothers and Co. Inc., which are sponsoring the that of the Federal Communication	erties in the corporation reorganithe plan of reorganization alreate Southern District of New York of two committees headed by leading Stawart of Frank B.	zation dy ap- ork, it Robert
Co. Inc., which are sponsoring the that of the Federal Communication	plan. This approval, togethe is Commission in Washington,	with is all
that was necessary to carry out the ("No stay of consummation has appeal of the Commercial Cable Sta of the Cable company," the joint and Stewart committees have not	been granted in connection with ffs Association, a labor organical appropriate the connection of the c	th the
and Stewart committees have not; or not to defer or to what extent to de a final disposition of the employees' a 'Hearings starting Aug. 4 before	ser consummation of the plan be	ending
to look into the financial set-ups of	the various companies do not	affect
The two committees, the only grou are acting for holders of the corpo gold bonds due July 1, 1953, and stock due July 1, 1953.—V. 149, p. 4	ps participating in the reorganization's 25-year collateral trus 5-year collateral trust 5% deb 586.	ation, st 5% enture
Puget Sound Power & Li	ght Co. (& Subs.)—Ear	ninas
Period End. June 30     1939 — Mo       Operating revenues     \$1,346,432       Operation     467,733       Maintenance     78,993       Taxes     208,382	*1,231 015 *16,194,720 *16,3 450,510 5,519,017 5,8 87,829 1,042,115 1,2 177,365 2,275,431 2,2	1938 77,509 16,867 24,664 33,038
Net oper. revenues \$591,324 Non-oper. income (net). Dr10,674		02 940 16,125
Balance \$580,650 Interest & amortization 311,463	\$503,291 \$7,195,581 \$6,7	86,815 51,137
Balance \$269,187 Appropriations for retirement reserve		35,678 74,944
Prior preference dividend requiremen	\$1,949,651 \$1,40 ts 550,000 5	80,734 50,000
BalancePreferred dividend requirements	\$1,399,651	10,734
Balance, deficit		73,235
Pullman Co.—Earnings—		
Period End. June 30- 1939-Mon	ar and Auxiliary Operations] uth—1938 1939—6 Mos.—1	938
Sleeping car operations: Total revenues \$5,088,614 Total expenses 4,513,873	\$5,223,018 \$29,681,743 \$29,68 4,350,621 26,322,370 26,94	88,965 15,993
Net revenue \$574,741 Auxiliary operations:		2,972
Total revenues \$167,826 Total expenses 146,352	\$157,547 138,215 \$1,055,894 \$1,06 858,639 \$1,06	06,239 54,055
Net revenue \$21,474		52,184
Total net revenue \$596,215 Taxes accrued 417,490	\$891.729 \$3,556,628 \$2,86 394,355 2,239,496 2,02	35,155 $21,053$
Operating income \$178,725 -V. 149, p. 422.	\$497,374 \$1,317,131 \$84	14.102
Purity Bakeries Corp. (&		
Period— July 15 '39   \$484,661	July 16 '38 July 15 '39 July \$276,112 \$874,300 \$46	16 '38 32,417
z_Earnings per share \$0.62 y After interest, depreciation, Fe z On 771,476 shares common stock (n	\$0.36 \$1.13	\$0.60
Radio Corp. of America (	& Subs.)—Earnings—	
Period End. June 30— 1939—3 M Gross inc. from oper\$23,170,665 Other income	0s.—1938 \$22,452,294 \$48,041,641 \$44,93 248,472	938 11,463 22,842
	\$22,623,736 \$48,290,113 \$45,25 20,033,832 43,530,176 39,84	54,305 13,853
Net income before int., depreciation, &c \$1,933,624 Interest 26,200	\$2,589,903 \$4,759,937 \$5,41	0.452
depreciation, &c	940,747 1,782,834 1,81 150,000 300,000 30	7,463 3,132 0,000 5,100
Net profit \$724,091 Preferred dividends 805,289	\$1,086,955 \$2,172,201 \$2,52	4,756 1,684
Balance for com. stk_ def\$81,198		3,072
Earns. per share on com. (13,881,016 shares) Nil —V. 148, p. 2912.	\$0.02 \$0.04	\$0.07

Radio-Keith-Orpheum Corp.—Atlas May Underwrite New R. K. O. Stock Plan

Floyd B. Odlum, President of Atlas Co., has expressed his willingness at any time within 60 days to underwrite new R-K-O stock to the extent necessary to secure the \$1.500,000 called for under the reorganization plan, Col. Hamilton C. Rickaby, representing Atlas, announced July 31. While no price has as yet been indicated for the stock, it is believed that \$4 a share will be close to the figure at which it will be sold.

Col. Rickaby's announcement was made at the hearing in reorganization of R-K-O creditors and their counsel in the Federal Bldg., at which they were advised by Col. Rickaby that a certificate of incorporation for the new R-K-O company has been filed at Wilmington, Del.—V. 149, p. 886.

Rapid City Black Hills & Western RR .- Financial Readjustment-

Readjustment—
The Interstate Commerce Commission on July 19 granted authority to the company in furtherance of a proposed financial readjustment,

(1) To modify not exceeding \$274,500 of outstanding 1st mtge, bonds, pursuant to the provisions of an extension agreement dated May 1, 1939, between the company and the owners and holders of all these bonds, by extending the maturity date for 30 years from May 1, 1939, and by reducing the interest rate for the extended period from 5 to 3½%; and

(2) To issue capital stock, pursuant to a contract and agreement dated May 3, 1939, between the company and the holders of certain securities, in the total amount of not exceeding \$397.871, consisting of 3.978 71-100 shares (par \$100), and necessary fractional scrip, of which \$109,800 is to be class A 1st pref., to be exchanged for unpaid interest coupons on 1st mtge, bonds on a dollar-for-dollar basis, \$205.765 is to be class B 2d pref. stock, to be exchanged for presently outstanding pref. stock on a dollar-for-dollar basis, and \$82,306 is to be common stock, to be issued to holders of presently outstanding pref. stock on the basis of one share of common for each 2½ shares of pref., in exchange for the cancellation of the right to dividends accumulated and unpaid on such stock.—V. 124, p. 502.

Red Rock Bottlers, Inc.—New Issue Sold—Satterfield & Lohrke, members of the New York Stock Exchange, announce the sale of 20,000 shares of common stock (par \$1) at \$3.50 per share. This offering is in addition to 10,000 shares recently placed at the same price by another underwriting house. writing house.

The company has an authorized capital of \$500,000 represented by 250,000 shares of common stock (par \$1) and 2,500 shares of 6% cumulative preferred stock (par \$100). Upon completion of this financing there will be 210,000 shares of common stock and 800 shares of preferred stock outstanding. The common stock is traded in the over-the-counter market. Company, a Georgia corporation, is the distributor of Red Rock Cola and other Red Rock soft drink concentrates.

The company, under its franchise agreements, develops allotted sales territory through the granting of sub-franchises to bottlers for exclusive bottling rights of Red Rock labeled products in their respective territories.

—V. 149, p. 422.

Republic Petroleum Co.—Earnings—

Earnings for 6 Months Ended June 30, 1939 Operating revenue Operating and general expenses	\$275,338 104,943
Profitx Profit from subsidiaries	\$170,395 44,619
Total. Loss on sale of capital assets. Other expense, net of other income Provision for depletion and depreciation Taxes.	11,703 7,479 106,643
Net profit Earnings per share  x Increased \$5.840 by inclusion of oil inventories not previo into account.—V. 148, p. 3241.	\$0.17

Rhine-Westphalia Eleltric Power Corp.-Notes Called All of the outstanding 7% secured gold notes, due Feb. 1, 1936, extended to Feb. 1, 1941 have been called for redemption on Sept. 9 at par and accrued interest. Payment will be made at the National City Bank of New York.—V. 144, p. 1975.

Riverside & Dan River Cotton Mills	s, Inc.—E	Carnings-
First 6 Months of— Income—from sales, rents, &c Discounts and allowances	\$9,590,608 156,838	\$6,489,061 109,969
Net income. Raw materials, labor, expense & supplies, &c Depreciation. Reserve for income taxes.	\$9,433,769 8,862,273 500,000 13,000	\$6,379,092 6,629,805 500,000
Net profit	\$58,496	loss\$750,713

# Rochester Capital Corp.—Merger-See Chemical Fund, Inc.—V. 148, p. 289.

Rustless Iron & Steel Corp.-Loan Voted-

Preferred stockholders Aug. 8 voted at a special meeting in Baltimore to authorize directors to negotiate a loan of \$1,750,000, of which \$1,300,000 will be required for plant additions, \$250,000 for bank loans maturing this year and \$200,000 for additional working capital.—V. 149, p. 887.

St. Joseph Water Co.—Earnings-

Earnings for the 12 Months Ended June 30, 1939 Total operating revenues Operating and other expenses	\$546,015 250,168
Gross income from operationsOther income	\$295,848 837
Gross income	\$296,685 104,000 2,844 2,077 22,345 3,666
Net income	\$161,752

St. Louis-San Francisco Ry.-Interest-

By an order entered June 15, 1939, by the U. S. District Court for the Eastern District of Missouri, Eastern Division, the trustees were authorized to pay interest accruing to Sept. 1, 1939, on the general mortgage 4% bonds and the income 5% bonds of Kansas City Memphis & Birmingham RR...as follows: On general mortgage 4% bonds interest aggregating.....On income 5% bonds interest aggregating.....

Making a total aggregate amount of int. on both classes of bonds\_\$156,010 Making a total aggregate amount of int. on both classes of bonds.\$156,010 Pursuant to the order of the Court, the trustees will pay interest on the bonds at the office of C. W. Michel, Eastern Representative. 120 Broadway, (Room 1950), N. Y. City, on and after Sept. 1, 1939, but only upon presentation of such bonds so that an appropriate endorsement may be stamped thereon indicating the payment of such interest, in amounts as follows: (a) On general mortgage 4% bonds—\$10 on each \$500 bond, and \$20 on each \$1,000 bond.

(b) On the assented and unassented income 5% bonds—\$12.50 on each \$500 bond, and \$25 on each \$1,000 bond.—V. 149, p. 744.

San Diego Conso	lidated C	as & Ele	ctric Co	-Earnings
Years Ended June 30-			1939	1938
Operating revenues			\$8,620,404	\$8,223,922
Operation			2 000 464	3,007,327
Maintenance and repairs			663.704	578.784
Depreciation			1,360,000	1,315,000
Amortization of limited-to	erm investme	nts	1.030.829	1.234.337
Taxes Provision for Federal inco	me taxes		284,458	194,892
Net operating income			\$2,181,488	\$1,893,581
Other income			451	727
Gross income Interest on funded debt Amortization of debt disc			\$2,181,940	\$1,894,308
Interest on funded debt			620,000	620,000
Amortization of debt disc	ount and exp	ense	61,954	61,954
Other interest (net)			672	Cr39,094 3,700
Miscellaneous deductions			7,620	3,700
Net income Earned surplus, beginning			\$1,491,694	\$1,247,748 2,054,254
Earned surplus, beginning	of period		2,045,434	2,054,254
Adjustment for taxes, pri	or year		Cr60,347	
Total surplus			\$3,597,475	.\$3,302,002
Preferred stock dividends			440 475	440,475
Common stock dividends.			802,600	802,600
Miscellaneous (net) charge	es		21,462	13,493
Earned surplus, end of p —V. 149, p. 588.	period		\$2,332,938	\$2,045,434
Savannah Electr	ic & Pow	er CoE	Carnings-	
Period End. June 30-	1939-Mon	th-1938	1939-12 A	fos.—1938
Operating revenues	\$193.526	\$177,584	\$2,285,966	\$2,224,184
Operation	69,065	66,589	801,272	861.720
Maintenance	12,305	10.436	129,773	117,206
Taxes	24,989	24,032	293,900	117,206 261,210
Net oper. revenues	\$87,166	\$76.527	\$1.061.021	\$984,049
Non-oper. income (net).	1,865	Dr628	Dr8,835	2,482
Balance	\$89,031	\$75.899	\$1,052,185	\$986,530
Interest & amortization.	31,466	32,374	376,326	378,975
Balance	\$57,565	\$43,525	\$675,859	\$607,555
Appropriations for retires	ment reserve		268,560	249,167
Balance			\$407,300	\$358,389
Balance Debenture dividend requi	rements		149,115	149,115
Balance			\$258,185	\$209,274
Preferred dividend require	ements		60,000	60,000
Balance for common div V. 149, p. 423.	ridends and s	surplus	\$198,185	\$149,274
			, n.	

Schenley Distillers Corp.—Retires Some Pref. Stock—Corporation announced that it had retired 2,900 shares of its outstanding 5½% cumulative preferred stock, pursuant to the requirements of subdivision 2 of article fourth of the certificate of incorporation.

The purchase price for the \$290,000 of par value stock was \$204,081, which resulted in an addition to surplus of \$85,919. The shares were purchased in the open market. The sale leaves outstanding 173,350 shares of the firm's preferred stock.

Amendment to the certificate of incorporation was filed at the corporation office in Wilmington, Del., on Aug. 1, 1939.—V. 148, p. 2604.

6 Mos. End. June 30— Interest and dividends Net profit on secs. sold	1939 \$119,157 48,929	\$110,639 6,500	\$162,795 109,085	1936 \$144,006
Total profitExp., int. & reservation	\$168,086	\$117,139	\$271,880	\$144,006
for partic. payments Fed. inc. & cap. stk. tax Taxes on foreign divs	$17,587 \\ 11,793 \\ 269$	18,831 5,300 316	33,429 *4,500 720	20,106 33,900 179
Net profit Dividends declared	\$138,437 78,125	\$92,692 78,412	\$233,231 119,979	\$89,821 79,983
Surplus X Capital stock tax only	\$60,312	\$14,280	\$113,252	\$9,838

Condensed Balance Sheet June 30, 1939

Assets—Securities, at quoted market prices, \$4.319.554: stock in 7 suburban banks, \$1,600,051; notes and accrued interest receivable, \$38,918 cash, \$535,692: total, \$6.494.215.

Liabilities—Reserved for taxes, \$16.672; common shares of no par value, \$5,000.000; capital surplus, \$2.175.305; unrealized depreciation of securities, other than bank stocks, Dr\$696,762; total, \$6,494,215.—V. 148, p. 2444.

Simmonds Saw & Steel Co.—Dividend Increased—
Directors have declared a dividend of 40 cents per share on the common stock, no par value, payable Sept. 15 to holders of record Aug. 26. This compares with 20 cents paid on June 15 last; 10 cents on March 15 last; 60 cents paid on Dec. 15, 1938; 10 cents on Sept. 15 and on June 15, 1938, and a dividend of 20 cents paid on March 15, 1938.—V. 149, p. 888.

Sioux City Gas & Electric Co.—Ear	nings-	
12 Months Ended June 30— Operating revenues Non-operating revenues (net)	\$3,085,671 37,180	\$3,018,283 52,772
Total gross earnings Operation Maintenance Provision for depreciation General taxes Federal and State income taxes	1.075,650 $115,471$ $372,709$	\$3,071,056 1,077,811 149,809 345,541 388,120 107,410
Net earnings	410,983 5,651 99,087	\$1,002,364 415,500 6,049 99,748 Cr379
Net income	\$514,452	\$481,446
Sioux City Service Co.—Earnings— 12 Months Ended June 30— Operating revenues Non-operating revenues (net)	1939 \$462,123 4,002	1938 \$473,627 4,202
Total gross earnings Operation Maintenance Provision for depreciation Taxes	271,029 72,134 47,754	\$477,830 264,304 82,701 47,833 53,694
Net earnings	\$34,226 53,633 2,504	\$29,298 55,547 2,596
Net loss	\$21,911	\$28,844

Siscoe Gold Mines, Ltd.—July Recovery Company reports July recovery of \$164,484 from a total of 18,472 tons milled, indicating an average recovery of \$8.90 per ton. This compares with \$157,211 in June when average recovery was \$8.77 per ton and with \$194,096 when average recovery was \$11.25 per ton in July, 1938.—V. 149, p. 423.

Skelly Oil Co. (&	Subs.)-	-Earnings-	-	
Period End. June 30— Gross earnings Operating expenses	1939-3 M		1939-12 A	\$39,536,264
Operating incomeOther income	\$1,831,165 234,375	\$2,293,335 217,376	\$6,801,024 1,051,873	\$12,210,057 1,037,788
Total income  Non-operating charges Interest charges Deprec. & depletion, &c. Federal and State income taxes	\$2,065,539 68,448 98,893 1,304,661 75,700	\$2,510,712 85,743 112,606 1,606,392 92,500	\$7,852,897 320,422 436,943 4,798,501 168,300	\$13.247,845 313,476 456,815 7,985,990 160,900
Net profitShs. common stock out-	£517,838	\$613,471	\$2,128,731	\$4,330,670
standing (par \$15) Earns. per sh. on cap. stk —V. 148, p. 2914.	995,348 \$0.42	995,348 \$0.52	995,348 \$1.75	995,348 \$3.95

Socony-Vacuum Oil Co., Inc.—Listing— The New York Stock Exchange has authorized he listing of \$50,000,000 25-year 3% debentures, due July 1, 1964.—V. 149, p. 888.

Solvay American Corp.—Notes Called—
This company on June 30, last, decided to redeem on July 31, last, all of the outstanding 15-year 4% secured notes due March 15, 1954 at 102½ and accrued interest. Payment was made at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co. It is understood that the company obtained funds to retire the notes (approximately \$12,755,000 outstanding) through bank loans. See also V. 148, p. 2606, 1819.

Soss Manufacturing Co	Earnings	_	
6 Months Ended June 30— Gross profit on sales	1939 \$144,744 56,280	1938 \$31,174 42,219	1937 \$296,563 54,314
Net operating profit Miscellaneous other income	\$88,464 720	loss\$11,045 564	\$242,249 3,403
Net profit_ Provision for Federal taxes	\$89.184 16.053	loss\$10,480	\$245,652 48,000
Net profit	\$73,131	loss\$10,480	\$197,652

Balance Sheet June 30, 1939 Assets—Cash in banks and on hand, \$463,501; accounts receivable (trade) less reserve for doubtful accounts, \$44,827; miscellaneous accounts receivable, \$903; merchandise inventories, \$57,479; machinery, equipment, &c. at cost (net), \$155,467; prepaid expenses, \$5.548; officers' life insurance, at cash surrender value, \$13,560; total, \$741,284.

Liabilities—Accounts payable (trade), \$35,698; accrued liabilities \$9,134; reserve for Federal taxes, \$22,673; capital stock (common) 195,000 shares of \$1 par value, authorized, all issued, \$195,000; paid-in surplus, \$18,294; carned surplus, \$460,486; total, \$741,284.—V. 148, p. 3543.

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Southern Colorado Fower Co.—Euri	tings-	
Years Ended June 30— Operating revenues Operation Maintenance and repairs Appropriation for retirement reserve Taxes Prov. for Federal and State income taxes	\$2,385,640 840,383 121,225 300,000 334,420 65,070	\$2,328,511 838,431 135,177 300,000 340,673 46,358
Net operating incomeOther income	\$724,541 934	\$667,872 576
Gross income Interest on funded debt Amortization of debt discount and expense Other interest (net). Miscellaneous deductions	\$725,475 409,698 34,174 11,538 6,603	\$668,448 410,668 34,255 12,979 4,603
Net income	\$263,462	\$205,942

Southern Colorado Power Co.—Accumulated Dividend—Directors have declared a dividend of \$1 per share on account of accumulations on the 7% cumulative preferred stock, par \$100, payable Sept. 15 to holders of record Aug. 31. Similar amount was paid in preceding quarters.—V. 149, p. 589.

to holders of record Aug. 31. Similar amount was paid in preceding quarters.—V. 149, p. 589.

Southern Ry.—To Issue Equip. Trust Certificates—
The company has asked authority of the Interstate Commerce Commission to issue \$400,000 of equipment-trust certificates, DD series.

None of the certificates authorized by the ICC's order of Oct. 27, 1938, have yet been issued or sold to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation. This was due to the fact that at the time of the order the company was only able to make a cash payment of \$36,000 from its treasury on the \$536,000 purchase price of the equipment to be secured by equipment trust certificates. Since that date the Southern's finances have improved so that it is now able to make a payment of \$100,000, thereby reducing to \$400,000 the principal amount of trust certificates necessary to be sold to finance the equipment, and the Southern has ascertained that it could sell the certificates through private channels on a substantially lower basis than 4%, which is the interest rate if sold to the RFC. The RFC has agreed to cancel its commitment and the Southern asked bids from 16 investment houses, to which five bids representing seven firms were subsmitted.

The highest bid was received from Blyth & Co., Inc., 100.0791 for certificates bearning 2%, or a basis of approximately 1.985%. The Southern has accepted this bid subject to ICC approval.

Other bids were from Salomon Brothers & Hutzler, Dick & Merle Smith, Stroud & Co., 100.002% for 2% certificates; Harriman Ripley & Co., Inc., 100.101 for 2½% certificates; Evenma & Co., 99.5378 for the 2%, and 100.5378 for 2½% certificates; Evenma & Co., 99.5378 for the 2%, and 100.5378 for 2½% certificates; Evenma & Co., 99.5378 for the 2%, and 100.5378 for 2½% certificates; Evenma & Co., 90.5378 for the 2%, and 100.5378 for 2½% certificates; Evenma & Co., 99.5378 for the 2%, and 100.5378 for 2½% certificates; Evenma & Co., 90.5378 for the 2%, and 100.5378 for 2½% certificates; Evenma & Co., 90.5378 for the 2%, and 100.5378 for 2½

	Per. End. June 30— Operating revenues Uncollectible oper. rev	1939—Mos \$7,754,818 31,488	**************************************	1939—6 A \$45,896,449 189,683	fos.—1938 3 \$43,584,615 190,238
	x Operating revenues_	\$7,723,330	\$7,311,224	\$45,706,766	\$43,394,377
	Operating expenses	4,971,294	4,693,052	29,114,679	28,159,828
	Net oper. revenues	\$2,752,036	\$2,618,172	\$16,592,087	\$15,234,549
	Operating taxes	1,048,039	988,245	6,232,937	5,787,370
1	Net oper. income	\$1,703,997 1,506,434	\$1,629,927 1,522,375	\$10,359,150 8,941,797	\$9,447,179 8,565,291

Sperry Corp.—To Pay \$1 Dividend— Directors on Aug. 8 declared a dividend of \$1 per share on the common stock voting trust certificates payable Aug. 25 to holders of record Aug. 18. Similar payment was made on Dec. 19, 1938, and dividends of 60 cents were paid on July 29, 1938; Dec. 22 and Sept. 9, 1937.—V. 148, p. 3389.

	1939 \$2,577,415	1938 \$2,509,358
Operating expenses	1,258,849	1,242,134
Maintenance	57,550	61,049
Depreciation	206,374 211,369	186,329
General taxesFederal income taxes	79,695	198,632 60,856
Net operating income	\$763,579	\$760,354
Non-operating income	7,540	7,285
Gross income	\$771.119	\$767.639
Subsidiary companies: interest charges	1,558	1,466
Interest on 1st mtge. 20-year sinking fund 6% bonds	285,421	286,569
Interest on 7% notes	$\frac{60,900}{27,773}$	60,900
Other interest	2,961	$21,947 \\ 2,961$
Net income	\$392,505	\$393,796
Consolidated Balance Sheet June 30	1939	
Assets- Liabilities-		
Miscellaneous investments. 2,182 6% pref. stock	(\$50 par)	311,950
Miscellaneous investments 2,182 6% pref. stock	(\$50 par) (\$4 par)	311,950 200,000
Miscellaneous investments	(\$50 par) (\$4 par) ble	311,950 200,000 72,583
Miscellaneous investments	(\$50 par) (\$4 par) ble nent purchase yable	311,950 200,000 72,583 38,166
Miscellaneous investments	(\$50 par) (\$4 par) ble ment purchase yable	311,950 200,000 72,583 38,166 1,001
Miscellaneous investments	(\$50 par) (\$4 par) ble ent purchase yable coupons st on funded	311,950 200,000 72,583 38,166 1,001
Miscellaneous investments	(\$50 par) (\$4 par) ble ent purchase yable e coupons st on funded	311,950 200,000 72,583 38,166 1,001 15,225
Miscellaneous investments	(\$50 par) (\$4 par) ble	311,950 200,000 72,583 38,166 1,001 15,225 14,190
Miscellaneous investments	(\$50 par) (\$4 par) ble ent purchase yable coupons st on funded erest insur., &c	311,950 200,000 72,583 38,166 1,001 15,225 14,190
Miscellaneous investments. 2,182 Sash 69,249 Accounts receivable 224,479 Notes receivable 500 Inventories 152,141 Special deposits 448 Prepaid expenses and deferred charges 78,331  Terred charges 500 Inventories 78,331  Terred charges 6% pref. stock 69,249 Accounts pays Secured equipm contracts pays 64,331  Accrued intered debt. 78,331  Other accr. int Accrued taxes, Secured equipm contracts pays 64,331	(\$50 par) (\$4 par)	311,950 200,000 72,583 38,166 1,001 15,225 14,190 168,662 29,110
Miscellaneous investments	(\$50 par) (\$4 par) ble ent purchase yable e coupons st on funded erest insur., &c ent purchase yable d line exten-	311,950 200,000 72,583 38,166 1,001 15,225 14,190 168,662 29,110
Miscellaneous investments	(\$50 par) (\$4 par) ble cent purchase yable coupons st on funded erest insur., &c eat purchase yable d line exten	311,950 200,000 72,583 38,166 1,001 15,225 14,190 168,662 29,110
Miscellaneous investments	(\$50 par)	311,950 200,000 72,583 38,166 1,001 15,225 14,190 168,662 29,110
Miscellaneous investments	(\$50 par)	311,950 200,000 72,583 38,166 1,001 15,225 14,190 168,662 29,110 172,706 382,542 609
Miscellaneous investments	(\$50 par) (\$4 par) ble cent purchase yable coupons st on funded erest insur cent purchase yable d line exten- d companies	311,950 200,000 72,583 38,166 1,001 15,225 14,190 168,662 29,110 172,706 382,542 6009 1,114,282
Miscellaneous investments	(\$50 par)	311,950 200,000 72,583 38,166 1,001 15,225 14,190 168,662 29,110 172,706 382,542 609 1,114,282 89,733 910,202

Spiegel, Inc.—Sales—
Net sales for the month of July, 1939, were \$2,468.872, compared with \$2,739,286 for July, 1938, and show a decrease of 9.87%.
Net sales for the first seven months of 1939 were \$25,493,116, compared with \$24,214,621 for the same period in 1938, which is an increase of 5.28%.—V. 149, p. 424.

Standard Gas & Electric Co.—Weekly Output—
Electric output of the public utility operating companies in the Standard Gas & Electric Co. system for the week ended Aug. 5, 1939, totaled 114,-360,435 kilowatch-hours, an increase of 11% compared with the corresponding week last year.—V. 149, p. 889.

Standard Oil Co. of California-Earnings- 
 Period End. June 30—
 1939—3 Mos.—1938
 1939—6 Mos.—1938

 Operating income.
 \$8.803.457
 \$14.344.380
 \$16.881.312
 \$27,406.318

 Dividends
 229.612
 239.667
 487.351

 Other non-oper.inc. (net)
 189.383
 140.938
 344.876
 314.541
 Net profit \$3,891.587 \$8,282,949 \$7,117.604 \$15,413.435 Earnings per share \$0.29 \$0.64 \$0.54 Arabian Oil Concession Extended—

Arabian Oil Concession Extended—

New oil concencessions granted by Saudi Arabia to the company were reported this week.

To an original concession agreement made in May, 1933, and covering 185,000 square miles, the contracting parties added an additional 89,041 square miles on July 21 last, subject to the terms of the original agreement and good for 60 years. The California Arabian Standard Oil Co., which made the agreement, is owned jointly by Standard Oil Co. of Calif. and the Texas Co.

The company is paying the Government of Saudi Arabia \$1,156,400 and agrees to pay \$165,200 yearly rental until commercial discovery in the new areas or until surrender of rights, the statement read. The company also is obligated to "deliver substantial quantities of gasoline and kerosene to the Saudi Arabia Government during each year of the concession."

New areas involved include one in South Arabia adjoining the North Saudi Arabia boundary and the original concession on the west, one in North Saudi Arabia adjoining the North Saudi Arabia boundary and the original concession's west boundary. Also included are the Saudi Arab interest in the Saudi Arab-Koweit neutral zone and the Saudi Arab-Iraq neutral zone.—V. 148, p. 3084.

Standard Oil Co. of Kansas—Stricken from Listing and

Standard Oil Co. of Kansas-Stricken from Listing and Registration-

The capital stock (\$10 par) has been stricken from listing and registra-tion on the New York Stock Exchange. Application of the Exchange to strike the above issue from listing and registration has been granted by the Securities and Exchange Commission.—V. 149, p. 899.

Standard Produc	ts Co., In	c. (& Sub	s.)—Earn	ings-
Years End. June 30—	1939	1938	1937	1936
x Net profit————————————————————————————————————	\$358.056	\$30,949	\$634,643	\$738,319
* After charges, deprec.	\$1.19	\$0.10	\$2.11	\$2.46
profits.—V. 148, p. 3700.	Federal inc	ome taxes &	surtax on un	distributed

* After charges, deprec., Federal in profits.—V. 148, p. 3700.	come taxes &	k surtax on u	ndistributed
Sterchi Bros. Stores, Inc. 6 Months Ended June 30— Net sales. Cost of goods sold & operating exps. General & administrative expenses. x Income charges & credits (net).	1939 \$2,693,106 2,343,783 34,091	1938 \$2,291,896 2,120,783 32,840	1937 \$2,837,163 2,436,910 33,176 91,527
Net profit (before prov. for Federal inc. & undistributed profits taxes) Surplus Jan. 1. Increase in surplus arising from purch. of 6% cum. 1st pref. stk. & 5% non-cum. 2d pref. stock. Prior year adjustment.	\$162,634 713,701	\$50,764 1,331,792 18,202	\$275,551 1,172,780 17,255 1,485
Total Dividends paid—6% cum. 1st pref. dividends 5% non-cum. 2nd pref. divs Prior year adjustment	\$876,335 33,945 2,773	\$1,400,758 34,872 377	\$1.467.070 37.488 12.496
Surplus June 30	\$0.39	\$1,365,510 Nil s and uncolle	\$0.76

Condensed Balance Sheet as at June 30, 1939 Assets—Cash, \$96,350; accounts and notes receivable (net), \$3,246,037; inventories, \$962,481; life insurance (cash surrender value), \$35,318; investments and sundry assets, \$16,030; furniture and fixtures, automobiles,

trucks, &c., (at cost less depreciation), \$76,888; improvements to leased property (at cost less amortization), \$84,383; deferred charges, \$41,601; total, \$4,559,088.

\*\*Liabitities\*\*—Notes payable\*\*—banks, \$485,000; accounts payable\*\*—trade, \$254,742; accrued expenses, &c., \$96,292; Federal income and undistributed profits taxes payable, \$14,082; reserve for contingencies, \$176,944; 6% cumulative first preferred stock (\$50 par), \$1,122,000; 5% non-cumulative second preferred (\$20 par), \$438,720; common stock, (298,108 shares no par), \$298,108; capital surplus, \$833,582; earned surplus, \$839,618; total \$4,559,088.—V. 149, p. 424.

Staten Island Edison Corp.—Application Withdrawn—An order has been issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission consenting to the withdrawal by the corporation of its application (File 32-109) filed under the Holding Company Act in connection with the issue and sale of a \$3,000,000 3¼% 5-year note. The order was issued at the request of the corporation.—V. 148, p. 1041.

Sterling Products, Inc. (& Subs.) - Earnings-

Period End. June 30— 1939—3 Mos.—1938 1939—6 Mos. x Net profit \$2,382,168 \$2,088,328 \$5,310,053 \$4. Shares of capital stock 1,712,877 1,705,150 1,712,877 1, Earnings per share \$1.39 \$1.22 \$3.10 x After charges, depreciation and Federal income taxes.—V. 148, p. 3084.

Stewart-Warner Corp. (Va.) (& Subs.)-Earnings-1938 \$2,235,479 2,136,861 438,211 \$4,233,199 1,943,566 380,746 \$1,227,842 10,399 **x\$**339,593 Dr53,718 x\$393,310 \$1,820,543 278,622 \$270,182 69,921 Net profit\_\_\_\_\_\_ Prov. for Fed. inc. tax\_\_\_ Net profit carried to surplus Earnings per share

	Consol	idated Bala	nce Sheet June 30		
	1939	1938	1	1939	1938
Assets—		8	Liabilities-		
Cash in banks and			Bank loans	400,000	
on hand	1,179,735	782,317	Pur. money oblig.	180.000	240,000
Aceta, & notes re-			Accounts payable.		478.055
ceivable, less res.			Acer. taxes, wages,		
Inventories			royalties, &c	897.149	1.076.958
		0,000,120	Pur. mon. oblig's		1,010,000
Supplies, prepaid		****			60,000
expense, &c		522,243		60,000	00,000
Non - current re-			Res. for pos. loss		
celvables, &c	90,771	96,992	on pat. claims		
Due from empl's		16.113	Res. for cap. losses	750,000	750,000
Land & bldgs. not		4.4.3.2	Res. for product		
used in opera'ns		819,480		283,019	233,206
Plant & equip. at		0101100	Res. for poss. loss	200,010	,
cost, less reserve		6,756,320		190 000	17,354
		0,730,020		6,209,235	
Patents, licenses,			Com. stk. (\$5 par)		
goodwill, &c	1	1	Capital surplus	5,447,834	
			Earned surplus	3,055,011	2,755,763
Total	18,500,729	18,407,561	Total	18,500,729	18,407,561
V 148 p 2607				Marie Branco	

Studebaker Corp.—Sales—
July sales were the largest for any July since 1929, Paul G. Hoffman, President, announced on Aug. 11. Factory sales of 6,423 units last month were an increase of 85.8% over July, 1938. Factory sales for the first seven months of the year amounted to 59,599 passenger cars and trucks compared with 23,934 in the corresponding period last year and with 52,605 units sold in all of 1938.

Retail deliveries in the United States in July amounted to 7,916 compared with 3,137 in the same month last year. For the first seven months of the year, retail deliveries of 45,909 compared with 21,955 for the parallel months of 1938.—V. 149, p. 889.

Sun Oil Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings 6 Mos. End. June 30— 1939 1938 Gross inc. from opers...\$59,516,436 \$59,871,611 x Cost, expense & tax... 54,757,755 54,554,351 Deprec. and depletion... 4,503,007 4,585,832 Operating income.... \$255,674 1,160,630 \$731,428 1,177,434 \$3,686,885 840,944 Total income \$1,416,304
Interest, &c 329,610
Minority interest 796 \$1,908,862 148,464 712 \$4,527,829 150,736 722 \$3,474,811 300,000 1,009,635 \$1,759,686 300,000 1,157,855 \$4,376,371 300,000 1,072,123 Surplus def\$373,561 Shs. com. stock outstanding (no par) 2,318,918 Earnings per share \$0.34 \$301,831 \$3,004,248 \$2,165,176

x Includes Federal income taxes and surtax on undistributed profits. Consolidated Balance Sheet June 30 1939 1938 \$ 10,000,000 10,000,000 80,024,678 79,873,770 21,358,917 9,373,583 5,695,965 5,565,444 8,489 79,459 Assets— \$ \$ \$ a Prop'y plant, equipment, &c 84,591,039 76,330,557 Cash 7,278,730 4,626,989 Marketable sec. 9,972 10,948 Liablittles— Preferred stock. Common stock. Funded debt... Accounts pay... Loans payable... Tax liability... b Notes, acots. & accept's rec., Tax liability ... 4,641,098
Accrued acets ... 961,757
Indebt. to affil.
cos. (not cur.)
Purch.oblig.(due
within 1 year)
Reserve ... 4,256,602
Minority interest 3,244
Earned surplus 10,718,791
Treasury stock ... Dr527,331 1.015,199

...137,865,432 127,130,861 Total......137,865,432 127,130,861 a After depreciation and depletion, &c. b After reserves.—V. 148, p. 1495.

Sunset-McKee Salesbook Co.—Extra Dividend—
Directors have declared an extra dividend of 50 cents per share in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 25 cents per share on the class B shares. The extra dividend will be paid on Aug. 21 to holders of record Aug. 10 and the regular quarterly payment will be made on Sept. 15 to holders of record Sept. 4.—V. 147, p. 1355.

Swallow Airplane Co., Inc. - Stock Offered - Public offering was made recently by means of a prospectus of 48,000 shares (\$1 par) common stock by C. R. McCarthy & Co., Inc., of New York. The stock is offered as a speculation at \$1.25 per share.

Of the 48,000 shares, 32,000 are offered for the company's account, net proceeds from their sale to be used for purchase of raw materials, labor, advertising and demonstration expenses, and additional working capita

in the production of planes. The remaining shares are offered on behalf of an officer of the company. There is no other class of stock nor any bonds, mortgages or funded debt, according to the prospectus.

Company was incorp. in Delaware in August, 1938, to acquire a business originally founded shortly after the World War. Its predecessors have manufactured airplanes under the name of "Swallow" since 1924, more than 1.000 planes having been sold, of which some 500 are still in service. With all engineering, development and experimental work on a new improved model accomplished and specifications approved by the U. S. Department of Commerce, the company is ready to enter the fast growing field for small, lower priced, utility planes. The company owns a modern plant, complete production equipment and landing facilities at Wichita, Kan.—V. 127, p. 2975.

Sylvania Industria 6 Months Ended June 30- Net earnings Depreciation of plant and e Amortization of rights, pate Prov. for Fed. & State inc. d	equipment	cesses	\$1,024,201 263,212 101,638	1938 \$580,630 252,144 86,582 56,000
Net income  Average number of shares of Earnings per share	outstanding	<b>K</b>	\$516,351 427,068 \$1.21	185,904 435,066 \$0.42
	\$684,340 540,334 19,162 1,193,595 67,362 567,700	Sheet June 30 Liabilities— Accts. pay. & Prov. for Fed. & eapital stx. Reserve for co Capital stk., 4 Paid-in surplu Earned surplu		\$479,986 224,321 70,695 7,146,805 603,420 2,715,454 Dr221,496
Total				

Terre Haute Malleable & Mfg. Corp.	-Earnin	gs-
6 Months Ended June 30— Net sales	1939 \$498,015 435,268	1938 \$277,058 279,184
Gross profit	\$62,747 22,087	loss\$2,126 19,920
Profit from operationsOther income	\$40.659 2,572	loss\$22,047 405
Profit Provision for depreciation Provision for Social Security taxes Provision for contingencies	\$43,232 16,816 10,626	loss\$21,642 16,673 6,230 2,000
Net profit	\$15,790	loss\$46,545

Balance Sheet at June 30, 1939 Assets—Cash, \$84,720; U. S. Govt. securities, \$1,018; accounts receivable, \$57,200; inventories, \$128,200; other current assets. \$920; corporate stocks, \$4.165; property, plant and equipment (less: reserves for depreciation of \$505,117), \$332,843; prepaid insurance, \$2,799; total, \$601,804.

Liabilities—Accounts payable, \$21,324; unclaimed wages, \$5; accrued liabilities, \$34,009; reserve for contingencies, \$17,000; common stock (par \$5), 74,493 shares, less treasury stock (909 shares), \$368,829; surplus, \$160,636; total, \$601,803.—V. 149, p. 890.

Texas Gulf Producing Co.—Earnings—

rexas Guir	rroau	cing Co	.—Larning	8-		
Period Ended Ja			6 Mos., 1939		9-12 M	fos.—1938
Total net barrels		ATT THE REAL PROPERTY.	809,584		39.844	1.791.650
Total gross opera					36,992	\$2.053.926
				47.1	30,992	92,000,820
Operating expense	s, maint.	& repairs.	116,320	4	40,449	239.708
Depreciation & de	epietion		189,361		76,836	389,111
Taxes—other than	n Federal	taxes	52,564	1	05,333	116.762
Commission on oi	l sales		9,033		18,154	20,010
General & admin	istrative (	expenses	112,936	. 2	20,010	235,759
Uncollectible acco	unts					1,286
Net operating i	ncome		\$347,812	\$7	76.211	\$1.051.290
Other income			13,586		33,160	37,665
Total Loss on leaseh'ds			\$361,398		09.371	\$1,088,955
Loss on leaseh'ds	k other pr	op. aband.	4,621		97,862	212,386
Dry hole contribu	tions		6,648		6,648	
Property investiga					3,478	25.612
Amortization of re	efinancing	costs			16.347	17.833
Interest on long-t	erm debt				3,669	32,844
Other interest			3.125		3.125	809
Provision for cont	ingencies				01120	238,701
Provision for Fed				8-11-1-1	9,500	49,709
Net income		141.700	\$267,324	36	68,741	\$511.061
Cash divs. pd. to	holders of	com. stk.	88,814		22.035	88,813
		Balance Sh	eet June 30			
	1939	1938			1939	1938
Assets-	8	8	Liabilities-		8	8
Cash	\$487,287	\$159.045	Accounts pays	ble_	97.27	7 90,765
Working funds	5,580	5.625	Notes payable		510.16	
Notes receivable	18,115	18.115	Accrued liabili		43.50	
Accrued int. rec.	2,687	1,600	Prov. for Fed.		61.09	
Accts. receivable	155,035	153.867	Long-term deb		01,00	246.053
Inventories	66,657	67,981	Contingent oil		21.55	
Other curr. assets.	2,607	2,534	Res. for contin		241,28	
	9.325,770	9,242,043	b Common ste		633.85	
Organiz. expenses.	60,650	60,650	c Div. cred. ou		1,46	3 1,469
Deferred charges	9,340	20,367	Surp. arising			
Accts. receiv. from		** ***	appraisal		3,418,25	
production	64,240		Earned surplus		5,182,127	7 4,756,518
Other assets	12,602	8,533			11.	
Total1	0.210,570	9.791.165	Total	1	0,210,570	9,791,165

a After depreciation and depletion reserves of \$4.083,332 in 1939, and \$3.484.490 in 1938. b Represented by 888,143 (888,137 in 1938) no par shares. c Equivalent to 1.463 shares in 1939, and 1.469 shares in 1938.—V. 148, p. 3245.

* . 140, p. 0210.		
Tide Water Power Co.—Earnings—		
12 Months Ended June 30— Operating revenues Operating expenses Maintenance Provision for retirements Federal income taxes Other taxes	$\begin{array}{c} 995,725 \\ 135,292 \\ 210,767 \end{array}$	\$2,129,024 1,025,399 118,169 221,577 33,152 280,453
Operating incomeOther income (net)	\$514,384 37,697	\$450,274 34,931
Gross income	\$552,082 313,075 14,895 13,925 Cr1,868	\$485,205 313,075 27,915 13,925 Cr105
Net income	\$212,056	\$130,396

Transair Corp.—Registers with SEC-See list given on first page of this department.

Tide Water Associated Oil Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings-Consolidated Income Account Six Months Ended June 30

a Total vol. of business_\$62,00 Total exps. and costs 51,88	8.635	\$68,392,429 54,097,034	\$69,898,296 53,821,446	\$56,367,173 43,790,400
Operating income\$10,12 Other income57	8,000 1,549	\$14,295,395 662,166	\$16.076,850 774,499	\$12,576,773 518,764
Total income\$10,69 Int., discount and prem.	9,549	\$14,957,561	\$16,851,349	\$13,095,537
on funded debt i74 Other int. disct., &c	2,952	<b>b</b> 720.375	600,014 147,578	b420,282
Retire, of phys. prop d53	5.514	d697.399	d498,232	390,976
Amortization 55	0.002	524,237	348,000	417,110
Deprec. & depletion 6,47	0,171	6,441,266	6,545,508	6,037,470
Prov. for contingencies.	2-555	60,000	60,000	4707.000
Prov. for Fed. inc. tax 6 Minority interest propor-	9,500	521,580	955,317	483,000
tion of earnings		#		67,334
Net profits \$2,33	1.410	\$5,992,705	\$7,696,701	\$5,279,363
Previous surplus 30.46	2.068	28,285,935	25.634.444	21,336,760
Adjustment of prior oil	_,,,,,	-0,-00,000		
sales contract				200,000
Profit on sale of secur 66	6.729	157,724	148,950	92,320
Miscell. credits	4,949	g63,731	<b>e</b> 1,000,562	
Total surplus \$33,51	5,156	\$34,500,095	\$34,480,658	\$26,908,443
Adjustments applicable to prior years				Dr29.091
Prov. for unrealized loss			******	20,001
on other invest. & rec.			8	200,000
Excess of cost over book val. of sub. co's stock.				COLUMN TO SERVICE SERV
acquired				13,532
	32,500	h106.979	£2,600,609	
	25,000 8.108	1,125,000 3,184,996	1,411,141 2,212,611	1,878,663 851,371
Common dividends 3,18	00,100	3,184,990	2,212,011	801,071
Surplus as of June 30_\$29,13	9.548		\$28,256,297	\$23,935.786
Shs. com. stk. outst d'g 6,37	7,650	6,371,368	6,343,468	5,688,217

\$0.19 \$0.99 Earned per share. \$0.76

Shs. com. stk. outst d'g 6,377,650 6,371,368 6,343,468 5,588,217
Earned per share \$0.19 \$0.76 \$0.99 \$0.60

a Exclusive of inter-company sales and transactions. b Interest paid only. d Includes dry hole losses. Includes insurance received in excess of net book value SS. Frank H. Buck, sunk March 6, 1937, \$890,599; dividend of \$1 per share received from investment in 101,969 shares of Mission Corp. capital stock, \$101,969, and discount on retirement, through sinking fund on May 20, 1937, of \$750,000 sinking fund debentures due Jan. 1, 1952, \$7,993.

f Includes premium of \$5 per share on redemption of 237,088 shares of 6% cumulative preferred stock, \$1,185,440; \$2 per share paid on exchange of 389,133 shares of 6% cumulative preferred stock (no par), per exchange offer \$778,266; total, \$1,963.706—less premium of \$3 per share received on sale of 110,867 shares of \$4.50 cumulative convertible preferred stock (no par) to common stock-holders and underwriters, \$332,601; balance, \$1,631,105; underwriters' commissions and other expenses paid in connection with issuance of 500,000 shares of \$4.50 cumulative convertible preferred stock (no par) to common stock-total (as above), \$2,660,609.

g Proportion of dividend of 1 per share received from investment in 101,969 shares of Mission Corp. capital stock. h Additional reserve or amortization of investments and advances, \$62,500; total (as above), \$2,660,609.

g Proportion of dividend of 1 per share received from investment in 101,969 shares of Mission Corp. capital stock. h Additional reserve for the account of a former subsidiary company now dissolved, \$35,547, and premium paid on debentures purchased in 1938 for sinking fund deposit requirements \$8,931.

i Interest and amortization of debenture expenses.
j Includes \$29,457 for insurance receovery and adjustment of contract, relating to operations of prior years and \$25,492 for dividend received from Mission Corp.
k Additional reserve for investments and advances.

1930		ance Sheet June 3	1939	1938
Assets— \$	1999	Liabilities-	1939	1990
Oil producing157,103,	125 151.060.508			
Refining 58,726			50,000,000	50,000,000
Transportation 50.763			63,776,500	63,713,680
Marketing 38,320.			37,000,000	37,724,000
Miscellaneous 3.446			31,000,000	01,124,000
Miscellaneous 3,440,	,222 0,410,900	oblig. (curr.)	383,074	161.374
Total308,359.	547 303,004,070	Accounts pay'le		
Res. for deprec.	A STATE OF THE STA	-trade	5,356,333	5,808,132
and depletion182,483,	569 177,414,238	Accrued taxes	5,358,556	5,646,568
		Pref. stock div.		
Total proper's		payable	562,500	562,500
& equipm't125,875,	978 125,589,832	Est. Fed. tax		521,580
Cash dep. with		Accrued interest	660,725	675,807
sinking fund		Wages & miscell.		
trustee 768,		accts. payable	1,470,342	1,928,908
Inv. in cos. affil. 6,567,	641 6,587,570		2,255,204	2,644,831
a Invest.in South		Deferred purch.		
Penn Oil Co 6,046,	005 6,046,008		500,243	630,924
z Invest. in Mis-		Res. for contin-	the same all	
sion Corp 1,116,			3,658,092	4,660,151
Other investm'ts 4,044,	025 3,857,428			
Cash on hand &	The Cold Discussion	operations	205,812	105,391
in banks 7,484,			29,139,548	30,083,119
Marketable secs. 188,	301 537.769	C17259CD;76.00		
Notes and trade		100		
accepts. rec 405,	994 597,614			153 706
Accts. rec., less		A THE STATE OF THE		
reserve 9,484,				
	994 15,700			
Advs. to affila's 864,				
Crude oil & prod 30,838,				
Mat'ls & suppls. 3,076,	188 3,144,116			
Deferred and un-				
adjusted items 3,625,	224 3.533,709			

 $\mathbf{x}$  Represented by 6.371.368 shares no par value in 1939 (6.371.368 in 1938).  $\mathbf{z}$  Represented by 101.969 shares of capital stock at cost. a 172.743 shares of capital stock,—V. 149, p. 890

Tilo Roofing Co., Inc. (& Subs.) - Earnings

Period from Jan. 1 to— July 15 '39 July 16 '38 July 17 '37 lles \$1,747,758 \$1,754,840 y\$1,769,597 l67,438 168,640 292,084 \$0.53 290,084

Earnings per share......\$0.53 \$0.58 \$0.58 x After Federal income taxes and other charges, but before provision for Federal surtax on undistributed profits. y Revised.

Company in the 12-week period from April 22 to July 15, this year, earned consolidated net profit after all charges, including provision for estimated Federal income taxes and after dividends on the \$1.40 preferred stock, of \$192,076, equal to 66 cents a share on the common stock outstanding. This compares with a coopsolidated net profit of \$140,378, or 48 cents a common share, on the basis of the 290,084 shares then outstanding, for the corresponding period a year ago. Consolidated net sales of the company and its subsidiaries, including gross income from service fees on operations of subsidiary finance company, for the 12 weeks' period, were \$1,089,981, compared with \$977,811 for the corresponding period a year ago.—V. 149, p. 424.

Tubize Chatillon Corp.—Clears Preferred Arrearages—

Directors on Aug. 8 declared a dividend of \$1.75 per share on account of accumulations on the 7% cumulative preferred stock, par \$100, payable Sept. 1 to holders of record Aug. 21. This payment will clear up all accruals on the preferred stock. See also V. 149, p. 424.

Tip Top Tailors, Inc. (Del.)—Initial Pref. Div.—	
Directors have declared an initial dividend of \$3 per share on the \$6 cum. pref. stock, payable Aug. 14 to holders of record Aug. 7.—V. 148.	
p. 747.	

Transcontinental & Western Air, I	nc.—Ear	nings-
3 Months Ended June 30 Revenue miles flown Revenue passengers carried Revenue passenger miles Passenger revenues Express revenues Mail revenues Other revenues	1939 3,030,482 41,453 25,766,813 \$1,351,416 51,555 595,477	1938 2,548,004 29,055 18,879,270 \$989,615 35,389 543,117
Totals Operating expenses & taxes Depreciation	\$2.027.631	\$1.593,416 1.531,252
Net operating incomeOther income & charges	\$19,649 10,675	loss\$190,781 2,147
Net trofit	\$8,974	loss\$192,928

Tung-Sol Lamp	Works, In	ac.—Earns	ings-	
6 Mos. Ended— Net profit from oper—— Miscellaneous income——		June 25, '38 \$54,548 2 904	June 25,'37 \$263,737 8,922	June 20,'36 \$369,051 9,576
Total income Deductions from income Prov. for Fed. inc. &	\$268,644 y50,429	\$57,452 y53,006	\$272,658 61,698	\$378,626 134,860
cap. stock taxes Extraordinary and non-	<b>x</b> 34,680	*1,000	35,044	25,066
Loss on sale of Chicago factory		\$	71,919	68,927
Net income Preferred dividends	\$183,536 72,088	\$3.446 72,079	\$103,997 71,771	\$149.773 51,059
Surplus	\$111.447	def\$68,633	\$32,226	\$98,714

x Provision for Federal income taxes only. y Includes \$45,911 (\$50,829 in 1938) for depreciation. Consolidated Balance Sheet June 25, 1939

Consolidated Balance Sheet June 25, 1939

Assets—Cash, \$289.072; marketable securities, at quoted market values, \$43.391; accounts and notes receivable, less reserves, \$429.796; cash surrender value of life insurance policies, \$41.136; inventories, \$1.050.795; other investments and receivables, \$245.460; plant and equipment, at cost, \$1.119.765; franchises, licenses, patent rights, &c., \$1; deferred charges and prepaid expenses, \$55,865; total, \$3,275,182.

Liabilities—Notes payable—bank loans, \$200,000; accounts payable, \$71.411; accrued payrolls, State and local taxes, &c., \$82,662; provision for Federal taxes, \$77.147; dividend notes payable, due Dec. 23, 1940, \$108,052; deferred income, \$27.402; miscellaneous reserves for contingencies, \$104,577; preference stock, 208,757 no par shares, \$71.428; common stock (par \$1), \$280,659; earned surplus, \$1,244,627; capital surplus, \$367,217; total, \$3,275,182.—V. 147, p. 3859.

Twentieth Century-Fox Film Corp. (& Subs.)-Earns. 26 Weeks Ended— aJuly 1 '39 aJune 25 '38 June 26 '37 June 27 '36 Gross inc. from sales and rentals of film & litera.\$27,200,459 \$27,866,200 \$27,565,123 \$24,295,086 Dividends— 66,101 46,796 Propor of prof. of control d subs.not consol. Other income. 579,649 547,717 591,471 449,064 Net profit \$2,325,526 \$3,419,658 \$3,755,484 \$2,769,190 Earnings per share \$2,093 \$1.55 \$1.76 \$4\$1.43 a Not including Roxy Theatre, Inc. b Not including depreciation of studio building and equipment absorbed in production costs, amounting to \$420,361 in 1939, \$418,830 in 1938, \$392,301 in 1937 and \$259,954 in 1936. c Earnings per share on 1,741,988 shares of common stock. d Earnings per share on 1,282,039 shares common stock and B stock. c Earnings per share on 1,715,984 shares common stock. f Earnings per share on 1,741,932 shares of common stock.—V. 148, p. 2609.

Union Bag & Paper Corp.—Earnings-Period End. June 30— 1939—3 Mos.—c1938 1939—12 Mos.—c1938 Gross sales, less discts., returns & allowances. \$3,673,872 \$4,064,877 \$16,023,068 \$15,761,781 Cost of products & manufacturing expenses \_\_\_ e2,659,353 a2,940,260 e11,589,950 a10,979,889 Manufacturing profit \$1,014.519 \$1,124.617 \$4,433,119 \$4,781,892 Delivery, selling, admin. and general expense 855,988 811,295 3,465,800 2,977,010 811,295 3,465,800 2,977,010 \$158,531 4,035 d63,241 \$313,322 5,377 59,611 \$967,319 16,653 d289,152 \$1,804,882 11,773 208,052 20,450 52,101 119,800 232,701 Profit for period.... Earnings per share on common stock..... \$78,875 \$206,986 \$575,020 \$1,375,901

\$0.06

\$0.20

\$0.46

Union Oil Co. of Calif.—Underwriters

Union Oil Co. of Calif.—Underwriters—
The company in an amendment to its registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, lists underwriters and the amount of their participation in its proposed offering of \$30,000,000 3% debontures of 1959 as follows:

Dillon, Read & Co., \$6,000,000; William R. Staats Co., \$2,000,000; Blyth & Co., Inc., and Dean Witter & Co., \$3,000,000 each; Mellon Securities Corp., \$2,400,000; First Boston Corp. and Smith, Barney & Co., \$2,000,000 each; Harriman Ripley & Co., Inc., Lehman Bros., Shield & Co., \$2,000,000 each; Harriman Ripley & Co., Inc., Lehman Bros., Shield & Co., \$1,000,000 each; Blair & Co., Inc., \$600,000; Pacific Co. of California and Riter & Co., \$500,000 each; William Cavalier & Co., Elmorthy & Co., C., Emanuel & Co., Mitchum, Tully & Co., O'Melveny-Wagenseller & Durst, Otis & Co., and Schwabacher & Co., \$250,000 each; G. M.-P. Murphy & Co., \$150,000; Kaiser & Co., \$100,000.

	1939 35,975,922	\$38,250,000	\$38,350,000	\$29,600,000
Profit after Fed. taxes, interest, &c Deprec'n, depletion, &c.	7,659,714 5,008,570	9,650,000 4,700,000	9,850,000 4,650,000	6,300,000 4,300,000
Net profitShs.com.stk.(par \$25) Earnings per share	4,666,270 \$0.57	x\$4,950,000 4,666,270 \$1.06	4,666,270 \$1.11	\$2,000,000 4,286,070 \$0.45

x Before provision for surtaxes on undistributed profits. Current assets, consisting of cash resources of \$13,271,148, accounts and notes receivable, oil inventories and materials and supplies, amounted to \$48,122,323, substantially the same as at Dec. 31, 1938. Current assets at June 30 were approximately six to one of current liabilities of \$8,108,907, including dividend declared June 26.—V. 149, p. 747.

Union Electric Co. of Missouri (& S 12 Months Ended June 30— Total operating revenues Total operating expenses and taxes	1939 31.316.359	1938 \$30.575.038
Net operating revenues	\$12,601,458 Dr32,261	\$12,652,025 Dr207
Grossincome Interest on funded debt Amortization of bond discount and expense Other interest charges	\$12,569,196 4,456,922 482,936 41,695	4,464,605 483,477
Interest during construction charged to property and-plant. Preferred dividends of subsidiaries. Minority interests Other deductions.	Cr24,167 494,068 4,474 59,279	Cr136,017 $514,006$ $2,428$ $38,448$
Net income	\$7,053,988	\$7,253,781

United Air Lines	Transpo	ort Corp. (	& Subs.)-	-Earnings
Period End. June 30-	1939-3 M	os.—1938	1939-12 M	os.—1938
Revenue pass-miles	37,896,785	29,177,434	121,877,120	104,484,699
Mail pound-miles 1.3	341.154.398	1242845295	5013258010	4702699242
Express pound-miles	435,639,076	334,600,078	1648464,155	1492761757
Revenue plane-miles	4.485,745	4.151.752	16,191,803	15,451,430
Operating revenues	\$3.142,983	\$2,610,049	\$10,776,957	\$9,684,645
Operation expenses		1,991,365	7,921,426	7,656,495
Maintenance	323.934	439.585	1,386,328	1,666,227
Depreciation	406.289	409,403	x1,466,118	1,339,199
Net salvage on equip sold	Cr52,956	Cr82,763	Cr153,170	Cr116,956
Taxes	130,153	118,026	490,898	421,476
Net earns. from opers.	\$210,048	loss\$265,5681	oss\$334,642ld	ss\$1281.795
Inc. from miscell. prop., interest. &c.	6.075	22.537	45.160	79,192

\$216,123 loss\$243,031 loss\$289,482loss\$1202,603 x Depreciation expense for the 12 months ended June 30, 1939, includes a credit of \$66,223 applicable to the six months ended June 30, 1938.—V. 149,

United Biscuit Co. of America (& Subs.)—Earnings-1939—6 Mos.—1938 \$475,401 \$459,767 \$0.95 \$0.91 Period End. June 30— 1939—3 Mos.—1938 x Net profits———— \$224,512 \$221,545 y-Earnings per share—— \$0.45 \$0.44 x-After interest, depreciation and provision for Federal taxes, but before provision for Federal surtax on undistributed profits. y-On 459,054 shares common stock.—V. 148, p. 2918.

United Gas Improvement Co.-Weekly Output-

)—Earni	ngs-
	1938
1000	
99 779 004	\$89.073.537
41 115 041	41.023.337
41,110,941	4.783.332
	9,100,002
9,659,758	8,675,848
10,938,765	10,880,463
22.388.250	\$23,710,556
1,458,600	1,476,130
23.846.850	\$25,186,686
15,784,120	16,052,267
	\$9,134,419
	1 002 550
1,922,610	1,963,559
\$6,140,120	\$7.170.861
*0,1220,1220	
18,486	30,016
26 158 606	\$7,200,877
344 225	389.506
311,223	
\$5.814.382	\$6,811,371
2,400,389	2,470,391
\$3.413.993	\$4,340,980
00,110,000	***********
1020	1938
	\$3,291,602
	389,506
2,361,318	2,430,194
	40,197
39,070	20,20
\$640,901	\$431,705
70 100	9,659,758 10,938,765 22,388,250 1,458,600 23,846,850 15,784,120 \$8,062,730 1,922,610 \$6,140,120 18,486 \$6,158,606 344,225 \$5,814,382 2,400,389 \$3,413,993 \$3,385,514 344,225

United States Envelope Co.—Earnings-1939

6 Months Ended June 30— Net income after depreciation charges but before Federal income taxes—V. 148, p. 1184. 1938 \$153,894 loss\$156,855

United Stat	es Gu	arantee	Co.—Balance	Sheet J	une 30—
Assets— U. S. Govt. bonds. 4.	1939	1938 8 3 971 190	Liabilities— Res. for uncarned	1939	1938
Dom. of Can. bds.	646,455	122,960		2,978,120	-
P. U. bds. & stocks 1,			Res. for loss ad-		3,135,548
	,395,407 ,627,868		Reinsur, reserve		
Prems. not over 3 months due Reinsur, receiv'le.	731,910 28,442	941,054	Com. & brokerage. Fed. & State taxes Accounts payable.	331,474	227,840 259,186 18,783
Accrued interest	45,704	38,348	Special reserve Vol. gen. cont. res.	44,890	
	20,007		Capital paid in Surplus	2,000,000 5,427,833	2,000,000 5,054,852
Total 16	204 606	15 951 102	Total	16 304 696	15 251 192

-V. 147, p. 3925.

United Light & Railways Co. (& Su	108.	ritings
12 Months Ended June 30— Gross operating earnings of subsidiary and controlled companies (after eliminating inter-com-	1939	1938
pany transfers)	\$78,845,582	\$78,978,070
General operating expenses	36,510,686	36,274,300
Maintenance	4,196,415	
Provision for depreciation	8,642,816	7,629.842
Provision for depreciation_ General taxes and estimated Federal income taxes	9,647,043	9.587,520
Net earns, from oper'ns of sub. & controlled cos Non-operating income of sub. & controlled cos	\$19,848,622 1,023,196	\$21,177,140 720,638
Total income of sub. & controlled companiesInterest, amortization and preferred dividends of	\$20,871,818	\$21,897,778
subsidiary and controlled companies.	13,187,530	13,411,287
Balance	\$7.684.288	\$8,486,491
Proportion of earns, attributable to minority	A SAME OF THE SAME	
common stock	1,922,610	1,963,559
Equity of United Light & Rys. Co. in earnings		
of subsidiary and controlled companies	\$5,761,678	\$6,522,932
Income of United Light & Rys. Co. (exclusive of income received from subsidiaries)	795,553	790.097
Total.		\$7,313,029
Expenses of United Light & Rys. Co	133,676	113.711
Taxes of United Light & Rys. Co	297,497	112,997
Balance	\$6,126,057	\$7,086,321
Holding company deductions:	1 044 070	1.362,816
Interest on 5½% debentures, due 1952 Other interest	1,344,070	1,302,610
Amortization of debenture discount and expense	42.035	42,638
Taxes on debenture interest	18,715	
Palance transferred to consolidated cumbus	04 701 164	\$5.662.110
Balance transferred to consolidated surplus Prior preferred stock dividends	1.214.505	1.218.737
a rior preserved stock dividends	1,214,000	
Balance	\$3,506,659	\$4,443,373
-V. 149, p. 425.		

### United States Gypsum Co.—Extra Dividend-

Directors have declared an extra dividend of 50 cents per share in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 50 cents per share on the common stock, both payable Oct. 2 to holders of record Sept. 15.—V. 149, p. 748.

# United States Steel Corp.—July Shipments—

See under "Indications of Business Activity" on a preceding page.— V. 149, p. 748.

### U. S. Realty & Improvement Co. - SEC Permitted to Intervene-

Federal Judge Vincent L. Leibell has permitted the Securities and Exchange Commission to intervene in the company's petition for reorganization under Chapter 11 of the Chandler Act. Company filed its petition May 31, 1939, with assets of \$23,378,988 and liabilities of \$5,538,985, of which \$3,900,000 are contingent liabilitis.

A. The SEC contends that since the liabilities exceed \$3,000,000, registration is improper.

The SEC contends that since the liabilities exceed \$5,000.

Is improper.

Judge Liebell sent the procedings to Special Master John E. Joyce for hearing. He also authorized the bankrupt to sell two pieces of real setate, the first to Harry West for \$50,000 covering real estate in White Plains and the second, for \$170,000 to the 125th Street & Lenox Avenue Corp. covering real estate at 49th Street in Manhattan. Proceeds are to be kept in a special fund pending conclusion of proceedings.—V. 149, p. 3395.

# Van Raalte Co., Inc.—Earnings-

6 Mos. End. June 30-	1939	1938	1937	1936
y Net profitShs. com. stk. outst'g	\$485,360 129,281	\$311,650 129,281	\$460,582 129,281	\$420,414 129,281
Earnings per share	\$3.30	\$1.95	\$3.09	182.77
w After depresentation and	neovicion for	Fod income	tow U 149	n 9447

# Virginia Electric & Power Co.—Earnings

Ba minnerie		- Lui	retrigo	
Period End. June 30— Operating revenues Operation Maintenance Taxes	1939—Mon \$1,611,715 642,786 117,274 217,573	ath—1938 \$1,485,366 554,475 125,819 191,510	1939—12 M \$18,739,957 7,247,113 1,517,581 2,120,411	$egin{array}{l} \textit{Aos.} -1938 \\ \$17.977,386 \\ 6.975,917 \\ 1.451,817 \\ 2,257,602 \end{array}$
Net oper. revenues Non-oper. inc. (net)	\$634,083 Dr194	\$613.562 Dr9,709	\$7,854,853 Dr82,653	\$7,292,050 Dr150,595
Balance Interest and amortizat'n	\$633,889 144,653	\$603,853 145,571	\$7,772,200 1,839,420	\$7.141.455 1.744.153
BalanceAppropriations for retires	\$489,235 ment reserve	\$458,282	\$5,932,780 2,201,141	\$5,397,302 2,053,438
Balance Preferred dividend requir	ements		\$3,731,639 1,171,596	\$3,343,864 1,171,428
Balance for common div —V. 149, p. 426.	vidends and s	surplus	\$2,560,043	\$2,172,436

# Virginia Public Service Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings—

12 Months Ended June 30— Operating revenues Operating expenses Maintenance Provisions for retirements Federal income taxes Other taxes	3,260,860 435,127 1,168,845 187,674	\$8,130,085 3,209,299 414,323 652,953 103,307 765,972
Operating incomeOther income (net)	\$2,825,194 83,446	\$2,984,231 47,949
Gross income Interest on first mortgage bonds Interest on sinking fund debentures Other interest Amortization of debt discount and expense Interest charged to construction	1,729,365 208,388 37,014 171,069	\$3,032,180 1,754,222 215,522 43,518 171,669 Cr11,991
Net income	\$769,765	\$859,240

# Walgreen Co.-Sales-

1— 1939—Month—1938 1939—7 Mos.—1938 --- \$5,657,037 \$5,456,118 \$39,938,776 \$37,772,837 Sales. V. 149, p. 426.

Walker & Co .- Accumulated Dividend-

Directors have declared a dividend of 50 cents per share on account of accumulations on the \$2.50 cumulative class A conv. stock, no par value, payable Sept. 1 to holders of record Aug. 22. Similar amounts were paid on July 15 and March 1, last, and on Dec. 20 and Dec. 1, 1938. See also V. 148, p. 2920.

Weisbaum Bros. Brower Co.—10-Cent Dividend—
Directors have declared a dividend of 10 cents per share on the common stock, payable Sept. 1 to holders of record Aug. 17. Similar amounts were paid in July on May 25 and on March 1, last.—V. 148, p. 600.

# Wentworth Mfg. Co .- To Pay 10-Cent Dividend-

Directors have declared a dividend of 10 cents per share on the common stock, payable Aug. 28 to holders of record Aug. 18. Like amount was paid on March 15, last, and on Oct. 28 and Sept. 10, 1938, this last being the first dividend paid on these shares since Sept. 1, 1937, when 10 cents was also distributed.—V. 148, p. 3397.

### West Penn Electric Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings—

Period End. June 30— Operating revenues Non-operating income	\$19.375.990	\$18.295.123		Mos.—1938 \$38,086,626 258,600
Total earnings	\$19,495,081	\$18,401,390		\$38,345,226
Operating expenses	6,628,298	6,513,297	13,472,506	13,961,595
Maintenance	1,592,460	1,613,538	3,176,011	3,537,244
Federal income taxes	784,785	615.181	1.222.384	1.272,891
Other taxes	1,933,953	1.891.037	3.501.107	3.704.473
Reserved for renewals.	-10001000	-100-1001	0,000,000	
retire'ts & depletion	2,185,407	1,674,891	4,403,989	3,445,489
Gross income	\$6,370,178	\$6.093.446	\$12,701,669	\$12,423,534
Deductions of sub. cos	4.189.052	4.106.267	8.364.370	8,070,135
Deduc'ns W. P. El. Co.:	111001002	111001201	0,001,010	0,010,200
Interest	126,583	125,965	254.764	253.121
Amortization of debt	120,000	120,500	201,101	200,121
discount to expense		3.315	6,630	6.630
discount & expense.	3,315			
Miscell. deductions	15,587	15,060	22,314	21,825
Net income	\$2,035,641	\$1.842.839	\$4,053,591	\$4,071,823
7% and 6% pref. divs				
Class A dia prei divs.	1,133,923	1,133,923	2,267,847	2,267,529 $412,955$
Class A dividends	206,941	206,941	413,882	412,955
Balance	\$694,777	\$501.975	\$1,371,862	\$1,391,339
-V. 148, p. 3087.	9001,111	9001,510	91,011,002	41,001,000

# West Penn Power Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings—

Period End. June 30— Operating revenues Non-operating income	\$10,829,745	\$10,323.652		Mos.—1938 \$21,522,841 434,776
Total earnings	3,656,486 900,233 474,850 883,924	\$10,393,521 3,544,860 845,176 427,285 875,928 768,992	\$21,621,924 7,491,125 1,802,926 655,349 1,500,682 2,074,854	1,732,786
Gross income Interest on funded debt_ Other interest Amort, of debt disc't,	\$4,104,628 1,061,250 2,034	\$3,931,280 985,000 42,363	\$8,096,988 2,099,202 29,371	\$8,256,084 1,970,000 68,267
prem. (net) and exps_ Int. carged to construc'n Miscell. deductions	$\begin{array}{c} 152,488 \\ Cr36,824 \\ 23,940 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 153,657 \\ Cr42,978 \\ 38,850 \end{array}$	305,134 $Cr47,227$ $51,552$	
Net income Preferred dividends	\$2,901,740 954,770	\$2,754,388 954,770	\$5,658,956 1,909,539	\$5,983,275 1,909,539
Note—This statement West Penn Public Service herein consolidated.—V.	includes a e Co. and it	all subsidiaries s subsidiaries	ies except 1	Monongahela

### West Penn Rys. Co. (& Subs.) - Earnings-

Period End. June 30— Operating revenue Non-operating income	1939—6 Me \$338,649 640,515	s.—1938 \$429,586 500,647	1939—12 A \$686,288 1,257,274	#1,000,306 1,251,016
Total earnings Operating expenses Maintenance. Federal income taxes Other taxes Res. for renew.& retire'ts	\$979,164 292,693 82,802 6,325 8,838 22,200*	\$930,233 366,655 106,924 4,746 22,511 25,838	\$1,943,562 585,029 161,997 6,620 13,458 42,710	\$2,251,322 818,223 244,396 4,746 44,312 52,778
Gross income Interest on funded debt_	\$566.306 124,225	\$403,559 124,225	\$1,133,748 248,450	\$1,086,867 265,950
Other interest Amortization of discount Miscell. deductions	934 13,972	934 17,571	1,868 24,857	361 1,906 29,604
Net income	\$427,175	\$260,829	\$858,573	\$789,046

# West Texas Utilities Co.-Earnings-

Period End. June 30-	1939-3 M	os.—1938	1939-12 M	os.—1938
Operating revenues	\$1,357,974	\$1,310,194	\$5,570,361	\$5,549,629
Oper. expenses & taxes.	847,847	850,448	\$3,492,963	\$3,410,206
Net operating income-	\$510,127	\$459.747	\$2,077,399	\$2,139,423
Other income (net)	998	3,056	6,675	24,065
Gross income	\$511,125	\$462.802	\$2,084,073	\$2,163,488
Int. & other deductions.	293,195	310,727	1,211,534	1,252,880
Net income	\$217,930	\$152,075	\$872,540	\$910,608

# Western Air Express Corp.—Merger Opposed—

A minority stockholders' committee headed by Robert A. Rowan, has been organized, announcing its intention to fight the proposed merger with United Air lines.—V. 148, p. 3703.

# Western Auto Supply Co.—Sales—

Period End. July 31— 1939—Month—1938 1939—7 Mos.—1938 Sales.——— \$4,047,000 \$3,459,000 \$23,063,000 \$18,203,000 —V. 149, p. 892.

# Western Maryland Ry.-Earnings-

-V. 149, p. 750.	Gross earnings (est.)	Week End. 1939 \$396,802	July 31— - 1938 \$353,787	1939	1938
------------------	-----------------------	--------------------------------	---------------------------------	------	------

# Western Public Service Co. (& Subs.) - Earnings-

Period End. June 30-	1939-Mon		1939—12 Mos.—1938	
Operating revenues Operation Maintenance Taxes	\$175,651 81,937 12,828 16,196	\$177,067 81,911 10,329 15,763	\$2,173,472 1,025,561 136,965 192,303	\$2,227,675 1,063,636 141,464 189,640
Net oper. revenues Non-oper. income (net).	\$64,690 Dr5,343	\$69,064 Dr4,445	\$818,643 Dr74,445	\$832,935 Dr63,873
BalanceInterest and amortizat'n	\$59,348 26,211	\$64,619 28,769	\$744.198 341,272	\$769,062 349,135
Balance Appropriations for retirem	\$33,136 ent reserve	\$35,851	\$402,925 231,008	\$419,927 223,356
Balance Preferred dividend require	ements		\$171,917 119,452	\$196.571 119.452
Balance for common div.—V. 149, p. 893.	ridends and s	urplus	\$52,465	\$77.110

1938

1042		:	The Com	mercial d
Western Union  Period End. June 30— Gross income.  a Net after taxes.  Net deficit.  a Before charges for retailed.  Note—No deduction is by the Revenue Act of 1	1939—6 Me \$46,102,507 2,579,995 223,388 ntals, lessed	os.—1938 \$44,772,468 1,288,667 1,518,701 lines.	1939—12 A \$93,042,439 5,266,058 342,567	### 1938 ### 1938 ### 1932 ### 1932 ### 1932 ### 1932 ### 1932 ### 1932 ####################################
(George) Weston				
6 Months Ended June 30 x Net operating profit Depreciation Income tax (estimated)	)—		1939 \$434,290	1938 \$360,389 105,661 45,126
Net earnings Preferred dividends			\$247.398 43,750	\$209,602 43,750
Net earnings on commo ** Before depreciation a all interest due and accrue	nd income to	ax but after	\$203,648 deduction of idiaries.—V.	\$165,852 reserves for 148, p. 3249.
Whiting Corp.  Directors have declared stock, payable Aug. 15 to was paid on April 26, 19 cents was in cash and 5 V. 146, p. 3823.	l a dividend holders of re- 38 and amou 5 cents in f	of 10 cents; cord Aug. 12 inted to \$1. ive year pro-	per share on Last previe 25 per share omissory not	the common ous dividend of which 70 es. See also
Winnipeg Electri	c CoE	arnings-		
Period End. June 30— Gross earnings———————————————————————————————————	1939—Mon \$532,877 320,436	\$509,271 314,578	1939—6 M \$3,519,777 1,989,380	\$3,338,822 1,934,304
Net earnings	\$212,441	\$194,693	\$1,530,397	\$1,404,518
Winston-Salem 7	<b>Terminal</b>	CoBon	ds Authori	zed—
The Interstate Comme pany to issue not exceedir at 111.078 and accrued i principal amount of outs other lawful corporate pu Authority was also graz Ry, and the Winston-Sale bility, jointly and severall After negotiating with panies and others, the commerce of the commer	ted to the S em Southbou y, as guaran a number of ompany has submitted t	outhern Ry nd Ry, to a tors in respe f investment agreed to s he best of f	sume obligated the houses, instead the bonds our bids, at	t & Western tion and lia- ds. urance com- to Dick & 111,078 and
Winters & Cramp	pton Cor	p.—Comm	on Divs. R	esumed—
Directors have declared stock, payable Aug. 25 to dividend paid on the com- per share was distributed.				
Wisconsin Electr		_		
			k Light Co.]	
Total electric and heating Total electric and heating	or the 12 Mor operating re operating ex			\$20,760,532 14,366,131
Net electric and heating				

.532 ,401 Transportation operations—Operating revenues \$2,674,541
Operating expenses 2,698,347 Net transportation operating loss..... \$23,806 Net operating revenues (electric, heating and transportation) \$6,370,595 Non-operating revenues 330,671 a On investment in transportation subsidiary and in certain transporta-on properties.

Note—The foregoing income statement reflects the results of operations of Wisconsin Electric Power Co. (formerly Milwaukee Electric Ry. & Light Co.) and its subsidiary land company, Wisconsin General Ry., for the year ended June 30, 1939, including the electric and heating operations for the entire year and the transportation operations of the company and subsidiaries for the period from July 1 to Oct. 21, 1938, on which latter date the transportation properties and business were transferred to a new subsidiary, Milwaukee Electric Ry. & Transport Co.; the statement does not include the results of operations of Widconsin Electric Power Co. (former company) from July 1 to Oct. 21, 1938, on which date that company was merged into Wisconsin Electric Power Co. (present company).—V. 148, p. 2922.

# Wisconsin Gas & Electric Co.—Earnings—

12 Months Ended June 30-

Total operating revenues Total operating expenses at	d taxes		\$6,470,321 5,283,137	\$6,332,014 5,128,531
Net operating revenues a Non-operating revenues	fter depre	ciation	\$1,187,184 Dr2,357	\$1,203,483 Dr4,194
Gross income	unt and ex	pense	380,950 32,435 6,638	\$1,199,289 380,950 32,437 2,668
and plantOther deductions			C-6 006	Cr12,436 5,744
Net income			\$727,394	\$789,925
Wisconsin Invest	ment Co	.—Earnin	78	
6 Mos. End. June 30— Income—Int. on invest. h. Int. on stk. subscr'ns. Divs. on stocks Net profit on sale of investments	1939 \$6,074 309 17,135 39,769	1938 x\$17,728 467 See x	1937 \$463 879 42,798 420,050	1936 \$2,358 4,709 37,315
Total income Operating expenses Prov. for income taxes	\$63,288 14,732 6,000	loss\$40,904 13,065	\$464,190 19,100 85,000	\$44,383 16,201
Net profit Dividends paid	\$42,556	loss\$53,968 52,446	\$360,090 52,666	\$28,182
Surplus		def\$106,414	\$307,424	\$28,182

### Balance Sheet June 30, 1939

Assets—Cash on hand and demand deposits, \$155,983; marketable securities, at quoted market values, \$1,124,350; due on sale of securities, \$21,913; accrued dividends and interest on above securities, \$8,040; deposit with State of Wisconsin for income and privilege dividend taxes (assessment in dispute) per contra, \$45,640; stockholders' stock subscriptions receivable for capital stock of this company, at approximate liquidation value, \$10,436; office furniture and fixtures at cost (less reserve for depreciation of \$615), \$1,344; prepaid expenses and deferred charges, \$4,335; total, \$1,372,042.

Liabilities—Demand bank loan (secured by securities with quoted market value of \$206,604), \$150,000; accrued liabilities, \$12,146; accounts payable, sundry, \$1,040; due on purchase of securities, \$6,382; dividends payable (\$53,853 paid July 1, 1939), \$54,295; reserve for retirement of preferred stock, \$385; other liabilities, \$45,640; common stock (\$1 par), \$536,848; surplus, \$1,102,154; total, \$1,372,042.—V. 148, p. 3704.

Wisconsin Michigan Power Co.—Ed	irnings-	
12 Months Ended June 30— Total operating revenues Total operating expenses and taxes	1939 \$3,683,699 2,426,796	1938 \$3,624,420 2,365,043
Net operating revenues after depreciation Non-operating revenues		\$1,259,377 14,398
Gross income	$487,475 \\ 32,200 \\ 4,002$	\$1,273,776 447,069 30,730 \$2,901 \$C71,572 13,289
Net income	\$730,427	\$781,358

# Wisconsin Public Service Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings—

Years Ended June 30—	1939	1938
Operating revenues		\$8,637,781 3,348,082
Maintenance	544,089	488,364 952,500
Depreciation Taxes Provision for Federal and State income taxes	1.249.360	1.160.540 $258,500$
Net operating incomeOther income	\$2,855,570 473	\$2,429,795 39,601
Gross income	1,060,757 149,333 50,000 Cr6,595	\$2,469,396 989,960 152,693 29,167 18,806 28,625
Net income	\$1,553,113	\$1,250,145

Note—No provision was made by the corporation for State income taxes for 1937 as the corporation claimed as a deduction in its income tax return that portion of unamortized debt discount and expense and redemption premium and expense on bonds redeemed in 1936 applicable to the taxable year 1937, which resulted in no State income taxes for that year.—V. 149, p. 593.

# Wolverine Tube Co.—Earnings—

Gross profit.	ded June 30— eral and administrative expenses	1939 \$466,256 200,166	1938 \$174,043 153,640
Profit		\$266.091 2,526	\$20,403 15,162
Income dedu Depreciation	tionsFederal income tax	\$268,616 19,720 36,656 37,142	\$35,565 13,671 37,080
Net profit Earnings per	share on common stock	\$175,098 \$0.41	loss\$15,185 Nil

# Balance Sheet June 30, 1939

Assets—Cash on hand and in banks, \$317,972; U. S. Government securities, \$7.747; marketable securities at cost, \$5,161; notes and accounts receivable (net), \$321,978; inventories, \$617,501; plant and equipment, \$1,237,853; deferred charges, \$26,437; other securities and investments, \$25,612; total, \$2,560,263.

Liabilities—Accounts payable, trade, \$90.626; dividends payable, \$39.612; accrued liabilities, \$111,497; reserve for contingencies, \$7,000; 7% cumulative preferred stock (par \$100), \$378,800; \$2 par value common stock (396,122 shares), \$792,244; capital surplus, \$402,147; earned (surplus, \$738,337; total, \$2,560,268—V. 149, p. 593.

# (F. W.) Woolworth Co.-Sales-

Period End. July 31— 1939—Month—1938 1939—7 Mos.—1938 Sales————\$24,340,307 \$22,733,471 \$163089,650 \$155789,063 —V. 149, p. 427.

# (Rudolph) Wurlitzer Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings—

3 Months Ended June 30-	1939	1938	1937
Net profit after all reserves and normal Federal and State income taxes	x\$156,870	\$3,107	\$633,868
x Equal to \$0.33 per share on 401.1 June 30.	73 shares com	mon stock o	utstanding

# Bank Indebtedness Reduced—Interest Rate Now 3%—

During the first quarter (April, May and June) a payment of 3% \$250,000 was made on the company's bank indebtedness, and in July an additional payment of the same amount was made, reducing the total obligation on July 31, 1939 to \$3,250,000, as compared with \$3,750,000 on March 31, 1939.

A new agreement was made on July 31, 1939 between the company and its bankers whereby the entire unpaid balance of \$3,250,000 is payable over a five year period in 20 equal quarterly instalments, with interest at 3%, which had been 4½% heretofore.—V. 148, 3249.

# Yellow & Checker Cab Co .- Accumulated Dividend-

Directors have declared a dividend of \$1 per share on account of accumulations on the 8% cumulative class A stock, par \$50, payable Aug. 15 to holders of record Aug. 12, leaving arrears of \$26.66 2-3 per share.—V. 148, p. 898.

# Yukon-Pacific Mining Co. (& Subs.) - Earnings

	I droil-I delife in			,	9.0
	. 0	Formerly Yuk	on Gold Co.)		
	Period End. June 30-	1939-3 M	os.—1938	1939-6 M	os.—1938
	Net inc., before deprec. and depletion Deprec. and depletion	\$82,000 41,000	\$91,000 28,000	\$182,000 83,000	\$309,000 73,000
١.	Net income	\$41,000	\$63,000	\$99,000	\$236,000
	Per share Yukon-Pacific Mining Co. stock	1.2 cts.	1.8 cts.	2.8 cts.	6.7 cts.

# The Commercial Markets and the Crops

COTTON-SUGAR-COFFEE-GRAIN

PROVISIONS—RUBBER—HIDES—DRY GOODS—WOOL—ETC.

# COMMERCIAL EPITOME

Friday Night, Aug. 11, 1939

Coffee-On the 7th inst. futures closed 1 to 3 points net lower for the Santos contract, with sales totaling only 19 lots. The Rio contracts closed nominally unchanged, with no business reported. Weather news, temporarily at least, ceased to be a market factor. On spot quotations generally and shipment asking prices Brazil was unchanged, and the demand from New York was light, which tended to restrict interest in the futures market. Spot Rio 7s were strong, however, at 13.600, a gain of 200 reis. Havre closed ¼ to 11/4 francs higher. On the 8th inst. futures closed 1 to 4 points net higher for the Santos contract, with sales totaling 40 lots. No business was recorded in the Rio contracts. Brazilian weather continued favorable and apparently influenced some profit taking. Minimum temperatures ranged upward from 44 degrees. New demand from Brazil was in evidence, but these orders were limited and held around present levels. The Havre market closed 3/4 franc lower. On the 9th inst. futures closed unchanged for the Santos contracts, compared with previous final quotations. actions totaled 55 lots, all in the Santos contract. Trading in coffee futures was listless with the market developing an easier undertone. During early afternoon Santos contracts stood 1 to 4 points lower on a turnover of about 4,000 bags. Rios were entirely neglected. Havre futures were ¾ to 1 franc higher. Brazilian cables reported that the weather was fine yesterday with minimum temperatures ranging from 50 to 59 degrees. Actuals were steady. Cost and freight quotations from Brazil were unchanged. Coffee destruction during the last half of July totaled 249,000 bags. It brought the total for the month to 494,000 bags or the best rate of incineration since the end of 1938. So far since 1931 Brazil has destroyed more than 61,000,000 bags.

On the 10th inst. futures closed 13 to 7 points net lower for the Santos contract, with sales totaling 43 lots. Only one contract was sold in the Rio (new A). Light liquidation in the Sept. Santos position was attended by further selling attributed to Europe. The result was losses of 5 to 10 points in the Santos contract up to early afternoon. In Havre futures were 1/2 franc lower. In Santos yesterday the official spot price of hard 4s was raised 100 points. Cables reported that fine weather continued in the coffee belt. Brazilian cost and freight offers held unchanged, but mild coffees were easier with Manizales quoted at 12 1/8c. a pound, off 1/8 of a cent. Roasters were on the side lines. Today futures closed unchanged to 1 point down on the Santos contract, with sales totaling 24 lots. There was no business recorded in the Rio contracts. The coffee futures market stood unchanged to 1 point higher during early afternoon in dull trading. July Santos then sold at 6.35c. Havre futures were 34 to 1½ francs lower. Brazilian weather continued fine with temperatures ranging from 44 to 53 degrees. The were ¾ to 1½ francs lower. Brazilian weather continued fine with temperatures ranging from 44 to 53 degrees. The milreis improved 10 reis to 19.8 to the dollar. That was the first change in the quotation since Aug. 1. It is believed the Government is supporting the rate. Brazilian cost and freight offers were generally unchanged, but mild coffees were easier with Manizales offered at 12½c. for Aug. shipment, off ½ of a cent. New crop coffees were reported available at 11½c.

Rio coffee prices closed as follows: 

Cocoa—On the 7th inst. futures closed 2 to 4 points net lower. Trading seemed largely centered in the September delivery. The market steadied after early liquidation on manufacturer buying, but again turned easier on further liquidation and the appearance of hedge selling in the forward months. Transactions totaled 363 lots or 4 864 torong to the contraction of the contra Switches accounted for 214 of the 363 contracts traded. Switching from the September delivery was the outstanding feature. For the most part dealers absorbed the September liquidation, some of which came from outside longs. The London Terminal Cocoa Market was closed today in observance of the August bank holiday. Local closing: Sept., 4.09; Oct., 4.13; Dec., 4.21; Jan., 4.26; March, 4.33; May, 4.44; July, 4.54. On the 8th inst. futures closed 6 to 8

points net lower. Heavy liquidation of September contracts was largely responsible for the market's weakness today. September cocoa futures sold off to 4c. today, as today. September cocoa futures sold off to 4c. today, as the first heavy day of liquidation in advance of first notice day on Aug. 25 got under way. Transactions for the day totaled 648 lots or 8,863 tons. This included sales of 208 September contracts. There was also considerable switching from September to later deliveries. New low marks for all active months were registered during the session. September at 4c. was 7 points under the previous bottom level. Selling emanated chiefly from Wall Street houses. Manufacturers were heavy buyers on the scale down. The London Terminal Cocoa Market was also sharply lower today, closing quiet at 4½d. to 9d. lower. A total of 540 tons were ing quiet at 4½d. to 9d. lower. A total of 540 tons were sold. London actuals were 4½d. lower compared with Friday's finals. Local closing: Sept., 4.00; Oct., 4.05; Dec., 4.14; Jan., 4.18; March, 4.28; May, 4.38. On the 9th inst. futures closed 1 to 3 points net lower. Transactions totaled 404 lots. The liquidating movement in September seems futures continued and put a democrate the September cocoa futures continued, and put a damper on the market. The September position sold at 3.97c., off 4 points, and the lowest for that position since December, 1933. Manufacturers and trade interests as heretofore absorbed offerings on a scale down. It was reported in the trade that a good spot business was moving. Trading was active with 350 lots done to early afternoon. Warehouse stocks increased 900 bags. They now total 1,379,446 bags. A year ago stocks amounted to 680,231 bags. Local closing: Sept., 4.00; Dec., 4.13; Jan., 4.17; March, 4.26; May, 4.36; July, 4.45

On the 10th inst. futures closed 1 to 2 points net higher. Transactions totaled 310 lots. There was further liquidation by Sept. longs, but manufacturers and the trade absorbed offerings, with the result that the market held at unchanged prices, with Sept. quoted at 4c. even. Trading was fairly active, with a total of 300 lots to early afternoon. Warehouse stocks decreased 4,800 bags. They now total 1,374,251 bags compared with 685,070 bags a year ago. Local closing: Sept., 4.01; Oct., 4.05; Dec., 4.14; Mar., 4.27; May, 4.37; July, 4.47. Today futures closed 4 points net lower. Heavy further liquidation of Sept. contracts and switching out on that position into forward months caused cocoa futures to fall to lowest prices in six years. The sole support seemed to fall to lowest prices in six years. The sole support seemed to come from trade shorts and manufacturers who were buyers or a scale down. Sept. broke to 3.95c. and stood at 3.98 this afternoon, off 3 points net. Trading was fairly active with 275 lots done to early afternoon. First Sept. notice day falls on Aug. 25. Warehouse stocks decreased 900 bags. They now total 1,373,384 bags, compared with 701,202 bags a year ago. Local closing: Sept., 3.97; Dec., 4.10.

On the 7th inst. futures closed 1 to 3 points net lower. Liquidation of September holdings was the chief factor operating against market values today. Abandoning hope that sugar officials intend to revise their early estimates of consumption, many holders of future contracts, especially in the September delivery let go of their commitments. The September delivery, in which 159 lots of the total of 291 were traded, declined to 1.87c., off 3 points for the day and off 12 points from its recent high. With refiners withdrawn from the market as buyers, raw sugar was weak today. Sellers continued to ask 2.90c. for duty frees and 2c. for Cubas, but buyers were not interested above 2.85c. world sugar contract was unchanged to 2 points higher. London market was closed. Transactions in the world sugar contract totaled 63 lots. On the 8th inst. futures closed unchanged to 1 point off. Nearly half of the day's business was in the September delivery. Shorts were covering and longs were moving into forward positions. Trade houses were on both sides of the market again. Although no sales were effected in raws, the spot committee of the sugar were on both sides of the market again. Although no sales were effected in raws, the spot committee of the sugar exchange reduced the quotation to 1.93c. today. This is a decline of 8 points in 2 sessions, the quotation of the previous day having been reduced on the basis of a sale of 1,400 tons of Philippines, ex-store, to Arbuckle at 2.85c. The world sugar contract here closed ½ to 1 point higher, with sales of 51 lots. In the London market raws were unchanged at 6s. 10½d. Futures were ¼d. lower to ½d. higher. On the 10 th instantial processed 1 to 2 points not lower for the No. 3 9th inst. futures closed 1 to 2 points net lower for the No. 3 contract, with sales totaling 247 lots. The world sugar contract closed 2 to 2½ points net higher, with sales of 68 lots. September liquidation was the depressing factor in the domestic sugar futures market, causing prices to slip off to new seasonal lows. Trading was active, with transactions totaling about 8,000 tons to early afternoon. On the other hand July, 1940, contracts held unchanged at 1.98c. The Cuban Senate postponed action on Warren Bros. debt. sales of raws were reported. However, it was believed that buyers were willing to pay 2.80c. for duty frees. The refined price was unchanged. In the world sugar market prices worked higher in sympathy with London. The market stood

1 to 1½ points higher during early afternoon on a turnover of 3,000 tons. London futures rose ½ to 1¾d., while raws there were unchanged. The Cuba Sugar Institute released for immediate shipment 25,176 tons representing Cuba's share of the extra quota surrendered by Russia.

On the 10th inst. futures closed unchanged to 2 points net higher for the domestic contract, with sales totaling 415 lots. The world sugar contract closed unchanged to 1½ points higher, with sales totaling 88 lots. After having declined steadily for about a week, the sugar futures market stiffened on evidences that liquidation of September contracts was devine up. During early afternoon the market was 1 to 2 on evidences that inquidation of September contracts was drying up. During early afternoon the market was 1 to 2 points higher, with September 1.87 cents, up 2 points, after all offerings at 1.85 had been absorbed. The steady tone was believed to reflect a disposition of refiners to buy raws on a basis of 1.90 cents for Cubas, off 12 points from the recent top and equivalent to 2.80 cents for duty-free sugars. The American Sugar Refining Company yesterday obtained 3,000 tons of prompt Cubas at 1.90 cents. The sale established the spot price of sugar at 5 points down to the lowest level quoted since June 21st. London spot August was 3¼d. lower, but other positions were as much as ¾d. net higher. Raws there were 3d. lower. Today futures closed unchanged to 1 point net lower for the domestic contract, with sales totaling 119 lots. The world sugar contract closed 5 to 31/2 points net lower, with sales totaling 300 lots. Heavy selling of world contracts featured the trading in sugar futures today. The peaceful tenor of the news from Europe is held today. The peaceful tenor of the news from Europe is held responsible for the selling, some of which is believed to have been profit taking on the rise of near 10 points over the last been profit taking on the rise of near 10 points over the last two weeks. Demand on a scale down was good, with the result that losses were held to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to  $3\frac{1}{2}$  points. During early afternoon the May option was selling at 1.18 cents, off  $3\frac{1}{2}$  points. London futures were  $\frac{1}{2}$  to  $\frac{3}{4}$  lower except on the spot month, August, which was off  $2\frac{1}{2}$ d., reducing the premium over September to  $3\frac{3}{4}$ d. against a full shilling a few weeks ago. The domestic market quieted down after four days of relatively active markets. Prices were unchanged to 1 point higher during early afternoon. No sales of raws were reported. of raws were reported.

Prices closed as follows: 

# Statement of Sugar Statistics of Department of Agriculture for Six Months of 1939—Deliveries Above Year Ago

The Sugar Division of the U. S. Department of Agriculture on Aug. 2 issued its monthly statistical statement covering the first six months of 1939, consolidating reports obtained from cane sugar refiners, beet sugar processors, importers, and others. Total deliveries of sugar during the first six months of 1939 amounted to 2,936,914 short tons, raw value, compared with 2,900,562 tons during the corresponding period last year. Distribution of sugar in continental United States during the period January-June, 1939, in short tons, raw value, was as follows:

Raw sugar by refiners (Table 1)	4,127
Refined sugar by refiners (Table 2, less exports)	2,042,366
Beet sugar processors (table 2)	566,613
Importers of direct consumption sugar (Table 3)	260,898
Mainland cane mills for direct consumption (Table 4)	62,910

The distribution of sugar for local consumption in the Territory of Hawaii for the first six months of 1939 was 12,010 tons, and in Puerto Rico it was 32,047 tons (Table 5).

Stocks of sugar on hand on June 30, in short tons, raw value, were as follows (not including raws for processing held by importers other than refiners, nor the stocks of sugar held by mainland cane factories shown in Table 4):

	1939	, 1938
Refiners' raws	449,153 477,378 187,191	414,484 425,949 185,044
Total	1 112 700	1 005 477

In addition to the above stocks, beet sugar factories had 867,258 short tons of sugar, raw value for marketing against a balance of the 1939 quota amounting to 1,000,106 tons, compared with stocks of 624,954 tons last

The data were obtained in the administration of the Sugar Act of 1937, which requires the Secretary of Agriculture to determine consumption requirements, and to establish quotas for the various sugar-producing areas supplying the United States market. The statement of charges against the 1939 sugar quotas during January-June was made public on July 7. (This statement was given in the "Chronicle" of July 22, page 482).

TABLE 1-RAW SUGAR: REFINERS' STOCKS, RECEIPTS, MELTINGS AND DELIVERIES FOR DIRECT CONSUMPTION FOR JANUARY-JUNE, 1939 (In Short Tons, Raw Sugar Valu

Source of Supply	Stocks on Jan. 1, 1939	Receipts	Meltings	Deliveries for Direct Consumption	Lost by Fire &c.	Stocks on June 30, 1939
Cuba Hawaii Puerto Rico	10,136 22,299 114,704		425,826	2,254	0	301,773 32,399
Philippines	28,112 99,947		491,171	192 455 226	0 0	58,641 42,767 11,865
Virgin Islands Other countries Misc.(sweepings, &c.)	13,766 0	22,226 249	34,275 223	35 0	0 0	1,682 26
Total	288,964	2,388,607	2,224,291	4,127	0	449,153

Compiled in the Sugar Division, from reports submitted by sugar refineries on

TABLE 2—STOCKS, PRODUCTION AND DELIVERIES OF CANE AND BEET SUGAR BY UNITED STATES REFINERS AND PROCESSORS, JANUARY-JUNE, 1939

(In Short Tons, Raw Sugar Value)

	aRefineries	Domestic Beet Factories
Initial stocks of refined, Jan. 1, 1939	358,137 2,208,658 <b>b</b> 2,089,412 477,378	1,351,563 82,308 c566,613

Compiled by the Sugar Division, from reports submitted by the sugar refineries and beet sugar factories on Forms SS-16 A and SS-11 C.

through reprocessing, &c.

a The refineries' figures are converted to raw value by using the factor 1.060259, which is the ratio of meltings of raw sugar to refined sugar produced during the years 1937 and 1938.

b Deliveries include sugar delivered against sales for export. The Department of Commerce reports that exports of refined sugar amounted to 47,051 short tons, raw value, during the first six months of 1939. c Larger than actual deliveries by a small amount representing losses in transit,

TABLE 3—STOCKS, RECEIPTS AND DELIVERIES OF DIRECT-CON-SUMPTION SUGAR FROM SPECIFIED AREAS, JANUARY-JUNE, 1939 (In Short Tons, Raw Sugar Value)

Source of Supply	Stocks on Jan. 1, 1939	Receipts	Deliveries or Usage	Stocks on June 30, '39
Cuba	66,418 0 a7,787 6,994 0 0 878	199,879 4,254 108,987 48,144 0 103 4,645	144,652 4,254 71,529 34,837 0 103 5,523	a121,645 0 45,245 20,301 0 0
Total	82,077	366,012	260,898	187,191

Complied in the Sugar Division from reports and information submitted by importers and distributors of direct-consumption sugar on Forms SS-15 B and SS-3. alIncludes sugar in bond and in customs' custody and control.

TABLE 4—MAINLAND CANE MILLS' STOCKS, PRODUCTION AND DELIVERIES, JANUARY-JUNE, 1939 a (In short tons, raw value)

Deliveries for Direct Consumption Deliveries for Further Processing Production Stocks on June 30, 1939 Stocks on Jan. 1, 1939 62,910 171,146 191,588 31,888 74,356

a The data on the mainland sugarcane areas are shown for the first time in a form comparable with the other data in this report.

TABLE 5—DISTRIBUTION OF SUGAR FOR LOCAL CONSUMPTION IN THE TERRITORY OF HAWAII AND PUERTO RICO, JANUARY-JUNE, 1939 (Short Tons, Raw Value)

Territory of Hawaii. 12,010
Puerto Rico. 32,047

### State Department Denies Report of Reduction in Cuban Sugar Duties

Reports that the State Department was awaiting the adjournment of Congress to announce a reduction in tariff duties on Cuban sugar imports were denied in the Senate on Aug. 3. This denial was announced by Senator O'Mahoney of Wyoming who read a letter from Francis B. Sayre, former Assistant Secretary of State and now High Commissioner to the Philippines. It is said that a cut in the sugar tariff has been a subject of negotiation in discussions between the Department and Cuban officials in drawing up a new reciprocal trade agreement with that country. Regarding this statement Washington advices of Aug. 4 to the New York "Journal of Commerce" said:

Members of the congressional sugar bloc received the "news" with gratification and interpreted the letter to mean that not only is the Department not awaiting congressional adjournment to cut the tariff but that it means that no action would be taken by the Department between adjournment and next January when Congress reconvenes.

The letter from Mr. Sayre to Senator O'Mahoney follows:

With reference to our telephone conversation of this afternoon regarding the statement which you stated recently appeared in the press to the effect that the State Department is only awaiting the adjournment of Congres before cutting the tariff duties on Cuban sugar, I should like positively to deny the statement. As a matter of fact, negotiations with the Cuban Government have been in progress ever since last November. These negotiations have had their ups and downs. For a time it looked as though announcement would have to be made of the breakdown of the negotiations. At the present moment it is impossible to say whether the negotiations will be successful and an agreement can be reached or not. Many grave obstacles stand in the way of agreement. It can be positively asserted that no immediate action is in prospect.

### International Sugar Council Re-allots Quotas for Cuba, Dominican Republic and Netherlands

The following cablegram from London was received Aug. 8 by the New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange, Inc.:

An International Sugar Council communique referring to arrangements regarding additional supplies for the second quota year ending Aug. 81, 1939 states: "Information received from the Soviet Government is to the 1939 states: effect that it does not wish to avail itself of the additional quota alloted Therefore the following re-allotment is made: Cuba 25,941 metric tons, Dominican Republic 11,039 metric tons and the Netherlands 28,976 metric tons." It has also been announced that the Netherlands Government renounces its right to supply the amount alloted to it, namely, 20,000 metric tons under the arrangement made during July for ship-ment to the United Kingdom during the second quota year and the International Sugar Council finds it unnecessary to re-allot the amount.

In our issue of Aug. 5, page 895, we gave the details of the establishment of the balance between export quotas and estimated requirements of the free market for the third quota year.

# Javan Sugar Exports in June Decreased Below Year Ago

Exports of sugar from Java during the month of June, 1939 amounted to 118,438 long tons, according to B. W. Dyer and Co., New York, sugar economists and brokers, a decrease of 30,320 tons compared with the same month a year ago. During the first three months of their crop year (running from April, 1939 to March, 1940) exports were 294,196 tons compared with 277,756 tons during the corresponding period last year, an increase of 16,440 tons. The firm's announcement added:

According to advices received by the Dyer firm, production for the present crop is estimated at 1,519,000 long tons compared with 1,376,824 tons produced during the 1938-39 campaign. During the months of April to June, 1939, production amounted to 451,783 tons, an increase of 75,659 tons compared with the corresponding months of 1938.

Sugar stocks in Java on July 1, 1939 were 298,822 tons, the comparative figure for 1938 being 331,195 tons.

# Sugar Consumption in 13 European Countries During Ten Months of Current Crop Year Increased 9.2% Above Last Year

Consumption of sugar in the 13 principal European countries during the first 10 months of the current crop year, September, 1938 through June, 1939, totaled 6,818,857 long tons, raw sugar value, as contrasted with 6,244,803 tons consumed during the similar period last season, an increase of 574,054 tons or approximately 9.2%, according to Lamborn & Co., New York. The announcement went on to say:
Sugar stocks on hand for these countries on July 1, 1939 amounted to 2,419,200 tons as against 2,944,800 tons on the same date in 1938, a

decrease of 525,600 tons or approximately 17.8%.

The estimated beet sowings for the current season for the 13 principal European countries, according to advices received from F. O. List, the European sugar authority, is placed at 4,069,700 acres, as compared with 3,911,600 acres in the previous season, an increase of 158,100 acres, or approximately 4%. These countries produced 5,540,000 long tons of

The 13 countries included in the survey are Belgium, Bulgaria, France, Germany, Holland, Hungary, Irish Free State, Italy, Poland, Roumania, Sweden, United Kingdom, and the Protectorate of Bohemia-Moravia.

Lard—On the 7th inst. futures closed unchanged to 2 points higher. The opening range was 2 to 5 points higher. Trading was light and without noteworthy feature. Export clearances of lard from the Port of New York today were reported as 69,000 pounds, destined for Southampton. Receipts of hogs at the principal Western markets today were below trade expectations and totaled 51,500 head against below trade expectations and totaled 51,500 head against 57,500 for the same day last year. Hog prices at Chicago advanced 5c. to 10c. owing to the lighter receipts than forecast. Sales ranged from \$4.90 to \$6.70. On the 8th instructures closed 2 points lower to 2 points higher. Trading was quiet, with the undertone steady. There was nothing in the news to serve as an incentive for operations on either side of the market. Reports from Washington recording the side of the market. Reports from Washington regarding the proposed barter deal with Germany are being watched very closely. Clearances of lard from the Port of New York were light and totaled 30,000 pounds today, destined for Hamburg. Liverpool prices were unchanged compared with previous Friday's finals. Hog prices at Chicago closed 10c. lower. Receipts of hogs at the leading markets in the West were 59,800 head, compared with 64,600 head. Sales at Chicago ranged from \$4.90 to \$6.60. The late top price was \$6.65. On the 9th inst. futures closed 15 points net lower on the active deliveries. The market was fairly active, with the undertone heavy. Export clearances of lard from the Port of New York today were 250,140 pounds. Liverpool lard of New York today were 250,140 pounds. Liverpool lard futures were unchanged from previous final quotations. Receipts of hogs at the western markets totaled 50,800 head against 51,700 for the same day a year ago. Hog prices at Chicago finished 10c. to 20c. lower. Sales ranged from

On the 10th inst. futures closed 12 to 15 points net lower. On the 10th inst. futures closed 12 to 15 points net lower. Liquidation of a rather substantial character depressed prices considerably below the previous finals. The downward movement was accelerated by short selling. From these low levels the market showed little tendency to rally. Export clearances of lard from the Port of New York totaled only 36,000 pounds, destined for Stockholm. Liverpool lard futures were 6d to 9d. lower. Receipts of hogs for the Western run today were larger than the same day a year ago and totaled 52,800 head against 41,800 head. Prices of hogs at Chicago were 10c. to 15c. lower, with sales ranging from \$4.60 to \$6.40. Today futures closed 10 to 12 points net lower. Fresh liquidation in the September delivery had a lower. Fresh liquidation in the September delivery had a depressing effect, and this in turn induced some short selling.

# DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF LARD FUTURES IN CHICAGO

AVELLIA CECULATO A	*** ( ***					
	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri
September	5.55	5.57	5.55	5.40	5.25	5.15
October	5.60	5.62	5.60	5.45	5.32	5.22
December	5.72	5.72	5.75	5.60	5.45	5.35
January	5.80	5.80	5.80	5.65	5.52	5.40
May	6.17		6.17	6.05	6.05	5.92

Pork—(Export), mess, \$17.75 per barrel (per 200 pounds); family (40-50 pieces to barrel), \$17 per barrel. Beef: (export), steady. Family (export), \$20 per barrel (200 pounds), nominal. Cut Meats: Pickled Hams: Picnic, Loose, c.a.f. 4 to 6 lbs., 13½c.; 6 to 8 lbs., 12½c.; 8 to 10 lbs., 10¾c. Skinned, Loose, c.a.f.—14 to 16 lbs., 18½c.; 18 to 20 lbs., 16c. Bellies: Clear, f.o.b. New York—6 to 8 lbs., 14c.; 8 to 10 lbs., 13½c.; 10 to 12 lbs., 11½c. Bellies: Clear, Dry

Salted, Boxed, N. Y.—16 to 18 lbs.,  $7\frac{1}{8}$ c.; 18 to 20 lbs.,  $6\frac{1}{6}$ c.; 20 to 25 lbs.,  $6\frac{5}{8}$ c.; 25 to 30 lbs.,  $6\frac{1}{2}$ c. Butter: Creamery, Firsts to Higher than Extra and Premium Marks:  $22\frac{1}{2}$  to  $24\frac{1}{2}$ . Cheese: State, Held '38,  $16\frac{1}{2}$  to 19. Eggs: Mixed Colors, Checks to Special Packs:  $13\frac{1}{4}$  to  $18\frac{1}{4}$ .

Oils—Linseed oil news contained little of importance. Linseed oil in tank cars is quoted 8.1c. to 8.3c. Quotations: China Wood: Tanks—21 bid; Carloads, drums—22 bid. Coconut: Crude, Tanks—.02½ to .03; Pacific Coast, spot—.02½ bid. Corn: Crude, West, tanks, nearby—.05½ bid. Olive: Denatured, drums, carlots, shipments—80 bid; spot 81 to 82. Soy Bean: Crude: Tanks, West—.04½ bid; New crop—.03¾ to .04; L.C.L. N.Y.—.063 bid. Edible: Coconut, 76 degrees—8½ bid. Lard: Ex. winter Prime—.8½ offer. Cod: Crude, Norwegian, light filtered—30 to 31. Turpentine: 29½ to 31½. Rosins: \$5.30 to \$7.60. Oils—Linseed oil news contained little of importance.

Rubber—On the 7th inst. futures closed 1 to 2 points net higher. Transactions totaled only 340 tons. The market's dulness today was attributed largely to the absence of foreign interest, both London and Singapore markets being closed today. What activity there was in the local market consisted largely of trading in the September and December positions, the activity being confined almost entirely to trade houses. The outside market was of a holiday character. Spot standard No. 1 ribbed smoked sheets in the actual market remained unchanged at 16 11-16c. Local closing: Aug., 16.62; Sept., 16.66; Dec., 16.74; March, 16.75. On the 8th inst. futures closed 3 points net lower. Transactions totaled only 650 tons. Activity was confined largely to trade and commission house interests. The outside market continued quiet. Spot standard No. 1 ribbed smoked sheets in the actual market remained unchanged at 16 11-16c. Rubber-On the 7th inst. futures closed 1 to 2 points net sheets in the actual market remained unchanged at 16 11-16c. Stocks of crude rubber in England for the week ended Aug. 5 were reported at 55,124 tons, a decrease of 1,709 tons from the week previous. Local closing: Aug., 16.59; Sept., 16.63; Dec., 16.71; Jan., 16.70; March, 16.72. On the 9th inst. futures closed 1 to 2 points net higher. Transactions totaled 115 lots. Crude rubber futures resisted the weakness in other markets. Reflecting a steady London market and firm primary markets, prices here opened 3 to 8 points higher. Later they eased off slightly, but in early afternoon were unchanged to 1 point higher, with September at 16.3c. Sales to that time totaled 890 tons, of which 30 tons were exchanged for physical rubber. London closed unchanged to 1-16d. higher. Singapore was unchanged to 1-32d. lower. Local closing: Sept., 16.64; Dec., 16.72; March, 16.74; May, 16.75.

On the 10th inst. futures closed 12 to 15 points net lower.

Transactions totaled 157 lots. An easier trend was manifest in the rubber futures market although no special developin the rubber futures market although no special developments were reported. Foreign markets were unchanged to a fraction lower. Trading in rubber was fairly active with commission houses selling September and London trade firms buying. This early afternoon September was 8 points lower at 16.56. Sales to that time totaled 1,330 tons of which 690 tons were exchanged for physicals. Local closing: Sept. 16.52; Dec. 16.58; Jan. 16.58; March 16.60. To-day futures closed unchanged to 4 points higher. Transactions totaled 164 lots. Mixed trading developed in the rubber futures market with small net result in quotations. By early afternoon the market was unchanged to 1 point higher with Sepmarket with small net result in quotations. By early afternoon the market was unchanged to 1 point higher with September unchanged at 16.52 cents. Sales to that time totaled only 450 tons, of which 290 tons were exchanged for physical rubber. The London market was steady, unchanged to 1-16 higher. It was estimated that United Kingdom rubber stocks had decreased 350 tons this week. Singapore closed steady. Local closing Sept. 16.52; Dec. 16.59; March 16.64

Hides—On the 7th inst. futures closed 21 to 27 points net lower. The market ruled weak today largely as a result of liquidation of September contracts. The opening range was 3 points higher to 4 points lower. While a fair volume of buying developed from trade sources, the selling by commission houses forced the list steadily lower. Bearish influences were an easier tendency to the spot hide situation and a weaker stock market. Transactions in hide futures totaled 300 contracts or 12,000,000 pounds. Certificated totaled 300 contracts or 12,000,000 pounds. Certificated stocks of hides in warehouses licensed by the exchange totaled 1,414,617 hides. Local closing: Sept., 10.87; Dec., 11.22; March, 11.52; June, 11.84. On the 8th inst. futures closed 15 to 20 points net lower. The opening range was 1 to 8 points net higher. The market ruled heavy during most of the session. Trading was quite active, with sales totaling 12,400,000 pounds, of which 1,800,000 pounds were exchanged for physical. Reports were current of trading in packers' hides, but details were lacking. Local closing: Sept., 10.71; Dec., 11.02; March, 11.37; June, 11.68. On the 9th inst. futures closed 14 to 15 points net lower. Transactions totaled 408 lots. There was heavy selling of the September position, believed to represent outright liquida-September position, believed to represent outright liquida-tion. Stop loss orders were caught on the way down. One of the factors in the September liquidation is the existence of large stocks of hides, including a substantial quantity of

old hides which may not be taken except at wide differences. During early afternoon futures were 23 points lower on September at 10.48c., while December was 20 points lower at 10.82c. The market was active, sales to that time having totaled 10,680,000 pounds, of which 720,000 were exchanged for physical hides. Local closing: New contracts: Sept., 10.57; Dec., 10.88; March, 11.22.

On the 10th inst. futures closed 12 to 8 points net lower for the new contracts. Transactions totaled 177 lots. Sharp further declines took place in the hides futures market. Further liquidation in the September position was reported, with September selling off 13 points to 10.39 cents a pound. Fear of delivery of aged hides now in storage was one reason for liquidation, while weakness of the stock market also was an adverse influence. Up to early afternoon sales totaled 4,480,000 pounds. Certificated stocks decreased 2,613 hides over night, but still total 1,413,875 hides. Local closing: New Contracts: Sept. 10.45; Dec. 10.80; March 11.11: June 11.42. To-day futures closed 9 to 7 points net higher. Transactions totaled 192 lots. Raw hide futures eased off after opening 8 to 15 points higher, standing 1 to 2 net higher during early afternoon on a turnover of 3,160,000 pounds. The market appeared to be an evening up affair. No further spot hide sales were reported. It was said that packers stood ready to sell at last prices but traders were offering 11 cents for light native cow hides without success. Certificated stocks of hides decreased 4,619 pieces. They now total 11,413,875 hides, while 83,619 hides pending certification total a potential stock of 1,497,494 hides. Local closing: Sept. 10.54; Dec. 10.88; March 11.19; June 11.49.

Ocean Freights—Although the demand for tonnage has been relatively light, owners continue to hold out for firm rates. Charters included: Grain: Gulf to United Kingdom-Continent, early September, 3s. 3d.; option St. Lawrence loading, 2s. 9d. St. Lawrence to United Kingdom-Continent, August, 2s. 9d. Grain Booked: Ten loads Albany to Antwerp, August, 12c. Three and one-half loads New York to Liverpool, August, 2s. 8d. Scrap: Gulf to United Kingdom, September, 20s. 6d., one port loading; 21s. 6d. for two ports loading. Los Angeles, Calif., to Balboa, August, 21½c. a barrel. Gulf to Japan, September, loading. Time: Round trip transatlantic trade, delivery United Kingdom-Continent, end August, 4s. 6d. Round trip north of Hatteras-River Plate trade, August-September, \$1. Delivery Korea, redelivery United Kingdom-Continent, via North Pacific, August, 6s. Reported fixed, two round voyages transatlantic trade, delivery Europe, August-September, at 4s. 9d. to 5s. Round trip transatlantic trade, delivery Copenhagen, August, \$1.45. Round trip West Indies trade, continuation August, \$1.40.

Coal—The coal situation, especially in the anthracite

Coal—The coal situation, especially in the anthracite division, showed little change the past week. According to figures furnished by the Association of American Railroads, the shipments of anthracite into eastern New York and New England for the week ended July 22 have amounted to 1,236 cars as compared with 957 cars during the same week in 1938, showing an increase of 279 cars, or approximately 13,950 tons. Shipments of anthracite for the current calendar year up to and including the week ended July 22 have amounted to 50,852 cars as compared with 45,659 cars during the same period in 1938, showing an increase of close to 259,650 tons. Shipments of bituminous coal into this territory during the week ended July 22 amounted to 1,673 cars as compared with 1,150 cars during the corresponding week in 1938. Calendar year shipments of bituminous coal have amounted to 47,055 cars as compared with 43,762 cars during the same period in 1938, an increase of 164,650 tons.

Wool—Latest advices from Boston report something of a lull spreading over the wool district. Mill buyers appear to have withdrawn temporarily from the market. It is said that manufacturers are well supplied with wool and are not likely to reach after additional quantities with the raw material in so strong a position. Dealers are reported satisfied with the situation, which allows them a breathing spell in which to catch up with their grading operations. On good wools in demand the price trend continues upward, while inactive descriptions remain steady. The best territory wool original bags now at 68c. to 70c. has forced a rise of 1c. or more per secured pound on graded fine territory, which at 73c to 75c. is at the high price for many weeks. At the low end, the quarter-blood has gained a full cent for the week and the fleece quarter-blood are now selling at par on a scoured basis of 57c. to 60c. It is said that until the opening of the Australian season in Sydney, Aug. 28, the real price position of fine wool overseas will remain undisclosed. There is no shortgage of merinos and prices at the recent London sales were erratic.

Silk—On the 7th inst. futures closed ½c. lower to 4c. higher for the No. 1 contract, while the No. 2 contract closed 4c. off to 2c. net higher. The opening quotations ruled slightly weaker. Transactions totaled 440 bales in the No. 1 contract and 20 bales in the No. 2 contract. Most of the support the market received came from trade and dealer buying. Selling came principally from Japanese sources. Yokohama futures were 11 to 17 yen lower, while Kobe futures were 12 to 22 yen easier. Grade D declined 10 yen to 1,210 yen at Yokohama and dropped only 5 yen to 1,210 yen at Kobe. Spot sales in both Japanese markets totaled

725 bales, while futures transactions totaled 5,100 bales. Local closing: No. 1 contract: Aug., 2.49; Sept., 2.39; Oct., 2.30½; Nov., 2.28; Dec., 2.26; Jan., 2.22½. No. 2 Contract: Aug., 2.47; Oct., 2.25; Dec., 2.18; Feb., 2.15. On the 8th inst. futures closed unchanged to 5c. higher for the No. 1 contract, while the No. 2 contract closed 1c. lower to 5c. higher. Transactions totaled 510 bales. There were no transactions in the No. 2 contract. Most of the selling came from Japanese and importer interests, while demand came from trade and dealers. At Yokohama futures were 13 to 20 yen up, while at Kobe they were 7 to 15 yen higher. Grade D gained 5 yen to 1,215 yen in both markets. Spot sales at these Japanese centers totaled 800 bales, while futures transactions totaled 3,250 bales. Local closing: No. 1 contract: Aug., 2.52; Sept., 2.44; Oct., 2.34; Nov., 2.30½; Dec., 2.28½; Jan., 2.24. No. 2 contract: Aug., 2.46; Oct., 2.28½; Jan., 2.24. No. 2 contract: Aug., 2.46; Oct., 2.28½; Dec., 2.21; Jan., 2.19. On the 9th inst. futures closed 3 to 1½c. net higher for the No. 1 contracts, with sales totaling 21 lots. The No. 2 contracts closed 3½c. up to unchanged, with sales of only 4 contracts. Raw silk futures opened ½ to 2c. higher on the No. 1 contract and were firm in later trading with December selling at 2.31, up 3c. Sales to early afternoon were only 80 bales, all on the No. 1 contract. The firmness was in sympathy with Japanese strength. In Yokohama futures advanced 10 to 19 yen, while grade D silk was 10 yen higher at 1,225 yen a bale. In the New York spot market crack double extra silk was 3½c. higher at \$2.64 a pound. Local closing: No. 1 contracts: Aug., 2.55; Dec., 2.29½; Jan., 2.25½. No. 2 contracts: Aug., 2.55; Dec., 2.29½; Jan., 2.25½. No. 2 contracts: Aug., 2.59½. Nov., 2.27.

On the 10th inst. futures closed unchanged to 1c. net lower. Transactions totaled 62 lots. Commission houses were moderate buyers of silk futures on a further moderate din in

On the 10th inst. futures closed unchanged to 1c. net lower. Transactions totaled 62 lots. Commission houses were moderate buyers of silk futures on a further moderate dip in prices. During early afternoon the market was a fraction of a cent lower, with Feb. No. 1 selling at \$2.22½, off½c. Sales to that time toatled 210 bales all in the No. 1 contract. In the spot market crack double extra silk was ½c. lower at \$2.63½. Yokohama Bourse prices were unchanged to 7 yen lower. Grade D silk advanced 15 yen to 1,230 yen a bale. Local closing: No. 1 contracts: Aug., 2.55; Oct., 2.34½; Nov., 2.29½; Dec., 2.28; Jan., 2.24½. Today futures closed 5½c. to 2c. net higher. Transcations totaled 86 lots. Japanese and trade interests were reported buying silk futures. Offerings were rather light, with the result that prices gained 3 to 4½c. with Sept. selling at \$2.48½ and Dec. at \$2.31. Sales to early afternoon totaled 440 bales, all on the No. 1 contract. The price of crack double extra silk in the uptown spot market advanced 3c. to \$2.66½ a pound. Yokohama Bourse prices closed 15 to 19 yen higher. Grade D silk advanced 10 yen to 1,240 yen a bale. Local closing: Aug., 2.57½; Sept., 2.49½; Oct., 2.37½; Dec., 2.30; Jan., 2.26½ Mar., 2.23½.

# COTTON

Friday Night, Aug. 11, 1939.

The Movement of the Crop, as indicated by our telegrams from the South tonight, is given below. For the week ending this evening the total receipts have reached 72,192 bales, against 73,404 bales last week and 73,527 bales the previous week, making the total receipts since Aug. 1, 1939, 107,484 bales, against 79,433 bales for the same period of 1938, showing an increase since Aug. 1, 1939, of 28,051 bales.

Receipts at-	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Total
Galveston	1.139	1,145	945	486	688	1,094	5,497
Brownsville	$\frac{2,494}{1,278}$	1.231	2.153	2,406 308	1,096	7.738	4,900 13,804
Corpus Christi New Orleans	4,810 1,546	7.154	4.627 2.950	4,889 1.852	6.392 2.130	6,116 2,168	33.988
Mobile	6	1,100	15	24 27	18 26	106	170
Savannah Lake Charles			15			46 28	28
Wilmington	131	193	198 72	70	80 43	24	560 332
Baltimore						984	984
Totals this week.	11,404	11,056	10,975	10,062	10.473	18,304	72,192

The following table shows the week's total receipts, the total since Aug. 1, 1939, and the stocks tonight, compared with last year:

Benefate to	1	939	1	938	Stock		
Receipts to Aug. 11	This Week	Since Aug 1, 1939	This Week	Since Aug 1, 1938	1939	1938	
Galveston	5,497	8,344	1,369	1,853	467,592	597,027	
Brownsville	4,900 13,804		4.791	8.364	536.481	619,448	
Corpus Christi	33,988	48,101	38,596	56,612	130,713	146,082	
Beaumont New Orleans	11,815		4,167	7.541	31,778 346,905	606,623	
Mobile Pensacola & G'port	170	923	820 x206	1,054 ±206	48,753 53,936	z5,349	
Jacksonville Savannah	114	121	409	882	1,301 140,159		
CharlestonLake Charles	28	31	59	60	28,093 5,467		
Wilmington	560	1.009	i	i	10,317	16,896	
Norfolk.	332	1,157	274	625	26,000		
New York Boston					1.135	3,722	
Baltimore	984	1,336	1,192	2,227	725	678	
Totals	72.192	107.484	51.885	794.433	1.829.455	2.292.645	

x Receipts included in Corpus Christi. z Gulfport not included.

In order that comparison may be made with other years,
we give below the totals at leading ports for six seasons:

Receipts at-	1939	1938	1937	1936	1935	1934
Galveston Houston New Orleans Mobile Savannah Charleston Wilmington Norfolk All others	5,497 13,804 11,815 170 114 560 332 39,900	1,369 4,791 4,167 820 409 59 1 274 39,995	5,332 18,311 2,825 618 1,746 1,321 12 556 63,372	1,896 2,418 4,404 7,06 1,236 384 265 434 41,148	8,349 4,878 7,555 1,276 3,624 446 7 239 35,118	6,693 4,465 10,303 2,623 2,661 1,040 34 139 22,687
Total this wk.	72,192	51,885	94,093	52,891	61,492	50,345
Since Aug. 1.	107,484	79,433	135,822	87.069	129,036	122,947

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 54,284 bales, of which 12,451 were to Great Britain, 6,257 to France, 14,160 to Germany, 3,970 to Italy, 5,048 to Japan, 620 to China, and 11,778 to other destinations. In the corresponding week last year total exports were 49,662 bales. For the season to date the aggregate exports have been 70,401 bales, against 78,804 bales in the same period of the previous season. Below are the exports for the week:

Week Ended	Exported to—										
Aug. 11, 1939 Exports from—	Great Britain	France	Ger- many	Italy	Japan	China	Other	Total			
Galveston	757			1,378	3,853	620	7,415	14,023			
Houston	2.214		897	2,592			986	6,689			
Corpus Christi	4,105	4,783	7,876				1,278	18,042			
Brownsville	1,922	1,474					1,504	4,900			
New Orleans	2,671		5,187				207	8,065			
Mobile	382							382			
Norfolk	****		-===				328	328			
Los Angeles	400		200		1,173		60	1,773			
San Francisco	****				22	****	00	02			
Total	12,451	6,257	14,160	3,970	5,048	620	11,778	54,284			
Total 1938	12,468	2,166	16,573	200	10,143		8,112	49,662			
Total 1937	16,466	9,638	7,654	7,738	1,898	200	14,064	57,658			

From				Exporte	d to-			
Aug. 1, 1939 to Aug. 11, 1939 Exports from—	Great Britain	France	Ger- many	Italy	Japan	China	Other	Total
Galveston	1,286	17 (18)		1,378	3,853	620	7,610	14,747
Houston	2.214		897	2,592	1.593	80	1,372	8,748
Corpus Christi	4,105		10,242	2.846			3,920	25,896
Brownsville	1,922	1.474					1,504	4,900
New Orleans	3.810		5.187				1,010	11,097
Mobile	382	-,000						382
Pensacola, &c.	70							70
Savannah					615			615
Norfolk	61		751				328	1,140
Los Angeles	400	300	200		1.724		100	2,724
San Francisco					22		60	82
Total	14,250	7,647	17,277	6,816	7,807	700	15,904	70,401
Total 1938	17,617	5.560	19,948	7.010	15,558		13,111	78,804
Total 1937	18,665		20,400	8.078	3,378	200	21,337	82,559

NOTE—Exports to Canada—It has never been our practice to include in the above table reports of cotton shipments to Canada, the reason being that virtually all the cotton destined to the Dominion comes overland, and it is impossible to give returns concerning the same from week to week, while reports from the customs districts on the Canadian border are always very slow in coming to hand. In view, however, of the numerous inquiries we are receiving regarding the matter, we will say that for the month of June the exports to the Dominion the present season have been 23,601 bales. In the corresponding month of the preceding season the exports were 16,632 bales. For the 11 months ended June 30, 1939, there were 235,335 bales exported, as against 228,366 bales for the 11 months of 1937-38.

In addition to above exports, our telegrams tonight also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named:

4 ** -*	a land	On Shipboard Not Cleared for-								
Aug 11 at—	Great Britain	France	Ger- many	Other Foreign	Coast-	Total	Leaving Stock			
Galveston Houston New Orleans	300 7,572 1,224	200 246 100	100 700 1,900	1,600 675 1,799	2,000 36 945	4,200 9,229 5,968	463.392 527.252 340.937			
Savannah Charleston Mobile	219			770		989	140,156 28,093 47,764			
Norfolk Other ports							26,000 $235.473$			
Total 1939 Total 1938 Total 1937	9,315 3,676 6,288	546 868 600	2,700 1,634 2,900	4.844 15.724 2.380	2,981 4,497 2,262	26.399	1,809,069 2,266,246 1,131,877			

Speculation in cotton for future delivery during the ast week was fairly active, with the price trend irregular. Reports from spot market centers spoke of a better export inquiry and the trade continued optimistic over the prospects for enlarged shipments abroad. Assurance that funds would be available for cotton crop loans, if needed, came with the announcement that President Roosevelt had signed the third deficiency bill at Hyde Park. This contains an item of \$119,000,000 for the Commodity Credit Corporation.

On the 5th inst. prices closed 1 point up to 1 point lower. There is so much uncertainty, especially as regards legislation at Washington in connection with the final action by Congress on the Commodity Credit Corporation appropriation of \$119,000,000, that traders showed little disposition to operate either way in the market. Another restraining influence was the fact that the first official crop estimate of the season will be published next Tuesday. There was little inclination to make fresh commitments and what transcent ommitments and what trans inclination to make fresh tions there were consisted largely of evening-up over the week-end. The market opened unchanged to 1 point lower in quiet trading. With Liverpool closed for the bank holiday today and Monday, only small foreign business was transacted here. Offerings came chiefly from spot houses in the nearby deliveries, and there was some scattered liquidation of forward months, which was attributed in part to recent

showers in the Western belt. Southern spot markets were unchanged. Middling quotations ranged from 8.68c. up to 9.95c. On the 7th inst. prices closed 2 to 5 points net higher. Trading was relatively quiet, but the undertone ruled steady. The relative inactivity, of course, was attributed largely to the coming official estimate of this season's cotton crop, which will be published tomorrow. While demand was slow, which will be published tomorrow. While demand was slow, the market was without perceptible selling pressure and prices were within a range of 2 to 5 points. Tomorrow's estimate by the crop reporting board of the Department of Agriculture will compare with a crop of 11,943,000 bales last year. Average ideas in the trade, based on regularly compiled private indications, were for 11,542,000 bales. Individual estimates ranged from 11,095,000 up to 11,988,000 bales. A crop of less than 11,500,000 bales, it was said, would point to the need for purchases of cotton from loan stocks to supplement the fresh production to meet the season's apparent consuming requirements. Southern spot markets generally were 4 to 5 points net higher, except Savannah which was 14 points lower. On the 8th inst. prices Savannah which was 14 points lower. On the 8th inst. prices closed 13 to 17 points net lower. The opening range was unchanged to 3 points higher and during the morning prices worked up to net gains of 4 to 7 points on trade buying, while worked up to net gains of 4 to 7 points on trade buying, while offerings were light. Liquidation became rather pronounced just before the market adjourned at midday to receive the first official crop estimate of the season, with the result that the list eased about 10 to 12 points from the highs of the day. The market eased approximately \$1 a bale from the early highs when buying failed to materialize on the slightly smaller crop figures than expected and selling pressure increased late in the session. Heavy general rains in previously dry areas of Oklahoma more than offset the somewhat bullish effects of a Government cotton crop estimate of 11,412,000 bales. While the official crop figures were about 100,000 bales under average expectations, the impression 11,412,000 bales. While the official crop figures were about 100,000 bales under average expectations, the impression prevailed that conditions in the West had improved since the report had been compiled as of Aug. 1 by the Crop Reporting Board. On the 9th inst. prices closed 8 to 5 points net higher. The cotton market displayed a firmer tone today in a moderate volume of transactions. A short time before the close of business active months registered gains of 3 to 7 points over the closing levels of the preceding day. Around midday prices were 3 to 8 points higher. The local futures market failed to follow the easier trend at Liverpool and market failed to follow the easier trend at Liverpool and opened steady, with prices 2 to 5 points higher in a moderately active trade. The feature of the opening was the active buying by Bombay and Liverpool accounts in the May and July positions and a good trade demand in the near months. Offerings came principally from scattered foreign liquidation, hedge sales and selling by locals and the South. Temperatures in the cotton belt were mostly moderate for the season, according to the weekly weather report from Washington. East of the Mississippi River there were widespread—but mostly light to moderate—showers. but mostly light to moderate—showers.

On the 10th inst. prices closed 2 points down to 2 points net higher. After holding fairly steady throughout the earlier part of the day, cotton prices developed an easier tone this afternoon in a moderate volume of business. Shortly before the end of the trading period the list was 3 to 6 points net lower. At noon the market was 1 point higher to 1 point lower. The local market responded to better than expected cables this morning and opened steady, with prices 3 to 5 points higher in a moderately active trade. Both brokers with Bombay and Liverpool connec-tions were buyers of October and December this morning at the present narrow differences and a little of this absorption also was noticeable in May. There was some trade support in October and December, while offerings in these months came principally through a leading spot interest, with some hedge sales and New Orleans selling in both

these deliveries. Today prices closed 6 to 11 points net lower. Prices for cotton futures again displayed an easier tone today in a moderate volume of sales. A short time before the close of business active positions showed no change to a decline of 6 points from the closing levels of the previous day. Around midday the market was unchanged to 4 points lower. Futures failed to decline as much as cables indicated this market, and the market opened herely steady. cated this morning, and the market opened barely steady, with prices 1 point net lower in a moderate amount of trading. Foreign interests were the best sellers, with liquidation from Bombay, Liverpool and Continental interests well distributed throughout the most active months. A few hedge sales also made their appearance, mostly in December and May. Support came principally from trade interests and Wall Street accounts, while New Orleans operators bought sparingly in October and March.

The official quotation for middling upland cotton in the New York market each day for the past week has been:

Middling upland....... Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri. 9.55 9.60 9.47 9.53 9.47 9.39

Premiums and Discounts for Grade and Staple-The table below gives the premiums and discounts for grade and staple below gives the premiums and discounts for grade and staple in relation to the grade, Basis Middling %, established for deliveries on contract on Aug. 17, 1939. Premiums and discounts for grades and staples are the average quotations of 10 markets, designated by the Secretary of Agriculture, and staple premiums represent 60% of the average premiums over %-inch cotton at the 10 markets on Aug. 10:

	36 Inch	15-16 Inch	1 In. & Longer		Inch	15-16 Inch	1 In. & Longer
*Good Ord Extra White— Good Mid St. Mid Mid St. Low Mid +St. Good Ord	2.12 off 2.72 off .44 on .29 on Even .61 off 1.41 off	.67 on .58 on .43 on .14 on .49 off 2.10 off 2.70 off .58 on .43 on .14 on .49 off 1.34 off 2.10 off	.79 on .72 on .57 on .28 on .38 off 2.08 off 2.08 off 2.69 off .72 on .57 on .27 on .38 off 1.30 off 2.08 off	St. Mid	2.21 off	.08 on .62 off 1.44 off 2.20 off 1.51 off 2.21 off 2.21 off 2.21 off 1.11 off 1.66 off 2.31 off .54 off .54 off	.20 on .50 of 1.39 of 2.18 of 2.18 of 1.48 of 2.21 of 2.90 of 1.05 of 1.65 of 2.31 of

<sup>•</sup> Not deliverable on future contract

New York Quotations for 32 Years
The quotations for middling upland at New York on Aug.11 for each of the past 32 years have been as follows: 

Futures-The highest, lowest and closing prices at New York for the past week have been as follows:

	Saturday Aug. 5	Monday Aug. 7	Tuesday Aug. 8	Wednesday Aug. 9	Thursday Aug. 10	Friday Aug. 11
Aug.(1939)						A 15 15 17
Range Closing _ Sept.—	8.97n	9.03n	8.90n	8.96n	8.95n	8.87n
Range Closing	9.00n	9.05n	8.92n	8.98n	8.97n	8.89n
Range Closing	8.94- 9.01 8.95 —	8.97- 9.02 9.00- 9.01		8.87- 8.94 8.93 —	8.88- 8.96 8.92 —	8.84- 8.91 8.84- 8.85
Range Closing _ Dec.—	8.86n	8.90n	8.77m ,	8.83n	8.82n	8.75n
Range Closing Jan. (1940)	8.76- 8.82 8.77 —	8.79- 8.84 8.81- 8.82	8.67- 8.88 8.67 —	8.68- 8.75 8.73 —	8.68- 8.78 8.72 —	8.66- 8.72 8.66- 8.67
Range Closing	8.63- 8.63 8.63 —	8.67- 8.68 8.68 —	8.53- 8.73 8.53 ——	8.54- 8.61 8.61 —	8.55- 8.62 8.59n	8.52- 8.58 8.53 —
Range Closing . Mar.—	8.58n	8.63n	8.49n	8.55n	8.55n	8.48n
Range Closing .	8.58- 8.59 8.54 —	8.58- 8.61 8.59n	8.44- 8.65 8.44 —	8.46- 8.52 8.50 —	8.47- 8.54	8.44- 8.50 8.43n
April— Range Closing	8.47n	8.52n	8.36n	8.42n	8.42n	8.34n
May— Range Closing .	8.39- 8.45 8.40 —	8.42- 8.45 8.45 —	8.28- 8.49	8.30- 8.36 8.34- 8.35	8.29- 8.39 8.32 —	8.25- 8.32 8.25- 8.26
June— Range Closing .	8.31n	8.35n	8.20n	8.26n	8.24n	8.15n
Range Closing .	8.21- 8.27 8.22n	8.25- 8.27 8.26n	8.13- 8.31 8.13 —	8.13- 8.20	8.13- 8.22	8.05- 8.15

n Nominal

Range for future prices at New York for the week ending Aug. 11, 1939, and since trading began on each option:

Option for-	Range for Week	Range Since Beginning of Option					
Aug. 1939 Sept. 1939 Oct. 1939 Nov. 1939 Dec. 1939 Jan. 1940	8.84 Aug. 11 9.06 Aug. 8 8.66 Aug. 11 8.88 Aug. 8 8.52 Aug. 11 8.73 Aug. 8	7.49 Feb. 23 1939 7.49 Feb. 23 1939					
Feb. 1940 Mar.1940 Apr. 1940 May 1940		7.36 Apr. 20 1939 8.75 Aug. 1 1930 7.58 May 22 1939 8.62 July 27 1930					

Volume of Sales for Future Delivery—The Commodity Exchange Administration of the United States Department of Agriculture makes public each day the volume of sales for future delivery and open contracts on the New York Cotton Exchange and the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, from which we have compiled the following table. The figures are given in bales of 500 lb. gross weight.

New York	Aug. 4	Aug. 5	Aug. 7	Aug. 8	Aug. 9	Aug. 10	Open Contracts Aug. 10
October (1939)	15,700 21,100 1,800 5,300 6,800 3,200	7,500 23,200 500 5,000 11,100 700	13,200 19,200 1,200 5,600 15,100 2,300	61,800 4,600 22,600	13,000 29,100 4,000 6,900 9,400 8,200	21,000 800 6,800	545,500 58,000 186,700 345,500
September (1939) November			****		****	****	300 100
Total all futures	53,900	48,000	56,600	160,600	70,600	59,100	1,545,800
New Orleans	Aug. 2	Aug. 3	Aug. 4	Aug. 5	Aug. 7	Aug. 8	Open Contrars Aug. 8
October (1939) December January (1940) March May July	5,300 6,900 2,200 4,000 900	3,700 4,750 800 800 200	1,750 5,650 50 800 600 3,150	2,300 200 500	1,950 2,100 1,500 400 550	8,300 11,250 300 3,750 4,500 1,150	67,850 2,800 34,450 33,650
Total all futures	19,300	10,250	12,000	4,400	6,500	29,250	239,450

The Visible Supply of Cotton tonight, as made up by cable and telegraph, is as follows. Foreign stocks as well as afloat are this week's returns, and consequently all foreign figures are brought down to Thursday evening. To make the total show the complete figures for tonight (Friday) we add the item of exports from the United States for Friday

only.				
Aug. 11—	1939	1938	1937	1936
Stock at Liverpoolbales Stock at Manchester	536,000 61,000	1,021,000 171,000		
Total Great Britain	597,000	1,192,000	765,000	725,000
Stock at Bremen	131,000	230,000	121.000	161,000 127,000
Stock at Havre	65,000	249,000	137,000	127,000
Stock at Rotterdam	9,000		13,000	10,000
Stock at Barcelona		200000	200.000	65,000
Stock at Genoa	18,000		20,000	58,000
Stock at Venice and Mestre Stock at Trieste	$\frac{15,000}{7,000}$	16,000	8,000 6,000	
Total Continental stocks	245,000	585,000	305,000	439,000
Total European stocks	842.000	1.777.000	1,070,000	1,164,000
Table setten effect for Furence	72,000	1,777,000 54,000	75,000	58,000
American cotton afloat for Europe	87,000	92,000	113,000	93,000
Egypt, Brazil,&c.,afl't for Europe	254,000	245,000 273,000	$113,000 \\ 163,000 \\ 79,000$	225,000 96,000
Stock in Alexandria, Egypt	176,000	273,000	79,000	_96,000
Stock in Bombay, India	797,000	992,000	971,000	780,000
Stock in U. S. ports	,829,455	2,292,645	1,146,307	1,190,612 1,144,650
American cotton afloat for Europe Egypt, Brazil,&c.,afl't for Europe Stock in Alexandria, Egypt Stock in Bombay, India Stock in U. S. ports U. S. exports today	9,456	1 933,484 3,855	796,150 3,464	3,738
Total visible supply				
Of the above, totals of American	and oth	er descript	ions are as	follows:
American-			001 000	000 000
Liverpool stock	129,000	576,000	231,000	233,000
Manchester stock	18,000 74,000	97,000 137,000	38,000 80,000	33,000 101,000
Bremen stock	27,000	186,000	100,000	81,000
Other Continental stock	$\frac{27,000}{15,000}$	62,000	100,000 20,000 113,000	73 000
American afloat for Europe	87,000	62,000 92,000	113,000	73,000 93,000
II 8 port stock	.829.455	2.292.645	1,146,307	1.190.612
U. S. port stock 1 U. S. interior stock 2	434.071	1,933,484	796,150	1.144,650
U. S. exports today	9,456	3,855	3,464	1,144,650 3,738
Total American	,622,982	5,379,984	2,527,921	2,953,000
East Indian, Brazil, &c.— Liverpool stock	407,000	445,000	425,000	412 000
Manchester stock	43,000	74,000	71,000	412,000 47,000
Bremen stock	57,000	93,000	41,000	60,000
Havre stock	38,000	93,000 63,000	41,000 37,000	60,000 46,000
Other Continental stock	34,000	44.000	27,000 75,000 163,000	78,000
Indian afloat for Europe	72,000	54,000 245,000	75,000	58,000
Egypt, Brazil, &c., afloat	254.000	245,000	163,000	58,000 225,000
Stock in Alexandria, Egypt	176,000	273,000	79,000	96,000
Stock in Bombay, India	797,000	992,000	971,000	780,000
Total East India, &c1	,878,000	2,283,000		1,802,000
Total American4		5,379,984		2,953,000
Total visible supply6 Middling uplands, Liverpool Middling uplands, New York	,500,982	7,662,984	4,416,921	4,755,000
Middling uplands, Liverpool	5.22d.	4.78d.	5.93d.	6.92d.
Middling uplands, New York	9.39c.	8.27c.	10.70c.	12 41c.
Egypt, good Giza, Liverpool	7.29d.			5.50d.
Broach, fine, Liverpool Peruvian Tanguis, g'd fair, L'pool	4.09d.	3.94d.	5.19d.	7.67d.
C. P. Comra No. 1 stanle s'fine Liv	4.92d.	5.73d. 3.91d.	7.13d. 5.22d.	5.57d.
C.P.Oomra No.1 staple, s'fine, Liv	4.23d.			
Continental imports for ne	et wool	r have h	oon 76 Of	M) hales

Continental imports for past week have been 76,000 bales. The above figures for 1939 show a decrease from last week of 86,350 bales, a loss of 1,162,002 from 1938, an increase of 2,084,061 bales over 1937 and a gain of 1,745,982 bales over 1936.

At the Interior Towns the movement—that is, the receipts for the week and since Aug. 1, the shipments for the week and the stocks tonight, and the same items for the corresponding period of the previous year-is set out in

still to	Move	ement to 2	Aug. 11,	1939	Movement to Aug. 12, 1938			
Towns	Receipts		Ship- Stocks ments Aug.		Rece	ipts	Ship- ments	Stocks Aug.
	Week	Season	Week	11	Week	Season	Week	12
Ala., Birm'am	918	918	1,146	20,658	35	35	1,070	19,58
Eufaula	4	4		9,296	89	89		5,85
Montgom'y	729	749	593	51,122	22	37	367	46.84
Selma	728	728	965	66,533	56	56	709	52,64
Ark., Blythev.	7	7	52	154,280	15	15		
Forest City			389	47,311		-	127	24,38
Helena			150	47,512	4	16		28.10
Hope	4	4	100	46,540	-	10	10.	23.76
Jonesboro	-		99	34,019	****		101	22,65
	1 491	8 880			9 150	2.288		
Little Rock	1,431	5,559	210	146,826	2,158	2,200	409	18,40
Newport	****		426	37,090		0.4	001	
Pine Biuff.	391	391	1,179	96,560	24	24	381	58,45
Walnut Rge	45	45	202	39,131	66	66	139	
Ga., Albany	299	299	469	11,919	28	28	90	13,32
Athens	46	67	150	25,661	5	40	360	24,542
Atlanta	888	1,390	2,065	72,728	874	947	4,607	131,41
Augusta	1.862	2,175	3,829	116,394	779	1,403	1,982	120,743
Columbus	200	200	300	31,800	500	800	300	34,20
Macon	303	300	845	24,034	12	18	226	27,133
Rome	1000			32,515				22,087
La., Shrevep't	15	68	600	74,262	96	144	11	53,51
Miss., Clarksd	513	2.969	1.124	47.643	328	638	601	45,26
Columbus	121	121	100	31,237	39	39	536	25,350
Greenwood.	350	486	1,001	58,864	181	463	842	50.17
Jackson	1	1	154	16,907	80	132	225	23,01
Natches	4	4	52	15,375			-	10,55
Vicksburg.	*	2	118	15,222	10	10	1.094	11,83
		20			27	27	93	23,993
Yazoo City.	22	38	521	38,632	2,345	4,984	2.608	2.910
Mo., St. Louis	3,673	5,451	3,774	2,172	16	16	424	1,83
N.C., Gr'boro	21	21	342	1,423	10	10	227	1,83
Oklahoma—					110	140	1 001	133,62
15 towns *_	54	141	377	251,641	112	148	1,001	
3. C., Gr'ville	2,695	3,409	1,912	56,353	1,308	1,808	4,413	71,83
l'enn., Mem's	29,471	55,961	29,390	561,464	9,968	19,939	14,965	500,409
Texas, Abilene	16	16		12,510	****		2	7,512
Austin				3,355		****	14	1,399
Brenham	51	51	13	2,466	27	27	54	2,12
Dallas	147	199	605	37,991	147	173	37	33,097
Paris	20	20	- 8	38,337			89	22,357
Robstown	1.284	1,284	575	3,165	1,652	1,652	721	4,597
San Marcos	-1-0-	-,		1,937	18	351	22	329
Texarkana.				34,837			168	18,592
Waeo	37	39	150	16,349	5	28	39	12,266
rot., 56 towns	46 350	93 119	52 995	2434,071	21 026	36 435	39.158	1933.484

<sup>\*</sup> Includes the combined total of 15 towns in Oklahoma

The above totals show that the interior stocks have decreased during the week 7,535 bales and are tonight

500,587 bales more than at the same period last year. The receipts at all the towns have been 25,324 bales more than the same week last year.

Market and Sales at New York

The total sales of cotton on the spot each day during the week at New York are indicated in the following statement. For the convenience of the reader, we also add columns which show at a glance how the market for spot and futures closed on same days.

		Futures	SALES		
	Spot Market Closed	Market Closed	Spot	Contr'ct	Total
Saturday Monday	Nominal Nominal	Steady	600		-600
Tuesday Wednesday		EasySteady	2,000		2,000
Thursday Friday	Nominal	Barely steady	100 400		400
Total week. Since Aug. 1			3,100 4,470		3,100 4,470

Overland Movement for the Week and Since Aug. 1-We give below a statement showing the overland movement for the week and since Aug. 1, as made up from telegraphic reports Friday night. The results for the week and since Aug. 1 in the last two years are as follows:

The state of the s	19	939	1938		
Aug. 11— Shipped— We	ek	Since Aug. 1	Week	Since Aug. 1	
Via St. Louis 3.5 Via Mounds, &c 3.6	774 575	5,614 5,150	2,608 2,300	5,338 4,471	
	984 569	214 7,554 7,053	188 171 4,192 5,688	296 292 8,714 12,839	
Total gross overland	002	25,585	15,147	31,950	
Overland to N. Y., Boston, &c 9	984 172 937	$\frac{1,340}{296}$ $\frac{4,549}{}$	$\frac{1,192}{214}$ $9,101$	2,518 393 13,765	
Fotal to be deducted 3,1	193	6,185	10,507	16,676	
Leaving total net overland *13,8	309	19,400	4,640	15,274	

<sup>\*</sup> Including movement by rail to Canada.

The foregoing shows the week's net overland movement this year has been 13,809 bales, against 4,640 bales for the week last year, and that for the season to date the aggregate net overland exhibits an increase over a year ago of 4,126 bales.

-	1	909	1	938
In Sight and Spinners' Takings	Week	Since Aug. 1	Week	Since Aug. 1
Net overland to Aug. 11	72,192 $13,809$ $20,000$	$107,484 \\ 19,400 \\ 200,000$	51,885 4,640 85,000	79,433 15,274 160,000
	06,001 *7,535	326,884 4,022	141,525 *18,132	254,707 *31,879
Came into sight during week1 Total in sight Aug. 11	98,466	330,906	123,393	222,828
North. spinn's' takings to Aug. 11.	22,423	29,988	14,704	24,861
* Decrease.				

Movement	into	sight	in	previous	years:
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Week-	Bales	Since Aug. 1-	Bales
		1937	388,143
		1936	280,571
1025 And	16 190 494	1025	205 202

# Quotations for Middling Cotton at Other Markets

W	Closing Quotations for Middling Cotton on-							
Week Ended Aug. 11	Saturday	Monday	Tuesday	Wed'day	Thursday	Friday		
Galveston	9.02	9.07	8.93	8.98	8.97	8.90		
New Orleans	9.21 9.20	9.26 9.25	9.13 9.12	9.08	9.08 9.17	9.01		
Savannah	9.55 9.50	9.41 9.55	9.27	9.33 9.40	9.32 9.40	9.25 9.35		
Montgomery	9.45	9.30	9.35	9.40	9.30	9.15		
Augusta Memphis	9.95 9.25	10.00 9.30	9.87 9.15	9.93 9.20	9:42 9.20	$9.34 \\ 9.15$		
Houston	9.05 9.15	9.07 9.20	8.95 9.05	9.00 9.15	9.00	8.90 9.05		
Dallas	8 68	8 72	8 57	8 63	8 62	8 54		

New Orleans Contract Market—The closing quotations for leading contracts in the New Orleans cotton market for the past week have been as follows:

	Saturday Aug. 5	Monday Aug. 7	Tuesday Aug. 8	Wednesday Aug. 9	Thursday Aug. 10	Friday Aug. 11
Aug.(1939)						
September October November	9.07	9.11 —	8.98	9.03	9.026-9.03a	8.96
December. Jan. (1940)	8.89	8.92	8.78	0.00	8.82	8.76
February . March	8.65b-8.66a	8.71	8.54	8.60	8.60	8.54
April May June	8.50	8.55	8.37	8.44 —	8.42	8.35
July	8.34	8.38	8.21	8.27 —	8.256-8.26a	8.15 —
Spot Options	Quiet. Steady.	Quiet. Steady.	Quiet. Barely stdy	Quiet. Steady.	Quiet. Steady.	Quiet. Steady.

New York Cotton nang Futures Contract—Members of the N. Y. Cotton Exchange on Aug. 7 approved by a vote of 202 to 11 the proposal for establishing a new contract for trading in the future delivery After Aug. 15, the basis of the contract traded will be cotton of middling grade 15-16 of an inch in staple length instead of 1/2-inch middling as at present. In those deliveries now on the board trading will be done simultaneously in old and new contracts until the expiration date of

the most distant delivery month on the board, it was stated in the New York "Journal of Commerce" of Aug. 8, which also pointed out the following list of approved changes:

also pointed out the following list of approved changes:

1. The new contract will be based on middling 15-16 inch cotton, instead of ½-inch.

2. Middling spotted is deliverable when and if the Secretary of Agriculture establishes a type for such grade. Under the old contract, middling spotted was not deliverable.

3. Those who receive a notice for delivery of cotton will have one, hour's time to pass it on, instead of fifteen minutes as at present.

4. Two new staple lengths—29-32-inch and 31-32-inch—will be added under the new contract.

5. Standard and high density compressed cotton will be received on contract on the same basis whereas under old contracts, standard density was called for.

6. Staples over 15-16-inch to 1-inch, shall be deliverable at 75% of the commercial premiums over 15-16-inch, whereas old contracts specified 60% of commercial premium for deliveries of 15-16-inch and 1-inch over ½-inch.

7. Staples under 15-16-inch shall be deliverable at full commercial discounts.

8. Nonerain grown action is tenderable only in grades of middling and

counts.

8. Non-rain grown cotton is tenderable only in grades of middling[and above, and in staples 1 1-32-inch, or longer. Old contracts barred this cotton.

9. Cotton remaining under certification ten months shall be penalized 15c. per bale per month, beginning with the eleventh month.

First Bales of Cotton from Oklahoma—The "Oklahoman" of Aug. 8 reported the first bales from the 1939 crop to be ginned in Oklahoma as follows:

Five southern Oklahoma farmers laid claim Monday (Aug. 7) to producing the first bales of cotton from the 1939 crop to be ginned in the State.

John Spoon of the Fleetwood community in southern Jefferson County brought one of the first bales to the Jones H. Barrett gin in Ryan.

Meanwhile, two Negro farmers, Bonnie Rey, about 30 years old, and Ben Berlin, 66, raced to Idabel in McCurtain County for the honorage bringing the other "first" bale.

Mr. Rey raised his cotton on a farm belonging to Mrs. Ben Denisonaged (Jabel). The farm, located 10 miles southwest of there, is managed by G. W. Oakes.

Another "first" was a bale ginned in Waurika at 5:30 p. m. for Mrs. Rosa Green, who lives seven miles southwest of there. The cotton was brought to the Waurika gin.

The fifth was taken by Joe Szgasi to the Choctaw Cotton Oil Co. in Caddo, Bryan County, at 2:45 p. m. Szgasi lives three miles east of Caddo. Ben Ammonds, Manager of the gin, said they paid nine cents a pound for a 430-pound bale.

Two New Members of New York Cotton Exchange—

Two New Members of New York Cotton Exchange—At a meeting of the Board of Managers of the New York Cotton Exchange held Aug. 4 the following were elected to membership in the Exchange: Joseph W. Evans, of Evans & Co., Houston, Texas, who do a cotton exporting business, and James G. Boswell, President of J. G. Boswell & Co., Los Angeles, Calif., and affiliated organizations. Mr. Evans is a member of the Chicago Board of Trade, New Orleans Cotton Exchange, and Houston Cotton Exchange. He is the oldest cotton merchant in Houston. Mr. Boswell is a member of the Chamber of Commerce of Los Angeles.

Agricultural Department's Report on Cotton Acreage Condition and Production—Full report on page 1052.

Returns by Telegraph—Telegraphic advices to us this evening indicate that during the last few days rains in portions of Texas and Oklahoma served to relieve droughty conditions but precipitation was insufficient to aid in other drier areas. In the rest of the belt damage remained light except locally in western portions of Texas.

	Rain	Rainfall		Thermon	neter-
	Days	Inches	High	Low	Mean
Texas—Galveston		ry	89	76	83
Amarillo	1	1.38	95	52	74
Austin	1	1.69	94	69	82
Abilene	2	1.19	93	64	79
Brenham	1	0.36	96	70	83
Brownsville	d	ry	93	73	83
Dallas	1	0.03	100	73	87
El Paso	2	0.13	93	65	79
Kerrville	4	0.86	90	66	78
Luling		0.40	98	70	84
Nacogdoches		0.08	96	68	82
Palestine	- 4	ry	96	71	84
Paris		0.56	102	60	85
San Antonio	4	1.55	96	69	82
Taylor	9	1.46	96	70	83
Okahoma—Oklahoma City	1	2.97	101	62	82
Arkansas—Eldorado		ry Z.V	97	70	84
Fort Smith	3	0.81	102	69	86
Little Rock	3	0.85	98	68	83
Pine Bluff		0.03	93	70	82
Louisiana—Alexandria		ry U.US	95	68	82
A	2	0.51	96	65	81
New Orleans		1.40	93	73	83
		ry 1.40	99	69	84
Shreveport			93	65	79
Mississippi—Meridian		ry o oe	93	72	83
Vicksburg.	. 1	0.08	94	71	83
Alabama—Mobile	. 3	0.10	95	65	80
Birmingham		0.10	96	70	83
Montgomery	. 1		93	71	82
Florida—Jacksonville		0.01		71	80
Miami		1.23	89		80
Pensacola		ry	88	73	83
Tampa	. 3	2.36	92	74	83
Georgia-Savannah		0.37	97	69	
Atlanta		ry	99	68	89
Augusta		ry	96	69	83
Macon	. 2	0.12	96	68	82
South Carolina-Charleston		1.54	92	66	79
North Carolina—Asheville		0.60	91	59	75
Wilmington	. 3	1.65	92	70	81
Tennessee-Memphis		ry	91	70	80
Chattangooga	. 3	0.30	95	64	80
Nashville	. 3	0.44	92	67	80

The following statement has also been received by telegraph, showing the heights of rivers at the points named at 8 a. m. of the dates given:

	Feet 11, 1939	Feet Feet
New Orleans Above zero of gauge	2.4	6.2
MemphisAbove zero of gauge.		19.6
Nashville Above zero of gauge.		12.9
Shreveport Above zero of gauge.	1.6	5.2
Vicksburg Above zero of gauge	6.1	18.9

Receipts from the Plantations-The following table indicates the actual movement each week from the plantations. The figures do not include overland receipts nor Southern consumption; they are simply a statement of the weekly movement from the plantations of that part of the crop which finally reaches the market through the outports.

Week	Rece	tpts at P	orts	Stocks	at Interior	Towns	Receipts from Plantations			
End.	1939	1938	1937	1939	1938	1937	1939	1938	1937	
May		10.010	31,296	2725 940	2237,238	1208 808	Nii	NII	NII	
12-	10,724	16,918 17,042	28,231		2216,336			NH	NII	
19. 26.	15,932 16,953	14,112	25,457		2194,843		Nil	NII	NII	
June	10,000	14,112	20,301	2001,012				12.0	****	
2.	17.870	17.425	23,761	2635,929	2167.585	1064,946	NII	NII	NII	
9.	16,177	20,059	23,325	2600,639	2138,409	1030,520		NII	NII	
16.	23,331	27,019	15,944		2119,356	998,705	NII	7,966	NII	
23.	36,239	24,113	19,653	2541,961	2100,775			5,532	NII	
30.	26,909	22,893	15,752	2512,919	2081,164	930,969	Nil	3,282	NII	
July										
7-	26,363	17,684		2490,599		903,027	4,043	NII	NII	
14.	33,685	32,676		2462,476		873,772	5,562	3,438	NII	
21_	58,075	43,924	28,601	2444,446		848,935		17,198	NII	
28_	73,527	53,593	55,199	2434,289	1978,400	828,147	63,370	44,437	34,411	
Aug.	73,404	49,379	68.215	2441 606	1951.616	811.182	80.721	22,595	39,231	
11.	72,192	51.885		2434,971		796,150		33,753	79,061	

The above statement shows: (1) That the total receipts from the plantations since Aug. 1, 1939, are 111,506 bales; in 1938 were 47,554 bales, and in 1937 were 111,562 bales. (2) That, although the receipts at the outports the past week were 72.192 bales, the actual movement from the plantations was 64,657 bales, stock at interior towns having decreased 7,535 bales during the week.

World's Supply and Takings of Cotton—The following brief but comprehensive statement indicates at a glance the world's supply of cotton for the week and since Aug. 1 for the last two seasons from all sources from which statistics are obtainable; also the takings or amounts gone out of sight for the like period:

Cotton Takings,	19	39	1938		
Week and Season	Week	Season	Week	7,858,941 222,828 35,000 17,000 14,000	
Visible supply Aug. 4	6,587,332 198,466 7,000 9,000 5,100 6,000	6,634,188 330,906 15,000 13,000 5,100 10,000	7,720,569 123,393 20,000 11,000 600 9,000		
Total supply  Deduct— Visible supply Aug. 11	6,812,898 6,500,982	7,008,194 6,500,982	7,884,562 7,662,984	8,148,569 7,662,984	
Total takings to Aug. 11 a Of which American Of which other	311,916 188,816 123,100	507,212 313,112 194,100	221,578 156,978 64,600	485,585 406,785 178,800	

\* Embraces receipts in Europe from Brazil, Smyrna, West Indies, &c. a This total embraces since Aug. 1 the total estimated consumption by Southern mills, 200,000 bales in 1939-and 160,000 bales in 1938—takings not being available—and the aggregate amount taken by Northern and foreign spinners, 307,212 bales in 1939 and 325,585 bales in 1938, of which 113,112 bales and 146,785 bales American. b Estimated.

India Cotton Movement from All Ports—The receipts of Indian cotton at Bombay and the shipments from all India ports for the week and for the season from Aug. 1, as cabled, for three years, have been as follows:

4.	Aug. 10 Receipts—		1939		19	38	1937			
			Week	Since Aug. 1	Week	Since Aug. 1	Week	Since Aug. 1		
Bombay			7,000	15,000	20.000	35,000	3,000	16,000		
-		For the	e Week		Since Aug. 1					
from-	Great Britain	Conti- nent	Jap'n & China	Total	Great Britain	Conti- nent	Japan & China	Total		
Bombay— 1939 1938 1937 Other India:		2,000 4,000 5,000	31,000 21,000	2,000 35,000 26,000	1,000	2,000 6,000 12,000	23,000 41,000 61,000	47,000 73,000		
1939 1938 1937	5,000 4,000	4000 7,000 14,000		9,000 11,000 14,000	7,000 4,000	6,000 13,000 16,000		13,000 17,000 16,000		
Total all— 1939 1938 1937	5,000 4,000	6,000 11,000 19,000	31,000 21,000		8,000 4,000	8,000 19,000 28,000	23,000 41,000 61,000	39,000 64,000 89,000		

According to the foregoing, Bombay appears to show a decrease compared with last year in the week's receipts of 13,000 bales. Exports from all India ports record a decrease of 35,000 bales during the week, and since Aug. 1 show a decrease of 35,000 bales.

Alexandria Receipts and Shipments—We now receive weekly a cable of the movements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipments for the past week and for the corresponding week of the previous two years:

Alexandria, Egypt, Aug. 9	1939		1	938	1937		
Receipts (cantars)— This week Since Aug. 1		26,000 28,000		3,000 5,000	2,000		
	This Week	Since Aug. 1	This Week	Since Aug. 1	This Week	Since Aug. 1	
Ezport (bales)— To Liverpool To Manchester, &c To Continent & India To America	1,000 3,000 11,000 1,000	1,000 3,000 11,000 1,000		1,500 7,000 16,000	1,000 1,000 6,000	1,000 2,000 9,000	
Total exports	16.000	16,000	11,000	24,500	8,000	12,000	

Note—A cantar is 99 lbs. Egyptian bales weigh about 750 lbs. This statement shows that the receipts for the week ended Aug. 9 were 26,000 cantars and the foreign shipments 16,000 bales.

Manchester Market—Our report received by cable tonight from Manchester states that the market in both yarns and cloths is steady. Merchants are buying very sparingly. We give prices today below and leave those for previous weeks of this and last year for comparison:

		1939			1938						
	32s Cop   8 1/4 Lbs. 1 ings, Com		mon Middl'g		32s Cop Twist	8¼ Lbs. S ings, Com to Fine	Cotton Middl'g Upl'ds				
	d.	s. d.	s. d.	d.	d.	s. d.	s. d.	d.			
May 12 19 26	8%@ 9% 9 @10 8%@ 9%	9 69		5.33 5.54 5.48	9%@10% 9%@10% 9 @10		9 9 736	4.77 4.68 4.46			
June 2 9 16 23 30	8%@ 9% 9%@10% 9%@10 9 @10 9 @10	9 @ 9 9 @ 9 9 @ 9 9 @ 9	3 3	5.49 5.77 5.76 5.66 5.62	8% @ 9% 8% @ 9% 8% @ 9% 9 @10 9% @10%	9 6 9 146	3 3 3 3 4 4 16 4 16	4.43 4.54 4.69 4.83 4.96			
7 14 21 28	9 610 9 610 8%6 9% 8%6 9%		3	5.61 5.52 5.23 5.40	9% @10% 9% @10% 9% @10% 9% @10%	9 146	4%	5.16 4.88 5.06 4.99			
Aug. 4	8%@ 9% 8%@ 9%		11/2	5.28 5.22	9%@10% 9 @10	9 1%6 9	414	4.89			

Shipping News—As shown on a previous page, the exports of cotton from the United States the past week have reached 52,284 bales. The shipments in detail, as made up from mail and telegraphic reports, are as follows:

ap 110m mail and colographic reperto, and as as as	Bales
GALVESTON-To Liverpool, Aug. 7, Planter, 405	40
To Manchester, Aug. 7, Planter, 352	352
To Venice, Aug. 3, Maria, 239	239
To Japan, Aug. 8, Speedwald, 633	633
To Barcelona, Aug. 3, Nishmana. 7,265	7,26
To Genoa, Aug. 3, Nishmaha, 343	343 118
To Venice, Aug. 3, Nishmana, 118	2 000
To Venice, Aug. 3, Maria, 239 To Japan, Aug. 8, Speedwald, 633 To Barcelona, Aug. 3, Nishmaha, 7,265 To Genoa, Aug. 3, Nishmaha, 343 To Venice, Aug. 3, Nishmaha, 118 To Japan, Aug. 3, Kunikawa Maru, 3,220	3,220
To Ghent—Aug. 9, Boschdijk, 150 HOUSTON—To Liverpool, Aug. 4, Eglintine, 1,190	1.190
To Manchester, Aug. 4, Eglintine, 1,024	1.024
To Manchester, Aug. 4, Egintine, 1,024	1,025
To Bremen, Aug. 4, Keil, 52 To Hamburg, Aug. 4, Kiel, 845 To Ghent, Aug. 7, Boschdijk, 100	52 843
To Ghent Aug 7 Roschdill 100	100
To Antworn Aug 7, Boschdijk 50	50
To Antwerp, Aug. 7, Boschdijk, 50 To Copenhagen, Aug. 10, Topeka, 127	127
To Triogto Aug 10 Maria 1301	1.301
To Venice, Aug. 10, Maria, 1,291	1.291
To Gdynia, Aug. 10, Topeka, 625	625
To Venice, Aug. 10, Maria, 1,291. To Gdynia, Aug. 10, Topeka, 625. To Gothenburg, Aug. 10, Topeka, 84. NEW ORLEANS—To Liverpool, Aug. 2, Colonial, 1,418.	84
NEW ORLEANS-To Liverpool, Aug. 2. Colonial, 1.418	1.418
To Manchester, Aug. 2. Colonial, 1,253	1.253
To Manchester, Aug. 2, Colonial, 1,253 To San Felippe, Aug. 2, Santa Marta, 100 To Bremen, Aug. 3, Desiau, 4,840 To Hamburg, Aug. 3, Desiau, 4,840	100
To Bremen, Aug. 3, Desiau, 347	347
To Hamburg, Aug. 3, Desiau, 4,840	4,840
To Gdynia, Aug. 7, Lagaholm, 94	ar a
To Gdynia, Aug. 7, Lagaholm, 94. To Gothenburg, Aug. 7, Lagaholm, 13. CORPUS CHRISTI—To Ggent, Aug. 5, Hybert, 898.	13
CORPUS CHRISTI—To Ggent, Aug. 5, Hybert, 898	898
To Dunkirk, Aug. 5, Hybert, 200	200
To Havre, Aug. 5, Hybert, 4,583	4,583
To Havre, Aug. 5, Hybert, 4,583 To Rotterdam, Aug. 5, Hybert, 300 To Oporto, Aug. 5, Hybert, 30	300
To Oporto, Aug. 5, Hybert, 30	30
To Tallinn, Aug. 5, Hybert, 50 To Bremen, Aug. 9, Schwanheim, 7,832	7,832
To Bremen, Aug. 9, Schwanneim, 7,832	44
To Hamburg, Aug. 9, Schwanheim, 44 To Manchester, Aug. 10, Eglantine, 2,161	2,161
To Manchester, Aug. 10, Eglantine, 2,101	1.944
PROWNSVII I F. Chest Aug 2 Urbest 670	670
To Have a us 2 Hybert 1 474	1.474
To Manchester, Aug. 10, Eglantine, 2,101 To Liverpool, Aug. 10, Eglantine, 1,944 BROWNSVILLE—To Ghent, Aug. 3, Hybert, 670 To Havre, Aug. 3, Hybert, 1,474 To Rotterdam, Aug. 3, Hybert, 350 To Liverpool, Aug. 7, Eglantine, 611 To Manchester, Aug. 7, Eglantine, 1,311 To Gdynia, Aug. 7, Gorm, 250 To Gothenburg, Aug. 7, Gorm, 150 To Riga. Aug. 7, Gorm, 84	350
To Livernool Aug. 5, Hydele, 300	611
To Manchester Aug. 7, Estantine, 1 311	1.311
To Gdynia Aug 7 Gorm 250	250
To Gothenburg Aug 7 Gorm 150	150
To Riga, Aug. 7. Gorm. 84	84
MOBILE—To Liverpool, Aug. 4, Wacosta, 50	50
To Riga, Aug. 7, Gorm, 84  MOBILE—To Liverpool, Aug. 4, Wacosta, 50.  To Manchester, Aug. 4, Wacosta, 332  NORFOLK—To Warburg, Aug. 10, Texas, 328  SAN FRANCISCO—To Japan, (7), 22	332
NORFOLK-To Warburg, Aug. 10, Texas, 328	328
SAN FRANCISCO-To Japan, (?), 22	22 60
To Canada (?), 60	60
To Canada (?), 60 LOS_ANGELES—To Manchester (?), Pacific Exporter, 400	400
To Bremen, (?), Seattle, 200. To Japan (?), President Pierce, 1,173	200
To Japan (?), President Pierce, 1,173	1,173
	** **

Cotton Freights—Current rates for cotton from New York, as furnished by Lambert & Barrows, Inc., are as follows, quotations being in cents per pound:

	High Density	Stand-		High Density	Stand- ard	1	High Density	Stand- ard
Liverpool	.45e		Trieste	d.45e	.60e	Piracus	.85c	1.00e
Manchester	r .45e		Fiume	d.45e	.60c	Salonica	.85e	1.00e
Antwerp	.46e		Barcelona	•		Venice	d.85c	1.00c
Havre	.45e		Japan			Copenhages	a .56e	.71e
Rotterdam			Shanghal			Naples	d.55e	.60
Genoa	d.55e	.60c	Bombay z	.75e	,90e	Leghorn	d.55e	.60c
Oslo	.56c		Bremen	.460	.61c	Gothenburg	.560	.71e
Stockholm	.61e		Hamburg	.460	.61e			7.7

\* No quotation z Only small lots. d Direct steamer

Liverpool—By cable from Liverpool we have the following statement of the week's imports, stocks, &c., at that port:

Forwarded	July 21 48,000	July 28 55,000	Aug. 4 57,000	Aug. 11 42,000
Total stocks	667,000	658,000	615,000	597,000
Of which American	184,000	167,000	160,000	147,000
Total imports	30,000	54,000	23,000	26,000
Of which American	8,000	2,000	4,000	1,000
Amount afloat	98,000	82,000 12,000	99,000	122,000 22,000

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the past week and the daily closing prices of spot cotton have been as follows:

Spot	Saturday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Market, 12:15 P. M.		A STATE	Quiet.	Moderate demand.	A fair business doing.	Quiet
Mid.Upl'ds  Putures.  Market opened	HOLI- DAY.	HOLI- DAY.		5.29d.  Barely stdy 4 to 6 pts. decline.	5.23d.  Quiet; 1 to 3 pts. advance.	5.22d. Quiet ,unch to 1 pt. decline
Market, 4 P. M.			Quiet; 4 to 6 pts. decline.		Quiet but steady; un- changed to 4 pts. adv.	decline

Prices of futures at Liverpool for each day are given below:

Aug. 5	Sat. Mon.		n.	Tues.		Wed.		Thurs.		Fri.		
Aug. 11	Close	Noon Close		Noon	Noon Close		Noon Close		Noon Close		Noon Close	
New Contract October (1939) December January (1940) March May July October December January (1941) March May July	d. Holiday.		d.	d. 4.53 4.44 4.44 4.43 4.42	4.39	4.33	4.35	4.37 4.37 4.35	4.39	4.37 4.38 4.38 4.35	4.41 4.37 4.36 4.37 4.34 4.34 4.34 4.36 4.37	

# BREADSTUFFS

Friday Night, Aug. 11, 1939.

Flour—There were no outstanding features to the local flour market the past week. Business was relatively quiet. The situation abroad is being watched closely, as an outbreak of hostilities would undoubtedly start violent activity in all markets, especially the grains. Mills in this section of the country reported that shipping instructions recently have been rather light. Export subsidy rates on flour have been holding very steady, it is reported.

Wheat—On the 5th inst. prices closed unchanged to 1/4c. off. In the early trading the market showed considerable improvement, advancing 5/8c. a bushel. At this level, however, some profit-taking developed which caused the market to sag, and virtually all the early gains were obliterated. The undertone was steady at the close. Trading was relatively light and affected by uncertainty over action by the House of Representatives on the \$119,000,000 appropriation for crop loans, restored to the final deficiency bill yesterday by the Senate. Light foreign demand for grain, due partially to a holiday at Liverpool, also was a trade deterring factor. The English market will be closed Monday also for a bank holiday. Aiding the early upturn here was strength at Winnipeg, where prices advanced about 3/4e., partly on continued reports of crop damage and unfavorable weather. The Winnipeg market, which also will be closed for a holiday Monday, finished 1/8 to 1/4c. higher. H. C. Donovan, crop expert, wired from Princeton, Ill., that hot, dry weather threatened crop prospects in northern Illinois. On the 7th inst. prices closed 1/8 to 1/2c. net lower. The market was more or less under the influence of bearish weather reports. Cooler, unsettled weather in the North American spring wheat belts dropped wheat prices as much as a cent a bushel. Offerings, however, lightened on the downturn and the market recovered some of the early losses. September contracts fell to 631/sc., down a cent from Saturday's close, before rallying moderately. Contributing to the early downturn was weakness at Minneapolis where September wheat fell 11/4c. A lower corn market also had a depressing influence. Showers fell over the week-end in many parts of the Canadian prairie provinces and more were forecast. Cooler weather and showers also were forecast for parts of the domestic northwest. Passage by Congress late Saturday of the deficiency bill providing funds for crop loans had little market influence. On the 8th inst. prices closed unchanged to ½c. lower. The market was anything but buoyant today, futures selling fractionally lower, prices moving within a range of less than a cent. Influencing moderate selling were reports of over-night rains in western Canada and a forecast for cooler weather in the North American spring wheat belts. Winnipeg wheat, reflecting favorable Canadian weather, led the decline, prices there falling as much as 15%c. and closing 11% to 11/2c. lower. The Liverpool market opened comparatively firm after its two-day holiday, but developed weakness in late trade, and finished 11/8 to 11/2c. down, about reflecting the decline here since the English market closed Friday. Wheat on the Board of Trade finished unchanged to 1/2c. off after having registered losses of as much as 1/8c. Liverpool reported pressure to resell Australian and Argentine wheats. On the 9th inst. prices closed unchanged to 3/6c. lower. Wheat prices held within a narrow range today, with speculative and commercial traders displaying little interest. Early losses were partly recovered in purchasing inspired by the favorable tone at Winnipeg, where prices rallied despite improved weather conditions in the spring wheat region. Although yesterday's lower trend continued, enough demand came out of the downturn to confine the losses within a small range. Scattered buying was credited to commission houses. Influencing

traders to stay on the sidelines was the expectation that the Canadian Government would issue its report of the condition of field crops as of July 31, this afternoon. An American Government crop report is due to the condition of the condition

On the 10th inst. prices closed ½ to 1c. net higher. The wheat market scored its first advance of the week on the Chicago Board today, prices gaining as much as 1½c. a bushel. Best levels, however, were not maintained, and trade was light. September contracts reached 65c., up 1½c. from the previous close. December was up 1¾c. at 65%c., and May was up as much as 66c. Liverpool, after opening about steady, developed firmness, due partly to short covering pending European developments. The Argentine, however, was reported to be continuing heavy shipments to the English market. Wheat futures at Rotterdam closed ¼ to ¾c. higher.

½ to ½c. higher.

Today prices closed ½ to 1c. net lower. Wheat trade fluctuated unevently and rather nervously today, prices scoring net gains of as much as ½c. after an early downturn, but sagging again in closing minutes of the session. December wheat dropped ¾c. and May 1c. under the previous close. September contracts held comparatively firm throughout most of the session, but at the close also dipped fractionally. Contributing to the downturn on the Chicago Board was weakness at Liverpool, where wheat prices opened about 1c. lower than expected on the basis of action here yesterday. The English market reflected the diminished concern over the Danzig situation and the bearish character of the United States Government crop report, which indicated an increase of 14,777,000 bushels in the 1939 wheat crop. Open interest in wheat tonight was 94,426,000 bushels.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF WHEAT IN NEW YORK

No. 2 red	Sat. 81 %				Thurs. 82	
DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF	WHI	CAT F	UTUR	ES IN	CHIC	AGO
September December May	Sat. 64 64 % 65 %	Mon. 63 % 64 % 65 %	Tues. 63 % 64 % 64 %	Wed. 63 1/4 64 64 1/4	64 54	
Season's High and       When Made         September 79 4       May 31, 193         December 80       May 26, 193         May 68       July 28, 193	9 Ser	season's etember	Low r6	and W	Then Muly 24 uly 24	
DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF	WHE	AT FU	TURE	S IN	WINN	IPEG
October November December	53 %	H	Tues. 52 1/2 54 53 1/2		Thurs. 52 % 53 % 53 %	Fri. 5114 5244 5244
May	5774		5632	5712	57	EE 82

Corn—On the 5th inst. prices closed 1/8c. to 5/8c. net higher. The corn market was firm, aided by fair buying that lifted May contracts to 451/2c., up 3/4c. from the previous close. Reports of high temperatures in the Southwest and other parts of the grain belt aided the market. Except for scattered showers, generally fair and warm weather was indicated in the weekly forecast. On the 7th inst. prices closed 1/8c. to 3/8c. off. Good overnight rains fell in the central section of the corn belt, especially in Iowa and Illinois. This induced scattered selling of corn contracts. On the 8th inst. prices closed unchanged to 5/8c. off. Good rains in important parts of the domestic corn belt induced some selling of corn contracts, but prices held up comparatively well. Continued small Chicago arrivals and a constant reduction in corn stocks at Chicago made for steadiness in the nearby delivery at Chicago yesterday, which closed unchanged, but the more distant positions were dominated by the very favorable weather news and finished 1/4c. to 5/8c. off. There were no intimations of any export business in American corn. On the 9th inst. prices closed unchanged to 1/4c. off. There was additional rainfall in the corn belt and traders expecting more favorable crop comment, were not inclined to support the market. Prices were fractionally lower and early trading, as in wheat, was almost at a standstill.

On the 10th inst. prices closed 1/8 to %c. net higher. The corn market was very quiet, with prices steady to slight fractions higher. Crop news continued favorable over the main belt, but deterioration was still reported in the West, and the Government report, therefore, was awaited with unusual interest. A month ago the crop promised to be the largest since 1932. The Department of Agriculture officials in Washington said the report today might indicate whether farmer referendum on marketing quotas would be necessary. The Department may wait until the September crop report before making a decision on calling an election. Today prices closed 1/4 to %c. net higher. The effects of the bullish Government corn crop estimate were partly offset by overnight rains in parts of the belt. Federal farm officials announced in Washington that the prospective yield of 2,459,888,000 bushels made it unlikely that marketing quotas would be imposed on the 1939 crop. Open interest in corn aggregated 37,432,000 bushels.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF CORN IN NEW YORK

Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri.

58 57% 57% 57% 58%

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF CORN FUTURES IN CHICAGO
Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri.

September 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 42% 43

December 42% 42% 41% 41% 41% 41% 41%

May 45% 45 44% 44% 44% 45

Season's High and When Made | Season's Low and When Made

September 56% Jan. 4, 1939 | September 38% July 25, 1939

December 54 June 8, 1939 | December 39% July 26, 1939

May 46% July 31, 1939 | May 42 July 26, 1939

statement:

Oats—On the 5th inst. prices closed ½ to ½c. net lower. Trading in oats was dull, but there was some selling of December contracts by elevator and Northwestern interests. On the 7th inst. prices closed ½c. up to ½c. off. Trading was light, with price trend irregular. On the 8th inst. prices closed ½c. off to ½c. up. Trading was light and without feature. On the 9th inst. prices closed ¼c. lower to ½c. higher. Trading was light and without feature.

On the 10th inst. prices closed ¼ to ¾c. not higher

On the 10th inst. prices closed 1/8 to 3/8c. net higher. Oats displayed a moderate degree of strength, Northwest interests being credited with purchasing September contracts. Today prices closed 1/8 to 1/9c. higher. A better spot demand and some short covering appeared to be responsible

for the firmness of wheat values.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF OATS FUTURES IN CHICAGO
Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri. 27 27 1/2 27 1/2 27 1/2 27 1/2 28 1/4 27 1/2 28 1/4 27 1/2 28 1/4 27 1/2 28 1/4 27 1/2 28 1/4 2
December 27 % 27 % 27 % 27 % 27 % 27 % 27 %
May 28½ 28½ 28½ 28½ 28½ 28½ 28½
Season's High and When Made   Season's Low and When Made
September 33 \( \text{May 25, 1939 September 24 \( \text{July 25, 1939 December 26 } \) December 34 \( \text{May 25, 1939 December 26 } \) July 25, 1939
December 34 4 May 25, 1939 December 26 July 25, 1939 May 2934 July 31, 1939 May 2714 July 24, 1939
DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF OATS FUTURES IN WINNIPEG
Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri.
October 28¼ H 27¼ 26¾ 27¼ 27 December 27¼ O 26¾ 26¾ 26¾ 26¾
December 27% O 26% 26% 26% 26% 26% 26% May 29½ L 28½ 28% 28% 28
Maj

Rye—On the 5th inst. prices closed ½c. up. Trading was light, with prices at one time showing a net gain of ½c. On the 7th inst. prices closed ¼c. to ¾c. net lower. With bearish weather news and a heavy wheat market, rye futures showed a sagging tendency, prices closing at about the lows of the day. On the 8th inst. prices closed unchanged to ¼c. off. In spite of the heavy tone of the wheat markets, rye held up comparatively well. Bearish weather reports failed to influence any real action on the part of the short element. On the 9th inst. prices closed unchanged. The market was decidedly sluggish. There was nothing in the news to serve as an incentive to operate on either side of the market. The little trading in evidence was of routine character.

On the 10th inst. prices closed %c. off to %c. up. Trading was light, with price fluctuations irregular and within a narrow range. Today prices closed unchanged to %c. off. Trading was light and without noteworthy feature.

off. Trading was light and without noteworthy feature.
DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF RYE FUTURES IN CHICAGO
Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri.
September 40% 40% 40% 40% 40 40
December 42% 42¼ 42¼ 42¼ 42% 42
May 44% 44% 44% 44% 44% 44
Season's High and When Made   Season's Low and When Made
September 561/2 May 31, 1939 September 391/4 July 24, 1939
December 58 May 31, 1939 December 41 July 24, 1939
May 4614 July 28, 1939   May 4374 Aug. 9, 1939
DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF RYE FUTURES IN WINNIPEG
Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri.
October 38 H 37 1/4 37 1/4
December 0 381/2 381/2 381/4 371/4
May L 40
DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF BARLEY FUTURES IN WINNIPEG
Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri.
Oc ober 24 84 H 34 84 34 84 35 14 34 84
December 35 0 34 1/4 34 1/4 33 1/4
May 36 L 35% 36 36% 34%
Closing quotations were as follows:
FLOUR

Property and the second	
Spring pat. high protein	Corn flour1.50
GRA	AIN
Wheat, New York— No. 2 red, c.i.f., domestic 81%	Oats, New York— No. 2 white————421/4

Manitoba No. 1, f.o.b. N. Y. 62	Rye, United States c.i.f 5914 Barley, New York—
No. 2 yellow, all rail 58%	
All the statements below reg	garding the movement of grain

All the statements below regarding the movement of grain—receipts, exports, visible supply, &c.—are prepared by us from figures collected by the New York Produce Exchange. First we give the receipts at Western lake and river ports for the week ended last Saturday and since Aug. 1 for each of the last three years:

Receipts at—	eccipts at— Flour Wheat		Corn	Oats	Rye	Barley	
	bbls 196 lbs	bush 60 lbs	bush 56 lbs	bush 32 lbs	bush 56 lbs	bush 48 lbs	
Chicago	223,000	1,413,000	507,000	1,125,000	27,000	168,000	
Minneapolis		2,348,000	15,000	1,099,000	512,000	2,371,000	
Duluth	333333	953,000	257,000	256,000	47,000	189,000	
Milwaukee.	16,000	85,000	43,000	8,000	5,000	1,311,000	
Toledo		894,000	16,000	116,000	8,000	7,000	
Indianapolis	1120000	408,000	195,000	222,000	42,000	1,000	
St. Louis	143,000	957,000	75,000	56,000	2,000	5,000	
Peoria	38,000	115,000	195,000	309,000	15,000	55,000	
Kansas City	24,000	1,264,000	128,000	64.000	10,000	00,000	
Omaha	21,000	784,000	55,000	224,000			
St. Joseph		114,000	31,000	39,000	2,000	******	
Wichita		770,000	01,000	2,000	2,000	*****	
Sioux City.	*****	57,000	15,000	91,000	7.000	31,000	
Buffalo	******	1,803,000	1,040,000	324,000	100,000	62,000	
Total wk'39	444,000	11,965,000	2,572,000	3,935,000	767,000	4,199,000	
Same wk'38		15,828,000	5,575,000	5,714,000	1,086,000	3,286,000	
Same wk'37	402,000	22,400,000	2,554,000	6,600,000	962,000	1,644,000	
Since Aug. 1			3				
1939	444,000	11,965,000	2,572,000	3,935,000	767,000	4,199,000	
1938	439,000	15,828,000	5,575,000	5,714,000	1,086,000	3,286,000	
1937	402,000	22,400,000		6,600,000	962,000	1.644.000	

Total receipts of flour and grain at the seaboard ports for the week ended Saturday Aug. 5, 1939 follow:

Receipts at-	Flour	Wheat	Corn	Oats	Rye	Barley
	bbls 196 lbs		bush 56 lbs		bush 56 lbs	bush 48 lb
New York.	131.000	60,000	9,000	2,000		
Philadelphia	30,000	41,000	86,000	4,000		
Baltimore	8,000	72,000	26,000	14,000	******	
New Orl'ns*	19,000	85,000	75,000	18,000		
Galveston		680,000	*****			
Montreal	58,000	432,000		47,000		101,000
Boston	27,000		*****	4,000		
Sorel		303,000				******
Total wk'39	273,000	1,673,000	196,000	. 89,000		101,000
Since Jan. 1 1939	8,947,000	59,209,000	12,698,000	2,823,000	468,000	3,448,000
Week 1938.	259,000	3,524,000	4,236,000	102,000	162,000	323,000
Since Jan. 1 1938	8,307,000	63,379,000	67,340,000	3,527,000	2,402,000	10,866,000

\* Receipts do not include grain passing through New Orleans for foreign ports on through bills of lading.

The exports from the several seaboard ports for the week ending Saturday, Aug. 5, 1939, are shown in the annexed

Exports from-	Wheat	Corn	Flour	Oats	Rye	Barley
	Bushels	Bushels	Barrels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels
New York	173,000	13,000	41,625			
Albany		86,000	1 000			
Baltimore	53,000		1,000	7.000		
New Orleans	296,000		13,000	1,000		
Galveston	120,000		58,000	47,000		101,000
Montreal	432,000 303,000		30,000	47,000	*****	101,000
Sorel	303,000					
Total week 1939	1,377,000 3,361,000	99,000 5,714,000	113,625 99,034	48,000 47,000	166.000	101,000

The destination of these exports for the week and since July 1, 1939 is as below:

		Flour Wheat			Corn		
Exports for Week and Since July 1 to	and Since Week		Week Aug. 5, 1939	Since July 1, 1939	Week Aug. 5, 1939	Since July 1. 1939	
United Kingdom Continent So. & Cent. Amer. West Indies Brit. No. Am. Col.	Barrels 56,100 10,680 17,500 22,500	234,090 48,826 81,500	Bushels 591,000 731,000 20,000 5,000	Bushels 7,022,000 2,488,000 136,000 12,000	Bushels 86,000 13,000	Bushels 95,000 95,000 46,000 1,000	
Other countries	6,845	36,952	30,000	86,000			
Total 1939	113,625 99,034	502,618 455,328	1,377,000 3,361,000	9,744,000 16,950,000	99,000 5,714,000		

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports Saturday, Aug. 5, were as follows:

	GRA	IN STOCK	S		
United States-	Wheat Bushels	Corn Bushels	Oats Bushels	Rye Bushels	Barley Bushels
New York	45,000	298,000	63,000		3,000
Philadelphia		70,000	9,000	2.000	3.000
Baltimore		8,000	19,000	28,000	1,000
New Orleans	481,000	239,000	50,000	2.000	
Galveston	4.129.000	7.000			
Fort Worth	12,881,000	42,000	398,000	22,000	22,000
Wichita	4.798,000	2.000			
Hutchinson					
St. Joseph	5,926,000	91,000	101,000	1,000	2.000
Kansas City		815,000	124,000	337,000	36,000
Omaha		3,770,000	413,000	88,000	130,000
Sloux City		506,000	277,000	20,000	36,000
St. Louis		102,000	78,000	16,000	160,000
Indianapolis	1,820,000	835,000	188,000		
Peorla	42,000	97,000	154,000		
Chicago	12,057,000	5,145,000	1,065,000	269.000	259.000
" afloat	451,000			504.000	
On Lakes	652,000	534.000	78,000		131,000
Milwaukee	2,792,000	1,313,000	110,000	47,000	376,000
Minneapolis	11,760,000	992,000	1,591,000	3,095,000	2.897.000
Duluth	12,909,000	1.280,000	475,000	2.198.000	538,000
Detroit	155,000	2.000	4.000	2,000	150,000
Buffalo	3,293,000	3,342,000	1,013,000	1,099,000	534,000
" afloat	679,000	151,000		99,000	
On Canal	10,000	212,000	73,000		
The second secon					

Total Aug. 5, 1939\_-143,935,000 19,853,000 6,283,000 7,829,000 5,278,000 Total July 29, 1939\_-140,059,000 22,562,000 5,575,000 7,638,000 4,681,000 Note—Bonded grain not inclued above: Oats—Buffalo, 91,000; total, 91,000 bushels, against 225,000 bushels in 1938. Barley—Duluth, 10,000; total, 10,000 bushels, against 391,000 bushels in 1938. Wheat—New York, 403,000 bushels; New York afloat, 83,000; Buffalo, 1,315,000; Erie, 1,029,000; Albany, 3,860,000; on Canal, 217,000; total, 6,907,000 bushels, against 3,833,000 bushels in 1938.

Canadian— Lake, bay, river seab'd. Ft. William & Pt. Arthur Other Can. & other elev.		Corn Bushels	Oats Bushels 2,713,000 1,905,000 3,139,000	Rye Bushels 60,000 773,000 566,000	Barley Bushels 1,285,000 1,014,000 3,002,000
Total Aug. 5, 1939 Total July 29, 1939	84,510,000 83,462,000	*****	7,757,000 8,339,000	1,399,000 1,628,000	5,301,000 4,891,000
Summary— American Canadian	143,935,000 84,510,000		6,283,000 7,757,000	7,829,000 1,399,000	5,278,000 5,301,000
	228,445,000		14,040,000	9,228,000	10,579,000

The world's shipment of wheat and corn, as furnished by Broomhall to the New York Produce Exchange, for the week ended Aug. 4 and since July 1, 1939 and July 1, 1938, are shown in the following:

		Wheat		Corn			
Exports	Week   Since   July 1,   1939		Since July 1, 1938	Week Aug. 4, 1939	Since July 1, 1939	Since July 1, 1938	
	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	
No. Amer. Black Sea.	3,722,000 320,000	18,983,000 6,080,000	23,502,000 8,744,000	109,000 34,000	245,000 523,000	23,772,000 685,000	
Argentina.	3.231.000	15,578,000	9,323,000	3.867,000	20,179,000	17.175.000	
Australia .	1,197,000	7.303.000	13,690,000	200000		******	
India Other			4,912,000				
countries	600,000	3,072,000	1,816,000	1,337,000	5,734,000	4,166,000	
Total	9.070.000	51,016,000	61,987,000	5,347,000	26,681,000	45,798,000	

# Little Change Noted in General Position of Canadian Business During July, Reports A. E. Arscott of Canadian Bank of Commerce

There was little change in the general position of Canadian industry during July, says A. E. Arscott, General Manager of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Toronto, in his monthly review of business conditions. "At the beginning of the month, however," said Mr. Arscott, "total employment rose to a considerably greater extent over June than was the case a year ago, and slightly more than has happened on the average during the past two decades. Car loadings have shown in recent weeks gains both in Eastern and Western Canada. Trade continues fairly active, but many branches of business are awaiting more definite information about the crops to be harvested in the West." Mr. Arscott continued:

The total value of construction contracts awarded in Canada during July, although 12% below that for June, was higher than for any July since 1931. The value of contracts awarded during the first seven months of the current year was nearly 4% higher than a year ago, while the increase in the value of residential contracts was over 30%, represented by an added \$10,000,000. The value of all construction was higher than for any like period since 1931, with the exception of 1937, when highway

construction was particularly active.

Manufacturing as a whole maintained during July the comparatively high level of the previous month, our index of industrial activity falling off only fractionally and registering 74% of capacity utilized and 91% of the general 1937 level. A moderate and partly seasonal decline in the manufacturing of clothing and textiles, non-ferrous metal products and a few miscellaneous industrial materials, combined with a sharp decline in the automotive trades, was largely offset by a moderate to substantial rise in the major categories.

Canning was seasonally active and meat-packing was steady. Women's clothing and woolen goods declined, but cottons rose. The pulp and paper trades and lumber mills were considerably more active. Among the heavy industries, the automotive trades, including the manufacture of both cars and supplies, declined about 30%.

Primary iron and steel, structural steel, engines, machinery, hardware, sheet metal and wire products all rose to a moderate extent.

### Dry Weather in Canadian Prairie Provinces Causes Further Damage to Crops, Says Bank of Montreal

The Bank of Montreal states in its Aug. 10 crop report that "prolonged hot, dry weather has caused further damage to crops in the Canadian Prairie Provinces, but light to heavy rains which have fallen in the past few days will be beneficial to late sown grains and pastures." The report goes on to say:

Crop conditions remain fairly satisfactory over most of western and northern Saskatchewan and in the central and northern portions of Alberta and Manitoba, although reports indicate that yields will show wide variation In other areas severe damage has occurred, causing a sharp reduction in the yield and quality of the grain. Wheat cutting is well advanced in Mani. toba. In Saskatchewan and Alberta harvesting has commenced in some districts but will not be general for about two weeks. In Quebec the outlook for the crops generally continues favorable. Warm weather with heavy rains has prevailed during the past week, and in some sections storms have caused damage to grain and corn, and yields will be effected. In Ontario continued warm weather and rains have been beneficial to field crops and prospects generally remain encouraging. An average crop of good quality fall wheat has been threshed. Cutting of spring grains is well advanced in most sections, with yields slightly below average, owing to shortage of moisture last month. In the Maritime Provinces good growing conditions have prevailed during the past week and crops generally are progressing satisfactorily. In some sections, principally in Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island, rain is now needed. In British Columbia crop conditions generally continue satisfactorily, but, with continued warm weather during the past week, rain is needed in areas without irrigation

Agricultural Department's Report on Cotton Acreage Condition and Production-The Agricultural Department at Washington on Monday (Aug. 8) issued its report on cotton acreage, condition and production as of Aug. 1, None of the figures take any account of linters. Comments on the report will be found in the editorial pages. Below is the report in full:

is the report in full:

A United States cotton crop of 11,412,000 bales is forecast by the Crop Reporting Board of the United States Department of Agricuiture, based on condition as of Aug. 1. If realized, this will be 531,000 bales less than the 1938 crop, and 2,388,000 bales less than the 10-year (1928-37) average. The average yield for the United States is forecast at 223.7 pounds per acre, which is 12.1 pounds less than the yield in 1938, but is 32.9 pounds more than the 10-year average (1928-37).

In the Carolinas and Georgia, the prospective yields per acre this year are higher than in 1938, and also above the 10-year average. In Alabama and the States adjoining the Mississippi River, this year's expected yields are less than the high yields of last year, but are still above the 10-year average. Yields in Oklahoma and Texas are indicated to be less than in 1938, and also less than average. In the irrigated areas of the Far Western States, relatively high yields are in prospect this season.

The cotton acreage of 24,424,000 acres used in this report is the estimated acreage in cultivation on July 1, less the 10-year average abandonment. The acreage for harvest is slightly more than in 1938, which was the smallest cotton acreage harvested since 1899.

In interpreting reported condition in terms of probable yield per acre, the Crop Reporting Board has made allowance, as in the past, for probable loss due to boll weevils on the basis of reports received through Aug. 1 concerning weevil presence and activity. These reports indicate that loss from this source will be about average for the United States, but somewhat more than average in the States east of the Mississippi River, except in Tennessee. In the States west of the Mississippi, less than average loss from weevils is indicated.

# COTTON REPORT AS OF AUG. 1, 1939

The Crop Reporting Board of the Agricultural Marketing Service makes the following report from data furnished by crop correspondents, field statisticians, and cooperating State agencies. The final outturn of cotton will depend upon whether the various influences affecting the crop during the report of the season are more or less favorable than usual.

	Area in Cultiva-	Aug. 1 Condition			Yiel	Yield Per Acre			Production (Ginnings)		
State Fully Less	tion July 1'39 Less 10-	Aver-			Aver-		Indi-	Bales	(500 L	bs. Gross)	
	Yr.Avge. Abondon- ment	1928- 1937	1938	1939	1928- 1937	1938	1939Ь		1938 Crop	1939 Crop Indicated Aug. 1	
	1,000Acr8	%	%	%	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.	1,000 Bales	1,000 Bales	1,000 Bls	
Missouri	371	76	91	90	313	450	420	252	336	326	
Virginia	35	78	55	82	284	149	270	40	12	20	
N.Carolina		74	68	83	281	216	300	702	388	489	
S.Carolina	1,250	68	72	80	243	249	310	827	648	810	
Georgia	2,039	68	72	73	212	203	235	1.192	852	1.000	
Florida	76	72	74	62	144	163	107	34	26	17	
Tennessee	735	75	79	74	238	1320	280	466	490	430	
Alabama	2.106	70	76	69	205	251	215	1.203	1.081	946	
Mississippi	2,616	72	77	72	225	1322	295	1,596	1,704	1.612	
Arkansas	2,173	70	81	80	212	304	290	1,273	1,349	1,316	
Louisiana.	1,139	69	78	79	214	289	295	711	676		
Oklahoma	1,778	66	80	67	133	1163	123	876	563	457	
Texas	8.702	69	79	67	147	168	142	4.077	3.086	2.577	
New Mex.	96	86	89	93	406	489	500	98	96	100	
Arizona	179	90	83	92	371	462	465	149	196	174	
California	329	90	89	95	491	1596	610	290	424	419	
All other.	22	78	89	88	275	1379	368	14	16	17	
U. S. tot.	24,424	70	78	74	190.8	235.8	223.7	13,800	11,943	11,412	
Sea Isl. c.	d18.8		73	72		54	84		3.4	3.3	
Am.Egp.e	40	93	85	93	230	234	260	18	21	22	
LowerCal. (Old Mex- (ico) f.	102	<b>485</b>	93	71	217	172	188	46	34	40	

a Allowances made for interstate movement of seed cotton for ginning. b Indicated Aug. 1, on area in cultivation July 1, less 10-year average abandonment. c Included in State and United States totals. Grown principally in Georgia and Florida with small acreages in South Carolina, Alabama, Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisiana, and Texas. d Area less 10-year average abandonment of short cotton. e Included in Arisona and United States totals. f Not included in California figures, nor in United States total. g Short-time average.

Agricultural Department's Official Report on Cereals, &c.—The Crop Reporting Board of the U.S. Department of Agriculture made public late Thursday afternoon, Aug. 10, its forecasts and estimates of the grain crops of the United States as of Aug. 1, based on reports and data furnished by crop correspondents, field statisticians and cooperating State Boards (or Departments) of Agriculture. This report shows that the production of winter wheat is now placed at 550,-710,000 bushels, which compares with the Department's estimate of 537,767,000 bushels a month ago and with a harvest of 686,637,000 bushels in 1938, and a 10-year (1928-37) average production of 560,160,000 bushels. The production of spring wheat is estimated as of Aug. 1 to be 180,722,000 bushels, which compares with a production of 178,888,000 bushels in 1938 and a 10'year (1928'37) average production of 192,792,000 bushels. We give below the

178, 888, 000 bushels in 1938 and a 10'year (1928'37) average production of 192,792,000 bushels. We give below the report:

Shortage of rainfall during July dried out pastures and ranges and caused a drastic reduction in prospects for corn and other late crops in extensive Northeastern and Western areas. On the other hand conditions continued and in much of the cotton belt and in those areas prospects improved. For the country as a whole the net change in crop prospects from a month carlier has been small. Wheat, cats, barley, flaxseed, rice, hay crops, and the properties of the country as a whole the net change in crop prospects from a month carlier has been small. Wheat, cats, barley, flaxseed, rice, hay crops, seemed probable a month ago and a good yield of cotton is now expected. Prospects for or expected and a good yield of cotton is now expected. Prospects for or expected to give a rather low yield per acre. Considering all crops and conditions as they were on Aug. 1, the outlook is for an unusually good composite yield per acre on a relatively small total crop acreage with a smaller than usual proportion of the acreage devoted to the deviation of the proportion of the acreage devoted to the deviation of the proportion of the acreage devoted to the deviation of the proportion of the acreage devoted to the deviation of the proportion of the acreage devoted to the deviation of the proportion of the acreage devoted to the deviation of the proportion of the acreage of crops than in individual recent years except 1920, 1937 and 1938. Yields of most small grains, grain sorghum and hay crops are only fair because of drought, but corn, cotton, beans, potatoes, tobacco, sugar cane and soypheans are expected to give excellent yields. The aggregate acreage of crops harvested seems likely to be about 7% below the pro-drought average and lower than in one have been made in corn and cotton. Allowing for such partition of the proportion of the aggregate production of principal crops as now indicated, combined in proport

but crop losses have been heavy and many dairymen are faced with a critical shortage of hay.

On Aug. 1, pastures in the central and eastern corn belt and in the Southeast were good to excellent, but drought in July sharply reduced the condition of pastures in the Northeastern, western Great Lake, Great Plains and Rocky Mountain areas. In the country as a whole the condition of pastures on Aug. 1 was above the 1928-37 average for that date, but substantially below the corresponding average for pre-drought years.

Milk production in the United States on Aug. 1 was 1 to 2% less than a year earlier but still relatively high as compared with that date in other years. The decline during July was sharp in the Northeastern States where drought severely affected pastures, but production held up better than usual in the South Atlantic States. Elsewhere, there was only about the usual decline for the month.

Egg production on Aug. 1 was about 1% larger than a year ago and about 3% above the 10-year (1928-37) average for the date. August reports for individual farms compared with those for a year ago indicated the number of laying age was more than 6% larger.

Major fruit crop prospects declined slightly during July due to the dry weather. Losses were not serious, however, in the important producing areas. The production of cherries and apricots is the largest of record and a near-record grape crop is in prospect. Above average supplies of commercial apples are expected in all sections except the South Central and Western groups of States. Although the outlook for peaches and pears declined slightly during July, total supplies are expected to be well above average. A bumper crop of prunes for canning and drying is expected in California. Pecan prospects are below average, but large crops of wainuts and aimonds are expected. The Aug. 1 condition of oranges from the 1939 bloom is 6 points lower than on the same date last year, and the condition of grapefruit is 18 points lower than a year ago.

Due chiefly to unfavorable we

spinach and tomatoes. Larger tounages of mina beans, cantaioups, cenery, sweet corn, onions and watermelons will be available.

Corn—A 1939 corn crop of 2,459,888,000 bushels is indicated by Aug. 1 prospects. This is a decline of 110,907,000 bushels, or about 4%, from the July 1 estimate. Marked increases in the Eastern corn belt States. Iowa and Minnesota, were more than offset by declines in other areas, particularly in the Dakotas, Nebraska and Kansas. The indicated 1939 production is 3% less than the 1938 crop of 2,542,238,000 bushels and 7% lower than the 10-year (4928-37) average production of 2,309,674,000 bushels. The 10-year average contains the three drought years of 1930, 1934 and 1936 when the production ranged from 1,461,123,000 bushels to 2,080,421,000 bushels. The indicated production relates to the acreage grown for all purposes—g,air. silage, forage, hogging and graizing.

Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa and Minnesota report excellent growing conditions during July and the crop throughout that area is about two weeks earlier than usual. Most of the hybrid corn is grown in these States. The Dakotas, Kansas and Nebraska were hard hit by dry, hot weather and grasshoppers. In these four States production declined 49%, or 146,989,000 bushels, from July 1 to Aug. 1. Recent rains have temporarily checked deterioration over much of that section, but a large part of the acreage was beyond recovery from a grain yield standpoint. In the Northeastern States a July drought reduced yield prospects. Favorable conditions prevailed over most of the upper South Atlantic States. In the Southeastern States and the Eastern States of the South Central group, yields were reduced by drought and high temperatures. Over most of the Mountain States drought, heat and grasshoppers combined to cause a decline. Increases are shown for the Pacific Coast States.

### CORN, ALL

State	Yield per Acre (Bushels)			Production (Thousand Bushels)			
State	Average 1928-37	1938	Indi- cated 1939	Average 1928-37	1938	Indi- cated 1939	
Maine	38.7	40.0	38.0	489	440	494	
New Hampshire	41.1	41.0	40.0	599	656	600	
Vermont	39.9	40.0	39.0	2,803	3,120	2,964	
Massachusetts	41.1	38.0	40.0	1,606	1,482	1,520	
Rhode Island	39.8	40.0	37.0	347	400	333	
Connecticut	38.8	36.0	37.0	2,005	1,764	1,776	
New York	33.7	37.0	32.0	21,221	25,345	21,472	
New Jersey	38.2	38.0	35.0	7.186	7,486	6,475	
Pennsylvania	39.0	43.5	40.0	51,087	59,508	54,160	
Ohio	36.5	44.0	48.0	132,287	156,992	164,400	
Indiana	33.5	41.0	47.5	151,195	173,389	196,840	
Illinois	33.8	45.0	48.0	307,592	379,350	388,464	
Michigan	29.2	36.5	36.0	43,167	58,035	55,512	
Wisconsin	31.8	38.5	36.0	71,042	90,514	81,252	
Minnesota	29.4	35.0	38.5	136,346	157,535	175,021	
lowa	35.5	45.5	47.5	393,143	468,923	465,072	
Missouri	20.1	25.0	26.5	113,655	106,500	108,385	
North Dakota	14.1	16.5	17.0	16,305	16,186	16,847	
South Dakota	12.5	12.0	14.0	54,933	35,688	40,026	
Nebraska	16.7	14.5	10.0	159,176	107,735	72,750	
Kansas	13.2	20.0	8.0	80,736	45,200	24,752	
Delaware	27.3	29.0	28.0	3,861	4,147	4,032	
Maryland	30.6	37.0	35.0	15,617	18,537	17,710	
Virginia	21.8	25.0	26.0	32,225	34,775	36,166	
West Virginia	24.7	26.5	29.0	12,384	12,640	13,978	
North Carolina	18.0	19.0	20.0	14,355	46,398	48,360	
South Carolina	13.2	14.5	14.5	21,335	26,767	25,433	
Georgia	9.8	11.5	9.5	38,902	53,164	43,044	
Florida	9.3	10.5	8.5	6,733	8,452	6,978	
Kentucky	21.6	27.0	25.0	62,688	74,647	70,400	
Cennessee	20.9	25.5	19.5	60.308	68,570	50,330	
Alabama	12.6	14.0	11.5	39,427	49,700	40,825	
Mississippi	14.7	16.0	12.5	36,262	48,544	36,412	
Arkansas	14.5	16.5	16.0	29,956	36,218	35,472	
Louisiana	14.3	16.5	14.5	20,098	26,730	23,722	
Oklahoma	13.3	20.0	15.0	35,912	35,080	29,205	
rexas	15.6	16.0	16.5	75,962	75,648	80,355	
Montana	9.2	15.0	10.5	1.259	2,340	1,617	
daho	34.9	37.0	35.0	1,225	1.184	1,155	
Wyoming	10.6	12.0	8.0	2.071	2.880	1,808	
Colorado	10.7	10.5	7.0	15,771	11,319	5,656	
New Mexico	13.8	13.5	10.0	2,928	2,606	2,160	
Arisona	15.6	15.0	14.0	502	495	420	
Utah	24.8	25.0	21.0	457	500	378	
Nevada	26.1	31.0	27.5	49	62	55	
Washington	34.8	35.0	36.0	1,168	1.015	1,260	
Oregon	30.6	29.0	31.5	1.904	1,595	1,796	
California	32.2	33.5	33.0	2,385	2,077	2,046	
United States	23.0	27.7	27.1	2.309.674	2.542.238	2,459,888	

Wheat—A total 1939 wheat crop of 731,432,000 bushels is indicated by Aug. 1 reports on yield per acre and condition. This is an increase of 14,777,000 bushels over the indicated production on July 1. Both winter and spring wheat estimates are higher than a month earlier, with winter

and spring wheat estimates are higher than a month earlier, with winter wheat accounting for most of the increase in total wheat production. The estimated production of all wheat in 1938 was 930,801,000 bushels and the 10-year (1928-37) average production is 752,952,000 bushels. The preliminary estimate of winter wheat production is 550,710,000 bushels, compared with 686,637,000 bushels harvested in 1938 and 560,-160,000 bushels, the 10-year average. The estimate for Aug. 1 indicates an increase of about 13,000,000 bushels over the production indicated on July 1. Harvesting was largely completed by Aug. 1, except in the extreme northern and northwestern areas.

The 1939 winter wheat yield per acre is 14.3 bushels, compared with 13.8 bushels in 1938 and the 10-year (1928-37) average of 14.5 tushels. On July 1 the indicated yield was 13.9 bushels.

Most of the increase since July 1 has occurred in Kansas, Missourl, Indiana, Illinois, Ohio, California and Oregon. The month was favorable for harvesting of wheat and yields have turned out generally better than earlier expected. Quality has been good except in the western Great Plains area where both yields and quality were substantially reduced by hot, dry weather. Harvesting of wheat was completed in Texas, Oklahoma and all except extreme western Kansas before the high July temperatures. Very little damage resulted from black stem rust this year. Threshing of shock wheat was delayed somewhat during July in parts of the soft wheat belt by frequent rains.

The total spring wheat crop of 180,722,000 bushels on the basis of Aug. 1 conditions is 1,834,000 bushels above the July 1 forecast and compares with the 1938 production of 244,164,000 bushels and the 10-year (1928-37) average of 192,792,000 bushels. Prospects for production of both durum and other spring varieties improved during July.

Production of other spring wheat is indicated to be 149,340,000 bushels, or 1,342,000 bushels greater than on July 1. This increase resulted principally from improved conditions in the Dakotas, Nebraska and the Pacific Northwest. Excessive heat in July resulted in yields lower than were anticipated earlier in Montana Colorado, Wyoming and Utah. Harvesting was completed earlier than usual over much of the hard spring wheat area, partly because warm weather resulted in early maturity, and partly because farmers in many sections harvested early to prevent more serious losses from grasshoppers.

Improved prospects in South Dakota resulted in a durum wheat crop 492,000 bushels larger than was forecast on July 1. The estimated 1939 production now stands at 31,382,000 bushels, which is 10% lower than the 10-year (1928-37) average production and about 22% below the 1938 crop estimate. This crop was able to withstand high July temperatures better than most other crops, and in spite of grasshopper damage in some sections, yield prosp

### WINTER WHEAT

	Yield p	er Acre (	Bushels)	Production (Thousand Bush.)			
State	Average 1928-37	1938	Prelim. 1939	Average 1928-37	1938	Prelim. 1939	
New York	20.0	25.0	23.5	5.049	7.425	6.110	
New Jersey	21.8	22.0	22.0	1.202	1.342	1.144	
Pennsylvania	18.8	21.0	21.0	18.286	21.861	19,026	
Ohio	19.3	19.5	19.5	36.370	46.332	36,621	
Indiana	16.9	16.0	17.5	28,266	30,096	27,178	
Illinois	17.1	18.5	20.5	33,007	41.995	38,150	
Michigan	19.9	21.5	21.0	15.817	19,264	14,889	
Wisconsin	17.6	16.5	15.0	578	1.106	615	
Minnesota	18.7	13.5	17.0	3,190	3,483	2.771	
Iowa	18.3	16.5	16.5	6.903	9,224	6,303	
Missouri	13.7	13.0	16.0	24,265	31,512	26,480	
South Dakota	11.5	11.5	9.5	1.341	1.576	912	
Nebraska	14.6	12.0	11.5	44.023	52.824	35,432	
Kansas	12.5	10.5	11.0	137,853	152.114	116.083	
Delaware	17.4	20.0	18.0	1.590	1,660	1.278	
Maryland	18.8	20.0	19.0	8,419	9,420	7.334	
Virginia	14.3	14.0	14.5	8.764	9.526	7.946	
West Virginia	14.7	15.0	14.5	1.983	2.340	2.030	
North Carolina	10.6	11.5	11.7	4.496	5,440	4.972	
South Carolina	9.8	11.0	11.0	1.054	1.771	2.013	
Georgia	8.8	10.0	9.5	1.011	1.700	1.662	
Kentucky	13.6	15.0	11.0	4,623	8.280	4.642	
Tennessee	10.9	11.0	11.5	3,989	5,401	4,255	
Alabama	10.0	13.0	12.0	50	65	72	
Arkansas	9.2	8.5	9.0	490	595	369	
Oklahoma	11.7	11.0	13.0	47.054	58,322	52,286	
Texas	10.2	9.0	10.0	32.038	35,046	29,390	
Montana	12.8	23.5	19.0	8.551	24.581	20,672	
Idaho	19.7	25.0	21.0	12.533	17.500	12.348	
Wyoming	11.0	13.0	8.0	1.259	2.353	1,520	
Colorado	11.4	14.5	10.5	9.034	14.587	11.088	
New Mexico	9.4	10.0	10.0	2,538	2.380	2,620	
Arizona	22.2	22.0	23.0	776	1.100	805	
Utah	16.4	21.0	13.0	2,983	4,389	2.288	
Novede	25.5	27.0	29.0	70	108	87	
Nevada	23.5	27.0	24.5	24,550	32,319	25,798	
Washington	19.6	21.5	21.5	13,442	15,867	13,266	
Oregon	18.5	17.0	17.5	12,712	12,733	10.255	
Camornia	10.0	11.0	17.0	12,712	12,700	10,200	
United States	14.5	13.8	14.3	560,160	686,637	550,710	

### WHEAT (PRODUCTION BY CLASSES) FOR THE UNITED STATES (Thousand Bushels)

W	Wt	nter	Spi	ring	White (Winter &	Total
Year	Hard Red	Soft Red	Hard Red	Durum a		Total
Average 1928-37 1938 1939.b.	318,452 387,610 302,965	191,312 236,800 198,365	161,440	36,723 42,010 32,256	87,662 102,941 76,005	752,952 930,801 731,432

a Includes durum wheat in States for which estimates are not shown separately. b Indicated Aug. 1, 1939.

# DURUM WHEAT

	Yield po	er Acre (	Bushels)	Production (Thousand Bushels)			
State	Average 1928-37	1938	Indi- cated 1939	Аветаде 1928-37	1938	Indi- cated 1939	
Minnesota North Dakota South Dakota	13.1 9.5 7.8	16.0 11.5 10.5	13.0 10.0 10.5	1,961 25,938 7,177	1,520 31,050 7,875	806 25,410 5,166	
Three States	9.4	11.4	10.1	35.076	40.445	31,382	

# SPRING WHEAT (OTHER THAN DURING

State	Yield pe	Yield per Acre (Bushels)			Production (Thousand Bushels)		
State	Average 1928-37	1938	Indi- cated 1939	Average 1928-37	1938	Indi- cated 1939	
Maine		17.0	20.0	96	68	60	
New York	16.8	18.0	16.0	144	108	64	
Pennsylvania	17.4	19.0	17.5	200	171	192	
Ohio	17.4	17.5	16.0	198	88	48	
Indiana	15.2	16.0	15.0	183	144	135	
Illinois	16.3	18.5	17.0	1,527	555	612	
Michigan	16.2	15.0	14.0	269	255	280	
Wisconsin	16.8	17.0	16.5	1,245	901	825	
Minnesota	12.6	15.0	12.5	15,740	33,945	16,975	
Iowa	14.0	14.5	13.5	558	362	405	
Missouri	12.4	11.0	12.0	111	88	36	
North Dakota	8.1	7.8	9.5	47,800	48,789	50.692	
South Dakota		8.5	7.5	15.062	18,326	13,485	
Nebraska	9.3	10.0	7.5	2,231	2,890	930	
Kansas	8.2	7.0	5.5	219	70	55	
Montana	9.3	14.0	11.5	26,666	47,768	33,568	
Idaho		27.5	25.0	11,991	12,348	8,375	
Wyoming	11.5	12.5	9.5	1,588	2,162	1,235	
Colorado	13.1	14.5	11.0	4,085	4,828	2,013	
New Mexico	13.2	12.0	11.5	355	300	299	
Utah		28.0	24.0	2,148	2,184	1,440	
Nevada	24.6	23.0	25.5	303	345	408	
Washington	16.0	19.5	19.5	19,179	19,324	13,533	
Oregon	20.0	22.0	21.0	5,812	7,700	3,675	
United States	10.9	12.0	11.2	157,716	203,719	149.340	

Oats—The 1939 oats crop is estimated at 898,026,000 bushels. This is an increase of 25,203,000 bushels, or 3% over the July 1 estimate. The 1938 crop totaled 1,053,839,000 bushels and the 10-year (1928-37) average production was 1,049,300 bushels.

The increase in total production during July was due mostly to improvement in Minnesota, lowa and North and South Dakota. Although straw was short, heads filled well and quality and weight of grain per bushels were generally good in this area. Prospects also improved during July in California, Washington and Oregon. In the eastern corn belt, the yield per acre in Ohio was increased one bushel over July 1, the Illinois yield was reduced one bushel, and the Indiana, Michigan and Wisconsin yields were unchanged from a month ago.

There has been little damage to the crop from rust, lodging and sprouting in the shock. Due to shortness of straw more than the usual proportion of the acreage was cut with the combine. A comparatively large acrease was cut for hay in low yield areas.

The yield per acre is now estimated at 26.7 bushels. This comparas with the July 1 indicated yield of 26.0 bushels, the 1938 yield of 29.7 bushels and the 10-year (1928-37) average of 27.7 bushels.

	Yield pe	er Acre (	Bushels)	Productio	n (Thousand	Bushels)
State	Аветаде 1928-37	1938	Indt- cated 1939	Average 1928-37	1938	Indi- cated 1939
Maine	36.7	34.0	36.5	4,332	3,876	4,198
New Hampshire	37.4	36.0	37.0	284	288	259
Vermont	31.0	31.0	31.0	1,852	1,736	1,736
Massachusetts	32.5	34.0	29.0	166	204	145
Rhode Island	31.7	30.0	30.0	63	60	60
Connecticut	28.8	30.0	25.0	195	180	150
New York	27.4	34.0	26.0	23,077	26,588	21,346
New Jersey	29.4	25.5	23.0	1,339	1,224	1,035
Pennsylvania	27.8	33.5	26.5	25,937	30,652	24,724
Ohio	30.6	33.0	31.0	48,830	36,993	33,852
Indiana	27.4	26.0	24.0	49,177	34,060	28,224
Illinois	31.1	31.5	28.0	125,119	110,534	88,368
Michigan	28.8	35.0	32.0	39,160	42,840	39,168
Wisconsin	31.5	31.0	32.0	78,017	76,105	71,488
Minnesota	31.0	33.0	36.0	134,433	128,700	141,768
Iowa	32.2	33.5	29.0	193,949	198,086	151,235
Missouri	21.2	24.0	20.5	34,737	45,600	34,358
North Dakota	18.7	22.5	22.0	30,595	31,298	29,920
South Dakota	21.0	30.0	25.5	41,218	46,050	39,958
Nebraska	21.9	29.5	14.0	49,924	55,076	19,040
Kansas	22.5	23.5	15.5	32,537	35,673	22,134
Delaware	30.0	32.0	28.0	90	96	112
Maryland	28.0	32.0	27.0	1,364	1,312	1,161
Virginia	19.4	21.5	20.0	2,287	1,978	2,020
West Virginia	19.8	21.0	19.0	2,218	1,806	1,387
North Carolina	18.6	22.0	22.0	3,906	5,566	5,786
South Carolina	21.2	22.8	23.5	8,488	10,648	11,750
Georgia	18.8	22.5	20.0	6,297	9,585	9,120
Florida	14.5	15.5	16.0	114	140	144
Kentucky	16.2	19.5	17.0	2,166	1,209	1,054
Tennessee	15.7	20.0	17.0	1,596	1,700	1,530 2,838
Alabama	18.3	24.0	21.5	1,908	3,168 1,593	2.046
Mississippi	21.4	27.0	21.0	918	2,565	2.816
Arkansas	19.0	19.0	22.0	2,585	1,350	1.760
Louisiana	24.2	27.0	32.0	25,232		22.882
Okiahoma	20.6	21.0	17.0 23.0	34,245	27,447 36,920	32,660
Texas	23.4	26.0 36.0	28.0	6.069	8,928	8,400
Montana			35.0	4.805	4.914	5,285
Idaho	35.4	39.0	23.0	2,851	3.078	2,254
Wyoming	24.3	27.0		4,504	5,053	3,335
Colorado	27.7	31.0	23.0	575	660	520
New Mexico	23.2	22.0 26.0	20.0 25.0	288	260	250
Arizona	36.0	39.0	32.0	1.391	1.092	896
Utah	35.0	40.0	34.0	95	120	102
Nevada		42.5	51.0	7.879	6.715	10.098
Washington	48.8		34.0	8,794	6.725	10.710
Oregon	32.2 26.8	25.0 28.0	29.0	2,975	3,388	3,944
United States	27.7	29.7	26.7	1.049,300	1.053.839	898,026

Barley—Aug. 1 prospects indicate a 1939 barley crop of 257,008,000 bushels. This is an increase of 5%, or 11,122,000 bushels over the July 1 testimate. The present outlook is for a crop about 2% larger than the 1938 crop of 252,139,000 bushels, and 10% above the 10-year (1928-37) production of 233,021,000 bushels. The increase over last year, as well as the average, is due to increased acreage in the winter barley area and to both increased acreage and yield in the Pacific Coast States. Barley production in the North Central States, where approximately two-thirds of the crop is usually produced, is about 3% less than last year.

The yield per acre is now indicated to be 20.5 bushels. The 1938 yield was 24.0 bushels and the 10-year (1928-37) average is 20.7 bushels. Yields are highly variable this year. In Minnesota, the most important barley State, yields per acre are expected to be about 3.0 bushels above the average and the crop there is of good quality. In North Dakota, where a considerable acreage was seeded late, the crop greatly benefited by the favorable June weather, but this was about offset by the dry, hot weather in July. A poor fill is reported. In South Dakota, maturity was hastened by the high temperatures and a considerable acreage was harvested early in order to check further grasshopper injury, but the crop was far enough advanced to escape severe damage. Yields in Wisconsin are spotted, but the quality is expected to be good. In Iowa and Illinois considerable rust and scab are reported. As a result of losses from heat, drought and grasshoppers barley yields were low in Nebraska, Kansas and in the dry land farming areas of Colorado, Wyoming and Montana. Barley prospects improved during July in Washington and Oregon. also in California, where harvesting is practically completed, yields are above early expectations.

Rye—The Aug. 1 estimate of the 1939 rye crop was 40,834,000 bushels, a decrease of 652,000 bushels, or about 2% from the July 1 estimate. In 1938, the rye crop totaled 55,039,000 bushels and the 10-year (1928-37) average is 36,330,000 bushels. The reduction in the rye harvest this year in comparison with a year ago is due mostly to lower yields in Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, North Dakota, South Dakota and Nebraska. The yield per acre this year of 10.0 bushels compares with 13.8 in 1938 and the 10-year (1928-37) average of 11.1 bushels.

Buckwheat—The indicated production of 5,776,000 bushels of buckwheat is the smallest crop on record. The production in 1938 was 6,682,000 bushels, and the 10-year (1928-37) average is 7,964,000 bushels. The smaller crop in prospect this year is due to continued decline in acreage, and to yields which, although equal to last year, are still below average. The acreage for harvest, estimated to be 390,000 acres, is 14% lower than the 453,000 acres harvested last year, and 22% below the 10-year (1928-37) average of 508,000 acres.

The further reduction in acreage this year is attributed to dry weather at planting time in the Northeastern States. In the other important buckwheat States spring weather was favorable for fully carrying out intentions for planting other spring crops, and it was unnecessary to resort to buckwheat as an emergency crop on otherwise unused acreage.

Potatoes—Aug. 1 conditions indicate a total potato production of 356,834,000 bushels. This production is 4% smaller than the 1938 crop of 371,617,000 bushels, and 4% below the 10-year (1928-37) average of 372,258,000 bushels. The production indicated by Aug. 1 conditions is 9,240,000 bushels smaller than the July 1 forecast.

In Maine, July rainfall and temperatures have generally favored high potato yields. In some parts of southern New England, New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania dry weather has damaged the crop, although recent rains have improved yield prospects somewhat.

The crop made good progress during July in most sections of the Middle West. In Michigan, however, stands are reported to be poor, and high temperatures during July caused some damage, especially to the early crop. crop. Stands are good in Wisconsin, but here also high temperatures have been an adverse factor. In Minnesota, the crop got off to a good start, but rains are badly needed in the Red River Valley. The final outcome of both the Minnesota and North Dakota potato crops will hinge upon weather

conditions the next few weeks in this important producing section. Fairly good crops are reported in South Dakota and Nebraska. In Kansas, hot dry weather has reduced late crop yield prospects.

In Idaho, poor stands are reported in practically all of the late commercial areas. The crop has developed well during the month, however, and average yields are expected in some localities, despite the poor stands. Colorado growers report unusually poor prospects this year. Frost damage, poor stands, insufficient moisture and high temperatures are the principal low yield factors in this State. The Utah crop is in poorer condition than a year ago.

The crop in Washington is above average for this time of year, especially west of the Cascades. Yields in Oregon are expected to turn out lower than a year ago, but considerably better than average. In California, the indicated yield, which includes the large commercial early acreage already harvested, is higher than last year and considerably above average.

### GENERAL CROP REPORT AS OF AUG. 1, 1939

The Crop Reporting Board of the Agricultural Marketing Service makes the following report from data furnished by crop correspondents, field statisticians, and cooperating State agencies.

UNITED STATES

	Y	eld per 2	Lcre	Total	Total Production (In Thousands)				
Стор			In-		mouth 3	Indi	cated		
	Average 1928-37	1938	Aug. 1 1939		1938	July 1, 1939	Aug. 1, 1939		
Corn, all, bush	23.0	27.7	27.1	2,309,674	2,542,238	2,570,795	9 450 999		
Wheat, all, bush.	13.4	13.3	13.3	752,952	930,801	716,655	731,432		
Winter, bush	14.5	13.8	14.3	560,160	686,637	537,767	550,710		
All spring, bush	10.6	11.9	11.0	192,792	244,164	178,888	180,722		
Durum, bush Other spring,	9.4	11.4	10.1	35,076			31,382		
bush	10.9	12.0	11.2	157,716	203,719	147,998	149,340		
Oats, bush	27.7	29.7	26.7	1,049,300		872,823	898,026		
Barley, bush	20.7	24.0	20.5	233,021	252.139	245,886	257,008		
Rye, bush	11.1	13.8	10.0	36.330	55,039	41,486	40,834		
Buckwheat, bush.	15.8	14.8	14.8	7,964	6,682	*4,400	5,776		
Flaxseed, bush	5.9	8.6	7.7	11,943	8.171	15,398			
Rice, bush	47.5	49.0	48.8	43,387	52,303	50,278	15,750 50,822		
hay, tons—	11.8	12.9	10.4	86,296	100,816		90,381		
All tame	1.24	1.43	1.27	68,765	80,299	72,794	73,301		
Wild	.76	.89	.78	9,414	10,444	8,856	8,914		
timothy_a	1.10	1.30	1.10	26.577	27,754	23,807	23,773		
Aifalfa Beans, dry edible,	1.94	2.14	1.96	24,097	28,858		26,516		
100-b. bag	b731	b914	b784	12,638	15,268	11,897	12,252		
Peanuts, lbs.c	714	764	714		1,309,400	22,001	1,299,930		
Potatoes, bush	111.4	123.1	116.1	372,258	371,617	366,074	356.834		
Sweetpotatoes, bu	85.2	86.8	88.6	70,690		78,933	78,561		
Tobacco, lb Sugarcane for	803	860	918	1,360,400	1,378,534	1,654,622	1,655,658		
sugar, ton	16.6	22.8	22.1	3.609	6,720	5,779	5,779		
Sugar beets, ton.	11.1	12.5	11.0	8,486	11,614		10,317		
Broomcorn, ton	b267.8	b278.9	b251.4	44	37	10,102	28		
Hops, lb	1,198	1,119	1,252	d34,079		39,534	39,060		
	Con	dition A	ug. 1	S In	1	year and a	100		
10 10 10 10 10	Per Ct.	Per Ct.	Per Ct.		7.1	100 mm m	70.00		
Apples.eApples,com'l crop	55	50	65		ſ	•••••			
Peaches, total				96,469	82,395		102,630		
erop, bush Pears, total crop.	58	60	68	d54,151	d51,945	61,673	61,164		
bush	60	68	64	d25,489	d32,473	30,763	30.645		
Grapes, ton.f	76	82	83	d2,215		2,605	2.644		
Pecans, lb		41	47	65,313					
Pasture	65	83	69	00,010			62,312		
Soybeans	75	87	89	*****			******		
Cowpeas	72	79	76		*****	*****			

a Excludes sweetclover and lespedeza. b Pounds. c Picked and threshed. d Includes some quantities not harvested. e Condition on Aug. 1 in States having commercial production. f Production includes all grapes for fresh fruit, juice, wine,

UNITED STATES

	Acreage					
Стор	Har	vested	For			
	Average 1928-1937	1938	Harvest, 1939	1939 Per Cent of 1938		
Corn. all.	99,798,000	91,792,000	90,734,000	98.8		
Wheat, all	55,804,000	70,221,000	55,000,000	78.3		
Winter	38,160,000	49,711,000	38.572.000	77.6		
All spring	17,645,000	20,510,000	16,428,000	80.1		
Durum	3,355,000	3,545,000	3.095.000	87.3		
Other spring	14,290,000	16,965,000	13,333,000	78.6		
Oats	37,452,000	35,477,000	33,574,000	94.6		
Barley	11,017,000	10,513,000	12.546.000	119.3		
Rye	3,179,000	3,979,900	4.100.000	103.0		
Buckwheat		453,000	390,000	86.1		
Flaxseed	2.035,000	954.000	2.034.000	213.2		
Rice	913,000	1.068,000	1.042.000	97.6		
Grain sorghums	7,293,000	7,792,000	8,729,000	112.0		
Cotton	a36,801,000	a25.018.000	a24.943.000	99.7		
Hay, all tame	55,517,000	56,309,000	57.801.000	102.6		
Hay, wild	12.154.000	11,774,000	11.386.000	96.7		
Hay, clover and timotyh b	23.981.000	21,320,000	21,516,000	100.9		
Hay, alfalfa	12,442,000	13,462,000	13.551.000	100.5		
Beans, dry edible	1.740,000	1,671,000	1.562,000	93.5		
Soybeans.c	4.246,000	6.858.000	8.119.000	118.4		
Cowpeas.c.	2,339,000	3.057.000	2.651.000	86.7		
Peanuts_d	1.377.000	1.713.000	1.820,000	106.2		
Velvetbeans_c	100.000	129,000	123,000	95.3		
Potatoes	3.343.000	3.020.000	3.074.000	101.8		
Sweetpotatoes	835,000	883,000	887,000	100.5		
Tobacco	1,700,000	1.603.000	1.802,000	112.5		
Sorgo for sirup	214,000	190.000	195,000	102.6		
Sugarcane for sugar	213,000	294.000	262,000	89.0		
Sugarcane for sirup	130,000	137.000	140,000	102.2		
	763,000	930,000	937,000			
Sugar beets	334,000	263.000	222,000	100.8		
Broomeorn	28,000	32,000	31,000	99.0		
				99.0		
Total (evel. dupl.)	333.819.000	328.761.000	316.585,000	96.3		

a Acreage in cultivation July 1. b Excludes sweetclover and lespedeza. c Grown alone for all purposes. d Picked and threshed.

Weather Report for the Week Ended Aug. 9—The general summary of the weather bulletin issued by the Department of Agriculture, indicating the influence of the weather for the week ended Aug. 9, follows:

The week was characterized by near-normal temperatures throughout most of the country and widespread showers from the Rocky Mountains eastward. The weekly mean temperatures were considerably above normal from the Red River Valley of the North eastward to the Northeastern States, and also in parts of the far West. Otherwise, temperatures were seasonable with the weekly averages ranging from 1 degree to 2 degrees below normal to 2 degrees or 3 degrees above normal rather generally.

Maximum temperatures were mostly moderate and not as high in the Midwest as during recent weeks. They reached 100 degrees in only limited areas, mostly in Oklahoma and the adjoining portions of surrounding States, locally in eastern Montana, and in the interior of the far West. At the close of the week much cooler weather prevailed over the Northewestern States, with a minimum temperature of 35 degrees at Baker, Ore., and 34 degrees at Yellowstone Park, Wyo., on the morning of Aug. 8.

The distribution of rainfall was quite irregular as to amount, but most sections east of the Rocky Mountains had some showers during the week. The falls were rather heavy in the lower Missouri and upper Mississippi Valleys and Southeastern States, while good local rains occurred in the Northeast. Also the far Southwest had some substantial rainfall. In general, the central Rocky Mountain States, the Great Basin and the Pacific area received little or no precipitation.

Droughty conditions in much of the southwestern drought area were relieved, at least temporarily, by widespread rainfall during the week. The eastern two-thirds of Kansas, much of Oklahoma and western Texas, most of New Mexico and Arizona, and much of Colorado received substantial rainfall which improved the situation materially. However, more rain is needed in this extensive area.

In the Plains States north of Kansas showers were scattered, mostly light, and droughty conditions were little modified. Also, in most of Montana they were too light to be of material benefit. Northern and eastern Wyoming had good rains, but elsewhere in that State moisture is entirely inadequate, with the winter range prospect in large areas very poor, while water is scarce over the Plains section.

Showers were helpful in Michigan, but they were inadequate in Wisconsin and most of Minnesota where additional moisture is still needed. In the Northeastern States additional local rains were decidedly helpful. In New England there was one widespread, general rain which somewhat further rel

provement.

In Pennsylvania moderate showers were rather general and there is considerable improvement in the outlook, although some localities are still very dry. In New Jersey there were only light, scattered showers and more rain is needed. In the States south of Pennsylvania, in the middle and east Gulf areas, and the Ohio and middle Mississippi Valleys the weather was generally favorable and crops continued to make satisfactory progress.

Small Contract Value 1988

the weather was generally favorable and crops continued to make satisfactory progress.

Small Grains—In the northwestern Great Plains late spring wheat deteriorated because of warmth and dryness. However, at the close of the week much cooler weather had overspread this area. In North Dakota both yield and quality of spring wheat are somewhat disappointing because of previous heat and dryness. Threshing is progressing in much of the Spring Wheat Belt. Some plowing was accomplished in the interior valleys and recent rains in Kansas will condition the soil for preparation for seeding in that State. North of Kansas the soil continues too dry. Rice made good progress in central and west Gulf districts.

Corn—East of the Great Plains States the corn crop continued to make satisfactory advance, with weekly progress mostly good to excellent. In Kentucky showers were helpful, but in the western portion of the State the condition of corn is irregular because of previous dryness. There is some local firing reported in Illinois, but in this State many stalks have 2 large ears. In Indiana and Ohio outlook continues favorable.

West of the Mississippi River conditions are more irregular. In Missouri the bulk of corn is in satisfactory condition. In Iowa, it is generally good to excellent, but there is enough firing to reduce yields in many widely scattered localities. In Wisconsin and much of Minnesota, rain is needed, but the outlook is still mostly good to excellent in the southern portion of the latter State.

In the Great Plains States deterioration is reported rather generally. In Kansas late corn will benefit by the recent rain, but a large percentage will not make grain; much is being cut for fodder. In Nebraska late corn over considerable areas remains fairly good, but considerable further deterioration is indicated.

Cotton—In the Cotton Belt temperatures were mostly moderate for the season. East of the Mississippi River there were widespread, but mostly

corn over considerable areas remains fairly good, but considerable further deterioration is indicated.

Cotton—In the Cotton Belt temperatures were mostly moderate for the season. East of the Mississippi River there were widespread, but mostly light to moderate showers. Over the western belt rainfall was again light in Many sections. In general, cotton maintained mostly satisfactory advance in the central and eastern portions of the belt, but less favorable in many western sections.

In Texas weekly progress was good in the extreme south, but elsewhere variable, ranging from poor to locally good, depending on the distribution of showers. Much has deteriorated, with considerable blooming at the top and some shedding in the north-central and west-central areas. In Oklahoma progress was generally poor, with deterioration in southwestern and south-central portions where there is shedding and much top blooming. However, the general condition of the crop continues fair, except in southwestern and south-central sections.

In the central and eastern portions of the belt the weather was mostly favorable and progress of cotton is satisfactory rather generally, except that in parts of the northeast humid weather and rather heavy rainfall were somewhat unfavorable. Many boils are forming as far north as northern South Carolina, with picking beginning in southern and east-central Georgia.

The Weather Bureau furnished the following resume of conditions in the different States:

The Weather Bureau furnished the following resume of conditions in the different States:

Virginia—Richmond: Temperatures near normal; precipitation mostly light. Favorable for crops and work. Late-hay harvest progressing. Corn continues good to excellent. Peanuts and cotton in tidewater sections recovering from excessive moisture. Tobacco good condition. Apples fair to good.

North Carolina—Raleigh: Favorable temperatures; adequate sunshine. Adequate rains, except too much locally. Condition of corn excellent and progress good. Progress of cotton only fair account high humidity and rather too much rain; condition fairly good. Conditions conductive to hornworm damage to late tobacco. Excellent progress generally of truck and gardens.

South Carolina—Columbia: Favorable temperatures and locally adequate rains. Favorable for good progress of all late crops and pastures, except locally. Progress and condition of cotton mostly vary good; boils set well in south and about matured in some places; opening retarded locally by too much rain; blooming rapidly and many boils in north.

Georgia—Atlanta: Rainfail adequate or heavy in extreme west and south; elsewhere more needed, especially for truck and pastures. Cotton shows good boil development; weather favorable for checking weevil in most places; beginning to pick crop in south and east-central. Corn, sweet potatoes and peanuts maturing rapidly.

Florida—Jacksonville: Temperatures and precipitation were adequate. Progress of cotton fairly good and condition fair; boils opening and picking fairly active. Tobacco being marketed; crop fair. Preparations for fall truck active. Celery plants doing well. Citrus trees good shape; new fruit holding and sizing nicely.

Alabama—Montgomery: Adequate rains first of week, followed by none of importance. Beneficial sunshine. Progress of cotton very good and condition now mostly good; boils forming freely and beginning to open. Corn, cane, hay, sweet potatoes, and all other vegetation thriving. Cattle excellent.

Mississippi—Vicksbu

Oklahoma—Oklahoma City: Temperatures favorable. Rainfall adequate for present needs, except more needed in extreme northwest, south-central and much of east. Progress of cotton poor, except badly deteriorating in extreme southwest and south-central where heavy shedding and much top bloom condition fair, except poor in southwest and south-central. Progress of late corn poor with much firing; early mostly made. Pastures, gardens and grain sorghums mostly deteriorated, but should improve in most sections following todays' rain.

Arkansas—Little Rock: Progress of cotton good to excellent in east and most of central due to favorable temperatures and mostly adequate soil moisture; progress poor to fairly good elsewhere due to hot, dry weather; early is faring much better than late. Progress of late corn good to excellent in east; fair or deteriorated in west; early about matured. Weather unfavorable for meadows, pastures and truck, except in east.

Tennessee—Nashville: Rainfall adequate over most of State, but lack being felt over considerable areas, mainly east. Progress of corn good to excellent, except poor where dry condition of most good in central and east and rather poor in much of west. Progress of cotton good; condition fair to good; bolls developing satisfactorily. Tobacco improved generally.

# THE DRY GOODS TRADE

New York, Friday Night Aug. 11, 1939.

Excessive temperatures prevailing during most of the week, cut down store attendance to some extent, although the volume of business held up fairly well. The response to August promotions continued largely satisfactory, notably for home furnishings and fur apparel lines. Summer goods, particularly sports and beach wear items, remained in active demand. Department store sales, the country over, for the week ended July 29, according to the Federal Reserve Board, were 1% below the corresponding week of 1938. For New York and Brooklyn stores the Federal Reserve Bank of New York reported a loss of 0.9%, while Newark establishments showed a decrease of 3.3%. For the entire month of July a gain in department store sales amounting to 3% was recorded, with the Atlanta district making the best showing corded, with the Atlanta district making the best showing, with an increase of 10%.

Trading in the wholesale dry goods markets continued active as the number of buyers entering the market for Fall requirements increased sharply, Retail merchants, encouraged by the recent moderate improvement in sales, and also in view of the relatively low level of existing inventories, displayed increased willingness to cover nearby needs, as well as requirements for early Fall promotions. A feature of the week was the further advance on denims by ½c. a yard, which was believed to foreshadow a corresponding price increase on overalls. Prices for most other goods ruled firm, and the possibility of advances on some lines of colored yarn fabrics was freely discussed. Business in silk goods turned quiet, with the high cost of the raw material acting as a deterrent to the usual Spring demand. Trading in rayon yarns, on the other hand, continued active. Further shifting of the demand for silk goods into the rayon field was noted, and, with surplus yarn stocks in producers' hands quickly and, with surplus yarn stocks in producers' hands quickly receding, a decidedly tight yarn situation for the near future was predicted. In the acetate field, in particular, the strike in the principal producing plant, threatened serious delivery difficulties.

Domestic Cotton Goods—Following last week's buying spurt, trading in the gray cloths markets quieted down considerably, although prices held steady, reflecting the continued determination of the mills to adhere to their curtailment measures, and refrain from pressing goods on the market. While the Government cotton crop estimates of 11,412,000 bales was slightly below expectations, the ensuing mild reaction in the raw cotton market, coupled with the new decline in security prices owing to recurrent nervousness over the European situation, served to put a damper on business. Late in the week some second hand offerings at slight price Late in the week some second hand offerings at slight price concessions appeared in the market, but were quickly absorbed by users. Business in fine goods continued quiet, and sales were confined to occasional spot lots. Prices, however, held steady, indicative of the better statistical position of the mills. Closing prices in print cloths were as follows: 39 inch 80's, 63/8 to 61/2c., 39 inch 72-76's, 6c., 39 inch 68-72's, 53/8 to 51/2c., 381/2 inch 64-60's, 43/4c., 381/2 inch 60-48's, 43/4c. inch 60-48's, 4 %c.

Woolen Goods—Trading in men's wear fabrics continued seasonally quiet. Further sampling of the new lines of tropical worsteds and gabardines was reported, but little further actual business developed. Some reorders on Fall mittings came into the market, whereas business in oversuitings came into the market, whereas business in over-coatings and topcoatings remained slow. Mill operations, which had been maintained at high levels, gave indications of tapering off as the backlog of orders diminished progressively. Reports from retail clothing centers made a less satisfactory showing, which in some instances was attributed, however, to inadequate offerings by stores. Business in women's wear goods receded somewhat as garment manufacturers held back with further purchases, pending clearer indications of the response of the consuming public to August promotion sales. Mills contained busy, in view of the recent substantial increase in the amount of unfilled orders.

Foreign Dry Goods-Trading in linens received an important stimulus through the Domestics and Linen Show, now taking place in New York. Active interest in the new importations from Ireland, Belgium and Holland was reported, and sales were said to have exceeded those of the Spring show by a considerable margin. Business in burlap expanded moderately as the recent decline in prices induced covering purchases by domestic bag manufacturers. A steadying influence was the material decline in burlap stocks at Calcutta during the month of July. Domestically lightweights were quoted at 4.10c., heavies at 5.40c.

# State and City Department

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# News Items

Federal Government Supplied One-Fifth of State Revenues in 1938—One-fifth of the total revenues of the 48 States last year was supplied by the Federal Government in the form of grants-in-aid, an analysis by the Federation of Tax Administrators shows. This Federal aid, totaling \$622,500,000, amounted to 8.2% of total Federal expenditures of \$7,626,000,000 in 1938, and 19.7% of total State revenues of \$3,165,000,000, according to the analysis, based on a study of Federal grants-in-aid by Prof. V. O. Key Jr., of Johns Hopkins University. of Johns Hopkins University.

The study defined grants-in-aid as Federal funds administered by a department of the State with some measure of Federal supervision. It pointed out that increased grants in recent years have been used to finance such new State activities as old-age assistance and unemployment com-

such new State activities as old-age assistance and unemployment compensation.

From 1920 to 1938, Federal grants-in-aid to States rose from \$37,600,000 to \$622,500,000, the analysis showed. There is little likelhood that the grants will drop below the 1938 figure, the Federation said, referring to recent estimates that old-age assistance grants alone will reach the \$500,000,000 mark in a few years.

In addition to the fact that the States now depend on the Federal Government for one-fifth of their revenues, the local governments also have ceased to be self-contained financial units, the Federation said. They depend on State grants and shares taxes for about one-fifth of their revenues.

"Because of this," the Federation concluded, "it is no longer possible to draw a sharp line between the three traditional levels of American government so far as revenue raising is concerned."

Illinois—Governor Vetoes Increased Pension Payments—Governor Henry H. Horner, in a message accompanying a veto of the bill to increase old-age pensions from \$30, to \$40 asserted that funds for the proposed payment are not available. Action on the bill was delayed until near expiration of the 10 day deadline August 2 of the 10-day deadline August 3.

When informed that the prospect for a Federal increase in pension payments was none too good, Governor Horner proceeded with the veto. To approve the \$40 pension without providing additional funds would be "nothing but a senseless and cruel gesture, holding out promises which the State would not fuifill," Governor Horner asserted in the veto message.

Governor to Seek Passage of Pension Bill at Special Session Governor Henry Horner announced Aug. 6 he would call a special session of the Legislature to pass again an old-age pension bill previously vetoed.

The Governor vetoed the bill increasing maximum monthly pensions from \$30 to \$40 because at that time Congress had not approved amendments raising Federal contributions from \$15 to \$20 monthly. Two days later, Congress passed the pension increase amendments. The Governor was indefinite as to the time he would call the special session.

Townships May Fund Relief Debt—The Illinois Relief Commission has informed the township relief administrators of a new act of the State Legislature which permits townships to issue bonds to retire indebtedness, incurred in the administration of relief, up to April 1, 1939. It is reported that the bonds must be voted at a special meeting of electors to be held on or before Oct. 1.

-Agreement Reached on \$33,000,000 Relief New Jersey-Program—A coalition of Republican and Democratic legislators agreed Aug. 10 on a program calculated to provide a total of \$33,000,000 for poor relief purposes. The problem of providing the funds to meet the 1938 relief deficit of \$6,000,000 and to cover the estimated \$13,500,000 of relief \$6,000,000 and to cover the estimated \$13,500,000 of relief needs for 1939 and 1940 has engaged the attention of the lawmakers since last January. None of the proposals previously offered to meet the problem proved acceptable to leadership of both political parties. The plan now agreed upon, which was assured of immediate passage by both houses of the legislature, calls for a \$21,000,000 bond issue, diversion of \$2,000,000 in grade crossing elimination bonds previously authorized, diversion of \$5,000,000 of highway funds, the withholding of \$3,000,000 from the sinking fund and the borrowing of \$2,000,000 from the State Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund. The highway fund diversions would be \$3,000,000 this year and \$2,000,000 next year.

Senate Tax-Exempt Committee Continued--The Senate on Aug. 4 passed a resolution extending the life of the special Senate Committee to study reciprocal Federal and State taxation of Governmental securities, of which Senator Brown is Chairman. The life of the committee will be continued through the 76th session of the Congress and is expected to "keep step" with the forthcoming Ways and Means Committee study of the whole Federal tax machinery. The life of the committee will be con-

# **Bond Proposals and Negotiations** ARIZONA

PIMA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 55 (P. O. Tucson), Ariz.—BOND SALE DETAILS—In connection with the previous report in these columns of the sale of \$35,000 bonds to Dahlberg, Durand & Co. of Tucson—V. 149, p. 908, we are advised that the successful bid was par plus \$17.60 premium, equal to 100.05, for the first \$17,500, due from 1940 to 1944, incl., as 1½ and the last \$17,500, maturing from 1945 to 1949, incl., as 3s. The bonds are dated July 15, 1939, and mature \$3,500 annually on July 15. The Board of Supervisors furnished the printed bonds and the approving legal opinion of Pershing, Nye, Bosworth & Dick of Denver. Also bidding for the bonds were Refnes, Ely, Beck & Co. of Phoenix.

# **ARKANSAS**

ARKANSAS (State of)—BOND SALE—The issue of \$250,000 revolving loan fund bonds offered Aug. 4—V. 149, p. 608—was awarded to Walton, Sullivan & Co. of Little Rock, which bid a premium of \$150, equal to 100.06 for the 1940 to 1952 maturities as 3%s and the rest as 3 1-3s. Dated Aug. 1, 1939 and due on March 1 from 1940 to 1959 incl. The following bids were for the bonds to bear 4% interest:

Bidder—Premium W. R. Stephens Investment Co. \$8,168.56
T. J. Raney & Sons 6,825.00
M. W. Elkins & Co. 5,075.13

REFUNDING LEGISLATION ENACTED—The Administration debt refunding bill (H. B. 2) received a favorable vote of 86 to 13 in the House on Aug. 3, in the same form that the measure was approved by the Senate several days previously. V. 149, p. 908. Steps will be taken immediately by the advisory board of finance and the State Refunding Board to carry out the proposed refunding of the State's \$140,000,000 of highway debt. The Supreme Court will convene on Aug. 14 to pass on validity of the legislation.

The Supreme Court will convene on Aug. 14 to pass on validity of the legislation.

GOVERNOR SIGNS REFUNDING BILL—At approximately the same time the first of a series of test suits was filed in Chancery Court, Governor Carl E. Bailey affixed his signature Aug. 5 to the \$140.537.000 highway debt refunding bill and conferred with the Advisory Board of Finance and the State Refunding Board as to procedure. He also issued an exceutive order to make effective provisions of the bill passed at the recent legislative session.

Herman McKaskle, an attorney at Little Rock, filed the test case in the name of Ross Kennels. The petition that if the body of the Act is found to be valid, the emergency clause be declared null and void to permit circulation of referendum petitions. Governor Bailey, in several statements, has indicated that the time element is highly important since some of the outstanding bonds are callable Oct. 1 and Jan. 1, 1940. Removal of the emergence clause by a Supreme Court decision would delay effective date of the bill 90 days, and filing of a referendum petition would delay the date indefinitely. It is further stated that the Senate's action in voting the bill was invalid in that Senator Paul Gutensohn, appointed by Governor Bailey to fill a vacancy, was permitted to vote. An additional contention is that the legislature has improperly delegated to Governor Bailey its authority to determine the interest rate and schedule of maturities of State bonds.

# CALIFORNIA MUNICIPALS

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# CALIFORNIA

LOS ANGELES COUNTY (P. O. Los Angeles), Calif.—ALHAMBRA CITY HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT ISSUE OFFERED—L. E. Lampton, County Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 10 a.m. on Aug. 15 for the purchase of \$150.000 not to exceed 5% interest bonds of the above-mentioned school district. Dated July 1, 1938. Denom. \$1,000. Due July 1 as follows: \$6,000 from 1940 to 1943, incl., and \$7,000 from 1944 to 1961, incl. Principal and interest (J-J) payable at the County Treasurer's office or at the fiscal agency of the county in New York City, at holder's option. A certified check for 3% of the bonds bid for, payable to order of the Chairman of Board of Supervisors, is required.

Alhambra City High School District has been acting as a high school district under the laws of the State of California continuously since July 1, 1900. The assessed valuation of the taxable property in said school district for the year 1938 is \$42,791,770, and the amount of bonds previously issued and now outstanding is \$907,000. District includes an area of approximately 19,97 square miles, and the estimated population is 71,870.

SAN FRANCISCO (City and County), Calif.—BOND SALE—The

proximately 19.97 square miles, and the estimated population is 71,870. SAN FRANCISCO (City and County), Calif.—BOND SALE—The \$300,000 airport bonds offered Aug. 7—V. 149, p. 908—were awarded to a group composed of the District Bond Co. of Los Angeles, Farwell, Chapman & Co. of Chicago, and J. S. Strauss & Co. of San Francisco, at a price of 100.058, a net interest cost of about 1.689%, as follows: \$124,000 as 0.50s, due Jan. 1, 1940, and \$176.000 as 1½s, due Jan 1, as follows: \$19,000 from 1941 to 1944 incl. and \$20,000 from 1945 to 1949 incl. Second high bid of 100.05 for 1½s, or a net cost of about 1.735%, was made by Harriman Ripley & Co., Inc.

# COLORADO

COLORADO

LA JUNTA, Colo.—BONDS PUBLICLY OFFERED.—Brown, Schlessman, Owen & Co. of Denver are making public offering of \$408,500 4% electric light and power revenue bonds. Dated July 1, 1938. Denoms. \$1,000 and \$500. Due \$16,000 July 1, 1941 and Jan. 1 and July 1, 1942; \$16,000 Jan. 1, and \$16,500 July 1, 1943; \$17,000 Jan. 1, and July 1, 1942; \$17,500 Jan. 1, and July 1, 1945; \$18,500 Jan. 1, and July 1, 1946; \$19,500 Jan. 1, and July 1, 1947; \$20,500 Jan. 1, and July 1, 1948; \$20,500 Jan. 1, and \$21,500 July 1, 1949; \$21,500 Jan. 1, and \$22,500 July 1, 1951; and \$9,500 Jan. 1, 1952. Bonds are redeemable in inverse numerical order upon 30 days notice on any interest payment date up to and including July 1, 1943, at 106 and accrued interest, on Jan. 1, 1944, or any interest payment date thereafter, at 105 and accrued interest. Principal and interest payable at the United States National Bank of Denver. The bonds constitute legal and binding obligations of the city payable solely from and secured by a first and irrevocable pledge of the revenues derived from the Municipal Light & Power system, after providing only for all reasonable expenses of operation and maintenance. Pursuant to the ordinance authorizing the bonds, the city is obligated to fix and maintain rates for electric service sufficient for operating expenses, principal and interest requirements on the bonds and depreciation. Legality approved by Pershing, Nye, Bosworth & Dick of Denver. These bonds are part of an authorized issue of \$497,000.

# CONNECTICUT

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—BOND OFFERING—Perry W. Rodman, City Comptroller, will receive scaled bids until noon (DST) on Aug. 15, for the purchase of \$750,000 not to exceed 2% interest coupon series D refunding bonds. Dated Aug. 15, 1939. Denom. \$1,000. Due Aug. 15, as follows:

\$84,000 from 1941 to 1943, incl. and \$83,000 from 1944 to 1949, incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ½ of 1%. Principal and interest (F-A) payable at the City Treasurer's office. The bonds are registerable as to principal only, and will be payable as to both principal and interest from ad valorem taxes which may be levied without limit as to rate or amount except as to certain classes of property such as classified timber lands taxable at a limited rate. The purchaser will be furnished with a certificate from the tax assessor certifying that there are no such classes of property within the city on the grand list of 1938. No bid will be accepted for less than par and accrued interest to date of delivery. The bonds are authorized by Special Act of the State Legalature and approved Feb. 28, 1939. The bonds will be ready for delivery on or about Aug. 21, with accrued interest to date of delivery, and will be prepared under the supervision of and certified as to genuineness by the Bridge-port City Trust Co. The approving opinion of Ropes, Gray, Boyden & Perkins, of Boston, will be furnished. Enclose a certified check for 2% of the face value of the bonds bid for, payable to the City Treasurer.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—CONSIDER BOND ISSUE TO MEET WPA

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—CONSIDER BOND ISSUE TO MEET WPA DEFICIT—The Board of Finance in executive session recently discussed the prospect that the city would have to float another deficit bond issue to meet over-expenditures on Works Progress Administration projects. Mayor John W. Murphy indicated that the same procedure which was followed last year, when a special public improvement bond issue of \$600,000 was floated, probably would be invoked to meet such WPA expenditures as may be legally paid for by a bond issue. The Mayor, however, did not estimate the size of the probable issue in the absence of any definite figures at this time and the uncertainty regarding the scope of the future WPA program.

# FLORIDA BONDS

# Clyde C. Pierce Corporation Barnett National Bank Building JACKSONVILLE Branch Office: TAMPA First National Bank Building T. S. Pierce, Resident Manager

# **FLORIDA**

MIAMI, Fla.—VALIDATION OF REFUNDING BONDS REFUSED—The Florida Supreme Court, by a vote of four to one, is reported to have recently refused to approve the proposed \$28,808,000 refunding bonds on the ground that the reissue would cause the city to exceed the charter il mitation of bonded debt of 15% of the assessed valuation, until all of the original bonds had been exchanged or retired. Circuit Court Judge Paul D. Barns previously refused to validate the refundings, as reported in V. 148, p. 3264. The city has arranged for a large banking group to handle refinancing of its indebtedness, providing the refunding bonds are approved by the courts.

### HAWAII

HAWAII (Territory of)—BOND OFFERING—W. C. McGonagle, Territory Treasurer, announces that sealed bids will be received at the Bankers Trust Co., New York, until 10 a. m. (DST) on Sept. 6 for the purchase of \$1,500,000 not to exceed 3% interest coupon refunding bonds. Dated Oct. 12, 1939. Denom. \$1,000. Due Oct. 12 as follows: \$170,000 from 1941 to 1948 incl. and \$140,000 in 1949. Interest A-O 12. Proceeds of the issue will be used to call a like amount of territorial 4½% term bonds, 10 years prior to maturity. A sinking fund of \$796,419 has accumulated against the issue and this fund will be increased annually and used as required for the new serial maturities. Bidder to name one rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ½ of 1%. Prin. and int. payable in any coin or currency of the United States, which at the time of payment, is legal tender for public and private debts, at the office of the Bankers Trust Co. in New York City, or, at the office of the Territorial Treasurer in Honolulu, T. H. Each proposal must be for the entire issue, and accompanied by a certified check, for 2% of the par value of bonds bid for, on a bank satisfactory to the Territory Treasurer. Approving legal opinion of Thomson, Wood & Hoffman of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder.

# IDAHO

POCATELLO, Idaho—NOTE SALE DETAILS—The \$140,000 2½% tax anticipation notes sold jointly to the First Security Bank of Idaho and the Idaho Bank & Trust Co., both of Pocatello—V. 149, p. 909—mature \$70,000 each on Feb. 1 and July 1, 1940.

# ILLINOIS

CHAMPAIGN COUNTY (P. O. Urbana), Ill.—PRICE PAID—The \$163,000 2\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{

ST. DAVID SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ill.—BOND OFFERING—Everett Prosser, Secretary of Board of Education, will receive sealed bids until Aug. 14 for the purchase of \$8,000 3½% gymnasium bonds. They were authorized at an election on April 8.

# INDIANA

EAST CHICAGO PARK DISTRICT (P. O. East Chicago), Ind.—BOND SALE—The \$26,000 park district bonds offered Aug. 3—V. 149, p. 609—were awarded to A. S. Huyck & Co. of Chicago, as 2¾s, at a price of 100.68, a basis of about 2.69%. Dated Aug. 1, 1939 and due \$1,000 on Jan. 1 from 1941 to 1966 incl. John Nuveen & Co. of Chicago, second high bidder, offered to pay 100.11 for 3s. The First National Bank of East Chicago, only other bidder, offered par for 3s.

LAKE COUNTY (P. O. Crown Point), Ind.—BOND SALE—The \$600.000 advancement fund (poor relief) bonds offered Aug. 7—V.149, p. 444—were awarded to a group composed of A. C. Allyn & Co., Inc., Chicago; Stranahan, Harris & Co., Toledo; First Cleveland Corp. Cleveland, and the Channer Securities Co., Chicago, as 2s, at a price of 100.66. Dated Aug. 10, 1939 and due \$30,000 on June 1 and Dec. 1 from 1940 to 1949 inclusive.

Other bids:

Bidder—

Int. Rate.

Int. Rate Bidder—
Illinois Co. of Chicago, Union Trust Co., Indianapolis, Fletcher Tr. Co. and Blair Bonner & Co.—
Harriman Ripley & Co., Inc., Kelley, Richardson & Co. and John Nuveen & Co.
Lazard Freres & Co., Stern, Wampler & Co. and Paul H. Davis & Co.
Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., Blair & Co., Inc., Hemphill, Noyes & Co., First of Michigan Corp. and Mullaney, Ross & Co.— \$1,860 2% 1,011 214% 1,404

PLAIN TOWNSHIP (P. O. Leesburg), Ind.—BOND OFFERING—Percie M. Bridenthrall, truste), will receive sealed bids until 1 p.m. (OST) on Aug. 21 for the purchase of the following not to exceed 3½% interest bonds aggregating \$66,000:

\$36,000 school township building bonds. Denom. \$500. Due as follows:
\$1,000, July 1, 1940; \$1,500, Jan. 1 and \$1.000 July 1 from 1941
to 1954 incl. Bonds are payable from unlimited ad valoremtaxe
on all of the school township's taxable property.
30,000 civil township community building bonds. Deno n. \$1,000. Due
\$1,000. Due \$2,000 on Jan. 1 from 1941 to 1955 incl. Bonds are
payable from unlimited ad valorem taxes on all of the civil township's taxable property.

Each issue will be dated July 1, 1939. Interest J-J. Bidder to name one rate of interest in each instance, expressed in a multiple of ¼ of 1%. Legal approving opinion of Matson, Ross, McCord & Clifford of Indianapolis will be furnished the successful bidder.

POSEY SCHOOL TOWNSHIP (P. O. Arlington), Ind.—BOND SALE
The \$46,500 school building bonds offered Aug. 3—V. 149, p. 444—were
warded to Browning, Van Duyn, Tischier & Co. of Cincinnati. Dated
July 15, 1939 and due as follows: \$1,500 July 1, 1940; \$4,000, Jan. 1 and
\$1,500 on July 1 from 1941 to 195\_incl.; \$2,000, Jan. 2 and \$1,000, July 1,

RANDOLPH COUNTY (P. O. Winchester), Ind.—BOND OFFERING—James W. Simmons, County Auditor, will receive sealed bids until 10 a.m. (CST) on Aug. 18 for the purchase of \$20,000 not to exceed 4% interest series A advancement fund (poor relief purposes) bonds. Dated Aug. 1, 1939. Denom. \$500. Due \$2,000 on June 1 and Dec. 1 from 1940 to 1944 incl. Bidder to name one rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of 4 of 1% and payable J-D. County will furnish at its own expense the legal approving opinion of Matson, Ross, McCord & Clifford of Indianapolis. Bonds will be ready for delivery 10 days after the award. They ar direct obligations of the county, payable out of unlimited ad alorem taxes on all of its taxable property and the proceeds will be turned over to its townships for poor relief purposes. A certified check for 3%, payable to order of the Board of County Commissioners, is required.

SIMS TOWNSHIP SCHOOL TOWNSHIP (P. O. Swayzee), Ind.

—BOND SALE DETAILS—The \$6,000 4% building bonds awarded to
the Bright National Bank of Flora—V. 149, p. 909—were sold at a price
of 106.905, a basis of about 2.43%.

# IOWA

BLOOMFIELD, Iowa—BOND SALE DETAILS—The \$12,000 sewer bonds awarded to Jackley & Co. of Des Moines—V. 149, p. 764—were awarded as 2½s, at a price of 100.25, a basis of about 2.71%. Due \$1,000 on Nov. 1 from 1940 to 1951 inclusive.

FREMONT COUNTY (P. O. Sidney), Iowa—BOND SALE—The \$2,000 5% Missouri River Levee District bonds offered Aug. 2—V. 149, p. 609—were sold locally at par. Dated Aug. 2, 1939, and due \$250 on Aug. 2 from 1940 to 1947, incl.

HAWKEYE, Iowa—BOND SALE DETAILS—The \$9,450 bonds purchased by the Citizens Savings Bank of Hawkeye—V. 149, p. 764—were sold at par, as follows: \$5,150 street improvement as 4½s and \$4,300 improvement fund as 4s.

MARSHALLTOWN, Iowa—BOND SALE—The issue of \$10,000 grading fund bonds offered Aug. 7—V. 149, p. 764—was awarded to W. D. Hanna & Co. of Burlington, as 13/s, at a price of 100.30. The Fidelity Savings Bank of Marshalltown and the Security Savings Bank of Marshalltown joined in making the second high bid of 100.24 for 13/s.

OTTUMWA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Ottumwa), Iowa—BOND ISSUE DETAILS—In connection with the report in V. 149, p. 909, of the public offering by the Harris Trust & Savings Bank of Chicago of \$350,000 234% refunding bonds, we learn that the issue was originally sold to Vieth, Duncan & Wood of Davenport, at par.

SLOAN CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT, lowa—BOND OFFERING—A. L. Calderhead, District Secretary, will receive sealed and oral bids until 8 p.m. on Aug. 14 for the purchase of \$35,000 school contruction bonds.

### KANSAS

SHAWNEE COUNTY RURAL HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Topeka), Kan.—BOND SALE DETAILS—The \$90,000 school construction bonds sold to W. E. Davis & Co. of Topeka—V. 149 p. 609—were awarded at par, as follows: \$22,500 maturing \$4,500 in 1940 to 1944, as 1½s, \$45,000 maturing \$4,500 in 1945 to 1954, as 2¼s and \$22,500 maturing \$4,500 in 1955 to 1960, as 2½s.

# KENTUCKY

CAMPBELL COUNTY (P. O. Newport), Ky.—BOND OFFERING—George J. Kaufmann, County Court Clerk, announces that sealed bids will be received by the Fiscal Court until 11 a. m. on Aug. 21, for the purchase of \$100,000 not to exceed 3% interest road and bridge bonds. Dated July 1, 1939. Due July 1 as follows: \$5,000 from 1944 to 1948, incl. Rate of interest to be expressed in multiples of ½ of 1% only. Split rates wil not be considered. Principal and interest (J-J) payable in New York City if desired. Bids must be unconditional and accompanied by a certified check for \$5,000. County will furnish bond forms and the approving opinion of Chapman & Cutler of Chicago, at its own expense.

According to the financial statement issued in connection with the offering the county has never defaulted in the payment of any of its obligations and sale of the current issue will increase the bonded debt to \$692,000. Assessed valuation for 1939 is \$57,505,871. Floating debt amounts to \$20,600 and cash in sinking fund (applicable to road and bridge bonds only) totals \$39,800.

# LOUISIANA

EUNICE, La.—BOND SALE—The \$65,000 gas utility revenue bonds for which all bids were rejected on June 29—V. 149, p. 286—were sold later to Ernest M. Loeb, Inc. of New Orleans, as 4s, at a price of 100.17, a basis 3.98%. Dated July 1, 1939 and due serially on July 1 from 1940 to 1959, inclusive.

LAKE PROVIDENCE, La.—MATURITY—The \$137,500 not to exceed 6% interest water and light plant revenue bonds being offered for sale on Aug. 15—V. 149, p. 765—will mature Sept. 1 as follows: \$5,000 from 1940 to 1943 incl.: \$5,500 in 1944 and 1945; \$6,000, 1946 to 1948 incl.; \$6,500, 1949; \$7,000, 1950 and 1951; \$7,500, 1952 and 1953; \$8,000, 1955, \$8,500, 1955 and 1956; \$9,000 in 1957 and \$9,500 in 1958 and 1959. Rate of interest to be expressed in a multiple of ½ of 1%. The town may call all or any part of the bonds in the inverse order of their maturities on Sept. 1 of any year after the year 1943, at a price of \$1.05 on the dollar of the face value plus the accrued interest to call date upon publication of a call notice in a newspaper published in New York in at least one issue thereof not less than 30 days prior to call date. (Average maturity 11½ years.) Rate of interest to be in a multiple of ½ of 1%. Place of payment to be designated by bidder.

WASHINGTON PARISH, MOUNT HERMON SUNNY HILL CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Franklinton), La.—BOND OFFERING—We learn that J. A. Weakley, Secretary of the Parish School Board, will receive sealed bids until 10 a. m. on Sept. 5 for the purchase of \$15,000 4% coupon school bonds. Dated Sept. 1, 1939. Denom. \$500. Due serially in 10 years.

# MARYLAND

MONTGOMERY COUNTY (P. O. Rockville), Md.—BOND OFFER-ING—Richard H. Lansdale, Clerk of Board of County Commissioners, will receive sealed bids until noon (EST) on Aug. 29 for the purchase of \$30,000 not to exceed 5% interest Bethesda-Chevy Chase Recreation bonds of 1939. Dated Sept. 1, 1939. Denom. \$100 or any multiple thereof at purchaser's request. Due \$2,000 on Sept. 1 from 1945 to 1959 incl. Rate of interest to be expressed in a multiple of ½ or 1-10th of 1%. Principal and interest (M-S) payable at the Montgomery County National Bank, Rockyille. A certified check for 2% of the bonds, payable to order of the County

Treasurer, is required. Principal and interest payable as maturing from a tax upon the assessable property in that portion of the Maryland-Washington Metropolitan District in the county or upon all assessable property in the county if the above tax shall prove insufficient. The bonds will be valid and legally binding obligations issued upon the faith and credit of the county. The legal opinion to be furnished by purchaser's attorney and at purchaser's expense. The bonds will be delivered as soon after Sept. 1, as delivery may be effected at the office of the County Commissioners or at any incorporated bank or trust company specified by the purchaser provided purchaser agrees to pay cost of such delivery.

# MAINE

MAINE (State of)—BOND SALE—The \$1,000,000 2% coupon highway bonds offered Aug. 9 were awarded to the Merrill Trust Co. of Bangor, at a price of 105.355, a basis of about 1%. Dated Aug 1, 1939. Deatom, \$1,000. Due \$100,000 on Aug. 1 from 1940 to 1949, incl. Principal and interest (F-A) payable at the State Treasurer's office. Legal opinion by the State Attorney General. Sale of this issue increased the bonded debt of the State to a total of \$29,031,000. Valuation amounts to \$672,089.963. Other bids were as follows:

Bidder—

Lehman Bros.; Eastman, Dillon & Co., and H. C. Wainwright & Co.

Bankers Trust Co.

Chase National Bank; Harris Trust & Savings Bank; R. L. Day & Co., and Whiting Weeks & Stubbs, Inc.

Union Securities Corp., N. Y.; Alex Brown & Sons, and The Boatman's National Bank

Estabrook & Co.; F. S. Moseley & Co., and Newton, Abbe & Co.

Harriman Ripley & Co., Inc.; The First Boston Corp.; Northern Trust Co., Illinois, and Mercantile-Commerce Bank & Trust Co., Buffalo.

Salomon Bros. & Hutzler, and First National Bank of N. Y.

Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.; Blair & Co., Inc., and Marine Trust Co., Buffalo.

Salomon Bros. & Hutzler, and First National Bank of N. Y.

Bacon, Stevenson & Co.; Equitable Securities Corp.; Geo. B. Gibbons & Co., Inc.; Gregory & Son, Inc.. and Roosevelt & Welgold, Inc.

Lazard Freres & Co.; B. J. Van Ingren & Co.; Manufactuerrs & Traders Trust Co., and H. M. Payson & Co.

Lazard Freres & Co., and H. M. Payson & Co., Inc.; Edward Lowber Stokes & Co.; Kennedy, Spence & Co., Inc.; and Frederick M. Swan & Co.

Pierce, Whites & Drummond, and Eastern Trust & Banking Co., Bangor.

104.662

Foster & Co., N. Y. Bangor Foster & Co., N. Y....  $\frac{104.162}{104.0521}$ 

# MASSACHUSETTS

BARNSTABLE COUNTY (P. O. Barnstable), Mass.—NOTE SALE
—The Barnstable County National Bank purchased an issue of \$50,000
notes at 0.01% discount. Due Nov. 15, 1939. Other bids:

Bidder— 

Buzzards Bay National Bank.

DANVERS, Mass.—BOND CALL.—The Board of Water Commissioners announces that water loan bonds numbers 21 to 43, both incl., of \$1,000 each, dated April 1, 1911, due April 1, 1941, have been called for payment at par and accrued interest on Oct. 1, 1939. The bonds, in bearer form, together with all appertaining interest coupons maturing on and after Oct. 1, 1939, should be surrendered at the First National Bank of Boston on Oct. 1, 1939, for redemption as aforesaid. Said bonds being all of the issue outstanding. In case, however, any bond is surrendered without the appertaining interest coupon maturing on Oct. 1, 1939, the face amount of such coupon will be deducted from the redemption price.

MASSACHUSETTS (State of ... NOTE SALE.—The issue of \$2,500,000

MASSACHUSETTS (State of)—NOTE SALE—The issue of \$2.500,000 notes offered Aug. 10 was awarded to the Second National Bank of Boston, at 0.053% interest rate. Dated Aug. 15, 1939 and payable Nov. 24, 1939. Issued in anticipation of assessments against the Metropolitan Districts. The rate represents the lowest ever paid by the State for borrowed money. Other bids:

Bidder—

Int. Rate

Int. Rate 0.079 % 0.108 % 

NEWTON, Mass.—NOTE SALE—The \$300,000 revenue notes offered Aug. 10 were awarded to the Second National Bank of Boston at 0.059% discount. Due Nov. 3, 1939. The Day Trust Co. of Boston, second high NORTH ADAMS.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass.—BOND SALE—The \$25,000 coupon emergency storm damage bonds offered Aug. 4 were awarded to Kennedy, Spence & Co. of Boston, as 14s, at a price of 100.919, a basis of about 1.06%. Dated Aug. 1, 1939. Denom. \$1.000. Due Aug. 1 as follows: \$3,000 from 1940 to 1944, incl., and \$2,000 from 1945 to 1949, incl. Principal and interest (A-O) payable at the Merchants National Bank of Boston. Legality approved by Storey, Thorndike, Palmer & Dodge of Boston. Second high bid of 100.639 for 14s was made by R. L. Day & Co. of Boston.

bid of 100.639 for 14s was made by R. L. Day & Co. of Boston.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY (P. O. Plymouth), Mass.—NOTE SALE—
The \$140,000 notes offered Aug. 7—V. 149, p. 910—were awarded to the Bridgewater Trust Co. of Bridgewater, as follows:
\$100,000 tuberculosis hospital maintenance notes sold at 0.09% discount.
Dated Aug. 8, 1939 and due March 20, 1940. The National Bank of Wareham, second high bidder, named a rate of 0.115%.
40,000 county hospital loan notes were sold as 0.50s, at par plus \$33 premium, equal to 100.082, a basis of about 0.46%. Dated Aug. 15, 1939 and due \$8,000 on Aug. 15 from 1940 to 1944 incl. Other bids included the following: Middleborough Trust Co. of of Middleborough, 100.076 for 0.50s; National Bank of Wareham, 100.63 for 0.75s.

SALEM, Mass.—NOTE SALE—The issue of \$200.000 notes.

SALEM, Mass.—NOTE SALE—The issue of \$200,000 notes offered Aug. 9 was awarded to the Salem Five Cents Savings Bank of Salem, at 0.067% discount. Dated Aug. 10, 1939 and due on March 15, 1940. The Merchants National Bank of Salem, second high bidder, named a rate of 0.07%.

SHEFFIELD, Mass.—NOTE SALE—The New England Trust Co of Boston was awarded the \$10,000 three-months' notes offeted Aug. 8, naming a discount rate of 0.24%.

TAUNTON, Mass.—NOTE SALE—The \$200,000 revenue anticipation oftes offered Aug. 8 were awarded to the Merchants National Bank of oston, at 0.173% discount. Due Jan. 15, 1940. The Bristol County rust Co. of Taunton, second high bidder, named a rate of 0.183%.

\*WORCESTER, Mass.—NOTE OFFERING—H. J. Tunison, City Treasurer, will receive bids until noon (DST) on Aug. 14, for the purchase at discount of \$500,000 revenue anticipation notes. Dated Aug. 16, 1939 and due Aug. 1, 1940. Payable at First National Bank of Boston or at the Central Hanover Bank & Trust Co., New York City. Certified as to genuineness by the Boston bank, upon legal opinion of Storey, Thorndike, Palmer & Dodge of Boston.

# MICHIGAN

ALMA. Mich.—BONI ment paving bonds awarded to Martin, Smith & Co. of Detroit—V. 149 p. 910—were sold as 4s, at a price of 105.986, a basis of about 0.97%

ECORSE TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 11 (P. O. Melvindale), Mich.—TENDERS WANTED—Raiph D. Willard, Secretary of Board of Education, will receive sealed tenders of 1937 interest refunding certificates of indebtedness dated Sept. 1, 1937 until Aug. 24, at 7.30 p.m. (EST). Offerings should describe serial numbers and be firm for three days. Interest will be computed until Sept. 1, 1939 on those tenders that specify accrued interest.

MICHIGAN (State of)—SINKING FUND AWARDS BONDS—An aggregate of \$1,448,000 of local municipal securities were sold on Aug. 8 by the State Sinking Fund Commission and the State Teachers' Retirement Fund Board.

TRAVERSE CITY, Mich.—NOTE OFFERING—O. C. Moffatt, City Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 5 p.m. (EST) on Aug. 14 for the purchase of \$25,000 3% tax anticipation notes. Dated July 22, 1939. Due on or before July 22, 1941. Principal and interest payable at the City Treasurer's office.

### MINNESOTA

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS, Minn.—CERTIFICATE SALE—The \$24,-090.04 local improvement certificates of indebtedness offered Aug. 8—V. 149, p. 910—were awarded to the Justus F. Lowe Co. of Minneapolis, as 3s, at a price of 100.52.

LA CRESCENT, Minn.—BOND SALE—The \$18,000 coupon sanitary sewer bonds offered Aug. 4—V. 149, p. 766—were awarded to the A. C. Tarras Co. of Winona, as 2½s, at a price of 100.55. Dated Aug. 1, 1939, and due \$2,000 on Aug. 1 from 1941 to 1949, incl.

Bank of Caledonia, second high bidder, named an interest rate of 3%.

Tarras Co. of Winona, as 2½s, at a price of 100.55. Dated Aug. 1, 1939, and due \$2,000 on Aug. 1 from 1941 to 1949, incl. The Caledonia State Bank of Caledonia, second high bidder, named an interest rate of 3%.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—BOND OFFERING—George M. Link, Secretary of the Board of Estimate and Taxation, announces that sealed bids for the purchase of \$2,139,500 not to exceed 6% interest bonds will be rereceived at the City Treasurer's office until 10 a. m. on Aug. 24, and open bids will be asked for after that hour. The offering consists of: \$1,000,000 public relief bonds. Due \$100,000 each on Sept. 1 from 1940 to 1949, incl. 500,000 waterworks bonds. Due \$25,000 on Sept. 1 from 1940 to 1959, inclusive.

500,000 storm drain bonds. Due \$50,000 on Sept. 1 from 1940 to 1949, inclusive.

139,500 school building bonds. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$6,500 in 1940 and \$7,000 from 1941 to 1959, incl.

All of the bonds will be dated Sept. 1, 1939. Bidder to name one rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ¼ or 1-10th of 1%. Principal and semi-annual interest payable at the fiscal agency of the city in the City of New York or at the City Treasurer's office, at the option of the holder. The bonds will be issued as coupon bonds, one in the amount of \$500, all others in the amount of \$1,000 each, and may be registered as to both principal and interest on application to the City Comptroller. A charge of \$1 plus five cents per \$1,000 will be made for the issuance of each registered certificate, and an additional charge of 50 cents per certificate will be made for each re-registration. Said obligations will be issued pursuant to the terms of Sections 9 and 10 of Chapter XV of the Charter of the City of Minneapolis, will be payable in "lawful money of the United States of America," will be without option of prior payment and will be tax exempt in the State of Minnesota. The full faith and credit of the city will be pledged for the payment thereof. In addition to the purchase price, purchasers will be required to pay the Boa

MORRISON COUNTY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 22 (P. O. Upsala), Minn.—BOND SALE DETAILS—The \$52,000 refunding bonds awarded to the First National Bank & Trust Co. of Minneapolis—V. 149, p. 766—were sold as 3½s at a price of 101.251, a basis of about 3.03%.

PIPESTONE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Pipestnoe), Minn.—OTHER BIDS—The \$260,000 building bonds awarded to Kalman & Co., St. Paul, and the Wells Dickey Co. of Minneapolis, jointly, as 214s, at par plus \$1,751 premium, equal to 100.67, a basis of about 2.19%—V. 149, p. 910—were also bid for as follows:

RAMSEY COUNTY (P. O. St. Paul), Minn.—BOND SALE—The \$725,000 series P public welfare bonds offered Aug. 7—V. 149, p. 611—were awarded to an account composed of Lehman Bros., Stone & Webster and Blodget, Inc., both of New York, and Piper, Jaffray & Hopwood of Minneapolis, as 1\(^1\)/s, at a price of 100.82, a basis of about 1.59\%. Dated Sept. 1, 1939. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$66,000 in 1940, \$68,000 in 1941, \$69,000 in 1942, \$70,000 in 1943, \$72,000 in 1944, \$73,000 in 1945, \$74,000 in 1946, \$76,000 in 1947. The banking group reoffered the bonds to yield from 0.30\% to 1.70\%, according to maturity. Other bids:

100.709 100.669 100.359 & Co.
Stranahan, Harris & Co., Inc.; B. J. Van Ingen & Co.;
Schwabacher & Co.; Barclay, Moore & Co.; G. M.-P.
Murphy & Co.; Mairs-Shaughnessy & Co., and C. 8.
Ashmun Co.
Blyth & Co.; Paine, Webber & Co., and Eastman,
Dillon & Co.

TAYLORS FALLS, Minn.—BOND SALE DETAILS—The \$20,000 3% sanitary sewer bonds purchased by the State—V. 149, p. 766—were sold at par and mature July 1 as follows: \$1,000, 1945 to 1948, incl.; \$1,200, 1949 to 1952, incl.; \$1,500, 1953 to 1956, incl.; \$1,700 in 1957 and 1958 and \$1,800 in 1959.

# MISSISSIPPI

BILOXI, Miss.—REPORT ON SCHEDULED BOND REDEMPTION— the following statement was issued as of July 22 by Dane & Weil of New

Orleans:

Call Notice Dated June 1, 1934

We have been advised by the City of Biloxi, Miss., that the following bonds will be called for payment at par and accrued interest on Dec. 1, 1939, being all of the presently outstanding bonds in the respective series listed:

Amount \$80,500 66,000	Series "E"	8 % % 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	Numbers 3-10, 12-164, inc. 3-68, inc.	Maturities 1940-1964, inc. 1940-1963, inc.
2,000	"G"	513%	3-6, inc. 2-3, inc.	1940-1941, inc. 1940-1941, inc.
2,000 5,000	"P"	6%	2-6, inc.	1940-1944, inc.
74,000 39,000	"S"	6% 5% % 5% %	3-150, inc. 2-33, 35-41, inc.	1940-1963, inc. 1940-1961, inc.

These bonds may be presented to the city depositories of Biloxi for payment on or before the call date at par and accrued interest to date of delivery. After giving effect to the refunding operation providing for the above call of bonds there are now outstanding \$1,599,000 of bonds of the City of Biloxi as follows:

Date	Amount	Issue	Rate	Due	Place of Payment
6-1-34	\$2,000	Ser. B callable	5%	1940-41	Local
6-1-34	10,000	Ser. C callable	5%	1940-49	Local
6-1-34	400,000	Ser. D callable	5% 5% 5¼%	1940-64	Local
6-1-34	44,000	Ser. H callable	514%	1944-64	Local
6-1-34	115,000	Ser. I callable	54%%	1940-64	Local
6-1-34	197,000	Ser. K callable	54%	1940-64	Local
6-1-34	112,000	Ser. L callable	5 14 %	1940-64	Local
6-1-34	74,000	Ser. M callable	5%	1940-64	Local
4-1-37	266,500	Non-cailable	54%	1940-64	. Local
4-1-37	110,000	Non-callable	5%	1940-63	Chase Nat. Bk., N. Y.
6-1-34 4-1-37 4-1-37	268.500	Non-callable	5% % 5% % 4% %	1940-64	Chase Nat. Bk., N. Y.

\$1.599,000

HOLLANDALE, Miss.—BONDS SOLD—An issue of \$15,000 water-orks bonds was sold to J. S. Love & Co. of Jackson.

# MISSOURI BONDS

Markets in all State, County & Town Issues

# SCHERCK, RICHTER COMPANY

LANDRETH BUILDING, ST. LOUIS, MO.

# MISSOURI

EXCELSIOR SPRINGS, Mo.—BONDS TAKEN BY PWA—The Public Works Administration took up on Aug. 4 an issue of \$52,000 4% water bonds at par. Due \$25,000 in 1957 and \$27,000 in 1958.

FLAT RIVER, Mo.—BOND SALE—The \$19,000 public sewer system and \$2,000 street improvement bonds offered Aug. 8—V. 149, p. 910—were awarded to the City National Bank & Trust Co. of Kansas City, and the Mississippi Valley Trust Co. of St. Louis, jointly. Dated Aug. I, 1939 and due Feb. 1 as follows: \$1,000 from 1941 to 1945, incl.; \$1,000 from 1949 to 1955, incl. and \$3,000 from 1957 to 1959, incl.

# MONTANA

PONDERA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 10 (P. O. Conrad), Mont.—BOND SALE POSTPONED—The sale of \$54,500 refunding bonds originally planned for July 15—V. 148, p. 3876—was pur off until Aug. 8 because of various technicalities.

RAVALLI COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Corvallis), Mont.—OTHER BIDS—The \$36,733 refunding bonds sold as 2½s at par to the Farmers State Bank of Victor—V. 149, p. 911—were also bid for set follows: Bidder— Int. Rate
State Land Board 2%%
Peters, Writer & Christensen, Inc. 34%
SHEPIDAN COUNTY

100.199 SHERIDAN COUNTY (P. O. Plentywood), Mont.—BOND OF-FERING—C. F. Christensen, County Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. on Sept. 5 for the purchase of \$117,366.38 refunding bonds. Amortization bonds will be the first choice and serial bonds will be the second choice of the county.

# **NEBRASKA**

AINSWORTH, Neb.—BONDS SOLD—An issue of \$19,150 sewer bonds has been sold, according to official report.

VALENTINE SCHOOL DISTRICT, Neb.—BOND SALE—An issue of \$35,000 3½% refunding bonds was sold to Wachob, Bender & Co. of Omaha.

### **NEW JERSEY**

BRADLEY BEACH, N. J.—BOND SALE—The \$32,000 beachfront improvement bonds offered Aug. 8—V. 149, p. 767—were awarded to M. M. Freeman & Co. of Philadelphia, as 3¼s, at a price of 100.26, a basis of about 3.21%. Dated Aug. 1, 1939 and due Aug. 1 as follows: \$2,000 from 1940 to 1952, incl. and \$3,000 in 1953 and 1954. Second high bid of par for 3¼s was made by the First National Bank of Bradley Beach.

CARTERET, N. J.—BOND SALE—The \$43,000 coupon or registered bonds offered Aug. 7—V. 149, p. 767—were awarded to J. B. Hanauer & Co. of Newark, as 2.20s, at a price of 100.148, a basis of about 2.22%. Sale consisted of:

 Sale consisted of:
 \$29,000 street bonds. Due as follows:
 \$2,000 in 1940 and
 \$3,000 from 1941 to 1949 incl.

 14,000 park bonds. Due \$1,000 annually from 1940 to 1953 incl.
 All of the bonds are dated July 1, 1939. Other bids:
 Int. Rate
 Rate Bid

 Bidder—
 2.40%
 100.68

 Buckley Bros.
 2.40%
 100.377

 Minsch, Moneil & Co., Inc.
 2.40%
 100.37

 Garteret Bank & Trust Co.
 2½%
 100.51

 H. B. Boland & Co.
 2½%
 100.14

 M. M. Freeman & Co.
 2½%
 100.78

RIDGEFIELD, N. J.—BOND OFFERING—Otto Ehrlich, Borough Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 8:30 p.m. (D8T) on Aug. 15 for the purchase of \$39,000 not to exceed 3% interest coupon or registered park bonds. Dated July 1, 1939. Denom. \$1,000. Due July 1 as follows: \$2,000 from 1940 to 1958 incl. and \$1,000 in 1959. Principal and interest (J-J) payable at the Ridgefield National Bank. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ½ of 1%. The sum required to be obtained at sale of the bonds is \$39,000. The bonds are unlimited tax obligations of the borough and the approving legal opinion of Hawkins, Delaffield & Longfellow of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder. A certified check for 2% of the bonds offered, payable to order of the borough, is required.

BOND SALE NOT CONSUMMATED—The original sale of the above

BOND SALE NOT CONSUMMATED—The original sale of the above bonds on July 18 to H. B. Boland & Co. of New York, as 3s, at a price of 100.59, a baiss of about 2.93%—V. 159, p. 612—was canceled, for the reason that the notice of sale had not been published in the time required by statute.

# **NEW MEXICO**

MIDDLE RIO GRANDE CONSERVANCY DISTRICT, N. Mex.— REFUNDING VIRTUALLY COMPLETED—Reporting on progress of the debt refunding plan, Starling W. Price, Chairman of the Bondholders' Committee, advised that holdings of the Reconstruction Finance Corpora-tion (about 70% of the total of \$8,478,000 bonds) had been exchanged for new securities, and only about \$8,000 of the bonds privately held have yet to be sent in for exchange.

**New York State Municipals** 

TILNEY & COMPANY

76 BEAVER STREET NEW YORK, N. Y.

Telephone: WHitehall 4-8898 Bell System Teletype: NY 1-2395

# **NEW YORK**

BETHLEHEM, N. Y.—OFFERING OF DELMAR-ELSMERE SEWER DISTRICT BONDS—Edward W. Boutelle, Town Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 2 p.m. (EST) on Aug. 22 for the purchase of \$102,500 not to exceed 6% interest coupon or registered Delmar-Elsmere Sewer District bonds. Dated Aug. 15, 1939. One bond for \$500, others \$1,000 each. Due Feb. 15 as follows: \$4,000, 1940 to 1942 incl.; \$4,500, 1943: \$5,000 from 1944 to 1974 incl. and \$6,000 from 1948 to 1958 incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of \$4\$ or 1-10 of 1%. Principal and interest (F-A) payable at the National Commercial Bank & Trust Co., Delmar. The bonds are payable in the first instance from a levy upon property in the district, but if not paid from that source then all of the town's taxable property will be subject to levy of unlimited ad valorem taxes to pay principal and interest charges. A certified check for \$2,050, payable to order of the town, is required. Legal opinion of Reed, Hoyt, Washburn & Clay of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder.

OFFICIAL BOND SALE NOTICE—Official notice of the above offering

OFFICIAL BOND SALE NOTICE—Official notice of the above offering bonds will be found on page iii.

BROOKHAVEN (P. O. Patchogue), N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Andrew D. Havens, Town Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 11 a.m. (DST) on Aug. 16 for the purchase of \$270,644 not to exceed 4% interest coupon or registered bonds, divided as follows:

coupon or registered bonds, divided as follows:

\$91,000 town hall bonds. One bond for \$700, others \$1,000 each. Due
July 1 as follows: \$11,700 in 1940, \$10,000 from 1941 to 1943 incl.

and \$5,000 from 1944 to 1953 incl.

178,944 public works bonds. One bond for \$944, others \$1,000 each.
Due July 1 as follows: \$18,944 in 1940 and \$20,000 from 1941 to
1948 incl.

All of the bonds will be dated July 1, 1939. Bidder to name a single
rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ½ or 1-10 of 1%. Principal
and interest (J-J) payable at the Town Supervisor's office, with New York
exchange. The bonds are payable from unlimited taxes and the approving
legal opinion of Dillon, Vandewater & Moore of New York City will be
furnished the successful bidder. A certified check for \$5,400, payable to
order of the town, is required.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—REPORT CITES \$737,094.50 CUT IN OPERATING COSTS—Total expenditures of the city decreased \$737,094.50 for the fiscal year 1938-1939 as compared with the previous fiscal year, according to John J. Egan, Director of the Budget of the city, in a report just issued. Likewise a decided improvement was shown in the city's financial structure during the year, all departments having operated entirely within their respective budgets. During the fiscal year 1938-1939 salary adjustments ordered by the Common Council amounted to \$117,267.88 and the purchase of equipment and minor capital expenditures, which in recent years was largely handled by bond issues, amounted to \$278,618.34. The report shows further that no deficiency bonds were issued during this fiscal year, as against a total of \$571,762.64 of such bonds issued during the preceding two fiscal years. The city's debt margin as of July 1, 1939, was \$7,333,-984.04, as compared with \$2,065,301.01 on July 1, 1938.

984.04, as compared with \$2,065,301.01 on July 1, 1938.

GRAND ISLAND, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Elsie E. Stamler, Town Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. (DST) on Aug. 14 for the purchase of \$34,000 not to exceed 6% interest Sewer District No. 1 bonds. Dated July 1, 1939. Coupon bonds, with privilege of conversion into registered form. Denoms. \$1,000 and \$500. Due July 1 as follows: \$1,500 from 1940 to 1943 incl. and \$2,000 from 1944 to 1957 incl. Prin. and int. (J-J) payable at the First Trust Co. of Tonawanda. The bonds are payable in the first instance from a levy upon the property in the sewer district, but if not paid from that source then all of the town's taxible property will be subject to the levy of unlimited ad valorem taxes to pay both principal and interest. A certified check for \$680, payable to order of the town is required. Legal opinion of Reed, Hoyt, Washburn & Clay of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder.

HORNELL. N. Y.—BOND. OFFERING—Howard P. Babcock. City

of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder.

HORNELL, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Howard P. Babcock, City Chamberlain, will receive sealed bids until 2 p.m. (DST) on Aug. 17 for the purchase of \$144,000 not to exceed 4% interest coupon or registered bonds, divided as follows:
\$23,000 series of 1939 home relief bonds. Due July 1 as follows: \$2,000 from 1940 to 1946 incl. and \$3,000 from 1947 to 1949 incl.

32,000 series of 1939 public works bonds. Due July 1 as follows: \$5,000 in 1940; \$4,000, 1941 to 1943 incl.; \$3,000 from 1944 to 1946 incl., and \$2,000 from 1947 to 1949 incl.

35,000 series of 1939 public building bonds. Due July 1 as follows: \$2,000 from 1940 to 1949 incl. and \$3,000 from 1950 to 1954 incl.

16,000 series of 1939 public improvement bonds. Due \$1,000 on July 1 from 1940 to 1955 incl.

20,000 series A of 1939 bridge bonds. Due \$1,000 on July 1 from 1940 to 1957 incl.

18,000 series B of 1939 bridge bonds. Due \$1,000 on July 1 from 1940 to 1957 incl.

All of the bonds will be dated July 1, 1939. Denom. \$1,000. Bidder to

to 1957 incl.

All of the bonds will be dated July 1, 1939. Denom. \$1,000. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ¼ or 1-10 of 1%. Principal and interest (J-J) payable at the City Treasurer's office with New York exchange. The bonds are unlimited tax obligations of the city and the approving legal opinion of Dillon, Vandewater & Moore of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder. A certified check for \$3,000, payable to order of the city, is required.

payable to order of the city, is required.

HUME, ALLEN, CENTERVILLE, CANAEDEA, GRANGER, BIRD-SALL, RUSHFORD, PIKE & GENESEE FALLS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Fillmore), N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—David P. Richardson, District Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. on Aug. 16 for the purchase of \$28,000 not to exceed 6% interest coupon or registered school bonds. Dated Aug. 1, 1939. Denom. \$1,000. Due Aug. 1 as follows: \$5,000 from 1940 to 1942, incl.; \$6,000 in 1943 and \$7,000 in 1944. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of 4 or 1-10th of 1%. Principal and interest (F-A) payable at the Chase National Bank of New York. The bonds are general obligations of the district, payable from unlimited taxes. A certified check for \$560, payable to order of Lynn S. Gleason, District Treasurer, is required. Legal opinion of Dillon, Vandewater & Moore of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder.

LEWIS COUNTY (P. O. Lowville), N. Y.—BOND SALE—The \$20,000 coupon or registered highway bonds offered Aug. 10—V. 149, p. 911—were awarded to the Manufacturers & Traders Trust Co. of Buffalo, as 1.10s, at a price of 100.005, a basis of about 1.099%. Dated Aug. 1, 1939 and due \$2,000 on Aug. 1 from 1940 to 1949 incl.

Bidder—
George B. Gibbons & Co. Inc.

140%. 100.122

Rate Bid 100.122 100.225 100.12 100.29 100.062 Bidder— I
George B. Gibbons & Co., Inc.
Sherwood & Reichard, Inc.
Marine Trust Co. of Buffalo
Blair & Co., Inc.
Tilney & Co.
Union Securities Corp.

MOIRA, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Thomas W. Foy, Town Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. (EST) on Aug. 30 for the purchase of \$10,000 not to exceed 6% interest coupon or registered public welfare bonds. Dated Aug. 1, 1939. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$1,000 annually on Aug. 1 from 1940 to 1949 incl. Bidder to name one rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ¼ or 1-10th of 1%. Prin. and int. (F-A) payable at the Citizens National Bank of Malone, with New York exchange. The bonds are unlimited tax obligations of the town and the approving legal opinion of Dillon, Vandewater & Moore of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder. A certified check for \$200, payable to order of the town, is required.

NARROWSBURG FIRE DISTRICT (P. O. Narrowsburg), N. Y.— BOND SALE—The First National Bank of Narrowsburg purchased on Aug. 8 an issue of \$4,800 fire truck bonds.

NASSAU COUNTY (P. O. Mineola), N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Harry L. Hedger, County Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 12:30 p. m. (DST) on Aug. 17 for the purchase of \$2,700,000 not to exceed 4% interest coupon or registered bonds, divided as follows:

interest coupon or registered bonds, divided as follows: \$1,200,000 series K. emergency relief bonds. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$100,000 from 1940 to 1945, incl., and \$150,000 from 1946 to 1949, incl.

1,500,000 series of 1939 refunding bonds. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$120,000 from 1950 to 1954, incl., and \$180,000 from 1955 to 1959, inclusive.

All of the bonds will be dated Sept. 1, 1939. Denom. \$1,000. Rate or rates of interest to be in a multiple of ½ of 1-10th of 1%, and must be the same for all of the bonds of each issue, but need not be the same for both issues. Principal and interest payable at the County Treasurer's office in lawful money. The refunding bonds are authorized to be issued by Section 8 of the General Municipal Law for the refunding of outstanding bonds maturing during 1940. The emergency relief bonds are authorized to be issued by Section 49 of the Public Welfare Law for home

relief. The county is authorized and required by law to levy upon all taxable property such ad valorem taxes as may be necessary to pay the bonds and the interest thereon, without limitation as to rate or amount. Bidders in submitting their bids, must use the bidding forms which will be furnished by the County Treasurer upon request. The delivery of and payment for the bonds awarded will be made at the Nassau County Trust Co., Mineola, unless otherwise agreed. The purchaser will be furnished with the opinion of Reed, Hoyt, Washburn & Clay of New York, that the bonds are valid and binding obligations of the county. The bonds will be prepared under the supervision of the Nassau County Trust Co., Mineola, which will certify as to the genuineness of the signatures of the county officials and the seal impressed on the bonds. Enclose a certified check for \$54,000, payable to the County Treasurer.

NORTH HEMPSTEAD (P. O. Manhasset), N. Y.—PORT WASH-INGTON SEWER DISTRICT BONDS SOLD—The \$88,000 coupon or registered Port Washington Sewer District bonds offered Aug. 10—V. 149, p. 912—were awarded to Roosevelt & Weigold, Inc. of New York, as 2s, at a price of 100.222, a basis of about 1.98%. Dated July 1, 1939 and due July 1 as follows: \$4,000 from 1940 to 1946 incl. and \$5,000 from 1947 to 1958 incl. Other bids:

Bidder—

Int. Rate Rate Bid

Rate Bid 100.137 100.318 100.21 100.55 100.38 Int. Rate

PLEASANTVILLE, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—William T. Guion, Village Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. (DST) on Aug. 15, for the purchase of \$32,800 not to exceed 5% interest coupon or registered general village bonds, divided as follows:

\$20,000 series A improvement bonds. Due \$2,500 on July 1 from 1940 to 1947, inclusive.

12,800 series B sewer bonds. Due July 1 as follows: \$800 in 1940 and \$1,000 from 1941 to 1952, inclusive.

All of the bonds are dated July 1, 1939, One bond for \$300, others \$500 each. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ½ or 1-10th of 1%. Principal and interest (JJ) payable at the First National Bank, Pleasantville, with New York exchange. A certified check for \$656, payable to order of the village, is required. Legal opinion of Dillon, Vandewater & Moore of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder.

PORT CHESTER, N. Y.—CERTIFICATE SALE—The \$70,000 certificates of indebtedness offered Aug. 7 and fully described in V. 149, p. 912, were awarded to the Mutual Trust Co. of Port Chester, at 0.37% interset. Dated Aug. 10, 1939 and due June 10, 1940. Other bids:

Bidder-	Int. Rate	Premium
Leavitt & Co	0.375%	Par
First National Bank of Boston	0.38%	Par
R. D. White & Co.	0.47%	\$0.33
First National Bank of Port Chester	0.50%	7.00

ROCKVILLE CENTRE, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—James H. Patten, Village Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 3 p. m. (DST) on Aug. 22 for the purchase of \$115,000 not to exceed 4% interest coupon or registered bonds of 1939, divided as follows:

bonds of 1939, divided as follows:

\$50,000 sewer bonds. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$2,000 from 1940 to 1946 incl. and \$3,000 from 1947 to 1958 incl.

15,000 water bonds. Due \$1,000 on Sept. 1 from 1940 to 1954 incl.

50,000 electric light distribution system bonds. Due Sept. 1 as follows:

\$2,000 from 1940 to 1946 incl. and \$3,000 from 1947 to 1958 incl.

All of the bonds will be dated Sept. 1, 1939. Denom. \$1,000. Bidder to name one rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of \$4\$ or 1-10th of 1%. Principal and interest (M-S) payable at the Bank of Rockville Centre Trust Co., with New York exchange. The bonds are general obligations of the village, payable from unlimited taxes. A certified check for \$2,300, payable to order of the village, is required. Legal opinion of Dillon, Vandewater & Moore of New York City will be furnished the successfulder.

ROME. N. Y. ROND OFFERING. 6. A Mickle, City Treasurer, will

ROME, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—G. A. Mickle, City Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 1 p. m. (DST) on Aug. 22 for the purchase of \$255,750 not to exceed 4% interest coupon or registered bonds, divided as follows:

follows:
\$38,750 series B hospital bonds. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$2,000, 1940 to 1954 incl.; \$3,000 in 1955 and 1956 and \$2,750 in 1957.

132,000 series of 1939 public welfare bonds. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$10,000 from 1940 to 1942 incl.; \$12,000 in 1943 and \$15,000 from 1944 to 1949 incl.

85,000 series of 1939 public works bonds. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$13,000 in 1940 and 1941; \$17,000 in 1942 and 1943 and \$5,000 from 1944 to 1948 incl.

All of the bonds will be dated Sept. 1, 1939. One bond for \$750, others \$1,000 each. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of \$4 or 1-10th of 1%. Principal and interest (M-S) payable at the Chase National Bank, New York City. The bonds are general obligations of the district, payable from unlimited taxes. A certified check for \$5,200 payable to order of the city, is required. Legal opinion of Dillon, Vandewater & Moore of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder.

SOLVAY. N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Frank V. Craig. Village Clerk

SOLVAY, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Frank V. Craig, Village Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 2:30 p. m. (DST) on Aug. 15, for the purchase of \$26,000 not to exceed 5% interest coupon or registered improvement bonds. Dated Aug. 1, 1939. Denoms. \$1,000 and \$600. Due \$2,600 on Aug. 1 from 1940 to 1949, incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ½ or 1-10th of 1%. Principal and interest (F-A) payable at the Solvay Bank, with New York exchange. The bonds are unlimited tax obligations of the village and the approving legal opinion of Dillon, Vandewater & Moore of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder. A certified check for \$520, payable to order of the village, is required.

TRENTON, REMSEN, DEERFIELD, MARCY, FLOYD, STEUBEN, WESTERN, AND RUSSIA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Holland Patent), N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Elmer R. Jones, District Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 1:30 p. m. (DST) on Aug. 15 for the purchase of \$30,000 not to exceed 4% interest coupon or registered school bonds. Dated Aug. 1, 1939. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$1,000 on Aug. 1 from 1940 to 1969 incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ¾ or 1-10th of 1%. Principal and interest (F-A) payable at the First National Bank, Holland Patent, or at the First National Bank, New York. The bonds are unlimited tax obligations of the district and the approving legal opinion of Reed, Hoyt, Washburn & Clay of New York will be furnished the successful bidder. A certified check for \$500, payable to order of George A. Jepson, District Treasurer, is required.]

WARWICK, N. Y.—BOND SALE—The Warwick Savings Bank purchased an issue of \$7,450 fire truck bonds as 21/4s. Due as follows: \$1,500 from 1940 to 1943, incl., and \$1,450 in 1944.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY (P. O. White Plains), N. Y.—VOTES HUTCHINSON PARKWAY TOLL—In the face of threats of action by Attorney General John J. Bennett Jr., and by the Automobile Club of New York to test its right to impose a toll for use of Hutchinson River Parkway, the Board of Supervisors, by a vote of 35 to 4, adopted a resolution Aug. 7 levying a 10-cent toll for the road. The resolution provided \$5,000 for construction of toll booths. Construction began immediately and the booths are expected to be in operation on Aug. 18.

YONKERS, N. Y.—NOTE SALE—H. L. Schwamm & Co. of New York purchased on Aug. 9 an issue of \$1,000,000 tax anticipation notes at 0.60% interest. Dated Aug. 14, 1939 and payable March 14, 1940. Legal opinion of Hawkins, Delafield & Longfellow of New York. Re-offered to yield 0.40%.

YORKVILLE, N. Y.—BOND SALE—The \$21,000 coupon or registered judgment bonds offered Aug. 7—V. 149, p. 912—were awarded to the Union Securities Corp. of New York, as 1.10s, at a price of 100.12, a basis of about 1.05%. Dated Aug. 1, 1939, and due Aug. 1 as follows: \$5,000 from 1940 to 1942, incl., and \$6,000 in 1943. Other bids:

Bidder—

The Rate Rate Bidder Rate Office Aug. 1, 12007

# \$47,000

LINCOLN COUNTY, N. C. Refunding 21/48 Due Feb. 1, 1957-58 at 2.40%

# F. W. CRAIGIE & COMPANY

Richmond, Va.

Phone 3-9137

A. T. T. Tel. Rich Va. 83

# NORTH CAROLINA

ASHEVILLE, N. C.—NOTE SALE—The Buncombe County Sinking Fund recently purchased an issue of \$100,000 revenue notes at 2% interest.

Fund recently purchased an issue of \$100,000 revenue notes at 2% interest.

CABARRUS COUNTY (P. O. Concord), N. C.—BOND OFFERING

—W. E. Easterling, Secretary of the State Local Government Commission, will receive sealed bids at his office in Raleigh until 11 a. m. (EST) on Aug. 22 for the purchase of \$100,000 not to exceed 6% interest coupon, registerable as to principal only, county hospital bonds. Dated Sept. 1, 1939. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$4,000 each Sept. 1 from 1940 to 1964 incl. Bidders are requested to name the interest rate or rates in multiples of \$4 of 1%. Each bid may name one rate for part of the bonds (having the earliest maturities), and another rate for the balance, but no bid may name more than two rates, and each bidder must specify in his bid the amount of bonds of each rate. A certified check for \$2,000, payable to order of the State Treasurer, is required. Legal opinion of Masslich & Mitchell of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder.

DAVIDSON COUNTY (P. Q. Levington), N. C.—BOND SALE—

DAVIDSON COUNTY (P. O. Lexington), N. C.—BOND SALE—The \$66,000 refunding bonds offered on Aug. 8 and fully described in V. 149, p. 912, were awarded to the Wachovia Bank & Trust Co. of Winston-Salem, at 100,628, a net interest cost of 2.194%, as follows: For \$34,000 maturing Feb. 1: \$6,000 in 1944 to 1946, \$8,000 in 1947 and 1948, as 1½s; and \$32,000 maturing Feb. 1: \$8,000 in 1949 and 1950, \$6,000 in 1951 and 1952, and \$4,000 in 1953, as 2¾s. Th. next highest bidder was Kirchofer & Arnold for \$56,000, 2¼s and \$10,000, 2s, at par.

LINCOLN COUNTY (P. O. Lincolnton), N. C.—BOND SALE—The \$142,000 refunding bonds offered Aug. 8 and fully described in V. 149, p. 912. were awarded to the Equitable Securities Corp. of Nashville, at a price of 100.055, a net interest cost of 2.539%, as follows: For \$95,000 maturing Feb. 1: \$10,000 in 1951, \$15,000 in 1952 to 1954, \$20,000 in 1955 and 1956, as 2½s; and \$47,000 maturing Feb. 1: \$20,000 in 1957, and \$27,000 in 1958, as 2½s. The next highest bidder was Wachovia Bank & Trust Co., Winston-Salem, for \$55,000, 2½s and \$87,000, 2½s, at 100.078.

UNION COUNTY (P. O. Monroe), N. C.—NOTE SALE—The Security National Bank of Raleigh purchased an issue of \$13,000 6% revenue notes at par plus a premium of \$260.

# OHIO MUNICIPALS

# McDONALD-COOLIDGE & CO.

1001 UNION COMMERCE BLDG., CLEVELAND

CANTON AKRON CINCINNATI COLUMBUS SPRINGFIELD

# OHIO

AKRON, Ohio—BOND SALE—The \$600,000 coupon refunding bonds offered Aug. 7—V. 149, p. 614—were awarded to a group composed of Ryan, Sutherland & Co., Braun, Bosworth & Co., both of Toledo; First Cleveland Corp., Fahey, Clark & Co. and Field, Richards & Shepard, Inc., all of Cleveland, as 3s, at a price of 100.627, a basis of about 2.92%. Dated Aug. 1, 1939, and due \$60,000 on Oct. 1 from 1944 to 1953, incl. Second high bid of 100.11 for 3s was made by the Provident Savings Bank & Trust Co. of Cincinnati, and associates.

ASHTABULA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Farmers National Bank & Trust Co. of Ashtabula purchased an issue of \$43,947.66 refunding notes as 11/4s, at par.

Farmers National Bank & Trust Co. of Ashtabula purchased an issue of \$43,947.66 refunding notes as 1\frac{1}{2}\s, at par.

ATHENS, Ohio—BOND SALE—The \$48,165.84 coupon bonds offered Aug. 3—V. 149, p. 768—were awarded to George T. Lennon & Co., Columbus; Fox, Einhorn & Co., Inc., and Katz & O'Brien, both of Cincinnati, as 1\frac{1}{2}\s at a price of 100.322, a basis of about 1.43\%. Sale consisted of:
\$15,176.84 property owners' and city's portion street impt. bonds. One bond for \$176.84, others \$1,000 each. Due Nov. 1 as follows: \$1.176.84 in 1940 and \$2,000 from 1941 to 1949, incl. The taxes for these bonds will be subject to the existing 10-mill tax limitation.

30,184.00 property owners' and city's portion street impt. bonds. One bond for \$184, others \$1,000 and \$500. Due Nov. 1 as follows: \$4.184 in 1940 \$4,000 in 1941 and 1942, and \$4,500 from 1943 to 1946, incl. The proceeds of the bonds will be used to pay maturing notes issued in anticipation thereof; of the total amount evidenced by the notes so to be paid, \$23,000 was incurred under a presently existing 10-mill tax limitation and the balance under a presently existing 10-mill tax limitation; accordingly, \$23,000 of the aggregate principal amount of such bonds are outside of the existing 10-mill limitation but subject to the pre-existing 15-mill tax limitation.

2,805.00 sewer impt. bonds. One bond for \$305, others \$500 each. Due Nov. 1 as follows: \$805 in 1940 and \$500 from 1941 to 1944, incl. The taxes for these bonds will be subject to the existing 10-mill tax limitation.

All of the bonds will be dated May 1, 1939. Fullerton & Co. of Columbus (second bloods will be dated May 1, 1939. Fullerton & Co. of Columbus (second bloods are outside of the existing 10-mill tax limitation.

All of the bonds will be dated May 1, 1939. Fullerton & Co. of Columbus (second high bidder) offered a price of 100.30 for 11/2s.

AVON LAKE VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE
—The Huntington National Bank of Columbus purchased on Aug. 7 an
issue of \$4,765.21 refunding notrs as 3½s, at par.

BAUGHMAN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Orrville), thio—NOTE SALE—The Orrville Savings Bank purchased on Aug. 3 and sue of \$1,931.10 refunding notes as 33/4s. Due in 1941.

BEACH CITY-WILMOT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Beach City), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Beach City Banking Co. purchased an issue of \$7.015.04 refunding notes as  $3\frac{1}{2}$ s.

BERGHOLZ SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE—An issue of \$9,672.73 refunding notes was sold as 3s, at par, to the Bergholz State Bank.

BLOOM TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Lithopolis), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Peoples Bank Co. of Canal Winchester, purchased on Aug. 3 an issue of \$2,676.34 refunding notes as 4s. Due in 1941.

BUTLER COUNTY (P. O. Hamilton), Ohio—BOND OFFERING—P. G. Banker, Clerk of Board of County Commissioners, will receive sealed bids until noon on Aug. 25 for the purchase of \$31,000 not to exceed 3½% interest refunding bonds. Dated Aug. 1, 1939. Denom. \$1,000. Due Oct. 1, as follows: \$4,000 in 1940, \$5,000 in 1941, \$4,000 in 1942, \$5,000 in 1943, \$4,000 in 1944, \$5,000 in 1945, and \$4,000 in 1946. Rate of interest to be in multiples of ¼ of 1%. Principal and interest payable at the County Treasurer's office. These bonds are payable from taxes levied within tax limitations and are general obligations of the county. Enclose a certified check for \$310, payable to the County Treasurer.

BUTLER TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Vandelia), Ohio NOTE SALE DETAILS—The \$10,431.96 refunding notes sold to the First National Bank of Barnesville—V. 149, p. 913—bear 3% interest.

CALDWELL EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE—An issue of \$10,786.23 refunding notes was sold to the Central National Bank of Cambridge.

CARLISLE CENTRALIZED RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio— NOTE SALE—The Franklin National Bank of Franklin purchased an issue of \$4,438.04 refunding notes as 4s, at par.

CASS SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Shiloh), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The State Treasurer purchased an issue of \$6,056.47 refunding notes as 3s at par. CHAGRIN FALLS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE—The First National Bank of Barnesville purchased an issue of \$6,534.03 refunding notes as 3s, at a price of 100.076. The Huntington National Bank of Columbus bid par for 3½s.

CHARDON COMMUNITY VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio— NOTE SALE—The Chardon Savings Bank Co. purchased on July 12 an issue of \$10,323.66 refunding notes as 4s.

CHERRY VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Andover), Ohio NOTE SALE—The Andover Bank, only bidder, purchased an issue \$3,247.76 refunding notes as 4s. Due in 1941.

CHESTER-FRANKLIN SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Chesterville), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The First National Bank of Mount Gilead purchased on July 11 an issue of \$8,862.27 refunding notes as 3s, at par.

CHILLICOTHE, Ohio—BOND ISSUE DETAILS—In connection with the report that Siler, Carpenter & Roose of Toledo had contracted to purchase \$700,000 3½% water plant bonds—V. 149, p. 614—we are informed by H. W. Laymon, Chairman of Utilities Committee of the City Council, that in event that the referendum petitions now in circulation receive enough signatures the entire transaction will be dealyed pending a vote on the proposal at the November general election. Present plans call for sale of the bonds at par, bearing date of July 1, 1939, and due serially on July 1 from 1941 to 1970, incl. Non-callable. Interest J.J.

CHILLICOTHE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE—An issue of \$45,792.30 refunding notes was sold to the First National Bank of Chillicothe as 23/s. Due in 1941. The Huntington National Bank of Columbus bid for 23/s.

CLARK COUNTY (P. O. Springfield), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The \$9,450 poor relief notes offered Aug. 3—V. 149, p. 768—were awarded to the First National Bank & Trust Co. of Springfield, as 1s, at a price of 100.116, a basis of about 0.92. Dated Aug. 10, 1939 and due March 1 as follows: \$3,050 in 1940: \$3,169 in 1941 and \$3,231 in 1942. The Provident Savings Bank & Trust Co. of Cincinnati, second high bidder, offered 100.02 for 1/4s. Other bids:

Bidder—

Int. Rate Premium

Bidder—
Ryan, Sutherland & Co., Toledo 114%
Seasongood & Mayer, Cincinnati 112%

CLEARCREEK TOWNSHIP RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Stoutsville), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The First National Bank of Barnesville purchased on Aug. 1 an issue of \$6,265.63 refunding notes as 2\(\frac{1}{4}\sigma\), at a price of 100.08. Due in 1941. The Farmers & Citizens Bank of Stoutsville, only other bidder, named a rate of 3\(\pi\).

ville, only other bidder, named a rate of 3%.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—BOND SALE—The \$5,075,000 coupon bonds offered Aug. 7—V. 149, p. 614—were awarded as 2½s and 2½s, at a price of 100.31, a net interest cost of about 2.5423%, to a syndicate composed of the following: A. C. Allyn & Co., Inc., Chicago; Stifel, Nicolaus & Co., St. Louis; Fox, Einhorn & Co., Inc., and Nelson, Browning & Co., both of Cincinnati; Kennedy, Spence & Co., Boston; Pohl & Co., Inc., Cincinnati; Schlater, Noyes & Gardner, Inc., New York; Walter, Woody & Heimerdinger of Cincinnati; Bullman & Main, Chicago; Edward Brockaus & Co., Cincinnati; Fullerton & Co., Columbus; Charles A. Hinsch & Co., Inc., Cincinnati; H. C. Speer & Sons Co., Chicago; P. E. Kline, Inc., Cincinnati Channer Securities Co. and A.S. Huyck & Co., both of Chicago; Middendorf & Co., Cincinnati; R. D. White & Co., New York; Widman & Holzman, and Magnus & Co., both of Cincinnati; McDougal & Condon, of Chicago; J. S. Todd & Co., Inc., Seufferle & Kountz, both of Cincinnati; J. M. Dain & Co., Minneapolis; Doyle, O'Conner & Co., Chicago, and Piper Jaffray & Hopwood of Minneapolis. The bonds were sold as follows: \$1,075,000 2½% Cuyahoga River improvement bonds authorized at the

Dain & Co., Minneapolis; Doyle, O'Conner & Co., Chicago, and Piper Jaffray & Hopwood of Minneapolis. The bonds were sold as follows:

\$1,075,000 2½% Cuyahoga River improvement bonds authorized at the November, 1930, general election and payable from taxes unlimited as to rate or amount. Dated Aug. 1, 1939, and due \$43,000 on Nov. 1 from 1940 to 1964, incl.

2,500,000 2½% series A refunding bonds, payable from taxes unlimited as to rate or amount. Due \$25,000 on Sept. 1 from 1945 to 1954, incl.

452,000 2½% series B refunding bonds issued to refund a like amount of serial bonds heretofore issued under the then existing 15-mill tax limitation prior to Jan. 1, 1931, and which have passed into the hands of holders in due course. Dated Sept. 1, 1939, and due Sept. 1 as follows: \$45,000 from 1945 to 1952, incl., and \$46,000 in 1953 and 1954.

469,000 2¾% series C refunding bonds issued to refund a like amount of serial bonds heretofore issued under the then existing 10-mill tax limitation prior to Jan. 1 1931, and which have passed into the hands of holders in due course. Dated Sept. 1, 1939, and due Sept. 1 as follows: \$46,000 in 1945 and \$47,000 from 1946 to 1954, incl.

405,000 2¾% series D refunding bonds issued to refund a like amount of serial bonds heretofore issued and are payable from taxes subject to a previously existing 15-mill limitation. Dated Sept. 1, 1939, and due Sept. 1 as follows: \$40,000 from 1945 to 1949, incl., and \$41,000 from 1955 to 1954, incl.

74,000 2¾% series E refunding bonds issued to refund a like amount of series bonds heretofore issued and are payable from limited taxes. Dated Sept. 1, 1939, and due Sept. 1 as follows: \$40,000 from 1945 to 1949, incl., and \$41,000 from 1950 to 1954, incl.

Denom. \$1,000. Interest on the Cuyahoga River improvement bonds is payable May 1, 1940, and semi-annually thereafter on the first day of May and Novamber in each year; interest on all refunding bonds is payable May 1, 1940, and semi-annually thereafter on the first day of May and September in each

BONDS PUBLICLY OFFERED—The successful banking group re-offered the bonds to yield from 0.75% to 2.60%, according to maturity. Other bids were as follows:

Blyth & Co., Lehman Bros., Estabrook & Co., Stone & Webster and Blodget, Inc., Phelps, Fenn & Co., Field, Richards & Shepard, Braun, Bosworth & Co., Stranahan, Harris & Co., Inc., Provident Savings Bank & Trust Co., Cincinnati, and Breed & Harrison, jointly, for \$1,654,000, 2½s, and \$3.421,000, 2½s, at 100.03, (net interest cost 2.5665%.

Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., Blair & Co., Inc., B. J. Van Ingen & Co., E. H. Rollins & Sons, Eldredge & Co., Otis & Co., McDonald-Coolidge & Co., and others: for \$1.654.000 2½s, and \$3.421,000, 2½s, at 100.048, net interest cost 2.58579%.

Lazard Freres & Co., Goldman, Sachs & Co., Kidder, Peabody & Co., Union Securities Corp., New York, Hemphill, Noyes & Co., C. F. Childs & Co., and others: for \$4.496,000, 2½s, and \$579,000, 3½s, at 100.2199; net interest cost 2.78445%.

Smith, Barney & Co., Harriman Ripley & Co., Inc., R. W. Pressprich & Co., Mercantile-Commerce Bank & Trust Co., St. Louis, First Cleveland Corp., and others: for \$2,575,000, 3s, and \$2,500,000, 2\(\frac{1}{3}\)s, at 100.1099; net interest cost 2.88%.

Harris Trust & Savings Bank, Chicago, Northern Trust Co., Chicago, First Boston Corp., F. S. Moseley & Co., R. H. Moulton & Co., and others: for \$1,075,000, 2\(\frac{1}{3}\)s, at 100.089; for \$2,500,000, 2\(\frac{1}{3}\)s, at 100.639

COAL GROVE VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE
—The Citizens National Bank of Ironton purchased on Aug. 4 an issue of
\$11,456.25 refunding notes.

COLEBROOK RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE— The Jefferson Banking Co. of Jefferson purchased an issue of \$2,381.98 refunding notes as 3s, at par.

columbus, Ohio—Bond offering—Helen T. Howard, City Clerk will receive sealed bids until noon (EST) on Aug. 24 for the purchase of \$700,000 4% coupon delinquent tax bonds. Dated Sept. 15, 1939. Denom. \$1,000. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$87,000 from 1941 to 1944 incl. and \$88,000 from 1945 to 1948 incl. Bidder may name a different rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ¼ of 1%. Split rate bids will not be considered. Principal and interest payable at the office of the agency of the City in New York City. The bonds may be registered as provided by law, are issued in anticipation of the collection of delinquent taxes for the purpose of providing funds for poor relief for the year 1939, and are payable from ample taxes levited within the tax limitations. All bids must be made in the form of blanks which will be furnished upon application to the City Clerk. Approving opinion of a recognized bond attorney, or firm of bond attorneys, will be furnished and paid for by the City. Enclose a certified check for 1% of the amount of bonds bid for, payable to the City Treasurer.

CRESTLINE EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Farmers & Citizens Bank of Crestline purchased on Aug. 7 an issue of \$10,887.75 refunding notes.

Aug. 7 an issue of \$10,887.75 refunding notes.

DAYTON, Ohio—SCHOOL AND RELIEF LEVIES VOTED—Unofficol returns from the vote on Board of Education's two mill levy and city's 1½ mill levy for relief, showed approval by substantial majorities at Aug. 9 primary election. School levy will provide approximately \$550,000 for one year. As soon as elections board certifies passage of the relief levy, the City Commission is expected to vote \$270,000 worth tax-anticipation notes against collections of the levy which runs two years. Relief levy will provide approximately \$900,000 during two-year period based on 100% collections. If the State matches \$270,000, to be obtained by notes, the total is expected to be sufficient for relief needs until next Jan. 1. Even with the levy the city estimates relief deficit of approximately \$200,000 this year.

DEERCREEK TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Williamsport), Ohio—NOTE SALE DETAILS—The \$5,088.45 refunding notes to the Farmers National Bank of Williamsport—V. 149, p. 913—pear 3% interest.

DEERFIELD RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE—The First Savings Bank of Ravenna purchased an issue of \$5,410.50 reunding notes as 3s, at paar.

DOVER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Ohio National Bank of Columbus purchased on Aug. 3 an issue of \$26.861.08 refunding notes as 3s, at a price of 100.018. Due in 1941. The Huntington National Bank of Columbus bid par for 3s.

EAST CLEVELAND, Ohio—BOND SALE—The City Treasury Investment Fund will purchase an issue of \$34,000 3% street improvement bonds. Dated March 1, 1939. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$3,000 in 1940 and 1941; \$4,000, 1942; \$3,000, 1943; \$4,000, 1944; \$3,000, 1945; \$4,000, 1946; \$3,000, 1947; \$4,000 in 1948 and \$3,000 in 1949.

EATON, Ohio—BOND SALE—The \$7,000 street resurfacing bonds offered Aug. 7—V. 149, p. 769—were awarded to J. A. White & Co. of Cincinnati, as 1 1/4 s, at par plus a premium of \$6.72, equal to 100.096, a basis of about 1.73%. Dated July 15, 1939 and due as follows: \$500, July 15, 1940 \$500, Jan. 15 and July 15 from 1941 to 1946 incl., and \$500 on Jan. 15, 1947. Second high bid of 100.214 for 2s was made by Browning, Van Duyn, Tischler & Co., Inc. of Cincinnati. Other bids:

Premium \$135.10 23.85 5.10 25.00 10.00 119.70 5.00 Int. Rate Bidder—
Central Trust Co., Cincinnati
Seasongood & Mayer, Cincinnati
Provident Bank & Trust Co., Cincinnati
BancOhio Securities Co., Columbus
Preble County National Bank, Eaton
Eaton National Bank, Eaton
L. C. Rosenbaum & Co., Inc., Cleveland

EDENTON RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE—The First National Bank of Blanchester purchased on July 15 an issue of \$1,708.67 refunding notes as 3s.

GETTYSBURG SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE—The \$8,382.73 refunding notes offered Aug. 7 were sold as 4s, at par, as follows: \$6,030.12 to the Farmers National Bank of Greenville, and \$2,352.61 to the Citizens National Bank of Gettysburg. Due in 1941.

GOSHEN RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Midvale), Ohio— NOTE SALE—The Ohio Savings & Trust Co. of New Philadelphia purchased on July 21 an issue of \$12,454.35 refunding notes as 4s.

GOSHEN RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Loveland National Bank of Loveland purchased on Aug. 5 an issue of \$8,293.12 refunding notes as 31/4s, at par.

GRANGER RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Medina), Ohio—NOTES NOT SOLD—No bids were submitted for the \$6,484.12 not to exceed 4% interest refunding notes offered Aug. 7.

GREEN AND STERLING RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Mount Orab), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Brown County National Bank of Mount Orab purchased on July 15 an issue of \$4,161.51 refunding notes as 3½s. Due in 1941.

GREENE COUNTY (P. O. Xenia), Ohio—NOTE SALE—An issue of \$22,000 poor relief notes was sold on Aug. 8 to the County Sinking Fund, as 4s, at par.

GREENE TOWNSHIP RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Warren), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Union Savings & Trust Co. of Warren purchased on Aug 7 an issue of \$5.871.51 refunding notes.

HARDIN COUNTY (P. O. Kenton), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The \$18,-000 poor relief notes offered Aug. 7—V. 149, p. 913—were awarded to Ryan, Sutherland & Co. of Toledo, as 1s; at a price of 100.016, a basis of about 0.99%. Dated Aug. 1, 1939 and due as follows: \$5,200 April 1 and \$5,600, Oct. 1, 1940, and \$7,200, April 1, 1941. Second high bid of 100.11 for 1/s was made by Seasongood & Mayer of Cincinnati. Following is a complete list of the bids for the issue:

Bidder—

Byan Sutherland & Co.

\$3,000

Premium \$3.00 23.40 19.85 401.60

HARLEM TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Galena), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The First National Bank of Delaware purchased an issue of \$5,109.06 refunding notes as 3s, at par.

HIGHLAND COUNTY (P. O. Hillsboro), Ohio—NOTE SALE—An issue of \$17,000 poor relief notes was sold on July 25 to Katz & O'Bries of Cincinnati, as 1½s, at a price of 100.19, a basis of about 1.11%. Du Feb. 1 as follows: \$5,600 in 1940; \$8,400 in 1941 and \$3,000 in 1942.

HURON COUNTY (P. O. Norwalk), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The \$12,000 poor relief notes offered Aug. 7—V. 149, p. 913—were awarded to the Willard United Bank of Willard. Dated July 1, 1939 and due March 1 as follows: \$3,000 in 1940 and \$4,500 in 1941 and 1942.

JEFFERSON UNION RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Steubenville), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Cambridge National Bank of Cambridge purchased on Aug. 5 an issue of \$11,902.24 refunding notes as 3s, at a price of 100.05. Due in 1941.

JOHNSTOWN MONROE SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Johnstown), Ohio-NOTE SALE—An issue of \$8,426.78 refunding notes was sold to

the First National Bank of Barnesville as 3s at a price of 100.059. The Johnstown Bank bid par for 3s.

LEESBURG-MAGNETIC SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Magnetic-Springs), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The First National Bank of Marysville purchased an issue of \$5,409.24 refunding notes as 3s. Due in 1941.

LIBERTY TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. West Leipsic), Ohio—NOTE SALE—An issue of \$1,815.40 refunding notes was sold to the Bank of Leipsic Co. as 334a.

LICKING COUNTY (P. O. Newark), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The \$76,500 poor relief notes offered Aug. 9 were awarded to McDonald-Coolidge & Co. of Cleveland, as 1s, at par plus 237.15 premium, equal to 100.31, a basis of about 0.82%. Dated Aug. 1, 1939. Denom. \$1,000 and \$500. Due March 1 as follows: \$18,000 in 1940; \$25,500 in 1941 and 1942 and \$7,500 in 1943. Successful bidder to pay for legal opinion. The BancOhio Securities Co. of Columbus, second high bidder, offered a price of 100.13 for 1s.

LITCHFIELD RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Lodi State Bank of Lodi purchased on July 27 an issue of \$4,801.28 refunding notes as 4s.

LITTLE MUSKINGUM RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Marietta), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The First National Bank of Marietta purchased on Aug. 7 an issue of \$10,225.01 refunding notes as 3s. at par.

MAHONING COUNTY (P. O. Youngstown), Ohio—CORRECTION—The \$123,479 bonds purchased by the Provident Savings Bank & Trust Co. of Cincinnati, bear ¼% interest, not 1% as reported in V. 149, p. 913. Price paid was 100.02 and the bonds mature Feb. 28, 1942.

MALINTA-GRELTON VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Malinta), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Barnesville First National Bank of Barnesville purchased an issue of \$6,411.59 refunding notes as 3s. at a price of 100.078. Due in 1941. The Huntington National Bank of Columbus, only other bidder, offered par for 31/2s.

MANSFIELD, Ohio—BONDS DEFEATED—P. L. Kelley, City Auditor, reports that at the primary election on Aug. 8 the voters refused to sanction the issuance of \$800,000 general unlimited property tax bonds, including \$500,000 water improvement and \$300,000 sewage system and

MARGARETTA RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Sandusky), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Western Security Bank of Sandusky purchased on Aug. 3 an issue of \$8,148.92 refunding notes as 3s. Due in 1941.

MARION TOWNSHIP RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. 1301 Smith Road, Columbus), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Ohio National Bank of Columbus purchased an issue of \$7,694.36 refunding notes as 2½s, at par.

MILTON RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Wellston), Ohio— NOTE SALE—The Milton Banking Co. of Wellston purchased on Aug. 7 an issue of \$3,623.67 refunding notes as 3s, at par.

MINERAL CITY-SANDY VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. Mineral City), Ohio—NOTES NOT SOLD—No bids were submitted the \$5,600.14 not to exceed 4% interest refunding notes offered Aug. 7.

MONROE TOWNSHIP RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. West Liberty), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Union National Bank of Cadiz purchased on Aug. 7 an Issue of \$4,698.11 refunding notes as 3½s, at par.

MORGAN TOWNSHIP (P. O. Okeana), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The rst National Bank of Okeana purchased on July 20 an issue of \$5,040.49

MOSCOW SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE—The State tank of Moscow, the only bidder, purchased an issue of \$5,034.40 remding notes as 4s.

MOUNT PLEASANT RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NO SALE—The Peoples National Bank of Mount Pleasant purchased an is of \$12,617.06 refunding notes.

NAPOLEON EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio— NOTES TO BE SOLD—Although no bids were submitted for the \$13,684.27 not to exceed 4% interest refunding notes offered Aug. 7, the State Teachers' Retirement System has agreed to purchase the issue.

NASHVILLE RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE—n issue of \$3,805.39 refunding notes was sold to the Commercial National ank of Coshocton, as 31/2s, at par.

NEWCOMERSTOWN EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE—The First National Bank of Barnesville purchased on Aug. 3 an issue of \$16,582.85 refunding notes. Due in 1941.

The notes were sold as 21/2s, at a price of 100.077. The Ohio National Bank of Columbus bid for 3s and the Oxford Bank of Newcomerstown named a rate of 4%.

NEW BAZETTA RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Cortland), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Union Savings & Trust Co. of Warren purchased on Aug. 1 an issue of \$5,035.49 refunding notes as 31/2s.

NEW WESTON SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE—The tizens Bank of Ansonia purchased an issue of \$1,766.86 refunding notes

NORTH TROY TOWNSHIP RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. contogany), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Farmers Savings Bank Co. of tony Ridge purchased on July 17 an issue of \$2,431.36 refunding notes as 1, at par.

NORWICH TOWNSHIP RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Hillards), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Merchants & Farmers Bank Co. of Hillards purchased on Aug. 7 an issue zf \$15,921.24 refunding notes as

Hillards purchased on Aug. 7 an issue of \$15,921.24 refunding notes as 3s, at par.

OHIO BRIDGE COMMISSION (P. O. Columbus), Ohio—BOND OFFERING—Robert A. Schiffer, Secretary-Treasurer of State Bridge Commission, will receive sealed bids at Room No. 3140, A. I. U. Bldg., Columbus, until 10 a.m. (EST) on Aug. 29 for the purchase of \$1,375,000 not to exceed 2½% interest coupon Sandusky Bay Bridge revenue refunding bonds. Proceeds of sale, coupled with other moneys in the sinking fund available for such purpose, will be used to redeem all of the outstanding \$1,394,000 3½% Sandusky Bay Bridge revenue bonds, dated April 1, 1936, maturing April 1, 1951, and callable on Oct. 1, 1939 at par plus a premium of 2½%. The new bonds will be dated Sept. 1, 1939. Demom \$1,000. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$125,000 from 1940 to 1945 incl. and \$625,000 in 1948. The bonds maturing in 1948 may be redeemed, when selected by lot, on any interest payment date from moneys in the sinking fund for the bonds of this issue not required for paying interest on such interest payment date and the next succeeding interest payment date and for paying the next maturing instalment of principal. And all of the bonds of this issue at any time outstanding, including the bonds maturing on Oct. 1, 1948, may be redeemed in whole on any interest payment date from the proceeds of new refunding bonds or other moneys made available for such purpose. Such redemption may be made upon 30 days notice by payment of the principal amount of the bonds to be redeemed and accrued interest, together with a premium of 2% if redeemed on or prior to Oct. 1, 1945, and without premium if redeemed thereafter. Both principal and interest of the bonds will be payable at the office of the State Treasurer in the City of Columbus or at the Chemical Bank & Trust Co. in New York City, at the option of the holder. The bonds will be subject to registration in the names of the holders as to principal alone.

Bidder to express rate of interest in a multiple of ¼ of 1%. Interest payable 4-O.

holders as to principal alone.

Bidder to express rate of interest in a multiple of ½ of 1%. Interest payable A-O. The bonds now offered will be delivered and payment therefor made at place of purchaser's choice on or about Sept. 21, 1939, and the proceeds of the bonds, exclusive of any premium, will be deposited in trust at the Guaranty Trust Co. of New York for paying a like amount of the principal of the outstanding bonds which will be called for redemption on Oct. 1, 1939. The amounts required for paying the redemption premium on the outstanding bonds and the interest payable thereon on Oct. 1, 1939, and for paying the principal of the remaining \$19,000 of said outstanding bonds will be paid from the sinking fund for the outstanding bonds and will be deposited in trust to meet such payments. Any balance remaining in the sinking fund for the outstanding bonds after making the foregoing payments will be transferred to the sinking fund for the bonds now offered. The principal and interest of the bonds will be payable solely from the net revenue of the Sandusky Bay Bridge. The bonds will be

secured by a trust indenture to be executed by and between the State Bridge Commission of Ohio and the Commerce Guardian Bank, Toledo, Ohio, as trustee, and the trust indenture will contain substantially the same provisions and covenants as the trust indenture, securing the bonds to be refunded, insofar as such provisions and covenants shall be applicable. All bidders must agree to pay the expenses of printing the trust indenture, the publication of the notice of sale and the redemption notice, and the preparation of the bonds, the form and terms of which will be substantially the same as the outstanding bonds with such changes as may be necerary to conform with the provisions of the official call for bills, and the first and expenses of Hugh Huntington, Esq. of Columbus, and of Masslich & Mitchell, New York City, for the preparation of the trust indenture and their legal opinions approving the validity of the bonds.

Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check for \$27,500, payable to order of the State Bridge Commission.

OHIO (State of)—NOTE OFFERINGS BY SCHOOL DISTRICTS—The

OHIO (State of)—NOTE OFFERINGS BY SCHOOL DISTRICTS—The following is a record of note offerings announced by school districts during the past week. The particulars in each instance are similar in that bidder is required to name an interest rate of not more than 4% and the obligations will be subject to call after Nov. 30 in any year. Proposals must be accompanied by a certified check for 1% of the issue. Tabulation shows name of the district making the offering, amount of loan, date of sale and hour set for opening of bids:

Name of School District— Addyston	Amount	Sale	Date
Addyston	84 744 63		8:00 p.m.
Cleves-North Bend (P. O. Cleves)	15 447 60		8:00 p.m.
Farmington Village (D. O. West Pares	10,231.00	Aug. al,	0.00 P.M.
Farmington Village (P. O. West Farm-	F 074 00	A 00	0.20
ington)	5,674.39	Aug. 23,	8:30 p.m.
Franklin Village	19,242.49	Aug. 21,	8:00 p.m.
Harrison-Adams (P. O. Rosewood)	4.824.11	Sept. 1.	8:00 p.m.
Hollansburg	3.431.51	Aug. 16.	8:30 p.m.
Liberty Township Rural (P. O. Findlay)		Aug. 21.	8:00 p.m.
Mamban Daws	10.362.53	Aug. 21.	8:00 p.m.
Mentor Rural	10,302.00		
Miami Rural (P. O. Mulberry)		Aug. 21,	8:00 p.m.
Monroe (P. O. London)	4,256.85	Aug. 21,	8:00 p.m.
Montgomery Twp. Rural (P. O. Bradner)	6.704.45	Aug. 17.	8:00 p.m.
Ridge Township Rural (P. O. Van Wert)	4.426.64	Aug. 25.	8:00 p.m.
Vernon Rural (P. O. Kinsman)	5.364.12	Aug. 25.	
Wayne Rural (P. O. Cable)	4.680.59	Aug. 22.	
Wayne Nutai (F. O. Cable)	4,000.09		
Waynesfield Village	0,773.58	Aug. 17,	8:00 p.m.
Woodsfield Exempted Village	18,602.55	Sept. 1,	1:00 p.m.
ADDITIONAL OFFERINGS-Also pla	nned for as	le are the	following:
		Sale	Date
Achtabula Harbor Frompted Village /D O	24/11/04/44	MADE	Dute
Ashtabula Harbor Exempted Village (P.O.	*** *** **	Ang 94	2.00 n m

Ashtabula) \$13,918.61 Aug. 24, 2:00 p.m.
Bexley City 16,770.95 Aug. 23, 4:00 p.m.
Geneva Village 11,911.66 Aug. 19, 8:00 p.m.
Leetonia Exempted Village 16,339.45 Aug. 19, 8:00 p.m.
Salineville Village 9,574.50 Aug. 21, 8:00 p.m.
South Scioto (P. O. Chillicothe) 3,395.62 Aug. 17, Noon
Spencer Township Rural (P. O. Swanton) 3,594.08 Aug. 21, 8:00 p.m.
Wayne Township Rural (P. O. R. R. 3, Dayton) 4,784.87 Aug. 21, 8:00 p.m.
Xenia 27,186.56 Aug. 24, 2:00 p.m.

| Xenia | 27,186.56 | Aug. 24 | New Offerings | Aug. 22 | New Offerings | Aug. 24 | New Offerings | New Offerings | Aug. 24 | New Offerings | Ne

ORANGE SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Chagrin Falls), Ohio-SALE—The Huntington National Bank of Columbus purchased of \$7,752.77 refunding notes as 3½s, at par.

PLYMOUTH TOWNSHIP RURAL DISTRICT (P. O. Jefferson), Ohio—NOTES NOT SOLD—No bids were submitted for the \$6,610.87 not to exceed 4% interest refunding notes offered July 31.

PRAIRIE TOWNSHIP RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Galloway), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Merchants & Farmers Bank of Hilliards purchased on Aug. 5 an issue of \$4,608.70 refunding notes as 3s.

PULTNEY TOWNSHIP RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Bellaire), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The First National Bank of Bellaire purchased on Aug. 7 an issue of \$11,271.59 refunding notes as 2s. Due in 1941.

RIDGEVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. R. F. D. No. 1, Elyria), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Lorain County Savings & Trust Co. of Elyria purchased on Aug. 3 an issue of \$6,838.28 refunding notes as 3s.

ROCK CREEK SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Citizens Banking Co. of Rock Creek purchased on Aug. 7 an issue of \$6,-019.37 refunding notes as 3¼s, at par.

ROME-CANAAN SCHOOL DISTRICT (P.O. Stewart), Ohio—NOTES NOT SOLD—No bids were submitted for the \$11,465.51 not to exceed 4% interest refunding notes offered July 12.

ROOTSTOWN RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. New Milford), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Second National Bank of Ravenna purchased on July 6 an issue of \$7.505.17 refunding notes as 3s. Dated July 6, 1939, and due July 6, 1941.

ROSS COUNTY (P. O. Chillicothe), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The \$12.883.95 poor relief notes offered Aug. 7—V. 149, p. 91—were awarded to the Provident Savings Bank & Trust Co. of Cincinnati.

RUSH TOWNSHIP RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. ville), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The First National Bank of Dechased on Aug. 7 an issue of \$3,187.25 refunding notes as 3s.

SALEM-OAK HARBOR SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Oak Harbor), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The \$13.356.47 refunding notes offered Aug. 7 were awarded as 4s, at par, as follows: \$7.819.00 to the Oak Harbor State Bank and \$5,537.47 to the National Bank of Oak Harbor.

SCIPIO-REPUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Republic), Ohio —NOTE SALE—The Republic Banking Co. purchased on Aug. 7 an issue of \$5,416.54 refunding notes as 3½s. Due in 1941.

SHADYSIDE, Ohio—BOND SALE POSTPONED—The sale of \$47,000 coupon street improvement bonds, originally planned for Aug. 2—V. 149, p. 616—was postponed. A new offering will be made.

SHAKER HEIGHTS CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Ohio National Bank of Columbus purchased on Aug. 7 an issue of \$27,116.80 refunding notes as 23/4s.

SHAKER HEIGHTS SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—BOND SALE—Johnson, Kase & Co. of Cleveland have purchased an issue of \$75,000 refunding bonds as 21/4s, at a price of 100.61.

Johnson, Kase & Co. of Cleveland nave purchased an issue of \$75,000 refunding bonds as 2\(\frac{1}{4}\)s, at a price of 100.61.

TOLEDO CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—BOND OFFERING—May P. Foster, Clerk-Treasurer of the Board of Education, will receive sealed bids until noon on Sept. 1, for the purchase of \$150,000 2\(\frac{1}{2}\)% delinquent tax bonds. Dated Sept. 15, 1939. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$30,000 annually on Sept. 15 from 1940 to 1944, incl. Callable in whole or in part on Sept. 15, 1942. or on any subsequent interest date. If less than the entire unmatured bonds are called they shall be called in their inverse order. Principal and interest (M-S 15) payable at the Chemical Bank & Trust Co., New York City. Coupon bonds will be issued which may be registered as to principal only at the expense of purchaser. On demand of the purchaser, and at his expense, registered bonds may be issued in lieu of the coupon bonds.

Printed bonds will be furnished by the district, while the purchaser may obtain legal approving opinion of Squire. Sanders & Dempsey of Cleveland, at his own expense. A certified check for \$1.500, payable to order of the Clerk-Treasurer of Board of Education, is required. Bonds will be delivered at the Toledo Trust Co., Toledo, on or about Sept. 15, 1939, and payment must be made through that bank. Said bonds are issued in anticipation of the collection of delinquent taxes due and owing to said school district for the purpose of paying outstanding accounts incurred prior to the fiscal year 1937, and the proceeds will be used for paying off the unpaid portion of notes issued in anticipation thereof, originally issued in the sum of \$300,000.

TUSCARAWAS COUNTY (P. O. New Philadelphia), Ohio—NOTE OFFERING—Robert L. Frazier, Clerk of Board of County Commissioners, will receive sealed bids until noon on Aug. 14 for the purchase of \$39,300 2% poor relief notes. Dated Aug. 1, 1939. Denoms. \$2,500 and \$600. Due March 1, 1943. Bidder may name a different rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ¼ of 1%. A certified check for 1% of the notes bid for, payable to order of the Board of County Commissioners, is required.

UNION TOWNSHIP RURAL DISTRICT (P. O. Rushtown, R. F. D. No. 1), Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Portsu outh Banking Co. of Portsmouth purchased on Aug. 1 an issue of \$6,903.69 refunding notes as 3s. Due in 1941. The Huntington National Bank of Columbus, only other bidder, named a rate of  $3\frac{1}{2}$ %.

UPPER ARLINGTON EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT hio—NOTE SALE—The Ohio National Bank of Columbus purchased on ug. 7 an issue of \$8,610.82 refunding notes as 2½s, at a price of 100.092.

VANLUE RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE—The First National Bank of Barnesville purchased on Aug. 4 an issue of \$6,815.25 refunding notes as 3s, at 100.07. Due in 1941.

WATERVILLE VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Waterville State Savings Bank Co. purchased an issue of \$5,144.02 refunding notes as 31/4s.

WAYNE RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Commercial Bank Co. of Wooster purchased on Aug. 7 an issue of \$3,148.08 refunding notes as 4s, at par.

WEST LIBERTY VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Farmers Banking Co. of West Liberty purchased an issue of \$6,486.04 refunding notes.

WILKESVILLE RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—NOTE SALE—The Milton Banking Co. of Wellston purchased on July 12 an issue of \$7,975.85 refunding notes as 3s, at par.

\$7,975.85 refunding notes as 3s, at par.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—BOND OFFERING—Frank W. Barton, Director of Finance, will receive sealed bids until noon on Aug. 30 for the purchase of \$253,000 3½% coupon refunding bonds. Dated Sept. 1, 1939. Denom. \$1,000. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$10,000 in 1945; \$30,000 from 1946 to 1950, incl. Bidder may name a different rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of ½ of 1%. Principal and interest (A-O) payable at office of the Sinking Fund Trustees of the city. The bonds represent the balance of a total issue of \$303,000, the remaining \$50,000 having been taken by the Sinking Fund Trustees. The entire issue was authorized to provide for the refunding of an equal amount of general tax obligations due Oct. 1, 1939, and including \$131,500 payable from levies within the 10-mill limitation and \$171,500 within the 15-mill limitation. A certified check for \$5,060, payable to order of the city, must accompany each proposal.

# R. J. EDWARDS, Inc.

Municipal Bonds Since 1892

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

AT&T Ok Cy 19

Long Distance 787

# OKLAHOMA

COLLINSVILLE, Okla.—ASKED TO PROVIDE SINKING FUND LEVY FOR DEBT REDUCTION—It is reported that the District Court was to have ruled on Aug. 8 as to whether or not the city would be compelled to have a sinking fund levy to absorb the bonded indebtedness. Mandamus action is said to have been brought by Hollis Scott, who asked that Collinsville as well as the county excise board approve a sinking fund levy to pay for the town's bonded indebtedness. J. A. Wright, City Clerk, told the court the valuation had shrunk from \$1,370,000 in 1917 to current figure of less than \$300,000.

OKMULGEE COUNTY UNION GRADED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 4 (P. O. Okmulgee), Okla.—BOND SALE—The \$3,800 building bonds offered Aug. 1—V. 149, p. 770—were awarded to Calvert & Canfield of Oklahoma City, as follows: \$2,000 as 4s and \$1,800 as 4/5s.

# OREGON

TILLAMOOK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 31 (P. O. Tillamook), Ore.—BOND SALE—The \$12,500 refunding bonds offered Aug. 7—V. 149, p. 914—were awarded to Baker, Fordyce, Tucker Co. of Portland. Dated Aug. 1, 1939 and due Aug. 1 as follows: \$1,000 from 1941 to 1951, incl. and \$1,500 in 1952. Bonds maturing Aug. 1, 1944 and thereafter are callable at par and accrued interest on that date and on any subsequent interest date upon 30 days' advance published notice.

# PENNSYLVANIA

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—PURCHASERS OF GAS LOAN RENTAL CERTIFICATES—In connection with the sale by the city of \$41,000,000 gas works rental participating certificates, completed on July 31—V. 149, p. 914, to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation. the State School Employees Retirement Fund and a number of banks and insurance companies. Deputy City Comptroller Michael J. Byrne compiled the following list of local institutions participating in the loan showing the amount of certificates allotted in each case:

\*\*Fidelity Union Trust Co., Newark.\*\*

\*\*Corn Exchange National Bank & Trust Co., Philadelphia.\*\*

\*\*1,000,000 Fidelity Mutual Life Insurance.\*\*

\*\*1,000,000 Insurance Co. of North America. Philadelphia.\*\*

\*\*500,000 Insurance Co. of North America. Philadelphia.\*\*

Insurance Co. of North America, Philadelphia	500,000
	500,000
	250,000
Philadelphia Saving Fund Society	2.000,000
	1.500.000
Penn Mutual Life Insurance Co. Philadelphia	1,000,000
	50,000
Lumbermen & Insurance Co., Phuagembia	100,000
	500,000
Market St. National Bank, Philadelphia	250,000
and the state of t	230,000

Pennsylvania Co. for Insurances on Lives & Granting Annuities	2.000.000
Brown Brothers Harriman & Co., Philadelphia	250,000
Camden Trust Co., Camden	300,000
Western Saving Fund Society, Philadelphia	500,000
Girard Trust Co., Philadelphia	
Beneficial Saving Fund Society, Philadelphia	500,000
Integrity Trust Co., Philadelphia	500,000
Philadelphia National Bank	2.500,000
First National Bank, Philadelphia	650,000
First National Bank, Finadelphia	300,000
Saving Fund Society of Germantown and its Vicinity, Phila	
Fidelity-Philadelphia Trust Co., Philadelphia	
First Camden National Bank & Trust Co., Philadelphia	250,000
Tradesmen's National Bank & Trust Co., Philadelphia	500,000

\_\$21,500,000 Total......\$21,500,000

ADOPTS RECORD HIGH BUDGET—City Council, following a delay of nearly eight months, finally enacted the 1939 city-county budget on Aug. 10.

The budget, largest in the city's history, called for appropriations totaling \$112,087.904. and included \$32,818,392 in accumulated deficits. Financing of the deficits was effected through the loan of \$41,000,000 obtained by the city from the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and private banking interests, with the balance of the proceeds from the transactions to be used for operating expenses. The vote on the budget was 18 to 4. The measure was immediately despatched to Mayor Wilson for his signature.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—NOTE SALE—The \$300,000 general public improvement promissory notes offered Aug. 7—V. 149, p. 914—were awarded to the Melion Securities Corp. of Pittsburgh, at 0.25% interest, at par plus \$13.71 premium. Dated July 1, 1939 and due July 1, 1940. Other bids:

Bidder—

Int. Rate Premium

Dipon Trust Co. of Pittsburgh

YARDLEY, Pa.—BOND OFFERING—Borough Secretary will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. (DST) on Sept. 1 for the purchase of \$10,000 street improvement bonds. Dated Sept. 1, 1939. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$1,000 on Sept. 1 in 1941, 1943, 1945, 1947, 1949, 1951, 1953, 1955, 1957 and 1959. Legal opinion of Townsend, Elliott & Munson of Philadelphia will be furnished the successful bidder.

# RHODE ISLAND

WESTERLY, R. I.—NOTE SALE—The \$27,000 coupon water bonds offered Aug. 9 were awarded to Richardson & Clark, of Providence, as 1¼s, at a price of 100.23, a basis of about 1.20%. Dated Aug. 1, 1939. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$3,000 on Aug. 1 from 1940 to 1948 incl. Prin. and int. (F-A) payable at the First National Bank of Boston. Legality approved by Storey, Thorndike, Palmer & Dodge of Boston.

# SOUTH CAROLINA

FLORENCE SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Florence), S. C.—BOND SALE—The \$80,000 coupon school bonds offered Aug. 7—V. 149, p. 915—were awarded to McAlister, Smith & Pate, of Greenville, as 3s, at par plus \$456 premium, equal to 100.57, a basis of about 2.92%. Dated July 1. 1939 and due July 1 as follows: \$4,000 from 1941 to 1945, incl. and \$10,000 from 1946 to 1951, incl. Other bids:

| Int. Rate | Premium | Pre

MULLINS, S. C.—BOND SALE—An issue of \$60,000 4% refunding bonds was sold on July 26 to G. H. Crawford & Co. of Columbia and the Robinson-Humphrey Co. of Atlanta, jointly. Legality approved by Nathans & Sinkler of Charleston.

# SOUTH DAKOTA

HUGHES COUNTY (P. O. Pierre), S. Dak.—BOND OFFERING—George W. Bohning, County Auditor, will receive sealed bids until 10 a.m. on Aug. 31 for the purchase of \$105,000 funding bonds. Dated Sept. 15, 1939. Due in 1940 to 1959, optional after five years. Cost of printing bonds and legal opinion to be borne by the purchaser. Bidders have the privilege of submitting alternate bids for a similar amount of bonds, proposed maturities to be specified by the bidders. The total amount of the issue is subject to final checkup of the exact amount of fundable permanent school fund indebtedness.

the issue is subject to final checkup of the exact amount of fundable permanent school fund indebtedness.

SOUTH DAKOTA (State of)—RURAL CREDIT BOARD SEEKS VOLUNTARY REFUNDING OF DEBT—Holders of bonds of the rural credit board will be asked to participate in a voluntary refunding plan in order to establish a debt service calendar in line with the board's demonstrated ability to meet annual principal and interest charges without recourse to the sale of refunding instruments. The board, according to information contained in the annual report of Director Millard G. Scott, is now negotiating with leading financial institutions throughout the country on an exchange program. Voluntary participation by bond-holders in any plan of debt reorganization is necessary as none of the outstanding debt is callable prior to maturity. Mr. Scott states that the department can no longer safely continue the refunding of maturities as repeated operations in the past has boosted the debt service requirements to a total of \$12.619,705 during the next two fiscal years. The director adds that the present period of extreme ease in money rates affords the board an excellent opportunity to refinance on a much lower interest cost basis than current requirements. Leading municipal attorneys throughout the country also have been contacted in connection with the proposal to effect a bond exchange plan. We quote from Mr. Scott's remarks in his annual report as follows:

"Preliminary studies indicate that such a program of rearranging the rural credit debt will level our debt requirements, and will result in cash savings, over the period necessary to pay our bonded debt, amounting to an estimated \$3.000,000 to \$400,000. It will cost, if completely successful, an estimated \$3.000,000 to \$400,000. It will cost, if completely successful, an estimated \$3.000,000 to \$400,000. It will give the obligations of the fullest cooperation of all financial institutions, banks and bond dealers, within and without our State, who have dealt in our bonds or may o

within and without our State, who have dealt in our bonds or may own them.

"Any acceptable program must be based on the following principles, namely: There must be substantial savings to the State; the holders of our bonds must receive fair treatment, that is, value for value; and the commissions paid to the cooperating financial institutions must be contingent on their rendering service, and must be no more than are customarily charged for similar services to other governmental and private institutions. These costs will have to be met no matter when we do our refunding and will probably be greater in times of poor markets than at present.

"We are making a most thorough canvass of the situation to ascertain what is fair and reasonable and, as soon as the costs of the proposed plan have been figured to the lowest point and the other details are arranged, I will submit the plan to the board for its consideration, at which time, I will give definite recommendations, including a suggestion that the plan be considered on its merits at an advertised, public hearing."

The report placed the total bonded debt of the rural credit board at \$36.869,000 on July 1, 1939, made up of 20 issues maturing from 1939 to 1950 incl. and bearing interest ranging from 2¾% to 6%.

# TENNESSEE

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—BOND SALE—A syndicate composed of Smith, Barney & Co., Harriman Ripley & Co., Inc., Lazard Freres & Co., the First Boston Corp., Kidder, Peabody & Co., Estabrook & Co., White, Weld & Co., all of New York Cumberland Securities Corp., Nashville; B. J. Van Ingen & Co., Inc., and R. H. Moulton & Co., Inc., both of New York; Webster & Gibson, of Nashville; The Wisconsin Co., Milwaukee; the First Cleveland Corp. and McDonald-Coolidge & Co., both of Cleveland; Hunter Jones & Co., Memphis, and Wheelock & Cummins, Inc. of Des Moines, was the successful bidder for the \$13,200,000 series A electric power revenue bonds offered Aug. 8—V. 149, p. 771. The successful bid was a price of 100.40 for \$12,510,000 234s, due annually from 1941 to 1968 incl., and \$690,000 234s, due in 1969, or a net interest cost to the city

of about 2.7065%. The entire \$13.200.000 bonds bear date of June 1, 1939 and mature annually on June 1 as follows: \$250.000 in 1941 and 1942: \$260.000 in 1943: \$270.000 in 1944: \$280.000 in 1945: \$290.000 in 1946: \$360.000 in 1947: \$370.000 in 1948: \$380.000 in 1945: \$290.000 in 1950: \$400.000 in 1951: \$410.000 in 1952: \$420.000 in 1953: \$430.000 in 1955: \$450.000 in 1955: \$450.000 in 1953: \$430.000 in 1955: \$550.000 in 1956: \$480.000 in 1953: \$430.000 in 1955: \$550.000 in 1955: \$450.000 in 1955: \$550.000 in 1964: \$610.000 in 1967: \$570.000 in 1968: \$650.000 in 1966: \$650.000 in 1962: \$570.000 in 1963: \$500.000 in 1964: \$610.000 in 1965: \$630.000 in 1966: \$650.000 in 1962: \$570.000 in 1967: \$670.000 in 1968: \$650.000 in 1969. Bonds maturing in the years 1960 to 1969 both inclusive, will be redeemable at the option of the city, after 30 days' published notice, at par and accrued interest, plus a premium of ¼ of 1% for each year or fraction thereof from the date of redeemption to the date of maturity. Bonds maturing in the years 1941 to 1959 maturities, are not redeemable prior to maturity.

\*\*BONDS PUBLICLY OFFERED—Members of the successful banking group reoffered the \$12.510,000 2¾s to yield from 0.60% to 2.70% for the 1941 to 1959 maturities, and priced the balance of the series, maturing from 1960 to 1988 incl., at par. The \$690.000 2½s, due in 1969, were offered to yield 2.70%. The bonds will constitute valid and legally binding obligations of the city, payable solely from revenues to be derived from the operation of the municipal electric power plant and distribution system and the city and its Electric Power Board have covenanted to fix and collect such rates and charges and to revise same from time to time whenever necessary for the facilities of said municipal electric power plant and distribution system as will always provide revenues sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the bonds, in addition to paying the necessary expenses of operating and maintaining the system and all other obligations a

2¾s, or a net interest cost of 2.95%.

CLEVELAND, Tenn.—BOND SALE—Blyth & Co. of Chicago in account with the Equitable Securities Corp. of Nashville were successful bidders for the \$750,000 series A electric system revenue bonds offered Aug. 4, paying a price of 100.01, or a net interest cost of about 2.77%, for the bonds to bear interest as follows: For \$99.000 maturing June 1, \$32,000 in 1942, \$33,000 in 1943, \$34,000 in 1944, as 3 ¼s, and \$651,000 maturing June 1, \$35,000 in 1945, \$36,000 in 1946, \$37,000 in 1947, \$38,000 in 1948, \$39,000 in 1949, \$41,000 in 1950, \$42,000 in 1951, \$43,000 in 1952, \$44,000 in 1953, \$46,000 in 1954, \$47,000 in 1955, \$49,000 in 1956, \$50,000 in 1957, \$51,000 in 1958, and \$53,000 in 1959, as 2¾s.

A group composed of the Nashville Securities Co., Booker & Davidson, Stern, Wampler & Co. and Ryan, Sutherland & Co. bid for 2¾s and 3s, or a net interest cost of about 2.7844%. This was the second best bid.

CLINTON, Tenn.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$340,000 series A elec-

or a net interest cost of about 2.7844%. This was the second best bid. CLINTON, Tenn.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$340,000 series A electric system revenue bonds offered Aug. 4—V. 149, p. 915—was awarded to a group composed of Stranahan, Harris & Co., Inc., Toledo; Jack M. Bass & Co., Nunn, Schwab & Co., W. N. Estes & Co., all of Nashville, and the Fidelity-Bankers Trust Co. of Knoxville, at a price of 100.01, a net interest cost of about 3.09%, as follows: For \$183,000 3 ½s, due \$14,000 in 1942 and 1943; \$15,000, 1944 and 1945; \$16,000 1946; \$17,000, 1947 and 1948; \$18,000, 1949 and 1950; \$19,000 in 1951 and \$20,000 in 1952; for \$157,000 3s, due June 1 as follows: \$20,000, 1953; \$21,000, 1955; \$22,000, 1955 and 1956; \$23,000, 1957; \$24,000 in 1958, and \$25,000 in 1959. The Equitable Securities Corp., Nashville and associates, second high bidder, offered 100.05 for \$246,000 3 ½s and \$94,000 3s, or a net cost of about 3.14%. John Nuveen & Co. of Chicago and others bid on a cost basis of 3.18%.

HAMBLEN COUNTY (P. O. Morristown), Tenn.—BOND SALE—The \$125,000 bonds offered Aug. 7—V. 149, p. 617—were awarded as fol-

\$100,000 refunding bonds to the Fidelity-Bankers Trust Co. of Knoxville.

as 2\frac{3}{4}\s. less \frac{8}{750} for expenses. Due \frac{5}{5},000 on Sept. 1 from 1940
to 1959 incl.

25,000 right-of-way bonds to C. H. Little & Co. of Jackson, as 2\frac{3}{4}\s, at
a price of 100.40. a basis of about 2.68\%. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \frac{5}{5},000 in 1941 and 1942; \frac{8}{5},000 in 1947 and \frac{8}{5},000 in 1949.

All of the bonds are dated Sept. 1, 1939.

HARRIMAN, Tenn.—BOND SALE—The \$276,000 electric system revenue bonds offered Aug. 4—V. 149, p. 915—were awarded to an account headed by John Nuveen & Co. of Chicago, at a price of 100.11 for the 1942 to 1957 maturities as 3½s and the 1958 and 1959 bonds as 3s, a net interest cost of about 3.19%. Second high bid of 100.10 for 3½s and 3½s, or a net cost of 3.28%, was made by Webster & Gibson, of Nashville and associates.

JACKSON, Tenn.—BOND OFFERING DETAILS—Bidders for the \$160,000 refunding bonds scheduled for sale on Aug. 15—V. 149, p. 915, must name an interest rate of not more than 3%, expressed in a multiple of ½ of 1%. Bonds will be sold at public auction, bear date of Sept. 1, 1939 and proceeds used in the redemption of \$60,000 bonds maturing on Sept. 1, 1939 and \$100,000 on Oct. 1, 1939. A certified check for \$1,000 must accompany each proposal. Principal and interest payable at City Treasurer's office. Successful bidder to furnish legal opinion at his own

EXPENSE.

LAFOLLETTE, Tenn.—BOND SALE—A syndicate headed by John Nuveen & Co. of Chicago was the successful bidder for the \$500,000 series A electric system revenue bonds on Aug. 4—V. 149, p. 915, paying a price of 100.001, or a net interest cost of about 3.62% for the Issue divided as follows: For \$20,000 maturing June 1, 1942 as 3¾s, \$498,000 maturing June 1, \$21,000 in 1943, \$22,000 in 1944, \$23,000 in 1945 and 1946, \$24,000 in 1947, \$25,000 in 1948, \$26,000 in 1949, \$27,000 in 1950, \$28,000 in 1951, \$29,000 in 1952, \$30,000 in 1953, \$31,000 in 1954, \$32,000 in 1955, \$33,000 in 1956 and \$34,000 in 1957 as 3¾s; and \$72,000 maturing June 1, \$35,000 in 1958 and \$37,000 in 1957 as 3¾s; and \$72,000 maturing June 1, \$35,000 in 1958 and \$37,000 in 1959,as 3¼s. Second high bid of 100.02 for \$643,000 4s and \$37,000 3¾s, a net cost of about 3.97%, was made by an account composed of Stranshan, Harris & Co., Inc., Equitable Securities Corp., Jack M. Bass & Co., Nunn, Schwab & Co., W. N. Estes & Co. and the Fidelity-Bankers Trust Co. of Knoxville.

Fidelity-Bankers Trust Co. of Knoxville.

LENOIR CITY, Tenn.—BOND SALE—The \$272,000 series A electric system revenue bonds offered Aug. 4—V. 149, p. 915—were awarded to a group composed of Stranahan, Harris & Co., Inc., Toledo; Equitable Securities Corp., Jack M. Bass & Co., Nunn, Schwab & Co., and W. N. Estes & Co., all of Nashville, also the Fidelity-Bankers Trust Co. of Knoxville, at a price of par, or a net interest cost of about 3.325%, for the issue divided as follows: For \$130,000 maturing June 1, \$11,000 in 1942 and 1943, \$12,000 in 1944 and 1945, \$13,000 in 1946 and 1947, \$14,000 in 1948 and 1949, \$15,000 in 1950 and 1951, as 3½s, and \$142,000 maturing June 1, \$16,000 in 1952 and 1953, \$17,000 in 1954 and 1955, \$18,000 in 1956, \$19,000 in 1957 and 1958 and \$20,000 in 1959, as 3½s. John Nuveen & Co. of Chicago and associates bid on a 3.39% interest cost basis, offering a price of 100,009 for \$87,000 3½s and \$185,000 3½s.

LOUDON, Tenn.—BOND SALE—The \$105,000 series A electric system revenue bonds offered Aug. 4—V. 149, p. 915—were awarded to a group composed of Booker & Davidson of Knoxville, Nashville Securities Co., Ryan, Sutherland & Co., Toledo, and Mackey, Dunn & Co., Inc., New York, at par, a net interest cost of about 3.24%, as follows: For \$13,000, maturing June 1, \$4,000 in 1942 and 1943, \$5,000 in 1944 as 3s, and \$92,000 maturing June 1, \$5,000 in 1945 to 1949, \$6,000 in 1950 to 1953, \$7,000 in 1954 to 1958 and \$8,000 in 1959, as  $3\frac{1}{4}s$ .

MARYVILLE, Tenn.—BOND SALE—An account composed of the Nashville Securities Co., Booker & Davidson of Knoxville, Mackey, Dunn & Co., Inc., New York, Stern, Wampler & Co., Chicago, and Ryan, Sutherland & Co., Toledo, was awarded the \$425,000 series A electric system revenue bonds offered Aug. 4, paying a price of par, or a cost basis of about 2.809%, for the issue as follows: For \$17,000 maturing June 1, 1942, as 234s, \$163,000 maturing June 1, \$18,000 in 1943, \$19,000 in 1944 and 1945, \$20,000 in 1946, \$21,000 in 1947 and 1948, \$22,000 in 1949, \$23,000 in

1950, as 3s, and \$245,000 maturing June 1, \$24,000 in 1951, \$25,000 in 1952 and 1953, \$26,000 in 1954, \$27,000 in 1955, \$28,000 in 1956, \$29,000 in 1957, \$30,000 in 1958 and \$31,000 in 1959, as 23/s.

PULASKI, Tenn.—BOND SALE—The \$120,000 series A electric system revenue bonds offered Aug. 2 were awarded to a group composed of the Nashville Securities Corp., Booker & Davidson of Knoxville, Ryan, sutheland & Co., Toledo, and Mackey, Dunn & Co., Inc., New York, at a price of 100.01, a net interest cost of about 2.892%, as follows: For \$5.000 maturing June 1, 1942, as 2½s, \$81.000 maturing June 1, \$5.000 \$5.000 in 1955, as 3s, and \$34.000 maturing June 1, \$5.000 in 1955, as 3s, and \$34.000 maturing June 1, \$8.000 in 1956 and 1957, and \$9.000 in 1958 and 1959, as 2½s. Second high bid of 100.10 for \$57.000 3½s and \$63.000 2¾s, or a net cost of about 2.898%, was entered by an account composed of: Stranahan, Harris & Co., Inc., Nunn, Schwab & Co., Jack M. Bass & Co., Fidelity-Bankers Trust Co., Knoxville, and W. N. Estes & Co.

ROCKWOOD, Tenn.—BOND SALE—Blyth & Co., Inc., of Chicago in association with the Equitable Securities Corp., Nashville, purchased the \$135,000 series A electric system revenue bonds offered Aug. 4, paying par, or a net interest cost of 3.66%, for the issue as follows: \$106,000 33/ss, due June 1 as follows: \$5,000, 1942; \$6,000 from 1943 to 1946, incl.; \$7,000, 1947 to 1951, incl.; \$8,000 from 1952 to 1954, incl., and \$9,000 in 1956; and \$29,000 33/ss, maturing \$9,000 in 1957 and \$10,000 in 1958 and 1959.

SWEETWATER, Tenn.—BOND SALE—The \$95,000 series A electric system revenue bonds offered Aug. 4—V. 149, p. 915—were awarded to John Nuveen & Co. of Chicago and associates, at par, or a net interest cost of about 3.34%, for the issue divided as follows: \$4,000 3/s, due June 1 as follows: \$4,000 from 1942 to 1946, incl., and \$5,000 from 1947 to 1951, incl.: \$50,000 3s, maturing \$5,000 in 1952; \$6,000 from 1953 to 1956, incl. and \$7,000 from 1957 to 1959, incl. Second high bid, based on an interest cost of 3.41%, came from Booker & Davidson, Inc. of Knoxville.

TENNESSEE (State of)—REPORT CITES \$13,295,761 DEBT RE-DUCTION—That the State has retired bond principal during the fiscal year closed on June 30 to the amount of \$17,369,761, and by Dec. 31, of this year, will retire \$9,700,000 more, or a total of \$27,000,000 gross debt liquidation within 18 months, reducing annual interest requirements by \$681,000 a year, is recorded with very natural satisfaction by the Tennessee Taxpayers Association, in the sixth instalment of its report released Aug. 2. New bonds issued by the State during the second year of the biennium ended on June 30, according to the taxpayers' report, amounted to \$4.074,000. The report shows, however, that of these new issues, \$3,029,000 represented State bonds issued to pay a part of the State's highway reimbursement debt to the counties (part of the State's indirect bonded debt). The issues that are truly new include \$500,000 in bonds issued for the new State office building on Sixth Avenue, North, at Cedar Street, now approaching completion; \$350,000 bonds issued for the State's portion of armories and \$195,000 for certain Grundy County highway reimbursement bonds finally approved for addition to the State's direct obligations. The net reduction for the fiscal year, or the difference between old bonds paid and new ones issued, \$13,295,761, brings the combined direct and indirect debt of the State down from \$132,218,936 on July 1, 1938, to be made in the next 12 years, under the plan enacted into law in 1937.

# TEXAS

ANDREWS COUNTY (P. O. Andrews), Texas—BOND SALE—An issue of \$110,000 2½% courthouse construction bonds was sold to James, Stayart & Davis, Inc. of Dallas, at a price of 100.095. Bonds were approved at an election on May 6.

BALLINGER, Texas—BOND SALE—An issue of \$10,000 3% street approvement bonds was sold to W. N. Edwards & Co. of Fort Worth.

FERRIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT, Texas—BOND OFFERING—J. T. Black, Superintendent of Schools, will receive sealed bids until Aug. 22 for the purchase of \$45,000 not to exceed 4% interest building bonds.

The bonds mature \$1,000 annually from 1940 to 1954 inci. and \$2,000 from 1955 to 1969 incl.

FORT DAVIS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT, Texas—BONDS SOLD—B. E. Coan, Superintendent of Board of Education, reports that the \$30,000 construction bonds authorized at the April 1 election have been sold.

FROST INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT, Texas—BOND SAI
—The State Board of Education has purchased an issue of \$5.000 3¼
gymnasium-auditorium bonds, due \$250 each year from 1939 to 1958 incl.

GLADEWATER, Texas—BOND SALE DETAILS—The \$40,000 swimming pool bonds sold last May to the State Board of Education, at par, —V. 148, p. 3730—were issued as follows: \$20,000 maturing \$4,000, July 1, 1940 to 1944, as 3s, and \$20,000, maturing \$4,000 July 1, 1945 to 1949, as 3½s. Dated July 15, 1939. Denom. \$1,000. Principal and interest payable in lawful money at the City Treasurer's office, or the First State Bank, Gladewater.

GRAPEVINE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Grapevine), Texas—BOND SALE—The \$33,000 bonds, including \$25,000 for school building and \$9,000 for refunding purposes, offered June 19—V. 148, p. 3569—were awarded to Garrett & Co. of Dallas, as 3¼s, at a price of 100.045, a basis of about 3.746%. Due serially in 30 years.

KENT COUNTY ROAD DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Clairemont), Texas—BOND CALL—Astena B. Wade, County Treasurer, announces that Road District No. 1, acting through the Commissioners 'Court, has exercised its option to redeem the following:

\$13,000 5½%. M-S. Nos. 6 to 18. Dated March 10, 1934. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$1,000 March 10, 1940 to 1952, optional on any interest payment dated prior to maturity. Being part of an authorized issue of \$18,000.

18,000 refunding, series 1934-B, 5½%, M-S. Nos. 19 to 36. Dated March 10, 1934. Denom. \$1,000. Due March 10, as follows: \$1,000 in 1953 and 1954, and \$16,000 in 1955, optional on any interest payment date prior to maturity. Being all of an authorized issue of \$18,000.

The date of redemption is Sept. 10, 1939, and the bonds will be redeemed at par and accrued interest on that date, at the First National Bank, Dallas. Interest ceases on date called.

LOUISE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT, Texas—BONDS SOLD—The \$6,000 construction bonds authorized by the voters last December have been sold to the County as 2¾s, at a price of 100,779.

Meallen SCHOOL DISTRICT, Texas—BOND SALE—The State

McALLEN SCHOOL DISTRICT, Texas—BOND SALE—The State pard of Education is reported to have purchased an issue of \$300,000

MATAGORDA COUNTY (P. O. Bay City), Texas—CORRECTION— The \$45,000 refunding bonds purchased by the Ranson-Davidson Co. of San Antonio—V. 149, p. 916—bear 3½% interest, not 3¾% as previously reported. Price paid was par.

MERTENS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Mertens), Texas—BOND SALE—The issue of \$6,500 refunding bonds offered Aug. 3—V. 149, p. 916—was awarded to Robert E. Levy & Co. of Waco. Dated July 1, 1939 and due \$500 on July 1 from 1940 to 1952 incl.

ODESSA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT, Texas—BONDS SOLD—The \$100,000 construction bonds approved by the voters on March 20 have been sold

PORT NECHES, Texas—BOND SALE DETAILS—In connection with the previous report in these columns—V. 148, p. 2160—of the purchase by Aves & Wymer of Houston of \$38,000 bonds at par, we learn that the obligations bear 5% interest and consist of the following:

\$13,000 water improvement. Due \$1,000 in 1941 and \$1,000 from 1943 to 1954 inclusive.

25,000 street improvement. Due as follows: \$1,000 in 1940; \$1,000 from 1942 to 1947 incl.; \$2,000 from 1948 to 1950 incl. and \$3,000 from 1951 to 1954 inclusive.

TEXAS, State of—ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON ROAD BOND ASSUMPTION BILL—In connection with the report given in our issue of July 15 that the road bond assumption bill had been approved by

Governor O'Daniel—V. 149, p. 452—the following details on the scope of the measure are taken from the Dallas "Morning News" of July 9:

The road bond assumption measure, House Bill 688, was regarded by many as one of the major accomplishments of the session, particularly since it materially enlarged the benefits of the previous acts, which started in 1932. The approved bill grew out of the original Tarwater measure, sponsored by the County Judges, which was modified by a conference committee. It is estimated that the bill will lift some \$120,000,000 road bond indebtedness from the counties.

No Legislature can make appropriations beyond two years, which explains why Ic. of the 4c. gasoline tax must be reallocated every two years to pay interest and principal on road bonds. These biennial allocations present an opportunity for changing the State's policy, as was done in the approved measure. Until now only county and road district bonds issued prior to Sept. 17, 1932, were assumed where the proceeds were used in constructing State-designated highways. This is continued with the following assumptions:

1. Bonds and warrants issued to build roads that have been taken into the system of State highways since Sept. 17, 1932, and up to Jan. 1, 1939.

2. Bonds and warrants which were used by counties and defined road districts in building lateral roads.

In every instance the State's obligation is to pay interest, principal and sinking fund requirements on such evidences of indebtedness only in the percentage that they so were used, minus the amount of sinking fund due, regardless of whether sinking funds are actually existent.

Obligations of bonds and warrants used in building roads that have become parts of the State system, and whether before or after Sept. 17, 1932, have a first claim. It is only after their claim has been satisfied that obligations incurred in building lateral road smay be served. It is thought that for two or three years there will be less than \$2,000,000 available annually for servicing eligibl

### Use of Credits

The credit allocated to the counties from the lateral road fund, under the provisions of the conference bill, must be used first to discharge indebtedness incurred in acquiring rights of way. What is left after those obligations have been satisfied may be used at the election of the County Commissioners, either in retiring bonds and warrants used in constructing lateral roads or in the construction and improvement of such roads or in supplementing Public Works Administration grants for building farm-to-market roads.

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When there are several issues of outstanding lateral road bonds and the amount received from the State is not sufficient to serve all of them in full, the amount available is to be distributed among the several issues pro rata.

There is a surplus in the county and road district indebtedness fund which, it is estimated, will amount to between \$6,000,000 and \$7,000,000 by Oct. 31. It is a provision of the bill that not more than \$3,000,000 of that surplus may be set aside for use as a revolving fund and that the rest shall be used in the retirement of bonds and warrants made eligible by the act of 1932. This is in pursuance of a provision of the bill which contemplates making up the deficiency of State payments on obligations made eligible by the act. These deficiencies aggregate \$9,273,957. What in addition to that which is to be taken from the existing surplus may be needed is to come from future surpluses, though they will not materialize apparently until one fourth of the proceeds of the gasoline tax, now amounting to about \$10,500,000 annually, shall be more than the annual need for servicing eligible bonds of both categories

STATE BOARD ORDERS ASSUMED ROAD BOND PAYMENT—We

about \$10,500,000 annually, shall be more than the annual need for servicing eligible bonds of both categories

STATE BOARD ORDERS ASSUMED ROAD BOND PAYMENT—We quote in part as follows from a dispatch out of Austin on July 19:

"Payment of 400% of the State's part of principal and interest and interest on assumed road indebtedness in 1940 was ordered by the Board of County and District Road Indebtedness, W. H. Gordon, chief accountant, said. Wednesday.

"The payment of all requirements of principal and interest for the second time since the State assumption plan was adopted, will be both on bonds issued to 1932, as provided in the preceding act, and those issued for roads made a part of the State highway system from 1932 through last Jan. 2, as provided in the new Road-Bond Assumption Act passed at the last session "Requirements on the bonds assumed previously will amount to \$5,123." (Regular ment) and \$4,181,086.62 in interest next year, Mr. Gordon said. It is impossible to estimate the charges that will accrue from the new assumption, he said. Seeking to determine the amount, he has directed inquiries to county officials.

"To meet the known charge of \$9,305,069.42 on previously assumed bonds, Mr. Gordon said, the board has conservatively estimated income from its portion of the gasoline tax at \$10,500,000 next year. During the last 12 months the fund received \$10,727,975 from that source, while charges totaled \$9,300,000.

"Should the requirements arising from the additional assumption exceed the income, the fund now has a surplus from which payments can be made. By the end of August, Mr. Gordon calculated, the surplus will amount to \$8,140,000.

TYLER, Texas—BOND SALE—The Citizens National Bank of Tyler and the Tyler State Bank, jointly, purchased an issue of \$30,000 street improvement bonds as 11/2s, at par. Due \$6,000 from 1940 to 1944 incl. The Peoples National Bank of Tyler, second high bidder, offered par for

UVALDE, Texas—BOND SALE—The \$60,000 bonds offered Aug. 3—V. 149, p. 772—were awarded to A. W. Snyder & Co. of Houston, as 2½s, at a price of 100.11, a basis of about 2.49%. Second high bid of 100.018 for 2½s was made by R. K. Dunbar & Co. of Austin. Award consisted of:

\$40,000 street bonds. Due \$1,000 in 1941 and 1942; \$2,000, 1943; \$4,000, 1944 and 1945; \$5,000, 1946; \$7,000, 1947, and \$8,000 in 1948 and 1949.

20,000 sewer system bonds. Due \$8,000 in 1950 and \$6,000 in 1951 and 1952.

Denom. \$1,000. Dated Aug. 15, 1939.

WATSON SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 50, Tarrant County (P. O. Wort Worth), Texas—BOND SALE—The State Board of Education has purchased an issue of \$2,500 4% building addition and improvement bonds which was authorized at an election on July 19. Dated Aug. 10, 1939.

WINTERS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT, Texas—BONDS OFFERED—F. D. Bedford, President of Board of Trustees, received sealed bids until 8 p.m. on Aug. 11 for the purchase of \$167,000 not to exceed 4% interest, series of 1939, refunding bonds. Dated June 1, 1939. Denom. \$1,000 and (or) \$500. Due June 1 as follows: \$1,500 in 1940, \$2,000 in 1941 to 1946, \$2,500 in 1947 to 1951, \$3,000 in 1952 to 1955, \$3,500 in 1956 to 1958, \$4,000 in 1959 to 1962, \$4,500 in 1963 to 1965, \$5,000 in 1966 and 1967, \$5,500 in 1968 to 1970, \$6,000 in 1971, \$6,500 in 1972 to 1974, \$7,000 in 1975, and \$7,500 in 1976 to 1979.
Bidder was asked to specify place of payment of principal and interest. District announced that preference may be given to a bid which permits

District announced that preference may be given to a bid which permits the redemption of outstanding bonds at an early date. Legal opinion of Gibson & Gibson, of Austin, or Chapamn & Cutler of Chicago.

# UTAH

PROVO, Utah—COURT ASKS FOR PARTICULARS ON BOND SALE INJUNCTION LITIGATION—The Fourth District Court of Utah on Aug. 1 ruled that citizens of Provo who sought to enjoin city officials from spending proceeds of an \$850,.00 bond issue sold to John Nuveen Co. in June for a municipal electric plant and distribution system, must show that they or the community had been injured before an injunction could be granted. The plaintiffs were given additional time in which to amend heir court action.—V. 149, p. 618. In rendering decision on a demurrer

filed by the City of Provo, Judge Young said "For purposes of the demurrer the Court has to assume that the bonds were filegally issued," but pointed out that the plaintiffs must prove injury, adding "it may be that the plaintiffs can bring themselves within the provisions of the law so that they may be entitled to an injunction." The Court gave the citizens who filed the suit five days in which to amend their complaint.

On Aug. 2, Mayor Mark Anderson of Provo announced that funds received from the sale of the bonds had been transferred from the First National Bank of Chicago to a Provo bank. One of the allegations in the District Court action was that the deposit of funds in a Chicago bank was contrary to the laws of Utah. Meanwhile, the Provo City Commission repealed an ordinance passed on June 29 which provided that when Provo acquires a municipal power plant the City Commission will not grant or renew a franchise to any competing electric system. Provo citzens will yote on Nov. 7 on a renewal of Utah Power & Light Co.'s franchise. Repeal of the so-called "non-competing" ordinance followed vigorous opposition to it on the part of a citizens' committee. The writ of mandate issued by the Utah Supreme Court on July 11, requiring the city to show cause why its agreement with John Nuveen Co. for sale of the bonds for the municipal plant should not be submitted to a referendum vote has not yet been heard.

# VERMONT

SHAFTSBURY FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. South Shaftsbury), Vt.—BOND OFFERING—Jesse L. Strong, District Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 2 p. m. (DST) on Aug. 15 for the purchase of \$15.000 coupon water bonds. Dated Aug. 1, 1939. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$1,000 annually on Aug. 1 from 1945 to 1959 incl. Bidder to name rate of interest in multiples of \$\frac{1}{2}\text{ of }1\%. Prin. and int. (F-A) payable at the National Shawmut Bank of Boston, which will supervise the engraving of the bonds and certify as to their genuineness. Legal opinion of Storey, Thorndike, Palmer & Dodge of Boston will be furnished the successful bidder.

# VIRGINIA

NORFOLK, Va.—BOND OFFERING—Charles B. Borland, City Manager, will receive sealed bids until noon on Aug. 15 for the purchase of \$1,242,000 coupon or registered bonds, divided as follows: \$1,118,000 general improvement bonds. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$30,000 from 1940 to 1947, incl.; \$40,000, 1948 to 1954, incl.; \$60,000 from 1955 to 1963, incl., and \$58,000 in 1964.

124,000 water bonds. Due Sept. 1 as follows: \$4,000 in 1940 and \$5,000 from 1941 to 1964, incl.

All of the bonds will be dated Sept. 1, 1939. Denom. \$1,000. Bidders are requested to name the interest rate in multiples of ¼ or 1-10th of 1%, all bonds of each issue to bear the same interest rate. Bidders are required to bid for all the bonds. No proposal will be considered which proposes to pay less than par and accrued interest for the bonds. Comparison of proposals will be made by ascertaining the amount of interest cost to be paid by the city throughout the life of both issues at the proposed rates, and deducting therefrom the amount of premium bid, thus determining the lowest net interest cost to the city for both issues. Principal and interest (M-S) payable either at the Bankers Trust Co., New York, or the Chase National Bank, New York, or the National Bank of Commerce, Norfolk, as the purchaser may specify. General obligations; unlimited tax. Delivery on or about Sept. 1, at place of purchasers' choice in New York City or Norfolk. These bonds are for general public improvements in the city, and additions to the city's water supply system. The approving opinion of Reed, Hoyt, Washburn & Clay of New York will be furnished. Enclose a certified check for \$10,000, payable to the City Treasurer.

SUFFOLK, Va.—BOND OFFERING—R. H. Brinkley, City Manager, will receive sealed bids until Aug. 31 for the purchase of \$80,000 not to exceed 3% interest public improvement bonds.

# WASHINGTON

CRESTON CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 78 (P. O-Davenport), Wash.—BOND SALE DETAILS—The \$10,000 3% construction bonds purchased by the State of Washington at a price of par—V. 149, p. 772—mature Aug. 1 as follows: \$400 from 1941 to 1945, incl.; \$500, 1946 to 1952, incl.; \$600, 1953 to 1956, incl., and \$700 from 1957 to 1959, incl. Callable in whole or in part after Aug. 1, 1949.

GRAYS HARBOR COUNTY (P. O. Montesano), Wash.—OFFERING OF ABERDEEN SCHOOL DISTRICT BONDS—The County Treasurer will receive sealed bids until Aug. 19 for the purchase of an issue of \$38,000 school bonds.

MASON COUNTY (P. O. Shelton), Wash.—BONDS SOLD—An issue of \$20,000 4% Public Utility District No. 3 bonds was sold on July 1 to Conrad, Bruce & Co. of Seattle.

# WISCONSIN

LYNDON (P. O. Lyndon Station), Wis.—BOND SALE—The \$12,000 3% road bonds offered Aug. 9—V. 149, p. 916—were awarded to Paine, Webber & Co. of Chicago. Dated Aug. 1, 1939 and due Aug. 1 as follows: \$500 from 1940 to 1943 incl. and \$1,000 from 1944 to 1953 incl. Second high bid was made by Harley. Havdon & Co. of Madisor

"SHEBOYGAN, Wis.—BOND SALE—The \$175,000 paving, parkway and sewer bonds offered Aug. 10—V. 149, p. 916—were awarded to Heronymus, Ballschmider & Co., and Citizens State Bank, both of Sheboygan, and Harley, Haydon & Co. of Madison, jointly, as 2s, at a price of 101.47, a basis of about 1.89%. Dated Aug. 1, 1939 and due serially on Aug. 1 from 1946 to 1959 incl. The First National Bank of Chicago, second high bidder, offered 101.46 for 2s.

EWELLINGTON (P. To. Wilton), Wis.—BOND OFFERING—Lude Martalock, Town Clerk, will receive sealed bids at the office of George Goff, Monroe County Highway Commissioner, Sparta, until 10 a.m. on Aug. 12 for the purchase of \$16,000 2% highway bonds. Dated Oct. 1, 1939. Denom. \$1,000. Due April 1 as follows: \$8,000 in 1940 and \$4,000 in 1941 and 1942. Principal and interest (A-O) payable at the Farmers & Merchants Bank, Kendall. The town reserves the right to reject any and all bids and to offer the issue at oral auction immediately following rejection of bids. Purchaser to pay cost of attorney's opinion and expense of printing the bonds. A certified check for 5% of the issue, payable to order of the Town Clerk, is required.

# CANADA

JOLIETTE, Que.—BOND OFFERING—Bids will be received until Aug. 14 for the purchase of \$64,500 30-year serial bonds and \$68,500 10-year serial bonds. Bids may be made for either 3 ½% or 4% coupons on both issues. Proceeds of financing will be used for permanent works and consolidation of floating debt.

MONTREAL, Que.—REPORTS YEAR-END SURPLUS OF \$256,721—A surplus for the city of \$256,721 during the fiscal year May 1, 1938-April 30, 1939, is credited in the report of Finance Director Lactance Roberge issued July 21. The net debt per capita is \$228.08. The report summarizes the surplus as follows: \$121,607 of excess of actual revenue over revenues estimated in the budget; \$46,175 of expenditures less than the amount estimated in the budget; \$88,938 of recovered expenditure over the budget-ary estimates.

ST. JOHN, N. B.—BOND SALE—T. M. Bell & Co. of St. John, purchased an issue of \$24,000 3½% bonds at a price of 99.86. Due \$12,000 each in 1947 and 1948.

SHERBROOKE ROMAN CATHOLIC SCHOOL COMMISSION, Que.—BOND OFFERING—Bids will be received until 3 p.m. on Aug. 14 for the purchase of \$50,000 3% 15-year serial bonds.

VICTORIAVILLE, Que.—BOND SALE—The \$11,000 3½% improvement bonds offered Aug. 7—V. 149, p. 772—were awarded to the Banque Canadienne Nationale of Montreal, at a price of 99.68. a basis of about 3.57%. Dated July 1, 1939 and due on July 1 from 1940 to 1949 incl.